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Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);  
User-to-User Signalling (UUS) supplementary service;  
Stage 2  
(3GPP TS 23.087 version 12.0.0 Release 12)**



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# Foreword

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# 1 Scope

The present document gives the stage 2 description of the User-to-User signalling supplementary services.

The User-to-user supplementary service is divided into 3 different services:

- Service 1 (UUS1)
- Service 2 (UUS2)
- Service 3 (UUS3)

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# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

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- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- [1] 3GPP TS 21.905: "3G Vocabulary".
- [2] 3GPP TS 22.087: "User-to-user signalling (UUS); Stage 1".
- [3] 3GPP TS 23.018: "Basic Call Handling – Technical Realization".
- [4] 3GPP TS 23.078: "CAMEL Stage 2".
- [5] 3GPP TS 23.079: "Support for Optimal Routeing (SOR) – Technical Realization".

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# 3 Definitions and abbreviations

## 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

**Burst parameter:** parameter indicating the absolute maximum number of UUS 3 service related user information messages that can be sent at intervals indicated by the value of timer T2-UUS3

**Remote network:** network of the remote subscriber

**Remote subscriber:** for service 1 and 2 the remote subscriber is the called party of a call to which the served subscriber activates the UUS supplementary service. For service 3 the remote subscriber can be either the called or the calling party of an established call to whom the use of the UUS supplementary service is requested by the served subscriber

**Served subscriber:** subscriber who has a provision of the UUS supplementary service and who activates the UUS supplementary service. For service 1 and 2 the served subscriber is always the calling subscriber, for service 3 either the calling or the called subscriber can be the served subscriber

**Serving network:** network of the served subscriber

**User-to-User Information (UUI):** information transferred by using the UUS supplementary service

**UUS Service:** UUS services (Service 1, 2 and 3) are components of the UUS supplementary service. If the UUS supplementary service is provided to a subscriber, he can handle the UUS services independently within a call

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ACM	Address Complete Message
ANM	ANswer Message
CON	CONnect
CPG	Call ProGress
IAM	Initial Address Message
MS	Mobile Station
REL	RELease
SIFOC	Send Info For Outgoing Call
SRI	Send Routing Info
UII	User-to-User Information
UUS	User-to-User Signalling
UUS1	User-to-User Signalling Service 1
UUS2	User-to-User Signalling Service 2
UUS3	User-to-User Signalling Service 3

Further GSM related abbreviations are listed in GSM 01.04.

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## 4 General

The UUS supplementary service allows the transfer of UII to a remote subscriber over the signalling channel in association with a call to this subscriber. The UUS supplementary service is divided in Service 1, Service 2 and Service 3.

The UUS Service 1 allows the transfer of UII embedded within Call Control messages.

The UUS Service 2 allows the transfer of UII with a specific User-to-user message after the served subscriber has received an address complete indication and prior to the answer indication from the B-side.

The UUS Service 3 allows the transfer of UII with a specific User-to-user message during an active call.

For the use of the UUS supplementary service in GSM PLMNs the support of UUS capabilities within the inter-exchange signalling system (e.g. ISUP) is necessary. However this is out of scope of the present document.

### 4.1 Activation of UUS components

If any of the UUS Services 1, 2 or 3 shall be used within a call, the UUS capabilities have to be activated by the served subscriber either when initiating this outgoing call (Service 1, 2 and 3) or during an established call (Service 3).

The UUS capabilities for a call can be requested by means of an implicit request or an explicit request. UUS Service 1 can be requested either implicitly or explicitly. Service 2 and 3 can only be requested explicitly.

#### 4.1.1 Implicit request

The UUS1 service is activated implicitly by the presence of UII in the set-up request from the mobile station. The network shall transfer the received UII transparently to the B-side. For the purpose of UUS service 1 implicitly requested, no explicit check for the availability of UUS capabilities at the destination network has to be performed by the originating network.

If the calling subscriber has UUS 1 provisioned and implicitly requested, the network shall transfer all UII contained in call control messages.



If the calling subscriber has UUS1 not provisioned, the contained UUI shall be discarded by the serving MSC. The call shall be established without further restrictions.

The served subscriber shall not be informed whether the implicit request was successful or not.

### 4.1.2 Explicit request

Any UUS Service can be explicitly activated by the served subscriber within the set-up request initiating a mobile originated call. In addition UUS Service 3 can be activated during an established call with a Facility message. A UUS Service 1 request can be accompanied by appropriate UUI.

The network shall check for the availability of UUS capabilities for the call by passing the UUS request and the eventually accompanied UUI to the remote side. If a UUS Service is available for the call an appropriate "UUS provided" indication for this UUS Service shall be sent within the first backward message from the remote side.

A UUS Service shall not be activated for the call if a "UUS not provided" indication or no indication about the availability of this UUS Service is received from the remote side.

Service 3 can be explicitly activated during an active call by both parties. This may lead to a collision of activation requests. The collision of activation requests occurs when there is an outstanding request for service 3 and a subsequent request is received from the remote user. The entity (user or network) that observes the collision shall reject the second request with Facility message. This leads to the rejection of both requests.

### 4.1.3 UUS required option

As an option at call set-up the served subscriber can specify whether the requested UUS Service is required or not required for the call. If service 1 is implicitly requested or if service 3 is requested during the call, it cannot be requested as required.

If the served subscriber has specified that one of the UUS services is required for the call and this UUS service can not be activated by the network, the call attempt of the served subscriber shall be cleared.

If the served subscriber has specified that one of the UUS services is not required for the call and this UUS service can not be activated by the network, the call establishment shall be continued.

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## 5 Handling of User-to-user signalling

### 5.1 Timers

UUS related timers are needed only for UUS service 3. Timers T1-UUS3, T3-UUS3 and T4-UUS3 are used only when UUS service 3 is requested during an active call.

Table 5.1: UUS Timers

Timer	Name	Value	Run at	Started	Stopped	Expiry
T1-UUS3	Remote network control	10s	MSC of the remote subscriber	UUS3 service request sent to the remote subscriber	Answer to UUS3 service request received from the remote subscriber	Rejection of UUS3 service is sent toward the requesting network
T2-UUS3	UUS3 flow control	10s	MSC of the served subscriber and MSC of the remote subscriber	The MSC receives service acceptance	When UUS3 service is deactivated	Flow control parameter is incremented. Timer is restarted. Note 1.
T3-UUS3	Served subscriber control	10s	MS of the served subscriber	UUS3 service request sent to the requesting network	Acceptance to UUS3 service received from requesting network	Consider UUS3 service as not activated
T4-UUS3	Serving network control	10s	MSC of the served subscriber	UUS3 service request sent to the remote network	Acceptance to UUS3 service received from remote network	Rejection of UUS3 service is sent toward the served subscriber

NOTE: If a user information message has been discarded due to flow control, a congestion control message shall be sent to the user.

## 5.2 Information flows of UUS services

### 5.2.1 Service 1 (UUS1)

#### 5.2.1.1 Flow control

No specific flow control is needed to restrict the amount of messages sent for either implicit or explicit UUS service 1 as the user-to-user information is transferred in call control messages.

### 5.2.1.2 Information flows

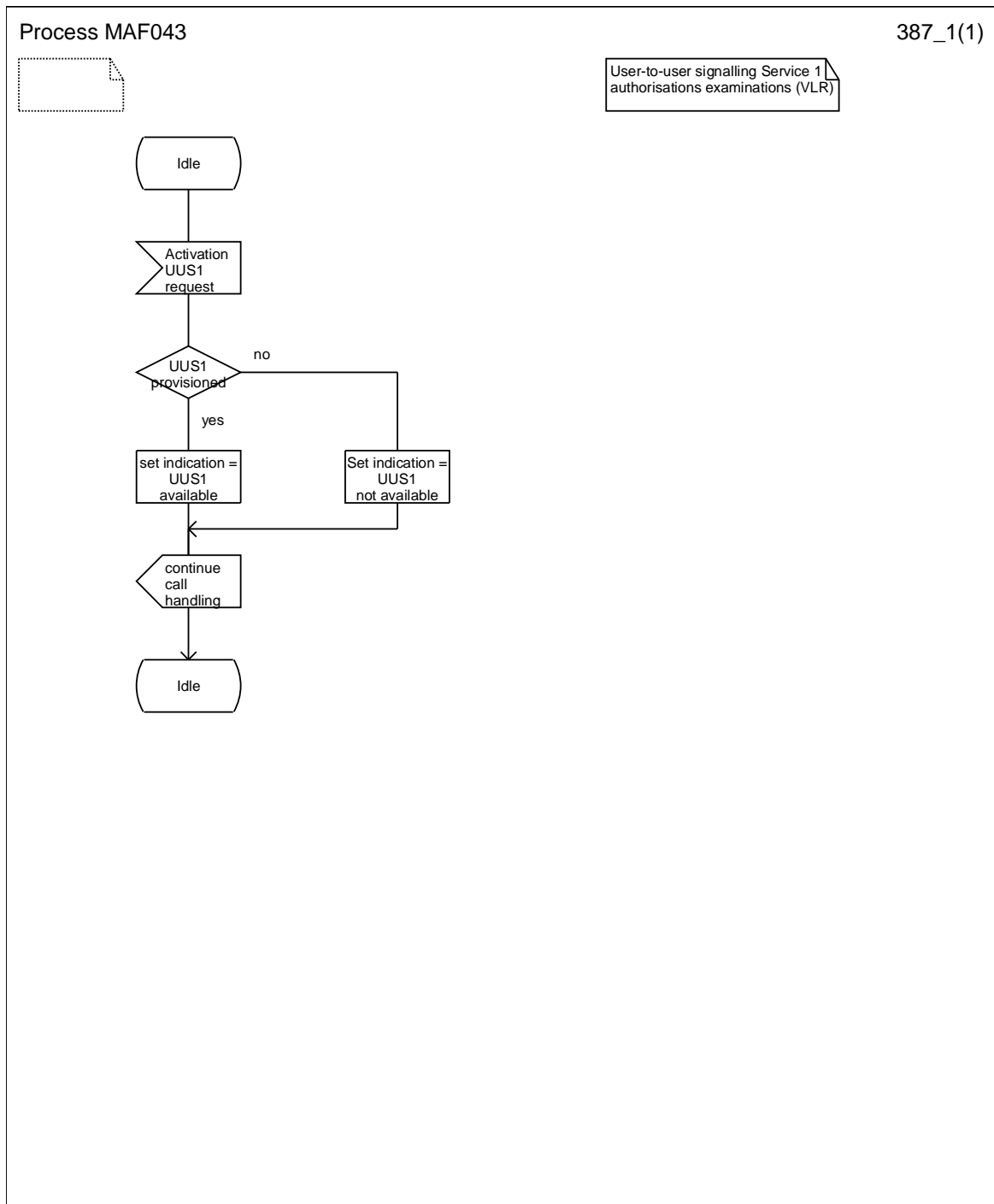


Figure 5.2.1.2: MAF043

5.2.1.2.1 Implicit activation

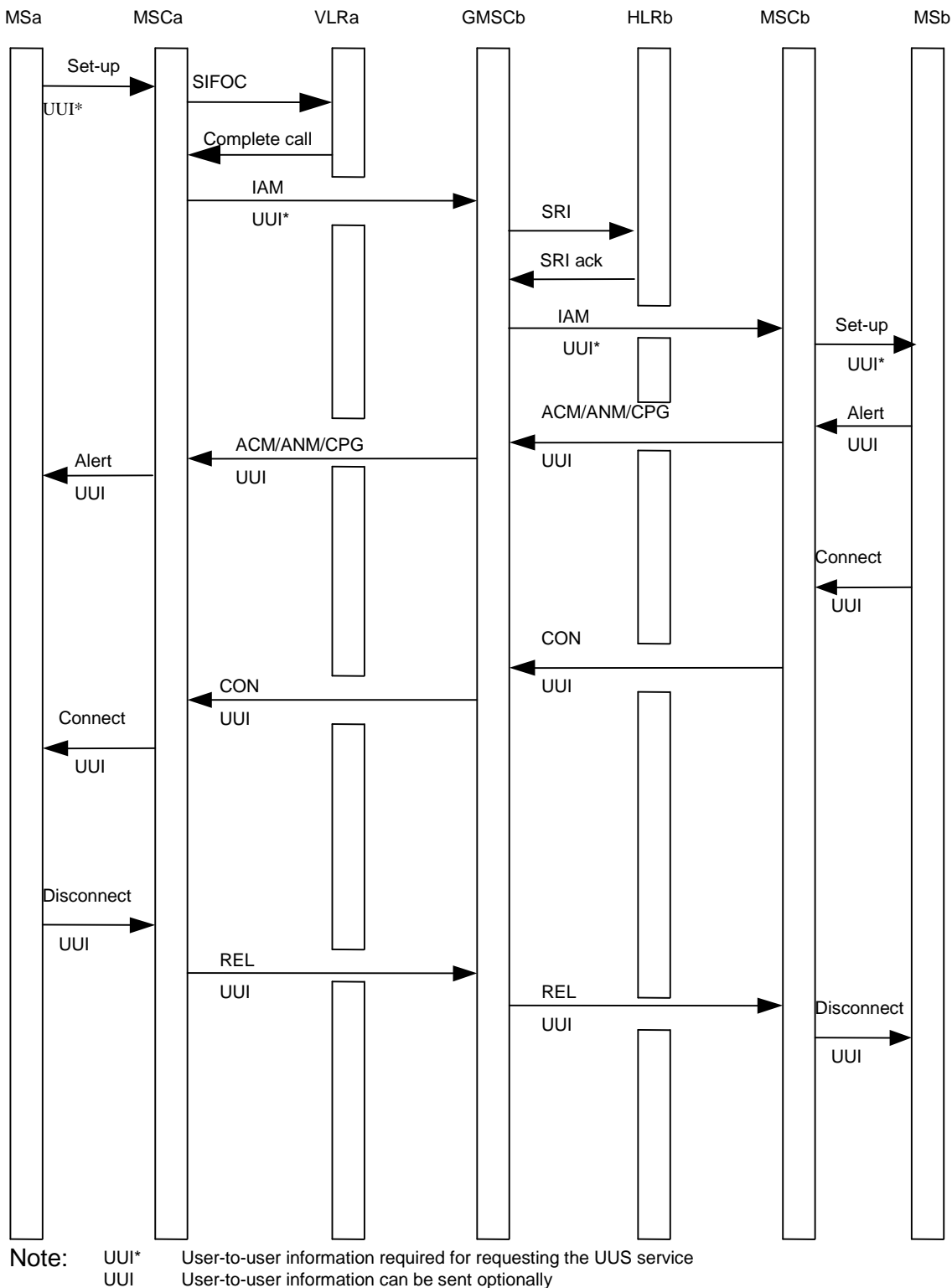
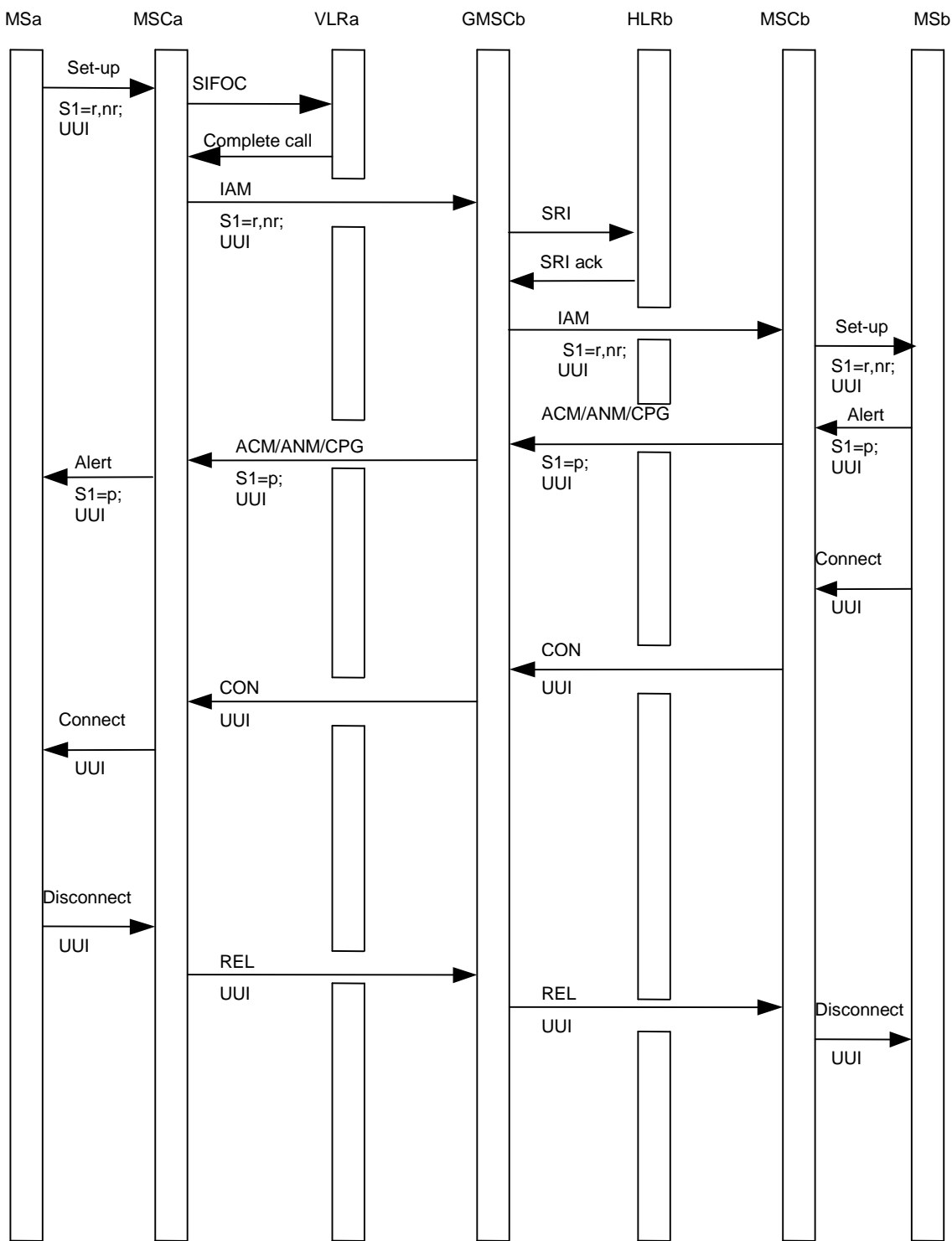


Figure 5.2.1.2.1.1: Information flow for UUS1 implicit request (mobile to mobile call)

5.2.1.2.2 Explicit activation



Note: S1 UUS Service 1  
 UUI User-to-user information can be sent optionally  
 r,nr requested, not required  
 p provided

Figure 5.2.1.2.2.1: Information flow for UUS 1 explicit request (mobile to mobile call)

## 5.2.2 Service 2 (UUS2)

### 5.2.2.1 Flow control

Up to two UUI messages can be sent in each direction. If either party tries to send more than two UUI messages, they are discarded.

### 5.2.2.2 Information flows

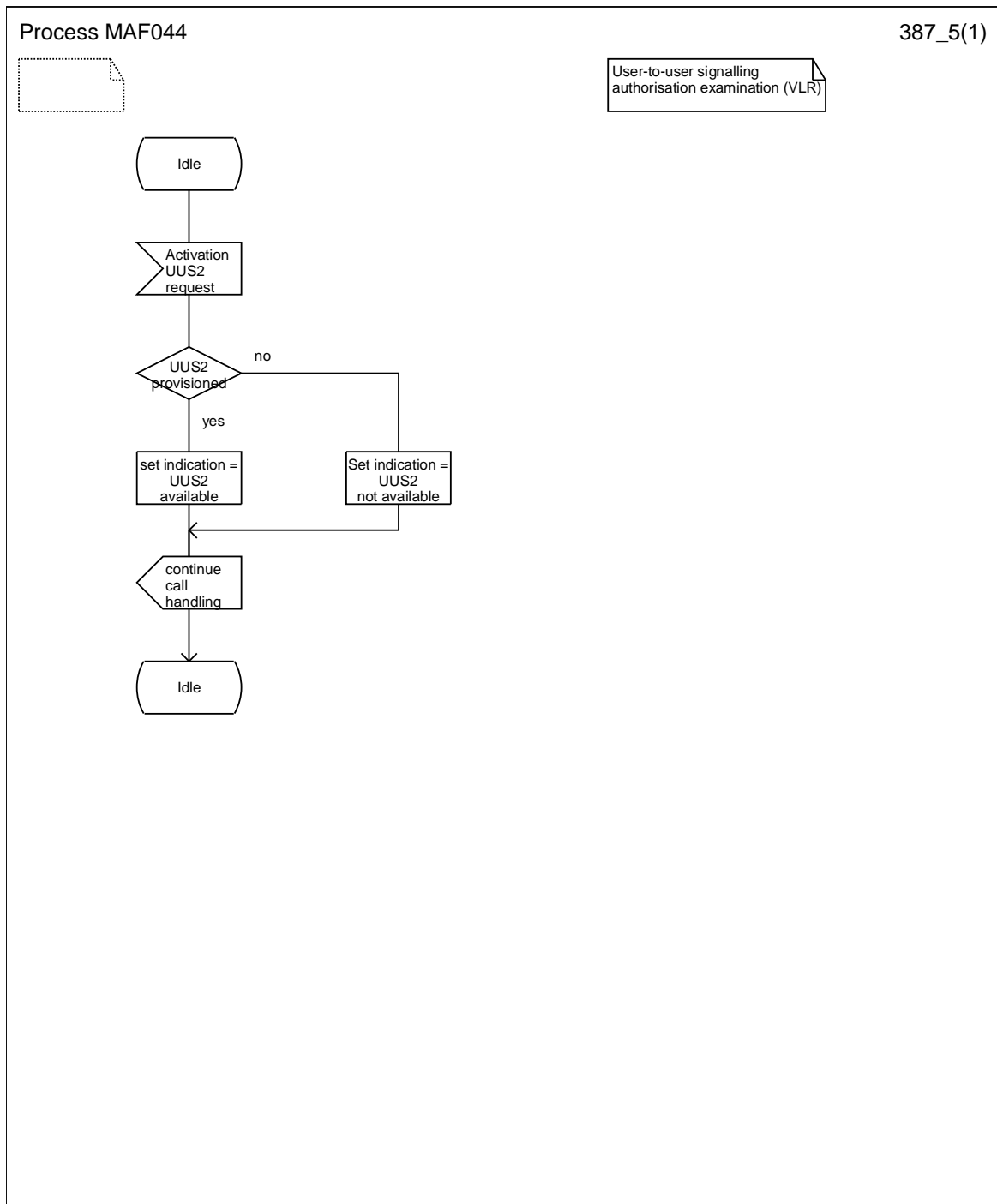


Figure 5.2.2.2: MAF044

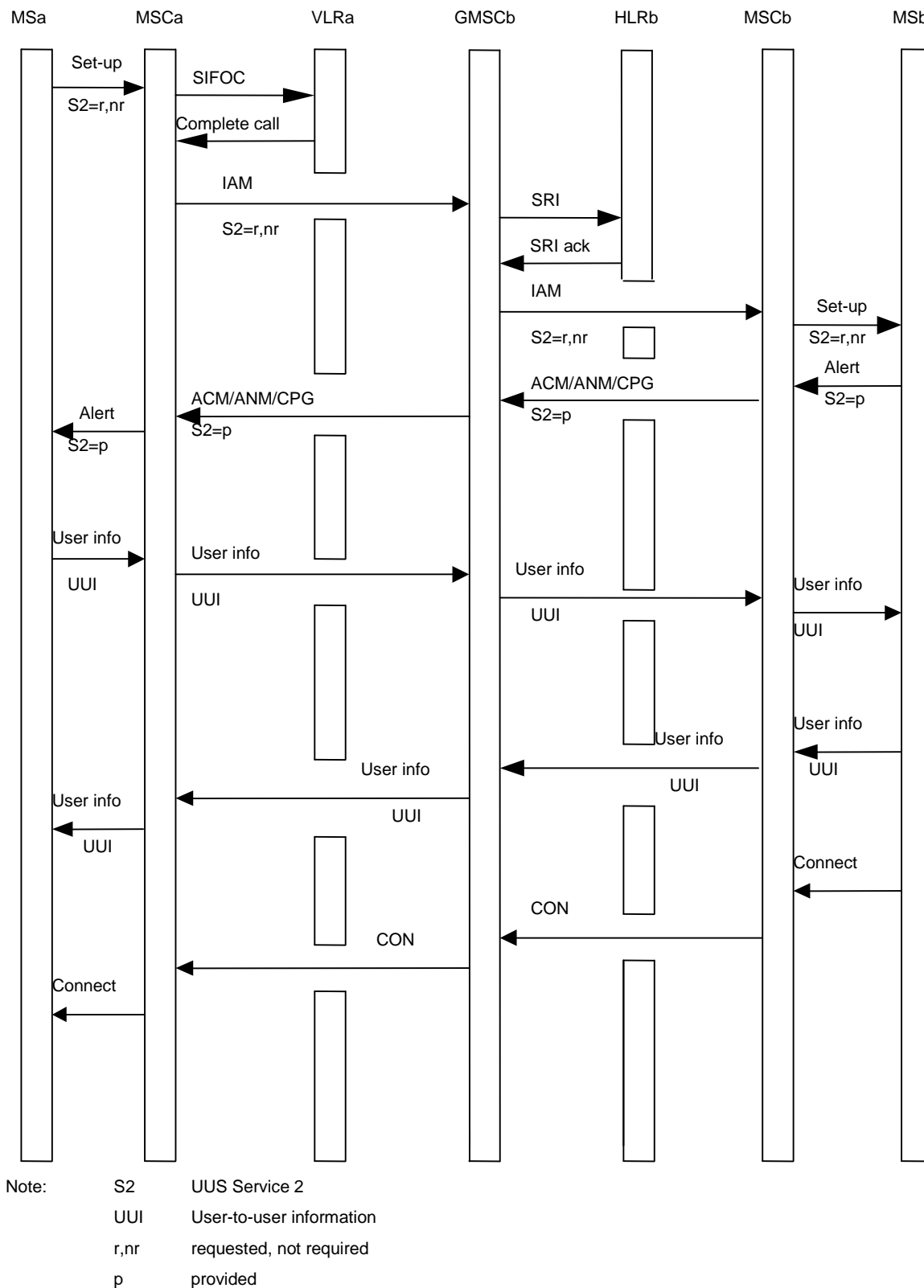


Figure 5.2.2.1: Information flow for UUS2 explicit request (mobile to mobile call)

## 5.2.3 Service 3 (UUS3)

### 5.2.3.1 Flow control

Network flow control mechanisms shall exist after the connection has been established in order to restrict the amount of UUI sent in each direction. A burst capability of sending  $N$  messages shall immediately be available to each user, where  $N$  initially equals the value of the burst parameter  $X$ . The value of  $N$  shall be decremented by one for every message sent by the user and incremented by  $Y$  at regular intervals of  $T2-UUS3$  (see table 5.1). The value of  $N$  shall be limited to a maximum of  $X$ .

The value of the burst parameter  $X$  shall be 16.

The value of the replenishment parameter  $Y$  shall be 8.

Network flow control shall be performed only by the sending user's network.

If the MSC receives UUI messages from the MS at a rate which exceeds the flow control limit, it shall discard the UUI messages that cannot be handled and respond to the first discarded UUI message with a congestion control message.

When the flow control restrictions are removed, an indication that further UUI messages can be accepted shall be given. See the Processes `Serving_MSC_Handle_UUS_In_Active_Call` and `Remote_MSC_Handle_UUS_In_Active_Call`.



### 5.2.3.2 Information flows

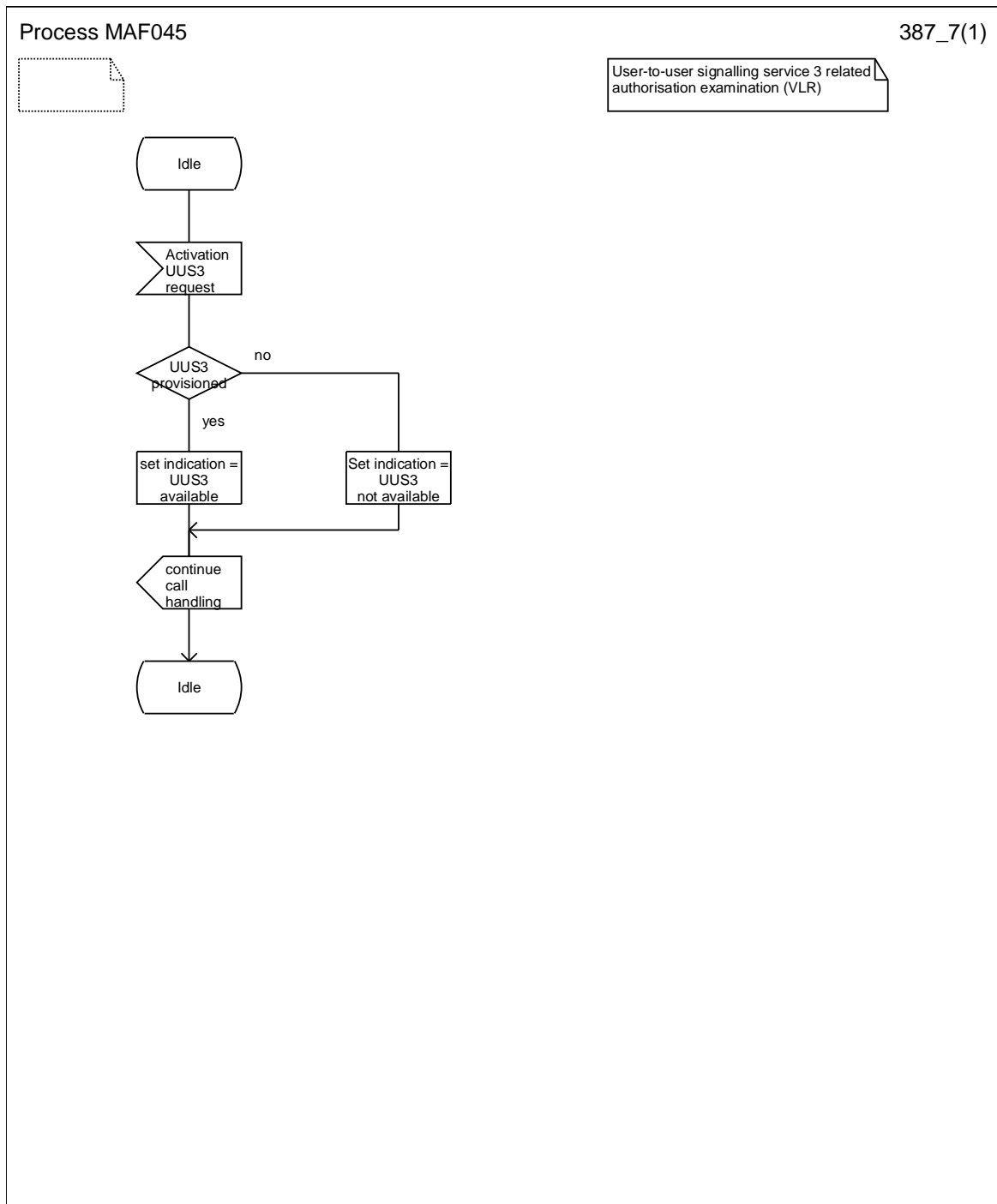


Figure 5.2.3.2: MAF045

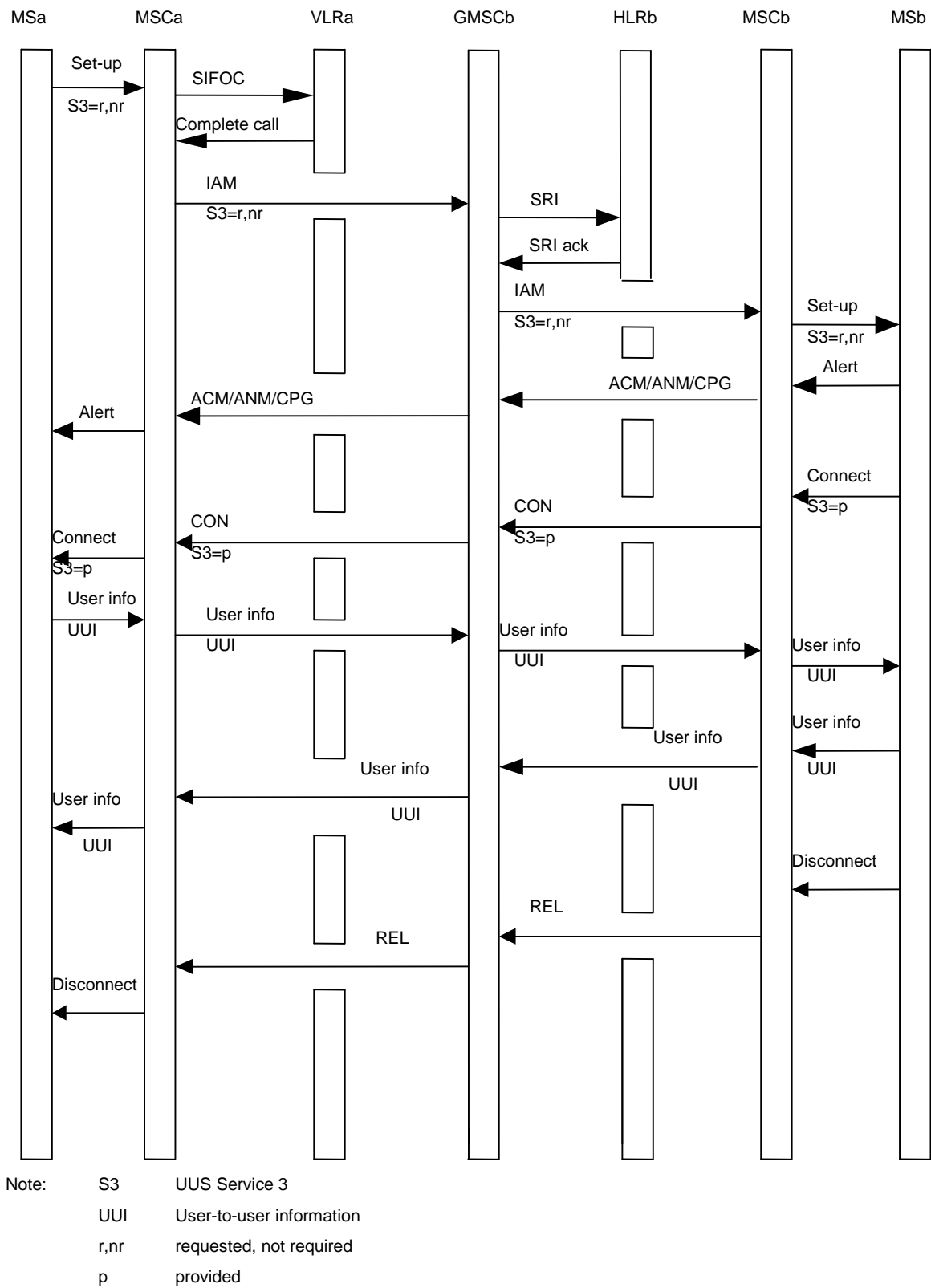
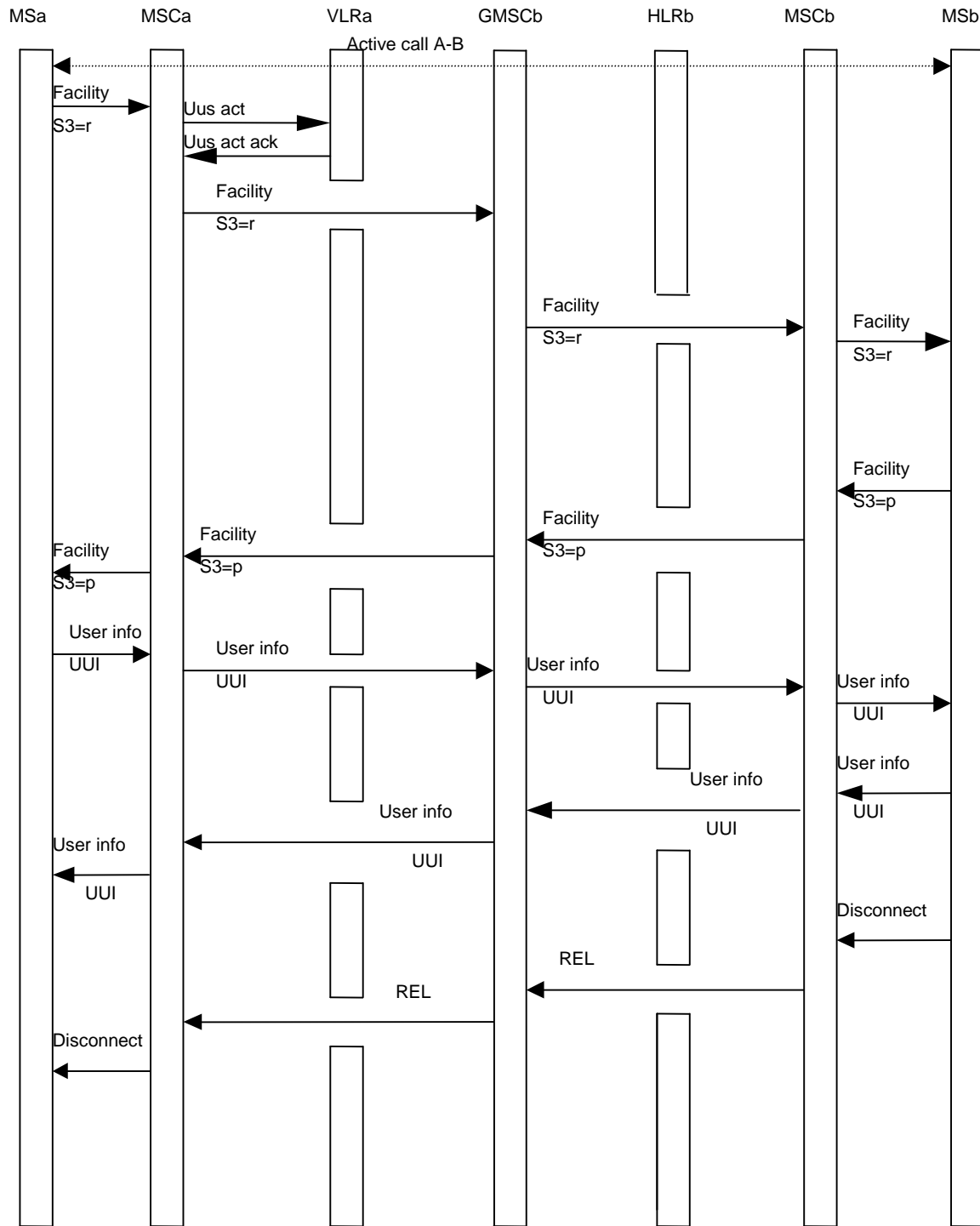


Figure 5.2.3.2.1: Information flow for UUS3 explicit request during call establishment (mobile to mobile call)



Note: S3 UUS Service 3  
 UUI User-to-user information  
 r requested  
 p provided

Figure 5.2.3.2.2: Information flow for UUS3 explicit request during active call (mobile to mobile call)

## 5.3 Messages and their contents

This subclause contains the detailed description of the information flows used by UUS.

Each Information Element, IE is marked as (M) Mandatory, (C) Conditional, or (O) Optional. A mandatory information element shall always be present. A conditional information element shall be present if certain conditions are fulfilled; if those conditions are not fulfilled it shall be absent. An optional information element may be present or absent, at the discretion of the application at the sending entity. This categorisation is a functional classification, i.e. stage 2 information and not a stage 3 classification to be used for the protocol.

The stage 2 and stage 3 message and information element names are not necessarily identical.

### 5.3.1 Information elements used in the messages

The following UUS specific constructed information elements are used in the messages.

**Table 5.3.1.1: UUS specific information elements**

Parent Information Element	Child Information Element name	Information element Required	Information element description
UUS options	UUS1	C	The information element is present if UUS1 service is requested; otherwise it shall be absent. It may contain the following values: - Required - Not Required
	UUS2	C	The information element is present if UUS2 service is requested; otherwise it shall be absent. It may contain the following values: - Required - Not Required
	UUS3	C	The information element is present if UUS3 service is requested; otherwise it shall be absent. It may contain the following values: - Required - Not Required
UUS provision	UUS1	C	If UUS1 services is requested and provisioned the information element is present, otherwise it shall be absent.
	UUS2	C	If UUS2 services is requested and provisioned the information element is present, otherwise it shall be absent.
	UUS3	C	If UUS3 services is requested and provisioned the information element is present, otherwise it shall be absent.

### 5.3.2 Messages between MS and MSC

Call control messages (Setup, Alert, Connect, Disconnect, Release and Release Complete, refer to GSM 04.08) may carry UUS service activation request and response. They can carry also UUI for UUS1.

Facility message, refer to GSM 04.08, can carry UUS service 3 activation request and response.

Dedicated User-To-User message, refer to GSM 04.08, carries UUI for UUS service 2 and 3.

These messages are used both in serving and remote networks.

### 5.3.3 Messages between MSC and VLR (B interface)

These messages are used in the serving network.

**Table 5.3.3.1: Messages between MSC and VLR**

Message	Message sender	Information element name	Information element Required	Information element description
Send Info For Outgoing Call	MSC	-  UUS options	-  C	Refer to GSM 03.18.  In addition: The information element is present if MS A requested UUS service; otherwise it shall be absent. The structure of UUS options is defined in table 5.3.1.1
Send Info For Outgoing Call negative response	VLR	-  UUS reject	-  C	Refer to GSM 03.18  In addition: The information element is present, if required UUS service was requested by MS A and service is not provided, otherwise it shall be absent.
Complete Call	VLR	-  UUS provision	-  C	Refer to GSM 03.18  In addition: The information element is present if MS A requested UUS service(s); otherwise it shall be absent. The structure of UUS Provision is defined in table 5.3.1.1
Send Info For UUS3	MSC	-	-	The message is sent when UUS3 service is requested during active call. NOTE: This message is used in serving and remote MSCs.
Send Info For UUS3 Ack	VLR	UUS provision	C	The information element is present if UUS3 service is provisioned; otherwise it shall be absent

### 5.3.4 Messages between MSC – MSC (E interface)

These messages are used in the remote network when UUS is supported in remote MSC in conjunction of SOR, refer to GSM 03.79.

**Table 5.3.4.1: Messages between MSC – MSC**

Message	Message sender	Information element name	Information element Required	Information element description
Resume Call Handling	MSCB	-	-	Refer to GSM 03.79.
		UUS1 Service request	C	In addition: The information element is present if UUS1 Service was requested in the original call and remote MSC supports UUS service; otherwise it shall be absent.
		UUS2 Service request	C	The information element is present if UUS2 Service was requested in the original call and remote MSC supports UUS service; otherwise it shall be absent
		UUS3 Service request	C	The information element is present if UUS3 Service was requested in the original call and remote MSC supports UUS service; otherwise it shall be absent.
		UUS1 UUI	C	The information element is present if UUS1 UUI was present in the original call and remote MSC supports UUS service; otherwise it shall be absent.
		UUS CF interaction	C	The information element is present if the remote subscriber has accepted UUS1 service request and call forwarding or call deflection has been activated after that; otherwise it shall be absent.

---

## 6 Interaction with other supplementary services

GSM 02.87 specifies interaction of UUS with other supplementary services. Additional details are provided in this clause.

### 6.1 Call forwarding unconditional (CFU)

No impact.

### 6.2 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber busy (CFB)

No impact, if CFB is invoked due to a NDUB condition or due to UDUB before an alerting message was received from the mobile station.

If CFB is invoked due to a UDUB indication from the B forwarding subscriber the same interaction as for CFNRy shall apply.

### 6.3 Call forwarding on no reply (CFNRy)

If UUS Service 1 is implicitly requested for a call to a subscriber who has Call Forwarding on no reply active and operative, the forwarding MSC shall store the UUI. If CFNRy is invoked, the stored UUI shall be forwarded with the call.

If UUS Service 1 is explicitly requested as not required for a call to a subscriber who has Call Forwarding on no reply active and operative, the forwarding MSC shall store UUS 1 service request and UUI, if any. If the forwarding user accepts the UUS1 supplementary service request in the Alerting message, the CFNRy supplementary service can be invoked and the stored UUS1 service request and UUI, if any, shall be forwarded with the call. If the forwarding user rejects the UUS1 supplementary service request or does not include a response related to it in the Alerting message, then the CFNRy supplementary service can be invoked but the UUS1 service request and UUI, if any, shall not be forwarded with the call.

If UUS Service 1 is explicitly requested as required for a call to a subscriber who has Call Forwarding on no reply active and operative and the no reply condition timer expires, the remote MSC shall release the call towards the calling subscriber.

If Call Forwarding on no reply is invoked for a call for which UUS Service 2 was requested as not required, UUS Service 2 shall not be requested for the forwarding leg, i.e. UUS 2 is no longer available for the call.

Call Forwarding on no reply shall not be invoked if UUS Service 2 was requested required for the initial mobile terminated call.

If UUS Service 3 is requested for a call to a subscriber who has Call Forwarding on no reply active and operative, the forwarding MSC shall store the UUS3 request. If CFNRy is invoked the UUS3 request shall be forwarded with the call.

For further details refer to procedures UUS\_ICH\_Check\_Forwarding and UUS\_MSC\_Clear\_UUS.

### 6.4 Call forwarding on mobile subscriber not reachable (CFNRc)

No impact.

### 6.5 Call waiting (CW)

No impact.

## 6.6 Call hold (HOLD)

No impact.

## 6.7 Completion of calls to busy subscribers (CCBS)

Requests for the activation of the UUS supplementary service contained in the original call request shall be maintained along with other call information used for the CCBS supplementary service.

The network shall also store any UUI containing in the original call request and use this stored UUI in the CCBS call.

## 6.8 Explicit call transfer (ECT)

When calls are transferred as a result of invocation of explicit call transfer supplementary service, the UUS supplementary service activated on either of the calls prior to the invocation of the explicit call transfer supplementary service shall be cancelled by the network.

No specific notification shall be sent to the users on the resulting call when the UUS supplementary service is no longer activated.

The users on the resulting call can request service 3 again, if required.

## 6.9 Multi party service (MPTY)

No impact.

## 6.10 Advice of charge (AoC)

No impact.

## 6.11 Barring of outgoing calls (BAOC)

No impact.

## 6.12 Barring of outgoing international calls (BOIC)

No impact.

## 6.13 Barring of outgoing international calls except those directed to the home PLMN country (BOIC-exHC)

No impact.

## 6.14 Barring of incoming calls (BAIC)

No impact.

## 6.15 Barring of incoming calls when roaming outside the home PLMN country (BIC-Roam)

No impact.

## 6.16 Call deflection (CD)

If Call Deflection is invoked before alerting there is no impact.

If Call Deflection is invoked after alerting the same interactions as for Call forwarding on no reply shall apply.

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## 7 Interaction with other network features

### 7.1 Customised Applications for Mobile network Enhanced Logic (CAMEL)

No impact.

### 7.2 Support for Optimal Routeing(SOR)

The invocation of Optimal Routeing in case of late call forwarding shall have no impact on the interactions of UUS with the call forwarding supplementary services as defined in clause 6.

The UUS request, UUI and UUS CF interaction indicator, if any, shall be added to the Resume Call Handling message in remote MSC when SOR late call forwarding is applied. For details refer to the procedure UUS\_ICH\_Handle\_LCF in SDLs and the procedure Handle\_ORLCF\_VMSC (see GSM 03.79).

The UUS request and UUI, if any, shall be copied from the Resume Call Handling message to the IAM in GMSC when SOR late call forwarding is applied. For details refer to the procedure UUS\_GMSC\_Check\_Forwarding in SDLs and the procedure OR\_Handle\_RCH (see GSM 03.79).

If UUS CF interaction indicator was present in Resume Call Handling message, the presence of UUS1 Service acceptance and UUI, if any, shall be modified during call setup time. For further details refer to the procedure MT\_CF\_MSC (see GSM 03.18) and UUS\_MSC\_Clear\_UUS.

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## 8 Interworking with other networks

### 8.1 Interworking with GSM PLMN/ISDN network supporting only a maximum User-user information element length of 35 octets

If interworking occurs with a network supporting only a maximum of User-user information element length of 35 octets, no notification shall be given to the calling user or called user sending the user information.

### 8.2 Interworking with non-ISDN network

In the case of interworking with non-ISDN network or with a non-ISDN called user, a progress indicator information element indicating #1 "call is not end-to-end ISDN; further progress information may be available in-band" or #2 "destination address is non-ISDN", respectively, is sent to the calling user as part of basic call.

This progress information shall serve as indication that the requested service cannot be guaranteed.



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## 9 Network entity functions

### 9.1 Originating network processes

#### 9.1.1 Procedures in MSC

##### Figure 9.1.1.1 Procedure UUS\_OCH\_Check\_Setup

This procedure is called when Setup is received from A-subscriber. It sets requested UUS service options into SIFOC message.

##### Figure 9.1.1.2 Procedure UUS\_OCH\_Set\_Info\_In\_IAM

Requested UUS service options and possible UUS1 data is copied in IAM. The procedure is controlled by the Complete Call message parameters from the VLR.

##### Figure 9.1.1.3 Procedure UUS\_OCH\_Set\_Alert\_And\_Connect\_Param

In this procedure UUS related parameters are checked and set into the Alerting/Connect message that is sent to A-subscriber. If any of the UUS services is requested as required and positive service acknowledgement is not received from the remote end, the check will fail and the call will be cleared.

Procedure UUS\_OCH\_Check\_Setup

1(1)

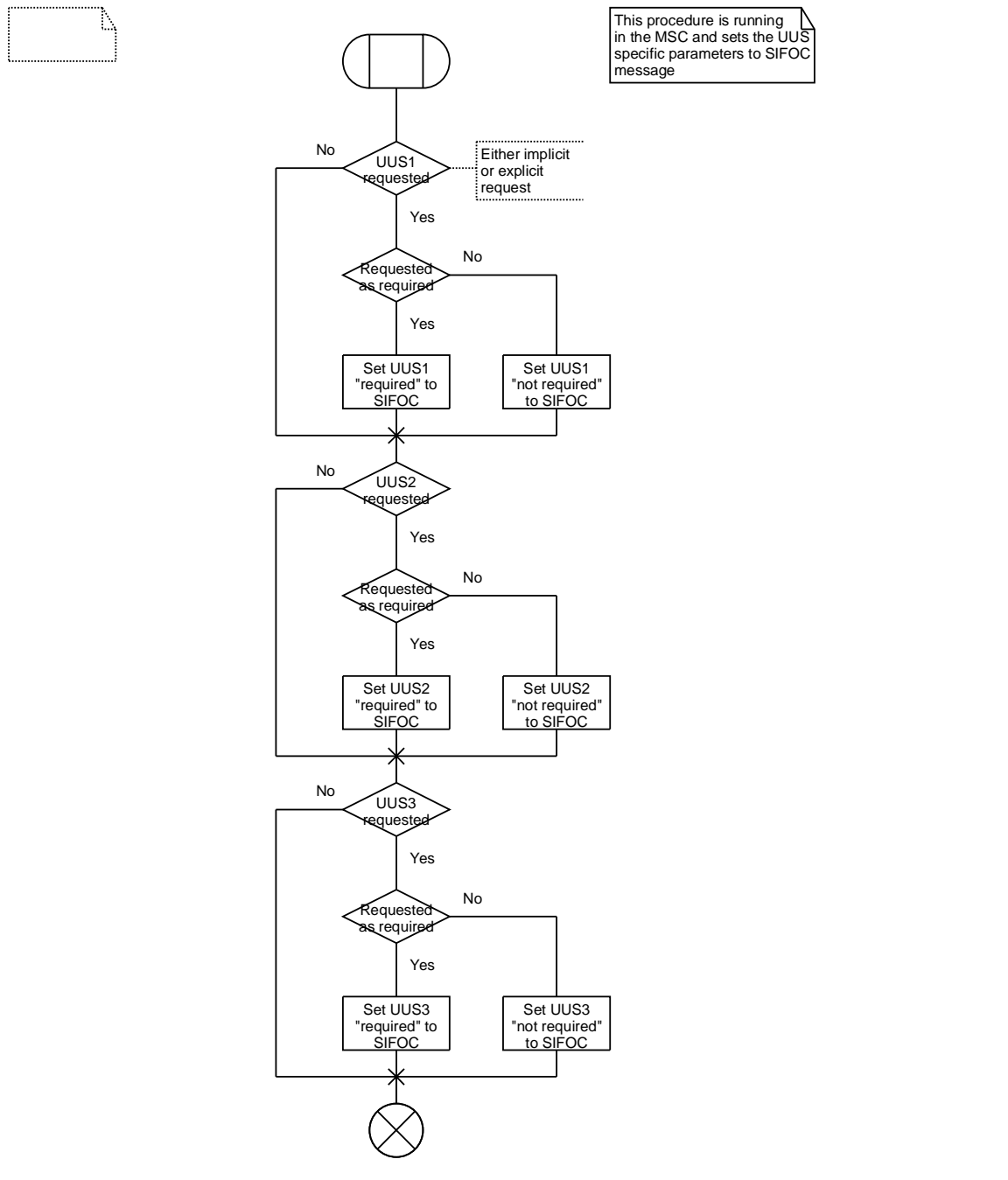


Figure 9.1.1.1: Procedure UUS\_OCH\_Check\_Setup

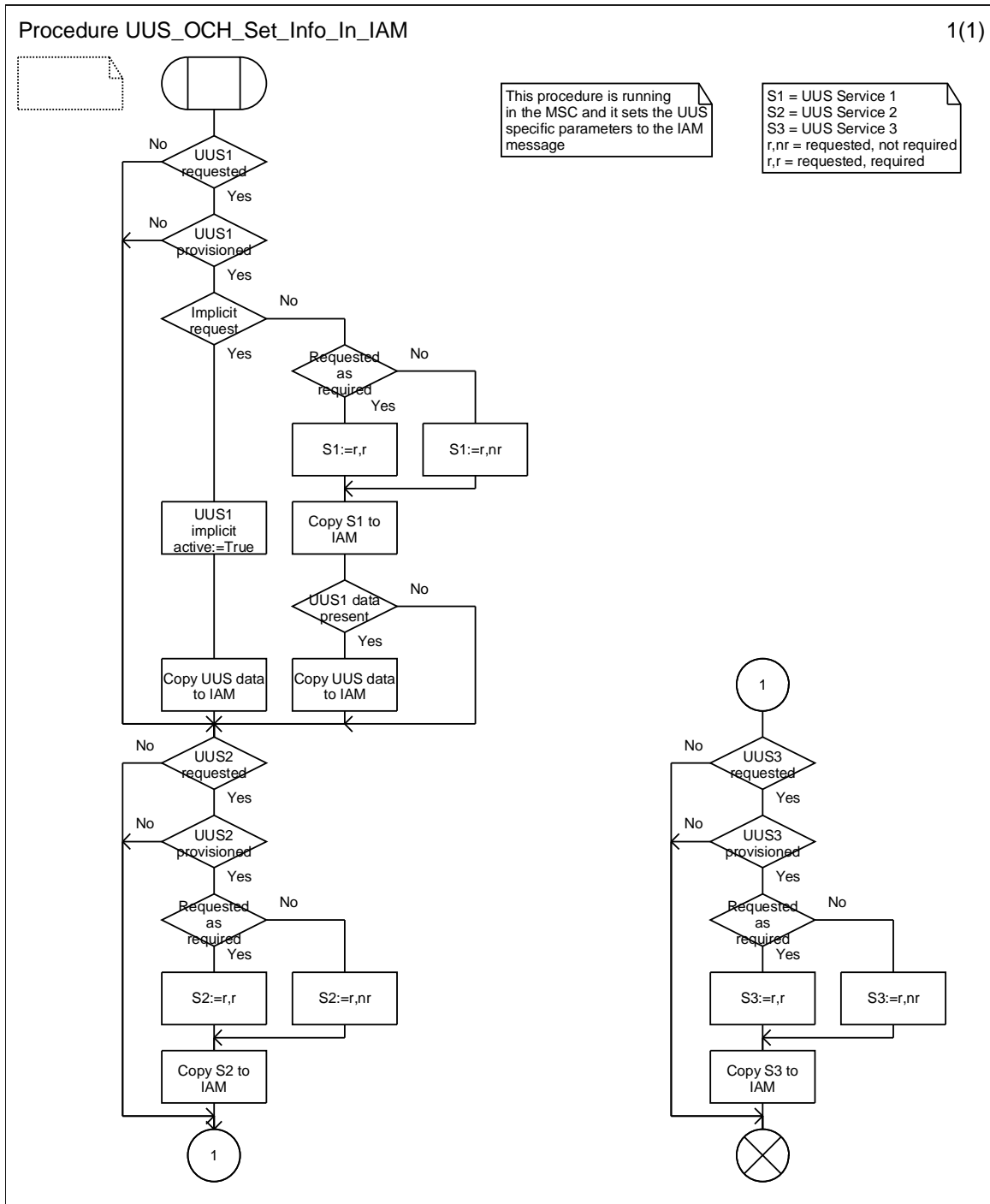


Figure 9.1.1.2: Procedure UUS\_OCH\_Set\_Info\_In\_IAM

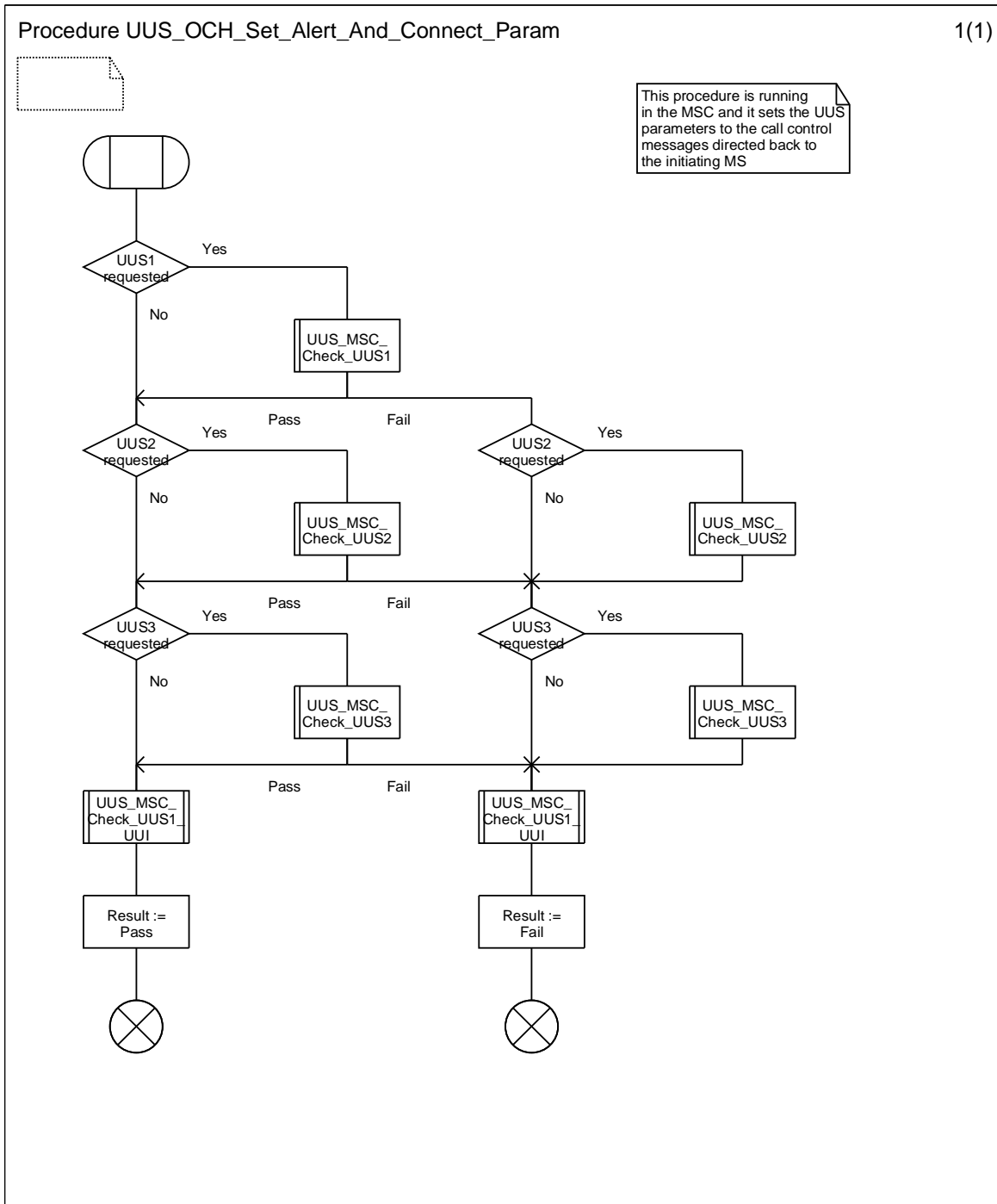


Figure 9.1.1.3: Procedure UUS\_OCH\_Set\_Alert\_And\_Connect\_Param

## 9.1.2 Procedures in VLR

Figure 9.1.2.1 Procedure UUS\_OCH\_Check\_Provision.

This procedure is called in the VLR during subscription checks for an outgoing call. It sets requested UUS service provision information in Complete call message. If any of the UUS services is requested as required and the service is not provided to the subscription, the check will fail and the call will be cleared.

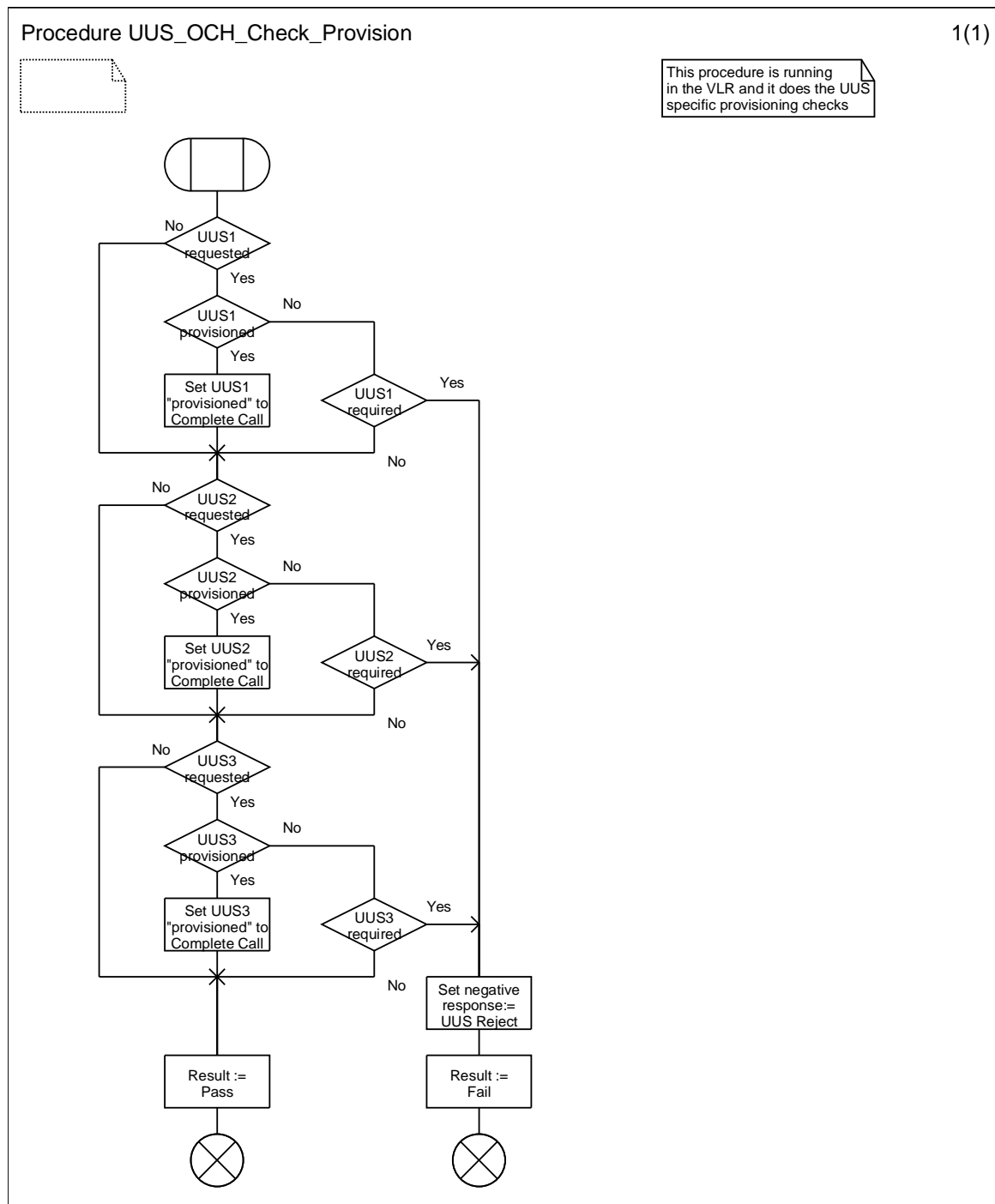


Figure 9.1.2.1: Procedure UUS\_OCH\_Check\_Provision

## 9.2 Terminating network processes

### 9.2.1 Procedures in GMSC

Figure 9.2.1.1 Procedure UUS\_GMSC\_Check\_Forwarding.

This procedure is called when Resume Call Handling message is received from the remote MSC. If the message contains UUS related information, that is copied to the subsequent IAM message.

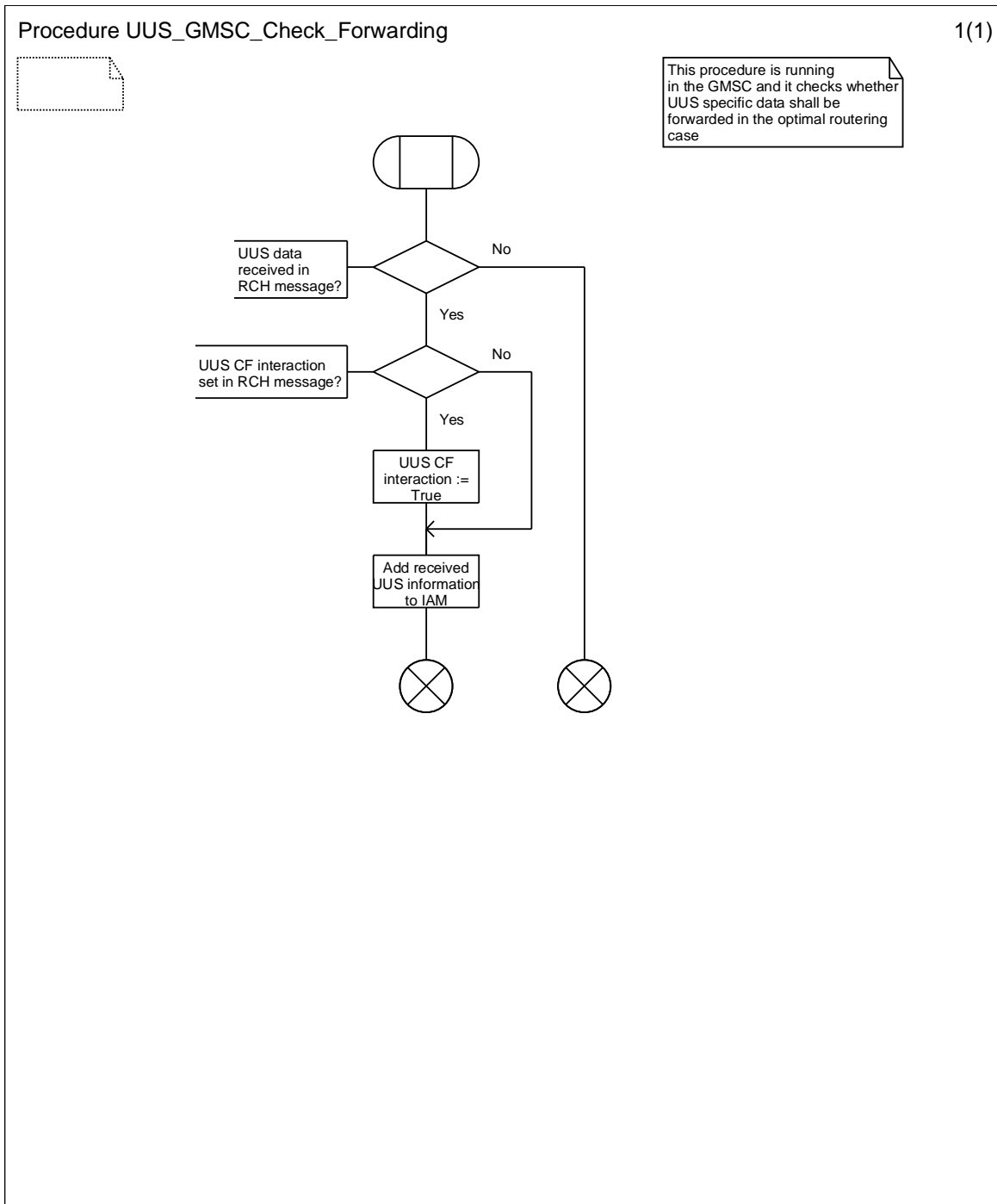


Figure 9.2.1.1: Procedure UUS\_GMSC\_Check\_Forwarding

## 9.2.2 Procedures in MSC

Figure 9.2.2.1 Procedure UUS\_ICH\_Check\_Support.

This procedure is called after Alerting/Connect message is received from B-subscriber. It checks whether UUS service is possible and if not whether the call setup can be continued.

Figure 9.2.2.2 Procedure UUS\_ICH\_Check\_Forwarding.

This procedure is called when no reply is received from B-subscriber. It checks whether call forwarding is allowed from UUS service point of view.

Figure 9.2.2.3 Procedure UUS\_ICH\_Handle\_LCF.

This procedure is used to add UUS information to Resume Call Handling message when Optimal Routeing late call forwarding is supported.

Figure 9.2.2.4 Procedure UUS\_ICH\_Set\_Info\_In\_IAM.

This procedure is used to add UUS specific information to forwarded call IAM message.

Figure 9.2.2.5 Procedure UUS\_ICH\_UUS1\_Implicit\_Active.

This procedure is used to set UUS1 implicit service active at the remote MSC when only UUI for service 1 is received.

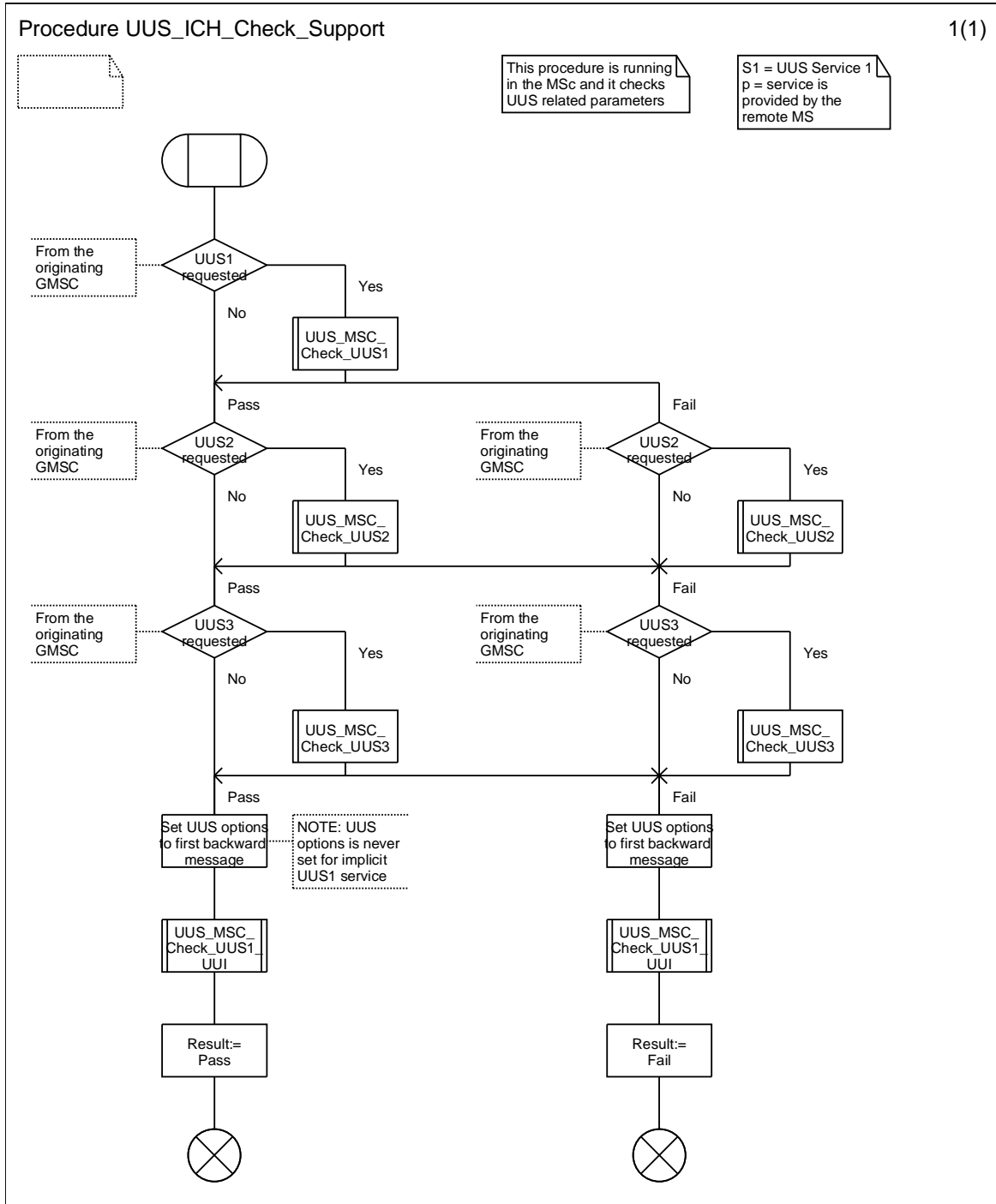


Figure 9.2.2.1: Procedure UUS\_ICH\_Check\_Support



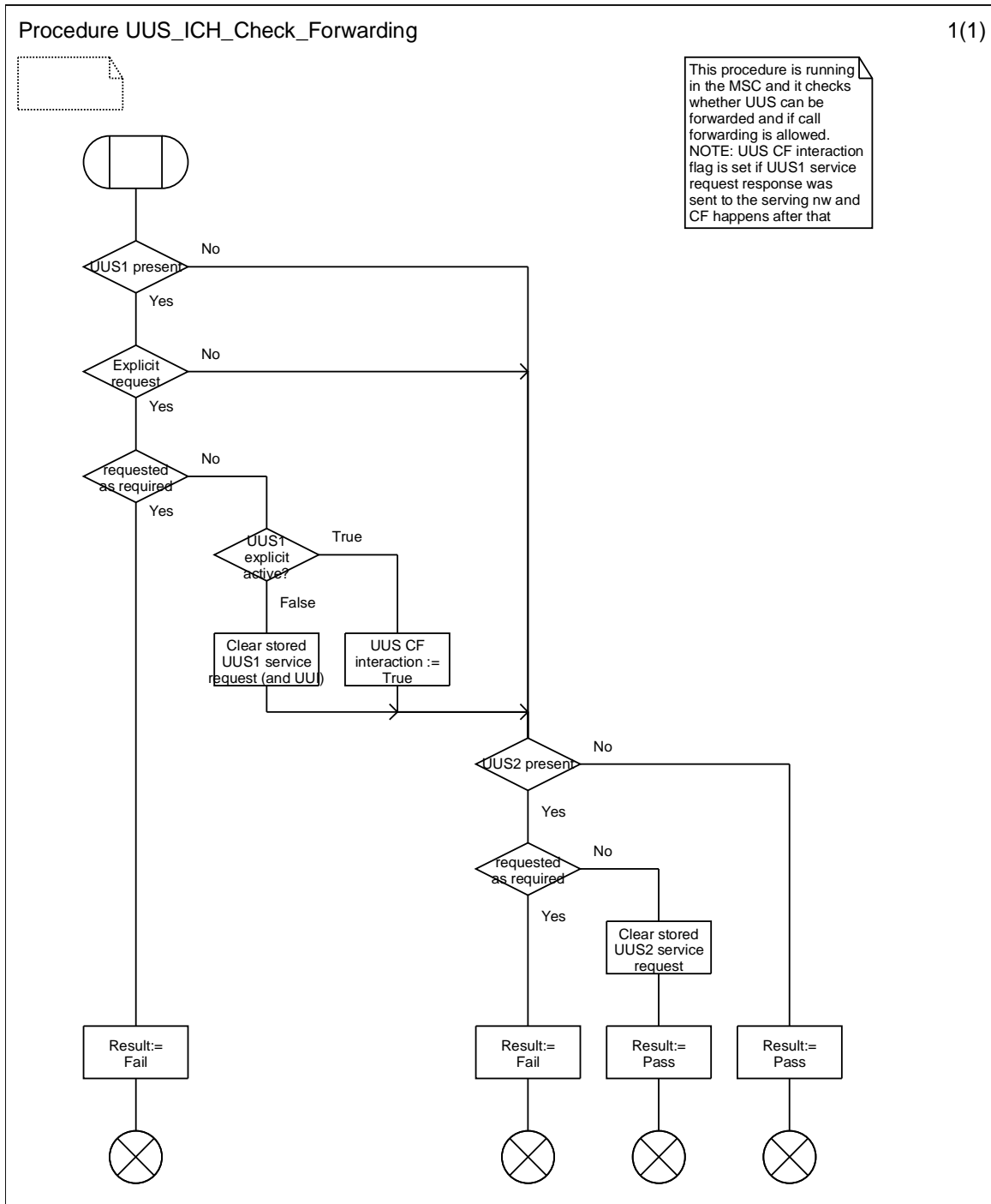


Figure 9.2.2.2: Procedure UUS\_ICH\_Check\_Forwarding

Procedure UUS\_ICH\_Handle\_LCF

1(1)



This procedure is running in the MSC and it checks whether UUS will be forwarded in the optimal routing case

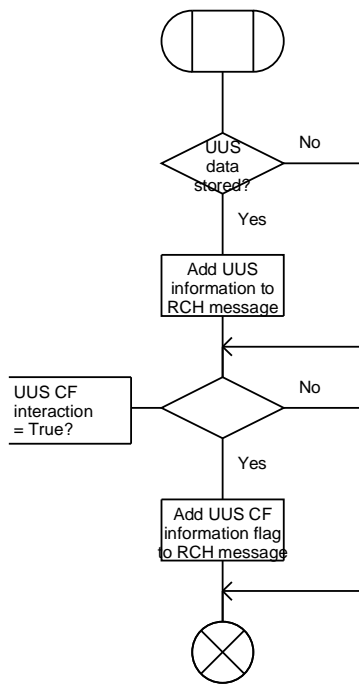


Figure 9.2.2.3: Procedure UUS\_ICH\_Handle\_LCF

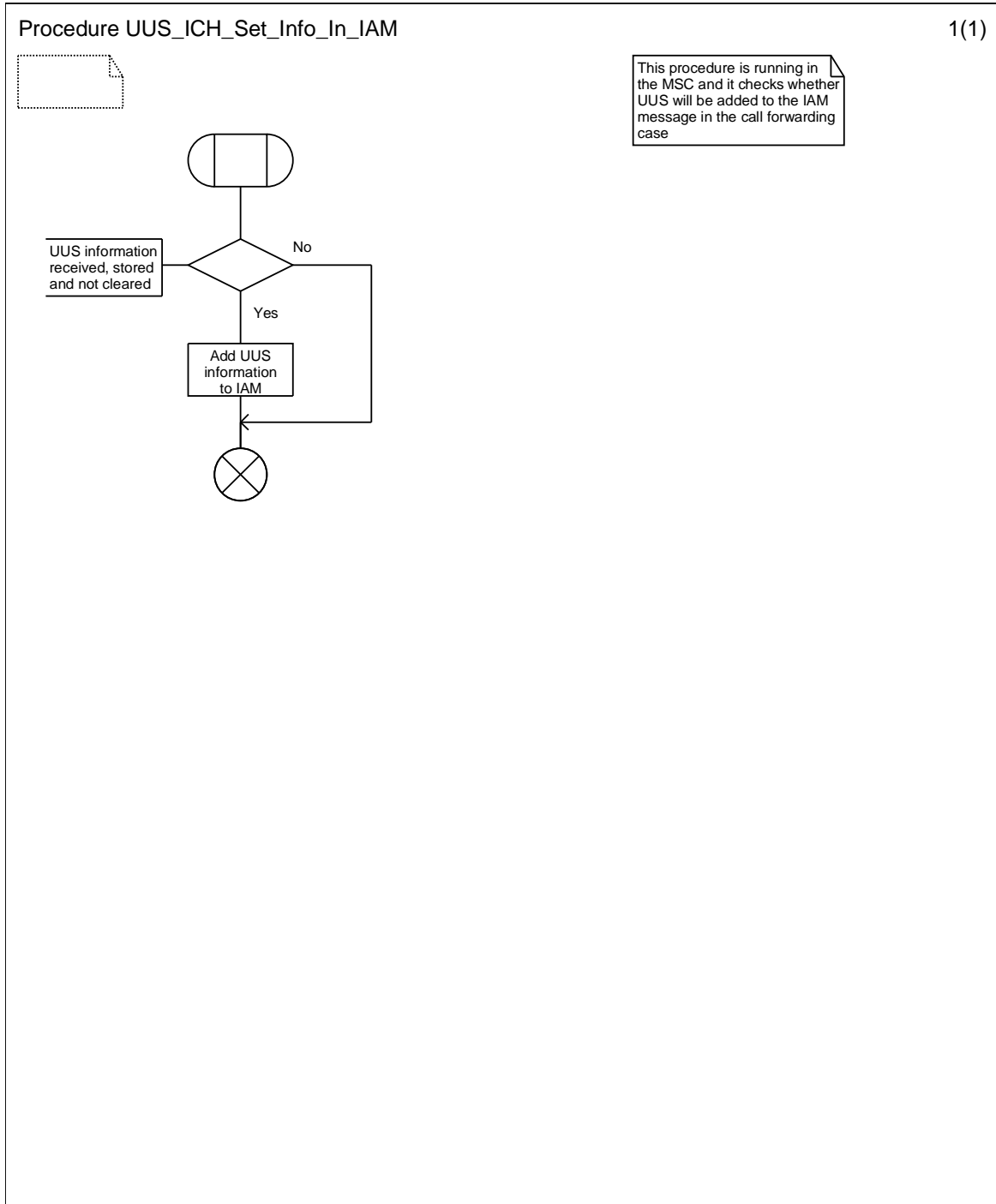


Figure 9.2.2.4: Procedure UUS\_ICH\_Set\_Info\_In\_IAM

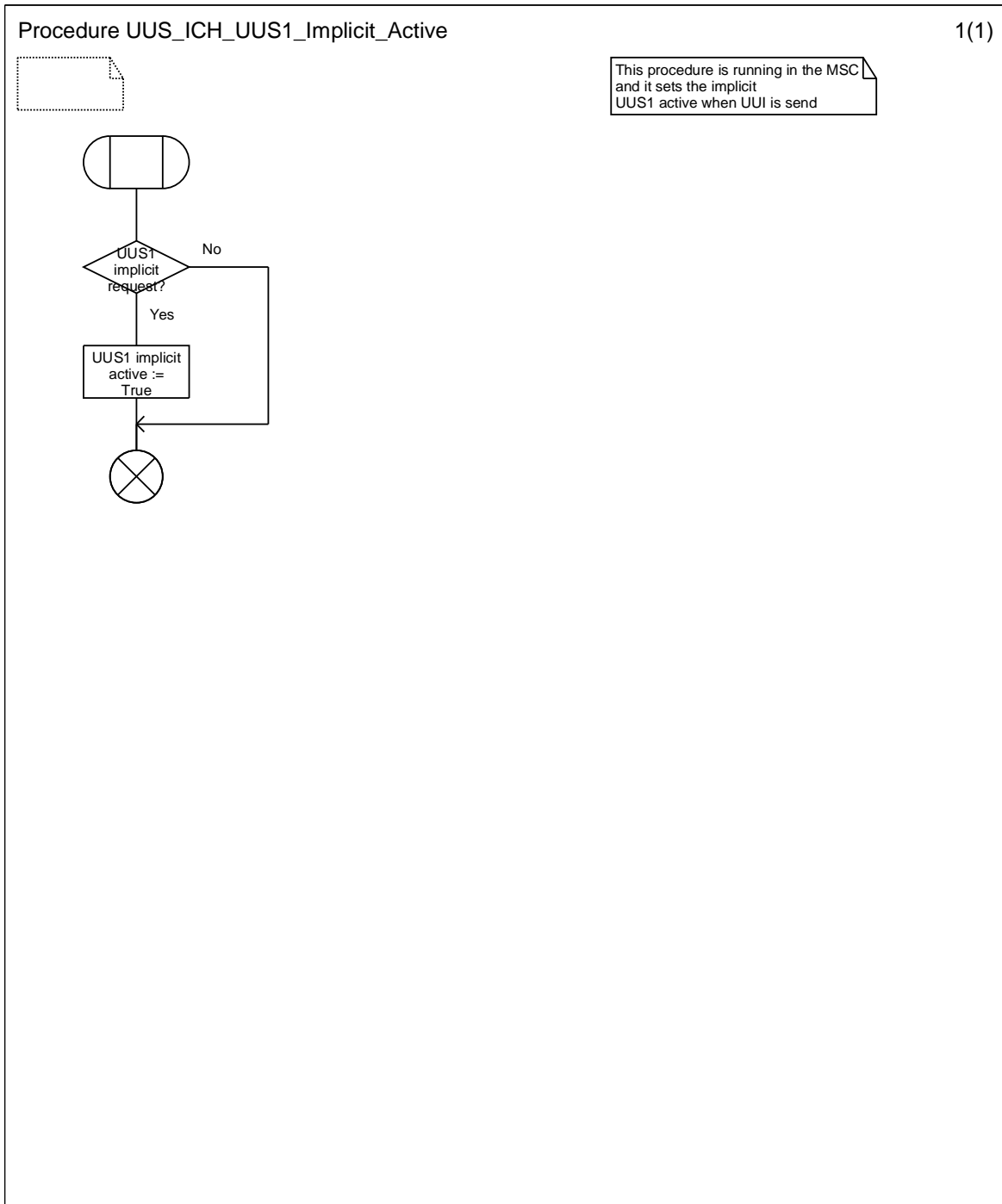


Figure 9.2.2.5: Procedure UUS\_ICH\_UUS1\_Implicit\_Active

## 9.3 Procedures common in serving and remote networks

Figure 9.3.1 Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS1\_UUI.

This procedure is used to check whether it is allowed to pass UUI for UUS1 from MS to network or vice versa.

Figure 9.3.2 Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS2\_UUI\_to\_MS.

This procedure is used to check whether it is allowed to pass User-To-User messages for UUS2 from network to MS.

Figure 9.3.3 Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS2\_UUI\_to\_NW.

This procedure is used to check whether it is allowed to pass User-To-User messages for UUS2 from MS to network.

Figure 9.3.4 Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS3\_UUI\_to\_MS.

This procedure is used to check whether it is allowed to pass User-To-User messages for UUS3 from network to MS.

Figure 9.3.5 Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS3\_UUI\_to\_NW.

This procedure is used to check whether it is allowed to pass User-To-User messages for UUS3 from MS to network.

Figure 9.3.6 Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Clear\_UUS.

This procedure is used to handle the call forwarding interaction with UUS when call control messages are received from the forwarded-to NW.

Figure 9.3.7 Macrodefinition UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS1.

Macro used in procedures UUS\_OCH\_Set\_Alert\_And\_Connect\_Param and UUS\_ICH\_Check\_Support. It checks whether UUS service 1 is supported.

Figure 9.3.8 Macrodefinition UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS2.

Macro used in procedures UUS\_OCH\_Set\_Alert\_And\_Connect\_Param and UUS\_ICH\_Check\_Support. It checks whether UUS service 2 is supported.

Figure 9.3.9 Macrodefinition UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS3.

Macro used in procedures UUS\_OCH\_Set\_Alert\_And\_Connect\_Param and UUS\_ICH\_Check\_Support. It checks whether UUS service 3 is supported.

Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS1\_UUI

1(1)

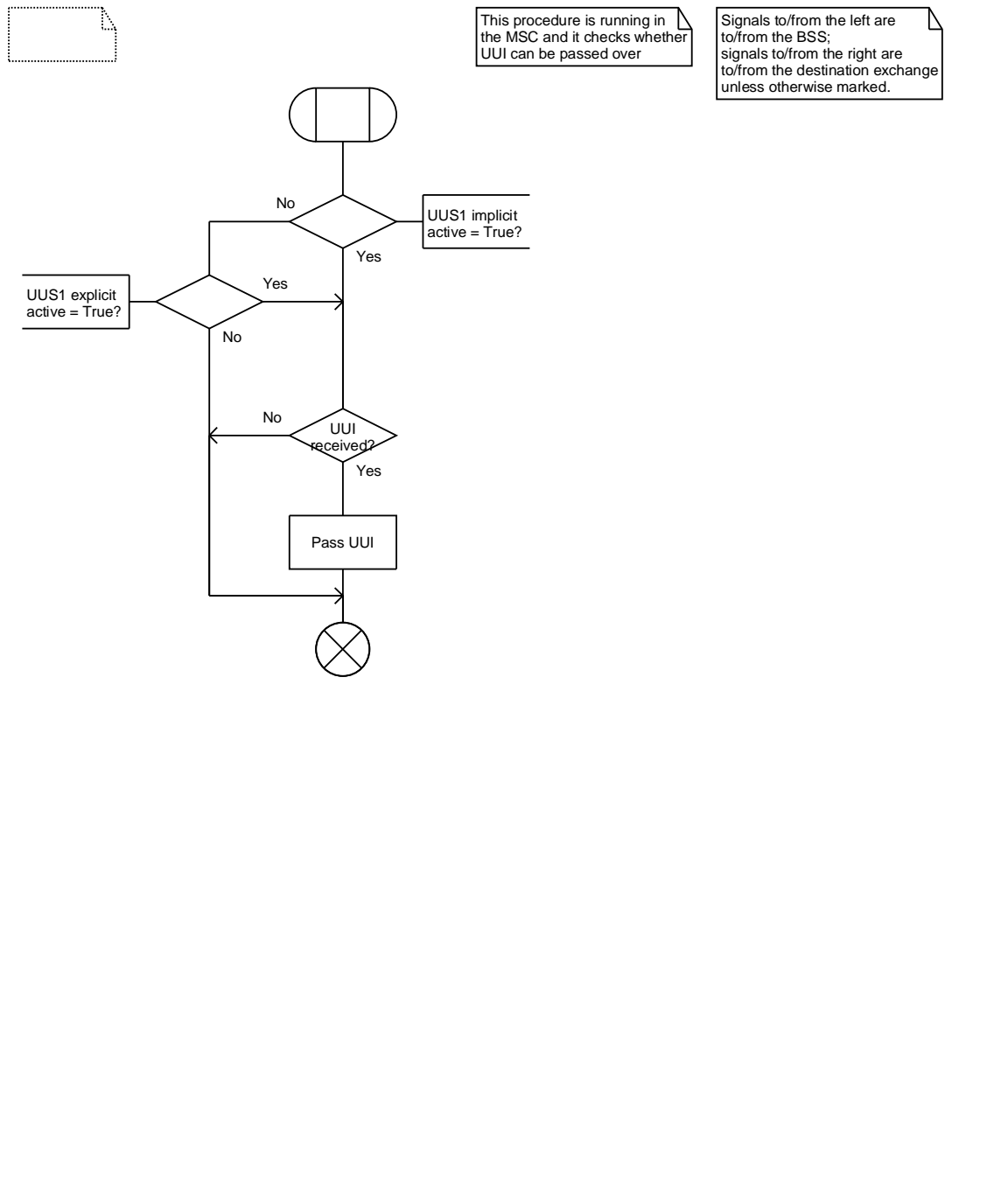


Figure 9.3.1: Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS1\_UUI

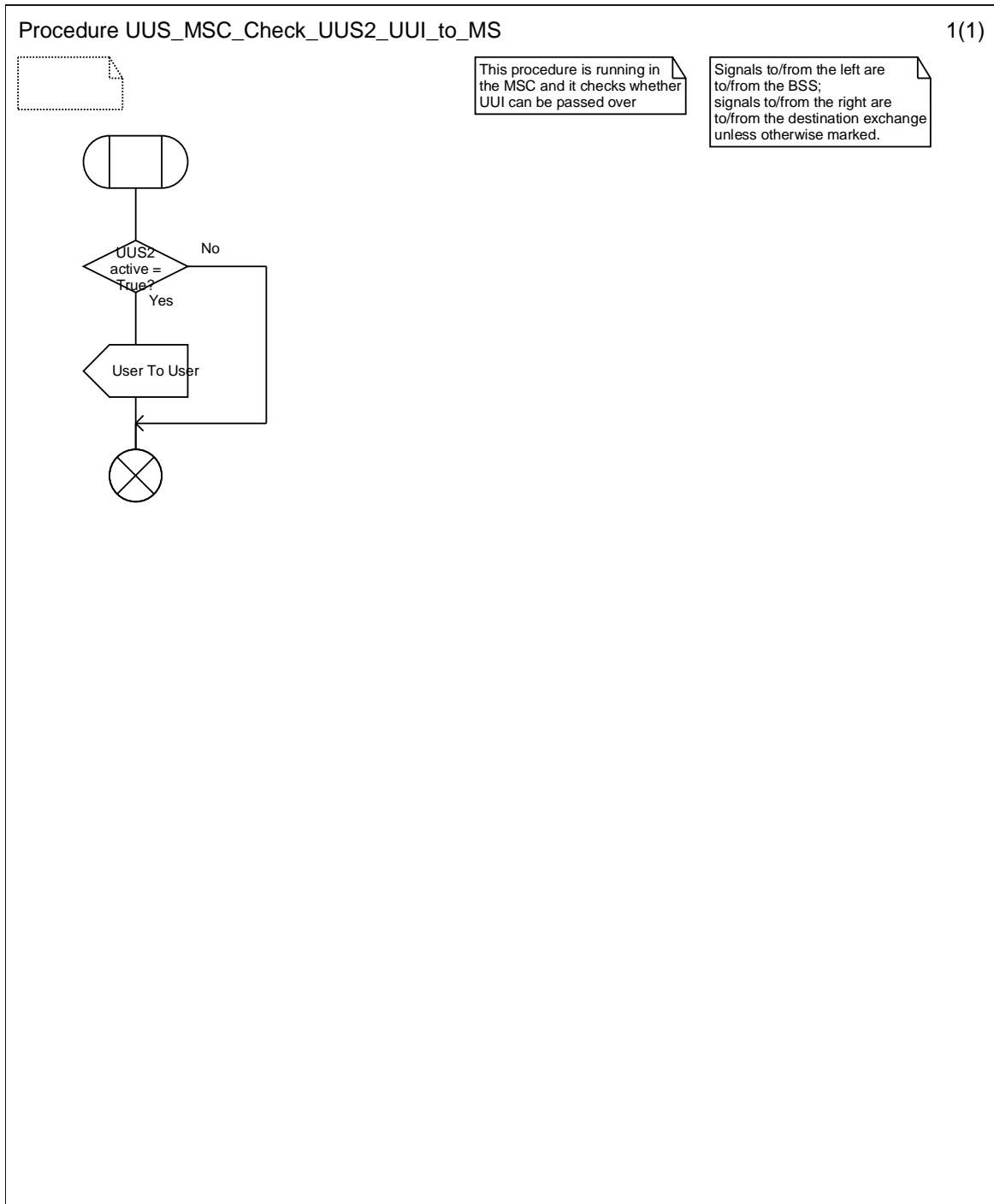


Figure 9.3.2: Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS2\_UII\_to\_MS

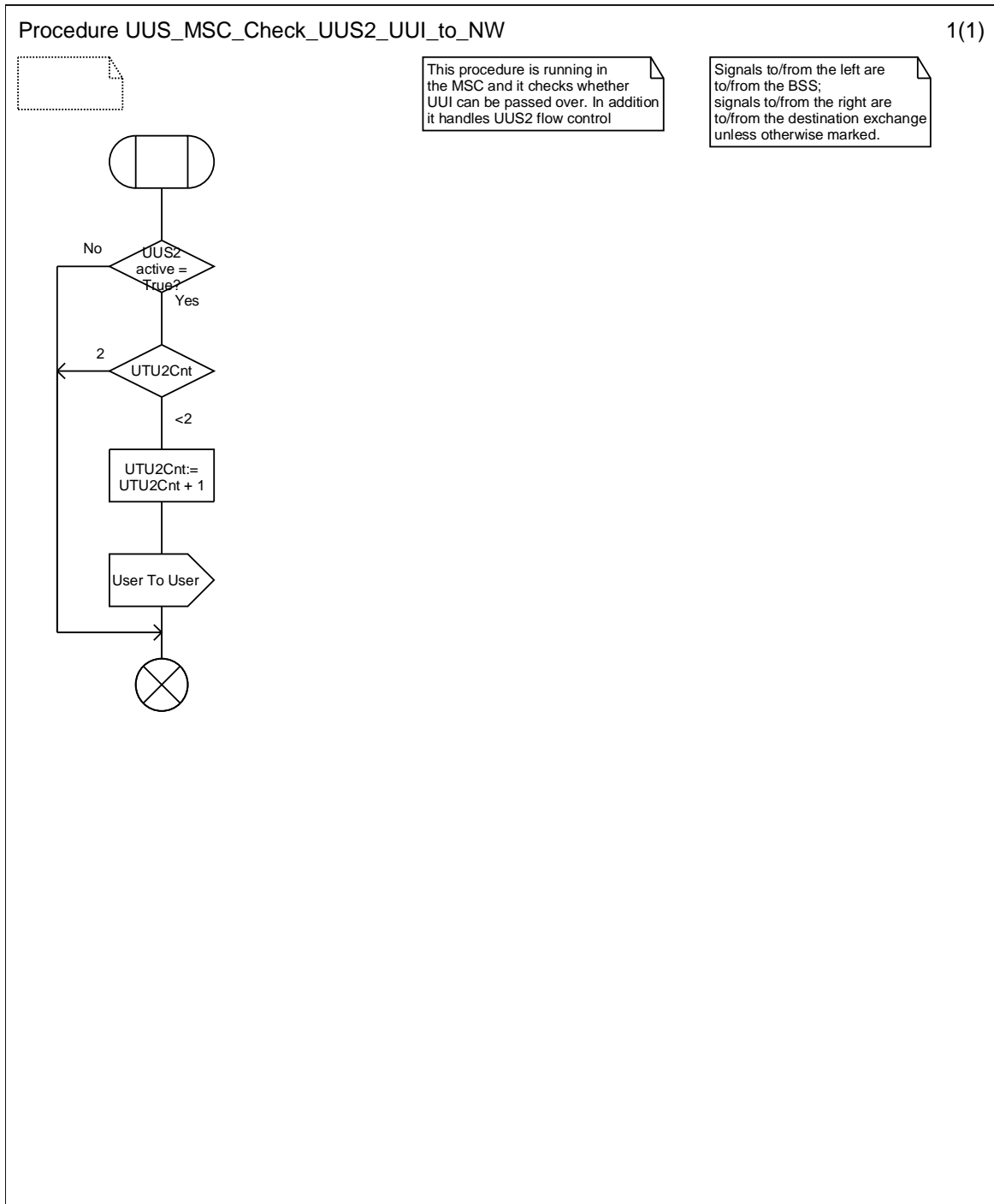


Figure 9.3.3: Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS2\_UUI\_to\_NW



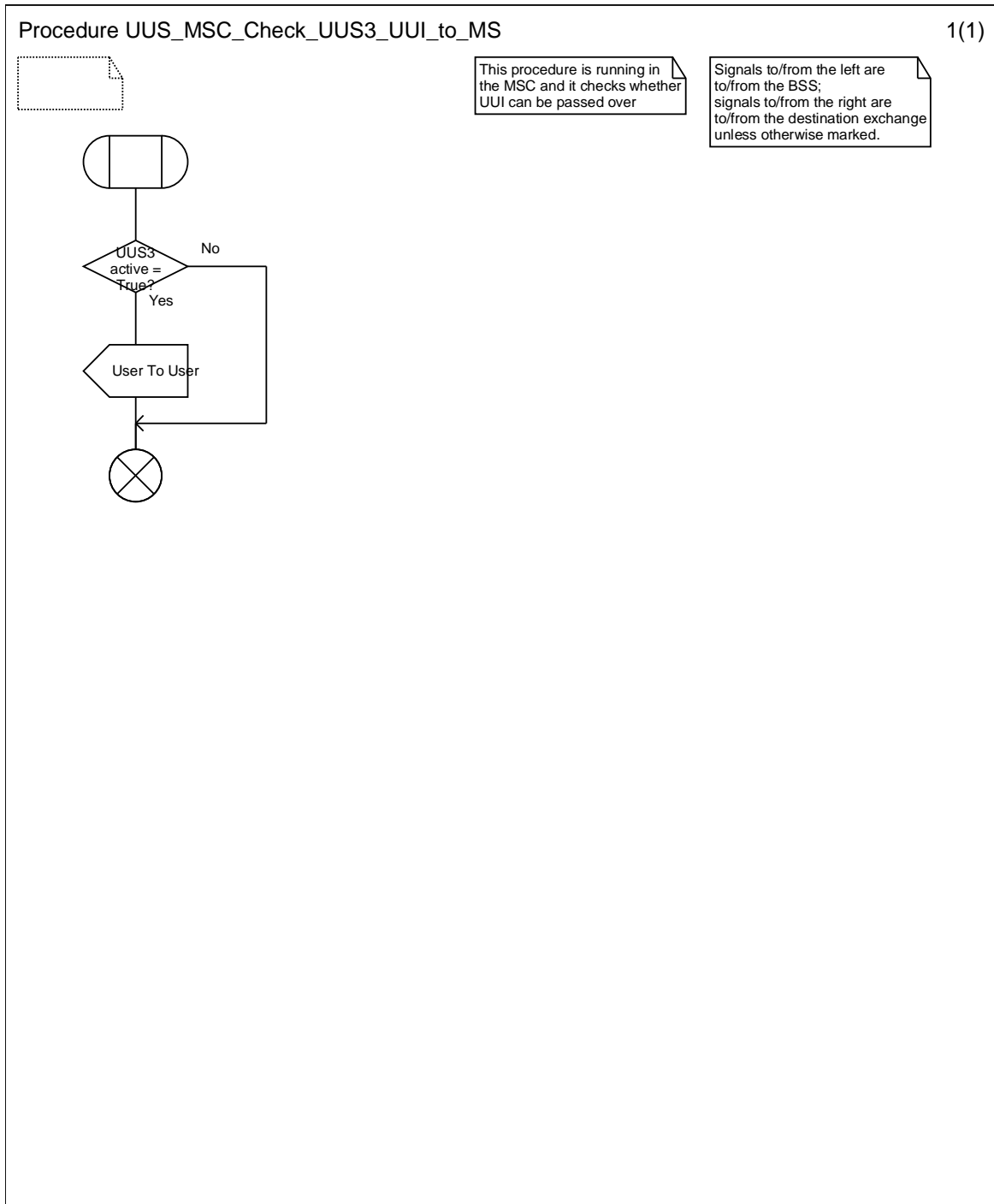


Figure 9.3.4: Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS3\_UII\_to\_MS

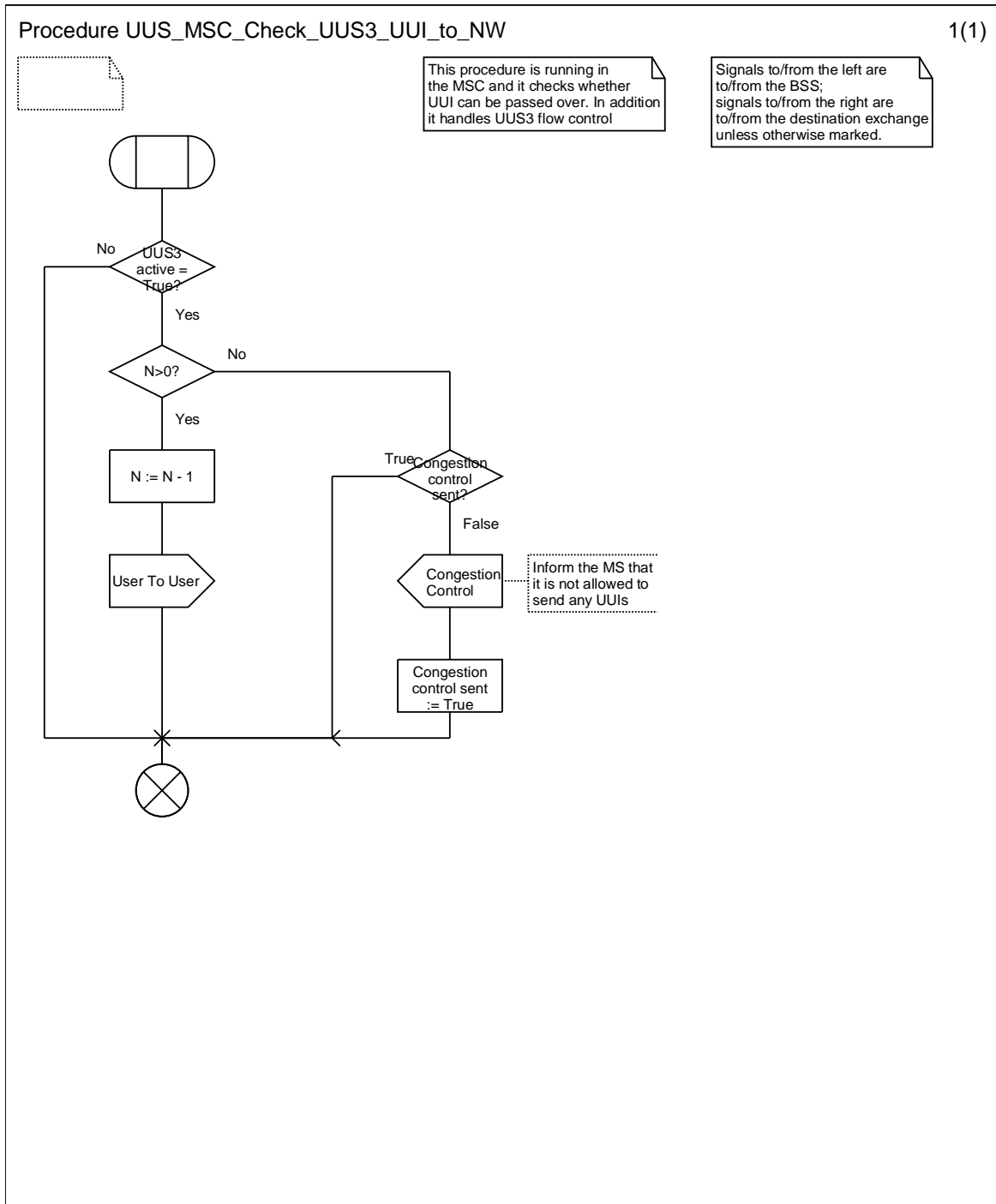


Figure 9.3.5: Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS3\_UUI\_to\_NW

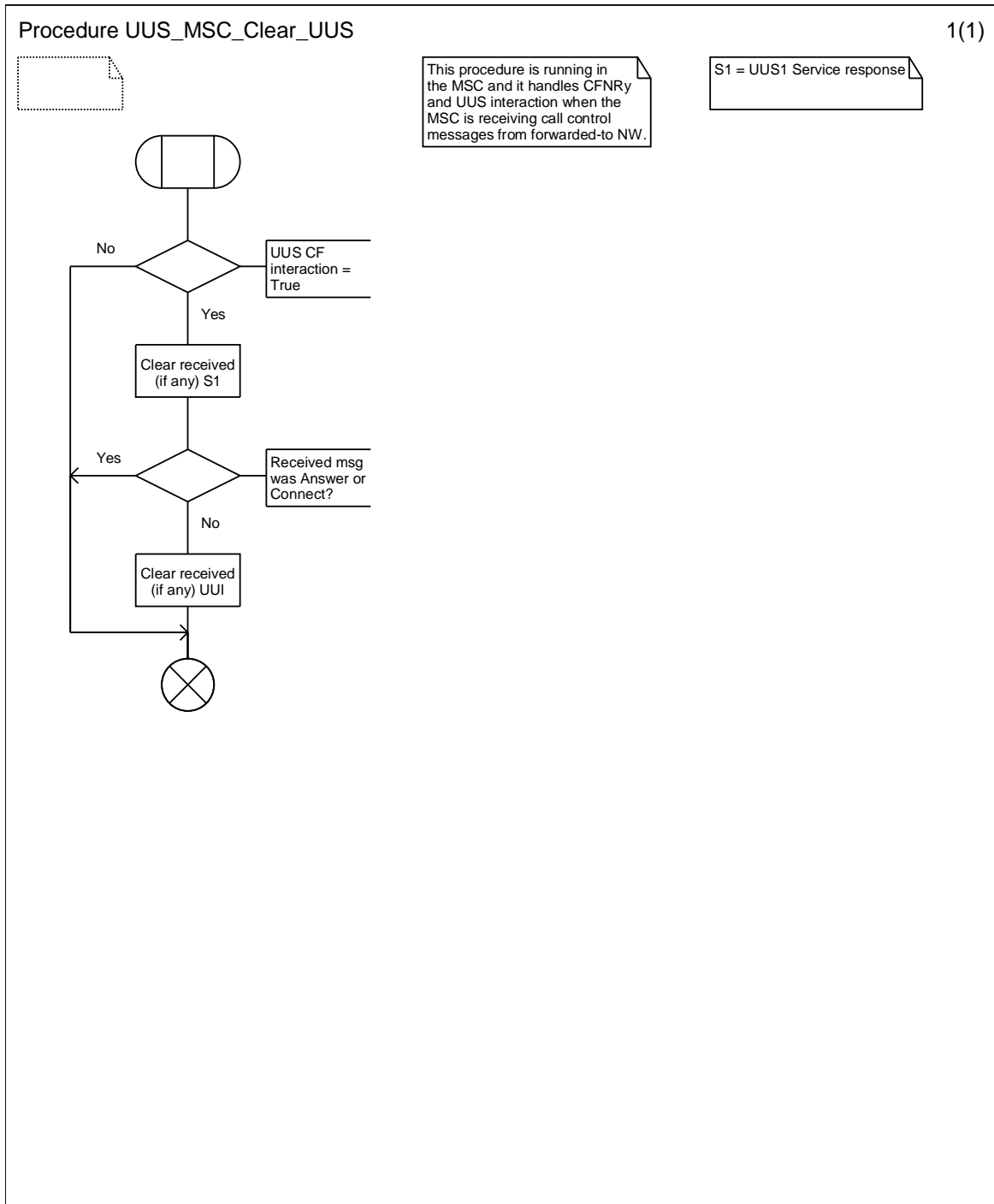


Figure 9.3.6: Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Clear\_UUS

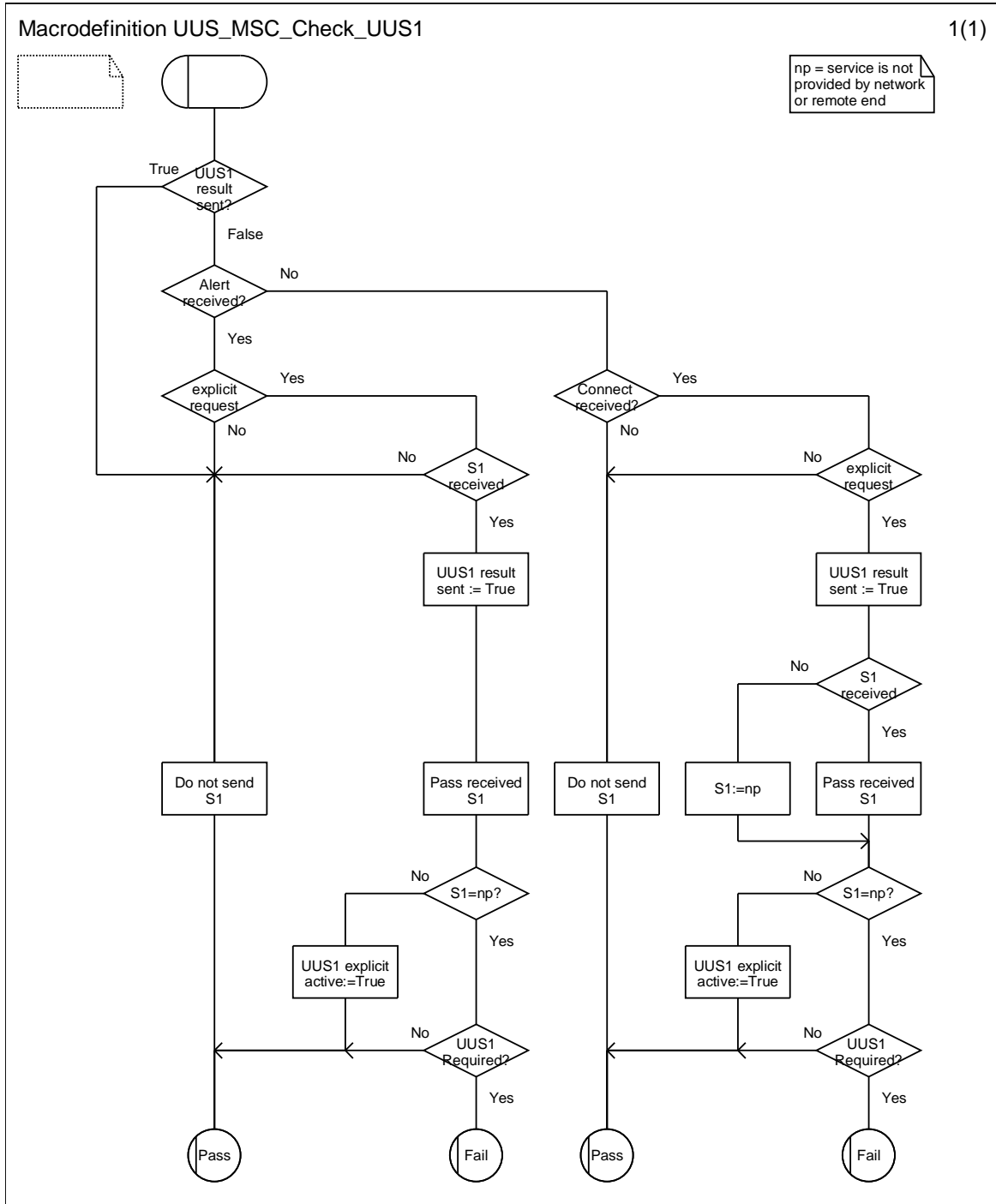


Figure 9.3.7: Macrodefinition UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS1

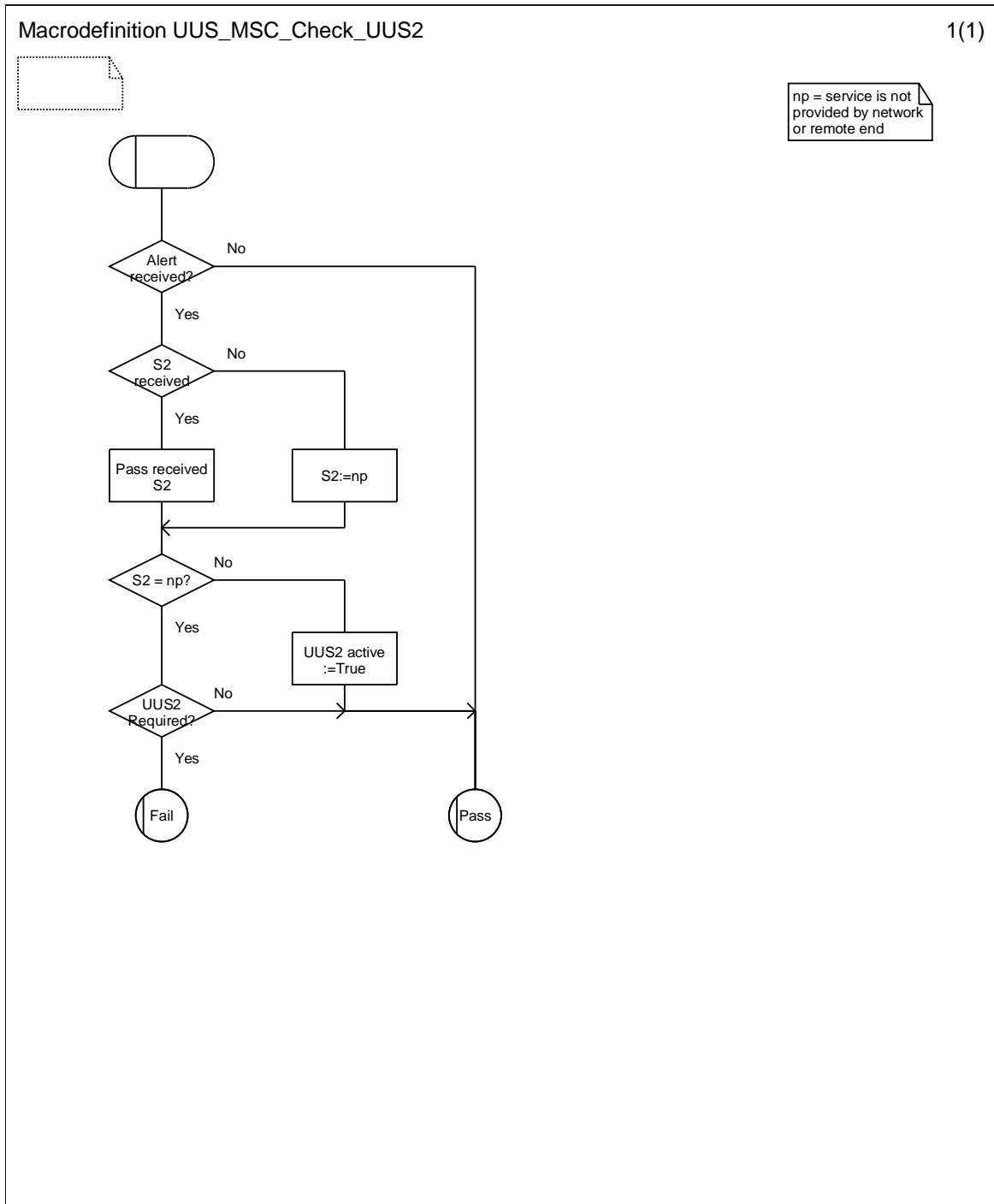


Figure 9.3.8: Macrodefinition UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS2

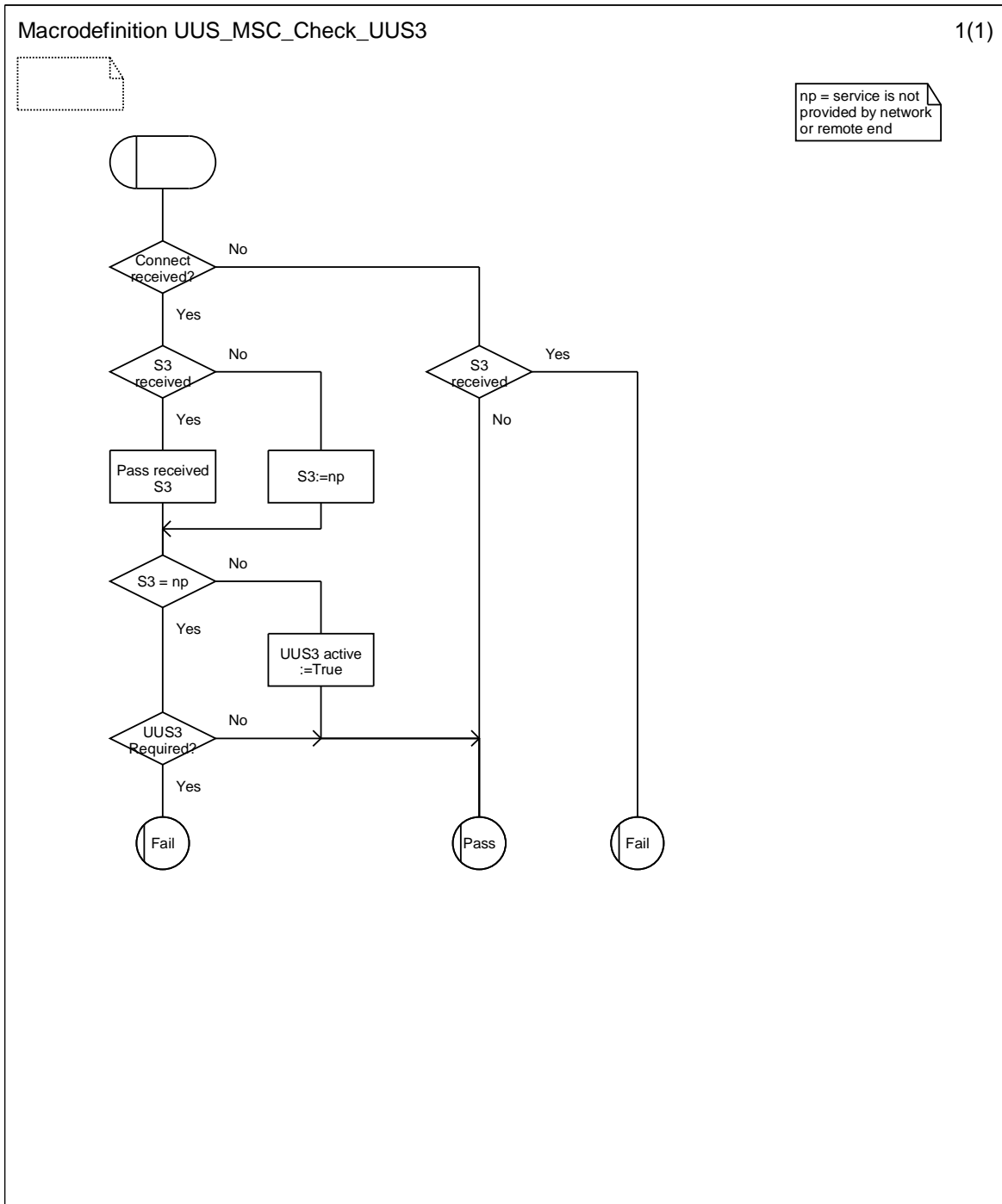


Figure 9.3.9: Macrodefinition UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS3

## 9.4 Processes used during Active Call

There are different processes running for UUS3 during active call in serving and remote network. However, this differentiation does not implicitly mean that call originator's network is serving network. The differentiation is based on which party initiates the UUS3 service. Thus, serving network process shall be used on initiator's side and remote network process on the opposite end.

### 9.4.1 Process and procedures in serving MSC

#### Figure 9.4.1.1 Process Serving\_MSC\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call

This process is used to check UUS3 activation during active call, handle UUS3 flow control and interaction with ECT supplementary service. The process starts during the call setup and checks the content of the Connect message in order to start the UUS3 flow control correctly. If the UUS3 is not activated the process stays in the Idle state and waits UUS3 activation request from the MS.

#### Figure 9.4.1.2 Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS3\_Activation

This procedure is used to handle the dialogue towards the serving VLR when provisioning check is done.

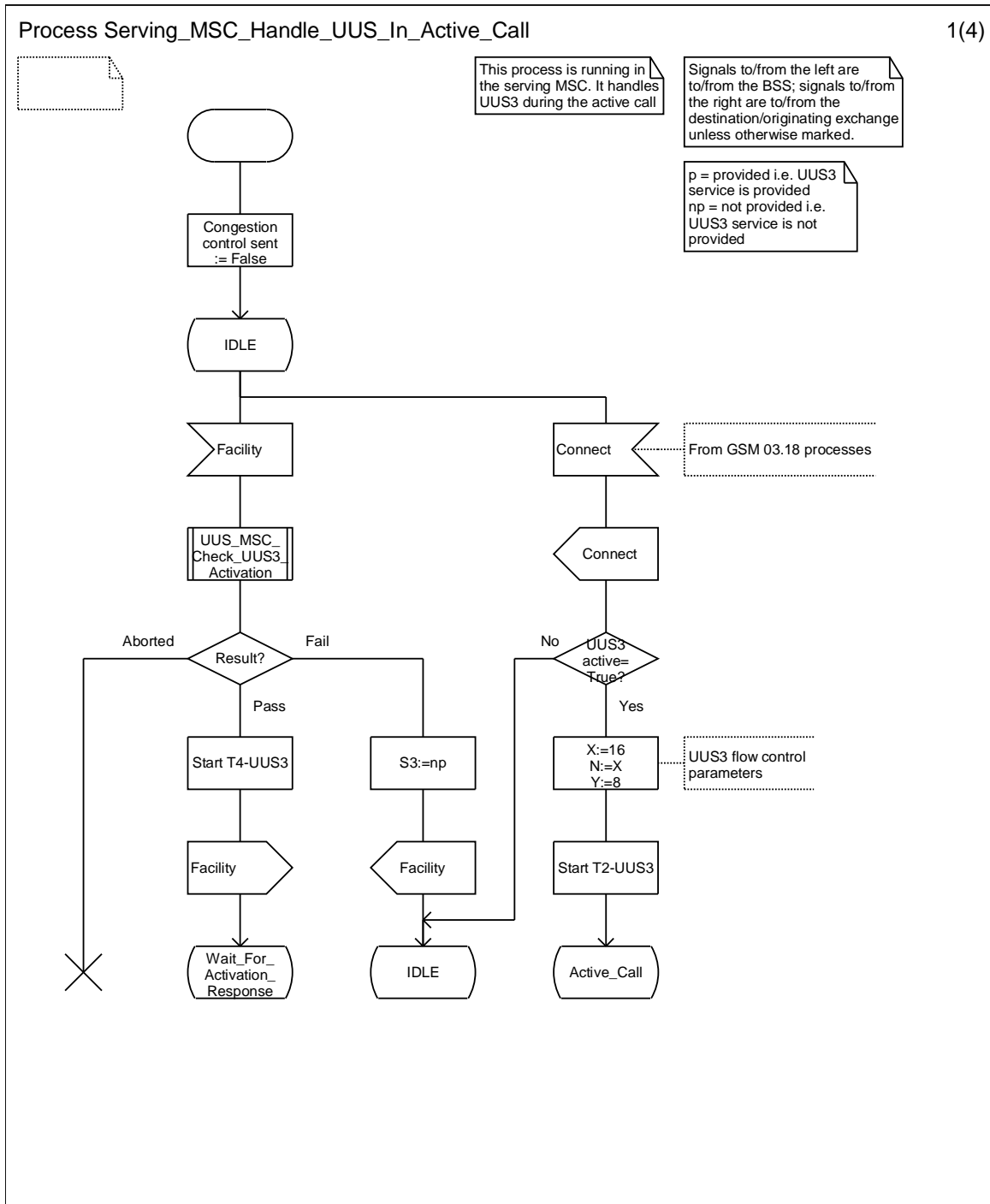


Figure 9.4.1.1: Process Serving\_MSC\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call (sheet 1)



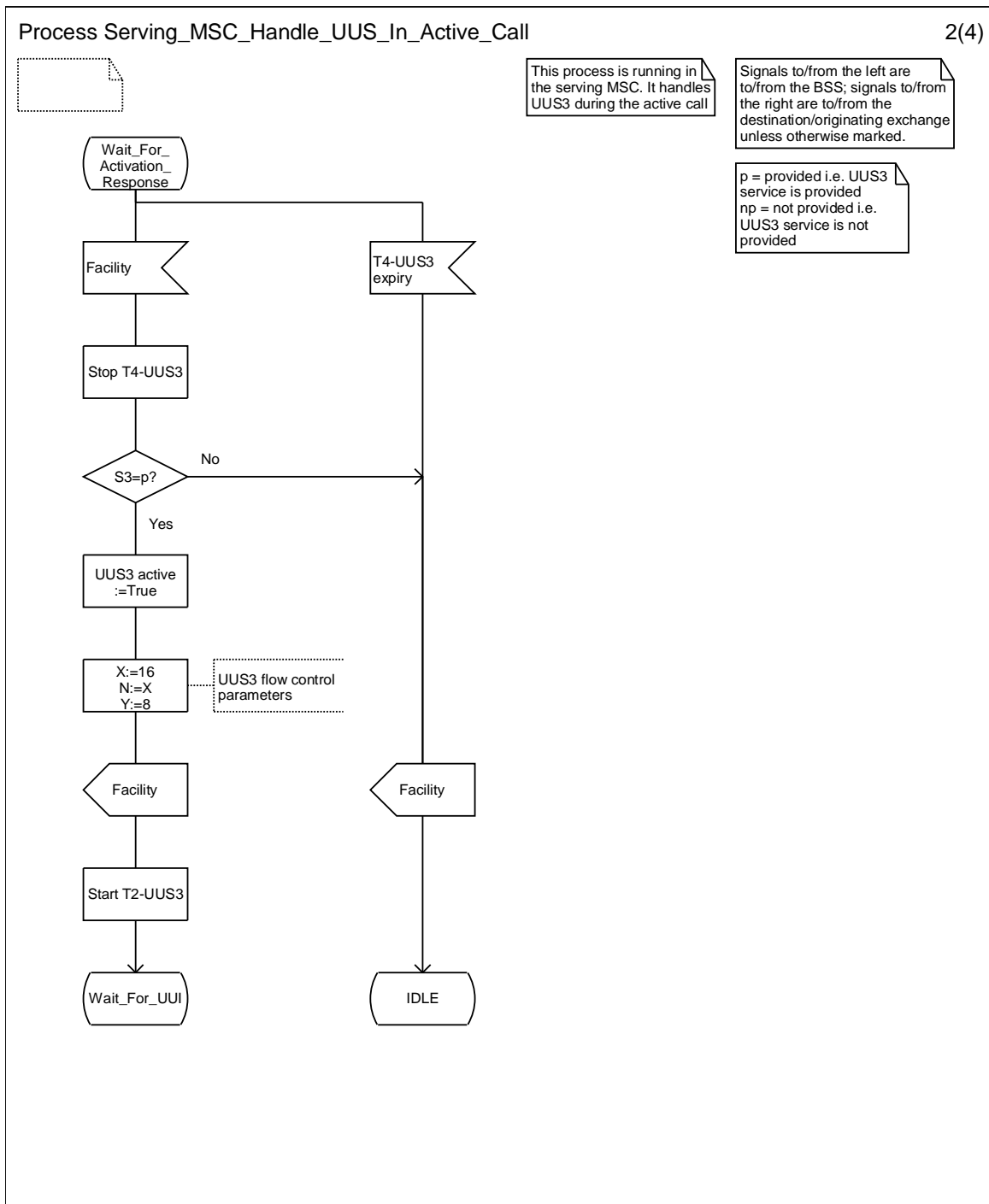


Figure 9.4.1.1: Process Serving\_MSC\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call (sheet 2)

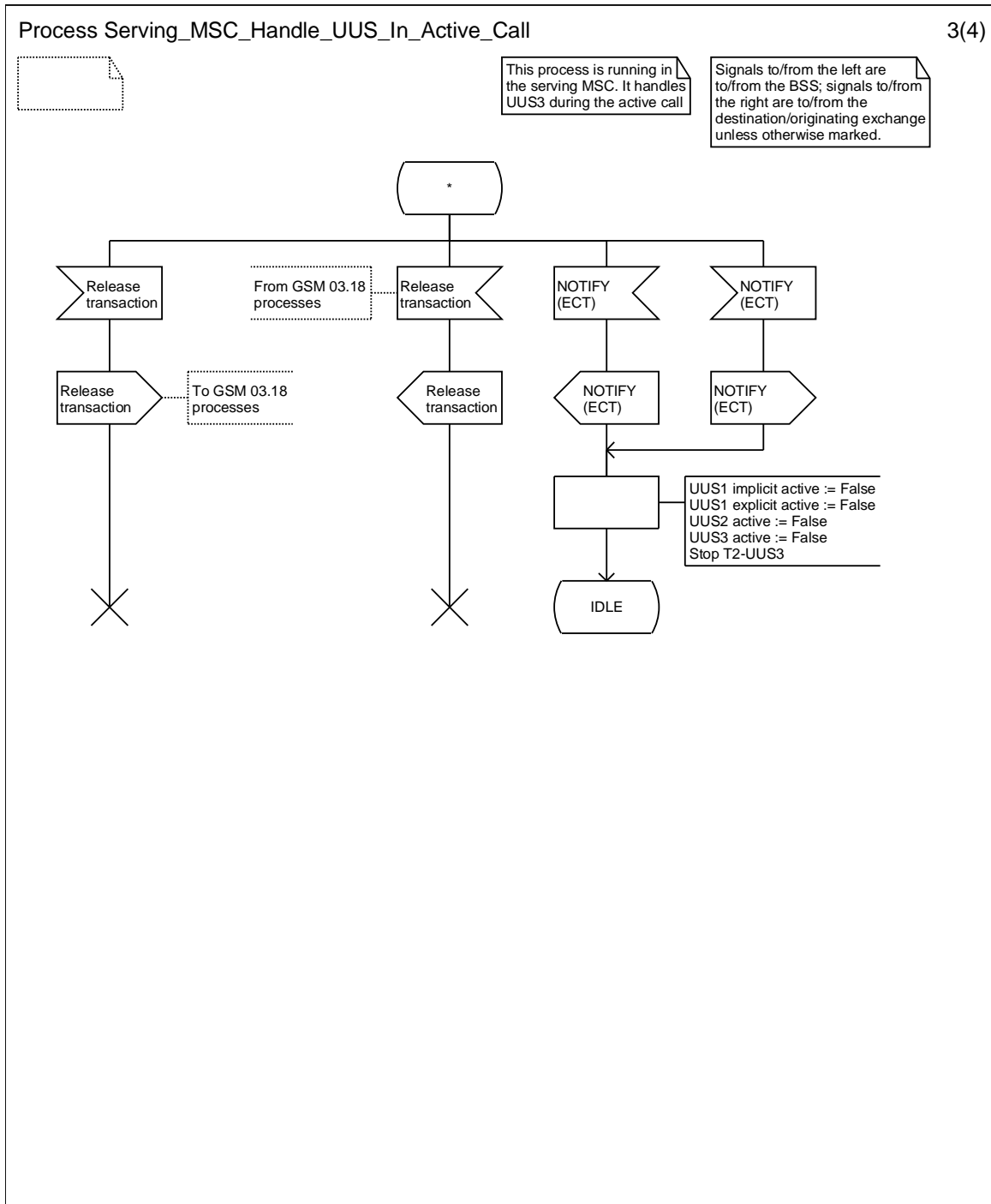


Figure 9.4.1.1: Process Serving\_MSC\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call (sheet 3)

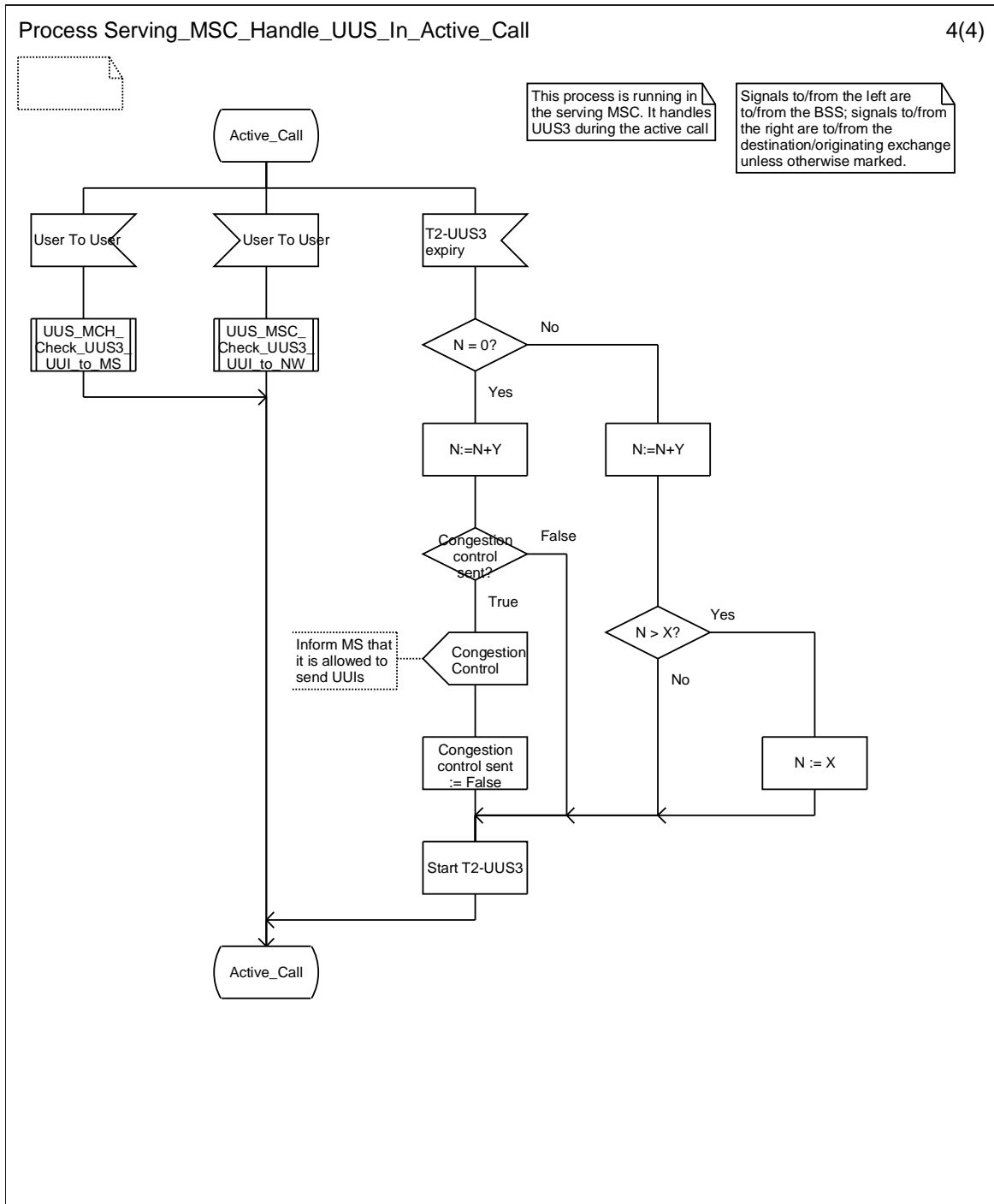


Figure 9.4.1.1: Process Serving\_MSC\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call (sheet 4)

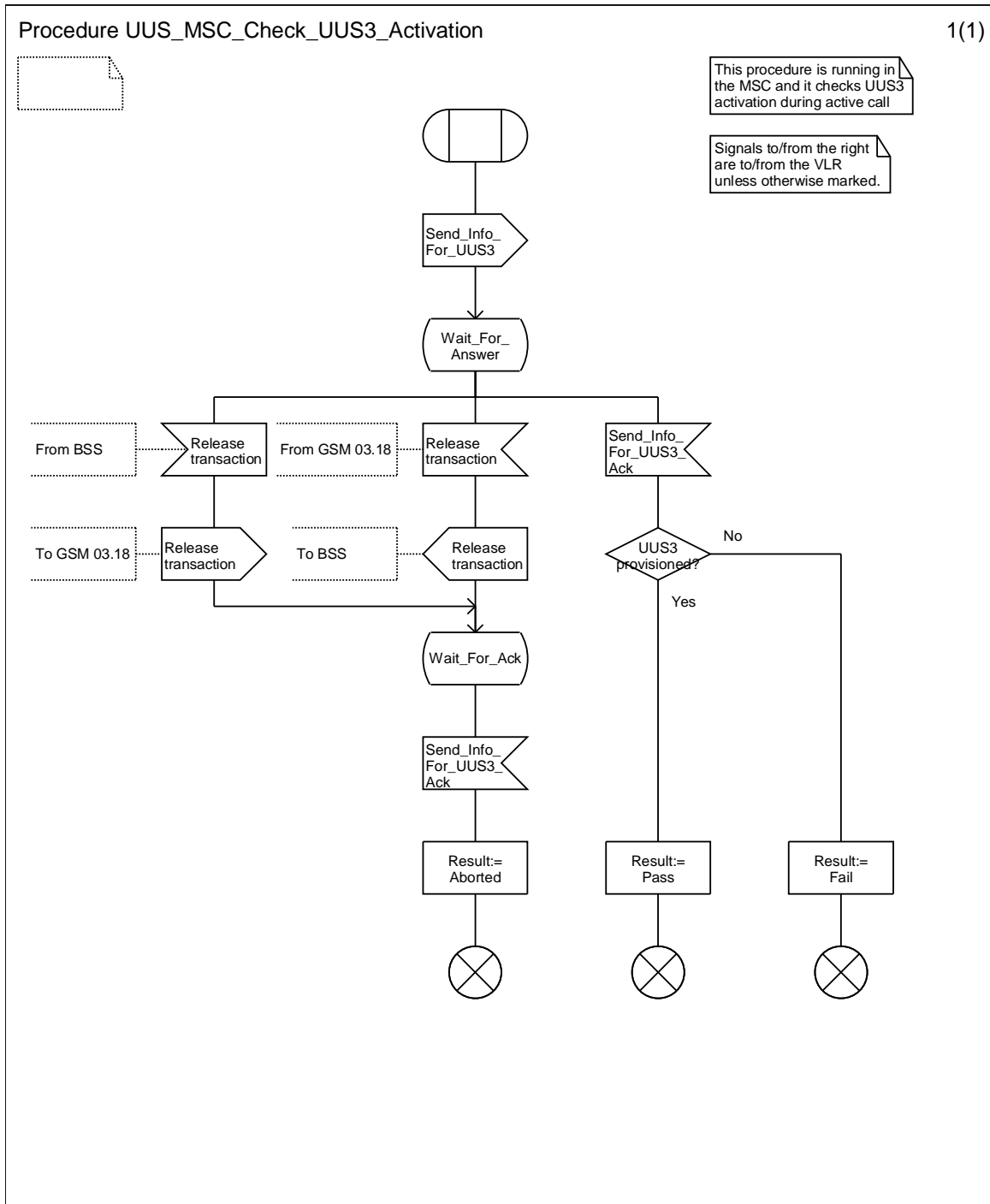


Figure 9.4.1.2: Procedure UUS\_MSC\_Check\_UUS3\_Activation

### 9.4.2 Process and procedures in serving VLR

Figure 9.4.2.1 Process Serving\_VLR\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call

This process is running in the serving VLR. If the UUS3 activation request comes during the active call, this process is used to check whether the service is provisioned to the subscriber.

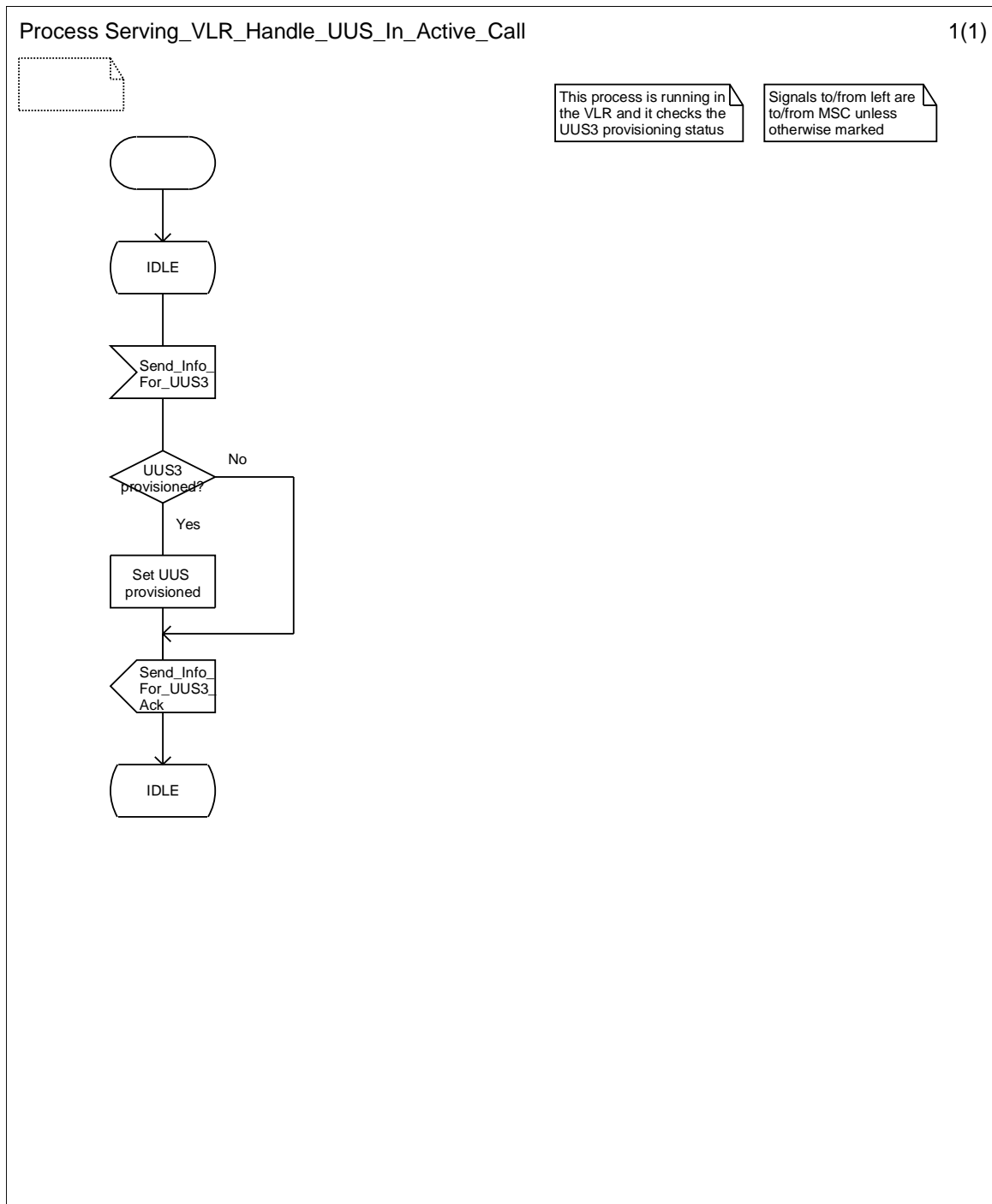


Figure 9.4.2.1: Process Serving\_VLR\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call

### 9.4.3 Process and procedures in remote MSC

Figure 9.4.3.1 Process Remote\_MSC\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call

This process is running in the remote MSC. It is used for checking whether UUS3 UUI"s can be passed on and control the flow control for UUS3. The process starts during the call setup and checks the content of the Connect message in order to start the UUS3 flow control correctly. If the UUS3 is not activated the process stays in the Idle state and waits UUS3 activation request from the NW.

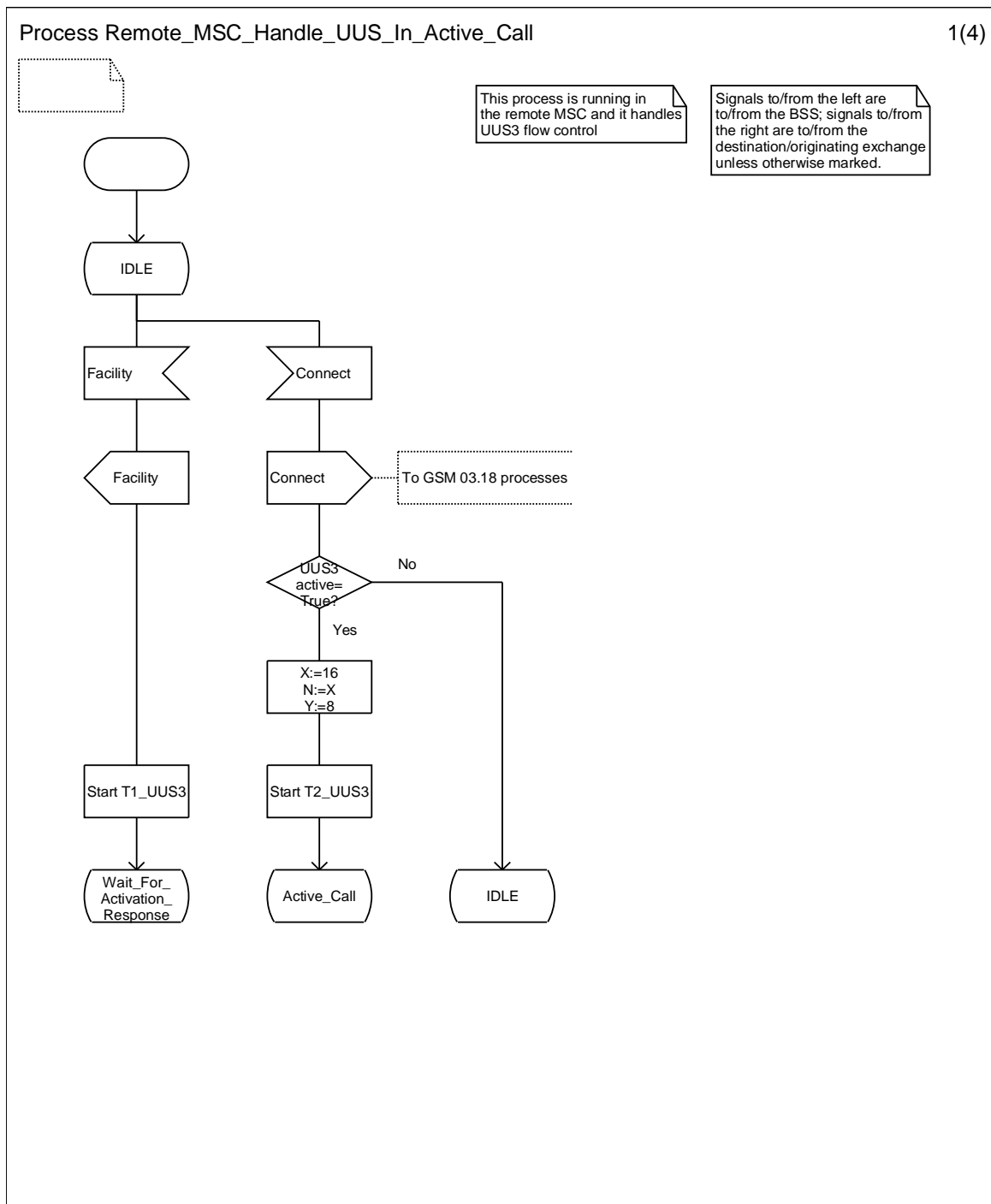


Figure 9.4.3.1: Process Remote\_MSC\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call (sheet 1)

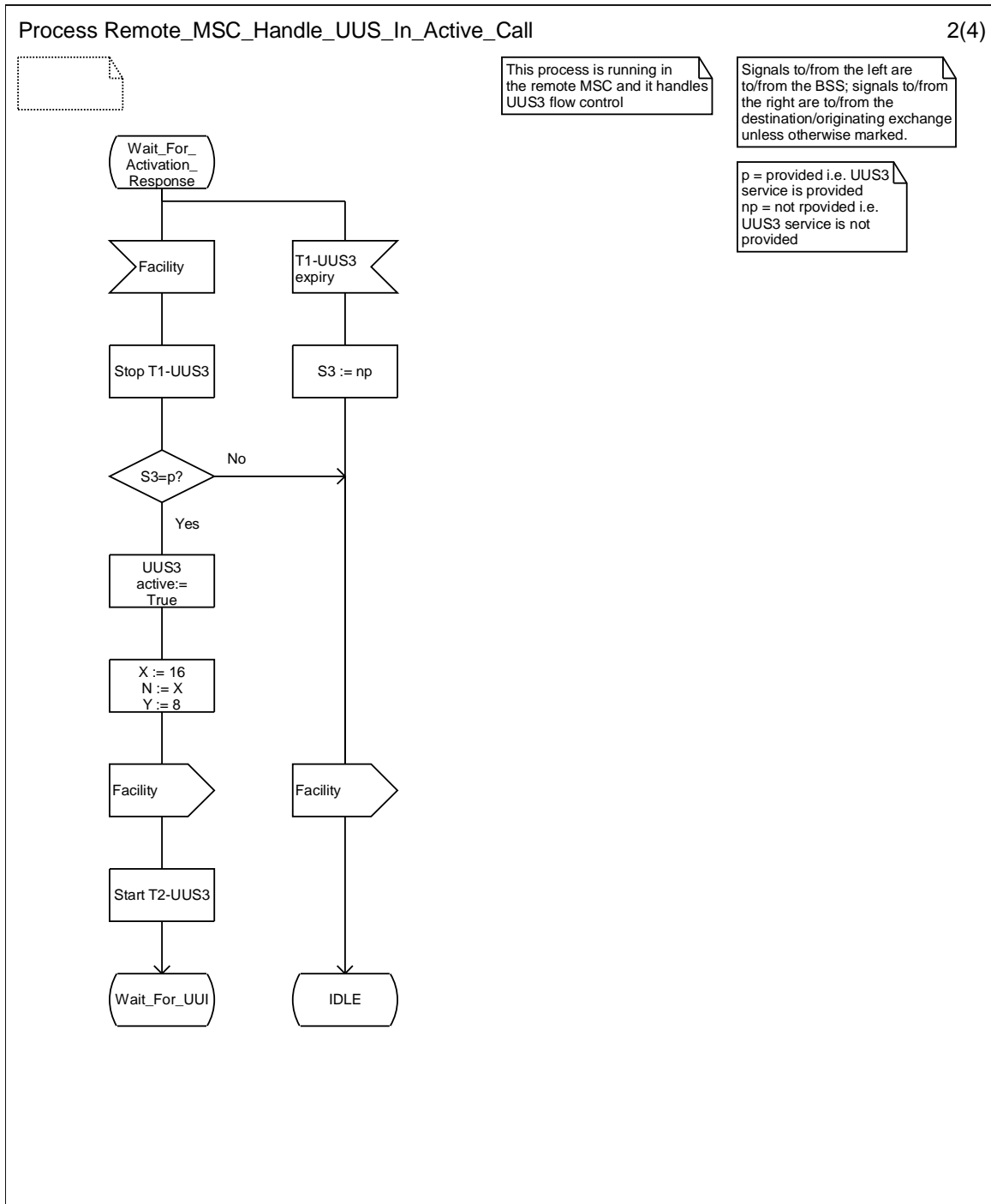


Figure 9.4.3.1: Process Remote\_MSC\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call (sheet 2)

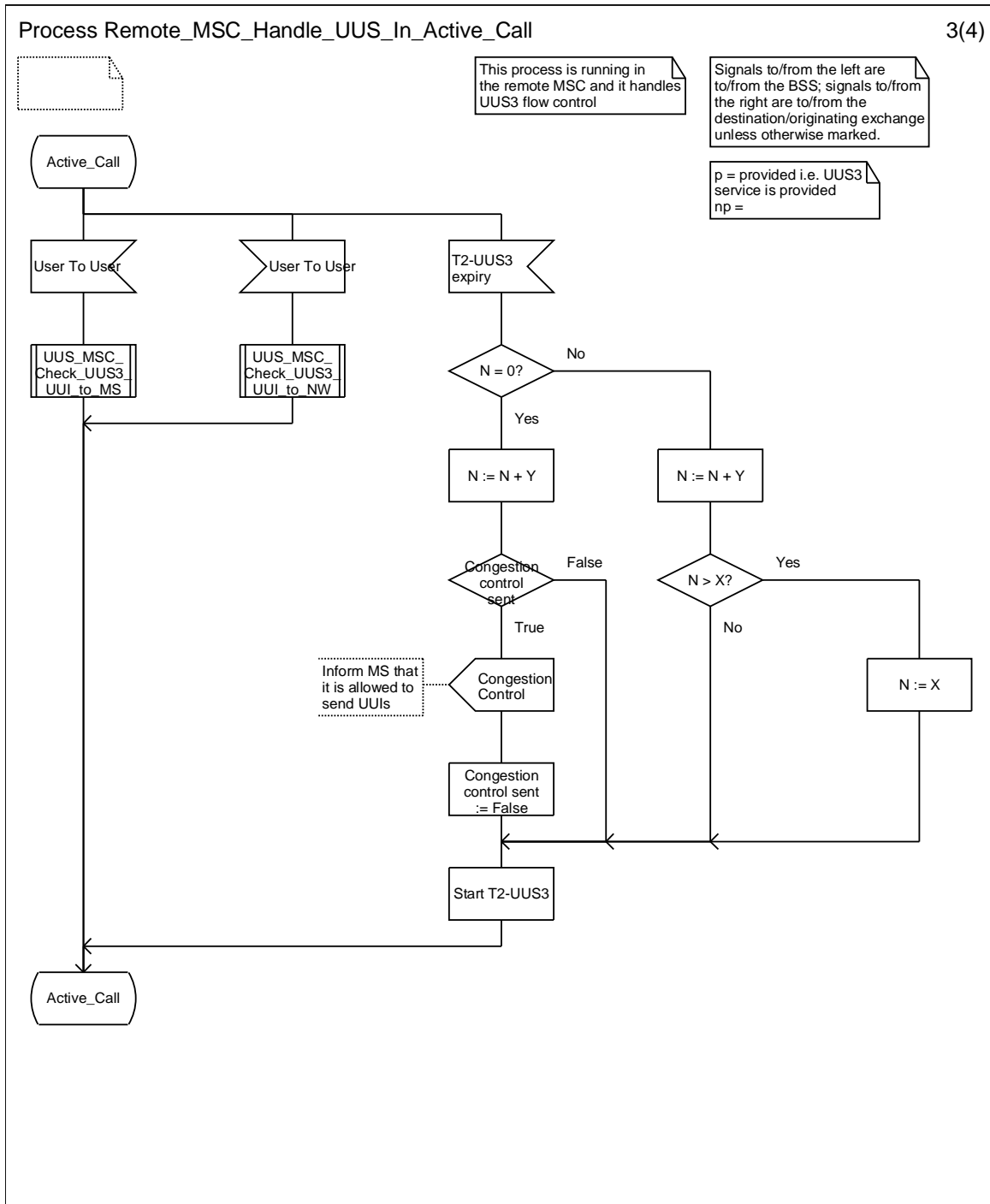


Figure 9.4.3.1: Process Remote\_MSC\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call (sheet 3)



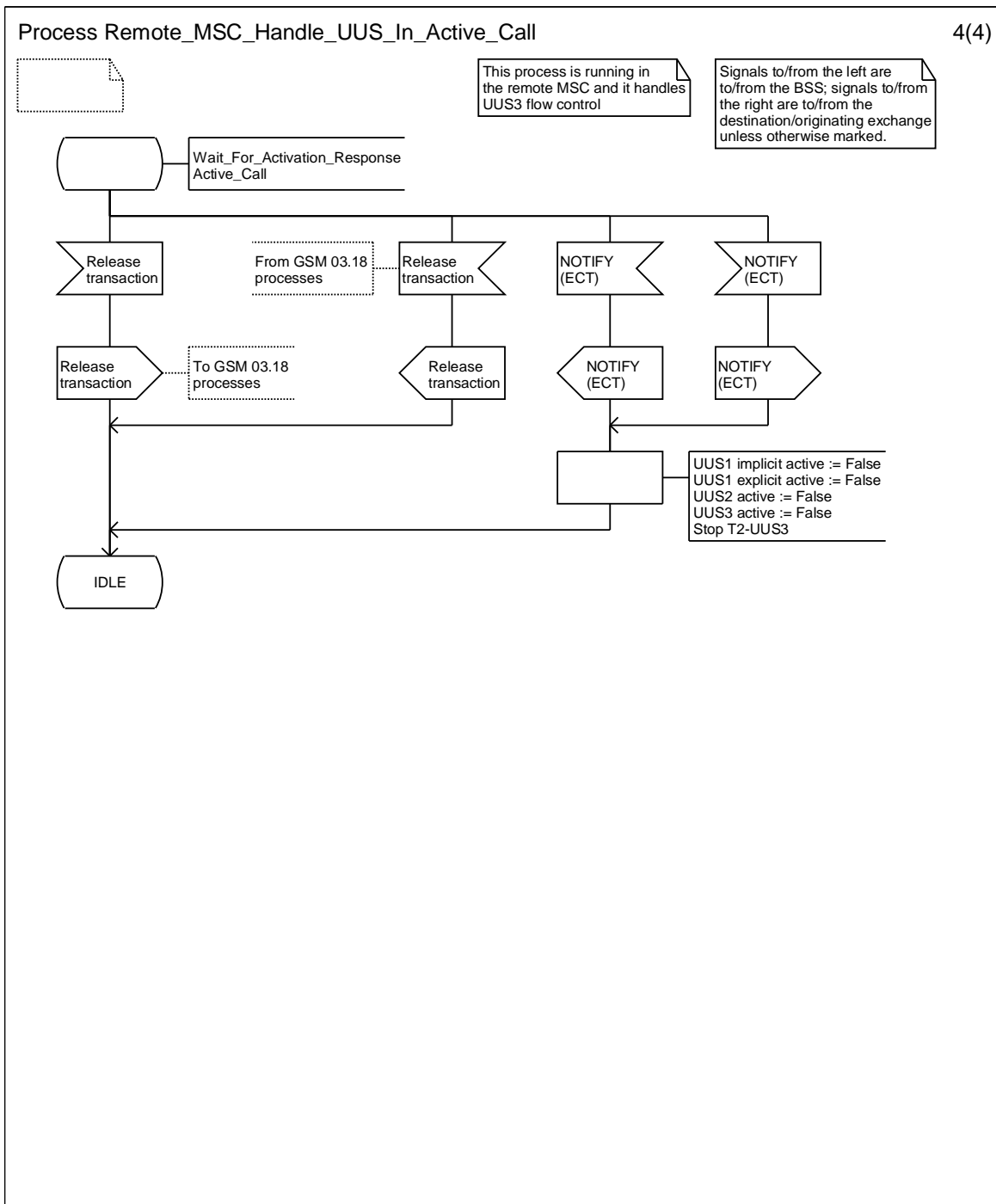


Figure 9.4.3.1: Process Remote\_MSC\_Handle\_UUS\_In\_Active\_Call (sheet 4)

## 10 Information stored in the HLR and in the VLR

### 10.1 Information stored in the HLR

The following logical states are applicable for each of the 3 Services of the User-to-user supplementary service (refer to GSM 03.11 for an explanation of the notation):

Provisioning State	Registration State	Activation State	HLR Induction State
(Not Provisioned, Provisioned,	Not Applicable, Not Applicable,	Not Active, Active and operative,	Not Induced) Not Induced)

The HLR shall store:

- the logical state of each of the 3 services of the UUS supplementary service (which shall be one of the valid states listed above) on a per subscriber basis.

### 10.2 Transfer of information from HLR to VLR

If the provisioning state for the UUS services is "Provisioned" then when the subscriber registers on a VLR the HLR shall send that VLR information about the logical state of these UUS services.

If the logical state of the UUS services is changed while a subscriber is registered on a VLR then the HLR shall inform the VLR of the new logical state of the UUS services.

### 10.3 Information stored in the VLR

For the supplementary service UUS the VLR shall store the service state information received from the HLR.

## 11 State transition model

Figure 11.1 shows the successful cases of transition between the applicable logical states of the service. The state changes are caused by actions of the service provider.

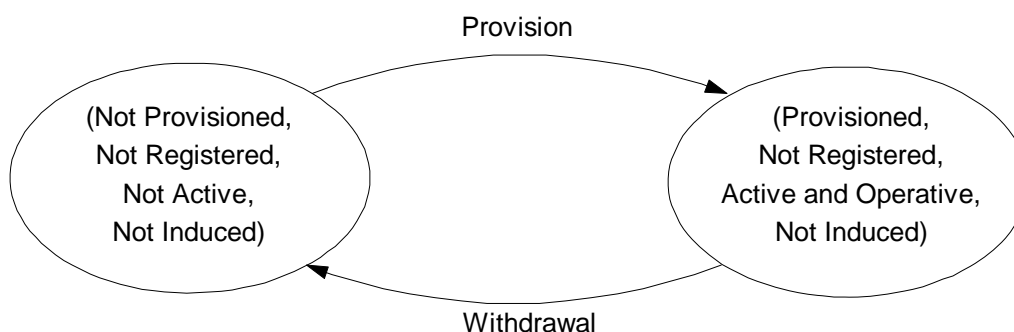


Figure 11.1: State transition model

## 12 Handover

Handover will have no impact on the control procedures and the operation of the service.

## Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history								
TSG CN#	Spec	Old Ver	CR	Rev	Phase	Cat	New Ver	Subject/Comment
Apr 1999	GSM 03.87	7.0.0			R98			Transferred to 3GPP CN1
CN#03	23.087				R99		3.0.0	Approved at CN#03
	23.087	3.0.0			R99		3.0.1	References updated from 2G to 3G
CN#09	23.087	3.0.1	001	1	R99	F	3.1.0	SDL refresh
CN#11	23.087	3.1.0			Rel-4		4.0.0	Release 4 after CN#11
CN#16	23.087	4.0.0			Rel-5		5.0.0	Release 5 after CN#16
CN#26	23.087	5.0.0			Rel-6		6.0.0	Release 6 after CN#26
CT#36	23.087	6.0.0			Rel-7		7.0.0	Upgraded unchanged from Rel-6
CT#42	23.087	7.0.0			Rel-8		8.0.0	Upgraded unchanged from Rel-7
CT#46	23.087	8.0.0	-	-	Rel-9		9.0.0	Update to Rel-9 version (MCC)
2011-03	23.087	9.0.0	-	-	Rel-10		10.0.0	Update to Rel-10 version (MCC)
2012-09	23.087	10.0.0	-	-	Rel-11		11.0.0	Update to Rel-11 version (MCC)
2014-09	23.087	11.0.0	-	-	Rel-12		12.0.0	Update to Rel-12 version (MCC)

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# History

<b>Document history</b>		
V12.0.0	October 2014	Publication