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Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; TISPAN; IP Multimedia Call Control Protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP) Stage 3 [3GPP TS 24.229 (Release 7), modified] (3GPP TS 24.503 version 8.19.0 Release 8)



Reference

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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) was been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN) and originally published as final draft ETSI ES 283 003 [4]. It was transferred to the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) in January 2008. The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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1 Scope

The present document provides the ETSI TISPAN endorsement of 3GPP TS 24.229 [1]: "3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; IP multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3 (Release 7)" in line with the requirements of TISPAN NGN.

The present document together with the endorsed document provides the necessary SIP/SDP specifications for supporting TISPAN Release 2 requirements.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
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2.1 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of the present document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For non-specific references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

[1]	3GPP TS 24.229 (V7.9.0): "3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; IP multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3".
[2]	ETSI TS 183 008: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); PSTN/ISDN simulation services; Terminating Identification Presentation (TIP) and Terminating Identification Restriction (TIR); Protocol specification".
[3]	ETSI TS 183 007: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); PSTN/ISDN simulation services; Originating Identification Presentation (OIP) and Originating Identification Restriction (OIR); Protocol specification".
[4]	final draft ETSI ES 283 003 V2.5.1 (final draft): "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); IP Multimedia Call Control Protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP) Stage 3 [3GPP TS 24.229 [Release 7], modified]".

Release 7

Note: The version of ETSI ES 283 003 on which the present document is based only available during the ETSI membershiip approval period. It is anticipated that it will be published without technical change.

Endorsement notice

The present document endorses 3GPP TS 24.229 (V7.9.0): "IP Multimedia Call Control Protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP) Stage 3 (Release 7)" [1].

The present document shows the modifications, additions and deletions through the use of underlined and strikethrough text.

For the purpose of the present document clause 1 of [1] applies.

For the purpose of the present document clause 3 of [1] applies except for subclauses 3.1, 3.2, which are replaced by the appropriate subclauses in clause 3 of the present document.

For the purpose of the present document clause 4 of [1] applies, except for clauses 4.1, 4.2 and 4.4.4, which are replaced by the appropriate clauses in clause 4 of the present document.

For the purpose of the present document clause 5 of [1] applies, except for clauses 5.1.1.1, 5.1.1.1A, 5.1.1.2, 5.1.1.3, 5.1.1.4, 5.1.1.5.1, 5.1.1.5.2, 5.1.1.5A, 5.1.1.6, 5.1.1.7, 5.1.2.1, 5.1.2A.1, 5.1.2.A2, 5.1.3.1, 5.1.6.1, 5.1.6.2, 5.1.6.8.1, 5.1.6.8.2, 5.1.6.8.3, 5.1.6.8.4, 5.2.1, 5.2.2, 5.2.4, 5.2.5.1, 5.2.5.2, 5.2.6.2, 5.2.6.3, 5.2.6.4, 5.2.7.2, 5.2.7.3, 5.2.8.1.1, 5.2.8.1.2, 5.2.8.1.4, 5.2.8.3, 5.2.10.1, 5.2.10.2, 5.2.10.3, 5.2.10.4, 5.3.2.1, 5.3.2.1A, 5.4.1.1, 5.4.1.2, 5.4.1.2.1, 5.4.1.2.2, 5.4.1.3, 5.4.1.4, 5.4.1.5, 5.4.1.6, 5.4.1.7, 5.4.2.1.2, 5.4.1.8, 5.4.3.2, 5.4.3.3, 5.4.4.2.1, 5.4.4.2.2, 5.4.6.1.2, 5.4.6.1.3, 5.4.7A.2, 5.4.8.2, 5.4.5.1.2A, 5.5.1, 5.7.1.9, 5.10.2.1, 5.10.2.2, 5.10.2.3, 5.10.3.1, 5.10.3.2, 5.10.3.3, 5.10.4.1, 5.10.4.2 and 5.10.6, which are replaced by the appropriate clauses in clause 5 of the present document. In addition clauses 5.1.1.1B, 5.1.1.2A, 5.1.1.2A, 5.1.1.5.1A, 5.1.1.5.1B, 5.1.1.6A, 5.2.2A 5.4.1.2A.1 and 5.10.5 are added.

For the purpose of the present document clause 6 of [1] applies, except for clauses 6.1.1, 6.1.2 and 6.2, which are replaced by the appropriate clauses in clause 6 of the present document.

For the purpose of the present document clause 7 of [1] applies, except for clauses 7.2A.4, 7.2A.5.2.2, 7.2A.9.2, 7.2A.10.3, 7.2A.5.2.1, 7.2A.12, 7.2A.13, 7.6.1, 7.6.2, 7.6.3, 7.9.2, and 7.9.3, which is replaced by the appropriate clause in clause 7 of the present document.

For the purpose of the present document clause 9 of [1] applies.

For the purpose of the present document annex A of [1] applies, except for clauses A.1.3, A.2.1.2, A.2.1.3, A.2.1.4.1, A.2.1.4.4, A.2.1.4.6, A.2.1.4.7, A.2.1.4.7A, A.2.1.4.8, A.2.1.4.9, A.2.1.4.10, A.2.1.4.10A, A.2.1.4.11, A2.1.4.12, <u>A.2.1.4.13, A.2.1.4.14, A.2.2.4.3, A.2.2.2, A.2.2.3, A.2.2.4.6, A.2.2.4.7A, A.2.2.4.8, A.2.2.4.9, A.2.2.4.9, A.2.2.4.11, A.2.2.4.12, A.2.2.4.13, A.2.2.14A.2.2.4.7 and A.3.2.1 and A.3.3.1 which are replaced by the appropriate clauses in annex A of the present document.</u>

For the purpose of the present document annex B of [1] applies, except for subclause B.2.2.1 which is replaced by the appropriate subclause in annex B. In addition subclause B.2A.2 and B.2.2.6 are is added.

For the purpose of the present document annex C of [1] applies, except for the addition of clause C.4.

For the purpose of the present document annex F of [1] is replaced with annex F of the present document.

For the purpose of the present document annex G of [1] is replaced with annex G of the present document.

For the purpose of the present document annex I of [1] applies.

For the purpose of the present document annex J of [1] applies, except for clauses J.1 and J.2 which are replaced by the appropriate clauses in annex J of the present document. In addition clause J.9A is added.

For the purpose of the present document annex F of [1] applies, except for clauses F.2.1.2.2, F.2.1.2.4, F.4.1 and F.4.2 which are replaced as indicated in the appropriate clauses in annex F of the present document.

For the purpose of the present document annex F of [1] applies with the addition of clause F.4A.

Global modifications to 3GPP TS 24.229

The references in clause 2 of [1] should be replaced as shown in table 1.

Table 1

References in 3GPP TS 24.229 [1]	Replaced references
[2] 3GPP TS 23.002: "Network architecture".	ETSI ES 282 007: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS); Functional architecture" (note 1) ETSI ES 282 001: "Telecommunications and Internet converged
	Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); NGN Functional Architecture Release 2" (note 1)
[4A] 3GPP TS 23.107: "Quality of Service (QoS) concept and architecture".	
[4B] 3GPP TS 23.167: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) emergency session; Stage 2".	ETSI TS 182 009: 'Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); NGN Architecture to support emergency communication from citizen to authority' (note 1)
[4C] 3GPP TS 23.122: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) functions related to Mobile Station (MS) in idle mode".	(note 2)
[5] 3GPP TS 23.218: "IP Multimedia (IM) Session Handling; IM call model".	(note 2)
[6] 3GPP TS 23.221: "Architectural requirements".	(note 2)
[7] 3GPP TS 23.228: "IP multimedia subsystem; Stage 2".	ETSI TS 182 006: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS); Stage 2 description"
[8] 3GPP TS 24.141: "Presence service using the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Stage 3".	ETSI ES 283 030: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); Presence Service Capability; Protocol Specification [3GPP TS 24.141 V7.0.0, modified and OMA-TS-Presence_SIMPLE-V1_0, modified]" (note 1)
[10] 3GPP TS 26.235: "Packet switched conversational multimedia applications; Default codecs".	ETSI TS 181 005: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); Services and Capabilities Requirements' (note 1)
[10A] 3GPP TS 27.060: "Mobile Station (MS) supporting Packet Switched Services".	(note 2)
[11A] 3GPP TS 29.162: "Interworking between the IM CN subsystem and IP networks".	ETSI TS 183 021: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); NGN Release 1; Endorsement of 3GPP TS 29.162 Interworking between IM CN Sub-system and IP networks" (note 1)
[11B] 3GPP TS 29.163: "Interworking between the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem and Circuit Switched (CS) networks".	ETSI ES 283 027: 'Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); Endorsement of the SIP-ISUP Interworking between the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem and Circuit Switched (CS) networks [3GPP TS 29.163 (Release 7), modified]' (note 1)
[14] 3GPP TS 29.228: "IP Multimedia (IM) Subsystem Cx and Dx Interfaces; Signalling flows and message contents".	ETSI TS 183 033: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); IP Multimedia; Diameter based protocol for the interfaces between the Call Session Control Function and the User Profile Server Function/Subscription Locator Function; Signalling flows and protocol details [3GPP TS 29.228 V6.8.0 and 3GPP TS 29.229 V6.6.0, modified]" (note 1)
[15] 3GPP TS 29.229: "Cx and Dx Interfaces based on the Diameter protocol, Protocol details".	ETSI TS 183 033: "Telecommunications and Internet converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); IP Multimedia; Diameter based protocol for the interfaces between the Call Session Control Function and the User Profile Server Function/Subscription Locator Function; Signalling flows and protocol details [3GPP TS 29.228 V6.8.0 and 3GPP TS 29.229 V6.6.0, modified]" (note 1)

References in 3GPP TS 24.229 [1]	Replaced references
[16] 3GPP TS 32.240: "Telecommunication	ETSI ES 282 010: "Telecommunications and Internet Converged
management; Charging management; Charging architecture and principles".	Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); Charging (Endorsement of 3GPP TS 32.240 Release 7, 3GPP TS 32.260 Release 7, 3GPP TS 32.298 Release 7 and 2000 Release 7, 3GPP TS 32.298 Release 7
[47] 2000 TS 22 260, "Telecommunication	and 3GPP TS 32.299 Release 7 modified)" (note 1)
[17] 3GPP TS 32.260: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) charging".	ETSI ES 282 010: "Telecommunications and Internet Converged Services and Protocols for Advanced Networking (TISPAN); Charging [Endorsement of 3GPP TS 32.240 Release 7, 3GPP TS 32.260 Release 7, 3GPP TS 32.297 Release 7, 3GPP TS 32.298 Release 7 and 3GPP TS 32.299 Release 7modified]" (note 1)
[19] 3GPP TS 33.203: "Access security for IP based services".	(note 2)
[25] RFC 2976 (October 2000): "The SIP INFO method".	draft-ietf-sipcore-info-events-01 (September 2009): "Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) INFO Method and Package Framework".
[67] draft-rosenberg-sipping-acr-code-00 (November 2005): "Rejecting Anonymous Requests in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".	IETF RFC 5079 (December 2007): "Rejecting Anonymous Requests in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[68] draft-jennings-sip-voicemail-uri-05 (November 2005): "Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) URIs for Applications such as Voicemail and Interactive Voice Response (IVR)".	IETF RFC 4458: "Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) URIs for Applications such as Voicemail and Interactive Voice Response (IVR)" (note 1)
[69] draft-ietf-ecrit-service-urn-06 (March 2007): "A Uniform Resource Name (URN) for Services".	[69] RFC 5031 (January 2008): "A Uniform Resource Name (URN) for Services".
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[79] draft-ietf-rohc-sigcomp-sip-07 (July 2007): "Applying Signaling Compression (SigComp) to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".	RFC 5049 (December 2007): "Applying Signaling Compression (SigComp) to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[85] 3GPP2 C.S0005-D (March 2004): "Upper Layer (Layer 3) Signalling Standard for cdma2000 Standards for Spread Spectrum Systems".	(note 2)
[86] 3GPP2 C.S0024-A v1.0 (April 2004): "cdma2000 High Rate Packet Data Air Interface Standard".	(note 2)
[87] ITU-T Recommendation J.112, "Transmission Systems for Interactive Cable Television Services"	(note 2)
[88] PacketCable Release 2 Technical Report, PacketCable™ Architecture Framework Technical Report, PKT-TR-ARCH-FRM.	(note 2)
[89] draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance-08 (July 2007): "Session Initiation Protocol Location Conveyance".	[89] draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance-10 (February 2008): "Location Conveyance for the Session Initiation Protocol".
[91] draft-ietf-ecrit-requirements-13 (March 2007): "Requirements for Emergency Context Resolution with Internet Technologies".	[91] RFC 5012 (January 2008): "Requirements for Emergency Context Resolution with Internet Technologies".
[92] draft-ietf-sip-outbound-10 (July 2007): "Managing Client Initiated Connections in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".	[92] RFC 5626 (October 2009): "Managing Client Initiated Connections in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[93] draft-ietf-sip-gruu-14 (June 2007): "Obtaining and Using Globally Routable User Agent (UA) URIs (GRUU) in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".	[93] RFC 5627 (October 2009): "Obtaining and Using Globally Routable User Agent URIs (GRUUs) in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
for GRUUs".	[94] RFC 5628 (July 2007): "Registration Event Package Extension for Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Globally Routable User Agent URIs (GRUUs)".
[97] draft-camarillo-sipping-profile-key-02 (June 2007): "The Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) P-Profile-Key Private Header (P-Header)".	RFC 5002 (August 2007): "The Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) P- Profile-Key Private Header (P-Header)".

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[109] draft-ejzak-sipping-p-em-auth-04.txt	[109] RFC 5009 (September 2007): "Private Header (P-Header)
(June 2007): "Private Header (P-Header)	Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Authorization of
Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol	Early Media".
(SIP) for Authorization of Early Media".	
[111] draft-allen-sipping-poc-p-answer-state-	RFC 4964 (September 2007): "The P-Answer-State Header
header-05 (March 2007): "The P-Answer-State	Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol for the Open Mobile
Header Extension to the Session Initiation	Alliance Push to Talk over Cellular".
Protocol for the Open Mobile Alliance Push to	
talk over Cellular".	
	RFC 5112 (January 2008): "The Presence-Specific Static Dictionary
	for Signaling Compression (Sigcomp)".
Dictionary for Signaling Compression	
(Sigcomp)".	
	document listed on the right column. This replacement is applicable
to all occurrences of the reference three	
NOTE 2: The reference in [1] contains 3GPP or	³ GPP2 or cable specific requirements and is not generally applicable
to the present endorsement.	

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

- **Entry point**: In the case that "border control concepts", as specified in 3GPP TS 23.228 [7], are to be applied in an IM CN subsystem, then these are to be provided by capabilities within the IBCF, and the IBCF acts as an entry point for this network (instead of the I-CSCF). In this case the IBCF and the I-CSCF can be co-located as a single physical node. If "border control concepts" are not applied, then the I-CSCF is considered as an entry point of a network. If the P-CSCF is in the home network, then the I-CSCF is considered as an entry point for this document.
- **Exit point**: If operator preference requires the application of "border control concepts" as specified in 3GPP TS 23.228 [7], then these are to be provided by capabilities within the IBCF, and requests sent towards another network are routed via a local network exit point (IBCF), which will then forward the request to the other network (discovering the entry point if necessary).
- **Geo-local number**: Either a geo-local service number as specified in 3GPP TS 23.228 [7] or a number in noninternational format according to an addressing plan used at the current physical location of the user.
- **Home-local number**: Either a home local service number as specified in 3GPP TS 23.228 [7] or a number in noninternational format according to an addressing plan used in the home network of the user.
- **Newly established set of security associations**: Two pairs of IPsec security associations that have been created at the UE and/or the P-CSCF after the 200 (OK) response to a REGISTER request was received.
- **Old set of security associations:** Two pairs of IPsec security associations still in existence after another set of security associations has been established due to a successful authentication procedure.
- **Temporary set of security associations:** Two pairs of IPsec security associations that have been created at the UE and/or the P-CSCF, after an authentication challenge within a 401 (Unauthorized) response to a REGISTER request was received. The SIP level lifetime of such created security associations will be equal to the value of reg-await-auth timer.
- **Integrity protected:** See 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. Where a requirement exists to send information "integrity protected" the mechanisms specified in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] are used for sending the information. Where a requirement exists to check that information was received "integrity protected", then the information received is checked for compliance with the procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Instance ID: An URN generated by the device that uniquely identifies a specific device amongst all other devices, and does not contain any information pertaining to the user (e.g., in GPRS instance ID applies to the Mobile Equipment rather than the UICC). The public user identity together with the instance ID uniquely identifies a specific UA instance.

Resource reservation: Mechanism for reserving bearer resources that is required for certain access technologies.

- **Local preconditions:** The indication of segmented status preconditions for the local reservation of resources as specified in RFC 3312 [30].
- Alias SIP URI: A URI is an alias of another URI if the treatment of both URIs is identical, i.e. both URIs belong to the same set of implicitly registered public user identities, and are linked to the same service profile, and are considered to have the exact same service configuration for each and every service.
- **Initial registration:** The registration procedure for a public user identity initiated by the UE in the absence of any valid registration.
- **Re-registration:** The registration procedure initiated by the UE to refresh or update an already existing registration for a public user identity.
- **Registration of an additional public user identity:** The registration procedure initiated by the UE to explicitly register an additional public user identity during the life time of the registration of another registered public user identity, where both public user identities have the same contact address and P-CSCF.
- **Emergency registration:** A special registration that relates to <u>binding of an emergency</u> public user identity to a <u>contact address used for emergency service</u>.

Initial emergency registration: An emergency registration that is also an initial registration.

Emergency reregistration: An emergency registration that is also a reregistration.

- **Back-to-Back User Agent (B2BUA)**: As given in RFC 3261 [26]. In addition, for the usage in the IM CN subsystem, a SIP element being able to handle a collection of "n" User Agents (behaving each one as UAC and UAS, according to SIP rules), which are linked by some application logic that is fully independent of the SIP rules.
- **UE private IP address**: It is assumed that the NAT device performs network address translation between a private and a public network with the UE located in the private network and the IM CN subsystem in the public network. The UE is assumed to be configured with a private IP address. This address will be denoted as UE private IP address.
- **UE public IP address:** The NAT device is assumed to be configured with one (or perhaps more) public address(es). When the UE sends a request towards the public network, the NAT replaces the source address in the IP header of the packet, which contains the UE private IP address, with a public IP addressed assigned to the NAT. This address will be denoted as UE public IP address.
- **Encapsulating UDP header**: For the purpose of performing UDP encapsulation according to RFC 3948 [63A] each IPsec ESP packet is wrapped into an additional UDP header. This header is denoted as Encapsulating UDP header.
- **Port_Uenc:** In most residential scenarios, when the NAT device performs address translation, it also performs translation of the source port found in the transport layer (TCP/UDP) headers. Following RFC 3948 [63A], the UE will use port 4500 as source port in the encapsulating UDP header when sending a packet. This port is translated by the NAT into an arbitrarily chosen port number which is denoted as port_Uenc.
- **IMS flow set:** An IMS flow set is a set of four flows as defined in draft-ietf-outbound [92]. The flows in an IMS flow set are determined by a combination of transport protocol, IP addresses, protected client ports and protected server ports as defined in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. An IMS flow set is established by a successful IMS registration procedure.
- NOTE 1: . The four flows in an IMS flow set are set up as follows:
 - Flow 1: (IP address UE, port_uc) <--> (IP address P-CSCF, port_ps) over TCP;

- Flow 2: (IP address UE, port_uc) <--> (IP address P-CSCF, port_ps) over UDP;
- Flow 3: (IP address UE, port_us) <--> (IP address P-CSCF, port_pc) over TCP; and
- Flow 4: (IP address UE, port_us) <--> (IP address P-CSCF, port_pc) over UDP.
- NOTE 2: According to 3GPP TS 33.203 [19], the P-CSCF can only select among flows 1, 3, or 4 when forwarding requests towards the UE, where flow 1 is only possible in case of TCP connection re-use. According to 3GPP TS 33.203 [19], flow 2 is only used for UE originated requests and corresponding responses. The P-CSCF uses flow 2 to identify the correct IMS flow set.
- NOTE 3: An IMS flow set can be considered as a realisation of a logical flow as used in draft-ietf-sipoutbound [92]. But this definition does not depend on any particular definition of a logical flow.
- **IMS flow token:** A IMS flow token is uniquely associated with a IMS flow set. When forwarding a request destined towards the UE, the P-CSCF selects the flow from the IMS flow set denoted by the IMS flow token as appropriate according to 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] and RFC 3261 [26].

<u>Canonical form of a SIP URI</u>: Canoncial form of a SIP URI takes the form "sip:username@domain" as specified in RFC 3261 [26] section 10.3. SIP URI comparisons are performed as defined in RFC 3261 [26], section 19.1.4.</u>

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in RFC 1594 [20B] apply.

Fully-Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in RFC 3261 [26] apply (unless otherwise specified see clause 6).

Client Dialog **Final response** Header Header field Loose routeing Method Option-tag (see RFC 3261 [26] subclause 19.2) **Provisional response** Proxy, proxy server Recursion **Redirect server** Registrar Request Response Server Session (SIP) transaction Stateful proxy Stateless proxy Status-code (see RFC 3261 [26] subclause 7.2) **Tag** (see RFC 3261 [26] subclause 19.3) **Target Refresh Request** User agent client (UAC) User agent server (UAS) User agent (UA)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.002 [2] subclause 4.1.1.1 and subclause 4a.7 apply:

Breakout Gateway Control Function (BGCF) Call Session Control Function (CSCF)

Network-initiated resource reservation: A mechanism of resource reservation where the IP-CAN on the behalf of network initiates the resources to the UE

Home Subscriber Server (HSS) Media Gateway Control Function (MGCF) Multimedia Resource Function Controller (MRFC) Multimedia Resource Function Processor (MRFP) Subscription Locator Function (SLF)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.122 [4C] apply:

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Home PLMN (HPLMN) Visited PLMN (VPLMN)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 3.1 apply:

Filter criteria Initial filter criteria Initial request Standalone transaction Subsequent request

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.228 [7] subclauses 3.1, 4.3.3.1, 4.3.6, 4.6, 4.13, 5.2, 5.4.12.1 and 5.10 apply:

Border control concepts Geo-local service number Home local service number **Implicit registration set Interconnection Border Control Function (IBCF)** Interrogating-CSCF (I-CSCF) IMS Application Level Gateway (IMS-ALG) **IMS** application reference **IMS application reference identifier (IARI) IMS communication service** IMS Communication Sservice Identifier (ICSI) **IMS communication service identifier** Local service number **IP-Connectivity Access Network (IP-CAN)** Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF) Private user identity **Proxy-CSCF (P-CSCF) Public Service Identity (PSI)** Public user identity Serving-CSCF (S-CSCF) Statically pre-configured PSI

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.167 [4B]apply:

Emergency-CSCF (E-CSCF) Geographical location information Location identifier Location information

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 33.203 [19] apply:

IM Subscriber Identity Module (ISIM) Port_pc Port_ps Port_uc Port_us Protected server port Protected client port

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] apply:

Universal Integrated Circuit Card (UICC) Universal Subscriber Identity Module (USIM) User Equipment (UE)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in RFC 2401 [20A] Appendix A apply:

Security association

A number of different security associations exist within the IM CN subsystem and within the underlying access transport. Within this document this term specifically applies to either:

- i) the security association that exists between the UE and the P-CSCF. This is the only security association that has direct impact on SIP; or
- ii) the security association that exists between the WLAN UE and the PDG. This is the security association that is relevant to the discussion of Interworking WLAN as the underlying IP-CAN.

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.002 [1B] apply:

WLAN UE 3GPP AAA proxy 3GPP AAA server Packet Data Gateway (PDG)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.234 [7A] apply.

Interworking WLAN

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in ITU-T E.164 [57] apply:

International public telecommunication number

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in draft-ietf-ecrit-requirements [91] apply:

Emergency service identifier Emergency service URN Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) PSAP URI

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93] apply:

Globally Routable User Agent URI (GRUU)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in draft-ietf-sip-outbound [92] apply:

Flow

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

A status-code in the range 101 through 199, and excluding 100
A status-code in the range 200 through 299
Authentication, Authorization and Accounting
Application Server
Access Point Name
Authentication TokeN
Back-to-Back User Agent
Breakout Gateway Control Function
conditional
Broadband Remote Access Server
Charging Collection Function

ODE	
CDF	Charging Data Function
CDR	Charging Data Record
СК	Ciphering Key
CN	Core Network
CPC	Calling Party Category
CSCF	Call Session Control Function
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DNS	Domain Name System
DOCSIS	Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification
DTD	Document Type Definition
EC	Emergency Centre
ECF	Event Charging Function
E-CSCF	
	Emergency CSCF
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name
GCID	GPRS Charging Identifier
GGSN	Gateway GPRS Support Node
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GRUU	Globally Routable User agent URI
HPLMN	Home PLMN
HSS	Home Subscriber Server
i	irrelevant
IARI	IMS Application Reference Identifier
IBCF	Interconnection Border Control Function
I-CSCF	Interrogating CSCF
ICID	IM CN subsystem Charging Identifier
ICSI	IMS Communication Service Identifier
IK	
	Integrity Key
IM	IP Multimedia
IMS	IP Multimedia core network Subsystem
IMS-ALG	IMS Application Level Gateway
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IOI	Inter Operator Identifier
IP	Internet Protocol
IP-CAN	IP-Connectivity Access Network
IPsec	IP security
IPv4	Internet Protocol version 4
IPv6	Internet Protocol version 6
ISC	IP Multimedia Subsystem Service Control
ISIM	IM Subscriber Identity Module
IWF	Interworking Function
I-WLAN	
	Interworking – WLAN
LRF	Location Retrieval Function
m	mandatory
MAC	Message Authentication Code
MCC	Mobile Country Code
MGCF	Media Gateway Control Function
MGW	Media Gateway
MNC	Mobile Network Code
MRFC	Multimedia Resource Function Controller
MRFP	Multimedia Resource Function Processor
n/a	not applicable
NAI	Network Access Identifier
NA(P)T	Network Address (and Port) Translation
NASS	Network Attachement Subsystem
NAT	Network Address Translation
0	optional
OCF	Online Charging Function
PCRF	Policy and Charging Rules Function
P-CSCF	Proxy CSCF

P-CSCFProxy CSCFPDGPacket Data GatewayPDPPacket Data ProtocolPDUProtocol Data Unit

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PIDF-LO	Presence Information Data Format Location Object
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
PSAP	Public Safety Answering Point
PSI	Public Service Identity
PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network
QoS	Quality of Service
RAND	RANDom challenge
RES	RESponse
RTCP	Real-time Transport Control Protocol
RTP	Real-time Transport Protocol
S-CCF	Serving CSCF
SCTP	Stream Control Transmission Protocol
SDP	Session Description Protocol
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
SLF	Subscription Locator Function
SQN	SeQuence Number
UA	User Agent
UAC	User Agent Client
UAS	User Agent Server
UE	User Equipment
UICC	Universal Integrated Circuit Card
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
URN	Uniform Resource Name
UDVM	Universal Decompressor Virtual Machine
UPSF	User Profile Server Function
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module
VPLMN	Visited PLMN
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
Х	prohibited
xDSL	Digital Subscriber Line (all types)
XMAC	expected MAC
XML	eXtensible Markup Language

4 General

4.1 Conformance of IM CN subsystem entities to SIP, SDP and other protocols

SIP defines a number of roles which entities can implement in order to support capabilities. These roles are defined in annex A.

Each IM CN subsystem functional entity using an interface at the Gm reference point, the Ma reference point, the Mg reference point, the Mj reference point, the Mj reference point, the Mk reference point, the Mm reference point, the Mr reference point and the Mw reference point, and also using the IP multimedia Subsystem Service Control (ISC) Interface, shall implement SIP, as defined by the referenced specifications in annex A, and in accordance with the constraints and provisions specified in annex A, according to the following roles.

The Gm reference point, the Ma reference point, the Mg reference point, the Mi reference point, the Mj reference point, the Mk reference point, the Mk reference point, the Mk reference point and the ISC reference point are defined in 3GPP TS 23.002 [2].

- The User Equipment (UE) shall provide the User Agent (UA) role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SIP as described in subclause 5.1, with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.1, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SigComp as described in subclause 8.1. The UE shall also provide the access dependent technology specific procedures described in the appropriate access technology specific annex (see subclause 3A and subclause 9.2.2) subclause B.2.2. The UE may include one or several interconnected SIP elements registered as a single logical entity when the UE performs the functions of an external attached network (e.g. an enterprise network). This specification does not place any constraint on the SIP role played by each of the elements as long as the compound entity appears to the IM CM subsystem as a SIP UA with the aforementioned exceptions and additional capabilities except for the modifications defined by the UE performing the functions of an external attached network modifying role in annex A.

- <u>NOTE 1:</u> When the UE performs the functions of an external attached network (e.g. an enterprise network), the internal structure of this UE is outside the scope of this specification. It is expected that in the most common case, several SIP elements will be connected to an additional element directly attached to the IM CN subsystem.
- The P-CSCF shall provide the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SIP as described in subclause 5.2, with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.2, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SigComp as described in subclause 8.2. Under certain circumstances as described in subclause 5.2, the P-CSCF shall provide the UA role with the additional capabilities, as follows:
 - a) when acting as a subscriber to or the recipient of event information; and
 - b) when performing P-CSCF initiated dialog-release, even when acting as a proxy for the remainder of the dialog.
 - The P-CSCF shall also provide the access technology specific procedures described in the appropriate access technology specific annex (see subclause 3A and subclause 9.2.2).
- The I-CSCF shall provide the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.3.
- The S-CCF shall provide the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.4, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.3. Under certain circumstances as described in subclause 5.4, the S-CCF shall provide the UA role with the additional capabilities, as follows:
 - a) the S-CCF shall also act as a registrar. When acting as a registrar, or for the purposes of executing a thirdparty registration, the S-CCF shall provide the UA role;
 - b) as the notifier of event information the S-CCF shall provide the UA role;
 - c) when providing a messaging mechanism by sending the MESSAGE method, the S-CCF shall provide the UA role; and
 - d) when performing S-CCF initiated dialog release the S-CCF shall provide the UA role, even when acting as a proxy for the remainder of the dialog.
- The MGCF shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.5, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.4.
- The BGCF shall provide the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.6.
- The AS, acting as terminating UA, or redirect server (as defined in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 9.1.1.1), shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.7.2, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.6.
- The AS, acting as originating UA (as defined in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 9.1.1.2), shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.7.3, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.6.
- The AS, acting as a SIP proxy (as defined in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 9.1.1.3), shall provided the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.7.4.
- The AS, performing 3rd party call control (as defined in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 9.1.1.4), shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.7.5, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.6.
- NOTE <u>2</u>4: Subclause 5.7 and its subclauses define only the requirements on the AS that relate to SIP. Other requirements are defined in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5].
- The AS, receiving third-party registration requests, shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.7.
- The MRFC shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.8, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.5.

- The IBCF shall provide the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SIP as described in subclause 5.10, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.6. If the IBCF provides an application level gateway functionality (IMS-ALG), then the IBCF shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SIP as described in subclause 5.10, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SIP as described in subclause 5.10, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SIP as described in subclause 5.10, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SIP as described in subclause 5.10, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SIP as described in subclause 5.10.
- The E-CSCF shall provide the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.11.

In addition to the roles specified above, the P-CSCF, the I-CSCF, the S-CCF, the BGCF and the E-CSCF can act as a UA when providing server functionality to return a final response for any of the reasons specified in RFC 3261 [26].

- NOTE 23: Annex A can change the status of requirements in referenced specifications. Particular attention is drawn to table A.4 and table A.162 for capabilities within referenced SIP specifications, and to table A.317 and table A.328 for capabilities within referenced SDP specifications. The remaining tables build on these initial tables.
- NOTE <u>43</u>: The allocated roles defined in this clause are the starting point of the requirements from the IETF SIP specifications, and are then the basis for the description of further requirements. Some of these extra requirements formally change the proxy role into a B2BUA. In all other respects other than those more completely described in subclause 5.2 the P-CSCF implements proxy requirements. Despite being a B2BUA a P-CSCF does not implement UA requirements from the IETF RFCs, except as indicated in this specification, e.g., relating to registration event subscription.
- NOTE <u>54</u>: Except as specified in clause 5 or otherwise permitted in RFC 3261, the functional entities providing the proxy role are intended to be transparent to data within received requests and responses. Therefore these entities do not modify message bodies. If local policy applies to restrict such data being passed on, the functional entity has to assume the UA role and reject a request, or if in a response and where such procedures apply, to pass the response on and then clear the session using the BYE method.

All the above entities are functional entities that could be implemented in a number of different physical platforms coexisting with a number of other functional entities. The implementation shall give priority to transactions at one functional entity, e.g. that of the E-CSCF, over non-emergency transactions at other entities on the same physical implementation. Such priority is similar to the priority within the functional entities themselves specified elsewhere in this document.

Additional routeing functionality can be provided to support the ability for the IM CN subsystem to provide transit functionality as specified in annex I. The additional routeing functionality shall assume the proxy role.

4.2 URI and address assignments

In order for SIP and SDP to operate, the following prerequisite conditions apply:

- 1) I-CSCFs used in registration are allocated SIP URIs. Other IM CN subsystem entities may be allocated SIP URIs. For example sip:pcscf.home1.net and sip:<impl-specific-info>@pcscf.home1.net are valid SIP URIs. If the user part exists, it is an essential part of the address and shall not be omitted when copying or moving the address. How these addresses are assigned to the logical entities is up to the network operator. For example, a single SIP URI may be assigned to all I-CSCFs, and the load shared between various physical boxes by underlying IP capabilities, or separate SIP URIs may be assigned to each I-CSCF, and the load shared between various physical boxes using DNS SRV capabilities.
- 2) All IM CN subsystem entities are allocated IP addresses. For systems providing access to IMS using a fixed broadband network, any IM CN Subsystem entities can be allocated IPv4 only, IPv6 only or both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses. Otherwise, systems shall support IP addresses as specified in 3GPP TS 23.221 [6] subclause 5.1.
- 3) The subscriber is allocated a private user identity by the home network operator, and this is contained within the ISIM application, if present. Where no ISIM application is present but USIM is present, the private user identity is derived (see subclause 5.1.1.1A). This private user identity is available to the SIP application within the UE. For UEs, where neither ISIM application nor USIM are present, the private user identity is available to the UE via other means (see subclause 5.1.1.1B).

NOTE 1: The SIP URIs can be resolved by using any of public DNSs, private DNSs, or peer-to-peer agreements.

- 4) The subscriber is allocated one or more public user identities by the home network operator. The public user identity shall take the form of SIP URI as specified in RFC 3261 [26] or tel URI as specified in RFC 3966 [22]. At least one of the public user identities is a SIP URI and it is stored within the ISIM application, if ISIM application is present. Where no ISIM application is present but USIM is present, the UE derives a temporary public user identity (see subclause 5.1.1.1A). All registered public user identities are available to the SIP application within the UE, after registration.
- 5) If the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53), then it shall have an Instance ID, in conformance with the mandatory requirements for Instance IDs specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93] and draft-ietf-sip-outbound [92].
- 6) For each tel URI, there is at least one alias SIP URI in the set of implicitly registered public user identities that is used to implicitly register the associated tel URI.
- 7) The public user identities may be shared across multiple UEs. A particular public user identity may be simultaneously registered from multiple UEs that use different private user identities and different contact addresses. When reregistering and deregistering a given public user identity and associated contact address, the UE will use the same private user identity that it had used during the initial registration of the respective public user identity and associated contact address. If the tel URI is a shared public user identity, then the associated alias SIP URI is also a shared public user identity. Likewise, if the alias SIP URI is a shared public user identity, then the associated tel URI is also a shared public user identity.
- 8) For the purpose of access to the IM CN subsystem, UEs are assigned IPv6 prefixes in accordance with the constraints specified in 3GPP TS 23.221 [6] subclause 5.1 (see subclause 9.2.1 for the assignment procedures). In the particular case of UEs accessing the IMS using a fixed broadband interconnection, UEs can be allocated IPv4 only, IPv6 only or both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.
- 9) For the purpose of emergency service, the UE shall use at least an emergency public user identity, which is a SIP URI derived as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [3] and an associated tel URI.
- 10) For the purpose of indicating an IMS communication service to the network, UEs are assigned IMScommunication service identifier (ICSI) values appropriate to the IMS communication services supported by the UE, coded as URN as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2. An ICSI identifies a service, e.g. media and servicecharacteristics, and is used by the S-CSCF and third party AS for the purposes of authorisation and providingservice procedures. The UE can send and receive ICSI values in SIP signalling to indicate the related IMScommunication service.

4.2A Transport mechanisms

This document makes no requirement on the transport protocol used to transfer signalling information over and above that specified in RFC 3261 [26] clause 18. However, the UE and IM CN subsystem entities shall transport SIP messages longer than 1300 bytes according to the procedures of RFC 3261 [26] subclause 18.1.1, even if a mechanism exists of discovering a maximum transmission unit size longer than 1500 bytes.

NOTE 1: Support of SCTP as specified in RFC 4168 [96] is optional for IM CN subsystem entities implementing the role of a UA or proxy. SCTP transport between the UE and P-CSCF is not supported in the present document. Support of the SCTP transport is currently not described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

For initial REGISTER requests, the UE and the P-CSCF shall apply port handling according to subclause 5.1.1.2 (or subclause 5.1.1.2A) and subclause 5.2.2 (or subclause 5.2.2A).

When a security association is used to access the IM CN subsystem, the UE and the P-CSCF shall send and receive request and responses other than initial REGISTER requests on the protected ports as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. For UEs loaded with a ISIM or USIM, the security association shall always be used to access the IM CN subsystem as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

<u>NOTE 2:</u> The usage of NASS-bundled authentication, which provides for the user authentication without creation of a security association, still requires convergence with equivalent 3GPP documents, along with ensuring interoperability and coexistence with other security mechanisms. This will be addressed in a future version of this document, and may introduce some revision of the procedures.

In case of an emergency session if the UE does not have sufficient credentials to authenticate with the IM CN subsystem and regulations allow, the UE and P-CSCF shall send request and responses other than initial REGISTER requests on non protected ports.

4.4.4 History-Info

A functional entity at the boundary of the trust domain will need to determine whether to remove the History-Info header according to RFC 4244 [<u>66</u>34] subclause 3.3 when SIP signalling crosses the boundary of the trust domain. Subclause 5.4 identifies additional cases for the removal of the History-Info header.

4.7 URI and address assignments

The need for support of emergency calls in the IM CN subsystem is determined by national regulatory requirements.

If the UE cannot detect the emergency call attempt, the UE initiates the request as per normal procedures as described in subclause 5.1.2A. Depending on network policies, for a non-roaming UE an emergency call attempt can succeed even if the UE did not detect that an emergency session is being requested, otherwise the network rejects the request indicating to the UE that the attempt was for an emergency service.

The UE procedures for UE detectable emergency calls are defined in subclause 5.1.6.

The P CSCF, S-CSCF, and E-CSCF procedures for emergency service are described in subclause 5.2.10, 5.4.8, and 5.11, respectively.

Access dependent aspects of emergency service (e.g. emergency registration support and location provision) are defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology.

5 Application usage of SIP

5.1.1.1 General

The UE shall register public user identities (see table A.4/1 and dependencies on that major capability).

The UE shall use one IP address for all SIP signalling, i.e. simultaneous registration using different IP addresses from the same UE is not supported in this release of this document. The only exception is a possible parallel emergency registration as described in subclause 5.1.6.

NOTE: The UE can use multiple Contact header parameter values simultanously, provided they all contain the same IP address and port number.

The UE shall register and deregister only its public user identities with the associated contact address that belong to the UE.

In case a UE registers several public user identities at different points in time, the procedures to re-register, deregister and subscribe to the registration-state event package for these public user identities can remain uncoordinated in time.

In case a device performing address and/or port number conversions is provided by a NA(P)T or NA(P)T-PT, the UE may need to modify the SIP contents according to the procedures described in either annex F or annex K.

5.1.1.1A Parameters contained in the ISIM

This subclause applies when a UE contains either an ISIM or a USIM.

The ISIM application shall always be used for IMS authentication, if it is present, as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

The ISIM is preconfigured with all the necessary parameters to initiate the registration to the IM CN subsystem. These parameters include:

- the private user identity;
- one or more public user identities; and
- the home network domain name used to address the SIP REGISTER request

In case the UE is loaded with a UICC that does not contain the ISIM application, the UE shall:

- generate a private user identity;
- generate a temporary public user identity; and

- generate a home network domain name to address the SIP REGISTER request to;

in accordance with the procedures in clause C.2.

The temporary public user identity is only used in REGISTER requests, i.e. initial registration, re-registration, UEinitiated deregistration. The UE shall not reveal to the user the temporary public user identity if the temporary public user identity is barred. The temporary public user identity is not barred if received by the UE in the P-Associated-URI header.

If the UE is unable to derive the parameters in this subclause for any reason, then the UE shall not proceed with the request associated with the use of these parameters and will not be able to register to the IM CN subsystem.

5.1.1.1B Parameters provisioned to a UE without ISIM or USIM

In case the UE contains neither a ISIM application nor a USIM, the parameters used by the UE to initiate the registration to the IM CN subsystem and for authentication shall be preconfigured in accordance with clause C.4.

5.1.1.2 Initial registration (with security association setup)

The initial registration procedure consists of the UE sending an unprotected initial REGISTER request and, upon being challenged, sending the integrity protected REGISTER request. The UE can register a public user identity with its contact address at any time after it has acquired an IP address, discovered a P-CSCF, and established an IP-CAN bearer that can be used for SIP signalling. However, the UE shall only initiate a new registration procedure when it has received a final response from the registrar for the ongoing registration, or the previous REGISTER request has timed out.

When registering any public user identity and the registration is not triggered by the re-authentication procedure as specified in subclause 5.1.1.5.1 and 5.4.1.6, if the UE has an already active pair of security associations, then it shall use them to protect the REGISTER requests.

If the UE detects that the existing security associations are no longer active (e.g., after receiving no response to several protected messages), the UE shall:

- consider all previously registered public user identities as deregistered; and
- stop processing all associated ongoing dialogs and transactions, if any (i.e. no further SIP signalling will be sent by the UE on behalf of these transactions or dialogs).

The UE shall send only the initial REGISTER requests to the port advertised to the UE during the P-CSCF discovery procedure. If the UE does not receive any specific port information during the P-CSCF discovery procedure, the UE shall send the initial REGISTER request to the SIP default port values as specified in RFC 3261 [26].

The UE shall extract or derive a public user identity, the private user identity, and the domain name to be used in the Request-URI in the registration, according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1A. A public user identity may be input by the end user.

On sending a REGISTER request, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) an Authorization header, with:
 - the username field, set to the value of the private user identity;
 - the realm directive, set to the domain name of the home network;
 - the uri directive, set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
 - the nonce directive, set to an empty value; and
 - the response directive, set to an empty value;
- b) a From header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- c) a To header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- d) a Contact header set to include SIP URI(s) containing the IP address of the UE in the hostport parameter or FQDN. If the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53), it shall include a +sip.instance parameter

containing the instance ID. The UE shall include all supported ICSI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2) in a g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2 and RFC 3840 [62] for the IMS communication services it intends to use, and IARI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2), for the IMS communication services and IMS applications it intends to use in a g.3gpp.iari-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.3 sip.app subtype feature tag according to draft rosenberg sip app media tag [120] and RFC 3840 [62]. If the REGISTER request is protected by a security association, the UE shall also include the protected server port value in the hostport parameter;

- e) a Via header set to include the IP address or FQDN of the UE in the sent-by field. For the UDP, if the REGISTER request is protected by a security association, the UE shall also include the protected server port value in the sent-by field, while for the TCP, the response is received on the TCP connection on which the request was sent;
- NOTE 1: If the UE specifies its FQDN in the host parameter in the Contact header and in the sent-by field in the Via header, then it has to ensure that the given FQDN will resolve (e.g., by reverse DNS lookup) to the IP address that is bound to the security association.
- NOTE 2: The UE associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security association. For details on the selection of the port values see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- f) an Expires header, or the expires parameter within the Contact header, set to the value of 600 000 seconds as the value desired for the duration of the registration;
- NOTE 3: The registrar (S-CCF) might decrease the duration of the registration in accordance with network policy. Registration attempts with a registration period of less than a predefined minimum value defined in the registrar will be rejected with a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.
- g) a Request-URI set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
- h) the Security-Client header field set to specify the security mechanism the UE supports, the IPsec layer algorithms the UE supports and the parameters needed for the security association setup. The UE shall support the setup of two pairs of security associations as defined in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. The syntax of the parameters needed for the security association setup is specified in annex H of 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. The UE shall support the "ipsec-3gpp" security mechanism, as specified in RFC 3329 [48]. The UE shall support the IPsec layer algorithms for integrity and confidentiality protection as defined in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] and shall announce support for them according to the procedures defined in RFC 3329 [48];
- i) the Supported header containing the option tag "path", and if GRUU is supported, the option tag "gruu"; and
- j) if a security association exists, and if available to the UE (as defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology), a P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4).

On receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- a) store the expiration time of the registration for the public user identities found in the To header value;
- b) store as the default public user identity the first URI on the list of URIs present in the P-Associated-URI header;
- NOTE 4: The UE can utilize additional URIs contained in the P-Associated-URI header, e.g. for application purposes.
- c) treat the identity under registration as a barred public user identity, if it is not included in the P-Associated-URI header;
- d) store the list of Service-Route headers contained in the Service-Route header, in order to build a proper preloaded Route header value for new dialogs and standalone transactions;
- e) set the security association lifetime to the longest of either the previously existing security association lifetime (if available), or the lifetime of the just completed registration plus 30 seconds; and

NOTE 5: If the UE receives Authentication-Info, it will proceed as described in RFC 3310 [49].

f) find the Contact header within the response that matches the one included in the REGISTER request. If this contains a "pub-gruu" parameter or a "temp-gruu" parameter or both, and the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4,

item A.4/53), then store the value of those parameters as the GRUUs for the UE in association with the public user identity that was registered.

When a 401 (Unauthorized) response to a REGISTER is received the UE shall behave as described in subclause 5.1.1.5.1.

On receiving a 305 (Use Proxy) response to the initial REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- a) release all IP-CAN bearers used for the transport of media according to the procedures in subclause 9.2.2;
- b) initiate a new P-CSCF discovery procedure as described in subclause 9.2.1;
- c) select a P-CSCF address, which is different from the previously used address, from the address list; and
- d) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.

On receiving the 420 (Bad Extension) response with the Unsupported header containing the option tag 'sec-agree' to the <u>REGISTER</u> request, the UE may send another <u>REGISTER</u> request without a security association based on the procedures described in 5.1.1.2A. The decision may depend on the UE's capability.

On receiving a 423 (Interval Too Brief) too brief response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- send another REGISTER request populating the Expires header or the expires parameter with an expiration timer of at least the value received in the Min-Expires header of the 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.

On receiving a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 500 (Server Internal Error) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) or 600 (Busy Everywhere) response for an initial registration, the UE may attempt to perform initial registration again.

When the timer F expires at the UE, the UE may:

- a) select a different P-CSCF address from the list of P-CSCF addresses discovered during the procedures described in subclause 9.2.1;
- b) if no response has been received when attempting to contact all P-CSCFs known by the UE, the UE may get a new set of P-CSCF-addresses as described in subclause 9.2.1; and
- c) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.
- NOTE 6: It is an implementation option whether these actions are also triggered by other means than expiration of timer F, e.g. based on ICMP messages.

After a maximum of 5 consecutive unsuccessful initial registration attempts, the UE shall not automatically attempt any further initial registration via the same network and the same P-CSCF, for an implementation dependant time of at least:

- a) the amount of time indicated in the Retry-After header of the 4xx, 5xx, or 6xx response received in response to the most recent registration request, if that header was present; or
- b) 30 minutes, if the header was not present and the initial registration was automatically performed as a consequence of a failed reregistration; or
- c) 5 minutes, if the header was not present and the initial registration was not performed as a consequence of a failed reregistration.

These limits do not apply if the UE is power cycled.

5.1.1.2A Initial registration without security association setup

The UE can register a public user identity with its contact address at any time after it has acquired an IP address, discovered a P-CSCF, and established an IP-CAN bearer that can be used for SIP signalling. However, the UE shall only initiate a new registration procedure when it has received a final response from the registrar for the ongoing registration, or the previous REGISTER request has timed out.

<u>The UE shall send the initial REGISTER requests to the port advertised to the UE during the P-CSCF discovery</u> procedure. If the UE does not receive any specific port information during the P-CSCF discovery procedure, the UE shall send the initial REGISTER request to the SIP default port values as specified in RFC 3261 [26].

The UE shall extract or derive a public user identity, and the domain name to be used in the Request-URI in the registration, according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1B. A public user identity may be input by the end user. The UE may also extract or derive the private user identity according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1B.

On sending a REGISTER request, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) optionally, an Authorization header, with the username field, set to the value of the private user identity;
- NOTE 1: In case the Authorization header is absent, the mechanism only supports that one public user identity is associated with only one private user identity.
- b) a From header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- c) a To header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- <u>d)</u> a Contact header set to include SIP URI(s) containing the IP address of the UE in the hostport parameter or FQDN. If the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53), it shall include a +sip.instance parameter containing the instance ID. The UE shall include all supported ICSI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2), and IARI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2), for the IMS communication services and IMS applications it intends to use in a sip.app-subtype feature tag according to draft-rosenberg-sipapp-media-tag [120] and RFC 3840 [62]; and
- e) a Via header set to include the IP address or FQDN of the UE in the sent-by field;
- <u>f)</u> an Expires header, or the expires parameter within the Contact header, set to the value of 600 000 seconds as the value desired for the duration of the registration;
- <u>NOTE 2:</u> The registrar (S-CCF) might decrease the duration of the registration in accordance with network policy. <u>Registration attempts with a registration period of less than a predefined minimum value defined in the</u> <u>registrar will be rejected with a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.</u>
- g) a Request-URI set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
- h) the Supported header containing the option tag "path", and if GRUU is supported, the option tag "gruu"; and
- i) if available to the UE (as defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology), the <u>P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4).</u>

On receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- a) store the expiration time of the registration for the public user identities found in the To header value;
- b) store the list of URIs contained in the P-Associated-URI header value. This list contains the URIs that are associated to the registered public user identity;
- c) store as the default public user identity the first URI on the list of URIs present in the P-Associated-URI header;
- <u>d)</u> treat the identity under registration as a barred public user identity, if it is not included in the <u>P-Associated-URI header</u>;
- e) <u>store the list of Service-Route headers contained in the Service-Route header, in order to build a proper</u> preloaded Route header value for new dialogs and standalone transactions; and

NOTE 3: If the UE receives Authentication-Info, it will proceed as described in RFC 3310 [49].

f) find the Contact header within the response that matches the one included in the REGISTER request. If this contains a "pub-gruu" parameter or a "temp-gruu" parameter or both, and the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53), then store the value of those parameters as the GRUUs for the UE in association with the public user identity that was registered.

On receiving a 305 (Use Proxy) response to the initial REGISTER request, the UE shall:

a) release all IP-CAN bearers used for the transport of media according to the procedures in subclause 9.2.2;

b) initiate a new P-CSCF discovery procedure as described in subclause 9.2.1;

- c) select a P-CSCF address, which is different from the previously used address, from the address list; and
- d) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.

On receiving a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 500 (Server Internal Error) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) or 600 (Busy Everywhere) response for an initial registration, the UE may attempt to perform initial registration again.

When the timer F expires at the UE, the UE may:

- a) select a different P-CSCF address from the list of P-CSCF addresses discovered during the procedures described in subclause 9.2.1;
- b) if no response has been received when attempting to contact all P-CSCFs known by the UE, the UE may get a new set of P-CSCF-addresses as described in subclause 9.2.1; and
- c) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2A.
- NOTE 4: It is an implementation option whether these actions are also triggered by other means than expiration of timer F, e.g. based on ICMP messages.

After a maximum of 5 consecutive unsuccessful initial registration attempts, the UE shall not automatically attempt any further initial registration via the same network and the same P-CSCF, for an implementation dependent time of at least:

- a) the amount of time indicated in the Retry-After header of the 4xx, 5xx, or 6xx response received in response to the most recent registration request, if that header was present; or
- b) 30 minutes, if the header was not present and the initial registration was automatically performed as a consequence of a failed reregistration; or
- c) 5 minutes, if the header was not present and the initial registration was not performed as a consequence of a failed reregistration.

These limits do not apply if the UE is power cycled.

On receiving a 423 (Interval Too Brief) too brief response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- send another REGISTER request populating the Expires header or the expires parameter with an expiration timer of at least the value received in the Min-Expires header of the 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.
- 5.1.1.3 Subscription to the registration-state event package

Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the initial registration, the UE shall subscribe to the reg event package for the public user identity registered at the user's registrar (S-CCF) as described in RFC 3680 [43].

The UE shall use the default public user identity for subscription to the registration-state event package, if the public user identity that was used for initial registration is a barred public user identity. The UE may use either the default public user identity or the public user identity used for initial registration for the subscription to the registration-state event package, if the initial public user identity that was used for initial registration is not barred.

On sending a SUBSCRIBE request, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) a Request URI set to the resource to which the UE wants to be subscribed to, i.e. to a SIP URI that contains the public user identity used for subscription;
- b) a From header set to a SIP URI that contains the public user identity used for subscription;
- c) a To header set to a SIP URI that contains the public user identity used for subscription;
- d) an Event header set to the "reg" event package;
- e) an Expires header set to 600 000 seconds as the value desired for the duration of the subscription
- f) if available to the UE (as defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology), a P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4); and
- g) a Contact header set to contain the same IP address or FQDN, and <u>when a security association exists</u> with the protected server port value as in the initial registration.

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Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the SUBSCRIBE request, the UE shall store the information for the established dialog and the expiration time as indicated in the Expires header of the received response.

If continued subscription is required, the UE shall automatically refresh the subscription by the reg event package, for a previously registered public user identity, either 600 seconds before the expiration time if the initial subscription was for greater than 1200 seconds, or when half of the time has expired if the initial subscription was for 1200 seconds or less. If a SUBSCRIBE request to refresh a subscription fails with a non-481 response, the UE shall still consider the original subscription valid for the duration of the most recently known "Expires" value according to RFC 3265 [28]. Otherwise, the UE shall consider the subscription invalid and start a new initial subscription according to RFC 3265 [28].

5.1.1.4 User-initiated re-registration and registration of an additional public user identity (with security association)

The UE can perform the reregistration of a previously registered public user identity with its contact address at any time after the initial registration has been completed. The UE shall perform the reregistration over the existing set of security associations that is associated with the related contact address.

The UE can perform registration of additional public user identities at any time after the initial registration has been completed. The UE shall perform the registration of additional public user identities over the existing set of security associations that is associated with the related contact address.

Unless either the user or the application within the UE has determined that a continued registration is not required the UE shall reregister an already registered public user identity either 600 seconds before the expiration time if the previous registration was for greater than 1200 seconds, or when half of the time has expired if the initial registration was for 1200 seconds or less, or when the UE intends to update its capabilities according to RFC 3840 [62] or when the UE needs to modify the ICSI values that the UE intends to use in a g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag or IARI values that the UE intends to use in the g.3gpp.iari-ref sip.app subtype feature tag.

The UE shall protect the REGISTER request using a security association, see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19], established as a result of an earlier registration, if one is available.

The UE shall extract or derive a public user identity, the private user identity, and the domain name to be used in the Request-URI in the registration, according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1A.

On sending a REGISTER request that does not contain a challenge response, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) an Authorization header, with:
 - the username directive set to the value of the private user identity;
 - the realm directive, set to the value as received in the realm directive in the WWW Authenticate header;
 - the uri directive, set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
 - the nonce directive, set to last received nonce value; and
 - the response directive, set to the last calculated response value;
- b) a From header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- c) a To header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- d) a Contact header set to include SIP URI(s) that contain(s) in the hostport parameter the IP address of the UE or FQDN and protected server port value bound to the security association, and containing the instance ID of the UE in the +sip.instance parameter, if the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53). The UE shall include all supported ICSI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2) in a g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2 and RFC 3840 [62] for the IMS communication it intends to use, and IARI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2), for the IMS communication services and IMS applications it intends to use in a g.3gpp.iari-ref sip.app subtype feature tag according to draft rosenberg sip app media tag [120]-as defined in subclause 7.9.3 and RFC 3840 [62];

- e) a Via header set to include the IP address or FQDN of the UE in the sent-by field and for the UDP the protected server port value bound to the security association, while for the TCP, the response is received on the TCP connection on which the request was sent;
- NOTE 1: If the UE specifies its FQDN in the host parameter in the Contact header and in the sent-by field in the Via header, then it has to ensure that the given FQDN will resolve (e.g., by reverse DNS lookup) to the IP address that is bound to the security association.
- NOTE 2: The UE associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details on the selection of the protected port value see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- f) an Expires header, or an expires parameter within the Contact header, set to 600 000 seconds as the value desired for the duration of the registration;
- NOTE 3: The registrar (S-CCF) might decrease the duration of the registration in accordance with network policy. Registration attempts with a registration period of less than a predefined minimum value defined in the registrar will be rejected with a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.
- g) a Request-URI set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
- h) a Security-Client header field, set to specify the security mechanism it supports, the IPsec layer algorithms for security and confidentiality protection it supports and the new parameter values needed for the setup of two new pairs of security associations. For further details see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] and RFC 3329 [48];
- i) a Security-Verify header that contains the content of the Security-Server header received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response of the last successful authentication;
- j) the Supported header containing the option tag "path", and if GRUU is supported, the option tag "gruu"; and
- k) if available to the UE (as defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology), a P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4).

On receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- a) store the new expiration time of the registration for this public user identity found in the To header value;
- b) store the list of Service-Route headers contained in the Service-Route header, in order to build a proper preloaded Route header value for new dialogs and standalone transactions;
- NOTE 4: The UE can utilize additional URIs contained in the P-Associated-URI header, e.g. for application purposes.
- c) set the security association lifetime to the longest of either the previously existing security association lifetime, or the lifetime of the just completed registration plus 30 seconds; and

NOTE 5: If the UE receives Authentication-Info, it will proceed as described in RFC 3310 [49].

d) find the Contact header within the response that matches the one included in the REGISTER request. If this contains a "pub-gruu" parameter or a "temp-gruu" parameter or both, and the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53), then store the value of those parameters as the GRUUs for the UE in association with the public user identity that was registered.

When a 401 (Unauthorized) response to a REGISTER is received the UE shall behave as described in subclause 5.1.1.5.1.

On receiving the 420 (Bad Extension) response with the Unsupported header containing the option tag 'sec-agree' to the <u>REGISTER</u> request, the UE may send another <u>REGISTER</u> request without a security association based on the procedures described in 5.1.1.2A. The decision may depend on the UE's capability.

On receiving a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- send another REGISTER request populating the Expires header or the expires parameter with an expiration timer of at least the value received in the Min-Expires header of the 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.

On receiving a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 500 (Server Internal Error) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) response for a reregistration, the UE shall perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.

On receiving a 305 (Use Proxy) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- a) release all IP-CAN bearers used for the transport of media according to the procedures in subclause 9.2.2;
- b) initiate a new P-CSCF discovery procedure as described in subclause 9.2.1;
- c) select a P-CSCF address, which is different from the previously used address, from the address list; and
- d) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.

When the timer F expires at the UE, the UE shall:

- 1) stop processing of all ongoing dialogs and transactions and silently discard them locally; and
- 2) after releasing all IP-CAN bearers used for the transport of media according to the procedures in subclause 9.2.2, the UE may:
 - a) select a different P-CSCF address from the list of P-CSCF addresses discovered during the procedures described in subclause 9.2.1;
 - b) if no response has been received when attempting to contact all P-CSCFs known by the UE, the UE may get a new set of P-CSCF-addresses as described in subclause 9.2.1; and
 - c) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.
- NOTE 6: It is an implementation option whether these actions are also triggered by other means than expiration of timer F, e.g. based on ICMP messages.

5.1.1.4A User-initiated re-registration and registration of an additional public user identity without security association

The UE can perform the reregistration of a previously registered public user identity with its contact address at any time after the initial registration has been completed.

The UE can perform registration of additional public user identities at any time after the initial registration has been completed.

Unless either the user or the application within the UE has determined that a continued registration is not required the UE shall reregister an already registered public user identity either 600 seconds before the expiration time if the previous registration was for greater than 1200 seconds, or when half of the time has expired if the initial registration was for 1200 seconds or less, or when the UE intends to update its capabilities according to RFC 3840 [62] or when the UE needs to modify the ICSI values or IARI values that the UE intends to use in the sip.app-subtype feature tag.

The UE shall extract or derive a public user identity, and the domain name to be used in the Request-URI in the registration, according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1B. The UE may also extract or derive the private user identity according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1B.

On sending a REGISTER request, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) optionally, an Authorization header, with the username field, set to the value of the private user identity;
- NOTE 1: In case the Authorization header is absent, the mechanism only supports that one public user identity is associated with only one private user identity.
- b) a From header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- c) a To header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- d) a Contact header set to include SIP URI(s) that contain(s) in the hostport parameter the IP address of the UE or FQDN, and containing the instance ID of the UE in the +sip.instance parameter, if the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53). The UE shall include all supported ICSI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2), and IARI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2), for the IMS communication

services and IMS applications it intends to use in a sip.app-subtype feature tag according to draft-rosenberg-sip-app-media-tag [120] and RFC 3840 [62];

- e) a Via header set to include the IP address or FQDN of the UE in the sent-by field;
- <u>f)</u> an Expires header, or an expires parameter within the Contact header, set to 600 000 seconds as the value desired for the duration of the registration;
- <u>NOTE 2:</u> The registrar (S-CCF) might decrease the duration of the registration in accordance with network policy. <u>Registration attempts with a registration period of less than a predefined minimum value defined in the</u> <u>registrar will be rejected with a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.</u>
- g) a Request-URI set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
- h) the Supported header containing the option tag "path", and if GRUU is supported, the option tag "gruu"; and
- i) if available to the UE (as defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology), a <u>P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4)</u>.

On receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- a) store the new expiration time of the registration for this public user identity found in the To header value;
- NOTE 3: The UE can utilize additional URIs contained in the P-Associated-URI header, e.g. for application purposes.
- b) store the list of Service-Route headers contained in the Service-Route header, in order to build a proper preloaded Route header value for new dialogs and standalone transactions; and

NOTE 4: If the UE receives Authentication-Info, it will proceed as described in RFC 3310 [49].

c) find the Contact header within the response that matches the one included in the REGISTER request. If this contains a "pub-gruu" parameter or a "temp-gruu" parameter or both, and the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53), then store the value of those parameters as the GRUUs for the UE in association with the public user identity that was registered.

On receiving a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- send another REGISTER request populating the Expires header or the expires parameter with an expiration timer of at least the value received in the Min-Expires header of the 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.

On receiving a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 500 (Server Internal Error) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) response for a reregistration, the UE shall perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2A.

On receiving a 305 (Use Proxy) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

a) release all IP-CAN bearers used for the transport of media according to the procedures in subclause 9.2.2;

b) initiate a new P-CSCF discovery procedure as described in subclause 9.2.1;

- c) select a P-CSCF address, which is different from the previously used address, from the address list; and
- d) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2A.

When the timer F expires at the UE, the UE shall:

- 1) stop processing of all ongoing dialogs and transactions and silently discard them locally; and
- 2) after releasing all IP-CAN bearers used for the transport of media according to the procedures in subclause 9.2.2, the UE may:
 - a) select a different P-CSCF address from the list of P-CSCF addresses discovered during the procedures described in subclause 9.2.1;

- b) if no response has been received when attempting to contact all P-CSCFs known by the UE, the UE may get a new set of P-CSCF-addresses as described in subclause 9.2.1; and
- c) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2A.
- NOTE 5: It is an implementation option whether these actions are also triggered by other means than expiration of timer F, e.g. based on ICMP messages.

After a maximum of 5 consecutive initial registration attempts, the UE shall not automatically attempt any further initial registration for an implementation dependant time of at least 30 minutes.

5.1.1.5.1 General

Authentication is performed during initial registration <u>as defined in subclause 5.1.1.2</u>. A UE can be re-authenticated during subsequent re-registration s, deregistrations or registrations of additional public user identities <u>as defined in</u> <u>subclause 5.1.1.4</u>. When the network requires authentication or re-authentication of the UE, the UE will receive a 401 (Unauthorized) response to the REGISTER request.

On receiving a 401 (Unauthorized) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- 1) extract the RAND and AUTN parameters;
- 2) check the validity of a received authentication challenge, as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] i.e. the locally calculated XMAC must match the MAC parameter derived from the AUTN part of the challenge; and the SQN parameter derived from the AUTN part of the challenge must be within the correct range; and
- 3) check the existence of the Security-Server header as described in RFC 3329 [48]. If the header is not present or it does not contain the parameters required for the setup of the set of security associations (see annex H of 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]), the UE shall abandon the authentication procedure and send a new REGISTER request with a new Call-ID.

In the case that the 401 (Unauthorized) response to the REGISTER request is deemed to be valid the UE shall:

- 1) calculate the RES parameter and derive the keys CK and IK from RAND as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19];
- 2) set up a temporary set of security associations based on the static list and parameters it received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response and its capabilities sent in the Security-Client header in the REGISTER request. The UE sets up the temporary set of security associations using the most preferred mechanism and algorithm returned by the P-CSCF and supported by the UE and using IK and CK (only if encryption enabled) as the shared key. The UE shall use the parameters received in the Security-Server header to setup the temporary set of security associations. The UE shall set a temporary SIP level lifetime for the temporary set of security associations to the value of reg-await-auth timer; and
- 3) send another REGISTER request using the temporary set of security associations to protect the message. The header fields are populated as defined for the initial request, with the addition that the UE shall include an Authorization header containing:
 - the realm directive set to the value as received in the realm directive in the WWW Authenticate header;
 - the username directive, set to the value of , the private user identity; and
 - the response directive that contains the authentication challenge response calculated by the UE using RES and other parameters, as described in RFC 3310 [49];
 - the uri directive, set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
 - the algorithm directive, set to the value received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response; and
 - the nonce directive, set to the value received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response.

Security-Client header that is identical to the Security-Client header that was included in the previous REGISTER request (i.e. the REGISTER request that was challenged with the received 401 (Unauthorized) response). The UE shall also insert the Security-Verify header into the request, by mirroring in it the content of the Security-Server header received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response. The UE shall set the Call-ID of the

The UE shall also insert the

security association protected REGISTER request which carries the authentication challenge response to the same value as the Call-ID of the 401 (Unauthorized) response which carried the challenge.

On receiving the 200 (OK) response for the security association protected REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- change the temporary set of security associations to a newly established set of security associations, i.e. set its SIP level lifetime to the longest of either the previously existing set of security associations SIP level lifetime, or the lifetime of the just completed registration plus 30 seconds; and
- use the newly established set of security associations for further messages sent towards the P-CSCF as appropriate.
- NOTE 1: In this case, the UE will send requests towards the P-CSCF over the newly established set of security associations. Responses towards the P-CSCF that are sent via UDP will be sent over the newly established set of security associations. Responses towards the P-CSCF that are sent via TCP will be sent over the same set of security associations that the related request was received on.

When the first request or response protected with the newly established set of security associations is received from the P-CSCF, the UE shall delete the old set of security associations and related keys it may have with the P-CSCF after all SIP transactions that use the old set of security associations are completed.

Whenever the 200 (OK) response is not received before the temporary SIP level lifetime of the temporary set of security associations expires or a 403 (Forbidden) response is received, the UE shall consider the registration to have failed. The UE shall delete the temporary set of security associations it was trying to establish, and use the old set of security associations. The UE should send an unprotected REGISTER message according to the procedure specified in subclause 5.1.1.2 if the UE considers the old set of security associations to be no longer active at the P-CSCF.

In the case that the 401 (Unauthorized) response is deemed to be invalid then the UE shall behave as defined in subclause 5.1.1.5.3.

5.1.1.5.1A NASS-bundled authentication

NASS-bundled authentication is only applicable to UEs that contain neither USIM nor ISIM. Authentication is achieved via the registration and re-registration procedures as defined in subclause 5.1.1.2A and subclause 5.1.1.4A. NASS-bundled authentication is granted by the network upon receipt by the UE of a 200 (OK) response to the initial REGISTER request.

5.1.1.5.2 Network-initiated re-authentication

At any time, the UE can receive a NOTIFY request carrying information related to the reg event package (as described in subclause 5.1.1.3). If:

- the state attribute in any of the <registration> elements is set to "active";
- the value of the <uri> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element is set to the Contact address that the UE registered; and
- the event attribute of that <contact> sub-element(s) is set to "shortened";

the UE shall:

- 1) use the expiry attribute within the <contact> sub-element that the UE registered to adjust the expiration time for that public user identity; and
- 2) start the re-authentication procedures at the appropriate time (as a result of the S-CCF procedure described in subclause 5.4.1.6) by initiating a reregistration as described in subclause 5.1.1.4, or subclause 5.1.1.4A if those procedures were performed for the initial authentication, if required.
- NOTE: When authenticating a given private user identity, the S-CCF will only shorten the expiry time within the <contact> sub-element that the UE registered using its private user identity. The <contact> elements for the same public user identity, if registered by another UE using different private user identities remain unchanged. The UE will not initiate a reregistration procedure, if none of its <contact> sub-elements was modified.

5.1.1.5A Change of Ipv6 address due to privacy

Stateless address autoconfiguration as described in RFC 2462 [20E] defines how an IPv6 prefix and an interface identifier is used by the UE to construct a complete IPv6 address.

If the UE receives an IPv6 prefix, the UE may change the interface identity of the IPv6 address as described in RFC 3041 [25A] due to privacy but this will result in service discontinuity for IMS services.

NOTE: The procedure described below will terminate all established dialogs and transactions and temporarily disconnect the UE from the IM CN subsystem until the new registration is performed. Due to this, the UE is recommended to provide a limited use of the procedure to ensure a maximum degree of continuous service to the end user.

In order to change the IPv6 address due to privacy, the UE shall:

- 1) terminate all ongoing dialogs (e.g., sessions) and transactions (e.g., subscription to the reg event);
- 2) deregister all registered public user identities as described in subclause 5.1.1.6 or subclause 5.1.1.6A as appropriate to the authentication mechanism in use;
- 3) construct a new IPv6 address according to the procedures specified in RFC 3041 [25A];
- 4) register the public user identities that were deregistered in step 2 above, as follows:
 - a) by performing an initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2 or subclause 5.1.1.2A as appropriate to the authentication mechanism in use; and
 - b) by performing a subscription to the reg event package as described in subclause 5.1.1.3; and
- 5) subscribe to other event packages it was subscribed to before the change of IPv6 address procedure started.

5.1.1.6 User-initiated deregistration (with security association)

The UE can deregister a public user identity that it has previously registered with its contact address at any time.

The UE shall protect the REGISTER request using a security association, see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19], established as a result of an earlier registration, if one is available.

The UE shall extract or derive a public user identity, the private user identity, and the domain name to be used in the Request-URI in the registration, according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1A.

Prior to sending a REGISTER request for deregistration, the UE shall release all dialogs related to the public user identity that is going to be deregistered or to one of the implicitly registered public user identities However:

- if the dialog that was established by the UE subscribing to the reg event package used the public user identity that is going to be deregistered; and
- this dialog is the only remaining dialog used for subscription to reg event package;

then the UE shall not release this dialog.

On sending a REGISTER request, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) an Authorization header, with:
 - the username directive, set to the value of the private user identity;
 - the realm directive, set to the value as received in the realm directive in the WWW-Authenticate header;
 - the uri directive, set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
 - the nonce directive, set to last received nonce value; and
 - the response directive, set to the last calculated response value;
- b) a From header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be deregistered;

- c) a To header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be deregistered;
- d) a Contact header set to either the value of "*" or SIP URI(s) that contain(s) in the hostport parameter the IP address of the UE or FQDN and the protected server port value bound to the security association, and containing the Instance ID of the UE in the +sip.instance parameter, if the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53);
- e) a Via header set to include the IP address or FQDN of the UE in the sent-by field and the protected server port value bound to the security association;
- NOTE 1: If the UE specifies its FQDN in the host parameter in the Contact header and in the sent-by field in the Via header, then it has to ensure that the given FQDN will resolve (e.g., by reverse DNS lookup) to the IP address that is bound to the security association.
- f) an Expires header, or the expires parameter of the Contact header, set to the value of zero, appropriate to the deregistration requirements of the user;
- g) a Request-URI set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
- h) a Security-Client header field, set to specify the security mechanism it supports, the IPsec layer algorithms for integrity and confidentiality protection it supports and the new parameter values needed for the setup of two new pairs of security associations. For further details see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] and RFC 3329 [48];
- i) a Security-Verify header that contains the content of the Security-Server header received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response of the last successful authentication; and
- j) if available to the UE (as defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology), a P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4).

When a 401 (Unauthorized) response to a REGISTER request is received the UE shall behave as described in subclause 5.1.1.5.1.

On receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall remove all registration details relating to this public user identity.

If there are no more public user identities registered, the UE shall delete the security associations and related keys it may have towards the IM CN subsystem.

If all public user identities are deregistered and the security association is removed, then the UE shall consider subscription to the reg event package cancelled (i.e. as if the UE had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).

NOTE 2: When the UE has received the 200 (OK) response for the REGISTER request of the only public user identity currently registered with its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities (i.e. no other is registered), the UE removes the security association established between the P-CSCF and the UE. Therefore further SIP signalling (e.g. the NOTIFY request containing the deregistration event) will not reach the UE.

5.1.1.6A User-initiated deregistration without security association

The UE can deregister a public user identity that it has previously registered with its contact address at any time.

The UE shall extract or derive a public user identity and the domain name to be used in the Request-URI in the registration, according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1B. The UE may also extract or derive the private user identity according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1B.

Prior to sending a REGISTER request for deregistration, the UE shall release all dialogs related to the public user identity that is going to be deregistered or to one of the implicitly registered public user identities. However:

- if the dialog that was established by the UE subscribing to the reg event package used the public user identity that is going to be deregistered; and
- this dialog is the only remaining dialog used for subscription to reg event package;

then the UE shall not release this dialog.

On sending a REGISTER request, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

a) optionally, an Authorization header, with the username directive, set to the value of the private user identity;

- <u>NOTE:</u> In case the Authorization header is absent, the mechanism only supports that one public user identity is associated with only one private user identity.
- b) a From header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be deregistered;
- c) a To header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be deregistered;
- <u>d)</u> a Contact header set to either the value of "*" or SIP URI(s) that contain(s) in the hostport parameter the IP address of the UE or FQDN, and containing the Instance ID of the UE in the +sip.instance parameter, if the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53);
- e) a Via header set to include the IP address or FQDN of the UE in the sent-by field;
- <u>f)</u> an Expires header, or the expires parameter of the Contact header, set to the value of zero, appropriate to the deregistration requirements of the user;
- g) a Request-URI set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network; and
- h) if available to the UE (as defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology), a P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4).

On receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall remove all registration details relating to this public user identity.

If all public user identities are deregistered, then the UE shall consider subscription to the reg event package cancelled (i.e. as if the UE had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).

5.1.1.7 Network-initiated deregistration

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request on the dialog which was generated during subscription to the reg event package as described in subclause 5.1.1.3, including one or more <registration> element(s) which were registered by this UE with:

- the state attribute set to "terminated" and the event attribute within the <contact> element belonging to this UE set to "rejected" or "deactivated"; or
- the state attribute set to "active" and within the <contact> element belonging to this UE, the state attribute set to "terminated" and the associated event attribute set to "rejected" or "deactivated";

the UE shall remove all registration details relating to these public user identities. In case of a "deactivated" event attribute, the UE shall start the initial registration procedure as described in subclause 5.1.1.2. <u>or subclause 5.1.1.2A</u>. In case of a "rejected" event attribute, the UE shall release all dialogs related to those public user identities.

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request, the UE shall delete the security associations (if present) towards the P-CSCF either:

- if all <registration> element(s) have their state attribute set to "terminated" (i.e. all public user identities are deregistered) and the Subscription-State header contains the value of "terminated"; or
- if each <registration> element that was registered by this UE has either the state attribute set to "terminated", or the state attribute set to "active" and the state attribute within the <contact> element belonging to this UE set to "terminated".

The UE shall delete these security associations (if present) towards the P-CSCF after the server transaction (as defined in RFC 3261 [26]) pertaining to the received NOTIFY request terminates.

- NOTE 1: Deleting a security association is an internal procedure of the UE and does not involve any SIP procedures.
- NOTE 2: If all the public user identities or <u>(i.e. <contact> elements</u> addresses registered by this UE are deregistered and the security association is removed, the UE considers the subscription to the reg event package terminated since the NOTIFY request was received with Subscription-State header containing the value of "terminated".

5.1.2.1 Notification about multiple registered public user identities

Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the SUBSCRIBE request the UE shall maintain the generated dialog (identified by the values of the Call-ID header, and the values of tags in To and From headers).

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request on the dialog which was generated during subscription to the reg event package the UE shall perform the following actions:

- if a state attribute "active", i.e. registered is received for one or more public user identities, the UE shall store the indicated public user identities as registered;
- if a state attribute "active" is received, and the UE supports GRUU (see table A.4, item A.4/53), then for each public user identity indicated in the notification that contains a <pub-gruu> element or a <temp-gruu> element or both (as defined in draft-ietf-sipping-gruu-reg-event [94]) then the UE shall store the value of those elements in association with the public user identity;
- if a state attribute "terminated", i.e. deregistered is received for one or more public user identities, the UE shall store the indicated public user identities as deregistered and shall remove any associated GRUUs.
- NOTE_1: There may be public user identities which are automatically registered within the registrar (S-CSCF) of the user upon registration of one public user identity or when S-CSCF receives a Push-Profile-Request (PPR) from the HSS (as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14]) changing the status of a public user identity associated with a registered implicit set from barred to non-barred. Usually these automatically or implicitly registered public user identities belong to the same service profile of the user and they might not be available within the UE. The implicitly registered public user identities may also belong to different service profiles. The here-described procedures provide a different mechanism (to the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request) to inform the UE about these automatically registered public user identities.
- NOTE 2: draft-ietf-sipping-gruu-reg-event [94] provides guidance on the management of temporary GRUUs, utilizing information provided in the reg event notification.

5.1.2A.1 UE-originating case

The procedures of this subclause are general to all requests and responses, except those for the REGISTER method.

If a security association exists, when the UE sends any request, the UE shall send the request to the protected port received during registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.5.1 with:

- includeincluding the protected server port in the Via header entry relating to the UE.

Otherwise if no security association exists, i.e. no port is provided for subsequent SIP messages by P-CSCF during registration, the UE shall send any request to the same port used for the initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2A.

<u>If a security association exists</u>, the UE shall discard any SIP response that is not protected by the security association and is received from the P-CSCF outside of the registration and authentication procedures. The requirements on the UE within the registration and authentication procedures are defined in subclause 5.1.1.

In accordance with RFC 3325 [34] the UE may insert a P-Preferred-Identity header in any initial request for a dialog or request for a standalone transaction as a hint for creation of an asserted identity (contained in the P-Asserted-Identity header) within the IM CN subsystem.

NOTE 1: Since the S-CCF uses the P-Asserted-Identity header when checking whether the UE originating request matches the initial filter criteria, the P-Preferred-Identity header inserted by the UE determines which services and applications are invoked.

The UE may include any of the following in the P-Preferred-Identity header:

- a public user identity which has been registered by the user;
- a public user identity returned in a registration-state event package of a NOTIFY request as a result of an implicit registration that was not subsequently deregistered or has expired; or

- any other public user identity which the user has assumed by mechanisms outside the scope of this specification to have a current registration.
- NOTE 2: The temporary public user identity specified in subclause 5.1.1.1 is not a public user identity suitable for use in the P-Preferred-Identity header.
- NOTE 3: Procedures in the network require international public telecommunication numbers when telephone numbers are used in P-Preferred-Identity header.
- NOTE 4: A number of headers can reveal information about the identity of the user. Where privacy is required, implementers should also give consideration to other headers that can reveal identity information. RFC 3323 [33] subclause 4.1 gives considerations relating to a number of headers.

Where privacy is required, in any initial request for a dialog or request for a standalone transaction, the UE shall set the From header to "Anonymous" as specified in RFC 3261 [26].

NOTE 5: The contents of the From header should not be relied upon to be modified by the network based on any privacy specified by the user either within the UE indication of privacy or by network subscription or network policy. Therefore the user should include the value "Anonymous" whenever privacy is explicitly required. As the user may well have privacy requirements, terminal manufacturers should not automatically derive and include values in this header from the public user identity or other values stored in or derived from the UICC. Where the user has not expressed a preference in the configuration of the terminal implementation, the implementation should assume that privacy is required. Users that require to identify themselves, and are making calls to SIP destinations beyond the IM CN subsystem, where the destination does not implement RFC 3325 [34], will need to include a value in the From header other than Anonymous.

The UE shall determine the public user identity to be used for this request as follows:

- 1) if a P-Preferred-Identity was included, then use that as the public user identity for this request; or
- 2) if no P-Preferred-Identity was included, then use the default public user identity for the security association as the public user identity for this request;

If this is a request for a new dialog, and the request includes a Contact header, then the UE should populate the Contact header as follows:

- if a public GRUU value (pub-gruu) has been saved associated with the public user identity to be used for this request, and the UE does not indicate privacy of the P-Asserted-Identity, then insert the public GRUU (pub-gruu) value in the Contact header as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93];-or
- if a temporary GRUU value (temp-gruu) has been saved associated with the public user identity to be used for this request, and the UE does indicate privacy of the P-Asserted-Identity, then insert the temporary GRUU (temp-gruu) value in the Contact header as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93];-or

NOTE 5A: The above items 1 and 2 are mutually exclusive.

- 3) if the request is related to an IMS communication service that requires the use of an ICSI then shall include in a g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2 and RFC 3841 [56B] in a sip.app subtype feature tag the ICSI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2), for the IMS communication service and may include the IARI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2), that is related to the request according to draft rosenberg-sip app media tag [120] and RFC 3841 [56B]. The UE may also include other ICSI values that the UE is prepared to use for the communication and other IARI values for all dialogs with the terminating UE(s) the IMS application that is related to the IMS communication service; or and
- 4) if the request is related to an IMS application that is supported by the UE-when the use of an ICSI is not needed, then may include the IARI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2), that is related to any the to the IMS application and that applies for the dialog, in a g.3gpp.iari-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.3, according to draft rosenberg sip app media tag [120] and RFC 3841 [56B].

NOTE 5B: The above items 3 and 4 are mutually exclusive.

If this is a request within an existing dialog, and the request includes a Contact header, and the Contact address previously used in the dialog was a GRUU, then the UE should insert the previously used GRUU value in the Contact header as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93].

If the UE did not insert a GRUU in the Contact header, then the UE shall include the protected server port in the address in the Contact header.

If this is a request for a new dialog or standalone transaction and the request is related to an IMS communication service that requires the use of an ICSI then the UE:

- shall include the ICSI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2), for the IMS communication service that is related to the request in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to draft-drage-sipping-serviceidentification [121];
- NOTE 5A: The UE only receives those ICSI values correponding to the IMS communication services that the network provides to the user.
- 2) may include an Accept-Contact header field containing an ICSI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2) or an IARI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2) that is related to the request in a g.3gpp.icsi-ref sip.app subtype feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2 according to draft rosenberg sip app media tag [120] and RFC 3841 [56B] if the ICSI or IARI for the IMS communication service is known.
- Editor's note: It is FFS whether the UE shall always include an ICSI value in an Accept-Contact header field. This also may need some clarifications to the stage 2 text to fully align.
- Editor's Note: If the UE includes (as mandated) the same ICSI values into the Accept-Contact header and the P-Preferred-Service header, there is a possibility that one of the involved S-CCFs or an AS changes the ICSI value in the P-Asserted-Service header, which results in the message including two different ICSI values (one in the P-Asserted-Service header, changed in the network and one in the Accept-Contact header).

If an IMS application indicates that an IARI is to be included in a request for a new dialog or standalone transaction, the UE shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing an IARI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2) that is related to the request in a g.3gpp.iari-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.3 and RFC 3841 [56B].

- NOTE 6: RFC 3841 [56B] allows multiple Accept-Contact header fields along with multiple Reject-Contact header fields in a SIP request, and within those header fields, expressions that include one or more logical operations based on combinations of feature tags. Which registered UE will be contacted depends on the Accept-Contact header field and Reject-Contact header field combinations included that evaluate to a logical expression and the relative qvalues of the registered contacts for the targeted registered public user identity. There is therefore no guarantee that when multiple Accept-Contact header fields or additional Reject-Contact header field(s) along with the Accept-Contact header field containing the ICSI value or IARI value are included in a request that the request will be routed to a contact that registered the same ICSI value or IARI value. Charging and accounting is based upon the contents of the P-Asserted-Service header field and the actual media related contents of the SIP request and not the Accept-Contact header field contact header field and the actual media related contents of the SIP request and not the Accept-Contact header field contents or the contact reached.
- NOTE 7: The UE only includes the parameters require and explicit in the Accept-Contact header field containing the ICSI value or IARI value if the IMS communication service absolutely requires that the terminating UE understand the IMS communication service in order to be able to accept the session. Including the parameters require and explicit in Accept-Contact header fields in requests which do not absolutely require that the terminating UE understand the IMS communication service in order to accept the session creates an interoperability problem for sessions which otherwise would interoperate and violates the interoperability requirements for the <u>ICSI IMS Communication Service Identifier</u> in 3GPP TS 23.228 [7].

After the dialog is established the UE may change the dialog capabilities (e.g. add a media or request a supplementary service) if defined for the IMS communication service as identified by the ICSI value using the same dialog. Otherwise, the UE shall initiate a new initial request to the other user.

The UE can indicate privacy of the P-Asserted-Identity that will be generated by the P-CSCF in accordance with RFC 3323 [33], and the additional requirements contained within RFC 3325 [34].

If available to the UE (as defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology), the UE shall insert a P-Access-Network-Info header into any request for a dialog, any subsequent request (except ACK requests and CANCEL requests) or response (except CANCEL responses) within a dialog or any request for a standalone method (see subclause 7.2A.4).

NOTE 8: During the dialog, the points of attachment to the IP-CAN of the UE may change (e.g. UE connects to different cells). The UE will populate the P-Access-Network-Info header in any request or response within a dialog with the current point of attachment to the IP-CAN (e.g. the current cell information).

The UE shall build a proper preloaded Route header value for all new dialogs and standalone transactions. The UE shall build a list of Route header values made out of, in this order, the P-CSCF URI (containing the IP address or the FQDN learnt through the P-CSCF discovery procedures, and the protected server port learnt during the registration procedure), and the values received in the Service-Route header saved from the 200 (OK) response to the last registration or re-registration.

The UE may indicate that proxies should not fork the request by including a "no-fork" directive within the Request-Disposition header in the request as described in RFC 3841 [56B].

When a SIP transaction times out, i.e. timer B, timer F or timer H expires at the UE, the UE may behave as if timer F expired, as described in subclause 5.1.1.4, or subclause 5.1.1.4A as appropriate to the authentication mechanism in use.

NOTE 9: It is an implementation option whether these actions are also triggered by other means.

The UE may use non-international formats of E.164 addresses, including geo-local numbers and home-local numbers, in the Request-URI.

- NOTE 10: The way how the UE defines the default network for the numbers in a non-international format is implementation specific.
- NOTE 11: The way how the UE process the dial-string and handles special characters (e.g. pause) in order to produce a conformant SIP URI or tel URI according to RFC 3966 [22] is implementation specific.
- NOTE 12: Home operator's local policy can define a prefix string(s) to enable subscribers to differentiate dialling a geo-local number and/or a home-local number.

When the UE uses home-local number, the UE shall include in the "phone-context" parameter the home domain name in accordance with RFC 3966 [22].

When the UE uses geo-local number, the UE shall:

- if access technology information available to the UE (i.e., the UE can insert P-Access-Network-Info header into the request), include the access technology information in the "phone-context" parameter according to RFC 3966 [22] as defined in subclause 7.2A.10; and
- if access technology information is not available to the UE (i.e., the UE cannot insert P-Access-Network-Info header into the request), include in the "phone-context" parameter the home domain name prefixed by the "geo-local." string according to RFC 3966 [22]as defined in subclause 7.2A.10.
- NOTE 13: The "phone-context" parameter value can be entered by the subscriber, or can be inserted by the UE, based on implementation.

5.1.2A.2 UE-terminating case

The procedures of this subclause are general to all requests and responses, except those for the REGISTER method.

<u>If a security association exists</u>, the UE shall discard any SIP request that is not integrity protected and is received from the P-CSCF outside of the registration and authentication procedures. The requirements on the UE within the registration and authentication procedures are defined in subclause 5.1.1.

If an initial request contains an Accept-Contact header field containing <u>the g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag with an ICSI value</u> a sip.app subtype feature tag the UE should invoke the IMS application that is the best match for the ICSI value and if included IARI value contained in the sip.app subtype feature tag.

If an initial request contains an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.iari-ref feature tag with a IARI value the UE should invoke the IMS application that is the best match for the IARI value.

The UE can receive multiple ICSI values, IARI values or both in a Accept-Contact header field. In this case it is up to the implementation which of the multiple ICSI values or IARI values the UE takes action on.

The UE can receive multiple Accept Contact header fields containing sip.app subtype feature tags. In this case it is up to the implementation which of the multiple ICSI values or IARI values it takes action on.

<u>NOTE 1:</u> The application verifies that the contents of the request (e.g. SDP media capabilities, Content-Type header field) are consistent with the the ICSI value in the g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag and IARI value contained in the g.3gpp.iariappref feature tag.

If an initial request does not contain an Accept-Contact header field containing a g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag or a g.3gpp.iari-ref feature tag the UE shall invoke the application that is the best match based on the contents of the request (e.g. SDP media capabilities, Content-Type header field, feature tag).

The UE can indicate privacy of the P-Asserted-Identity that will be generated by the P-CSCF in accordance with RFC 3323 [33], and the additional requirements contained within RFC 3325 [34].

- NOTE 1: In the UE-terminating case, this version of the document makes no provision for the UE to provide an P-Preferred-Identity in the form of a hint.
- NOTE 2: A number of headers can reveal information about the identity of the user. Where, privacy is required, implementers should also give consideration to other headers that can reveal identity information. RFC 3323 [33] subclause 4.1 gives considerations relating to a number of headers.

If the response includes a Contact header, and the response is sent within an existing dialog, and the Contact address previously used in the dialog was a GRUU, then the UE should insert the previously used GRUU value in the Contact header as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93].

If the response includes a Contact header, and the response is not sent within an existing dialog, then the UE should populate the Contact header as follows:

- if a public GRUU value (pub-gruu) has been saved associated with the public user identity from the P-Called-Party-ID header, and the UE does not indicate privacy of the P-Asserted-Identity, then insert the public GRUU (pub-gruu) value in the Contact header as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93];-or
- if a temporary GRUU value (temp-gruu) has been saved associated with the public user identity from the P-Called-Party-ID header, and the UE does indicate privacy of the P-Asserted-Identity, then the UE should insert the temporary GRUU (temp-gruu) value in the Contact header as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93];-or

NOTE 3: The above items 1 and 2 are mutually exclusive.

- 3) if the request is related to an IMS communication service that requires the use of an ICSI then <u>the UE</u> shall include in a <u>g.3gpp.icsi-ref</u> feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2 and RFC 3841 [56B]sip.app subtype feature tag the ICSI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2), for the IMS communication service and may include the IARI value for the IMS application, (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2), that is related to the request in a <u>g.3gpp.iari-ref</u> feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.3 according to draft rosenberg sip app media-tag [120] and RFC 3841 [56B]. The UE may also include other ICSI values that the UE is prepared to use for all dialogs with the originating UE(s) and other IARI values for the IMS application that is related to the IMS communication service that the UE is prepared to use; and or
- 4) if the request is related to an IMS application that is supported by the UE when the use of an ICSI is not needed, then may include the IARI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2), that is related to anythe to the IMS application and that applies for the dialog, in a g.3gpp.iari-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.3, according to draft rosenberg sip app media tag [120] and RFC 3841 [56B].

NOTE 4: The above items 3 and 4 are mutually exclusive.

After the dialog is established the UE may change the dialog capabilities (e.g. add a media or request a supplementary service) if defined for the IMS communication service as identified by the ICSI value using the same dialog. Otherwise, the UE shall initiate a new initial request to the other user.

If the UE did not insert a GRUU in the Contact header, then the UE shall include the protected server port in the address in the Contact header.

If available to the UE (as defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology), the UE shall insert a P-Access-Network-Info header into any response to a request for a dialog, any subsequent request (except CANCEL requests) or response (except CANCEL responses) within a dialog or any response to a standalone method (see subclause 7.2A.4).

5.1.3.1 Initial INVITE request

Upon generating an initial INVITE request, the UE shall include the Accept header with "application/sdp", the MIME type associated with the 3GPP IMS XML body (see subclause 7.6.1) and any other MIME type the UE is willing and capable to accept.

The "integration of resource management and SIP" extension is hereafter in this subclause referred to as "the precondition mechanism" and is defined in RFC 3312 [30] as updated by RFC 4032 [64].

The preconditions mechanism should be supported by the originating UE.

The UE may initiate a session without the precondition mechanism if the originating UE does not require local resource reservation.

NOTE 1: The originating UE can decide if local resource reservation is required based on e.g. application requirements, current access network capabilities, local configuration, etc.

In order to allow the peer entity to reserve its required resources, an originating UE supporting the precondition mechanism should make use of the precondition mechanism, even if it does not require local resource reservation.

Upon generating an initial INVITE request using the precondition mechanism, the UE shall:

- indicate the support for reliable provisional responses and specify it using the Supported header mechanism; and
- indicate the support for the preconditions mechanism and specify it using the Supported header mechanism.

Upon generating an initial INVITE request using the precondition mechanism, the UE should not indicate the requirement for the precondition mechanism by using the Require header mechanism.

- NOTE 2: If an UE chooses to require the precondition mechanism, i.e. if it indicates the "precondition" option tag within the Require header, the interworking with a remote UE, that does not support the precondition mechanism, is not described in this specification.
- NOTE 3: Table A.4 specifies that UE support of forking is required in accordance with RFC 3261 [26]. The UE can accept or reject any of the forked responses, for example, if the UE is capable of supporting a limited number of simultaneous transactions or early dialogs.

Upon successful reservation of local resources the UE shall confirm the successful resource reservation (see subclause 6.1.2) within the next SIP request.

NOTE 4: In case of the precondition mechanism being used on both sides, this confirmation will be sent in either a PRACK request or an UPDATE request. In case of the precondition mechanism not being supported on one or both sides, alternatively a reINVITE request can be used for this confirmation, in case the terminating UE does not support the PRACK request (as described in RFC 3262 [27]) and does not support the UPDATE request (as described in RFC 3311 [29]).

If the UE wishes to receive early media authorization indications, as described in RFC 5009 [109], it shall add the P-Early-Media header with the "supported" parameter to the INVITE request.

- <u>NOTE 5:</u> If the UE supports the P-Early-Media header, upon receiving a 18x provisional response with a P-Early-Media header indicating authorized early media, as described in draft-ejzak-sipping-p-em-auth [109], if the preconditions are met, the UE should, based on local configuration, present received early media to the user.
- <u>NOTE 6:</u> If the UE supports the P-Early-Media header, upon receiving a 180 (Ringing) provisional response with a P-Early-Media header indicating authorized early media, as described in draft-ejzak-sipping-p-emauth [109], if the preconditions are met, and the UE presents the received early media to the user based on local configuration, the UE <u>will should</u> not <u>provide an indication that the invited user is being</u> <u>alertedgenerate a local ringing tone</u>.
- NOTE 7: If the UE supports the P-Early-Media header and if the most recently received P-Early-Media header within the dialog includes a parameter applicable to media stream with value "inactive", then based on local configuration, the UE will provide an indication that the invited user is being alerted and stop presenting received early media to the user if requested by any previous receipt of P-Early-Media header within the dialog.

If the UE wishes to receive early media authorization indications, as described in draft ejzak sipping p em auth [109], it shall add the P Early Media header to the INVITE request.

When a final answer is received for one of the early dialogues, the UE proceeds to set up the SIP session. The UE shall not progress any remaining early dialogues to established dialogs. Therefore, upon the reception of a subsequent final 200 (OK) response for an INVITE request (e.g., due to forking), the UE shall:

- 1) acknowledge the response with an ACK request; and
- 2) send a BYE request to this dialog in order to terminate it.

Upon receiving a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response to an initial INVITE request, the originating UE should send a new INVITE request containing SDP according to the procedures defined in subclause 6.1.

NOTE 6: An example of where a new request would not be sent is where knowledge exists within the UE, or interaction occurs with the user, such that it is known that the resulting SDP would describe a session that did not meet the user requirements.

Upon receiving a 421 (Extension Required) response to an initial INVITE request in which the precondition mechanism was not used, including the "precondition" option tag in the Require header, the originating UE shall:

- send a new INVITE request using the precondition mechanism, if the originating UE supports the precondition mechanism; and
- send an UPDATE request as soon as the necessary resources are available and a 200 (OK) response for the first PRACK request has been received.

Upon receiving a 503 (Service Unavailable) response to an initial INVITE request containing a Retry-After header, then the originating UE shall not automatically reattempt the request until after the period indicated by the Retry-After header contents.

In the event the UE receives a 380 (Alternative Service) response to an INVITE request the response containing a P-Asserted-Identity header field with a value equal to the value of the last entry on the Path header field value received during registration and the response containing a 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body as described in subclause 7.6 that includes an <ims-3gpp> element, including a version attribute, with an <alternative-service> child element with the <type> child element set to "emergency" (see table 7.7AA), the UE shall attempt an emergency call as described in subclause 5.1.6.

NOTE 7: The last entry on the Path header field value received during registration is the value of the SIP URI of the P-CSCF.

5.1.6.1 General

A CS and IM CN subsystem capable UE shall follow the conventions and rules specified in 3GPP TS 22.101 [1A] and 3GPP TS 23.167 [4B] to select the domain for the emergency call attempt. If the CS domain is selected, the UE shall attempt an emergency call setup according to the procedures described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

The UE shall determine, whether it is currently attached to its home operator's network (e.g. HPLMN) or to a different network than its home operator's network (e.g. VPLMN) by applying access technology specific procedures described in the access technology specific annexes.

If the IM CN subsystem is selected and the UE is currently attached to its home operator's network (e.g. HPLMN) and the UE is currently registered, the UE shall attempt an emergency call as described in subclause 5.1.6.8.4.

If the IM CN subsystem is selected and the UE is currently attached to its home operator's network (e.g. HPLMN) and the UE is not currently registered, the UE shall:

- 1) perform an initial emergency registration, as described in subclause 5.1.6.2; and
- 2) attempt an emergency call as described in subclause 5.1.6.8.3.

If the IM CN subsystem is selected and the UE is attached to a different network than its home operator's network (e.g. VPLMN) and the assigned P CSCF is located in its home operator's network (e.g. in the HPLMN), the UE shall:

1) perform an initial emergency registration, as described in subclause 5.1.6.2; and

2) attempt an emergency call as described in subclause 5.1.6.8.3.

If the IM CN subsystem is selected and the UE has no credentials the UE can make an emergency call without being registered. The UE shall attempt an emergency call as described in subclause 5.1.6.8.2.

The IP-CAN can, dependaent on the IP-CAN capabilities, provide local emergency numbers <u>(including information about emergency service categories)</u> to the UE which has that capability, in order for the UE to recognize these numbers as emergency call.

5.1.6.2 Initial emergency registration

When the user initiates an emergency call, if emergency registration is needed, the UE shall perform an emergency registration prior to sending the SIP request related to the emergency call.

The UE shall have only one valid emergency registration at any given time. If the UE initiates a new emergency registration using different contact address, and the previous emergency registration has not expired, the UE shall consider the previous emergency registration as expired.

IP-CAN procedures for emergency registration are defined in 3GPP TS 23.167 [4B] and in each access technology specific annex.

When a UE performs an initial emergency registration the UE shall perform the actions as specified in subclause 5.1.1.2 with the following additions:

- the UE shall include a "sos" URI parameter in the Contact header field as described in subclause 7.2A.12, indicating that this is an emergency registration and that the associated contact address shall be used only for emergency servicepopulate the To and From header in the REGISTER request with the emergency public user-identity as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [3].

When the UE performs an initial emergency registration and whilst this emergency registration is active, the UE shall:

- handle the emergency registration independently from any other ongoing registration to the IM CN subsystem;
- handle any signalling or media related IP-CAN for the purpose of emergency calls independently from any other established IP-CAN for IM CN subsystem related signalling or media; and
- handle all SIP signalling and all media related to the emergency call independently from any other ongoing IM CN subsystem signalling and media.

5.1.6.3 Initial subscription to the registration-state event package

<u>Upon receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request that completes the emergency registration, t</u>The UE shall not subscribe to the reg event package of the for any emergency public user identity specified in the REGISTER request.

5.1.6.6 User-initiated emergency deregistration

<u>Once the UE registers a public user identity and an associated contact address via emergency registration, t</u>The UE shall not perform user-initiated deregistration of <u>the respective</u> any registered emergency-public user identity and the associated contact address.

NOTE: The UE will be deregistered when the emergency registration expires.

5.1.6.8.1 General

The UE shall translate any user indicated emergency number as specified in 3GPP TS 22.101 [1A] to an emergency service URN, i.e. a service URN with a top-level service type of "sos" service type as specified in draft-ietf-ecrit-service-urn [69]. <u>A Request-URI of an initial request for a dialog or a standalone transaction, or an unknown method transmitted as part of UE detected emergency call procedures as defined in subclause 5.1.6 shall include one of the following service URNs; "urn:service:sos", "urn:service:sos.ambulance", "urn:service:sos.police", "urn:service:sos.fire", "urn:service:sos.marine", "urn:service:sos.mountain". If the UE can determine the type of emergency service the UE shall include aAn additional sub-service type-can be added if information on the type of emergency service is known.</u>

NOTE 1: A service URN with a top-level service type of "sos" is used only when the user intends to establish an emergency call.

In the event the UE receives a 380 (Alternative Service) response to an INVITE request the response containing a <u>3GPP</u> XML body that includes <u>an <ims-3gpp> element</u>, including a version attribute, with an <alternative_ service>child element with the <type> child element set to "emergency (see table 7.7AA)", the UE shall automatically send an ACK request to the P-CSCF as per normal SIP procedures and terminate the session. <u>In addition, if the 380 (Alternative Service) response includes a P-Asserted-Identity header field with a value equal to the value of the last entry on the Path header field value received during registration one of subclause 5.1.6.8.3 or subclause 5.1.6.8.4 applies.</u>

NOTE 1: The UE can attempt an emergency call setup according to the procedures described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

- NOTE 21: Emergency numbers which the UE does not detect, will be treated as a normal call.
- NOTE <u>32</u>: The last entry on the Path header field value received during registration is the value of the SIP URI of the P-CSCF.

5.1.6.8.2 Emergency session set-up in case of no registration

When establishing an emergency session for an unregistered user, the UE shall be allowed to receive responses to emergency requests and requests inside an established emergency session on the unprotected ports. All other messages not arriving on a protected port shall be rejected or silently discarded by the UE.

Prior to establishing an emergency session for an unregistered user, the UE shall acquire a local IP address, discover a P-CSCF, and establish an IP-CAN bearer that can be used for SIP signalling. The UE shall send only the initial INVITE requests to the port advertised to the UE during the P-CSCF discovery procedure. If the UE does not receive any specific port information during the P-CSCF discovery procedure, the UE shall send the initial INVITE request to the SIP default port values as specified in RFC 3261 [26].

The UE shall apply the procedures as specified in subclause 5.1.2A.1 and subclause 5.1.3 with the following additions:

- 1) the UE shall set the From header field of the INVITE request to "Anonymous" as specified in RFC 3261 [26];
- the UE shall include a service URN in the Request-URI in of the initial INVITE request in accordance with subclause 5.1.6.8.1 that contains an emergency service URN, i.e. a service URN with a top level service type of "sos" as specified in draft ietf ecrit service urn [69]. An additional sub service type can be added if information on the type of emergency service is known;
- NOTE 1: Other specifications make provision for emergency service identifiers, that are not specifically the emergency service URN, to be recognised in the UE. Emergency service identifiers which the UE does not detect will be treated as a normal call by the UE.
- 3) the UE shall insert in the INVITE request, a To header with:
 - the same emergency service URN as in the Request URI; or
 - if the UE cannot perform local dialstring interpretation for the dialled digits, a dialstring URI representing the dialled digits in accordance with RFC 4967 [103] or a tel URL representing the dialled digits;
- NOTE 2: This version of this document does not provide any specified handling of a URI with the dialled digits in accordance with RFC 4967 [103] at an entity within the IM CN susbsystem. Behaviour when this is used is therefore not defined.
- 4) if available to the UE (as defined in the access technology specific annexes for each access technology), the UE shall include in the P-Access-Network-Info header in any request for a dialog, any subsequent request (except ACK requests and CANCEL requests) or response (except CANCEL responses) within a dialog or any request. The UE shall populate the P-Access-Network-Info header with the current point of attachment to the IP-CAN as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4). The P-Access-Network-Info header contains the location identifier such as the cell id, the line id or the identity of the I-WLAN access node, which is relevant for routeing the IMS emergency call;
- 5) the UE shall populate the P-Preferred-Identity header in the INVITE request with an equipment identifier as a SIP URI. The special details of the equipment identifier to use depends on the IP-CAN;

- 6) a Contact header set to include SIP URI that contains in the hostport parameter the IP address of the UE and an unprotected port where the UE will receive incoming requests belonging to this dialog. The UE shall not include either the public or temporary GRUU in the Contact header;
- 7) a Via header set to include the IP address of the UE in the sent-by field and for the UDP the unprotected server port value where the UE will receive response to the emergency request, while for the TCP, the response is received on the TCP connection on which the emergency request was sent;
- 8) if the UE has its location information available, it shall include the location information in the INVITE request in the following way:
 - if the UE is aware of the URI that points to where the UE's location is stored, include the URI in the Geolocation header in accordance with draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]; or
 - if the geographical location information of the UE is available to the UE, include its geographical location information as PIDF location object in accordance with RFC 4119 [90] and include the location object in a message body with the content type application/pidf+xml in accordance with draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]. The Geolocation header is set to a Content ID in accordance with draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]; and
- 9) if the UE has no geographical location information available, the UE shall not include any geographical location information as specified in draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89] in the INVITE request.
- NOTE 3: It is suggested that UE's only use the option of providing a URI when the domain part belongs to the current P-CSCF or S-CSCF provider. This is an issue on which the network operator needs to provide guidance to the end user. A URI that is only resolvable to the UE which is making the emergency call is not desirable.
- NOTE 4: During the dialog, the points of attachment to the IP-CAN of the UE can change (e.g. UE connects to different cells). The UE will populate the P-Access-Network-Info header in any request or response within a dialog with the current point of attachment to the IP-CAN (e.g. the current cell information).

The UE shall build a proper preloaded Route header value for all new dialogs. The UE shall build a Route header value containing only the P-CSCF URI (containing the unprotected port number and the IP address or the FQDN learnt through the P-CSCF discovery procedures).

When a SIP transaction times out, i.e. timer B, timer F or timer H expires at the UE, the UE may behave as if timer F expired, as described in subclause 5.1.1.4.

NOTE 5: It is an implementation option whether these actions are also triggered by other means.

- NOTE 6: A number of headers can reveal information about the identity of the user. Where privacy is required, implementers should also give consideration to other headers that can reveal identity information. RFC 3323 [33] subclause 4.1 gives considerations relating to a number of headers.
- NOTE 7: RFC 3261 [26] provides for the use of the Priority header field with a suggested value of "emergency". It is not precluded that emergency sessions contain this value, but such usage will have no impact on the processing within the IM CN subsystem.

5.1.6.8.3 Emergency session set-up within an emergency registration

After a successful initial emergency registration, the UE shall apply the procedures as specified in subclause 5.1.2A, 5.1.3 and 5.1.4 with the following additions:

- 1) the UE shall insert in the INVITE request, a From header that includes the public user identity registered via emergency registration or the tel URI associated with the public user identity registered via emergency registration, as described in subclause 4.2;
- +2) the UE shall include a service URN in the Request URI inof the INVITE request in accordance with subclause 5.1.6.8.1 that contains an emergency service URN, i.e. a service URN with a top level service type of "sos" as specified in draft ietf ecrit service urn [69]. An additional sub service type can be added if information on the type of emergency service is known;
- 23) the UE shall insert in the INVITE request, a To header with:

- the same emergency service URN as in the Request URI; or
- if the UE cannot perform local dialstring interpretation for the dialled digits, a dialstring URI representing the dialled digits in accordance with RFC 4967 [103] or a tel URL representing the dialled digits;
- NOTE 1: This version of this document does not provide any specified handling of a URI with the dialled digits in accordance with RFC 4967 [103] at an entity within the IM CN susbsystem. Behaviour when this is used is therefore not defined.
- 3) the UE shall insert in the INVITE request, a From header that includes the emergency public user identity or the tel URI associated with the emergency public user identity, as described in subclause 4.2;
- 4) if available to the UE, and if defined for the access type as specified in subclause 7.2A.4, the P-Access-Network-Info header shall contain a location identifier such as the cell id, line id or the identity of the I-WLAN access node, which is relevant for routeing the emergency call;
- NOTE 2: 3GPP TS 23.167 [4B] describes several methods how the UE can get its location information from the access network or from a server. Such methods are not in the scope of this specification.
- 45) the UE shall insert in the INVITE request, a P-Preferred-Identity header that includes the emergency public user identity registered via emergency registration or the tel URI associated with the emergency public user registered via emergency registration identity as described in subclause 4.2;

<u>6) void;</u>

57) if the UE has its location information available, it shall include it in the INVITE request in the following way:

- if the UE is aware of the URI that points to where the UE's location is stored, include the URI in the Geolocation header in accordance with draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]; or
- if the geographical location information of the UE is available to the UE, include its geographical location information as PIDF location object in accordance with RFC 4119 [90] and include the location object in a message body with the content type application/pidf+xml in accordance with draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]. The Geolocation header is set to a Content ID in accordance with draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]; and
- NOTE <u>32</u>: It is suggested that UE's only use the option of providing a URI when the domain part belongs to the current P-CSCF or S-CSCF provider. This is an issue on which the network operator needs to provide guidance to the end user. A URI that is only resolvable to the UE which is making the emergency call is not desirable.
- 68) if the UE has no geographical location information available, the UE shall not include any geographical location information as specified in draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89] in the INVITE request.; and
- 7) if available to the UE, the P Access Network Info header shall contain a location identifier such as the cell id, line id or the identity of the I WLAN access node, which is relevant for routeing the IMS emergency call.
- NOTE 3: The IMS emergency specification in 3GPP TS 23.167 [4B] describes several methods how the UE can get its location information from the access network or from a server. Such methods are not in the scope of this specification.
- NOTE 4: RFC 3261 [26] provides for the use of the Priority header field with a suggested value of "emergency". It is not precluded that emergency sessions contain this value, but such usage will have no impact on the processing within the IM CN subsystem.

Upon receiving a 380 (Alternative Service) response to the INVITE request, with a P-Asserted-Identity header field with a value equal to the value of the last entry on the Path header field value received during registration, and the 380 (Alternative Service) response including a IM CN subsystem XML body, with an <ims-3gpp> element, including a version attribute, with an <a href="https://www.alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-with-alternative-services-child-element-ser

 if the action element in the IM CN subsystem XML body as described in subclause 7.6 is set to "emergencyregistration", perform an initial emergency registration using a different VPLMN if available, as described in subclause 5.1.6.2 and if the new emergency registration succeeded, attempt an emergency call as described in this subclause;

- attempt emergency call via CS domain according to the procedures described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8], if available and not already tried; or
- perform implementation specific actions to establish the emergency call.
- NOTE 5: The last entry on the Path header field value received during registration is the value of the SIP URI of the P-CSCF.

5.1.6.8.4 Emergency session setup within a non-emergency registration

The UE shall apply the procedures as specified in subclauses 5.1.2A, 5.1.3 and 5.1.4 with the following additions:

- the UE shall include a service URN in the Request URI inof the INVITE request in accordance with subclause 5.1.6.8.1 that contains an emergency service URN, i.e. a service URN with a top-level service type of "sos" as specified in draft ietf ecrit service urn [69]. An additional sub service type can be added if informationon the type of emergency service is known;
- 2) the UE shall insert in the INVITE request, a To header with:
 - the same emergency service URN as in the Request URI; or
 - if the UE cannot perform local dialstring interpretation for the dialled digits, a dialstring URI representing the dialled digits in accordance with RFC 4967 [103] or a tel URL representing the dialled digits;
- NOTE 1: This version of this document does not provide any specified handling of a URI with the dialled digits in accordance with RFC 4967 [103] at an entity within the IM CN susbsystem. Behaviour when this is used is therefore not defined.
- 3) the UE shall insert in the INVITE request, a From header that includes the public user identity or the tel URI associated with the public user identity, as described in subclause 4.2;
- 4) if available to the UE, and if defined for the access type as specified in subclause 7.2A.4, the P-Access-Network-Info header shall contain a location identifier such as the cell id, line id or the identity of the I-WLAN access node, which is relevant for routeing the emergency call;
- NOTE 2: 3GPP TS 23.167 [4B] describes several methods how the UE can get its location information from the access network or from a server. Such methods are not in the scope of this specification.
- 54) the UE shall insert in the INVITE request a P-Preferred-Identity that includes the public user identity or the tel URI associated with the public user identity as described in subclause 4.2;

<u>65</u>) if the UE has its location information available, it shall include it in the INVITE request in the following way:

- if the UE is aware of the URI that points to where the UE's location is stored, include the URI in the Geolocation header in accordance with draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]; or
- if the geographical location information of the UE is available to the UE, include its geographical location information as PIDF location object in accordance with RFC 4119 [90] and include the location object in a message body with the content type application/pidf+xml in accordance with draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]. The Geolocation header is set to a Content ID in accordance with draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]; and
- 6) if available to the UE, the P Access Network Info header shall contain a location identifier such as the cell id, line id or the identity of the I WLAN access node, which is relevant for routeing the IMS emergency call; and
- 7) if the UE has no geographical location information available, the UE shall not include any geographical location information as specified in draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89] in the INVITE request.
- NOTE <u>32</u>: It is suggested that UE's only use the option of providing a URI when the domain part belongs to the current P-CSCF or S-CSCF provider. This is an issue on which the network operator needs to provide guidance to the end user. A URI that is only resolvable to the UE which is making the emergency call is not desirable.
- 8) if a public GRUU value (pub-gruu) has been saved associated with the public user identity to be used for this request, and the UE does not indicate privacy of the P-Asserted-Identity, then insert the public GRUU (pub-

gruu) value in the Contact header as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93]; otherwise the UE shall include the protected server port in the address in the Contact header.

Upon receiving a 380 (Alternative Service) response to the INVITE request, with <u>a P-Asserted-Identity header field</u> with a value equal to the value of the last entry on the Path header field received during registration, and with the 380 (Alternative Service) response include a IM CN subsystem XML body, with an <ims-3gpp> element, including a version attribute, with an <a transference child element with the a <type> child element set to "emergency" (see table 7.7AA) and the <a transference child element of the <a transference child element of the <ims 3gpp> element in the IM CN subsystem XML body as described in subclause 7.6 set to "emergency registration" (see table 7.7AB), the UE shall:

1) perform an initial emergency registration, as described in subclause 5.1.6.2; and

2) attempt an emergency call as described in subclause 5.1.6.8.3.

- if the action element in the IM CN subsystem XML body as described in subclause 7.6 is set to "emergencyregistration", perform an initial emergency registration, as described in subclause 5.1.6.2 and attempt an emergency call as described in subclause 5.1.6.8.3;
- attempt emergency call via CS domain according to the procedures described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8], if available and not already tried; or
- perform implementation specific actions to establish the emergency call.
- Editor's Note: It is FFS how the UE will indicate if no location is available if the UE does not support draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89].
- NOTE 3: The IMS emergency specification in 3GPP TS 23.167 [4B] describes several methods how the UE can get its location information from the access network or from a server. Such methods are not in the scope of this specification.
- NOTE 4: RFC 3261 [26] provides for the use of the Priority header field with a suggested value of "emergency". It is not precluded that emergency sessions contain this value, but such usage will have no impact on the processing within the IM CN subsystem.
- NOTE 5: The last entry on the Path header field value received during registration is the value of the SIP URI of the P-CSCF.

5.2.1 General

Subclause 5.2.2 through subclause 5.2.9 define P-CSCF procedures for SIP that do not relate to emergency. All SIP requests are first screened according to the procedures of subclause 5.2.10 to see if they do relate to an emergency.

The P-CSCF shall support the Path and Service-Route headers.

NOTE 1: The Path header is only applicable to the REGISTER request and its 200 (OK) response. The Service-Route header is only applicable to the 200 (OK) response of REGISTER request.

When the P-CSCF sends any request or response to the UE, before sending the message the P-CSCF shall:

- remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses and P-Charging-Vector headers, if present.

When the P-CSCF receives any request or response from the UE, the P-CSCF shall:

- remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses and P-Charging-Vector headers, if present. Also, the P-CSCF shall ignore any data received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses and P-Charging-Vector headers;
- may insert previously saved values into the P-Charging-Function-Addresses and P-Charging-Vector headers before forwarding the message.
- NOTE 2: When the P-CSCF is located in the visited network, then it will not receive the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header from the S-CCF, IBCF, or I-CSCF. Instead, the P-CSCF discovers charging function addresses by other means not specified in this document.

- remove any P-Access-Network-Info header if such header contains a "network-provided" parameter; and

- if the P-CSCF has access to a NASS supporting the UE, and the request is not an ACK request or CANCEL
 request or CANCEL response, add a P-Access-Network-Info header field that contains the "network-provided"
 parameter, and include other parameters in the P-Access-Network-Info header in accordance with the information received from the NASS.
- <u>NOTE 2A:</u> Addition of the P-Access-Network-Info header by proxies, and repetition of the P-Access-Network-Info header within the same request or response, requires an update to RFC 3455 before such usage is valid.

When the P-CSCF receives any request or response containing the P-Media-Authorization header, the P-CSCF shall remove the header.

NOTE 3: When a security association was set up at registration, the P-CSCF will integrity protect all SIP messages sent to the UE outside of the registration and authentication procedures by using <u>athe</u> security association. When a security association was set up at registration, the P-CSCF will discard any SIP message that is not protected by using <u>athe</u> security association and is received outside of the registration and authentication procedures. The integrity and confidentiality protection and checking requirements on the P-CSCF within the registration and authentication procedures are defined in subclause 5.2.2.

In case IPsec is employed as security mechanism and an IPsec security association is established and the UE has requested symmetric response routing via an "rport" parameter in the topmost Via header field, in accordance with RFC 3581 [56A], the P-CSCF shall use the ports used for establishing the IPsec security association to forward responses, i.e. the P-CSCF shall ignore the request for symmetric response routeing.

For each registration, the P-CSCF determines the type of access security to apply:

- <u>if the initial REGISTER contains the Security-Client header field, the P-CSCF shall behave as specified in</u> <u>subclause 5.2.2;</u>
- otherwise, the P-CSCF shall behave as specified in subclause 5.2.2A.

With the exception of 305 (Use Proxy) responses, the P-CSCF shall not recurse on 3xx responses.

NOTE 4: If the P CSCF is connected to a PDF the requirements for this interconnection is specified in the Release 6 version of this specification.

When the P-CSCF receives a SIP request or SIP response containing the P-Early-Media header, the P-CSCF may add, remove, or modify, the header depending on whether media will be allowed to traverse to/from the UE at the point when the header is received.

NOTE 54: The P-CSCF can use the header for the gate control procedures, as described in 3GPP TS 29.214 [13D].

In case a device performing address and/or port number conversions is provided by a NA(P)T or NA(P)T-PT controlled by the P-CSCF, the P-CSCF may need to modify the SIP contents according to the procedures described in annex F. In case a device performing address and/or port number conversions is provided by a NA(P)T or NA(P)T-PT not controlled by the P-CSCF, the P-CSCF may need to modify the SIP contents according to the procedures described in annex K if both a reg-id and instance ID parameter are present in the received contact header as described in draft-ieft-outbound [92].

5.2.2 Registration (with security association set-up)

The P-CSCF shall be prepared to receive only the initial REGISTER requests on the SIP default port values as specified in RFC 3261 [26]. The P-CSCF shall also be prepared to receive only the initial REGISTER requests on the port advertised to the UE during the P-CSCF discovery procedure.

When the P-CSCF receives a REGISTER request from the UE, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) insert a Path header in the request including an entry containing:
 - the SIP URI identifying the P-CSCF;
 - an indication that requests routed in this direction of the path (i.e. from the S-CCF towards the P-CSCF) are expected to be treated as for the UE-terminating case. This indication may e.g. be in a parameter in the URI, a character string in the user part of the URI, or be a port number in the URI;

- 2) insert a Require header containing the option tag "path";
- 3) insert a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17] and a type 1 orig-ioi parameter. The P-CSCF shall set the type 1 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The P-CSCF shall not include the type 1 term-ioi parameter;
- 4) insert the parameter "integrity-protected" (described in subclause 7.2A.2) with a value "yes" into the Authorization header field in case the REGISTER request was either received protected with the security association created during an ongoing authentication procedure and includes an authentication challenge response (i.e. RES parameter), or it was received on the security association created during the last successful authentication procedure and with no authentication challenge response (i.e. no RES parameter), otherwise insert the parameter with the value "no";
- 5) in case the REGISTER request was received without protection, then check the existence of the Security-Client header. If the header is present, then remove and store it. If the header is not present, then the P-CSCF shall return a suitable 4xx response;
- 6) in case the REGISTER request was received protected, then the P-CSCF shall:
 - a) check the security association which protected the request. If the security association is a temporary one, then the request is expected to contain a Security-Verify header in addition to a Security-Client header. If there are no such headers, then the P-CSCF shall return a suitable 4xx response. If there are such headers, then the P-CSCF shall compare the content of the Security-Verify header with the content of the Security-Server header sent earlier and the content of the Security-Client header with the content of the Security-Client header received in the challenged REGISTER. If those do not match, then there is a potential man-in-themiddle attack. The request should be rejected by sending a suitable 4xx response. If the contents match, the P-CSCF shall remove the Security-Verify and the Security-Client header;
 - b) if the security association the REGISTER request was received on, is an already established one, then:
 - the P-CSCF shall remove the Security-Verify header if it is present;
 - a Security-Client header containing new parameter values is expected. If this header or any required parameter is missing, then the p-CSCF shall return a suitable 4xx response;
 - the p-CSCF shall remove and store the Security-Client header before forwarding the request to the S-CCF; and
 - c) check if the private user identity conveyed in the Authorization header of the protected REGISTER request is the same as the private user identity which was previously challenged or authenticated. If the private user identities are different, the p-CSCF shall reject the REGISTER request by returning a 403 (Forbidden) response;
- 7) insert a P-Visited-Network-ID header field, with the value of a pre-provisioned string that identifies the visited network at the home network;
- 8) if the p-CSCF is located in the visited network, and local policy requires the application of IBCF capabilities in the visited network towards the home network, forward the request to an IBCF in the visited network

If the selected exit point:

- does not respond to the REGISTER request and its retransmissions by the P-CSCF; or
- sends back a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to a REGISTER request;

the p-CSCF shall select a new exit point and forward the original REGISTER request.

NOTE 1: The list of the exit points can be either obtained as specified in RFC 3263 [27A] or provisioned in the P-CSCF.

If the P-CSCF fails to forward the REGISTER request to any exit point, the P-CSCF shall send back a 504 (Server Time-Out) response to the user, in accordance with the procedures in RFC 3261 [26] unless local policy allows omitting the exit point; and

- NOTE 2: If the P-CSCF forwards the request to an IBCF in the visited network, the IBCF can determine the entry point of the home network, using the same mechanisms as described in note 1 above. In that case the P-CSCF does not need to determine the entry point of the home network.
- 9) <u>if the P-CSCF is located in the visited network and local policy does not require the application of IBCF capabilities in the visited network towards the home network, determine the entry point of the home network and forward the request to that entry point.</u>

If the selected entry point:

- does not respond to the REGISTER request and its retransmissions by the P-CSCF; or
- sends back a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to a REGISTER request;

the P-CSCF shall select a new entry point and forward the original REGISTER request.

NOTE 3: The list of the entry points can be either obtained as specified in RFC 3263 [27A] or provisioned in the P-CSCF.

If the P-CSCF fails to forward the REGISTER request to any entry point, the P-CSCF shall send back a 504 (Server Time-Out) response to the user, in accordance with the procedures in RFC 3261 [26]; and-

10) if the P-CSCF is located in the home network, determine the I-CSCF of the home network and forward the request to that I-CSCF.

If the selected I-CSCF:

- does not respond to the REGISTER request and its retransmissions by the P-CSCF; or

- sends back a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to a REGISTER request;

the P-CSCF shall select a new I-CSCF and forward the original REGISTER request.

<u>NOTE 3A:</u> The list of the I-CSCFs can be either obtained as specified in RFC 3263 [27A] or provisioned in the P-<u>CSCF.</u>

If the P-CSCF fails to forward the REGISTER request to any I-CSCF, the P-CSCF shall send back a 504 (Server Time-Out) response to the user, in accordance with the procedures in RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives a 401 (Unauthorized) response to a REGISTER request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) delete any temporary set of security associations established towards the UE;
- remove the CK and IK values contained in the 401 (Unauthorized) response and bind them to the proper private user identity and to the temporary set of security associations which will be setup as a result of this challenge. The P-CSCF shall forward the 401 (Unauthorized) response to the UE if and only if the CK and IK have been removed;
- 3) insert a Security-Server header in the response, containing the P-CSCF static security list and the parameters needed for the security association setup, as specified in annex H of 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. The P-CSCF shall support the "ipsec-3gpp" security mechanism, as specified in RFC 3329 [48]. The P-CSCF shall support the IPsec layer algorithms for integrity and confidentiality protection as defined in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] and shall announce support for them according to the procedures defined in RFC 3329 [48];
- 4) set up the temporary set of security associations with a temporary SIP level lifetime between the UE and the P-CSCF for the user identified with the private user identity. For further details see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] and RFC 3329 [48]. The P-CSCF shall set the temporary SIP level lifetime for the temporary set of security associations to the value of reg-await-auth timer; and
- 5) send the 401 (Unauthorized) response to the UE using the security association with which the associated REGISTER request was protected, or unprotected in case the REGISTER request was received unprotected.
- NOTE 4: The challenge in the 401 (Unauthorized) response sent back by the S-CCF to the UE as a response to the REGISTER request is piggybacked by the P-CSCF to insert the Security-Server header field in it. The S-CCF authenticates the UE, while the P-CSCF negotiates and sets up two pairs of security associations with the UE during the same registration procedure. For further details see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

When the P-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response to a REGISTER request, the P-CSCF shall check the value of the Expires header field and/or Expires parameter in the Contact header. When the value of the Expires header field and/or expires parameter in the Contact header is different than zero, then the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) save the list of Service-Route headers preserving the order. The P-CSCF shall store this list during the entire registration period of the respective public user identity. The P-CSCF shall use this list to validate the routeing information in the requests originated by the UE. If this registration is a reregistration, the P-CSCF shall replace the already existing list of Service-Route headers with the new list;
- 2) associate the Service-Route header list with the registered public user identity;
- store the public user identities and wildcarded public user identities, found in the P-Associated-URI header value, including any associated display names, and associate them to the registered public user identity, i.e. the registered public user identity and its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities and implicitly registered wildcarded public user identities;
- 4) store the default public user identity, including its associated display name, if provided, for use with procedures for the P-Asserted-Identity header. The default public user identity is the first on the list of URIs present in the P-Associated-URI header;
- NOTE 5: There can be more than one default public user identity stored in the P-CSCF, as the result of the multiple registrations of public user identities.
- 5) store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;
- 6) if a term-ioi parameter is received in the P-Charging-Vector header, store the value of the received term-ioi parameter;
- NOTE 6: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 1 term-ioi. The type 1 term-ioi identifies the home network of the registered user.
- if an existing set of security association is available, set the SIP level lifetime of the security association to the longest of either the previously existing security association lifetime, or the lifetime of the just completed registration plus 30 seconds;
- 8) if a temporary set of security associations exists, change the temporary set of security associations to a newly established set of security associations, i.e. set its SIP level lifetime to the longest of either the previously existing set of security associations SIP level lifetime, or the lifetime of the just completed registration plus 30 seconds; and
- 9) protect the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request within the same security association to that in which the request was protected.

When receiving a SIP message (including REGISTER requests) from the UE over the newly established set of security associations that have not yet been taken into use, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) reduce the SIP level lifetime of the old set of security associations towards the same UE to 64*T1 (if currently longer than 64*T1); and
- 2) use the newly established set of security associations for further messages sent towards the UE as appropriate (i.e. take the newly established set of security associations into use).
- NOTE 7: In this case, the P-CSCF will send requests towards the UE over the newly established set of security associations. Responses towards the UE that are sent via UDP will be sent over the newly established set of security associations. Responses towards the UE that are sent via TCP will be sent over the same set of security associations that the related request was received on.
- NOTE 8: When receiving a SIP message (including REGISTER requests) from the UE over a set of security associations that is different from the newly established set of security associations, the P-CSCF will not take any action on any set of security associations.

When the SIP level lifetime of an old set of security associations is about to expire, i.e. their SIP level lifetime is shorter than 64*T1 and a newly established set of security associations has not been taken into use, the P-CSCF shall use the newly established set of security associations for further messages towards the UE as appropriate (see note 5).

When sending the 200 (OK) response for a REGISTER request that concludes a re-authentication, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) keep the set of security associations that was used for the REGISTER request that initiated the re-authentication;
- 2) keep the newly established set of security associations created during this authentication;
- 3) delete, if existing, any other set of security associations towards this UE immediately; and
- 4) go on using for further requests sent towards the UE the set of security associations that was used to protect the REGISTER request that initiated the re-authentication.

When sending the 200 (OK) response for a REGISTER request that concludes an initial authentication, i.e. the initial REGISTER request was received unprotected, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) keep the newly established set of security associations created during this authentication;
- 2) delete, if existing, any other set of security associations towards this UE immediately; and
- 3) use the kept newly established set of security associations for further messages sent towards the UE.
- NOTE 9: The P-CSCF will maintain two Route header lists. The first Route header list created during the registration procedure is used only to validate the routeing information in the initial requests that originate from the UE. This list is valid during the entire registration of the respective public user identity. The second Route list constructed from the Record Route headers in the initial INVITE and associated response is used during the duration of the call. Once the call is terminated, the second Route list is discarded.

The P-CSCF shall delete any security association from the IPsec database when their SIP level lifetime expires.

The handling of the security associations at the P-CSCF is summarized in table 5.2.2-1.

	Temporary set of security associations	Newly established set of security associations	Old set of security associations
SIP message received over newly established set of security associations that have not yet been taken into use	No action	Take into use	Reduce SIP level lifetime to 64*T1, if lifetime is larger than 64*T1
SIP message received over old set of security associations	No action	No action	No action
Old set of security associations currently in use will expire in 64*T1	No action	Take into use	No action
Sending an authorization challenge within a 401 (Unauthorized) response for a REGISTER request	Create Remove any previously existing temporary set of security associations	No action	No action
Sending 200 (OK) response for REGISTER request that concludes re-authentication	Change to a newly established set of security associations	Convert to and treat as old set of security associations (see next column)	Continue using the old set of security associations over which the REGISTER request, that initiated the re- authentication was received. Delete all other old sets of security associations immediately
Sending 200 (OK) response for REGISTER request that concludes initial authentication	Change to a newly established set of security associations and take into use immediately	Convert to old set of security associations, i.e. delete	Delete

Table 5.2.2-1: Handling of security associations at the P-CSCF

5.2.2A Registration without security association set-up

The P-CSCF shall be prepared to receive the initial REGISTER requests on the SIP default port values as specified in RFC 3261 [26]. The P-CSCF shall also be prepared to receive the initial REGISTER requests on the port advertised to the UE during the P-CSCF discovery procedure.

When the P-CSCF receives a REGISTER request from the UE, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) insert a Path header in the request including an entry containing:
 - the SIP URI identifying the P-CSCF;
 - an indication that requests routed in this direction of the path (i.e. from the S-CCF towards the P-CSCF) are expected to be treated as for the UE-terminating case. This indication may e.g. be in a parameter in the URI, a character string in the user part of the URI, or be a port number in the URI;
- 2) insert a Require header containing the option tag "path";
- 3) insert a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17] and a type 1 orig-ioi parameter. The P-CSCF shall set the type 1 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The P-CSCF shall not include the type 1 term-ioi parameter:
- 4) insert a P-Visited-Network-ID header field, with the value of a pre-provisioned string that identifies the visited network at the home network;
- 5) if the P-CSCF is located in the visited network, and local policy requires the application of IBCF capabilities in the visited network towards the home network, forward the request to an IBCF in the visited network

If the selected exit point:

- does not respond to the REGISTER request and its retransmissions by the P-CSCF; or
- sends back a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to a REGISTER request;

the P-CSCF shall select a new exit point and forward the original REGISTER request.

NOTE 1: The list of the exit points can be either obtained as specified in RFC 3263 [27A] or provisioned in the <u>P-CSCF.</u>

If the P-CSCF fails to forward the REGISTER request to any exit point, the P-CSCF shall send back a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) response to the user, in accordance with the procedures in RFC 3261 [26] unless local policy allows omitting the exit point; and

- NOTE 2: If the P-CSCF forwards the request to an IBCF in the visited network, the IBCF can determine the entry point of the home network, using the same mechanisms as described in note 1 above. In that case the P-CSCF does not need to determine the entry point of the home network.
- 6) determine the entry point of the home network and forward the request to that entry point.

If the selected entry point:

- does not respond to the REGISTER request and its retransmissions by the P-CSCF; or
- sends back a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to a REGISTER request;

the P-CSCF shall select a new entry point and forward the original REGISTER request.

<u>NOTE 3:</u> The list of the entry points can be either obtained as specified in RFC 3263 [27A] or provisioned in the <u>P-CSCF.</u>

If the P-CSCF fails to forward the REGISTER request to any entry point, the P-CSCF shall send back a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) response to the user, in accordance with the procedures in RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response to a REGISTER request, the P-CSCF shall check the value of the Expires header field and/or Expires parameter in the Contact header. When the value of the Expires header field and/or expires parameter in the Contact header is different than zero, then the P-CSCF shall:

- save the list of Service-Route headers preserving the order. The P-CSCF shall store this list during the entire registration period of the respective public user identity. The P-CSCF shall use this list to validate the routeing information in the requests originated by the UE. If this registration is a reregistration, the P-CSCF shall replace the already existing list of Service-Route headers with the new list;
- 2) associate the Service-Route header list with the registered public user identity;
- 3) store an association between the IP source address and port of the initial REGISTER request and the public user identities and wildcarded public user identities, found in the P-Associated-URI header value and associate them to the public user identity under registration;
- 4) store an association between the IP source address and port of the initial REGISTER request the default public user identity for use with procedures for the P-Asserted-Identity header. The default public user identity is the first on the list of URIs present in the P-Associated-URI header;
- NOTE 4: There can be more than one default public user identity stored in the P-CSCF, as the result of the multiple registrations of public user identities.
- 5) store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;
- 6) if a term-ioi parameter is received in the P-Charging-Vector header, store the value of the received term-ioi parameter;
- NOTE 5: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 1 term-ioi. The type 1 term-ioi identifies the home network of the registered user.

5.2.4 Registration of multiple public user identities

Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the SUBSCRIBE request the P-CSCF shall maintain the generated dialog (identified by the values of the Call-ID header, and the values of tags in To and From headers).

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request on the dialog which was generated during subscription to the reg event package of the user, the P-CSCF shall perform the following actions:

- 1) for each public user identity whose state attribute in the <registration> element is set to "active", i.e. registered; and
 - the state attribute within the <contact> sub-element is set to "active"; and
 - the value of the <uri> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element is set to the contact address of the user's UE; and
 - the event attribute of that <contact> sub-element(s) is set to "registered" or "created";

the P-CSCF shall:

- bind the indicated public user identity as registered to the contact information of the respective user; and
- add the public user identity to the list of the public user identities that are registered for the user;
- 2) for each public user identity whose state attribute in the <registration> element is set to "active", i.e. registered: and
 - the state attribute within the <contact> sub-element is set to "terminated";
 - the value of the <uri> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element is set to the contact address of the user's UE; and
 - the event attribute of that <contact> sub-element(s) is set to "deactivated", "expired", "probation", "unregistered", or "rejected";

the P-CSCF shall consider the indicated public user identity as deregistered for this user, and shall release all stored information for the public user identity bound to the respective user; and

3) for each public user identity whose state attribute in the <registration> element is set to "terminated", i.e. deregistered; and

- the value of the <uri> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element is set to the contact address of the user's UE; and
- the event attribute of that <contact> sub-element(s) is set to "deactivated", "expired", "probation", "unregistered", or "rejected";

the P-CSCF shall consider the indicated public user identity as deregistered for this UE, and shall release all stored information for these public user identity bound to the respective user and remove the public user identity from the list of the public user identities that are registered for the user.

If all public user identities, that were registered by the user using its private user identity, have been deregistered, the P-CSCF, will receive from the S-CSCF a NOTIFY request that may include the Subscription-State header set to "terminated", as described in subclause 5.4.2.1.2. If the Subscription-State header was not set to "terminated", the P-CSCF may either unsubscribe to the reg event package of the user or let the subscription expire.

- NOTE 1: Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request with the Subscription-State header set to "terminated", the P-CSCF considers the subscription to the reg event package terminated (i.e. as if the P-CSCF had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).
- NOTE 2: There may be public user identities which are implicitly registered within the registrar (S-CSCF) of the user upon registration of one public user identity. The procedures in this subclause provide a mechanism to inform the P-CSCF about these implicitly registered public user identities.

5.2.5.1 User-initiated deregistration

When the P-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response to a REGISTER request (sent according to subclause 5.2.2 <u>or</u> <u>subclause 5.2.2A</u>) sent by this UE, it shall check the value of the Expires header field and/or expires parameter in the Contact header field. When the value of the Expires header field or expires parameter equals zero, then the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove the public user identity found in the To header field, and all the associated public user identities, from the registered public user identities list belonging to this UE and all related stored information; and
- 2) check if the UE has left any other registered public user identity. When all of the public user identities that were registered by this UE are deregistered, the P-CSCF shall delete the security associations <u>(if present)</u> towards the UE, after the server transaction (as defined in RFC 3261 [26]) pertaining to this deregistration terminates.
- NOTE 1: Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request with all <registration> element(s) having their state attribute set to "terminated" (i.e. all public user identities are deregistered) and the Subscription-State header set to "terminated", the P-CSCF considers the subscription to the reg event package terminated (i.e. as if the P-CSCF had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).
- NOTE 2: There is no requirement to distinguish a REGISTER request relating to a registration from that relating to a deregistration. For administration reasons the P-CSCF may distinguish such requests, however this has no impact on the SIP procedures.
- NOTE 3: When the P-CSCF has sent the 200 (OK) response for the REGISTER request of the only public user identity currently registered with its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities (i.e. no other is registered), the P-CSCF removes (if present) the security association established between the P-CSCF and the UE. Therefore further SIP signalling (e.g. the NOTIFY request containing the deregistration event) will not reach the UE.

5.2.5.2 Network-initiated deregistration

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request on the dialog which was generated during subscription to the reg event package of the UE, as described in subclause 5.2.3, including one or more <registration> element(s) which were registered by the UE with either:

- the state attribute set to "terminated"; or
- the state attribute set to "active" and the state attribute within the <contact> sub-element belonging to this UE set to "terminated", and the event attribute within the <contact> sub-element belonging to this UE set to "rejected" or "deactivated";

the P-CSCF shall remove all stored information for these public user identities for this UE and remove these public user identities from the list of the public user identities that are registered for the user.

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request with all <registration> element(s) having their state attribute set to "terminated" (i.e. all public user identities are deregistered) and the Subscription-State header set to "terminated" or when all public user identities of the UE have been deregistered, the P-CSCF shall shorten <u>any existing</u> security associations towards the UE.

- NOTE 1: The security association between the P-CSCF and the UE is shortened to a value that will allow the NOTIFY request containing the deregistration event to reach the UE.
- NOTE 2: When the P-CSCF receives the NOTIFY request with Subscription-State header containing the value of "terminated", the P-CSCF considers the subscription to the reg event package terminated (i.e. as if the P-CSCF had sent a SUBSCRIBE request to the S-CCF with an Expires header containing a value of zero).

5.2.6.2 Determination of UE-originated or UE-terminated case

Upon receipt of an initial request or a target refresh request or a stand-alone transaction, the P-CSCF shall:

- perform the procedures for the UE-terminating case as described in subclause 5.2.6.4 if the request makes use of the information for UE-terminating calls, which was added to the Path header entry of the P-CSCF during registration (see subclause 5.2.2 <u>or subclause 5.2.2A</u>), e.g. the message is received at a certain port or the topmost Route header contains a specific user part or parameter;
- perform the procedures for the UE-originating case as described in subclause 5.2.6.3 if this information is not used by the request.

5.2.6.3 Requests initiated by the UE

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, and the request contains a P-Preferred-Identity header that matches one of the registered public user identities, or wildcarded <u>public user identities</u> the P-CSCF shall identify the initiator of the request by that public user identity.

NOTE 1: If no security association was set-up during registration, the P-CSCF identifies the initiator of the request by matching the IP source address and port of the request with the IP source address entries stored during the registration for which it holds the list of registered public user identities.

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, and the request contains a P-Preferred-Identity header that does not match one of the registered public user identities, or does not contain a P-Preferred-Identity header, the P-CSCF shall identify the initiator of the request by a default public user identity. If there is more than one default public user identity available, the P-CSCF shall randomly select one of them.

NOTE 2: If no security association was set-up during registration, the P-CSCF identifies the initiator of the request by matching the IP source address and port of the request with the IP source address entries stored during the registration for which it holds one or more default public user identities.

NOTE <u>31</u>: The contents of the From header do not form any part of this decision process.

NOTE <u>42</u>: The display-name portion of the P-Preferred-Identity header and the registered public user identities is not included in the comparison to determine a match.

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE an initial request for a dialog, and a Service-Route header list exists for the initiator of the request, the P-CSCF shall:

0A) remove its own SIP URI from the top of the list of Route headers;

- verify that <u>the resulting list of Route headers matches</u> the list of URIs received in the Service-Route header (during the last successful registration or re-registration). This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) return a 400 (Bad Request) response; the P-CSCF shall not forward the request, and shall not continue with the execution of steps 2 onwards; or

- b) replace the preloaded Route header value in the request with the value of the Service-Route header received during the last 200 (OK) response for <u>the last successful</u> a-registration or reregistration;
- if the P-CSCF is located in the visited network, and local policy requires IBCF capabilities in the visited network towards the home network, then the P-CSCF shall select an IBCF in the visited network and add the URI of the selected IBCF to the topmost Route header;

NOTE 53: It is implementation dependent as to how the P-CSCF obtains the address of the IBCF exit point.

- 3) add its own address to the Via header. The P-CSCF Via header entry is built in a format that contains the port number of the P-CSCF in accordance with the procedures of RFC3261 [26], and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address;
- 4) when adding its own SIP URI to the top of the Record-Route header, build the P-CSCF SIP URI in a format that contains the port number of the P-CSCF where it awaits subsequent requests from the called party, and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address;
- 5) remove the P-Preferred-Identity header, if present, and insert a P-Asserted-Identity header with a value including the display name if previously stored during registration representing the initiator of the request;
- 6) add a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17];
- 6A) if the identity of the initiator of the request was taken from P-Preferred-Identity header field by it matching a registered wildcarded public user identity and the P-CSCF supports the SIP P-Profile-Key private header extension, include the wildcarded public user identity value in the P-Profile-Key header field as defined in RFC 5002 [97];
- 7) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, CSeq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the request, based on the topmost Route header, in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;
- 2) store the list of Record-Route headers from the received response;
- 3) store the dialog ID and associate it with the private user identity and public user identity involved in the session;
- 4) <u>if a security association exists</u>, in the response rewrite its own Record Route entry to its own SIP URI that contains the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; and
- NOTE <u>46</u>: The P-CSCF associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details on the selection of the protected port values see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- 5) if the response corresponds to an INVITE request, save the Contact, From, To and Record-Route header field values received in the response such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the response to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE a target refresh request for a dialog, the P-CSCF shall:

1) verify if the request relates to a dialog in which the originator of the request is involved:

- a) if the request does not relates to an existing dialog in which the originator is involved, then the P-CSCF shall answer the request by sending a 403 (Forbidden) response back to the originator. The P-CSCF will not forward the request. No other actions are required; or
- b) if the request relates to an existing dialog in which the originator is involved, then the P-CSCF shall continue with the following steps;
- 1A) remove its own SIP URI from the top of the list of Route headers;
- 2) verify that the <u>resulting</u> list of Route headers in the request matches the stored list of Record-Route headers for <u>constructed by inverting the order of the stored list of Record-Route headers and removing its Record-Route header from the list-the same dialog</u>. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) return a 400 (Bad Request) response; the P-CSCF shall not forward the request, and shall not continue with the execution of steps 3 onwards; or
 - b) replace the Route header value in the request with the stored list of Record-Route headers constructed by inverting the order of the stored list of Record-Route headers and removing its Record-Route header from the list-for the same dialog;
- 3) add its own address to the Via header. The P-CSCF Via header entry is built in a format that contains the port number of the P-CSCF where it awaits the responses to come, and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address, or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address;
- 4) when adding its own SIP URI to the Record-Route header, build the P-CSCF SIP URI in a format that contains the port number of the P-CSCF where it awaits subsequent requests from the called party, and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address; and
- 5) for INVITE dialogs (i.e. dialogs initiated by an INVITE request), replace the saved Contact and Cseq header filed values received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;
- NOTE <u>57</u>: The replaced Contact header field value is valid only if a 1xx or 2xx response will be received for the request. In other cases the old value is still valid.

before forwarding the request, based on the topmost Route header, in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) <u>if a security association exists</u>, rewrite the the address and port number of its own Record Route entry to the same value as for the response to the initial request for the dialog; and
- 2) replace the saved Contact header value received in the response such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the response to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE the request for a standalone transaction, and a Service-Route header list exists for the initiator of the request, the P-CSCF shall:

0A) remove its own SIP URI from the top of the list of Route headers;

- verify that <u>the resulting list of Route headers matches</u> the list of URIs received in the Service-Route header (during the last successful registration or re-registration)-<u>matches the preloaded Route headers in the received-request</u>. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) return a 400 (Bad Request) response; the P-CSCF shall not forward the request, and shall not continue with the execution of steps 3 onwards; or

- b) replace the preloaded Route header value in the request with the one received during the last registration in the Service-Route header of the 200 (OK) response;
- 2) if the P-CSCF is located in the visited network, and local policy requires IBCF capabilities in the visited network towards the home network, then the P-CSCF shall select an IBCF in the visited network and add the URI of the selected IBCF to the topmost Route header;

NOTE 68: It is implementation dependent as to how the P-CSCF obtains the address of the IBCF exit point.

- 3) remove the P-Preferred-Identity header, if present, and insert a P-Asserted-Identity header with a value, including the display name if previously stored during registration, representing the initiator of the request; and
- 4) add a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17];
- 4A) if the identity of the initiator of the request was taken from P-Preferred-Identity header field by it matching a registered wildcarded public user identity and the P-CSCF supports the SIP P-Profile-Key private header extension, include the wildcarded public user identity value in the P-Profile-Key header field as defined in RFC 5002 [97]; and

before forwarding the request, based on the topmost Route header, in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

1) store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;

before forwarding the response to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE subsequent requests other than a target refresh request (including requests relating to an existing dialog where the method is unknown), the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify if the request relates to a dialog in which the originator of the request is involved:
 - a) if the request does not relates to an existing dialog in which the originator is involved, then the P-CSCF shall answer the request by sending a 403 (Forbidden) response back to the originator. The P-CSCF will not forward the request. No other actions are required; or
 - b) if the request relates to an existing dialog in which the originator is involved, then the P-CSCF shall continue with the following steps;
- 1A) remove its own SIP URI from the top of the list of Route headers;
- 2) verify that the <u>resulting</u> list of Route headers in the request matches the stored list of Record-Route headers <u>constructed by inverting the order of the stored list of Record-Route headers and removing its Record-Route header from the list for the same dialog</u>. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) return a 400 (Bad Request) response; the P-CSCF shall not forward the request, and shall not continue with the execution of steps 3 onwards; or
 - b) replace the Route header value in the request with the stored list of Record-Route headers <u>constructed by</u> inverting the order of the stored list of Record-Route headers and removing its Record-Route header from the <u>list-for the same dialog</u>;
- 3) for dialogs that are not INVITE dialogs, add a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17]; and
- 4) for INVITE dialogs, replace the saved Cseq header value received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the request, (based on the topmost Route header,) in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE the request for an unknown method (that does not relate to an existing dialog), and a Service-Route header list exists for the initiator of the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- verify that the list of URIs received in the Service-Route header (during the last successful registration or re-registration) is included, preserving the same order, as a subset of the preloaded Route headers in the received request. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) return a 400 (Bad Request) response; the P-CSCF shall not forward the request, and shall not continue with the execution of steps 2 onwards; or
 - b) replace the Route header value in the request with the one received during the last registration in the Service-Route header of the 200 (OK) response;
- if the P-CSCF is located in the visited network, and local policy requires IBCF capabilities in the visited network towards the home network, then the P-CSCF shall select an IBCF in the visited network and add the URI of the selected IBCF to the topmost Route header; and

NOTE 79: It is implementation dependent as to how the P-CSCF obtains the address of the IBCF exit point.

- 3) remove the P-Preferred-Identity header, if present, and insert a P-Asserted-Identity header with a value, including the display name if previously stored during registration, representing the initiator of the request;
- 3A) if the identity of the initiator of the request was taken from P-Preferred-Identity header field by it matching a registered wildcarded public user identity and the P-CSCF supports the SIP P-Profile-Key private header extension, include the wildcarded public user identity value in the P-Profile-Key header field as defined in RFC 5002 [97];

before forwarding the request, based on the topmost Route header, in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

5.2.6.4 Requests terminated by the UE

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, an initial request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) convert the list of Record-Route header values into a list of Route header values and save this list of Route headers;
- 2) if the request is an INVITE request, save a copy of the Contact, CSeq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 3) when adding its own SIP URI to the top of the list of Record-Route headers and save the list, build the P-CSCF SIP URI in a format that contains <u>if a security association exists</u> the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF;
- 4) when adding its own address to the top of the received list of Via header and save the list, build the P-CSCF Via header entry in a format that <u>contains</u>, if a security association exists the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF;
- NOTE 1: The P-CSCF associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details of the usage of the two ports see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- 5) remove and store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;
- 6) remove and store the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 7) save a copy of the P-Called-Party-ID header;

before forwarding the request to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- remove the P-Preferred-Identity header, if present, and insert a P-Asserted-Identity header with the saved public user identity from the P-Called-Party-ID header that was received in the request, plus the display name if previously stored during registration, representing the initiator of the response;
- 2) verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request;
- 3) verify that the list of URIs received in the Record-Route header of the request corresponding to the same dialog is included, preserving the same order, as a subset of the Record-Route header list of this response. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Record-Route header values with those received in the request, <u>if a security association exists</u> add the port number of its own Record-Route entry with its own SIP URI with the port number where it awaits subsequent requests from the calling party and either:
 - the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to its IP address; or
 - the P-CSCF IP address; and
 - remove the comp parameter <u>if present</u>.

If the verification is successful, the P-CSCF shall, if a security association exists, rewrite its own Record-Route entry to its SIP URI in a format that contains the port number where it awaits subsequent requests from the calling party and either:

- the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to its IP address; or
- the P-CSCF IP address; and
- remove the comp parameter if present;
- 4) store the dialog ID and associate it with the private user identity and public user identity involved in the session; and
- 5) if the response corresponds to an INVITE request, save the Contact, To, From and Record-Route header field value received in the response such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any other response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If these lists do not match, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall:

1) add its own address to the top of the received list of Via header and save the list. The P-CSCF Via header entry is built in a format that contains <u>if a security association exists</u>, the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:

- a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
- b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF;
- NOTE 2: The P-CSCF associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details of the usage of the two ports see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- 2) when adding its own SIP URI to the top of the list of Record-Route headers and save the list, build the P-CSCF SIP URI in a format that contains <u>if a security association exists</u>, the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; and
- 3) for INVITE dialogs, replace the saved Contact and Cseq header field values received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;
- NOTE 3: The replaced Contact header field value is valid only if a 1xx or 2xx response will be received for the request. In other cases the old value is still valid.

Before forwarding the request to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request;
- 2) <u>if a security association exists</u>, rewrite the address and port number of its own Record-Route entry to the same value as for the response to the initial request for the dialog and remove the comp parameter; and
- 3) replace the saved Contact header field value received in the response such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any other response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request; and
- <u>if a security association exists</u>, rewrite the IP address and the port number of its own Record-Route entry to the IP address and the port number where it awaits subsequent requests from the calling party and remove the comp parameter <u>if present</u>;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a request for a standalone transaction, or a request for an unknown method (that does not relate to an existing dialog), prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall:

1) add its own address to the top of the received list of Via header and save the list. The P-CSCF Via header entry is built in a format that contains <u>if a security association exists</u>, the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:

- a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
- b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF;
- NOTE 4: The P-CSCF associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details of the usage of the two ports see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- 2) store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;
- 3) remove and store the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 4) save a copy of the P-Called-Party-ID header;

before forwarding the request to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If these lists do not match, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request; and
- remove the P-Preferred-Identity header, if present, and insert an P-Asserted-Identity header with the saved public user identity from the P-Called-Party-ID header of the request, plus the display name if previously stored during registration, representing the initiator of the response;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a subsequent request for a dialog that is not a target refresh request (including requests relating to an existing dialog where the method is unknown), prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) add its own address to the top of the received list of Via header and save the list The P-CSCF Via header entry is built in a format that contains <u>if a security association exists</u>, the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF;
- NOTE 5: The P-CSCF associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details of the usage of the two ports see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- 2) remove and store the icid parameter from P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 3) for INVITE dialogs, replace the saved Cseq header value received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the request to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If these lists do not match, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

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5.2.7.2 UE-originating case

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE an INVITE request, the P-CSCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the P-CSCF. If the P-CSCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it.

The P-CSCF shall respond to all INVITE requests with a 100 (Trying) provisional response.

If a PCRF exists for the user for which a request is received, the P-CSCF shall also include the

access-network-charging-info parameter (if received via the PCRF over the Rx or Gx interfaces) in the P-Charging-Vector header in the first request originated by the UE that traverses the P-CSCF, as soon as the charging information is available in the P-CSCF, e.g., after the local resource reservation is complete. Typically, this first request is an UPDATE request if the remote UA supports the "integration of resource management in SIP" extension or a re-INVITE request if the remote UA does not support the "integration of resource management in SIP" extension. See subclause 5.2.7.4 for further information on the access network charging information.

5.2.7.3 UE-terminating case

When the P-CSCF receives an INVITE request destined for the UE the P-CSCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the P-CSCF. If the P-CSCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE 1: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it in order to make it work.

When the P-CSCF receives an initial INVITE request destined for the UE, it will have a list of Record-Route headers. Prior to forwarding the initial INVITE, the P-CSCF shall respond to all INVITE requests with a 100 (Trying) provisional response.

<u>If a PCRF exists for the user for which a request or response is received, the</u> P-CSCF shall also include the access-network-charging-info parameter (if received via the PCRF, over the Gr or Gx interfaces) in the P-Charging-Vector header in the first request or response originated by the UE that traverses the P-CSCF, as soon as the charging information is available in the P-CSCF e.g., after the local resource reservation is complete. Typically, this first response is a 180 (Ringing) or 200 (OK) response if the remote UA supports the "integration of resource management in SIP" extension, or a re-INVITE request if the remote UA does not support the "integration of resource management in SIP" extension. See subclause 5.2.7.4 for further information on the access network charging information.

5.2.8.1.1 Cancellation of a session currently being established

Upon receipt of an indication that radio coverage is no longer available for a multimedia session currently being established (e.g. abort session request from PCRF), or of an indication that bearer resources are no longer available for a multimedia session currently being established (e.g. abort session request received from SPDF over the Gq' interface), the P-CSCF shall cancel that dialog by applying the following steps:

- if the P-CSCF serves the calling user of the session, send out a CANCEL request to cancel the INVITE request towards the terminating UE that includes a Reason header containing a 503 (Service Unavailable) status code according to the procedures described in RFC 3261 [26] and RFC 3326 [34A]; and
- 2) if the P-CSCF serves the called user of the session, send out a 503 (Service Unavailable) response to the received INVITE request.

Upon receipt of an indication that QoS resources are no longer available for a multimedia session currently being established (e.g. abort session request from PCRF), or of an indication that bearer resources are no longer available for a multimedia session currently being established (e.g. abort session request received from SPDF over the Gq' interface), the P-CSCF shall cancel that dialog by responding to the original INVITE request with a 503 (Service Unavailable) response, and by sending out a CANCEL request to the INVITE request towards the terminating UE that includes a Reason header containing a 503 (Service Unavailable) status code according to the procedures described in RFC 3261 [26] and RFC 3326 [34A].

5.2.8.1.2 Release of an existing session

Upon receipt of an indication that the radio/bearer interface resources are no longer available for a session (e.g. abort session request PCRF), or of an indication that bearer resources are no longer available for a multimedia session currently being established (e.g. abort session request received from SPDF over the Gq' interface) or upon detecting that the SDP offer conveyed in a SIP response contained parameters which are not allowed according to the local policy (as specified in the subclause 6.2), the P-CSCF shall release the respective dialog by applying the following steps:

- 1) if the P-CSCF serves the calling user of the session it shall generate a BYE request based on the information saved for the related dialog, including:
 - a Request-URI, set to the stored Contact header provided by the called user;
 - a To header, set to the To header value as received in the 200 (OK) response for the initial INVITE request;
 - a From header, set to the From header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a Call-ID header, set to the Call-Id header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a CSeq header, set to the current CSeq value stored for the direction from the calling to the called user, incremented by one;
 - a Route header, set to the routeing information towards the called user as stored for the dialog;
 - a Reason header that contains:
 - a 503 (Service Unavailable) response code, if radio/bearer interface-resources are no longer available; or
 - a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response code, if a SDP offer conveyed in a SIP response contained parameters which are not allowed according to the local policy; and
 - further headers, based on local policy.
- 2) if the P-CSCF serves the calling user of the session and upon detecting that the SDP offer conveyed in a SIP response contained parameters which are not allowed according to the local policy (as specified in the subclause 6.2), then the P-CSCF shall generate an additional BYE request based on the information saved for the related dialog, including:
 - a Request-URI, set to the stored Contact header provided by the calling user;
 - a To header, set to the From header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a From header, set to the To header value as received in the 200 (OK) response for the initial INVITE request;
 - a Call-ID header, set to the Call-Id header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a CSeq header, set to the current CSeq value stored for the direction from the called to the calling user, incremented by one;
 - a Route header, set to the routeing information towards the calling user as stored for the dialog;
 - a Reason header that contains a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response code; and
 - further headers, based on local policy.
- 2) If the P-CSCF serves the called user of the session it shall generate a BYE request based on the information saved for the related dialog, including:

- a Request-URI, set to the stored Contact header provided by the calling user;
- a To header, set to the From header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
- a From header, set to the To header value as received in the 200 (OK) response for the initial INVITE request;
- a Call-ID header, set to the Call-Id header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
- a CSeq header, set to the current CSeq value stored for the direction from the called to the calling user, incremented by one;
- a Route header, set to the routeing information towards the calling user as stored for the dialog;
- a Reason header that contains:
 - a 503 (Service Unavailable) response code;, if radio/bearer interface resources are no longer available; or
 - a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response code, if SDP payload contained parameters which are not allowed according to the local policy; and
- further headers, based on local policy.
- 2A) if the P-CSCF serves the called user of the session and upon detecting that the SDP offer conveyed in a SIP response contained parameters which are not allowed according to the local policy (as specified in the subclause 6.2), then the P-CSCF shall generate an additional BYE request based on the information saved for the related dialog, including:
 - a Request-URI, set to the stored Contact header provided by the called user;
 - a To header, set to the To header value as received in the 200 (OK) response for the initial INVITE request;
 - a From header, set to the From header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a Call-ID header, set to the Call-Id header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a CSeq header, set to the current CSeq value stored for the direction from the calling to the called user, incremented by one;
 - a Route header, set to the routeing information towards the called user as stored for the dialog;
 - a Reason header that contains a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response code; and
 - further headers, based on local policy.
- 3) send the so generated BYE requests towards the indicated users.
- 4) upon receipt of the 2xx responses for the BYE requests, shall delete all information related to the dialog and the related multimedia session.
- 5.2.8.1.4 Release of the existing dialogs due to registration expiration and deletion of the security association

If there are still active dialogs associated with the user after the security associations were deleted, the P-CSCF shall discard all information pertaining to these dialogs without performing any further SIP transactions with the peer entities of the P-CSCF.

NOTE: At the same time, the P-CSCF will also indicate via the Rx or Gx <u>or Gq'</u> interface that the session has been terminated.

5.2.8.3 Session expiration

If the P-CSCF requested the session to be refreshed periodically, and the P-CSCF got the indication that the session will be refreshed, when the session timer expires, the P-CSCF shall delete all the stored information related to the dialog.

NOTE: The P-CSCF will also indicate to the IP-CAN, via the Rx or Gx <u>or Gq'</u> interface, that the session has terminated.

5.2.10.1 General

If the P-CSCF belongs to a network where the registration is not required to obtain emergency service, the P-CSCF shall accept any unprotected request on the IP address and port advertised to the UE during the P-CSCF discovery procedure. The P-CSCF shall also accept any unprotected request on the same IP address and the default port as specified in RFC 3261 [26].

The P-CSCF can handle emergency session and other requests from both a registered user as well as an unregistered user. Certain networks only allow emergency session from registered users.

NOTE 1: If only emergency setup from registered users is allowed, a request from an unregistered user is ignoredsince it is received outside of the security association.

The P-CSCF can handle emergency session establishment within a non-emergency registration, i.e. one that did not contain the "sos" SIP URI parameter in the Contact header field of the 200 (OK) response.

Upon receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request that completes the emergency registration, as identified by the presence of the "sos" SIP URI parameter in the Contact header field of the 200 (OK) response, tThe P-CSCF shall not subscribe to the registration event package of the for any emergency public user identity specified in the REGISTER request.

The P-CSCF shall store a configurable list of local emergency service identifiers, i.e. emergency numbers and the emergency service URNs, which can be resolved in the networkare valid for the operator to which the P-CSCF belongs to. In addition to that, the P-CSCF shall store a configurable list of roaming partners' emergency service identifiers.

NOTE 21: The emergency service URN are is common to all networks, although subtypes may either not necessarily be in use, or a different set of subtypes is in use in different networks. The above requirements do not apply to subtypes of the emergency service URN.

Access technology specific procedures are described in each access technology specific annex to determine whether the initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction or an unknown method is destined for a PSAP.

NOTE 32: Depending on local operator policy, the P CSCF has the capability to reject requests relating to specificmethods in accordance with RFC 3261 [26], as an alternative to the functionality described above.

When the P CSCF responds that the CS domain is to be used for emergency call the P CSCF shall include in the 380-(Alternative Service) response a Content Type header field with the value set to associated MIME type of the 3GPP-IMS XML body as described in subclause 7.6.1.

The P CSCF shall include in the 3GPP IMS XML body:

a) an *<*alternative service*>* element, set to the parameters of the alternative service:

b) a <type> child element, set to "emergency" to indicate that it was an emergency call; and

e) a <reason> child element, set to an operator configurable reason.

The P-CSCF can handle emergency session establishment within a non-emergency registration.

When the P CSCF responds that an emergency registration is required the P CSCF shall include in the 380 (Alternative-Service) response a Content Type header field with the value set to associated MIME type of the 3GPP IMS XML body as described in subclause 7.6.1. The P CSCF shall include in the 3GPP IMS XML body:

- a) an <alternative service> element, set to the parameters of the alternative service;
- b) a <type> child element, set to "emergency" to indicate that it was an emergency call; and
- c) an <action> child element, set to "emergency registration" to indicate that emergency registration is required; and

d) a <reason> child element, set to an operator configurable reason.

NOTE 4: <action> element is used only in a context to indicate the UE that emergency registration is required in the present document. Therefore, this element is defined as optional and shall not be used in other purpose.

NOTE 5: This response is only sent in case if the P CSCF received an explicit indication from the UE that it is an emergency session, i.e. receive emergency service URN in the Request URI.

For all SIP transactions identified as relating to an emergency, the P-CSCF shall give priority over other transactions. This allows special treatment (e.g. with respect to filtering, higher priority, routeing) of emergency sessions. The exact meaning of priority is not defined further in this document, but is left to national regulation and network configuration.

5.2.10.2 General treatment for all dialogs and standalone transactions excluding the REGISTER method - from an unregistered user

If the P-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction, or an unknown method for an unregistered user on the IP address and the unprotected port advertised to the UE during the P-CSCF discovery or the SIP default port, the P-CSCF shall inspect the Request URI independent of values of possible entries in the received Route headers for known emergency service identifiers, i.e. emergency numbers and the emergency service URN from the configurable lists.

If the P-CSCF detects that the Request-URI of the initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction, or unknown method matches one of the emergency service identifiers in any of these lists, the P-CSCF shall:

- include in the Request-URI an emergency service URN, i.e. a service URN with a top-level service type of "sos" in accordance with draft-ietf-ecrit-service-urn [69]. <u>If information on the type of emergency service is known</u> <u>include aAn additional</u> sub-service type-can be added if information on the type of emergency service is known. The entry in the Request-URI that the P-CSCF includes <u>shallmay either</u> be:
 - as received in the Request URI from the UE in accordance with draft-ietf-ecrit-service-urn [69]; or
 - as deduced from the Request-URI received from the UE;
- 2) select an E-CSCF and add the URI of the selected E-CSCF to the topmost Route header; and

NOTE 1: How the list of E-CSCF is obtained by the P-CSCF is implementation dependent.

- 3) execute the procedure described in subclause 5.2.6.3 dealing with the procedure when the P-CSCF receives an initial request from the UE and subclause 5.2.7.2 except for:
 - verifying the preloaded route against the received Service-Route header;
 - removing the P-Preferred-Identity header; and
 - inserting a P-Asserted-Identity header.

When the P-CSCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response to the above requests, the P-CSCF shall execute the appropriate procedure for the type of request described in subclause 5.2.6.3, except that the P-CSCF may rewrite the port number of its own Record-Route entry to an unprotected port where the P-CSCF wants to receive the subsequent incoming requests from the UE belonging to this dialog.

If the P-CSCF does not receive any response to the initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction or unknown method (including its retransmissions); or receives a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to an INVITE request, the P-CSCF shall select a new IBCF or E-CSCF and forward the request.

When the P-CSCF receives a target refresh request from the UE for a dialog, the P-CSCF shall execute the procedure described in step 1) to 5), in paragraph of subclause 5.2.6.3 describing the procedure when the P-CSCF receives a target refresh request.

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE subsequent requests other than a target refresh request (including requests relating to an existing dialog where the method is unknown), the P-CSCF shall execute the procedure described in step 1) to 4), in the paragraph of subclause 5.2.6.3 describing the procedure when the P-CSCF receives a subsequent request.

When the P-CSCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response to the above requests, the P-CSCF shall execute the appropriate procedure for the type of request described in subclause 5.2.6.3.

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall execute the procedure described in step 3, the paragraph of subclause 5.2.6.4 describing when the P-CSCF receives a target refresh request.

When the P-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the above request the P-CSCF shall execute the procedure described in step 1) to 3) in the paragraph of subclause 5.2.6.4 describing when the P-CSCF receives 1xx or 2xx response to a target request.

When the P-CSCF receives any other response to the above request the P-CSCF shall execute the procedure described in step 1) to 2) in the paragraph of subclause 5.2.6.4 describing when the P-CSCF receives any other response to a target request.

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a subsequent request for a dialog that is not a target refresh request (including requests relating to an existing dialog where the method is unknown), prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall execute the procedure described in steps 2 and 3 of subclause 5.2.6.4 describing when a P-CSCF receives a subsequent request.

When the P-CSCF receives any other response to the above request the P-CSCF shall execute the procedure described in step 1 in the paragraph of subclause 5.2.6.4 describing when the P-CSCF receives any other response to a subsequent request.

5.2.10.3 General treatment for all dialogs and standalone transactions excluding the REGISTER method after emergency registration

If the P-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog, or a standalone transaction, or an unknown method, for a registered user over the security association that was created during the emergency registration, as identified by the presence of the "sos" SIP URI parameter in the Contact header field of the 200 (OK) response, the P-CSCF shall inspect the Request URI independent of values of possible entries in the received Route headers for known emergency service identifiers, i.e. emergency numbers and the emergency service URN from these configurable lists. The P-CSCF shall consider the Request URI of the initial request as an emergency service identifier if it is an emergency number or an emergency service URN from the configurable lists that are associated with:

- the country of the operator to which the P-CSCF belongs to; and
- for inbound roamers, the country from which the UE is roaming from. The P-CSCF determines the country to which the UE is belonging to based on the content of the P-Assserted-Identity header field which contains the home network domain name in a SIP URI belonging to the user.

If the P-CSCF detects that the Request-URI of the initial request for a dialog, or a standalone transaction, or an unknown method does not match any one of the emergency service identifiers in any of these-the associated lists, the P-CSCF shall reject the request by returning a 403 (Forbidden) response to the UE.

If the P-CSCF detects that the Request-URI of the initial request for a dialog, or a standalone transaction, or an unknown method matches one of the emergency service identifiers in any of these the associated lists, the P-CSCF shall:

- include in the Request-URI an emergency service URN, i.e. with a service type of "sos" as specified in RFC 5031 [69], if necessary, and execute the procedure described in step 3, 4, 5, and 6, in subclause 5.2.6.3 dealing with the procedure when the P-CSCF receives an initial request from the UE. <u>If information on the type</u> of emergency service is known include a sub-service type. The entry in the Request-URI that the P-CSCF includes <u>may eithershall</u> be:
 - as received from the UE in the Request URI in accordance with RFC 5031 [69]; or
 - as deduced from the Request-URI received from the UE.
- 2) if the request contains a Contact header field containing a GRUU the P-CSCF shall save the GRUU received in the Contact header field of the request and associate it with the UE IP address and UE protected server port, forthe security association on which the request was received such that the P-CSCF is able to route target refresh request containing that GRUU in the Request-URI; and

In addition the P-CSCF shall execute the procedures as specified in subclause 5.2 with the following additions:

3) the P-CSCF shall:

if the registered emergency public user identity is included in the P Preferred Identity header, remove the P Preferred Identity header from the received request and insert a P Asserted Identity header that includes the emergency public user identity that was present in the P Preferred Identity header. Add a second P Asserted identity header that contains the tel URI associated with the emergency public user identity. If the tel URI associated with the registered emergency public user identity is included in the

P Preferred Identity header, check the validity of the tel URI, remove the P Preferred Identity header and insert a P Asserted Identity header that includes the tel URI that was present in the P Preferred Identity header. Add a second P Asserted Identity header that contains the emergency public user identity; and

----select an E-CSCF and add the URI of the selected E-CSCF to the topmost Route header.

NOTE: It is implementation dependant as to how the P-CSCF obtains the list of E-CSCFs.

If the P-CSCF does not receive any response to the INVITE request (including its retransmissions); or receives a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to an INVITE request, the P-CSCF shall select a new E-CSCF and forward the INVITE request.

When the P-CSCF receives a target refresh request for a dialog with the Request-URI containing a GRUU the P-CSCF shall:

- obtain the UE IP address and UE protected server port related to the GRUU contained in the Request-URI and rewrite the Request-URI with that UE IP address and UE protected server port; and
- perform the steps in subclause 5.2.6.4 for when the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a target refresh request for a dialog.

5.2.10.4 General treatment for all dialogs and standalone transactions excluding the REGISTER method - non-emergency registration

If the P-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog, or a standalone transaction, or an unknown method, for a registered user the P-CSCF shall inspect the Request URI independent of values of possible entries in the received Route headers for known emergency service identifiers, i.e. emergency numbers and the emergency service URN from these configurable lists. The P-CSCF shall consider the Request URI of the initial request as an emergency service identifier if it is an emergency number or an emergency service URN from the configurable lists that are associated with:

- the country of the operator to which the P-CSCF belongs to;
- for inbound roamers, the country from which the UE is roaming from. The P-CSCF determines the country to which the UE is belonging to based on the content of the P-Assserted-Identity header field which contains the home network domain name in a SIP URI belonging to the user; and
- the country of roaming partners, if the request originates from a different country then the country of the network to which the P-CSCF belongs to. Access technology specific procedures are described in each access technology specific annex to determine from which country and roaming partner the request was originated. If the country from which the request originates can not be determined all lists are associated.

If the P-CSCF detects that the Request-URI of the initial request for a dialog, or a standalone transaction, or an unknown method matches one of the emergency service identifiers in any of these the associated lists, the P-CSCF shall:

- 0A) determine the geographical location of the UE. Access technology specific procedures are described in each access technology specific annex:
 - a) if the UE is roaming and the P-CSCF is in the home operator's network,
 - I) shall reject the request by returning a 380 (Alternative Service) response to the UE.
 - II) shall assume that the UE supports version 1 of the XML Schema for the 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body if support for the 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body as described in subclause 7.6 in the Accept header is not indicated; and
 - III) shall include in the 380 (Alternative Service) response

- a Content-Type header field with the value set to associated MIME type of the 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body as described in subclause 7.6.1;
- a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the value of the SIP URI of the P-CSCF included in the Path header field during the registration of the user whose UE sent the request causing this response;and

IV)shall include an IM CN subsystem XML body with the following elements:

- a) an <ims-3gpp> element with the "version" attribute set to "1" and with an <alternative-service> child element, set to the parameters of the alternative service:
 - i) a <type> child element, set to "emergency" (see table 7.7AA) to indicate that it was an emergency call;
 - ii) a <reason> child element, set to an operator configurable reason; and
 - iii) an <action> child element, set to "emergency-registration" (see table 7.7AB) if the P-CSCF is accordingly configured by the operator the request included an emergency service URN in the Request URI; and.
- b) if the UE is roaming and the P-CSCF is in the same network where the UE is roaming, or the UE is not roaming, then the P-CSCF, depending on operator policies, shall either:

I) apply items of bullet a) of bullet 0A); or

II) continue with the next steps; and

- NOTE 1: Roaming is when a UE is in a geographic area that is outside the serving geographic area of the home IMS system.
- NOTE 2: Emergency service URN in the request-URI indicates for the network that the emergency call attempt is recognized by the UE.
- include in the Request-URI an emergency service URN, i.e. a service URN with a top-level service type of "sos" as specified in draft-ietf-ecrit-service-urn [69], if necessary, and execute the procedure described in step 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, in subclause 5.2.6.3 dealing with the procedure when the P-CSCF receives an initial request from the UE. If information on the type of emergency service is known include aAn additional sub-service type can be added if information on the type of emergency service is known. The entry in the Request-URI that the P-CSCF includes may either shall be:
 - as received from the UE in the Request URI in accordance with draft-ietf-ecrit-service-urn [69]; or
 - as deduced from the Request-URI received from the UE; and
- 2) if the request contains a Contact header field containing a GRUU the P-CSCF shall save the GRUU received in the Contact header field of the request and associate it with the UE IP address and UE protected server port, for the security association on which the request was received such that the P-CSCF is able to route target refresh request containing that GRUU in the Request-URI.

In addition the P-CSCF shall execute the procedures as specified in subclause 5.2 with the following additions:

- 3) the P-CSCF shall:
 - if the public user identity included in the P-Preferred-Identity header matches one of the registered public user identities, remove the P-Preferred-Identity header from the received request and insert a P-Asserted-Identity header that includes the public user identity that was present in the P-Preferred-Identity header. Add a second P-Asserted identity header that contains the tel URI associated with the public user identity. If the tel URI associated with one of the registered public user identities is included in the P-Preferred-Identity header, check the validity of the tel URI, remove the P-Preferred-Identity header and insert a P-Asserted-Identity header that includes the tel URI that was present in the P-Preferred-Identity header. Add a second P-Asserted-Identity header that contains a public user identity associated with the tel URI;
 - select an E-CSCF and add the URI of the selected E-CSCF to the topmost Route header.

NOTE 3: It is implementation dependant as to how the P-CSCF obtains the list of E-CSCFs.

If the P-CSCF:

-____does not receive any response to the INVITE request (including its retransmissions); or receives a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to an INVITE request, the P-CSCF shall select a newdifferent E-CSCF that has not been tried before for this initial request for the dialog or standalone transaction (including its retransmissions), and forward the INVITE request. If all E-CSCFs have been tried before for this initial request for the dialog or standalone transaction (including its retransmissions), and forward the INVITE request. If all E-CSCFs have been tried before for this initial request for the dialog or standalone transaction (including its retransmissions) and if the entry in the Request-URI as received from the UE is not in accordance with RFC 5031 [69], the P-CSCF shall reject this request by returning a 380 (Alternative Service) response to the UE as described in items I), II), III) and IV) within bullet 0A);

- receives:

1) any 4xx response other than a 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response;

2) any 5xx response;

3) any 6xx response,

and the entry in the Request-URI as received from the UE is not in accordance with RFC 5031 [69], then the P-CSCF shall reject this request by returning a 380 (Alternative Service) response to the UE as described in items I), II), III) and IV) within bullet 0A).

If the P-CSCF receives from the IP-CAN (e.g. via PCRF) an indication that the requested resources for the multimedia session being established cannot be granted and the entry in the Request-URI as received from the UE is not in accordance with RFC 5031 [69], then the P-CSCF shall:

- send a CANCEL request to cancel the request forwarded to the selected E-CSCF; and
- reject this request by returning a 380 (Alternative Service) response to the UE as described in items I), II), III) and IV) within bullet 0A).

When the P-CSCF receives a target refresh request for a dialog with the Request-URI containing a GRUU the P-CSCF shall:

- obtain the UE IP address and UE protected server port related to the GRUU contained in the Request-URI and rewrite the Request-URI with that UE IP address and UE protected server port; and
- perform the steps in subclause 5.2.6.4 for when the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a target refresh request for a dialog.

5.2.10.5 Abnormal cases

If the IM CN subsystem to where the P-CSCF belongs to is not capable to handle emergency sessions or due to local policy does not handle emergency sessions or only handles certain type of emergency session request or does not support emergency sessions for either the geographical location of the UE or the IP-CAN to which the UE is attached, the P-CSCF shall not forward the INVITE request. The P-CSCF

- I) shall respond to the INVITE request with a 380 (Alternative Service) response, see subclause 5.2.10.1.
- II) shall assume that the UE supports version 1 of the XML Schema for the 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body if support for the 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body as described in subclause 7.6.1 in the Accept header is not indicated; and

III) shall include in the 380 (Alternative Service) response:

- a Content-Type header field with the value set to associated MIME type of the 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body as described in subclause 7.6.1; and
- a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the value of the SIP URI of the P-CSCF included in the Path header field during the registration of the user whose UE sent the request causing this response; and

IV)shall include an IM CN subsystem XML body with the following elements:

a) an <ims-3gpp> element with the "version" attribute set to "1" and with an <alternative-service> child element, set to the parameters of the alternative service:

- i) a <type> child element, set to "emergency" (see table 7.7AA) to indicate that it was an emergency call;
- ii) a <reason> child element, set to an operator configurable reason; and
- iii) an <action> child element, set to "emergency-registration" (see table 7.7AB) if the P-CSCF is accordingly configured by the operatorrequest included an emergency service URN in the Request URI.
- NOTE 1: Emergency service URN in the request-URI indicates for the network that the emergency call attempt is recognized by the UE.
- NOTE <u>2</u>: Some networks only allow session requests with a Request-URI containing an emergency service URN, i.e. a service URN with a top-level service type of "sos" as specified in draft-ietf-ecrit-service-urn [69].

5.3.2.1 Normal procedures

The I-CSCF may behave as a stateful proxy for initial requests.

Upon receipt of a request, the I-CSCF shall perform the originating procedures as described in subclause 5.3.2.1A if the topmost Route header of the request contains the "orig" parameter. Otherwise, the I-CSCF shall continue with the rest of the procedures of this subclause.

When the I-CSCF receives a request, the I-CSCF shall verify whether it has arrived from a trusted domain or not. If the request has arrived from a non trusted domain, then the I-CSCF shall remove all P Asserted Identity headers, all P-Access Network Info headers, all P-Charging-Vector headers and all P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers the request may contain.

NOTE 1: The I-CSCF can find out whether the request arrived from a trusted domain or not, from the procedures described in 3GPP TS 33.210 [19A].

The I-CSCF shall discard the P-Profile Key header, if the I-CSCF receives the Profile Key header in a SIP request or response.

When the I-CSCF receives, destined for a server user or a PSI, an initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) if the Request-URI includes:
 - a) a pres: or an im: URI, then translate the pres: or im: URI to a public user identity and replace the Request-URI of the incoming request with that public user identity; or
 - b) a SIP-URI that is not a GRUU and with the user part starting with a + and the user parameter equals "phone" then replace the Request-URI with a tel-URI with the user part of the SIP-URI in the telephone-subscriber element in the tel-URI; or
 - c) a SIP URI that is a GRUU, then obtain the public user identity from the Request-URI and use it for location query procedure to the HSS. When forwarding the request, the I-CSCF shall not modify the Request-URI of the incoming request;
- NOTE 2: If the Request URI is a GRUU with the user part starting with a + and the user parameter equals "phone", the I-CSCF builds a tel URI from the user part and uses it only to query the HSS. Subsequently, when the I-CSCF forwards the request to the S-CSCF, it will not modify the Request URI.

NOTE 3: SRV records have to be advertised in DNS pointing to the I-CSCF for pres: and im: queries.

- 2) remove a Route header, if present; and
- 3) check if the domain name of the Request-URI matches with one of the PSI subdomains configured in the I-CSCF. If the match is successful, the I-CSCF resolves the Request-URI by an internal DNS mechanism into the IP address of the AS hosting the PSI and does not start the user location query procedure. Otherwise, the I-CSCF will start the user location query procedure to the HSS as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] for the called PSI or user, indicated in or derived from the Request-URI. Prior to performing the user location query procedure to the HSS, the I-CSCF decides which HSS to query, possibly as a result of a query to the Subscription Locator Functional (SLF) entity as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14].

When the I-CSCF receives any response to such a request, the I-CSCF shall store the value of the term-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present.

NOTE 4: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 3 term-ioi. The type 3 term-ioi identifies the service provider from which the response was sent.

When the I-CSCF receives an INVITE request, the I-CSCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the I-CSCF. If the I-CSCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE 5: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it.

In case the I-CSCF is able to resolve the Request-URI into the IP address of the AS hosting the PSI, then it shall:

- 1) store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and retain the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. If no icid parameter was found, then create a new, globally unique value for the icid parameter and insert it into the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 2) forward the request directly to the AS hosting the PSI.

Upon successful user location query, when the response contains the URI of the assigned S-CSCF, the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) insert the URI received from the HSS as the topmost Route header;
- 2) store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and retain the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. If no icid parameter was found, then create a new, globally unique value for the icid parameter and insert it into the P-Charging-Vector header. The I-CSCF shall add a type 3 orig-ioi parameter before the received orig-ioi parameter. The I-CSCF shall set the type 3 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The I-CSCF shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter;
- optionally, include the received Redirect-Host AVP value in the P-User-Database header as defined in RFC 4457 [82]; and
- 4) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.
- NOTE 6: The P-User-Database header can be included only if the I-CSCF can assume (e.g. based on local configuration) that the receiving S-CSCF will be able to process the header.

Upon successful user location query, when the response contains information about the required S-CSCF capabilities, the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) select a S-CSCF according to the method described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14];
- 2) insert the URI of the selected S-CSCF as the topmost Route header field value;
- 3) execute the procedure described in step 2 and 3 in the above paragraph (upon successful user location query, when the response contains the URI of the assigned S-CSCF);
- 4) optionally, include the received Redirect-Host AVP value in the P-User-Database header as defined in RFC 4457 [82];
- 5) if the Wildcarded PSI value is received from the HSS in the Wildcarded-PSI AVP or a wildcarded public user identity value is received from the HSS in the Wildcarded-IMPU AVP and the I-CSCF supports the the SIP P-Profile-Key private header extension, include the wildcarded PSI value in the P-Profile-Key header as defined in draft-camarillo-sipping-profile-key [97]; and
- 6) forward the request to the selected S-CSCF.
- NOTE 7: The P-User-Database header can be included only if the I-CSCF can assume (e.g. based on local configuration) that the receiving S-CSCF will be able to process the header.

Upon an unsuccessful user location query when the response from the HSS indicates that the user does not exist, and if the Request-URI is a tel URI containing a public telecommunications number as specified in RFC 3966 [22], the I-CSCF may support a local configuration option that indicates whether or not request routeing is to be attempted. If the

local configuration option indicates that request routeing is to be attempted, then the I-CSCF shall perform one of the following procedures based on local operator policy:

- 1) forward the request to the transit functionality for subsequent routeing; or
- 2) invoke the portion of the transit functionality that translates the public telecommunications number contained in the Request-URI to a routeable SIP URI, and process the request based on the result, as follows:
 - a) if the translation fails, the request may be forwarded to a BGCF or any other appropriate entity (e.g. a MRFC to play an announcement) in the home network, or the I-CSCF may send an appropriate SIP response to the originator, such as 404 (Not Found) or 604 (Does not exist anywhere). When forwarding the request to a BGCF or any other appropriate entity, the I-CSCF shall leave the original Request-URI containing the tel URI unmodified; or
 - b) if this translation succeeds, then replace the Request-URI with the routeable SIP URI and process the request as follows:
 - determine the destination address (e.g. DNS access) using the URI placed in the topmost Route header if
 present, otherwise based on the Request-URI. If the destination requires interconnect functionalities (e.g.
 the destination address is of an IP address type other than the IP address type used in the IM CN
 subsystem), the I-CSCF shall forward the request to the destination address via an IBCF in the same
 network;
 - if network hiding is needed due to local policy, put the address of the IBCF to the topmost route header; and
 - route the request based on SIP routeing procedures.

Upon an unsuccessful user location query when the response from the HSS indicates that the user does not exist, and if local operator policy does not indicate that request routeing is to be attempted, then, the I-CSCF shall return an appropriate unsuccessful SIP response. This response may be a 404 (Not found) or 604 (Does not exist anywhere) in the case the user is not a user of the home network.

Upon an unsuccessful user location query when the response from the HSS indicates that the user is not registered and no services are provided for such a user, the I-CSCF shall return an appropriate unsuccessful SIP response. This response may be a 480 (Temporarily unavailable) response if the user is recognized as a valid user, but is not registered at the moment and it does not have services for unregistered users.

When the I-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction, that contains a single Route header pointing to itself, the I-CSCF shall determine from the entry in the Route header whether it needs to do HSS query. In case HSS query is needed, then the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove its own SIP URI from the topmost Route header; and
- 2) route the request based on the Request-URI header field.

When the I-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction containing more than one Route header, the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove its own SIP URI from the topmost Route header;and
- 2) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.
- NOTE 8: In accordance with SIP the I-CSCF can add its own routeable SIP URI to the top of the Record-Route header to any request, independently of whether it is an initial request. The P-CSCF will ignore any Record-Route header that is not in the initial request of a dialog.

When the I-CSCF receives a response to an initial request (e.g. 183 (Session Progress) response or 2xx response), the I-CSCF shall store the values from the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header, if present. If the next hop is outside of the current network, then the I-CSCF shall remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header prior to forwarding the message.

When the I-CSCF, upon sending an initial INVITE request to the S-CSCF, receives a 305 (Use Proxy) response from the S-CSCF, it shall forward the initial INVITE request to the SIP URI indicated in the Contact field of the 305 (Use Proxy) response, as specified in RFC 3261 [26].

5.3.2.1A Originating procedures for requests containing the "orig" parameter

The procedures of this subclause apply for requests received at the I-CSCF when the topmost Route header of the request contains the "orig" parameter.

The I-CSCF shall verify for all requests whether they arrived from a trusted domain or not. If the request arrived from a non trusted domain, then the I-CSCF shall respond with 403 (Forbidden) response.

If the request arrived from a trusted domain, the I-CSCF shall perform the procedures below.

NOTE 1: The I-CSCF can find out whether the request arrived from a trusted domain or not, from the procedures described in 3GPP TS 33.210 [19A].

When the I-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction the I-CSCF will start the user location query procedure to the HSS as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] for the calling user, indicated in the P-Asserted-Identity header. Prior to performing the user location query procedure to the HSS, the I-CSCF decides which HSS to query, possibly as a result of a query to the Subscription Locator Functional (SLF) entity as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14].

When the I-CSCF receives an INVITE request, the I-CSCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the I-CSCF. If the I-CSCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE 2: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it.

When the response for user location query contains information about the required S-CSCF capabilities, the I-CSCF shall select a S-CSCF according to the method described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14].

If the user location query was successful, the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) insert the URI of the S-CSCF either received from the HSS, or selected by the I-CSCF based on capabilities as the topmost Route header appending the "orig" parameter to the URI of the S-CSCF;
- 2) store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and retain the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. If no icid parameter was found, then create a new, globally unique value for the icid parameter and insert it into the P-Charging-Vector header;
- 3) optionally, include the received Redirect-Host AVP value in the P-User-Database header as defined in draftcamarillo-sipping-user-database [82]

<u>3a) if a wildcarded public user identity value is received from the HSS in the Wildcarded-IMPU AVP and the I-CSCF supports the the SIP P-Profile-Key private header extension, include the wildcarded public user identity value in the P-Profile-Key header as defined in RFC 5002 [97]; and</u>

- 4) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.
- NOTE 3: The P-User-Database header can be included only if the I-CSCF can assume (e.g. based on local configuration) that the receiving S-CSCF will be able to process the header.

Upon an unsuccessful user location query, the I-CSCF shall return an appropriate unsuccessful SIP response. This response may be a 404 (Not found) response or 604 (Does not exist anywhere) response in the case the user is not a user of the home network.

When the I-CSCF receives any response to the above request, and forwards it to AS, the I-CSCF shall:

- store the values from the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header, if present. If the next hop is outside of the current network, then the I-CSCF shall remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header prior to forwarding the message; and
- insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the type 3 orig-ioi parameter, if received in the request, and a type 3 term-ioi parameter in the response. The I-CSCF shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the type 3 orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of type 3 orig-ioi.

5.4.1.1 Introduction

The S-CCF shall act as the SIP registrar for all UAs belonging to the IM CN subsystem and with public user identities.

Subclause 5.4.1.2 through subclause 5.4.1.7 define S-CCF procedures for SIP registration that do not relate to emergency. All registration requests are first screened according to the procedures of subclause 5.4.8.2 to see if they do relate to an emergency registration public user identity.

The S-CCF shall support the use of the Path and Service-Route header. The S-CCF shall also support the Require and Supported headers. The Path header is only applicable to the REGISTER request and its 200 (OK) response. The Service-Route header is only applicable to the 200 (OK) response of REGISTER. The S-CCF shall not act as a redirect server for REGISTER requests.

The network operator defines minimum and maximum times for each registration. These values are provided within the S-CCF.

The procedures for notification concerning automatically registered public user identities of a user are described in subclause 5.4.2.1.2.

In case a device performing address and/or port number conversions is provided by a NA(P)T or NA(P)T-PT, the S-CCF may need to modify the SIP signalling according to the procedures described in annex K if both a reg-id and instance ID parameter are present in the received contact header as described in draft-ieft-outbound [92].

The S-CCF shall determine based on the contents of the REGISTER request whether procedure for IMS-AKA authentication are to be performed or not:

- <u>if the REGISTER request contains an Authorization header field with the 'integrity-protected' parameter, the</u> <u>S-CCF shall perform the initial registration procedures with IMS-AKA authentication described in subclause</u> <u>5.4.1.2.1;</u>
- <u>otherwise (i.e. no Authorization header field is present, or Authorization header field is received without the</u> <u>"integrity-protected" parameter), the S-CCF shall perform the initial registration procedures as described in</u> <u>subclause 5.4.1.2A.</u>
- 5.4.1.2 Initial registration and user-initiated reregistration with IMS-AKA authentication

5.4.1.2.1 Unprotected REGISTER

- NOTE 1: Any REGISTER request sent unprotected <u>with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization</u> <u>header set to "no"</u> by the UE is considered to be an initial registration. A 200 (OK) final response to such a request will only be sent back after the S-CCF receives a correct authentication challenge response in a REGISTER request that is sent integrity protected.
- NOTE 2: A REGISTER with Expires header value equal to zero should always be received protected. However, it is possible that in error conditions a REGISTER with Expires header value equal to zero may be received unprotected. In that instance the procedures below will be applied.

Upon receipt of a REGISTER request without an "integrity protected" parameter, or with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "no", for a user identity linked to a private user identity that has a registered public user identity but with a new contact address, the S-CCF shall:

- 1) perform the procedure for receipt of a REGISTER request without an "integrity protected" parameter, or with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "no", for the received public user identity; and
- 2) if the authentication has been successful, and there are public user identities belonging to this user that have been previously registered with an old contact address different from the one received in the REGISTER request and the previous registrations have not expired, the S-CCF shall perform the network initiated deregistration procedure for the previously registered public user identities and the associated old contact address as described in subclause 5.4.1.5.

NOTE 3: Contact related to emergency registration is not affected. S-CCF is not able deregister contact related to emergency registration and will not delete that.

When S-CCF receives a REGISTER request with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "no" and a non-empty response directive, the S-CCF shall ignore the value of the response directive.

Upon receipt of a REGISTER request without an "integrity protected" parameter, or with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "no", which is not for an already registered public user identity linked to the same private user identity, the S-CCF shall:

- 1) identify the user by the public user identity as received in the To header and the private user identity as received in the username field in the Authorization header of the REGISTER request;
- 2) check if the P-Visited-Network header is included in the REGISTER request, and if it is included identify the visited network by the value of this header;
- 3) select an authentication vector for the user. If no authentication vector for this user is available, after the S-CCF has performed the Cx Multimedia Authentication procedure with the HSS, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], the S-CCF shall select an authentication vector as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Prior to performing Cx Multimedia Authentication procedure with the HSS, the S-CCF decides which HSS to query, possibly as a result of a query to the Subscription Locator Functional (SLF) entity as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] or use the value as received in the P-User-Database header in the REGISTER request as defined in RFC 4457 [82];

- NOTE 4: The HSS address received in the response to SLF query or as a value of P-User-Database header can be used to address the HSS of the public user identity in further queries.
- NOTE 5: At this point the S-CCF informs the HSS that the user currently registering will be served by the S-CCF by passing its SIP URI to the HSS. This will be used by the HSS to direct all subsequent incoming initial requests for a dialog or standalone transactions destined for this user to this S-CCF.
- NOTE 6: When passing its SIP URI to the HSS, the S-CCF may include in its SIP URI the transport protocol and the port number where it wants to be contacted.
- 4) store the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header;
- 5) challenge the user by generating a 401 (Unauthorized) response for the received REGISTER request, including a WWW-Authenticate header which transports:
 - a globally unique name of the S-CCF in the realm field;
 - the RAND and AUTN parameters and optional server specific data for the UE in the nonce field;
 - the security mechanism, which is AKAv1-MD5, in the algorithm field;
 - the IK (Integrity Key) parameter for the P-CSCF in the ik field (see subclause 7.2A.1); and
 - the CK (Cipher Key) parameter for the P-CSCF in the ck field (see subclause 7.2A.1);
- 6) store the RAND parameter used in the 401 (Unauthorized) response for future use in case of a resynchronization. If a stored RAND already exists in the S-CCF, the S-CCF shall overwrite the stored RAND with the RAND used in the most recent 401 (Unauthorized) response;
- 7) send the so generated 401 (Unauthorized) response towards the UE; and,
- 8) start timer reg-await-auth which guards the receipt of the next REGISTER request.

If the received REGISTER request indicates that the challenge sent previously by the S-CCF to the UE was deemed to be invalid by the UE, the S-CCF shall stop the timer reg-await-auth and proceed as described in the subclause 5.4.1.2.3.

5.4.1.2.2 Protected REGISTER

Upon receipt of a REGISTER request with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "yes", the S-CSCF shall identify the user by the public user identity as received in the To header and the private user identity as received in the Authorization header of the REGISTER request, and:

In the case that there is no authentication currently ongoing for this user (i.e. no timer reg-await-auth is running):

1) check if the user needs to be reauthenticated.

The S-CSCF may require authentication of the user for any REGISTER request, and shall always require authentication for REGISTER requests received without the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "yes".

If the user needs to be reauthenticated, the S-CSCF shall proceed with the procedures as described for the un<u>protected initial REGISTER</u> in subclause 5.4.1.2.1, beginning with step <u>34</u>). If the user does not need to be reauthenticated, the S-CSCF shall proceed with the following steps in this paragraph; and

2) check whether an Expires timer is included in the REGISTER request and its value. If the Expires header indicates a zero value, the S-CSCF shall perform the deregistration procedures as described in subclause 5.4.1.4. If the Expires header does not indicate zero, the S-CSCF shall check whether the public user identity received in the To header is already registered. If it is not registered, the S-CSCF shall proceed beginning with step 5 below. Otherwise, the S-CSCF shall proceed beginning with step 6 below.

In the case that a timer reg-await-auth is running for this user the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) check if the Call-ID of the request matches with the Call-ID of the 401 (Unauthorized) response which carried the last challenge. The S-CSCF shall only proceed further if the Call-IDs match.
- 2) stop timer reg-await-auth;
- 3) check whether an Authorization header is included, containing:
 - a) the private user identity of the user in the username field;
 - b) the algorithm which is AKAv1-MD5 in the algorithm field; and
 - c) the authentication challenge response needed for the authentication procedure in the response field.

The S-CSCF shall only proceed with the following steps in this paragraph if the authentication challenge response was included;

- 4) check whether the received authentication challenge response and the expected authentication challenge response (calculated by the S-CSCF using XRES and other parameters as described in RFC 3310 [49]) match. The XRES parameter was received from the HSS as part of the Authentication Vector. The S-CSCF shall only proceed with the following steps if the challenge response received from the UE and the expected response calculated by the S-CSCF match;
- 5) after performing the Cx Server Assignment procedure with the HSS, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], store the following information in the local data:
 - a) the list of public user identities, including the registered own public user identity and its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities <u>and wildcarded public user identities</u> due to the received REGISTER request. Each public user identity is identified as either barred or non-barred; and,
 - b) all the service profile(s) corresponding to the public user identities being registered (explicitly or implicitly), including initial Filter Criteria(the initial Filter Criteria for the Registered and common parts is stored and the unregisterd part is retained for possible use later - in the case of the S-CSCF is retained if the user becomes unregistered);
- NOTE 1: There might be more than one set of initial Filter Criteria received because some implicitly registered public user identities that are part of the same implicit registration set belong to different service profiles.
- 6) update registration bindings:
 - a) bind to each non-barred registered public user identity all registered contact information including all header parameters contained in the Contact header and all associated URI parameters, with the exception of the URI "pub-gruu" and "temp-gruu" parameters as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93], and store information for future use;
 - b) for each binding that contains a +sip.instance header parameter, assign a new temporary GRUU, as specified in subclause 5.4.7A.3.

NOTE 2: There might be more then one contact information available for one public user identity.

- NOTE 3: The barred public user identities are not bound to the contact information.
- 7) check whether a Path header was included in the REGISTER request and construct a list of preloaded Route headers from the list of entries in the received Path header. The S-CSCF shall preserve the order of the preloaded Route headers and bind them to the contact information that was received in the REGISTER message;
- NOTE 4: If this registration is a reregistration or an initial registration (i.e., there are previously registered public user identities belonging to the user that have not been deregistered or expired), then a list of pre-loaded Route headers will already exist. The new list replaces the old list.
- determine the duration of the registration by checking the value of the Expires header in the received REGISTER request. The S-CSCF may reduce the duration of the registration due to local policy or send back a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response specifying the minimum allowed time for registration;
- 9) store the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header;
- 10) if an orig-ioi parameter is received in the P-Charging-Vector header, store the value of the received orig-ioi parameter;
- NOTE 5: Any received orig-ioi parameter will be a type 1 orig-ioi. The type 1 orig-ioi identifies the network from which the request was sent.
- 11) create a 200 (OK) response for the REGISTER request, including:
 - a) the list of received Path headers;
 - b) a P-Associated-URI header containing the list of the registered public user identity and its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities. The first URI in the list of public user identities supplied by the HSS to the S-CSCF will indicate the default public user identity to be used by the S-CSCF. The public user identity indicated as the default public user identity must be a registered public user identity. The S-CSCF shall place the default public user identity will be used by the P-Associated-URI header. The default public user identity will be used by the P-CSCF in conjunction with the procedures for the P-Asserted-Identity header, as described in subclause 5.2.6.3. If the S-CSCF received a display name from the HSS for a public user identity, then it shall populate the P-Associated-URI header entry for that public identity with the associated display name. The S-CSCF shall not add a barred public user identity to the list of URIs in the P-Associated-URI header;
- NOTE 6: The P-Associated-URI header lists only the public user identity and its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities that have been registered, rather than the list of user's URIs that may be either registered or unregistered as specified in the RFC 3455 [52]. If the registered public user identity which is not barred does not have any other associated public user identities, the P-Associated-URI header lists only the registered public user identity itself, rather than an empty P-Associated-URI header as specified in RFC 3455 [52].
 - c) a Service-Route header containing:
 - the SIP URI identifying the S-CSCF containing an indication that requests routed via the service route (i.e. from the P-CSCF to the S-CSCF) are treated as for the UE-originating case. This indication may e.g. be in a URI parameter, a character string in the user part of the URI or be a port number in the URI; and,
 - if network topology hiding is required a SIP URI identifying an IBCF as the topmost entry;

NOTE 7: In accordance with the procedures described in RFC 3608 [38], an IBCF does not insert its own routable SIP URI to the Service-Route header field.

- d) a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header containing the values received from the HSS if the P-CSCF is in the same network as the S-CSCF. It can be determined if the P-CSCF is in the same network as the S-CSCF by the contents of the P-Visited-Network-ID header field included in the REGISTER request;
- e) a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the REGISTER request and a type 1 term-ioi parameter. The S-CSCF shall set the type 1 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi;

- f) a Contact header listing all contact addresses for this public user identity, including all saved header and URI parameters (including all ICSI values and IARI values) received in the Contact header field of the REGISTER request, and
- g) gruus in the Contact header. If the REGISTER request contained a Required or Supported header containing the value "gruu" then for each contact address in the contact header that has a +sip.instance header parameter, add "pub-gruu" and "temp-gruu" header parameters. The values of these parameters shall contain, respectively, the public GRUU and the most recently assigned temporary GRUU representing (as specified in subclause 5.4.7A) the association between the public user identity from the To header in the REGISTER request and the instance ID contained in the +sip.instance parameter.
- NOTE <u>87</u>: There might be other contact addresses available, that other UEs have registered for the same public user identity.
- 12) send the so created 200 (OK) response to the UE;
- 13) for all service profiles in the implicit registration set send a third-party REGISTER request, as described in subclause 5.4.1.7, to each AS that matches the Filter Criteria of the service profile from the HSS for the REGISTER event; and,
- NOTE <u>98</u>: If this registration is a reregistration, the Filter Criteria already exists in the local data.
- NOTE <u>109</u>: If the same AS matches the Filter Criteria of several service profiles for the event of REGISTER request, then the AS will receive several third-party REGISTER requests. Each of these requests will include a public user identity from the corresponding service profile.
- 14) consider the public user identity being registered to be bound to the contact address specified in the Contact header for the duration indicated in the Expires header.
- 5.4.1.2A Initial registration and user-initiated reregistration for non IMS-AKA authentication

Upon receipt of a REGISTER request without the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header or without an Authorization header, for a user identity linked to a private user identity that has a registered public user identity but with a new contact address, the S-CCF shall:

- 1) perform the procedure for receipt of a REGISTER request without the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header or without the Authorization header, for the received public user identity; and
- 2) if the authentication has been successful, and there are public user identities belonging to this user that have been previously registered with an old contact address different from the one received in the REGISTER request and if the previous registration have not expired, the S-CCF shall perform the network initiated deregistration procedure for the previously registered public user identities and the associated old contact address as described in subclause 5.4.1.5.
- NOTE 1: Contact related to emergency registration is not affected. S-CCF is not able deregister contact related to emergency registration and will not delete that.

<u>Upon receipt of a REGISTER request without the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header or without an Authorization header, which is not for an already registered public user identity linked to the same private user identity, the S-CCF shall:</u>

- 1) identify the user by the public user identity as received in the To header of the REGISTER request and if the Authorization header is present, the private user identity as received in the Authorization header of the REGISTER request;
- 2) check if the P-Visited-Network header is included in the REGISTER request, and if it is included identify the visited network by the value of this header;
- 3) check whether one or more Line-Identifiers previously received over the Cx interface, and stored as a result of a Cx Multimedia Authentication procedure with the HSS, are available for the user. If not, the S-CCF shall perform the Cx Multimedia Authentication procedure with the HSS, as described in [14].

Prior to performing Cx Multimedia Authentication procedure with the HSS, the S-CCF decides which HSS to query, possibly as a result of a query to the Subscription Locator Functional (SLF) entity as specified in

<u>3GPP TS 29.228 [14] or use the value as received in the P-User-Database header in the REGISTER request as defined in RFC 4457 [82];</u>

- NOTE 2: The HSS address received in the response to SLF query or as a value of P-User-Database header can be used to address the HSS of the public user identity in further queries.
- NOTE 3: At this point the S-CCF informs the HSS that the user currently registering will be served by the S-CCF by passing its SIP URI to the HSS. This will be used by the HSS to direct all subsequent incoming initial requests for a dialog or standalone transactions destined for this user to this S-CCF.
- NOTE 4: When passing its SIP URI to the HSS, the S-CCF may include in its SIP URI the transport protocol and the port number where it wants to be contacted.
- 4) store the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header;
- 5) In the particular case where the S-CCF received via the Cx interface one or more Line-Identifiers, compare each of the 'dsl-location' parameter of the P-Access-Network-Info header field (if present and if it includes the 'network-provided' parameter),

<u>-if one of these match, the user shall be considered authenticated and the S-CCF behave as described in step 5) to</u> 13) of subclause 5.4.1.2.2;

-otherwise i.e. if these do not match the S-CCF shall return a 403 (Forbidden) response to the REGISTER request; and

6) if no Line-Identifier is received over the Cx interface, send a 500 (Server Internal Error) response to the <u>REGISTER request.</u>

<u>Upon receipt of a REGISTER request without the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header or</u> without an Authorization header, for an already registered public user identity linked to the same private user identity, and for existing contact information, the S-CCF shall behave as described in step 6) to 13) of subclause 5.4.1.2.2.

5.4.1.2A.1 Abnormal cases

In the case that the expiration timer from the UE is too short to be accepted by the S-CCF, the S-CCF shall:

- reject the REGISTER request with a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response, containing a Min-Expires header with the minimum registration time the S-CCF will accept.

On receiving a failure response to one of the third-party REGISTER requests, based on the information in the Filter Criteria the S-CCF may:

- abort sending third-party REGISTER requests; and
- initiate network-initiated deregistration procedure.

If the Filter Criteria does not contain instruction to the S-CCF regarding the failure of the contact to the AS, the S-CCF shall not initiate network-initiated deregistration procedure.

In the case that the REGISTER request from the UE contains more than one SIP URIs as Contact header entries, the S-CCF shall store:

- the entry in the Contact header with the highest "q"; or
- an entry decided by the S-CCF based on local policy;

and include it in the 200 (OK) response.

5.4.1.3 Authentication and reauthentication

Authentication and reauthentication is performed by the registration procedures as described in subclause 5.4.1.2 or <u>5.4.1.2A</u>.

5.4.1.4 User-initiated deregistration

When S-CCF receives a REGISTER request with the Expires header field containing the value zero, the S-CCF shall:

- check whether any of the following conditions apply. The S-CCF shall only proceed with the following steps if either one of the conditions is met;
 - a) (case for using IMS-AKA authentication) the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header field set to "yes", indicating that the REGISTER request was received integrity protected; or
 - b) (case for non IMS-AKA authentication)

the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header field does not exist or without an <u>Authorization header</u>, and one or more Line-Identifiers previously received over the Cx interface, stored as a result of a Cx Multimedia Authentication procedure with the HSS, are available for the user;

The S CCF shall only proceed with the following steps if the "integrity protected" parameter is set to "yes";

- release all dialogs that includes this user's registered contact address, where the dialogs were initiated by or terminated towards this contact UE with the registered contact address for which the same public user identity found in the To header field that was received in the REGISTER request or with one of the implicitly registered public user identities by applying the steps listed in subclause 5.4.5.1.2. However:
 - if the dialog that was established by the UE subscribing to the reg event package used the public user identity that is going to be deregistered; and
 - this dialog is the only remaining dialog used for subscription to reg event package;

then the S-CCF shall not release this dialog;

- if this public user identity was registered only by this UE, deregister the public user identity found in the To header field together with the implicitly registered public user identities. Otherwise, the S-CCF will only remove the contact address that was registered by this UE;
- NOTE: If the UE sends a REGISTER request with the value "*" in the Contact header and the value zero in the Expires header, the S-CCF will only remove the contact address that was registered by this UE identified with its private user identity.
- for all service profiles in the implicit registration set send a third-party REGISTER request, as described in subclause 5.4.1.7, to each AS that matches the Filter Criteria of the service profile from the HSS for the REGISTER event; and
- if this is a deregistration request for the only public user identity currently registered with its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities (i.e. no other is registered) and there are still active multimedia sessions that includes this user's registered contact address, where the session was initiated by or terminated towards the contact with the registered contact address for that public user identity which is currently registered or with one of the implicitly registered public user identities, release <u>only</u> each of these multimedia sessions associated to the multimedia sessions originated or terminated towards the registered user's contact address shall be released.

If all public user identities of the UE are deregistered, then the S-CCF may consider the UE and P-CSCF subscriptions to the reg event package cancelled (i.e. as if the UE had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).

If the Authorization header of the REGISTER request did not contain an "integrity protected" parameter, or<u>contained</u> the "integrity-protected" parameter was set to the value "no", the S-CCF shall apply the procedures described in subclause 5.4.1.2.1.

On completion of the above procedures in this subclause and of the Cx Server Assignment procedure with the HSS, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], for one or more public user identities, the S-CCF shall update or remove those public user identities, their registration state and the associated service profiles from the local data (based on operators' policy the S-CCF can request of the HSS to either be kept or cleared as the S-CCF allocated to this subscriber).

5.4.1.5 Network-initiated deregistration

NOTE 1: A network-initiated deregistration event that occurs at the S-CSCF may be received from the HSS or may be an internal event in the S-CSCF.

Prior to initiating the network-initiated deregistration for the only currently registered public user identity and its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities <u>and wildcarded public user identities</u> that have been registered with the same contact (i.e. no other public user identity is registered with this contact) while there are still active multimedia sessions belonging to this contact, the S-CSCF shall release only the multimedia sessions belonging to this contact, the sessions for the same public user identity, if registered with another contact remain unchanged.

Prior to initiating the network-initiated deregistration while there are still active multimedia sessions that are associated with this user and contact, the S-CSCF shall release none, some or all of these multimedia sessions by applying the steps listed in subclause 5.4.5.1.2 under the following conditions:

- when the S-CSCF does not expect the UE to reregister (i.e. S-CSCF will set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "rejected" for the NOTIFY request, as described below), the S-CSCF shall release all sessions that are associated with the registered contact address for the public user identities being deregistered, which includes the implicitly registered public user identities.
- when the S-CSCF expects the UE to reregister (i.e. S-CSCF will set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "deactivated" for the NOTIFY request, as described below), the S-CSCF shall only release sessions that currently include the user's contact address, where the session was initiated by or terminated towards the user with the contact address registered to one of the public user identities being deregistered, which includes the implicitly registered public user identities.

When a network-initiated deregistration event occurs for one or more public user identities that are bound to one or more contacts, the S-CSCF shall send a NOTIFY request to all subscribers that have subscribed to the respective reg event package. For each NOTIFY request, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) set the Request-URI and Route header to the saved route information during subscription;
- 2) set the Event header to the "reg" value;
- 3) in the body of the NOTIFY request, include as many <registration> elements as many public user identities the S-CSCF is aware of the user owns;
- 4) set the aor attribute within each <registration> element to one public user identity:
 - a) set the <uri> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element of each <registration> element to the contact address provided by the UE;
 - b) if the public user identity:
 - i) has been deregistered then:
 - set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "terminated";
 - set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "terminated"; and
 - set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "deactivated" if the S-CSCF expects the UE to reregister or "rejected" if the S-CSCF does not expect the UE to reregister; or
 - ii) has been kept registered then:
 - I) set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "active";
 - II) set the state attribute within the <contact> element to:
 - for the contact address to be removed set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "terminated", and event attribute element to "deactivated" if the S-CSCF expects the UE to reregister or "rejected" if the S-CSCF does not expect the UE to reregister; or
 - for the contact address which remain unchanged, if any, leave the <contact> element unmodified, and if the contact has been assigned GRUUs set the <pub-gruu> and <temp-gruu> sub-elements of

the <contact> element as specified in draft-ietf-sipping-gruu-reg-event [94] and include the <unknown-param> sub-element within each <contact> to any additional header parameters contained in the Contact header of the REGISTER request according to RFC 3680 [43]; and

- NOTE 2: There might be more than one contact information available for one public user identity. When deregistering this UE, the S-CSCF will only modify the <contact> elements that were originally registered by this UE using its private user identity. The <contact> elements of the same public user identitity, if registered by another UE using different private user identities remain unchanged.
- 5) add a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17].

The S-CSCF shall only include the non-barred public user identities in the NOTIFY request.

When sending a final NOTIFY request with all <registration> element(s) having their state attribute set to "terminated" (i.e. all public user identities have been deregistered or expired), the S-CSCF shall also terminate the subscription to the registration event package by setting the Subscription-State header to the value of "terminated".

Also, for all service profiles in the implicit registration set the S-CSCF shall send a third-party REGISTER request, as described in subclause 5.4.1.7, to each AS that matches the Filter Criteria of the service profile from the HSS as if a equivalent REGISTER request had been received from the user deregistering that public user identity, or combination of public user identities.

In case of the deregistration of the old contact information when the UE is roaming, registration is done in a new network and the previous registration has not expired, on completion of the above procedures, the S-CSCF shall remove the registration information related to the old contact from the local data.

Otherwise, on completion of the above procedures for one or more public user identities linked to the same private user identity, the S-CSCF shall deregister those public user identities and the associated implicitly registered public user identities. On completion of the Cx Server Assignment procedure with the HSS, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], the S-CSCF shall update or remove those public user identities linked to the same private user identity, their registration state and the associated service profiles from the local data (based on operators' policy the S-CSCF can request of the HSS to either be kept or cleared as the S-CSCF allocated to this subscriber). On the completion of the Cx Registration-Termination procedure with the HSS, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], the S-CSCF shall remove those public user identities, their registration state and the associated service profiles from the local data.

5.4.1.6 Network-initiated reauthentication

The S-CCF may request a subscriber to reauthenticate at any time, based on a number of possible operator settable triggers as described in subclause 5.4.1.2 or subclause 5.4.1.2A.

If the S-CCF is informed that a private user identity needs to be re-authenticated, the S-CCF shall generate a NOTIFY request on all dialogs which have been established due to subscription to the reg event package of that user. For each NOTIFY request the S-CCF shall:

- 1) set the Request-URI and Route header to the saved route information during subscription;
- 2) set the Event header to the "reg" value;
- 3) in the body of the NOTIFY request, include as many <registration> elements as many public user identities the S-CCF is aware of the user owns:
 - a) set the <uri> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element of each <registration> element to the contact address provided by the UE;
 - b) set the aor attribute within each <registration> element to one public user identity;
 - c) set the state attribute within each <registration> element to "active";
 - d) set the state attribute within each <contact> element to "active";
 - e) set the event attribute within each <contact> element that was registered by this UE to "shortened";

- f) set the expiry attribute within each <contact> element that was registered by this UE to an operator defined value; and
- g) set the <pub-gruu> and <temp-gruu> sub-elements within each <contact> element as specified in subclause 5.4.2.1.2; and
- NOTE 1: There might be more than one contact information available for one public user identity. The S-CCF will only modify the <contact> elements that were originally registered by this UE using its private user identity. The S-CCF will not modify the <contact> elements for the same public user identity, if registered by another UE using different private user identity.
- 4) set a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17].

Afterwards the S-CCF shall wait for the user to reauthenticate (see subclause 5.4.1.2 and subclause 5.4.1.2A).

NOTE 2: Network initiated re-authentication may occur due to internal processing within the S-CCF.

The S-CCF shall only include the non-barred public user identities in the NOTIFY request.

When generating the NOTIFY request, the S-CCF shall shorten the validity of all registration lifetimes associated with this private user identity to an operator defined value that will allow the user to be re-authenticated.

5.4.1.7 Notification of Application Servers about registration status

During registration, the S-CCF shall include a P-Access-Network-Info header and a P-Visited-Network-ID header (as received in the REGISTER request from the UE) in the 3rd-party REGISTER sent towards the ASs, if the AS is part of the trust domain. If the AS is not part of the trust domain, the S-CCF shall not include any P-Access-Network-Info header or P-Visited-Network-ID header. The S-CCF shall not include a P-Access-Network-Info header in any responses to the REGISTER request.

If the registration procedure described in subclauses 5.4.1.2, <u>5.4.1.2A</u>, <u>5.4.1.4</u> or 5.4.1.5 (as appropriate) was successful, the S-CCF shall send a third-party REGISTER request to each AS with the following information:

- a) the Request-URI, which shall contain the AS's SIP URI;
- b) the From header, which shall contain the S-CCF's SIP URI;
- c) the To header, which shall contain a non-barred public user identity belonging to the service profile of the processed Filter Criteria. It may be either a public user identity as contained in the REGISTER request received from the UE or one of the implicitly registered public user identities, in the service profile as configured by the operator;
- NOTE 1: For the whole implicit registration set only one public user identity per service profile appears in the third-party REGISTER requests. Thus, based on third-party REGISTER requests only, the ASs will not have complete information on the registration state of each public user identity in the implicit registration set. The only way to have a complete and continuously updated information (even upon administrative change in subscriber's profile) is to subscribe to the reg event package.
- d) the Contact header, which shall contain the S-CCF's SIP URI;
- e) for initial registration and user-initiated reregistration (subclause 5.4.1.2 <u>or subclause 5.4.1.2A</u>), the Expires header, which shall contain the same value that the S-CCF returned in the 200 (OK) response for the REGISTER request received from the UE;
- f) for user-initiated deregistration (subclause 5.4.1.4) and network-initiated deregistration (subclause 5.4.1.5), the Expires header, which shall contain the value zero;
- g) for initial registration and user-initiated reregistration (subclause 5.4.1.2 or subclause 5.4.1.2A), a message body, if there is Filter Criteria indicating the need to include HSS provided data for the REGISTER event (e.g. HSS may provide AS specific data to be included in the third-party REGISTER). If there is a service information XML element provided in the HSS Filter Criteria for an AS (see 3GPP TS 29.228 [14]), then the S-CCF shall include it in the message body of the REGISTER request within the <service-info> XML element which is a child XML element of an <ims-3gpp> element with the "version" attribute set to "1" as described in subclause 7.6. For the messages including the IM CN subsystem XML body, the S-CCF shall set the value of the Content-Type header to include the MIME type specified in subclause 7.6;

- h) for initial registration and user-initiated reregistration, the P-Charging-Vector header, shall contain the same icid parameter that the S-CCF received in the original REGISTER request from the UE. The S-CCF shall insert a type 3 orig-ioi parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. The type 3 orig-ioi parameter identifies the sending network of the request and add a type 3 orig-ioi parameter before the received orig-ioi parameter. The S-CCF shall set the type 3 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The S-CCF shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter;
- i) for initial registration and user-initiated reregistration, a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header, which shall contain the values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CCF home network; and
- j) in case the original received REGISTER request contained a P-User-Database header and the AS belongs to the same operator as the S-CCF, optionally a P-User-Database header which shall contain the received value.

When the S-CCF receives any response to a third-party REGISTER request, the S-CCF shall store the value of the term-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present.

NOTE 2: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 3 term-ioi. The type 3 term-ioi identifies the service provider from which the response was sent.

When the S-CCF receives any response to third-party REGISTER, the S-CCF shall store the value of the type 3 term-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present. The type 3 term-ioi identifies the service provider from which the response was sent.

If the S-CCF fails to receive a SIP response or receives a 408 (Request Timeout) response or a 5xx response to a third-party REGISTER, the S-CCF shall:

- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_CONTINUED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] or no default handling is indicated, no further action is needed; and
- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_TERMINATED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], the S-CCF shall, for a currently registered public user identity, initiate the network-initiated deregistration as described in subclause 5.4.1.5.

5.4.1.8 Service profile updates

NOTE 1: The S-CSCF can receive an update of subscriber data notification on the Cx interface, from the HSS, which can affect the stored information about served public user identities. According to 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], the changes are guaranteed not to affect the default public user identity within the registration implicit set.

When receiving a Push-Profile-Request (PPR) from the HSS (as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14]), modifying the service profile of served public user identities, the S-CSCF shall

- if the modification consists in the addition of a new non-barred public user identity to an implicit set, or in the change of status from barred to non-barred for a public user identity already in the implicit set, add the public user identity to the list of registered, non-barred public user identities;
- 2) if the modification consists in the deletion or in the change of status from non-barred to barred of a public user identity in an implicit set, remove the public user identity from the list of registered, non-barred public user identities;
- NOTE 2: As the S-CSCF checks the barring status of the public user identity on receipt of a initial request for a dialog, or a standalone transaction, the above procedures have no impact on transactions or dialogs already in progress and are effective only for new transactions and dialogs.
- 3) if the modification consists of deletion of a public user identity from an implicit registration set while there are active multimedia session belonging to this public user identity and contact, the S-CSCF shall perform the network initiated deregistration procedures as described in sub-clause 5.4.1.5 and skip synchronization of the UE and IM CN entitities as described in step 4; and
- 4) synchronize with the UE and IM CN entities, by either:

When receiving a Push Profile Request (PPR) from the HSS (as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14]), modifying the service profile of served public user identities, the S CSCF shall synchronize with the UE and IM CN entities, by either:

- performing the procedures for notification of the reg-event subscribers about registration state, as described in subclause 5.4.2.1.2; or
- triggering the UE to re-register, by shortening the life time of the current registration, as described in subclause 5.4.1.6.

If the modification of the service profile consists in the addition of a new non-barred public user identity to an implicitset, or in the change of status from barred to non-barred for a public user identity already in the implicit set, the S-CSCF shall add the public user identity to the list of registered, non-barred public user identities.

If the modification of the service profile consists in the deletion or in the change of status from non-barred to barred of a public user identity in an implicit set, the S-CSCF shall remove the public user identity from the list of registered, non-barred public user identities.

NOTE 2: As the S-CSCF checks the barring status of the public user identity on receipt of a initial request for a dialog, or a standalone transaction, the above procedures have no impact on transactions or dialogs already in progress and are effective only for new transactions and dialogs.

5.4.2.1.2 Notification about registration state

When sending a NOTIFY request, the S-CSCF shall not use the default filtering policy as specified in RFC 3680 [43], i.e. the S-CSCF shall always include in every NOTIFY request the state information of all registered public user identities of the user (i.e. the full state information).

NOTE 1: Contact information related to emergency registration is not included.

When generating NOTIFY requests, the S-CSCF shall not preclude any valid reg event package parameters in accordance with RFC 3680 [43].

For each NOTIFY request on all dialogs which have been established due to subscription to the reg event package of that user, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) set the Request-URI and Route header to the saved route information during subscription;
- 2) set the Event header to the "reg" value;
- 3) in the body of the NOTIFY request, include one <registration> elements for each public user identity that the S-CSCF is aware the user owns.

If the user shares one or more public user identities with other users, any contact addresses registered by other users of the shared public user identity shall be included in the NOTIFY request;

- 4) for each <registration> element:
 - a) set the aor attribute to one public user identity;
 - b) set the <uri> sub-element inside each <contact> sub-element of the <registration> element to the contact address provided by the respective UE as follows:
 - if the aor attribute of the <registration> element contains a <u>SIPsip or sips</u> URI, then for each contact address that contains a +sip.instance header parameter, include <pub-gruu> and <temp-gruu> sub-elements within the corresponding <contact> element. The <u>S-CSCF shall set the</u> contents of these elements <u>as specified in draft-ietf-sipping-gruu-reg-event [94]shall contain, respectively, the public and-temporary GRUUs representing (as specified in subclause 5.4.7A) the association between the aor-attribute of the <registration> element and the instance ID contained in the +sip.instance parameter; or
 </u>
 - II) if the aor attribute of the <registration> element contains a tel-URI, determine its alias SIP URI and then include a copy of the <pub-gruu> and <temp-gruu> sub-elements from that equivalent element; and
 - c) if the public user identityset at step a):
 - I) has been deregistered (i.e. no active contact left) then:
 - set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "terminated";
 - set the state attribute within each <contact> element to "terminated"; and

- set the event attribute within each <contact> element to "deactivated", "expired", "unregistered", "rejected" or "probation" according to RFC 3680 [43].

If the public user identity has been deregistered and the deregistration has already been indicated in the NOTIFY request, and no new registration has occurred, its <registration> element shall not be included in the subsequent NOTIFY requests; or

II) has been registered then:

- set the <unknown-param> element to any additional header parameters contained in the contact header of the REGISTER request according to RFC 3680 [43];
- set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "active", if not already set to "active", otherwise leave it unchanged; and:
- set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "active"; and set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "registered"; or

III) has been re-registered then:

- set the <unknown-param> element to any additional header parameters contained in the contact header of the REGISTER request according to RFC 3680 [43];
- for contact addresses to be registered: set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "active"; and set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "registered"; or
- for contact addresses to be re-registered, set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "active"; and set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "refreshed" according to RFC 3680 [43]; or
- for contact addresses that remain unchanged, if any, leave the <contact> element unmodified; or

IV)has been automatically registered, and has not been previously automatically registered:

- set the <unknown-param> element to any additional header parameters contained in the contact header of the originsl REGISTER request according to RFC 3680 [43];
- set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "active";
- set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "active"; and
- set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "created"; and
- V) is hosted (unregistered case) at the S-CSCF:
 - set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "terminated";
 - set the state attribute within each <contact> element to "terminated"; and
 - set the event attribute within each <contact> element to "unregistered".

The S-CSCF shall also terminate the subscription to the registration event package by setting the Subscription-State header to the value of "terminated"; and

5) set the P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17] and a type 3 orig-ioi parameter. The S-CSCF shall set the type 3 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The S-CSCF shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter.

The S-CSCF shall only include the non-barred public user identities in the NOTIFY request.

EXAMPLE: If sip:user1_public1@home1.net is registered, the public user identity sip:user1_public2@home1.net can automatically be registered. Therefore the entries in the body of the NOTIFY request look like:

When sending a final NOTIFY request with all <registration> element(s) having their state attribute set to "terminated" (i.e. all public user identities have been deregistered, or expired or are hosted (unregistered case) at the S-CSCF), the S-CSCF shall also terminate the subscription to the registration event package by setting the Subscription-State header to the value of "terminated".

When all of a UE's contact addresses have been deregistered (i.e.there is no <contact> element set to "active" for this UE), the S-CSCF shall consider subscription to the reg event package belonging to the UE cancelled (i.e. as if the UE had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).

The S-CSCF shall only include the non-barred public user identities in the NOTIFY request.

When the S-CSCF receives any response to the NOTIFY request, the S-CSCF shall store the value of the term-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present.

NOTE 2: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 3 term-ioi. The type 3 term-ioi identifies the service provider from which the response was sent.

5.4.3.2 Requests initiated by the served user

When the S-CCF receives from the served user or from a PSI an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, and the request is received either from a functional entity within the same trust domain or contains a valid original dialog identifier (see step 3) or the dialog identifier (From, To and Call-ID header fields) relates to an existing request processed by the S-CCF, then prior to forwarding the request, the S-CCF shall:

- determine whether the request contains a barred public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the request or not. In case the said header field contains a barred public user identity for the user, then the S-CCF shall reject the request by generating a 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- NOTE 1: If the P-Asserted-Identity header field contains a barred public user identity, then the message has been received, either directly or indirectly, from a non-compliant entity which should have had generated the content with a non-barred public user identity.
- 1A) if the Contact is a GRUU, but is not valid as defined in subclause 5.4.7A.4, then return a 4xx response as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93];
- 2) store the value of the orig-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header if present, and remove it from any forwarded request;
- NOTE 2: Any received orig-ioi parameter will be a type 3 orig-ioi. The type 3 orig-ioi identifies the service provider from which the request was sent (AS initiating a session on behalf of a user or a PSI);
- 3) check if an original dialog identifier that the S-CCF previously placed in a Route header is present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request. If not present, the S-CCF shall build an ordered list of initial filter criteria based on the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header of the received request as described in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5]. If present, the request has been sent from an AS in response to a previously sent request, an ordered list of initial filter criteria already exists and it shall be kept unchanged even if the AS has changed the P-Asserted-Identity header;
- 4) remove its own SIP URI from the topmost Route header;

- <u>4A</u>) if there was an original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request and the request is received from a functional entity within the same trust domain and contains a P-Asserted-Service header field, continue the procedure with step 5:
- 4A) determine whether the contents of the request matches a subscribed service (i.e. SDP media capabilities, Content Type header field) for each and any of the subscribed services for the served user. As an operatoroption, if the contents of the request do not match a subscribed service, the S CCF may reject the request by generating a 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- Editor's note: It is for further study whether the S-CCF shall authorise and police that the media types used by the served user is consistent with the ICSI value.
- 4B) determine whether the contents of the request matches a subscribed service (i.e. SDP media capabilities, Content Type header field) for each and any of the subscribed services for the served user. As an operatoroption, if the contents of the request do not match a subscribed service, the S CSCF may reject the request bygenerating a 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4C) if the request contains a P Preferred Service header field check whether the ICSI value contained in the P-Preferred-Service header field is part of the set of the subscribed services for the served user and if so then use that ICSI value as the value for the P Asserted Header field for the request and remove the P Preferred Service header field;
- <u>4B) if the request contains a P-Preferred-Service header field, check whether the ICSI value contained in the P-Preferred-Service header field is part of the set of the subscribed services for the served user and determine whether the contents of the request (e.g. SDP media capabilities, Content-Type header field) match the ICSI for the subscribed service;</u>
 - a) if not, as an operator option, the S-CSCF may reject the request by generating a 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise remove the P-Preferred-Service header field and continue with the rest of the steps;
 - b) if so, and if the request is related to an IMS communication service and the IMS communication service requires the use of an ICSI value then then include a P-Asserted-Service header field in the request containing the ICSI value contained in the P-Preferred-Service header field, remove the P-Preferred-Service header field, and continue the procedure with step 5;
 - c) if so, and if the request is related to an IMS communication service and the IMS communication service does not require the use of an ICSI value then continue without including an ICSI value; and
 - <u>d)</u> if so, and if the request does not relate to an IMS communication service (or if the S-CSCF is unable to unambiguously determine the service being requested but decides to allow the session to continue) then continue without inclding an ICSI value;
- 4D) if the request does not contain a P Preferred Service header field or the ICSI value contained in a P-Preferred-Service header field is not part of the set of the subscribed services for the served user then as an operator option, the S-CCF may reject the request by generating a 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4E) if the the request does not contain a P Preferred Service header field or the ICSI value contained in a P Preferred Service header field is not part of the set of the subscribed services for the served user then if the contents of the request are allowed by the subscribed services for the served user select an ICSI value for the related IMS communication service;
- 4C) if the request does not contain a P-Preferred-Service header field, check whether the contents of the request match a subscribed service for each and any of the subscribed services for the served user;
 - a) if not, as an operator option, the S-CSCF may reject the request by generating a 403 (Forbidden) response; and
 - b) if so, select an ICSI value for the related IMS communication service and include a P-Asserted-Service header field in the request containing the selected ICSI value;
- 4F)include a P Asserted Service header field in the request containing the ICSI value determined in step 4B and useas a header field in the initial request when matching initial filter criteria in step 5;

- 5) check whether the initial request matches the next unexecuted initial filter criteria from the ordered list of initial filter criteria, and if it does, the S-CCF shall:
 - a) insert the AS URI to be contacted into the Route header as the topmost entry followed by its own URI populated as specified in the subclause 5.4.3.4;
 - b) if the AS is located outside the trust domain then the S-CCF shall remove the P-Access Network Info headerfield and its values in the request and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header from the request that is forwarded to the AS; if the AS is located within the trust domain, then the S-CCF shall retain the P-Access Network Info header field and its values and the access-network-charginginfo parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header in the request that is forwarded to the AS; and
 - c) insert a type 3 orig-ioi parameter before the received orig-ioi parameters in the P-Charging-Vector header. The S-CCF shall set the type 3 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The S-CCF shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter;
- NOTE 3: Depending on the result of processing the filter criteria the S-CCF might contact one or more AS(s) before processing the outgoing Request URI.
- NOTE 4: An AS can activate or deactivate its own filter criteria via the Sh interface. As the S-CCF checks initial filter criteria only on receipt of an initial request for a dialog, or a standalone transaction, a modified service profile will have no impact on transactions or dialogs already in progress and the modified profile will be effective only for new transactions and dialogs. If the S-CCF receives a modification of the iFC during their execution, then it should not update the stored initial Filter Criteria until the iFC related to the initial request have been completely executed.
- 6) if there is no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and retain the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. Optionally, the S-CCF may generate a new, globally unique icid and insert the new value in the icid parameter of the P-Charging-Vector header when forwarding the message. If the S-CCF creates a new icid, then it is responsible for maintaining the two icid values in the subsequent messaging;
- 7) in step 5, if the initial request did not match the next unexecuted initial filter criteria (i.e. the request is not forwarded to an AS), insert an orig-ioi parameter into the P-Charging-Vector header. The S-CCF shall set the orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network. The S-CCF shall not include the type 2 term-ioi parameter;
- if there is no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header populated with values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CCF home network, including towards AS;
- 9) if there is no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request and if the S-CCF has knowledge that the SIP URI contained in the received P-Asserted-Identity header is an alias SIP URI for a tel URI, add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing this tel-URI, including the display name associated with the tel URI, if available. If the P-Asserted-Identity header contains only a tel URI, the S-CCF shall add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing a SIP URI. The added SIP URI shall contain in the user part a "+" followed by the international public telecommunication number contained in tel URI, and user's home domain name in the hostport part. The added SIP URI shall contain the same value in the display name as contained in the tel URI. The S-CCF shall also add a user parameter equals "phone" to the SIP URI;
- NOTE 5: The S-CSCF recognizes that a given SIP URI is an alias SIP URI of a tel URI, since they have the same service profile and belong to the same set of implicitly registered public user identities this grouping is sent from the HSS (see 3GPP TS 29.228 [14]). If tel URI is shared URI so is the alias SIP URI.

10) if the request is not forwarded to an AS and if the outgoing Request-URI is:

- a SIP URI with the user part starting with a + and the user parameter equals "phone", and if configured per local operator policy, the S-CCF shall perform the procedure described here. Local policy can dictate whether this procedure is performed for all domains of the SIP URI, only if the domain belongs to the home network, or not at all. If local policy indicates that the procedure is to be performed, then the S-CCF shall translate the international public telecommunications number contained in the user part of the SIP URI (see RFC 3966 [22]) to a globally routeable SIP URI using either an ENUM/DNS translation mechanism with the format specified in RFC 3761 [24], or any other available database. Database aspects of ENUM are outside the scope of the present document. An S-CCF that implements the additional routeing functionality described

in annex I may forward the request without attempting translation. If a translation is in fact performed and it succeeds, the S-CCF shall update the Request-URI with the globally routeable SIP URI returned by ENUM/DNS. If this translation fails, the request may be forwarded to a BGCF or any other appropriate entity (e.g. a MRFC to play an announcement) in the originator's home network or the S-CCF may send an appropriate SIP response to the originator. When forwarding the request to a BGCF or any other appropriate entity, the S-CCF shall leave the original Request-URI containing the SIP URI with user parameter equals phone unmodified. If the request is forwarded, the S-CCF shall remove the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header prior to forwarding the message;

- a tel URI in the international format, the S-CCF shall translate the E.164 address (see RFC 3966 [22]) to a globally routeable SIP URI using either an ENUM/DNS translation mechanism with the format specified in RFC 3761[24], or any other available database. Databases aspects of ENUM are outside the scope of the present document. An S-CCF that implements the additional routeing functionality described in annex I may forward the request without attempting translation. If this translation is in fact performed and it succeeds, the S-CCF shall update the Request-URI with the globally routeable SIP URI returned by ENUM/DNS. If this translation fails, the request may be forwarded to a BGCF or any other appropriate entity (e.g. a MRFC to play an announcement) in the originator's home network or the S-CCF may send an appropriate SIP response to the original Request-URI containing the tel URI unmodified. If the request is forwarded, the S-CCF shall remove the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header prior to forwarding the message;
- a tel URI in non-international format (i.e. the local service number analysis and handling is either failed in the appropriate AS or the request has not been forwarded to AS for local service number analysis and handling at all), either forward the request to a BGCF or any other appropriate entity (e.g. a MRFC to play an announcement) in the originator's home network or send an appropriate SIP response to the originator; and
- a pres URI or an im URI, the S-CCF shall forward the request as specified in RFC 3861 [63]. In this case, the S-CCF shall not modify the received Request-URI;
- 11) determine the destination address (e.g. DNS access) using the URI placed in the topmost Route header if present, otherwise based on the Request-URI. If the destination requires interconnect functionalities (e.g. the destination address is of an IP address type other than the IP address type used in the IM CN subsystem), the S-CCF shall forward the request the request shall be forwarded to the destination address via an IBCF in the same network;
- 12) if network hiding is needed due to local policy, put the address of the IBCF to the topmost route header;
- 13) in case of an initial request for a dialog:
 - a) determine the need for GRUU processing. GRUU processing is required if:
 - an original dialog identifier that the S-CCF previously placed in a Route header is not present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request (this means the request is not returning after having been sent to an AS), and
 - the contact address contains a valid GRUU as specified in subclause 5.4.7A.4.
 - b) if GRUU processing is not required and the initial request originated from a served user, then determine the need to record-route for other reasons:
 - if the request is routed to an AS which is part of the trust domain, the S-CCF can decide whether to record-route or not. The decision is configured in the S-CCF using any information in the received request that may otherwise be used for the initial filter criteria. If the request is record-routed the S-CCF shall create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI; or
 - if the request is routed elsewhere, create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI;
- NOTE 6: For requests originated from a PSI the S-CCF can decide whether to record-route or not based on operator policy.
 - c) if GRUU processing is required, the S-CCF shall create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI;
 - d) if GRUU processing is required, the S-CCF shall save an indication that GRUU-routeing is to be performed for in-dialog requests that reach the S-CCF because of the Record-route header added in step c);

- NOTE 7: The manner of representing the GRUU-routeing indication is a private matter for the S-CCF. The indication is used during termination processing of in-dialog requests to cause the S-CCF to replace a Request-URI containing a GRUU with the corresponding registered contact address. It can be saved using values in the Record-Route header, or in dialog state.
- 14) based on the destination user (Request-URI), remove the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header prior to forwarding the message;
- 15) route the request based on SIP routeing procedures; and
- 16) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, Cseq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the S-CCF is able to release the session if needed.

When the S-CCF receives, an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, from an AS acting on behalf of an unregistered user, the S-CCF shall:

- 1) execute the procedures described in the steps 1, 2, 3, 4, 4A, 4B, 4C, 4D, 4E, 4F, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 in the above paragraph (when the S-CCF receives, from a registered served user, an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction).
- NOTE 8: When the S-CCF does not have the user profile, before executing the actions as listed above, it initiates the S-CCF Registration/deregistration notification with the purpose of downloading the relevant user profile (i.e. for unregistered user) and informs the HSS that the user is unregistered. The S-CCF will assess triggering of services for the unregistered user, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14].

If the S-CCF fails to receive a SIP response or receives a 408 (Request Timeout) response or a 5xx response from the AS, the S-CCF shall:

- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_CONTINUED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] or no default handling is indicated, execute the procedure from step 4; and
- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_TERMINATED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], either forward the received response or, if the request is an initial INVITE request, send a 408 (Request Timeout) response or a 5xx response towards the served UE as appropriate (without verifying the matching of filter criteria of lower priority and without proceeding for further steps).

If the S-CCF receives any final response from the AS, it shall forward the response towards the served UE (without verifying the matching of filter criteria of lower priority and without proceeding for further steps).

When the S-CCF receives any response to the above request, the S-CCF may:

- apply any privacy required by RFC 3323 [33] and RFC 3325 [34] to the P-Asserted-Identity header, <u>although the S-CCF shall not</u>, except for the case where trust domain provisioning applies (e.g. response sent to an AS outside the trusted domain) as described in clause 4.4, modify or remove the priv-value set to 'id' within the Privacy <u>header</u>.
- NOTE 9: The P-Asserted-Identity header would normally only be expected in 1xx or 2xx responses.
- NOTE 10: The optional procedure above is in addition to any procedure for the application of privacy at the edge of the trust domain specified by RFC 3325 [34].
- NOTE 10a: The priv-value 'id' in the Privacy header will be used by the originating UE to distinguish the request of TIR by the terminating user as described in TS 183 008 [a].

When the S-CCF receives any response to the above request containing a term-ioi parameter, the S-CCF shall store the value of the received term-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present, and remove all received ioi parameters from the forwarded response if next hop is not an AS.

NOTE 11: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 2 term-ioi or type 3 term-ioi. The term-ioi parameter identifies the sending network of the response message.

When the S-CCF receives any response to the above request, and forwards it to AS, the S-CCF shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the request, and a type 3 term-ioi parameter in the response. The S-CCF shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the type 3 orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of type 3 orig-ioi.

When the S-CCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response to the initial request for a dialog, if the response corresponds to an INVITE request, the S-CCF shall save the Contact and Record-Route header field values in the response in order to be able to release the session if needed.

When the S-CSCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response to an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, if the response is forwarded within the S-CSCF home network and not to an AS, the S-CSCF shall insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header field populated with values received from the HSS.

When the S-CCF, upon sending an initial INVITE request that includes an IP address in the SDP offer (in "c=" parameter), receives an error response indicating that the IP address type is not supported, (e.g., the S-CCF receives the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) with 301 Warning header indicating "incompatible network address format"), the S-CCF shall either:

- fork the initial INVITE request to the IBCF; or
- process the error response and forward it using the Via header.

When the S-CCF receives from the served user a target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request the S-CCF shall:

- <u>OA</u>) if the dialog is related to an IMS communication service determine whether the contents of the request (e.g. <u>SDP</u> media capabilities, Content-Type header field) match the IMS communication service as received as the <u>ICSI</u> value in the P-Asserted-Service header in the initial request. As an operator option, if the contents of the request do not match the IMS communication service the S-CSCF may reject the request by generating a status code reflecting which added contents are not matching. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 1) remove its own URI from the topmost Route header;
- 2) create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI;
- 3) or INVITE dialogs (i.e. dialogs initiated by an INVITE request), save the Contact and Cseq header field values received in the request such that the S-CCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 4) in case the request is routed towards the destination user (Request-URI) or in case the request is routed to an AS located outside the trust domain, remove the P-Access Network Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 5) route the request based on the topmost Route header.

When the S-CCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response to the target refresh request for an INVITE dialog, the S-CCF shall replace the saved Contact and Record-Route header field values in the response such that the S-CCF is able to release the session if needed.

When the S-CCF receives from the served user a subsequent request other than a target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request the S-CCF shall:

- 1) remove its own URI from the topmost Route header;
- in case the request is routed towards the destination user (Request-URI) or in case the request is routed to an AS located outside the trust domain, remove the P-Access Network Info header and the access-network-charginginfo parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 3) route the request based on the topmost Route header.

With the exception of 305 (Use Proxy) responses, the S-CCF shall not recurse on 3xx responses.

5.4.3.3 Requests terminated at the served user

When the S-CCF receives, destined for a statically pre-configured PSI or a registered served user, an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, prior to forwarding the request, the S-CCF shall:

- 1) check if an original dialog identifier that the S-CCF previously placed in a Route header is present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request.
 - If present, the request has been sent from an AS in response to a previously sent request.

- If not present, it indicates that the request is visiting the S-CCF for the first time, and in this case the S-CCF shall determine whether the request contains a barred public user identity in the Request-URI of the request or not. In case the Request URI contains a barred public user identity for the user, then the S-CCF shall reject the request by generating a 404 (Not Found) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) remove its own URI from the topmost Route header;
- 3) if there was an original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request then check whether the Request-URI matches the saved Request-URI. The Request-URI and saved Request-URI are considered a match if the Request-URI is equal to the saved value of the Request-URI, or if the Request-URI is a public-GRUU (public or temporary) and the saved value of the Request-URI is a temporary GRUU (public or temporary) and both the public and temporary GRUUs represent the same public user identity-and instance ID. If there is no match, then:
 - a) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, CSeq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the S-CCF is able to release the session if needed; and
 - b) forward the request based on the topmost Route header or if not available forward the request based on the Request-URI (routing based on Request-URI is specified steps 10 through 14 from subclause 5.4.3.2) and skip the following steps.
- 3A) if the Request-URI is a GRUU, but is not valid as defined in subclause 5.4.7A.4, then return a 4xx response as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93];
- 3B) if the Request-URI contains a public GRUU and the saved value of the Request URI is a temporary GRUU, then replace the Request-URI with the saved value of the Request-URI;
- 3C) if the request contains a P Asserted Service header field check whether the IMS communication serviceidentified by the ICSI value contained in the P Asserted Service header field is allowed by the subscribedservices for the served user and if not, as an operator option, the S CSCF may reject the request by generating a 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise remove the P-Asserted-Service header field;
- <u>3C) if the request contains a P-Asserted-Service header field check whether the IMS communication service</u> <u>identified by the ICSI value contained in the P-Asserted-Service header field is allowed by the subscribed</u> <u>services for the served user:</u>
 - a) if so, continue from step 4; and
 - b) if not, as an operator option, the S-CSCF may reject the request by generating a 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise, remove the P-Asserted-Service header field and continue with the rest of the steps:
- 3D) if the request does not contain a P Asserted Service header field check if the contents of the request matches a subscribed service (i.e. SDP media capabilities, Content Type header field) for each and any of the subscribed services for the served user. As an operator option, if the contents of the request do not match a subscribedservice, the S-CCF may reject the request by generating a 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3E) if the request does not contain a P Asserted Service header field and if the contents of the request (i.e. SDPmedia capabilities, Content Type header field) are allowed by the subscribed services for the served user include a P Asserted Service header field in the request containing the ICSI value for the related IMS communication service, and use the as a header field in the initial request when matching initial filter criteria in step 4;
- 3D) if the request does not contain a P-Asserted-Service header field check if the contents of the request matches a subscribed service (e.g. SDP media capabilities, Content-Type header field) for each and any of the subscribed services for the served user;
 - a) if not, as an operator option, the S-CSCF may reject the request by generating a 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
 - b) if so, and if the request is related to an IMS communication service and the IMS communication service requires the use of an ICSI value then include a P-Asserted-Service header field in the request containing the ICSI value for the related IMS communication service, and use it as a header field in the initial request when matching initial filter criteria in step 4;

- c) if so, and if the request is related to an IMS communication service and the IMS communication service does not require the use of an ICSI value then continue without including an ICSI value; and
- d) if so, and if the request does not relate to an IMS communication service (or if the S-CSCF is unable to unambiguously determine the service being requested but decides to allow the session to continue) then continue without inclding an ICSI value;
- 4) check whether the initial request matches the next unexecuted initial filter criteria based on the public user identity identified by the Request-URI in the priority order and apply the filter criteria on the SIP method as described in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 6.5. If there is a match, then the S-CCF shall:
 - if the Request-URI is a temporary GRUU as defined in subclause 5.4.7A.3, then replace the Request-URI with the public GRUU that is associated with the temporary GRUU (i.e. the public GRUU representing the same public user identity and instance ID as the temporary GRUU);
 - insert the AS URI to be contacted into the Route header as the topmost entry followed by its own URI populated as specified in the subclause 5.4.3.4; and
 - insert a type 3 orig-ioi parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. The type 3 orig-ioi parameter identifies the sending network of the request message before the received orig-ioi. The S-CCF shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter;
- NOTE 1: Depending on the result of the previous process, the S-CCF <u>can</u> may contact one or more AS(s) before processing the outgoing Request-URI.
- NOTE 2: If the Request-URI of the received terminating request contains a temporary GRUU, then step 4 replaces the Request-URI with the associated public GRUU before invoking the AS, and step 3B restores the original temporary GRUU when the request is returned from the AS.
- NOTE 3: An AS can activate or deactivate its own filter criteria via the Sh interface. As the S-CCF checks initial filter criteria only on receipt of an initial request for a dialog, or a standalone transaction, a modified service profile will have no impact on transactions or dialogs already in progress and the modified profile will be effective only for new transactions and dialogs. If the S-CCF receives a modification of the iFC during their execution, then it should not update the stored initial Filter Criteria until the iFC related to the initial request have been completely executed.
- 5) if there was no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header field, if not present, populated with values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CCF home network, including towards AS;
- 6) if there was no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and retain the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header;
- if there was no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request store the value of the orig-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present, and remove all received ioi parameters from the forwarded request if next hop is not an AS;
- NOTE 4: Any received orig-ioi parameter will be a type 2 orig-ioi. or type 3 orig-ioi. The orig-ioi parameter identifies the sending network of the request message.
- 8) in the case:
 - i) there are no Route header fields in the request; and
 - ii) there are bindings saved during registration or re-registration as described in subclause 5.4.1.2 which are not marked as created by an emergency registration as described in subclause 5.4.8.2;
 - then, create a target set of potential routes from the list of preloaded routes <u>associated with the bindings in</u> <u>item 8) ii)saved during registration or re registration, as described in subclause 5.4.1.2</u>, as follows:
 - a) if the Request-URI is a valid GRUU as defined in subclause 5.4.7A.4, then the target set is determined by following the procedures for Request Targeting specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93], using the public user identity and instance ID derived from the GRUU using the procedures of subclause 5.4.7A;

- b) if the Request-URI is not a GRUU, then the target set is all the registered contacts saved for the destination public user identity;
- NOTE 4A: In this release of the specification, use of preloaded routes saved during registration or re-registration which created or refreshed bindings marked as created by an emergency registration is out of scope.
- 9) if necessary perform the caller preferences to caller capabilities matching according to RFC 3841 [56B] to the target set;
- NOTE 5: This might eliminate entries and reorder the target set.

10) in case there are no Route headers in the request:

- a) if there is more than one route in the target set determined in steps 8) and 9) above:
 - if the fork directive in the Request Disposition header was set to "no-fork", use the contact with the highest qvalue parameter when building the Request-URI. In case no qvalue parameters were provided, the S-CCF shall decide locally what contact address to be used to build the target URI; otherwise
 - fork the request or perform sequential search based on the relative preference indicated by the qvalue parameter of the Contact header in the original REGISTER request, as described in RFC3261 [26]. In case no qvalue parameters were provided, then the S-CSCF determine the contact address to be used to build the target URI as directed by the Request Disposition header as described in RFC 3841 [56B]. If the Request-Disposition header is not present, the S-CCF shall decide locally whether to fork or perform sequential search among the contact addresses;
 - in case that no route is chosen, return a 480 (Temporarily unavailable) response or another appropriate unsuccessful SIP response and terminate these procedures.
- b) <u>If no "loose route" indication has been received, in the service profile of the served public user identity, from the HSS during registration</u>, build the Request-URI with the contents of the <u>Contact target</u> URI determined in the previous step;
- c) insert a P-Called-Party-ID SIP header field containing the contents of the Request-URI received in the request unless the Request-URI contains a temporary GRUU in which case insert the public GRUU in the P-Called-Party-ID;
- d) build the Route header field with the Path values from the chosen route <u>and if "loose route" indication has</u> been received ,in the service profile of the served user identity, from the HSS during registration, add the content of the target URI determined in step a), as last URI of the route; and
- e) save the Request-URI and the total number of Record-route headers as part of the dialog request state.
- NOTE 6: For each initial dialog request terminated at a served user two pieces of state are maintained to assist in processing GRUUs: the chosen contact address to which the request is routed; and the position of an entry for the S-CCF in the Record-Route header that will be responsible for GRUU translation, if needed (the position is the number of entries in the list before the entry was added). The entry will be added in step 5) of the below procedures for handling S-CCF receipt any 1xx or 2xx response to the initial request for a dialog. The S-CCF can record-route multiple times, but only one of those (the last) will be responsible for gruu translation at the terminating end.
- 11) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, CSeq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the S-CCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 12) optionally, apply any privacy required by RFC 3323 [33] and RFC 3325 [34] to the P-Asserted-Identity header and privacy required by RFC 4244 [66] <u>although the S-CCF shall not</u>, except for the case where trust domain provisioning applies (e.g. request sent to an AS outside the trusted domain) as described in clause 4.4, modify or remove the priv-value set to 'id' within the Privacy header;
- NOTE 7: The optional procedure above is in addition to any procedure for the application of privacy at the edge of the trust domain specified by RFC 3325 [34].
- NOTE 7a: The priv-value 'id' in the Privacy header will be used by the terminating UE to distinguish the request of OIR by the originating user as described in TS 183 007 [b].
- 13) in case of an initial request for a dialog, either:

- if the request is routed to an AS which is part of the trust domain, the S-CCF can decide whether to recordroute or not. The decision is configured in the S-CCF using any information in the received request that may otherwise be used for the initial filter criteria. If the request is record-routed the S-CCF shall create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI; or
- if the request is routed elsewhere, create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI;
- 13A) if the request is routed to the P-CSCF remove the P-User-Database header if present; and

14) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.

If the S-CCF fails to receive a SIP response or receives a 408 (Request Timeout) response or a 5xx response from the AS, the S-CCF shall:

- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_CONTINUED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] or no default handling is indicated, execute the procedure from step 4; and
- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_TERMINATED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], either forward the received response or, if the request is an initial INVITE request, send a 408 (Request Timeout) response or a 5xx response towards the originating UE as appropriate (without verifying the matching of filter criteria of lower priority and without proceeding for further steps).

If the S-CCF receives any final response from the AS, it shall forward the response towards the originating UE (without verifying the matching of filter criteria of lower priority and without proceeding for further steps).

When the S-CCF receives any response to the above request and forwards it to AS, the S-CCF shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the request, and a type 3 term-ioi parameter in the response. The S-CCF shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.

NOTE 8: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 3 term-ioi. The term-ioi parameter identifies the service provider from which the response was sent.

When the S-CCF receives, destined for an unregistered user, an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, the S-CCF shall:

- 1) Void.
- 2) execute the procedures described in 1, 2, 3, 3C, 3D, 3E, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 13; 13A and 14 in the above paragraph (when the S-CCF receives, destined for the registered served user, an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction).
- 3) In case that no AS needs to be contacted, then S-CCF shall return an appropriate unsuccessful SIP response. This response may be a 480 (Temporarily unavailable) and terminate these procedures.
- NOTE 9: When the S-CCF does not have the user profile, before executing the actions as listed above, it initiates the S-CCF Registration/deregistration notification with the purpose of downloading the relevant user profile (i.e. for unregistered user) and informs the HSS that the user is unregistered. The S-CCF will assess triggering of services for the unregistered user, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14]. When requesting the user profile the S-CCF can include the information in the P-Private-Key header in S-CCF Registration/deregistration.

Prior to performing S-CCF Registration/Deregistration procedure with the HSS, the S-CCF decides which HSS to query, possibly as a result of a query to the Subscription Locator Functional (SLF) entity as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] or use the value as received in the P-User-Database header in the initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction as defined in RFC 4457 [82]. The HSS address received in the response to SLF query can be used to address the HSS of the public user identity with further queries.

When the S-CCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response to the initial request for a dialog (whether the user is registered or not), it shall:

- 1) if the response corresponds to an INVITE request, save the Contact and Record-Route header field values in the response such that the S-CCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 2) if the response is not forwarded to an AS (i.e. the response is related to a request that was matched to the first executed initial filter criteria), insert a type 2 term-ioi parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header of the outgoing

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response. The type 2 term-ioi is set to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi. Values of orig-ioi and term-ioi in the received response are removed;

- 3) in the case where the S-CCF has knowledge that the SIP URI contained in the received P-Asserted-Identity header is an alias SIP URI for a tel URI the S-CCF shall add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing this tel URI including the display name associated with the tel URI, if available. If the P-Asserted-Identity header contains only a tel URI, the S-CCF shall add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing a SIP URI. The added SIP URI shall contain in the user part a "+" followed by the international public telecommunication number contained in tel URI, and user's home domain name in the hostport part. The added SIP URI shall contain the display name as contained in the tel URI. The S-CCF shall also add a user parameter equals "phone" to the SIP URI;
- 4) in case the response is sent towards the originating user, the S-CCF may retain remove the P-Access-Network-Info header based on local policy rules and the destination user (Request-URI); and
- 5) save an indication that GRUU routeing is to be performed for subsequent requests sent within this same dialog if:
 - a) there is a record-route position saved as part of the initial dialog request state; and
 - b) the contact address in the response is a valid GRUU as specified in subclause 5.4.7A.4.
- NOTE 10: There could be several responses returned for a single request, and the decision to insert or modify the Record-Route needs to be applied to each. But a response might also return to the S-CCF multiple times as it is routed back through AS. The S-CCF will take this into account when carrying out step 5) to ensure that the information is stored only once.

When the S-CCF receives a response to a request for a standalone transaction (whether the user is registered or not), in the case where the S-CCF has knowledge that the SIP URI contained in the received P-Asserted-Identity header is an alias SIP URI for a tel URI the S-CCF shall add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing this tel URI, including the display name associated with the tel URI, if available. If the P-Asserted-Identity header contains only a tel URI, the S-CCF shall add a second P-Asserted-Identity header contains only a tel URI, the S-CCF shall add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing a SIP URI. The added SIP URI shall contain in the user part a "+" followed by the international public telecommunication number contained in tel URI, and user's home domain name in the hostport part. The added SIP URI shall contain the same value in the display name as contained in the tel URI. The S-CCF shall also add a user parameter equals "phone" to the SIP URI. In case the response is forwarded to an AS that is located within the trust domain, the S-CCF shall retain the P-Access-Network-Info header-and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header; otherwise, the S-CCF shall remove the P Access Network Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header.

When the S-CCF receives the 200 (OK) response for a standalone transaction request, the S-CCF shall:

- 1) insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header populated with values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CCF home network, including towards an AS; and
- 2) if the response is not forwarded to an AS (i.e. the response is related to a request that was matched to the first executed initial filter criteria), insert a type 2 term-ioi parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header of the outgoing response. The type 2 term-ioi is set to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the type 2 orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.
- NOTE 11:If the S-CCF forked the request of a stand alone transaction to multiple UEs and receives multiple 200 (OK) responses, the S-CCF will select and return only one 200 (OK) response. The criteria that the S-CCF employs when selecting the 200 (OK) response is based on the operator's policy (e.g. return the first 200 (OK) response that was received).

When the S-CCF receives, destined for a served user, a target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request, the S-CCF shall:

0A) if the dialog is related to an IMS communication service determine whether the contents of the request (e.g. SDP media capabilities, Content-Type header field) match the IMS communication service as received as the ICSI value in the P-Asserted-Service header in the initial request. As an operator option, if the contents of the request do not match the IMS communication service the S-CSCF may reject the request by generating a status code reflecting which added contents are not matching. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;

- 1) if the incoming request is received on a dialog for which GRUU routeing is to be performed and the Request-URI is not the GRUU for this dialog, then return a response of 400 (Bad Request).
- 2) if the incoming request is received on a dialog for which GRUU routeing is to be performed and the Request-URI contains the GRUU for this dialog then the S-CCF shall:
 - perform the procedures for Request Targeting specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93], using the public user identity and instance ID derived from the Request-URI, as specified in subclause 5.4.7A;
 - if no contact can be selected, return a response of 480 (Temporarily Unavailable).
- 3) remove its own URI from the topmost Route header;
- 4) for INVITE dialogs (i.e. dialogs initiated by an INVITE request), save the Contact and Cseq header field values received in the request such that the S-CCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 5) create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI; and
- 6) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.

When the S-CCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response to the target refresh request for a dialog (whether the user is registered or not), the S-CCF shall:

- for INVITE dialogs, replace the saved Contact header field values in the response such that the S-CCF is able to release the session if needed; and
- 2) in case the response is forwarded to an AS that is located within the trust domain, the S-CCF shall retain the <u>P Access Network Info header and</u> the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header; otherwise, the S-CCF shall remove the <u>P Access Network Info header and</u> the access-network-charginginfo parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 3) if the response is forwarded within the S-CSCF home network and not to an AS, insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header field populated with values received from the HSS.

When the S-CCF receives, destined for the served user, a subsequent request other than target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request, the S-CCF shall:

- 1) if the incoming request is received on a dialog for which GRUU routeing is to be performed and the Request-URI is not the GRUU for this dialog, then return a response of 400 (Bad Request).
- 2) if the incoming request is received on a dialog for which GRUU routeing is to be performed and the Request-URI contains the GRUU for this dialog then the S-CCF shall:
 - perform the procedures for Request Targeting specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93], using the public user identity and instance ID derived from the Request-URI, as specified in subclause 5.4.7A;
 - if no contact can be selected, return a response of 480 (Temporarily Unavailable).
- 3) remove its own URI from the topmost Route header; and
- 4) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.

When the S-CCF receives a response to a subsequent request other than target refresh request for a dialog, in case the response is forwarded to an AS that is located within the trust domain, the S-CCF shall retain the P-Access Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header; otherwise, the S-CCF shall remove the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header.

With the exception of 305 (Use Proxy) responses, the S-CCF shall not recurse on 3xx responses.

5.4.4.2.1 UE-originating case

When the S-CSCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response, the S-CSCF shall insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses headerpopulated with values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CSCF home network, includingtowards AS. **Release 7**

When the S-CSCF receives the request containing the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector, the S-CSCF shall store the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header. The S-CSCF shall retain access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the request is forwarded to an AS. However, the S-CSCF shall not include the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the request is forwarded outside the home network of the S-CSCF.

When the S-CSCF receives any request or response (excluding ACK requests and CANCEL requests and responses) related to a UE-originated dialog or standalone transaction, the S-CSCF may insert previously saved values into P-Charging-Vector and P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers before forwarding the message within the S-CSCF home network, including towards AS.

5.4.4.2.2 UE-terminating case

When the S-CSCF receives the any 1xx or 2xx response, the S-CSCF shall insert a P-Charging Function Addressesheader populated with values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CSCF home network, including towards AS.

When the S-CSCF receives 180 (Ringing) or 200 (OK) (to INVITE) responses containing the access-network-charginginfo parameter in the P-Charging-Vector, the S-CSCF shall store the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header. The S-CSCF shall retain the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the response is forwarded to an AS. However, the S-CSCF shall not include the access-networkcharging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the response is forwarded outside the home network of the S-CSCF.

When the S-CSCF receives any request or response (excluding ACK requests and CANCEL requests and responses) related to a UE-terminated dialog or standalone transaction, the S-CSCF may insert previously saved values into P-Charging-Vector and P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers before forwarding the message within the S-CSCF home network, including towards AS.

5.4.5.1.2A Release of the existing dialogs due to registration expiration

When the registration lifetime of the only public user identity currently registered with its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities (i.e. no other is registered) expires while there are still active multimedia sessions that includes this user's contact address, where the session was initiated by or terminated towards the user with the contact address associated with the public user identity currently registered or with one of the implicitly registered public used identities, the S-CSCF shall release each of these multimedia sessions by applying the steps listed in the subclause 5.4.5.1.2. Only dialogs associated to the multimedia sessions originated or terminated towards the registered user's contact address shall be released.

5.4.6.1.2 UE-originating case

For a reINVITE request or UPDATE request from the UE within the same dialog, the S-CSCF shall store the updated access-network-charging-info parameter from P-Charging-Vector header in the received SIP request. The S-CSCF shall retain the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the request is forwarded to an AS. However, the S-CSCF shall not include the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the request is forwarded outside the home network of the S-CSCF.

For a reINVITE request from the UE, if the request is to be forwarded to an AS that is located within the trust domain, the S-CSCF shall retain the P-Access Network Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header; otherwise, the S-CSCF shall remove the P-Access Network Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header.

5.4.6.1.3 UE-terminating case

For a reINVITE request or UPDATE request destined towards the UE within the same dialog, when the S-CSCF receives the 200 (OK) response (to the INVITE request or UPDATE request), the S-CSCF shall store the updated access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header. The S-CSCF shall retain the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the response is forwarded to the AS. However, the S-CSCF shall not include the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the response is forwarded to the AS. However, the S-CSCF shall not include the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the 200 (OK) response is forwarded outside the home network of the S-CSCF.

For any SIP response to an INVITE request, if the response is to be forwarded to an AS that is located within the trust domain, the S-CSCF shall retain the P-Access Network Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header; otherwise, the S-CSCF shall remove the P-Access Network Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header.

5.4.7A.2 Representation of public GRUUs

Each public GRUU shall conform to all requirements specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93].

The S-CSCF constructs a public GRUU by adding a "gr" URI parameter to <u>the canonical form of the SIP URI which</u> <u>contains</u> a public user identity. The "gr" parameter serves as an indicator that the URI is in fact a GRUU and carries a value that encodes the instance ID.

By default, the value of the "gr" parameter is a copy of the value of the "sip.instance" header parameter from a Contact address registered with the S-CSCF, with escaping of special characters as specified in RFC3261 [26]. A different representation of the instance ID may be specified for specific forms of instance ID.

Editor"s Note: The specification of such additional specific representations of the instance ID is FFS.

NOTE: The specification of such additional specific representations of the instance ID is outside the scope of this version of the specification.

The public GRUU for a particular association of public user identity and instance ID is persistent. The same public GRUU will be returned each time a registration is performed with a particular pair of public user identity and instance ID.

5.4.8.1 General

S-CSCF shall handle the emergency registration as per the needs of the normal registration.

For all registrations identified as relating to an emergency <u>registration</u> public user identity, the S-CSCF shall give priority over other transactions or dialogs. This allows special treatment of such registrations.

NOTE: This special treatment can include filtering, higher priority processing, routeing, call gapping. The exact meaning of priority is not defined further in this document, but is left to national regulation and network configuration.

5.4.8.2 Initial emergency registration or user-initiated emergency reregistration

When the S-CSCF receives a REGISTER request without an "integrity protected" parameter, or with the "integrityprotected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "no" and the <u>ContactTo</u> header includes an <u>"sos" URI parameter</u> <u>that indicates that this is an emergency registration, emergency public user identity</u> the S-CSCF shall perform the actions as specified in subclause 5.4.1.2.1 with the following additions:

- if the <u>emergencypublic</u> user identity is linked to a private user identity that has a registered emergency public user identity but with a new contact address, and the authentication has been successful and if the previous emergency registration has not expired, the S-CSCF shall delete the previous contact information. Contacts related to non-emergency registration shall not be deregistered.

When the S-CSCF receives a REGISTER request with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "yes" and the Contact header includes a "sos" URI parameter that indicates that this is an emergency registration, the S-CSCF shall identify the user by the emergency public user identity as received in the To header and the private user identity as received in the Authorization header of the REGISTER request the S-CSCF shall perform the actions as specified in subclause 5.4.1.2.2 with the following additions:

- the S-CSCF shall not include a Service-Route in the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request;
- the S-CSCF shall not include a temporary GRUU in the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request;
- the S-CSCF shall include the "sos" URI parameter in the URI that was successfully emergency registered and included in the Contact header field of the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request;

- NOTE 1: In the case where the S-CSCF returns a GRUU in the Contact header field of the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the "sos" URI parameter is appended to the URI and not included as a Contact header field parameter. The public GRUU that is returned in the 200 (OK) response includes the "sos" URI parameter as a parameter of the URI included in the "pub-gruu" Contact header field parameter.
- store the Path header and the contact information including all header parameters contained in the Contact header. The S-CSCF shall use the Path header and the contact information obtained during the emergencyregistration to build a preloaded Route header values for the emergency dialogs (e.g. PSAP call back session) destined for the UE;
- NOTE <u>+2</u>: The Path header and contact information used for the emergency dialogs destined for the UE and obtained during the emergency registration can be different than the Path header used for the non-emergency communication and obtained during the non-emergency registration.
- NOTE 23: If the previous emergency registration with different contact information or emergency Path header has not expired, the S-CSCF will not perform the network initiated deregistration procedure for the previous emergency registration, but will let it expire.
- the S-CSCF shall not send any third-party REGISTER requests to any AS; and
- determine the duration of the registration by checking the value of the Expires header in the received REGISTER request and based on local policy; and-
- NOTE <u>34</u>: The value of the emergency registration time is subject to national regulation and can be subject to roaming agreements.
- for any bindings created by the emergency registration, mark those bindings as created by an emergency registration.

5.4.8.3 User-initiated emergency deregistration

When S-CSCF receives a REGISTER request with the Expires header field containing the value zero and the <u>Contact</u> <u>header contains a contact address that has been registered for emergency service (i.e. the "sos" URI parameter that</u> <u>indicates that this is an emergency registration is included in the Contact header field</u>)To header includes an emergencypublic user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [3], the S-CSCF shall reject the REGISTER request by sending a 501 (Not Implemented) response.

NOTE: The UE cannot deregister its emergency public user identity.

5.4.8.4 Network-initiated emergency deregistration

The S-CSCF shall not perform a network-initiated emergency deregistration-for an emergency public user identity.

5.4.8.5 Network-initiated emergency reauthentication

If a given public user identity and the associated contact address have been registered via emergency registration, tThe S-CSCF shall not reauthenticate this an emergency public user identity.

5.4.8.6 Subscription to the event providing registration state

If a S-CSCF receives a SUBSCRIBE request addressed to S-CSCF containing the Event header with the reg event package with <u>the Contact header that contains a contact address that has been registered for emergency service-a</u> emergency public user identity in the To header, the S-CSCF shall reject the SUBSCRIBE request for the reg-event package by sending a 489 (Bad Event) response.

5.4.8.7 Notification of the registration state

The S-CSCF shall not send a NOTIFY request addressed to an emergency public user identity regarding its subscription state.

When the user performs an emergency registration or when the emergency registration expires, the S-CSCF shall not send a NOTIFY request to the subscribers to the reg event package of the respective user.

The <u>contact address that has been registered for emergency service</u> emergency public user identities shall not be included in the NOTIFY requests sent to the subscribers to the reg event package of the user.

5.5.1 General

The MGCF, although acting as a UA, does not initiate any registration of its associated addresses. These are assumed to be known by peer-to-peer arrangements within the IM CN subsystem. Therefore table A.4/1 and dependencies on that major capability shall not apply.

The use of the Path and Service-Route headers shall not be supported by the MGCF.

When the MGCF sends any request or response related to a dialog, the MGCF may insert previously saved values into P-Charging-Vector and P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers before sending the message.

The MGCF shall use a GRUU referring to itself (as specified in draft-ietf-sip-gruu [93]) when inserting a contact address in a dialog establishing or target refreshing SIP message. This specification does not define how GRUUs are created by the MGCF; they can be provisioned by the operator or obtained by any other mechanism. A GRUU used by the MGCF when establishing a dialog shall remain valid for the lifetime of the dialog. <u>The GRUU used by the MGCF shall not reveal calling party related information.</u>

The MGCF shall handle requests addressed to its currently valid GRUUs when received outside of the dialog in which the GRUU was provided.

EXAMPLE: Upon receipt of an INVITE request addressed to a GRUU assigned to a dialog it has active, and containing a Replaces header referencing that dialog, the MGCF will be able to establish the new call replacing the old one.

5.7.1.9 Use of ICSI and IARI values

It shall be possible for an AS based upon the service logic to validate an ICSI value received in an Accept-Contact header or received in a P-Asserted-Service header and reject the request if necessary.

A trusted AS may insert a P-Asserted-Service header field in a request for a new dialog or standalone transaction. An untrusted AS may insert a P-Preferred-Service header field in a request for a new dialog or standalone transaction. If the request is related to an IMS communication service that requires the use of an ICSI then the AS:

- shall include the ICSI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2), for the IMS communication service that is related to the request in either a P-Asserted-Service header field or a P-Preferred-Service header field depending whether the AS is trusted or not according to draft-drage-sipping-service-identification [121].

When an AS that is acting as a UA or initiating B2BUA or routeing B2BUA sends an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, the AS may include an Accept-Contact header field containing:

- an ICSI value (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2) in a g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2 and RFC 3841 [56B]; and
- zeroone or more IARI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2) that are related to the request in a g.ims.appiari-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.23 and RFC 3841 [56B]

if the ICSI or IARIs for the IMS communication service and IMS application are known.

The AS may:

- include the received ICSI and IARI values;
- replace or remove received ICSI and IARI values; or
- include new ICSI and IARI values.

When the AS acting as a UA or initiating B2BUA or routeing B2BUA sends a SIP request or a SIP response related to an IMS communication service, the AS may include in the Contact header field

in a g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2in a g.ims.app ref feature tag zero one or more ICSI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2); and

 zeroone or more IARI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2) in a g.3gpp.iari-ref feature tag, for the IMS applications-communication service, that are related to the request as defined in subclause 7.9.2 and RFC 3840 [62].

if the ICSI or IARIs for the IMS communication service and IMS application are known. The AS may:

- include the received ICSI and IARI values;
- replace or remove received ICSI and IARI values; or
- include new ICSI and IARI values.

5.10.2.1 Registration

When IBCF receives a REGISTER request, the IBCF shall:

- 1) <u>void</u>if network topology hiding is required, then apply the encryption procedures for the Path header as described in subclause 5.10.4.1;
- if network topology hiding is required or IBCF is configured to perform application level gateway and/or transport plane control functionalities, then the IBCF shall add its own routeable SIP URI to the top of the Path header; and
- NOTE 1: The IBCF can include in the inserted SIP URI an indicator that identifies the direction of subsequent requests received by the IBCF i.e., from the S-CSCF towards the P-CSCF, to identify the UE-terminating case. The IBCF can encode this indicator in different ways, such as, e.g., a unique parameter in the URI, a character string in the username part of the URI, or a dedicated port number in the URI.
- NOTE 2: Any subsequent request that includes the direction indicator (in the Route header) or arrives at the dedicated port number, indicates that the request was sent by the S-CSCF towards the P-CSCF.

NOTE 3: In accordance with the procedures described in RFC 3608 [38], an IBCF does not insert its own routeable SIP URI to the Service Route header.

3) select an entry point of the home network and forward the request to that entry point.

If the selected entry point:

- does not respond to the REGISTER request and its retransmissions by the IBCF; or
- sends back a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to a REGISTER request;

the IBCF shall select a new entry point and forward the original REGISTER request.

NOTE <u>34</u>: The list of the entry points can be either obtained as specified in RFC 3263 [27A] or provisioned in the IBCF. The entry point can be an IBCF or an I-CSCF.

If the IBCF fails to forward the REGISTER request to any entry point, the IBCF shall send back a 504 (Server Time-Out) response to the P-CSCF, in accordance with the procedures in RFC 3261 [26].

5.10.2.2 Initial requests

Upon receipt of

- an initialy request for a dialog;
- a request for an unknown method that does not relate to an existing dialog;

, the IBCF shall:

1) if the request is an INVITE request, respond with a 100 (Trying) provisional response;

- if the request is an INVITE request and the IBCF is configured to perform application level gateway and/or transport plane control functionalities, save the Contact, CSeq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the IBCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 2A) if the request is an initial request for a dialog and local policy requires the application of IBCF capabilities in subsequent requests, perform record route procedures as specified in RFC 3261 [26];
- 3) if network topology hiding is required, apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.4;
- 4) if screening of SIP signalling is required, apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.6;
- 5) if IBCF processes a request without a pre defined route (e.g. the subscription to reg event package originated by the P-CSCF), select an entry point of the home network and forward the request to that entry pointyoid;
- NOTE 1: The list of the entry points can be either obtained as specified in RFC 3263 [27A] or provisioned in the IBCF. The entry point can be an IBCF or an I CSCF.
- 6) store the values from the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header, if present;-and
- 7) remove <u>some of the parameters from</u> the P-Charging-Vector <u>header or the header itself</u>, depending on operator <u>policy</u>, <u>if present</u>; and
- 8) remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers, if present, prior to forwarding the message

and forwards the request according to RFC 3261 [26].

NOTE 1: If IBCF processes a request without a pre-defined route (e.g. the subscription to reg event package originated by the P-CSCF), the next-hop address can be either obtained as specified in RFC 3263 [27A] or be provisioned in the IBCF.

When the IBCF receives an INVITE request, the IBCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the IBCF. If the IBCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE 2: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it.

When the IBCF receives a response to the initial request and network topology hiding is required, then the IBCF shall apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.4.

When the IBCF receives a response to the initial request and screening of SIP signalling is applied, then the IBCF shall apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.6.

5.10.2.3 Subsequent requests

Upon receipt of any subsequent request, except the REGISTER method, the IBCF shall:

- 1) if the request is an INVITE request, respond with a 100 (Trying) provisional response;
- if the request is a target refresh request and the IBCF is configured to perform application level gateway and/or transport plane control functionalities, save the Contact and CSeq header field values received in the request such that the IBCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 3) if the subsequent request is other than a target refresh request (including requests relating to an existing dialog where the method is unknown) and the IBCF is configured to perform application level gateway and/or transport plane control functionalities, save the Contact and CSeq header field values received in the request such that the IBCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 4) if network topology hiding is required, apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.4; and
- 5) if screening of SIP signalling is required, apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.6-

and forwards the request, based on the topmost Route header field, in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the IBCF receives a response to the subsequent request and network topology hiding is required, then the IBCF shall apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.4.

When the IBCF receives a response to the subsequent request and screening of SIP signalling is required, then the IBCF shall apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.6.

5.10.3.1 Registration

When IBCF receives a REGISTER request, the IBCF shall:

- 1) verify if it arrived from a trusted domain or not. If the request arrived from an untrusted domain, respond with 403 (Forbidden) response;
- NOTE 1: The IBCF can find out whether the request arrived from a trusted domain or not, from the procedures described in 3GPP TS 33.210 [19A].
- 2) if network topology hiding, or screening of SIP signalling, is required or IBCF is configured to perform application level gateway and/or transport plane control functionalities, add its own routeable SIP URI to the top of the Path header; and
- NOTE 2: The IBCF can include in the inserted SIP URI an indicator that identifies the direction of subsequent requests received by the IBCF i.e., from the S-CSCF towards the P-CSCF, to identify the UE-terminating case. The IBCF can encode this indicator in different ways, such as, e.g., a unique parameter in the URI, a character string in the username part of the URI, or a dedicated port number in the URI.
- NOTE 3: Any subsequent request that includes the direction indicator (in the Route header) or arrives at the dedicated port number, indicates that the request was sent by the S-CSCF towards the P-CSCF.

NOTE 4: In accordance with the procedures described in RFC 3608 [38], an IBCF does not insert its own routable-SIP URI to the Service Route header.

3) If IBCF is colocated with an I-CSCF, or it has a preconfigured I-CSCF to be contacted, forward the request to that I-CSCF. Otherwise select an I-CSCF and forward the request to that I-CSCF.

NOTE <u>45</u>: The selection of an I-CSCF can lead to additional delays.

If the selected I-CSCF:

- does not respond to the REGISTER request and its retransmissions by the IBCF; or
- sends back a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to a REGISTER request;

the IBCF shall select a new I-CSCF and forward the original REGISTER request.

NOTE 5: The list of the I-CSCFs can be either obtained as specified in RFC 3263 [27A] or provisioned in the IBCF.

If the IBCF fails to forward the REGISTER request to any I-CSCF, the IBCF shall send back a 504 (Server Time-Out) response towards the P-CSCF, in accordance with the procedures in RFC 3261 [26].

5.10.3.2 Initial requests

Upon receipt of

- any initial request for a dialog;,

- a request for a standalone transaction except the REGISTER request; or,

- a request for an unknown method that does not relate to an existing dialog.

the IBCF shall verify whether the request is arrived from a trusted domain or not. If the request arrived from an untrusted domain, then the IBCF shall;

- if the topmost Route header of the request contains the "orig" parameter, respond with 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise,

- remove all P Asserted Identity headers, all P Access Network Info headers, all P-Charging-Vector headers and all P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers the request may contain.

Upon receipt of

- any initial request for a dialog;,
- a request for a standalone transaction except the REGISTER request; or
- a request for an unknown method that does not relate to an existing dialog;

the IBCF shall:

- 1) if the request is an INVITE request, then respond with a 100 (Trying) provisional response;
- if the request is an INVITE request and the IBCF is configured to perform application level gateway and/or transport plane control functionalities, then the IBCF shall save the Contact, CSeq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the IBCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 2A) if the request is an initial request for a dialog and local policy requires the application of IBCF capabilities in subsequent requests, perform record route procedures as specified in the RFC 3261 [26];
- 3) if network topology hiding is required, then apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.4; and
- 4) If IBCF receives an initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction, that contains a single Route header pointing to itself, and it is co-located with an I-CSCF, or it has a preconfigured I-CSCF to be contacted, then forward the request to that I-CSCF. Otherwise select an I-CSCF and forward the request to that I-CSCF. If the single Route header of the request contains the "orig" parameter, the IBCF shall insert the "orig" parameter to the URI of the I-CSCF.
- NOTE 1: The selection of an I-CSCF can lead to additional delays.

When the IBCF receives an INVITE request, the IBCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the IBCF. If the IBCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it.

When the IBCF receives a response to an initial request (e.g. 183 or 2xx), the IBCF shall:

- 1) store the values from the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header, if present;
- 2) remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header prior to forwarding the message; and
- 3) if network topology hiding is required, then the IBCF shall apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.4.

5.10.3.3 Subsequent requests

Upon receipt of any subsequent request, except the REGISTER method, the IBCF shall:

- 1) if the request is an INVITE request, then respond with a 100 (Trying) provisional response;
- if the request is a target refresh request and the IBCF is configured to perform application level gateway and/or transport plane control functionalities, then the IBCF shall save the Contact and CSeq header field values received in the request such that the IBCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 3) if the subsequent request is other than a target refresh request (including requests relating to an existing dialog where the method is unknown) and the IBCF is configured to perform application level gateway and/or transport plane control functionalities, then the IBCF shall save the Contact and CSeq header field values received in the request such that the IBCF is able to release the session if needed; and
- 4) if network topology hiding is required, then apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.4-

and forwards the request, based on the topmost Route header field, in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the IBCF receives a response to the subsequent request and network topology hiding is required, then the IBCF shall apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.10.4.

5.10.4.1 General

NOTE 1: THIG functionality is performed in I-CSCF in Release-5 and Release-6 and is compatible with the procedures specified in this subclause.

The following procedures shall only be applied if network topology hiding is required by the network. The network requiring network topology hiding is called the hiding network.

NOTE 2: Requests and responses are handled independently therefore no state information is needed for that purpose within an IBCF.

The IBCF shall apply network topology hiding to all headers which reveal topology information, such as Via, Route, and Record-Route, Service Route, and Path.

- <u>NOTE 3:</u> If the P-CSCF is located in the visited network and in order to allow the subscription initiated by the P-CSCF to the user's registration-state event package, the IBCF cannot apply network topology hiding on the Path header field contained in the REGISTER request.
- <u>NOTE 4:</u> In order to allow the roaming UE to perform restoration procedures when the S-CSCF rejects the served user initiated request, the IBCF cannot apply network topology hiding on the Service-Route header field contained in a 200 (OK) response for the REGISTER request.

Upon receiving an incoming REGISTER request for which network topology hiding has to be applied and which includes a Path header, the IBCF shall add the routeable SIP URI of the IBCF to the top of the Path header. The IBCF may include in the inserted SIP URI an indicator that identifies the direction of subsequent requests received by the IBCF i.e., from the S-CSCF towards the P-CSCF, to identify the UE-terminating case. The IBCF may encode this indicator in different ways, such as, e.g., a unique parameter in the URI, a character string in the username part of the URI, or a dedicated port number in the URI.

NOTE <u>53</u>: Any subsequent request that includes the direction indicator (in the Route header) or arrives at the dedicated port number, indicates that the request was sent by the S-CSCF towards the P-CSCF.

Upon receiving an incoming initial request for which network topology hiding has to be applied and which includes a Record-Route header, the IBCF shall add its own routeable SIP URI to the top of the Record-Route header.

5.10.4.2 Encryption for network topology hiding

Upon receiving an outgoing request/response from the hiding network the IBCF shall perform the encryption for network topology hiding purposes, i.e. the IBCF shall:

- 1) use the whole header values which were added by one or more specific entity of the hiding network as input to encryption, besides the UE entry;
- 2) not change the order of the headers subject to encryption when performing encryption;
- 3) use for one encrypted string all received consecutive header entries subject to encryption, regardless if they appear in separate consecutive headers or if they are consecutive entries in a comma separated list in one header;
- 4) construct a hostname that is the encrypted string;
- 5) append a "tokenized-by" parameter and set it to the value of the encrypting network's name, after the constructed hostname;
- 6) form one valid entry for the specific header out of the resulting NAI, e.g. prepend "SIP/2.0/UDP" for Via headers or "sip:" for Path, Service Route, Route and Record-Route headers;
- 7) if the IBCF encrypted an entry in the Route header, then it also inserts its own URI before the topmost encrypted entry; and

- 8) if the IBCF encrypted an entry in the Via header, then it also inserts its own URI before the topmost encrypted entry.
- NOTE 1: Even if consecutive entries of the same network in a specific header are encrypted, they will result in only one encrypted header entry. For example:

```
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP ibcfl.homel.net;lr,
SIP/2.0/UDP Token( SIP/2.0/UDP scscfl.homel.net;lr,
SIP/2.0/UDP pcscfl.homel.net;lr);
tokenized-by=homel.net,
SIP/2.0/UDP [5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]
```

NOTE 2: If multiple entries of the same network are within the same type of headers, but they are not consecutive, then these entries will be tokenized to different strings. For example:

```
Record-Route: sip:ibcfl.homel.net;lr,
    sip:Token(sip:scscfl.homel.net;lr);tokenized-by=homel.net,
    sip:asl.foreign.net;lr,
    sip:Token(sip:scscfl.homel.net;lr,
        sip:pcscfl.homel.net;lr);tokenized-by=homel.net
```

NOTE 3: If request will return to the hiding network (e.g. after visiting an AS), then the URI of IBCF is inserted. For example:

```
Route: sip:asl.foreign.net;lr,
    sip:ibcfl.homel.net;lr,
    sip:Token(sip:scscfl.homel.net;lr);tokenized-by=homel.net
```

5.10.5 IMS-ALG functionality in the IBCF

The IBCF shall only apply the following procedures if application level gateway functionality is required by the network.

The IBCF acts as a B2BUA when it performs IMS-ALG functionality. As an IMS-ALG, the IBCF will internally map the message headers between the two dialogs that it manages. It is responsible for correlating the dialog identifiers and will decide when to simply translate a message from one dialog to the other, or when to perform other functions. The IBCF, although acting as a UA, does not initiate any registration of its associated addresses. These are assumed to be known by peer-to-peer arrangements within the IM CN subsystem.

When the IBCF receives an initial INVITE request from another SIP network, i.e. the IBCF acts as an entry point, the IBCF shall generate a new initial INVITE request and forward it to the I-CSCF. In case the initial INVITE request is received from own network, i.e. the IBCF acts as an exit point, the IBCF shall generate a new initial INVITE request and forward it to the entry point of the other network.

An IBCF may <u>provide</u>replace a contact address that is not a <u>GRUU</u>with a <u>URI of its own</u> when the contact address in the incoming message that is being replaced is not a <u>GRUU</u> (e.g when the contact address is an <u>IP address</u>). In all other eases it shall use a <u>GRUU</u>. When using a <u>GRUU</u>, it shall do so in conformance with RFC 5627 [93].

This specification does not define how GRUUs are created by the IBCF; they can be provisioned by the operator or obtained by any other mechanism. The GRUU shall remain valid for the time period in which features addressed to it remain meaningful.

The IBCF shall handle requests addressed to its currently valid GRUUs when received outside of the dialog in which the GRUU was provided.

EXAMPLE: Upon receipt of an INVITE request addressed to a GRUU assigned to a dialog it has active, and containing a Replaces header referencing that dialog, the IBCF will be able to establish the new call replacing the old one.

The IBCF shall transparently forward a received Contact header field when the Contact header field contains a GRUU or a media feature tag is included indicating a capability for which the Contact URI can be used by the remote party. When transparently forwarding a received Contact header field of a dialog-forming request, the IBCF shall include its own URI in a Record-Route header field in order to ensure that it is included on the route of subsequent requests.

<u>NOTE:</u> One examples of such a media feature tag is the isfocus media feature tag used by conference services to transport the temporary conference identity that can be used when rejoining an ongoing conference.

The internal function of the IBCF as an IMS-ALG is defined in 3GPP TS 29.162 [11A].

- 5.10.6 Screening of SIP signalling
- 5.10.6.1 General

The IBCF may act as a B2BUA when it performs screening of SIP signalling functionality. In this case the B2BUA behaviour of the IBCF shall comply with the description given in subclause 5.10.5 for the IMS-ALG functionality.

NOTE: Many headers are intended for end-to-end operation; removal of such headers will impact the intended end-to-end operation between the end users. Additionally the IM CN subsystem does not preclude security mechanisms covering SIP headers; any such removal-<u>can may</u> prevent validation of all headers covered by the security mechanism. <u>Further study in release 2 will be given to specifying procedures that</u> <u>can act in a more transparent manner to the end user for some of these screening functions, and therefore</u> <u>allow the screening function to use proxy behaviour. Use of draft-ietf-sipping-media-policy-dataset, drafthilt-sipping-policy-package, draft-hilt-sipping-policy-usecases, draft-hilt-sipping-session-policyframework, draft-hilt-sipping-session-spec-policy, and draft-camarillo-sipping-sbc-funcs will be investigated for this purpose.</u>

5.10.6.2 IBCF procedures for SIP headers

If specified by local policy rules, the IBCF may omit or modify any <u>other</u> received SIP headers prior to forwarding SIP messages, with the following exceptions.

As a result of any screening policy adopted, the IBCF should not modify at least the following headers which would cause mis-operation of the IM CN subsystem:

- Authorization; and
- WWW-Authenticate.

Where the IBCF appears in the path between the UE and the S-CCF, some headers are involved in the registration and authentication of the user. As a result of any screening policy adopted as part of normal operation, e.g. where the request or response is forwarded on, the IBCF should not modify as part of the registration procedure at least the following headers:

- Path; and
- Service-Route.
- NOTE 1: If the IBCF modifies SIP information elements (SIP headers, SIP message bodies) other than as specified by SIP procedures (e.g., RFC 3261 [26]) caution needs to be taken that SIP functionality (e.g., routeing using Route, Record-Route and Via) is not impacted in a way that could create interoperability problems with networks that assume that this information is not modified.
- NOTE 2: Where operator requirements can be achieved by configuration hiding, then these procedures can be used in preference to screening.

The IBCF may add, remove, or modify, the P-Early-Media header within forwarded SIP requests and responses according to procedures in draft-ejzak-sipping-p-em-auth [109].

NOTE 3: The IBCF can use the header for the gate control procedures, as described in 3GPP TS 29.214 [13D]. In the presence of early media for multiple dialogs due to forking, if the IBCF is able to identify the media associated with a dialog, (i.e., if symmetric RTP is used by the UE and the IBCF can use the remote SDP information to determine the source of the media) the IBCF can selectively open the gate corresponding to an authorized early media flow for the selected media.

When the IBCF, located in the home network, receives a SIP request from another entity within the same trust domain, the IBCF may police the ICSI value contained in the P-Asserted-Service header field.

5.10.6.3 IBCF procedures for SIP message bodies

If IP address translation (NA(P)T or IP version interworking) occurs on the user plane, the IBCF shall modify SDP according to the <u>corresponding</u> annex F and G-as appropriate.

Additionally, the IBCF may take the followings action upon SIP message bodies:

- 1) examine the length of a SIP message body and if required by local policy, <u>and</u> take an appropriate action (e.g. forward the message body transparently, reject the request, remove the body);
- examine the characteristics of the message body (i.e. check the values of any "Content-Type", "Content-Disposition", and "Content-Language" headers), take an appropriate action defined by local policy (e.g. forward the body unchanged, remove the body, reject the call); and
- 3) examine the content of SIP bodies, and take appropriate action defined by local policy (e.g. forward the body unchanged, remove the body, reject the call).

5.11.2 UE originating case

The E-CSCF may either forward the call to a PSAP in the IP network or forward the call to a PSAP in the PSTN. In the latter case the call will pass a BGCF and a MGCF before entering the PSTN.

Upon receipt of an initial request for a dialog, or a standalone transaction, or an unknown method including a Request-URI with an emergency service URN, i.e. a service URN with a top-level service type of "sos" as specified in draft-ietfecrit-service-urn [69], or an emergency number the E-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove its own SIP URI from the topmost Route header;
- 2) if the PSAP is the next hop, store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and remove the received information in the P-Charging-Vector header, else keep the P-Charging-Vector if the next hop is an exit IBCF or a BGCF;
- 3) if the PSAP is the next hop remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers, if present, else keep the P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers if the next hop is an exit IBCFor an BGCF;
- if an IBCF or BGCF is the next hop insert a type 2 orig-ioi parameter into the P-Charging-Vector header. The E-CSCF shall set the type 2 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network. The E-CSCF shall not include the term-ioi parameter;
- 5) get location information as
 - geographical location information received as a location object from a message body with the content type application/pidf+xml in accordance with draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]; and
 - location identifier as derived from the P-Access-Network-Network-Info header, if available.
- NOTE 1: The E-CSCF can request location information from an LRF. The protocol used to retrieve the location information from the LRF is not specified in this version of the specification.
- NOTE 2: As an alternative to retrieve location information from the LRF the E-CSCF can also request location information from an external server. The address to the external server can be received in the Geolocation header as specified in draft-ietf-sip-location-conveyance [89]. The protocol used to retrieve the location information from the external server is not specified in this version of the specification.
- 6) select, based on location information and optionally type of emergency service:
 - a PSAP connected to the IM CN subsystem network and add the PSAP URI to the topmost Route header; or
- NOTE 3: The E-CSCF conveys the P-Access-Network-Info header containing the location identifier, if defined for the access type as specified in subclause 7.2A.4, to the PSAP.
 - a PSAP in the PSTN, add the BGCF URI to the topmost Route header field, add a PSAP URI in tel URI format to the Request-URI with an entry used in the PSTN/CS domain to address the PSAP and set the handling header field parameter value of the Content-Disposition header field associated with the application/pidf+xml message body (if present) to "optional";

- NOTE 4: The E-CSCF conveys the P-Access-Network-Info header containing the location identifier, if defined for the access type as specified in subclause 7.2A.4, towards the MGCF. The MGCF can translate the location Information if included in INVITE (i.e. both the geographical location information in PIDF-LO and the location identifier in the P-Access-Network-Info header) into ISUP signalling, see 3GPP TS 29.163 [11B].
- NOTE 5: The E-CSCF can request location information and routeing information from the LRF. The E-CSCF can for example send the location identifier to LRF and LRF maps the location identifier into the corresponding geographical location information that LRF sends to E-CSCF. The LRF can invoke an RDF to convert the location information into a proper PSAP/EC URI. Both the location information and the PSAP URI are returned to the E-CSCF.
- NOTE 6: The way the E-CSCF determines the next hop address when the PSAP address is a tel URI is implementation dependent.
- 7) if the E-CSCF receives a reference number from the LRF the E-CSCF shall include the reference number in the P-Asserted-Identity header;
- NOTE 7: The reference number is used in the communication between the PSAP and LRF.
- 8) if due to local policy or if the PSAP requires interconnect functionalities (e.g. PSAP address is of an IP address type other than the IP address type used in the IM CN subsystem), put the address of the IBCF to the topmost route header, in order to forward the request to the PSAP via an IBCF in the same network;
- 9) create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI
- 10) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, Cseq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the E-CSCF is able to release the session if needed; and
- 11)route the request based on SIP routeing procedures.
- Editor's Note: It needs to be investigated whether the E-CSCF also needs (under specific circumstances) to release an emergency session.
- NOTE 8: Depending on local operator policy, the E-CSCF has the capability to reject requests relating to specific methods in accordance with RFC 3261 [26], as an alternative to the functionality described above.

Upon receipt of an initial request for a dialog, a standalone transaction, or an unknown method, that does not include a Request-URI with an emergency service URN or an emergency number, the E-CSCF shall reject the call by sending a 403 (Forbidden) response.

When the E-CSCF receives the request containing the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector, the E-CSCF shall store the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header. The E-CSCF shall retain access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header.

When the E-CSCF receives any request or response (excluding ACK requests and CANCEL requests and responses) related to a UE-originated dialog or standalone transaction, the E-CSCF may insert previously saved values into P-Charging-Vector and P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers before forwarding the message.

When the E-CSCF receives an INVITE request from the UE, the E-CSCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the E-CSCF. If the E-CSCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

- NOTE 9: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least the UE or the PSAP or MGCF. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UAs needs to support it in order to make it work.
- 6 Application usage of SDP
- 6.1.1 General

The "integration of resource management and SIP" extension is hereafter in this subclause referred to as "the precondition mechanism" and is defined in RFC 3312 [30] as updated by RFC 4032 [64].

In order to authorize the media streams, the P-CSCF and S-CCF have to be able to inspect the SDP payloads. Hence, the UE shall not encrypt the SDP payloads.

During session establishment procedure, SIP messages shall only contain SDP payload if that is intended to modify the session description, or when the SDP payload must be included in the message because of SIP rules described in RFC 3261 [26].

For "video" and "audio" media types that utilize the RTP/RTCP, the UE shall specify the proposed bandwidth for each media stream utilizing the "b=" media descriptor and the "AS" bandwidth modifier in the SDP.

If the media line in the SDP indicates the usage of RTP/RTCP, and if the RTCP bandwidth level for the session is different than the default RTCP bandwidth as specified in RFC 3556 [56], then in addition to the "AS" bandwidth modifier in the media-level "b=" line, the UE shall include two media-level "b=" lines, one with the "RS" bandwidth modifier and the other with the "RR" bandwidth modifier as described in RFC 3556 [56] to specify the required bandwidth allocation for RTCP.

For other media streams the "b=" media descriptor may be included. The value or absence of the "b=" parameter will affect the assigned QoS which is defined in 3GPP 29.213 [13C].

The UE shall include the MIME subtype "telephone-event" in the "m=" media descriptor in the SDP for audio media flows that support both audio codec and DTMF payloads in RTP packets as described in RFC 2833 [23].

In case if the IP-CAN requires any access specific procedures, the UE shall inspect the SDP contained in any SIP request or response, looking for possible indications of grouping of media streams according to RFC 3524 [54] and perform the appropriate actions for IP-CAN bearer establishment for media according to IP-CAN specific procedures (see subclause B.2.2.5 for IP-CAN implemented using GPRS).

If resource reservation is needed, the UE shall start reserving its local resources whenever it has sufficient information about the media streams, media authorization and used codecs available.

NOTE 2: Based on this resource reservation can, in certain cases, be initiated immediately after the sending or receiving of the initial SDP offer.

In order to fulfil the QoS requirements of one or more media streams, the UE may re-use previously reserved resources. In this case the local preconditions related to the media stream, for which resources are re-used, shall be indicated as met.

If an IP-CAN bearer is rejected or modified, the UE shall, if the SDP is affected, update the remote SIP entity according to RFC 3261 [26] and RFC 3311 [29].

NOTE 3: The UE can use one IP address for signalling (and specify it in the Contact header) and different IP address(es) for media (and specify it in the "c=" parameter of the SDP).

If the UE wants to transport media streams with TCP and there are no specific alternative negotiation mechanisms defined for that particular application, then the UE shall support the procedures and the SDP rules specified in RFC 4145 [83].

6.1.2 Handling of SDP at the originating UE

An INVITE request generated by a UE shall contain a SDP offer and at least one media description. The SDP offer shall reflect the calling user's terminal capabilities and user preferences for the session. The UE shall order the SDP offer with the most preferred codec listed first.

If the desired QoS resources for one or more media streams have not been reserved at the UE when constructing the SDP offer, the UE shall:

 indicate the related local preconditions for QoS as not met, using the segmented status type, as defined in RFC 3312 [30] and RFC 4032 [64], as well as the strength-tag value "mandatory" for the local segment and the strength-tag value "optional" for the remote segment, if the UE supports the precondition mechanism (see subclause 5.1.3.1); and,

NOTE 1: In a two-party session where both participants are active, the RTCP receiver reports are not sent, therefore, the RR bandwidth modifier will typically get the value of zero.

- set the related media streams to inactive, by including an "a=inactive" line, according to the procedures described in RFC 4566 [39], unless the UE knows that the precondition mechanism is supported by the remote UE.
- NOTE 1: When setting the media streams to the inactive mode, the UE can include in the first SDP offer the proper values for the RS and RR modifiers and associate bandwidths to prevent the receiving of the RTCP packets, and not send any RTCP packets.

If the desired QoS resources for one or more media streams are available at the UE when the SDP offer is sent, the UE shall indicate the related local preconditions as met, using the segmented status type, as defined in RFC 3312 [30] and RFC 4032 [64], as well as the strength-tag value "mandatory" for the local segment and the strength-tag value "optional" for the remote segment, if the UE supports the precondition mechanism (see subclause 5.1.3.1).

NOTE 2: If the originating UE does not support the precondition mechanism it will not include any precondition information in SDP.

Upon generating the SDP offer for an INVITE request generated after receiving a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response, as described in subclause 5.1.3.1, the UE shall include SDP payload containing a subset of the allowed media types, codecs and other parameters from the SDP payload of all 488 (Not Acceptable Here) responses related to the same session establishment attempt (i.e. a set of INVITE requests used for the same session establishment). The UE shall order the codecs in the SDP payload according to the order of the codecs in the SDP payload of the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response.

NOTE 3: The UE can attempt a session establishment through multiple networks with different policies and potentially can need to send multiple INVITE requests and receive multiple 488 (Not Acceptable Here) responses from different CSCF nodes. The UE therefore takes into account the SDP contents of all the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) responses received related to the same session establishment when building a new INVITE request.

Upon confirming successful local resource reservation, the UE shall create a SDP offer in which:

- the related local preconditions are set to met, using the segmented status type, as defined in RFC 3312 [30] and RFC 4032 [64]; and
- the media streams previously set to inactive mode are set to active (sendrecv, sendonly or recvonly) mode.

Upon receiving an SDP answer, which includes more than one codec for one or more media streams, the UE shall send an SDP offer at the first possible time, selecting only one codec per media stream.

6.2 Procedures at the P-CSCF

When the P-CSCF receives any SIP request containing an SDP offer, the P-CSCF shall examine the media parameters in the received SDP. If the P-CSCF finds any media parameters which are not allowed on the network by local policy, the P-CSCF shall return a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response containing SDP payload. This SDP payload contains either all the media types, codecs and other SDP parameters which are allowed according to the local policy, or, based on configuration by the operator of the P-CSCF, a subset of these allowed parameters. This subset may depend on the content of the received SIP request. The P-CSCF shall build the SDP payload in the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response in the same manner as a UAS builds the SDP in a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in RFC 3261 [26]. The P-CSCF shall order the SDP payload with the most preferred codec listed first. If the SDP offer is encrypted, the P-CSCF may reject the request.

When the P-CSCF receives a SIP response different from 200 (OK) response containing <u>an</u> SDP offer, the P-CSCF shall not examine the media parameters in the received SDP offer, but the P-CSCF shall rather check the succeeding request containing the SDP answer for this offer, and if necessary (i.e. the SDP answer reduced by the UE still breaches local policy), the P-CSCF shall return a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response containing the local policy allowed SDP payload. If the SDP answer is encrypted, the P-CSCF may reject the succeeding request.

When the P-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response containing SDP offer, the P-CSCF shall examine the media parameters in the received SDP. If the P-CSCF finds any media parameters which are not allowed on the network by local policy, the P-CSCF shall forward the SDP offer and on the receipt of the ACK request containing the SDP answer, it shall immediately terminate the session as described in subclause 5.2.8.1.2. If the SDP offer is encrypted, the P-CSCF shall forward the SDP offer and on the receipt of the ACK request containing the SDP answer, it may immediately terminate the session as described in subclause 5.2.8.1.2.

When the P-CSCF receives any SIP request containing an SDP offer for which resource authorization procedure over the Gq' interface is required (e.g. in case the P-CSCF is serving a UE connected to a fixed broadband access), upon receipt of an indication over the Gq' interface that the requested resources for a multimedia session currently being established cannot be granted (e.g. AA-Answer message from SPDF with appropriate reservation failure indication), the P-CSCF shall terminate this received request and answer it with a 500 (Server Internal Error) response.

When the P-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response containing an SDP offer, for which resource authorization procedure over the Gq' interface is required (e.g. in case the P-CSCF is serving a UE connected to a fixed broadband access), upon receipt of an indication over the Gq' interface that the requested resources for a multimedia session currently being established cannot be granted (e.g. AA-Answer message from SPDF with appropriate reservation failure indication), the P-CSCF shall check the SIP message containing the SDP answer for this SDP offer, and if necessary (i.e. a new indication that resources cannot be granted is received by the P-CSCF over the Gq' interface), the P-CSCF shall terminate the session as described in subclause 5.2.8.1.2.

In case a device performing address and/or port number conversions is provided by a NA(P)T or NA(P)t-PT controlled by the P-CSCF, or by a hosted NAT, located along the media path, the P-CSCF may need to modify the media connection data in SDP bodies according to the procedures described in F and/or annex G.

The P-CSCF shall apply and maintain the same policy within the SDP from the initial request or response containing SDP and throughout the complete SIP session. The P-CSCF may inspect, if present, the "b=RS" and "b=RR" lines in order to find out the bandwidth allocation requirements for RTCP.

- 7 Extensions within the present document
- 7.2A.4 P-Access-Network-Info header
- 7.2A.4.1 Introduction

The P-Access-Network-Info header is extended to include specific information relating to particular access technologies.

7.2A.4.2 Syntax

The syntax of the P-Access-Network-Info header is described in RFC 3455 [52]. There are additional coding rules for this header depending on the type of IP-CAN, according to access technology specific descriptions.

Table 7.6A describes 3GPP-specific extended syntax of the P-Access-Network-Info header field defined in RFC 3455 [52].

P-Access-Network-Info	= 'P-Access-Network-Info' HCOLON
	access-net-spec *(COMMA access-net-spec)
access-net-spec	= access-type [SEMI np] *(SEMI access-info)
access-type	= 'IEEE-802.11' / "IEEE-802.11a" / "IEEE-802.11b" / "IEEE-802.11g" /
	"3GPP-GERAN" / "3GPP-UTRAN-FDD" / "3GPP-UTRAN-TDD" / "ADSL" / "ADSL2" /
	"ADSL2+" / "RADSL" / "SDSL" / "HDSL" / "HDSL2" / "G.SHDSL" / "VDSL" /
	"IDSL" / "3GPP2-1X" / "3GPP2-1X-HRPD" / "IEEE-802.3"/ "IEEE-802.3a" /
	"IEEE-802.3e" / "IEEE-802.3i"/ "IEEE-802.3j" / "IEEE-802.3u" / "IEEE-
	802.3ab"/ "IEEE-802.3ae"/"IEEE-802.3ak"/IEEE-802.3aq"/ "IEEE-802.3an" /
	"IEEE-802.3y"/ "IEEE-802.3z"/ token
np	
access-info	= cgi-3gpp / utran-cell-id-3gpp / dsl-location / np / i-wlan-node-id / ci-
3gpp2/ eth-locat	ion / extension- access-info
extension-access-info	= gen-value
cgi-3gpp	= "cgi-3gpp" EQUAL (token / quoted-string)
utran-cell-id-3gpp	= "utran-cell-id-3gpp" EQUAL (token / quoted-string)
i-wlan-node-id	= "i-wlan-node-id" EQUAL (token / quoted-string)
dsl-location	= "dsl-location" EQUAL (token / quoted-string)
eth-location	= "eth-location" EQUAL (token / quoted-string)
np	= "network-provided"
ci-3gpp2	= "ci-3gpp2" EQUAL (token / quoted-string)

Table 7.6A: Syntax of extended P-Access-Network-Info header

<u>NOTE</u>: Addition of the P-Access-Network-Info header by proxies, and repetition of the P-Access-Network-Info header within the same request or response, requires an update to RFC 3455 before such usage is valid.

7.2A.4.3 Additional coding rules for P-Access-Network-Info header

<u>The UEEntities inserting the P-Access-Network-Info header</u> shall populate the P-Access-Network-Info header, where use is specified in subclause 5.1 and subclause 5.2, with the following contents:

- the access-type field set to one of "3GPP-GERAN","3GPP-UTRAN-FDD", "3GPP-UTRAN-TDD", "3GPP2-1X", "3GPP2-1X-HRPD", "IEEE-802.11", "IEEE-802.11a", "IEEE-802.11b" "IEEE-802.11g", "ADSL", "ADSL2", "ADSL2+", "RADSL", "SDSL", "HDSL", "HDSL2", "G.SHDSL", "VDSL", "IDSL", "DOCSIS" or "IEEE-802.3", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3e", "IEEE-802.3i", "IEEE-802.3j", "IEEE-802.3u", "IEEE-802.3ab", "IEEE-802.3ae", IEEE-802.3ak", IEEE-802.3aq", IEEE-802.3an", "IEEE-802.3y" or "IEEE-802.3z" as appropriate to the access technology in use.
- 2) if the access type field is set to "3GPP-GERAN", a cgi-3gpp parameter set to the Cell Global Identity obtained from lower layers of the UE. The Cell Global Identity is a concatenation of MCC, MNC, LAC and CI (as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [3]). The value of "cgi-3gpp" parameter is therefore coded as a text string as follows:

Starting with the most significant bit, MCC (3 digits), MNC (2 or 3 digits depending on MCC value), LAC (fixed length code of 16 bits using full hexadecimal representation) and CI (fixed length code of 16 bits using a full hexadecimal representation);

3) if the access type field is equal to "3GPP-UTRAN-FDD", or "3GPP-UTRAN-TDD", a "utran-cell-id-3gpp" parameter set to a concatenation of the MCC, MNC, LAC (as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [3]) and the UMTS Cell Identity (as described in 3GPP TS 25.331 [9A]), obtained from lower layers of the UE, and is coded as a text string as follows:

Starting with the most significant bit, MCC (3 digits), MNC (2 or 3 digits depending on MCC value), LAC (fixed length code of 16 bits using full hexadecimal representation) and UMTS Cell Identity (fixed length code of 28 bits);

- 4) if the access type field is set to "3GPP2-1X", a ci-3gpp2 parameter set to the ASCII representation of the hexadecimal value of the string obtained by the concatenation of SID (16 bits), NID (16 bits), PZID (8 bits) and BASE_ID (16 bits) (see 3GPP2 C.S0005-D [85]) in the specified order. The length of the ci-3gpp2 parameter shall be 14 hexadecimal characters. The hexadecimal characters (A through F) shall be coded using the uppercase ASCII characters. If the MS does not know the values for any of the above parameters, the MS shall use the value of 0 for that parameter. For example, if the SID is unknown, the MS shall represent the SID as 0x0000;
- NOTE 1: The SID value is represented using 16 bits as supposed to 15 bits as specified in 3GPP2 C.S0005-D [85].

EXAMPLE: If SID = 0x1234, NID = 0x5678, PZID = 0x12, BASE_ID = 0xFFFF, the ci-3gpp2 value is set to the string "1234567812FFFF".

- 5) if the access type field is set to "3GPP2-1X-HRPD", a ci-3gpp2 parameter set to the ASCII representation of the hexadecimal value of the string obtained by the concatenation of Sector ID (128 bits) and Subnet length (8 bits) (see 3GPP2 C.S0024-A [86]) in the specified order. The length of the ci-3gpp2 parameter shall be 34 hexadecimal characters. The hexadecimal characters (A through F) shall be coded using the uppercase ASCII characters;
- 6) if the access-type field set to one of "IEEE-802.11", "IEEE-802.11a", "IEEE-WLAN-802.11b" or "IEEE-802.11g", an "i-wlan-node-id" parameter is set to <u>the ASCII representation of the hexadecimal value of</u> the <u>AP's</u> MAC address-<u>of the AP</u> without any delimiting characters.

EXAMPLE: If the AP's MAC address = 00-0C-F1-12-60-28, then i-wlan-node-id is set to the string "000cf1126028".

- 7) If the access-type field is set to one of "ADSL", "ADSL2", "ADSL2+", "RADSL", "SDSL", "HDSL", "HDSL2", "G.SHDSL", "VDSL", "IDSL", the access-info field shall contain a dsl-location parameter obtained from the CLF (see NASS functional architecture); and
- 8) if the access-type field set to "DOCSIS", the access info parameter is set to a null value. This release of this specification does not define values for use in this parameter.

- 9) if the access-type field is set to one of "IEEE-802.3", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3e", "IEEE-802.3e", "IEEE-802.3i", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3a", IEEE-802.3a", IEEE-802.8a", IEEE-802.8a", IEEE-802.8a", IEEE-802.8a", IEEE-802.8a", IEEE-802.8a", IEEE-802.8a", IEEE-802.8a", IEEE-802.8a", IEEE-8
- NOTE 2: The "cgi-3gpp", the "utran-cell-id-3gpp", the "ci-3gpp2", the "i-wlan-node-id", and the "dsl-location" parameters described above among other usage also constitute the location identifiers that are used for IMS emergency services.

If the P-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction or an unknown method and:

- the request includes a P-Access-Network-Info header with a "network-provided" parameter the P-CSCF shall remove the P-Access-Network-Info header;
- the request is sent using xDSL as an IP-CAN the P-CSCF may insert a P-Access-Network-Info header into the request by setting the access-type field to one of "ADSL", "ADSL2", "ADSL2+", "RADSL", "SDSL", "HDSL", "HDSL2", "G.SHDSL", "VDSL", or "IDSL", adding the "network-provided" parameter and the "dsl-location" parameter with the value received in the Location-Information header in the User-Data Answer command as specified in ETSI ES 283 035 [98]; and
- the request is sent using Ethernet as an IP-CAN the P-CSCF may insert a P-Access-Network-Info header into the request by setting the access-type field to one of "IEEE-802.3", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3e", "IEEE-802.3e", "IEEE-802.3i", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3a", "IEEE-802.3a", IEEE-802.3a", IEEE-802.3a",

NOTE 3: The way the P-CSCF deduces that the request comes using xDSL access is implementation dependent.

Editor's Note: Insertion of P-Access-Network-Info header by a P-CSCF is not allowed according to RFC 3455 [52].

- the request is sent using DOCSIS as an IP-CAN the P-CSCF may insert a P-Access-Network-Info header into the request by setting the access-type field to "DOCSIS" and including the "network-provided" parameter.

NOTE 4: The way the P-CSCF deduces that the request comes using DOCSIS access is implementation dependent.

Editor's Note: Insertion of P-Access-Network-Info header by a P-CSCF is not allowed according to RFC 3455 [52].

7.2A.5.2.1 General

The syntax of the P-Charging-Vector header field is described in RFC 3455 [52]. There may be additional coding rules for this header depending on the type of IP-CAN, according to access technology specific descriptions.

Table 7.6B describes 3GPP-specific extensions to the P-Charging-Vector header field defined in RFC 3455 [52].

Table 7.6B: Syntax of extensions to P-Charging-Vector header

```
access-network-charging-info = (gprs-charging-info / i-wlan-charging-info / xdsl-charging-info /
     packetcable-charging-info / generic-param)
gprs-charging-info = ggsn SEMI auth-token [SEMI pdp-info-hierarchy] *(SEMI extension-param)
ggsn = "ggsn" EQUAL gen-value
pdp-info-hierarchy = "pdp-info" EQUAL LDQUOT pdp-info *(COMMA pdp-info) RDQUOT
pdp-info = pdp-item SEMI pdp-sig SEMI gcid [SEMI flow-id]
pdp-item = "pdp-item" EQUAL DIGIT
pdp-sig = "pdp-sig" EQUAL ("yes" /
                                   "no")
gcid = "gcid" EQUAL 1*HEXDIG
auth-token = "auth-token" EQUAL 1*HEXDIG
flow-id = "flow-id" EQUAL "(" "{" 1*DIGIT COMMA 1*DIGIT "}" *(COMMA "{" 1*DIGIT COMMA 1*DIGIT
     "}")")"
extension-param = token [EQUAL token]
i-wlan-charging-info = "pdg"
xdsl-charging-info = bras SEMI auth-token [SEMI xDSL-bearer-info] *(SEMI extension-param)
bras = "bras" EQUAL gen-value
xDSL-bearer-info = "dsl-bearer-info" EQUAL LDQUOT dsl-bearer-info *(COMMA dsl-bearer-info) RDQUOT
dsl-bearer-info = dsl-bearer-item SEMI dsl-bearer-sig SEMI dslcid [SEMI flow-id]
dsl-bearer-item = "dsl-bearer-item" EQUAL DIGIT
dsl-bearer-sig = "dsl-bearer-sig" EQUAL ("yes" /
                                                   "no")
dslcid = "dslcid" EQUAL 1*HEXDIG
packetcable-charging-info = packetcable [SEMI bcid]
packetcable = "packetcable-multimedia"
bcid = "bcid" EQUAL 1*48(HEXDIG)
```

NOTE:The syntax above is not aligned with the rules for defining new P-Charging-Vector header fieldparameters as defined in RFC 3455 [52]. Entities that perform syntax check (even if they are notinterested in specific header field parameter values) of the header field need to follow the explicit syntaxabove, as using the rules in RFC 3455 [52] would trigger a parser error.

The access-network-charging-info parameter is an instance of generic-param from the current charge-params component of P-Charging-Vector header.

The access-network-charging-info parameter includes alternative definitions for different types access networks. The description of these parameters are given in the subsequent subclauses.

The access network charging information is not included in the P-Charging-Vector for SIP signalling that is not associated with a session.

When the access network charging information is included in the P-Charging-Vector and necessary information is not available from the Gx/Rx interface reference points then null or zero values are included.

For type 1 and type 3 IOIs, the generating SIP entity shall express the orig-ioi and term-ioi parameters in the format of a quoted string as specified in RFC 3455 [52] with a specific string prefix being "Type 1" and "Type 3" respectively to indicate the type of IOI. For the type 2 IOI, no string prefix is used. The receiving SIP entity does not perform syntactic checking of the contents of the IOI parameter (the IOI parameter is passed unmodified to charging entities).

7.2A.5.2.2 GPRS as IP-CAN

GPRS is the initially supported access network (gprs-charging-info parameter). For GPRS there are the following components to track: GGSN address (ggsn parameter), media authorization token (auth token parameter), and a pdp-info parameter that contains the information for one or more PDP contexts. In this release the media authorization token is set to zero. The pdp-info contains one or more pdp-item values followed by a collection of parameters (pdp-sig, gcid, and flow-id). The value of the pdp-item is a unique number that identifies each of the PDP-related charging information within the P-Charging-Vector header. Each PDP context has an indicator if it is an IM CN subsystem signalling PDP context (pdp-sig parameter), an associated GPRS Charging Identifier (gcid parameter), and a identifier (flow-id parameter). The flow-id parameter contains a sequence of curly bracket delimited flow identifier tuples that identify associated m-lines and relative order of port numbers in an m-line within the SDP from the SIP signalling to which the PDP context charging information applies. For a complete description of the semantics of the flow-id parameter see 3GPP TS 29.214 [13D] Annex B. The gcid, ggsn address and flow-id parameters are transferred from the GGSN to the P-CSCF via the PCRF over the Rx interface (see 3GPP TS 29.214 [13D] and Gx interface (see 3GPP TS 29.212 [13B]).

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The gcid value is received in binary format at the P-CSCF (see 3GPP TS 29.214 [13D]). The P-CSCF shall encode it in hexadecimal format before include it into the gcid parameter. On receipt of this header, a node receiving a gcid shall decode from hexadecimal into binary format.

The access network charging information is not included in the P-Charging-Vector for SIP signalling <u>that is not</u> associated with a multimedia session. The access network charging information may not be <u>un</u>available for sessions that use a general purpose PDP context (for both SIP signalling and media) or that do not require media authorisation.

7.2A.8.2 Coding of the ICSI

This parameter is coded as a URN. The ICSI URN may be included as:

- a <u>tag value</u>-quoted string as a value of within the <u>g.3gpp.icsi-ref</u> <u>g.ims.app-ref</u> media feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2 and RFC 3840 [62] <u>shall be represented in the escaped encoding as defined in RFC 3986 [124]</u>; or
- as a value of the_P-Preferred-Service or P-Asserted-Service-Service header fields as defined draft-drage-sippingservice-identification [121].

<u>A list of the URNs containing ICSI values registered by 3GPP can be found at http://www.3gpp.org/tb/Other/URN/URN.htm</u>

An example of an ICSI for a 3GPP defined IMS communication service is:

urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtelurn:urn-xxx:telephony.3gpp.mmtel

An example of a <u>g.3gpp.icsi-ref</u> <u>g.ims.app</u> ref media feature tag containing an ICSI for a 3GPP defined IMS communication service is:

g.3gpp.icsi-ref ="urn%3Aurn-7%3A3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtel"g.ims.app ref ="<urn;urnxxx:telephony.3gpp.mmtel>"

An example of an ICSI for a 3GPP defined IMS communication service in a P-Preferred-Service header field is

P-Preferred-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtelurn:urn-xxx:telephony.3gpp.mmtel

An example of an ICSI for a 3GPP defined IMS communication service in a P-Asserted-Service header field is

P-Asserted-Service: urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mmtelurn:urn-xxx:telephony.3gpp.mmtel

7.2A.9.2 Coding of the IARI

This parameter is coded as a URN. The IARI URN may be included as a quoted string as a value of the g.ims.<u>appiari</u>ref media feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2 and RFC 3840 [62], in which case those characters of the URN that are not part of the tag-value definition in RFC 3840 [62] shall be represented in the escaped encoding as defined in RFC 3986 [124].

<u>A list of the URNs containing IARI values registered by 3GPP can be found at http://www.3gpp.org/tb/Other/URN/URN.htm</u>

An example of a g.3gpp.iari-ref-g.ims.app ref media feature tag containing an IARI is:

```
g.3gpp.iari-ref ="urn%3Aurn-7%3A3gpp-application.ims.iari.mmtel-application-v1"g.ims.app ref
="<urn:urn-xxx:telephony.3gpp.mmtel.application-v1>"
```

7.2A.10.3 Additional coding rules for phone-context parameter

In case the current IP-CAN is indicated in the phone-context the entities inserting the "phone-context" parameter shall populate the "phone-context" parameter with the following contents:

 if the IP-CAN is GPRS, then the "phone-context" parameter is a domain name. It is constructed from the MCC, the MNC and the home network domain name by concatenating the MCC, MNC, and the string "gprs" as domain labels before the home network domain name;

EXAMPLE: If MCC = 216, MNC = 01, then the "phone-context" parameter is set to '216.01.gprs.home1.net'.

- if the IP-CAN is I-WLAN, then the "phone-context" parameter is a domain name. It is constructed from the SSID, AP's MAC address, and the home network domain name by concatenating the SSID, AP's MAC address, and the string "i-wlan" as domain labels before the home network domain name;
- EXAMPLE: If SSID = BU-Airport, AP's MAC = 00-0C-F1-12-60-28, and home network domain name is "home1.net", then the "phone-context" parameter is set to the string "bu-airport.000cf1126028.i-wlan.home1.net".
- 3) if the IP-CAN is xDSL, then the "phone-context" parameter is a domain name. It is constructed from the dsl-location (see subclause 7.2A.4) and the home network domain name by concatenating the dsl-location and the string "xdsl" as domain labels before the home network domain name;
- 4) if the IP-CAN is DOCSIS, then the "phone-context" parameter is based on data configured locally in the UE; and
- <u>4a) if the IP-CAN is Ethernet, then the "phone-context" parameter is a domain name. It is constructed from the eth-location (see subclause 7.2A.4) and the home network domain name by concatenating the eth-location and the string "ethernet" as domain labels before the home network domain name; and</u>
- 5) if the access network information is not available in the UE, then the "phone-context" parameter is set to the home network domain name preceded by the string "geo-local".

In case the home domain is indicated in the phone-context, the "phone-context" parameter is set to the home network domain name (as it is used to address the SIP REGISTER request, see subclause 5.1.1.1A).

In case the "phone-context" parameter indicates a network other than the home network or the visited access network, the "phone-context" parameter is set according to RFC 3966 [22].

7.2A.12 CPC and OLI tel URI parameter definition

7.2A.12.1 Introduction

The use of the "cpc" and "oli" URI parameters for use in the P-Asserted-Identity in SIP requests is defined.

7.2A.12.2 Syntax

The Calling Party's Category and Originating Line Information are represented as URI parameters for the tel URI scheme and SIP URI representation of telephone numbers. The ABNF syntax is as follows and extends the formal syntax for the tel URI as specified in RFC 3966 [22]:

```
par =/ cpc / oli
cpc = cpc-tag "=" cpc-value
oli = oli-tag "=" oli-value
cpc-tag = "cpc"
oli-tag = "oli"
cpc-value
= "ordinary" / "test" / "operator" /
"payphone" / "unknown" / "mobile-hplmn" / "mobile-vplmn" / "emergency" /
genvalue
oli-value = 2DIGIT
genvalue = 1*(alphanum / "-" / "." )
```

The Accept-Language header field shall be used to express the language of the operator.

The semantics of these Calling Party's Category values are described below:

ordinary: The caller has been identified, and has no special features.

test: This is a test call that has been originated as part of a maintenance procedure.

operator: The call was generated by an operator position.

payphone: The calling station is a payphone.

unknown: The CPC could not be ascertained.

mobile-hplmn: The call was generated by a mobile device in its home PLMN.

mobile-vplmn: The call was generated by a mobile device in a vistited PLMN.

emergency: The call is an emergency service call.

NOTE 1: The choice of CPC and OLI values and their use are up to the Service Provider. CPC and OLI values can be exchanged across networks if specified in a bilateral agreement between the service providers.

NOTE 2: Additional national/regional CPC values can exist.

The two digit OLI values are decimal codes assigned and administered by North American Numbering Plan Administration.

7.2A.13 "sos" SIP URI parameter

7.2A.13.1 Introduction

The "sos" SIP URI parameter is intended to:

- indicate to the S-CSCF that a REGISTER request that includes the "sos" SIP URI parameter is for emergency registration purposes;
- tell the S-CSCF to not apply barring of the public user identity being registered; and
- tell the S-CSCF to not apply initial filter criteria to requests destined for an emergency registered contact.

7.2A.13.2 Syntax

The syntax for the "sos" SIP URI parameter is specified in table 7.8

Table 7.8: Syntax of sos SIP URI parameter

uri-parameter =/ sos-param
sos-param = "sos"

The BNF for uri-parameter is taken from IETF RFC 3261 [26] and modified accordingly.

7.2A.13.3 Operation

When a UE includes the "sos" SIP URI parameter in the URI included in the Contact header field of REGISTER request, the REGISTER request is intended for emergency registration.

When a S-CSCF receives a REGISTER request for emergency registration that includes the "sos" SIP URI parameter, the S-CSCF is required to preserve the previously registered contact address. This differs to the registrar operation as defined in RFC 3261 [26] in that the rules for URI comparison for the Contact header field shall not apply and thus, if the URI in the Contact header field matches a previously received URI, then the old contact address shall not be overwritten.

7.6.1 General

This subclause contains the 3GPP IM CN Subsystem XML body in XML format. The 3GPP IM CN Subsystem XML shall be valid against the 3GPP IM CN Subsystem XML schema defined in table 7.7<u>A</u>.

Any SIP User Agent or proxy may insert or remove the 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body or parts of it, as required, in any SIP message. The 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body shall not be forwarded outside a 3GPP network.

The associated MIME type with the 3GPP IMS XML body is "application/3gpp-ims+xml".

7.6.2 Document Type Definition

The XML Schema is defined in table 7.7A.



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified"</pre>
            attributeFormDefault="unqualified" version="1">
   <xs:complexType name="tIMS3GPP">
      <xs:sequence>
         <xs:choice>
         ____<xs:element name="alternative-service" type="tAlternativeService"/>
            <xs:element name="service-info" type="xs:string"/>
         </xs:choice>
         <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
      <xs:attribute name="version" type="xs:decimal" use="required"/>
      <xs:anyAttribute/>
   </xs:complexType>
   <xs:complexType name="tAlternativeService">
      <xs:sequence>
         <xs:element name="type" type="xs:stringtType"/>
         <xs:element name="action" type="tAction" minOccurs="0"/>
         <xs:element name="reason" type="xs:string"/>
         <xs:element name="action" type="xs:stringtAction" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
   </xs:complexType>
   <xs:complexType name="tType">
      <xs:sequence>
         <xs:element name="emergency" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1">
             <xs:complexType/>
        </xs:element>
      </xs:sequence>
      <xs:anyAttribute/>
   </xs:complexType>
   <xs:complexType name="tAction">
      <xs:sequence>
         - <xs:element name="emergency registration" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1">
            <xs:complexType/>
       </xs:element>
      </xs:sequence>
   </xs:complexType>
   <xs:element name="ims-3gpp" type="tIMS3GPP"/>
</xs:schema>
```

7.6.3 XML Schema description

This subclause describes the elements of the IMS Document Type Definition as defined in table 7.7A.

<ims-3gpp>:</ims-3gpp>	This is the root element of the IMS XML body. It shall always be present. XML instance
	documents of future versions of the XML Schema in table 7.7A shall be valid against the XML
	Schema in table 7.7A in this document. XML instance documents of the XML Schema in
	table 7.7A in the present document shall have a version attribute value, part of the ims-3gpp
	element, that is equal to the value of the XML Schema version described in the present document.

- <service-info>: the transparent element received from the HSS for a particular trigger point are placed within this
 optional element.
- <alternative-service>: in the present document, the alternative service is used as a response for an attempt to establish an emergency session within the IM CN subsystem. The element describes an alternative service where the call should success. The alternative service is described by the type of service information. A possible reason cause why an alternative service is suggested may be included.

The <alternative-service> element contains a <type> element that indicates the type of alternative service and an <action> element, an optional element.

The <type> element contains only the value <u>specified in table 7.7AA</u> "emergency" in the present document.

Table 7.7AA: ABNF syntax of value of the <type> element

```
emergency-value = %x65.6D.65.72.67.65.6E.63.79 ; "emergency"
```

The <action> element contains only the value <u>specified in table 7.7AB</u> "emergency registration" in the present document.

Table 7.7AB: ABNF syntax of value of the <action> element

The <reason> element contains an explanatory text with the reason why the session setup has been redirected. A UE may use this information to give an indication to the user.

7.9.2 Definition of media feature tag g.ims.appiari-ref

Media feature-tag name: g.ims.app ref g.3gpp.icsi-ref.

ASN.1 Identifier: <u>1.3.6.1.8.2.4New assignment by IANA</u>.

Editor"s note: The media feature tag name is to be registered with IANA.

Summary of the media feature indicated by this tag: Each value of the <u>ServiceApplication</u> reference Media feature-tag indicates the software applications supported by the agent. The values for this tag equal the IMS communication Service Identifier (ICSI) and IMS Application Reference Identifier (IARI) values supported by the agent.

The <u>ServiceApplication</u> Reference <u>media feature tagMedia Feature Tag</u> is defined to fulfil the requirements for forking to an appropriate UE when multiple UEs are registered and dispatch to an appropriate application within the UE based upon the IMS communication Service Identifier (ICSI) and IMS Application Reference Identifier (IARI)-values as stated in 3GPP TS 23.228 [7].

Multiple tag-values can be included in the Application Reference media feature-tag.

Values appropriate for use with this feature-tag: Token.with an equality relationship.

<u>The feature-tag is intended primarily for use in the following applications, protocols, services, or negotiation</u> mechanisms:

This feature-tag is most useful in a communications application, for describing the capabilities of a device, such as a phone or PDA.

Examples of typical use: Routeing an IMS Communication Session to a device that supports a particular software application or understands a particular service.

Related standards or documents:

3GPP TS 24.229: "IP Multimedia Call Control Protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP), stage 3"

Security Considerations: Security considerations for this media feature-tag are discussed in subclause 11.1 of RFC 3840 [6].

7.9.3 Definition of media feature tag g.3gpp.iari-ref

Media feature-tag name: g.3gpp.iari-ref.

ASN.1 Identifier: 1.3.6.1.8.2.5New assignment by IANA.

Editor"s note: The media feature tag name is to be registered with IANA.

Summary of the media feature indicated by this tag: Each value of the Application Reference media feature-tag indicates the software applications supported by the agent. The values for this tag equal IMS Application Reference Identifier (IARI) values supported by the agent

The Application Reference media feature tag is defined to fulfil the requirements for forking to an appropriate UE when multiple UEs are registered and dispatch to an appropriate application within the UE based upon and IMS Application Reference Identifier (IARI) values as stated in 3GPP TS 23.228 [7].

Multiple tag-values can be included in the Application Reference media feature-tag.

Values appropriate for use with this feature-tag: Token with an equality relationship.

The feature-tag is intended primarily for use in the following applications, protocols, services, or negotiation mechanisms:

This feature-tag is most useful in a communications application, for describing the capabilities of a device, such as a phone or PDA.

Examples of typical use: Routeing an IMS Application Session to a device that supports a particular software application or understands a particular application.

Related standards or documents:

<u>3GPP TS 24.229: "IP Multimedia Call Control Protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session</u> Description Protocol (SDP), stage <u>3</u>"

Security Considerations: Security considerations for this media feature-tag are discussed in subclause 11.1 of RFC 3840 [6].

Annex A Profiles of IETF RFCs for 3GPP ETSI TISPAN usage

A.1.3 Roles

ltem	Roles	Reference	RFC status	Profile status		
1	User agent	[26]	0.1	0.1		
2	Proxy	[26]	o.1	0.1		
o.1: I	o.1: It is mandatory to support exactly one of these items.					
	entirely separate assessment of the tables sl			,		

Table A.2: Roles

ltem	Roles	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
1	UE	5.1	n/a	0.1
1A	UE containing UICC	5.1	n/a	c5
1B	UE without UICC	5.1	n/a	c5
2	P-CSCF	5.2	n/a	0.1
3	I-CSCF	5.3	n/a	0.1
3A	void			
4	S-CSCF	5.4	n/a	0.1
5	BGCF	5.6	n/a	0.1
6	MGCF	5.5	n/a	0.1
7	AS	5.7	n/a	0.1
7A	AS acting as terminating UA, or redirect server	5.7.2	n/a	c2
7B	AS acting as originating UA	5.7.3	n/a	c2
7C	AS acting as a SIP proxy	5.7.4	n/a	c2
7D	AS performing 3rd party call control	5.7.5	n/a	c2
8	MRFC	5.8	n/a	0.1
9	IBCF	5.10	n/a	0.1
9A	IBCF (THIG)	5.10.4	n/a	c4
9B	IBCF (IMS-ALG)	5.10.5	n/a	c4
9C	IBCF (Screening of SIP signalling)	5.10.6	n/a	c4
10	Additional routeing functionality	Annex I	n/a	c3
11	E-CSCF	5.11	n/a	0.1
c2:	IF A.3/7 THEN 0.2 ELSE n/a AS.	•	·	
c3:	IF A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/5 OR A.3/6 OR A.	3/9 THEN o ELSE o	o.1 I-CSCF, S-CSC	F, BGCF, MGCF,
	IBCF.			
c4:	IF A.3/9 THEN o.3 ELSE n/a IBCF.			
<u>c5:</u>	IF A.3/1 THEN 0.4 ELSE n/a UE.			
0.1:	It is mandatory to support exactly one of thes			
0.2:	It is mandatory to support at least one of the			
0.3:	It is mandatory to support at least one of the			
0.4	It is mandatory to support exactly one of these		1 41 101 11	
NOTE:	For the purposes of the present document it specifying only one role at a time. This does entirely separate assessment of the tables sl	not preclude impler	nentations providing ty	

Table A.3: Roles specific to this profile

ltem	Roles	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
1	Presence server	3GPP TS 24.141 [8A]	n/a	c1
2	Presence user agent	3GPP TS 24.141 [8A]	n/a	c2
3	Resource list server	3GPP TS 24.141 [8A]	n/a	c3
4	Watcher	3GPP TS 24.141 [8A]	n/a	c4
11	Conference focus	3GPP TS 24.147 [8B]	n/a	c5
12	Conference participant	3GPP TS 24.147 [8B]	n/a	c6
21	CSI user agent	3GPP TS 24.279 [8E]	n/a	c7
22	CSI application server	3GPP TS 24.279 [8E]	n/a	c8
31	Messaging application server	3GPP TS 24.247 [8F]	n/a	c5
32	Messaging list server	3GPP TS 24.247 [8F]	n/a	c5
33	Messaging participant	3GPP TS 24.247 [8F]	n/a	c2
<u>53</u>	Advice of charge application server	<u>3GPP TS 24.647</u> [8N]	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c8</u>
<u>54</u>	Advice of charge UA client	<u>3GPP TS 24.647</u> [8N]	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c2</u>
<u>85</u>	In-dialog overlap signalling application server	Annex N.2, Annex N.3.3	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c9</u>
<u>86</u>	In-dialog overlap signalling UA client	Annex N.2, Annex N.3.3	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c2</u>
<u>91</u>	Malicious communication identification application server	<u>3GPP TS 24.616</u> [8S]	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c9</u>
c1:	IF A.3/7A AND A.3/7B THEN o ELSE n/a		ing UA, or redirect se	erver and AS acting
c2:	as originating UA. IF A.3/1 THEN o ELSE n/a UE.			
c2:	IF A.3/7A THEN O ELSE n/a AS acting as	terminating UA or re	direct server	
c4:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/7B THEN o ELSE n/a UE			
c5:	IF A.3/7D AND A.3/4 AND A.3/8 THEN o EL			trol and S-CSCF
	and MRFC (note 2).	ı	0 1 5	
c6:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3A/11 THEN o ELSE n/a U	IE or conference focus	3.	
c7:	IF A.3/1 THEN o ELSE n/a UE.			
c8:	IF A.3/7D THEN o ELSE n/a CSI AS perfected			
	For the purposes of the present document it specifying only one role at a time. This does entirely separate assessment of the tables s	not preclude impleme hall be made for each	entations providing tw role.	o roles, but an
NOTE 2:	The functional split between the MRFC and are assumed to be collocated.	the conferencing AS is	s out of scope of this	document and they

Table A.3A: Roles specific to additional capabilities

Item	Value used in P-Access-Network-Info	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	header			
1	3GPP-GERAN	[52] 4.4	0	c1
2	3GPP-UTRAN-FDD	[52] 4.4	0	c1
3	3GPP-UTRAN-TDD	[52] 4.4	0	c1
4	3GPP2-1X	[52] 4.4	0	c1
5	3GPP2-1X-HRPD	[52] 4.4	0	c1
11	IEEE-802.11	[52] 4.4	0	c1
12	IEEE-802.11a	[52] 4.4	0	c1
13	IEEE-802.11b	[52] 4.4	0	c1
14	IEEE-802.11g	[52] 4.4	0	c1
21	ADSL	[52] 4.4	0	c1
22	ADSL2	[52] 4.4	0	c1
23	ADSL2+	[52] 4.4	0	c1
24	RADSL	[52] 4.4	0	c1
25	SDSL	[52] 4.4	0	c1
26	HDSL	[52] 4.4	0	c1
27	HDSL2	[52] 4.4	0	c1
28	G.SHDSL	[52] 4.4	0	c1
29	VDSL	[52] 4.4	0	c1
30	IDSL	[52] 4.4	0	c1
41	DOCSIS	[52] 4.4	0	c1
c1:	If A.3/1 OR A.3/2 THEN o.1 ELSE n/a.	-		
o.1:	It is mandatory to support at least one of thes	se items.		

Table A.3B: Roles with respect to access technology

Table A.3C: Modifying roles

ltem	Roles	Reference	RFC status	Profile status		
<u>1</u>	UE performing the functions of an	<u>4.1</u>				
	external attached network					
NOTE: 1	This table identifies areas where the behavio	ur is modified from the	at of the underlying ro	le. Subclause 4.1		
i	indicates which underlying roles are modified for this behaviour.					

Table A.3D: Roles with respect to security mechanism

ltem	Security mechanism	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
<u>1</u>	IMS AKA plus IPsec ESP	clause 4.2B	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c1</u>
2	SIP digest plus check of IP association	clause 4.2B	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c2</u>
3	SIP digest plus Proxy Authentication	clause 4.2B	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c2</u>
4	SIP digest with TLS	clause 4.2B	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c2</u>
<u>5</u>	NASS-IMS bundled authentication	clause 4.2B	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c2</u>
<u>6</u>	GPRS-IMS-Bundled authentication	clause 4.2B	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c2</u>
<u>7</u>	Authentication already performed by	clause 4.2B	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c3</u>
	preceding node			
<u>c1:</u> IF	F (A.3/1A OR A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4) TH	EN m ELSE IF A.3/11	<u> B THEN o ELSE n/a -</u>	- UE containing
<u> </u>	IICC or P-CSCF or I-CSCF or S-CSCF, UE	without UICC.		-
<u>c2</u> IF	F (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4) THE	N o ELSE n/a UE	or P-CSCF or I-CSCF	or S-CSCF.
<u>c3</u> IF	- (A.3/3 OR A.3/4) THEN o ELSE n/a I-C	SCF or S-CSCF.		

A.2.1.2 Major capabilities

Editor's note: it needs to be checked whether it should be explicitly clarified that the IBCF (IMS-ALG) is transparent to some presence or conference extensions.

ltem	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
1	client behaviour for registration?	[26] subclause 10.2	0	c3
2	registrar?	[26] subclause 10.3	0	c4
2A	registration of multiple contacts for a single address of record	[26] 10.2.1.2, 16.6	0	0
2B	initiating a session?	[26] subclause 13	0	0
2C	initiating a session which require local and/or remote resource reservation?	[27]	0	c43
3	client behaviour for INVITE requests?	[26] subclause 13.2	c18	c18
4	server behaviour for INVITE requests?	[26] subclause 13.3	c18	c18
5	session release?	[26] subclause 15.1	c18	c18
6	timestamping of requests?	[26] subclause 8.2.6.1	0	0
7	authentication between UA and UA?	[26] subclause 22.2	c34	c34
8	authentication between UA and registrar?	[26] subclause 22.2	0	n/a
8A	authentication between UA and proxy?	[26] 20.28, 22.3	0	0
9	server handling of merged requests due to forking?	[26] 8.2.2.2	m	m
10	client handling of multiple responses due to forking?	[26] 13.2.2.4	m	m
11	insertion of date in requests and responses?	[26] subclause 20.17	0	0
12	downloading of alerting information? Extensions	[26] subclause 20.4	0	0
13 <u>A</u>	Legacy INFO usage the SIP INFO- method?	[25] 6	0	n/a <u>c90</u>
14	reliability of provisional responses in SIP?	[27]	c19	c44
15	the REFER method?	[36]	0	c33
16	integration of resource management and SIP?	[30] [64]	c19	c44
17	the SIP UPDATE method?	[29]	c5	c44
19	SIP extensions for media authorization?	[31]	0	c14
20	SIP specific event notification?	[28]	0	c13
21	the use of NOTIFY to establish a dialog?	[28] 4.2	0	n/a
22	acting as the notifier of event information?	[28]	c2	c15
23	acting as the subscriber to event information?	[28]	c2	c16
24	session initiation protocol extension header field for registering non-adjacent contacts?	[35]	0	c6
25	private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for network asserted identity within trusted networks?	[34]	0	m
26	a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)?	[33]	0	m
26A	request of privacy by the inclusion of a Privacy header indicating any privacy option?	[33]	c9	c11
26B	application of privacy based on the received Privacy header?	[33]	c9	n/a
26C	passing on of the Privacy header transparently?	[33]	c9	c12
26D	application of the privacy option "header" such that those headers which cannot be completely expunged of identifying information without the assistance of intermediaries are obscured?	[33] 5.1	c10	c27
26E	application of the privacy option "session" such that anonymization for the session(s) initiated by this message occurs?	[33] 5.2	c10	c27

Table A.4: Major capabilities

ltem	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
26F	application of the privacy option "user"	[33] 5.3	c10	c27
	such that user level privacy functions are			
000	provided by the network?	[0 4] 7	-10	
26G	application of the privacy option "id" such that privacy of the network	[34] 7	c10	n/a
	asserted identity is provided by the			
	network?			
26H	application of the privacy option "history"	[66] 7.2	c37	c37
	such that privacy of the History-Info	[00] /	001	
	header is provided by the network?			
27	a messaging mechanism for the Session	[50]	0	c7
	Initiation Protocol (SIP)?			
28	session initiation protocol extension	[38]	0	c17
	header field for service route discovery			
	during registration?	1		
29	compressing the session initiation	[55]	0	c8
00	protocol?	[50]		
30	private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-Generation	[52]	0	m
	Partnership Project (3GPP)?			
31	the P-Associated-URI header extension?	[52] 4.1	c21	c22
32	the P-Called-Party-ID header extension?	[52] 4.2	c21	c23
33	the P-Visited-Network-ID header	[52] 4.3	c21	c24
	extension?	[0-]		
34	the P-Access-Network-Info header	[52] 4.4	c21	c25
	extension?			
35	the P-Charging-Function-Addresses	[52] 4.5	c21	c26
	header extension?			
36	the P-Charging-Vector header	[52] 4.6	c21	c26
	extension?			
37	security mechanism agreement for the	[48]	0	c20
	session initiation protocol?			
38	the Reason header field for the session	[34A]	0	o (note 1)
39	initiation protocol? an extension to the session initiation	[56A]		×0
29	protocol for symmetric response		0	* <u>o</u>
	routeing?			
40	caller preferences for the session	[56B]	C29	c29
10	initiation protocol?	[005]	020	020
40A	the proxy-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.5	0.5
	preferences?			
40B	the cancel-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.5	0.5
	preferences?			
40C	the fork-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.5	<u>0.5c28</u>
	preferences?			
40D	the recurse-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.5	0.5
	preferences?			
40E	the parallel-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.5	<u>0.5c28</u>
405	preferences?	15001.0.4	- 5	
40F	the queue-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.5	0.5
41	preferences? an event state publication extension to	[70]	0	c30
41	the session initiation protocol?		U	630
42	SIP session timer?	[58]	c19	c19
43	the SIP Referred-By mechanism?	[59]	0	c33
+3 44	the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)	[60]	c19	c38 (note 1)
	"Replaces" header?	1.001		
45	the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)	[61]	c19	c19 (note 1)
	"Join" header?	r1		
46	the caller capabilities?	[62]	0	c35
47	an extension to the session initiation	[66]	0	0
	protocol for request history information?			
48	Rejecting anonymous requests in the	[67]	0	0
	Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)	1		

49 <u>50</u>	session initiation protocol URIs for applications such as voicemail and interactive voice response	[68]	o	0	
<u>50</u>					
<u>50</u>					
<u>50</u>	Session Initiation Protocol's (SIP) non-	[84]	m	<u>m</u>	
	INVITE transactions?	[04]	m		
<u>51</u>	the P-User-Database private header	[82] 4	0	0 <u>c94</u>	
	extension?	[]	Ē	- <u></u>	
52	a uniform resource name for services	[69]	n/a	c39	
<u>53</u>	obtaining and using GRUUs in the	[93]	<u>o</u>	c40 (note 2)	
5.4	Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)	[05]			
<u>54</u>	an extension to the session initiation protocol for request cpc information?	[95]	o <u>(note 3)</u>	c41	
<u>55</u>	the Stream Control Transmission	[96]	<u>o</u>	c42	
<u></u>	Protocol (SCTP) as a Transport for the	[00]	<u>u</u>	0.12	
L .	Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)?				
<u>56</u>	the SIP P-Profle-Key private header	[97]	n/a	n/a	
	extension?				
<u>57</u>	managing client initiated connections in SIP?	[92]	<u>o</u>	c45	
<u>58</u>	indicating support for interactive	[102]	0	<u>c46</u>	
<u>50</u>	connectivity establishment in SIP?		<u>o</u>	<u>040</u>	
59	multiple-recipient MESSAGE requests in	[104]	<u>c47</u>	<u>c48</u>	
	the session initiation protocol?				
<u>60</u>	SIP location conveyance	[89]	<u>o</u>	<u>c49</u>	
<u>61</u>	referring to multiple resources in the	[105]	c50	c50	
<u></u>	session initiation protocol?	[400]	-54		
<u>62</u>	conference establishment using request- contained lists in the session initiation	[106]	c51	c52	
	protocol?				
63	subscriptions to request-contained	[107]	c53	c53	
	resource lists in the session initiation				
	protocol?				
<u>64</u>	dialstring parameter for the session	[103]	<u>o</u>	<u>c19</u>	
	initiation protocol uniform resource identifier?				
65	the P-Answer-State header extension to	[111]	<u>o</u>	<u>c60</u>	
<u></u>	the session initiation protocol for the	[]	<u> </u>	000	
	open mobile alliance push to talk over				
	cellular?				
<u>66</u>	the SIP P-Early-Media private header	[109] 8	<u>o</u>	<u>c58</u>	
	extension for authorization of early				
71	media? addressing an amplification vulnerability	[117]	o n/a	c87 n/a	
<u>/ </u>	in session initiation protocol forking		<u>0</u> +##	<u>cor</u> n/a	
	proxies?				
<u>72</u>	the remote application identification of	[79] 9.1	<u>o</u>	<u>c8</u>	
	applying signalling compression to SIP				
<u>73</u>	a session initiation protocol media	[120]	<u>o</u>	<u>c59</u>	
	feature tag for MIME application sub-				
74	types? Identification of communication services	[121]	0		
<u>74</u>	in the session initiation protocol?	[121]	<u>o</u>	<u>c61</u>	
<u>75</u>	XML Schema for PSTN?	[ANNEX ZB]	m	<u>c62</u>	
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN o.1 ELSE n/a SIP specific	event notification exter	nsion.		
c3:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE c	or S-CCF functional ent	ity.		
c4:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE IF A.3/7 THEN o ELS				
c5: c6:	IF A.4/16 THEN m ELSE o integration of re IF A.3/4 OR A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a S-C		and SIP extension.		
co. c7:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/1 THEN III ELSE II/a S-C IF A.3/1 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7B OR		-N m El SE n/a I	JA or S-CCF or AS	
.	acting as terminating UA or AS acting as originating UA or AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as originating UA or AS	inating UA or AS perfor	ming 3 rd party call of	control or IBCF	
	(IMS-ALG).		3 - F y com c		
-	IF A.3/1 THEN (IF (A.3B/1 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3				
c8:	IF A.3/1 THEN (IF (A.3B/1 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3B/3 OR A.3B/4 OR A.3B/5 OR A.3B/11 OR A.3B/12 OR A.3B/13 OR A.3B/14) THEN m ELSE o) ELSE n/a UE behaviour (based on P-Access-Network-Info				
c8:					
c8: c9:	A.3B/13 OR A.3B/14) THEN m ELSE o) ELSI usage). IF A.4/26 THEN o.2 ELSE n/a a privacy m		·		

Does the implementation supportIF A.3/1 OR A.3/6 THEN o ELSE IF A.3/9B THEIF A.3/7D THEN m ELSE n/a AS performingIF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/9B THEN nIF A.3/1 AND A4/2B (A.3B/1 OR A.3/9B THEN nIF A.3/1 AND A4/2B (A.3B/1 OR A.3/9B THEN nIF A.4/20 AND (A.3/4 OR A.3/9B) THEN m ELSor IBCF (IMS-ALG).IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/9B) THEN m ELSor IBCF (IMS-ALG).IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/9B) THEN m ELSor IBCF (IMS-ALG).IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a - UE or S-IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a - initiating sessionIF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a - initiating sessionIF A.3/1 AND (A.3X/1 OR A.3X/4) THEN m ELS	3rd-party call control. n ELSE o UE or S-CC <u>B/3 OR A.3B/4 OR A.3B</u> , <u>ogy</u> and initiating session E o – SIP specific event EN m ELSE o SIP spe •CCF	F or IBCF (IMS-/ /5)_THEN m ELS is or P-CSCF . notification exten	ALG). E IF A.3/2 THEN o- isions and S-CCF
IF A.3/7D THEN m ELSE n/a AS performing IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/9B THEN m IF A.3/1 AND <u>A4/2B</u> (A.3B/1 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3 <u>ELSE</u> n/a – UE with appropriate access technole IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/4 OR A.3/9B) THEN m ELS or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/9B) THE UE or P-CSCF or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE or S- IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a initiating sessio IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating sessio	3rd-party call control. n ELSE o UE or S-CC <u>B/3 OR A.3B/4 OR A.3B</u> , <u>ogy</u> and initiating session E o – SIP specific event EN m ELSE o SIP spe •CCF	F or IBCF (IMS-/ /5)_THEN m ELS is or P-CSCF . notification exten	ALG). E IF A.3/2 THEN o- isions and S-CCF
IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/9B THEN n IF A.3/1 AND <u>A4/2B</u> (A.3B/1 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3 <u>ELSE</u> n/a – UE with appropriate access technole IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/4 OR A.3/9B) THEN m ELS or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/9B) THE UE or P-CSCF or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a - UE or S- IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a - initiating sessio IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a - initiating sessior	n ELSE o UE or S-CC <u>B/3 OR A.3B/4 OR A.3B/ ogy and initiating session</u> E o – SIP specific event EN m ELSE o SIP spe CCF	/ <u>5)</u> THEN m ELS is or P-CSCF . notification exten	E IF A.3/2 THEN o - sions and S-CCF
IF A.3/1 AND <u>A4/2B</u> (A.3B/1 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3 <u>ELSE</u> n/a – UE with appropriate access technole IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/4 OR A.3/9B) THEN m ELS or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/9B) THE UE or P-CSCF or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE or S- IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a initiating session IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating session	<u>B/3 OR A.3B/4 OR A.3B, ogy and initiating session</u> E o – SIP specific event EN m ELSE o SIP spe ·CCF	/ <u>5)</u> THEN m ELS is or P-CSCF . notification exten	E IF A.3/2 THEN o - sions and S-CCF
ELSE n/a – UE with appropriate access technolo IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/4 OR A.3/9B) THEN m ELS or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/9B) THE UE or P-CSCF or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE or S- IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a initiating session IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating session	ogy and initiating sessior E o – SIP specific event EN m ELSE o SIP spe ·CCF	ns or P-CSCF. notification exter	sions and S-CCF
IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/4 OR A.3/9B) THEN m ELS or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/9B) THE UE or P-CSCF or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE or S- IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a initiating sessio IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating sessior	E o – SIP specific event EN m ELSE o SIP spe ·CCF	notification exten	
or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/9B) THE UE or P-CSCF or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE or S- IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a initiating sessio IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating sessior	EN m ELSE o SIP spe CCF		
IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/9B) THE UE or P-CSCF or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE or S- IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a initiating session IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating session	CCF	cific event notific	
UE or P-CSCF or IBCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE or S- IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a initiating sessio IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating sessior	CCF		ation extension and
IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE or S- IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a initiating sessio IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating sessior			
IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a initiating sessio IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating sessior			
IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating session	ns		
IF A.4/30 THEN 0.4 ELSE n/a private header		n initiation proto	col for the
3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).			
	n/a private beader ex	tensions to the s	ession initiation
			55510111111111111111111111
			tion protocol for the
		the session initi	ation protocol for
		thing-party can b	
			dor ovtonciono to
		party call controll	er.
	a party call control.		
			= n/a support of
	HEN O ELSE n/a prese	ence server, pres	ence user agent,
			(
			conference focus or
) "Replaces"
() _	onal entities or CSI user a	agent or CSI app	lication server, UE
	o the session initiation pr	otocol for reques	t history
			i/a initiating
	ant, AS performing 3rd p	arty call control.	
IF A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3.5 OR A.3/6	OR A.3/7 OR A.3/8 OR .	A.3/9 THEN o El	_SE n/a cpc URI
parameter.			
IF A.3/1 n/a ELSE o UE.			
IF A.4/2C THEN m ELSE o initiating a sessio	n which require local and	l/or remote resou	irce reservation.
IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN o ELSE n/a -	- UE, S-CCF functional	entity.	
			ol (SIP).
IF A.3/1 OR A.3/9B THEN m ELSE o UE, IBC			
	protocol for the 3rd-Generation Partnership Proj IF A.4/30 AND A.3/1 THEN o ELSE n/a priva 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) and IF A.4/30 AND (A.3/4) THEN m ELSE n/a priv the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) IF A.4/30 AND (A.3/4 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/7A OR / AND (A.3B/1 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3B/3 OR A.3B/4 A.3B/14 OR A.3B/21 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3B/3 OR A.3B/24 OR A.3B/24 OR A.3B/25 OR A.3B/26 OR A.3A/27 O private header extensions to the session initiatio (3GPP), and UE, S-CCF or AS acting as termina: IBCF (IMS-ALG), UE, P-Access-Network-Info vz IF A.4/30 AND (A.3/6 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7B or / the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-Genera terminating UA, or AS acting as an originating U IF A.3/7D THEN o ELSE x AS performing 3rd IF A.3/1 THEN m ELSE 0.5 UE. IF A.4/40A OR A.4/40B OR A.4/40C OR A.4/40 any directives within caller preferences for the s IF A.3/1 OR A.3A/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 TH UE, AS. IF A.3/9B OR A.3 A /11 OR A.3 A /12 OR A.4/44 conference participant or the Session Initiation F IF A.3/4 OR A.3/9 B OR A.3A/21 OR A.3A/22 TI o ELSE n/a S-CCF or BCF (IMS-ALG) functio or MGCF or AS or MRFC functional entity. IF A.3/4 OR A.3/9 B OR A.3A/21 OR A.3A/22 TI o ELSE n/a S-CCF or BCF (IMS-ALG) functio or MGCF or AS or MRFC functional entity. IF A.3/4 OR (A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1)A.3/4 THE n/a S-CCF, UE, AS, UE performing the functi information. IF A.4/27 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to information. IF A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3.5 OR A.3/6 parameter. IF A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3.5 OR A.3/6 parameter. IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN o ELSE n/a initiating session IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN o ELSE n/a initiating session IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN o ELSE n/a initiating session IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN o ELSE n/a IF A.4/27 THEN m ELSE 0 UE. IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN o ELSE n/a IF A.4/27 THEN N ELSE 0 UE. IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN o ELSE n/a IF A.4/27 THEN N ELSE 0 UE. IF A.4/27 THEN N ELSE 0 0E. IF A.3/1 OR	protocol for the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) and S-CCF of IF A.4/30 AND A.3/1 THEN o ELSE n/a private header extensions to the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) and UE. IF A.4/30 AND A.3/4) THEN m ELSE n/a private header extensions to the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) and S-CCF. IF A.4/30 AND (A.3/4) CR A.3/4 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7D OR A.3/9B) THEN AND (A.3B/1 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3B/3 OR A.3B/4 OR A.3B/5 OR A.3B/11 - A.3B/14 OR A.3B/21 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3B/3 OR A.3B/4 OR A.3B/5 OR A.3B/21 - A.3B/14 OR A.3B/25 OR A.3B/26 OR A.3A/27 OR A.3A/28 OR A.3B/29 private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-Ge (3GPP), and UE, S-CCF or AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as IBCF (IMS-ALG), UE, P-Access-Network-Info values. IF A.4/30 AND (A.3/6 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7B or A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE r the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project terminating UA, or AS acting as an originating UA, or AS acting as third- IF A.3/17D THEN o ELSE x AS performing 3rd party call control. IF A.4/40A OR A.4/40B OR A.4/40C OR A.4/40D OR A.4/40E OR A.4/40 any directives within caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. IF A.3/1 OR A.3A/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 THEN o ELSE n/a prese UE, AS. IF A.3/9B OR A.3 A /11 OR A.3 A /12 OR A.4/44 THEN m ELSE o BC conference participant or the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) "Replaces IF A.4/44 OR A.4/45 OR A.3/9B THEN m ELSE n/a the Session Initiat header or the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) "Replaces IF A.4/47 THEN 0.3 ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation pr information. IF A.4/2 B AND (A.3A/11 or A.3A/12 or A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE IF (A.3/7A OI n/a - S-CCF, UE, AS, UE performing the functional entities or CSI user a or MGCF or AS or MRFC functional entity. IF A.3/1 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3.5 OR A.3/6 OR A.3/7 OR A.3/7 OR A.3/8 OR parameter. IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN 0 ELSE n/a UE, S-CCF functional IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN 0 EL	IF A.4/30 AND A.3/4) THEN m ÉLSÉ n/a private header extensions to the session initia the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) and S-CCF. IF A.4/30 AND (A.34-QR A.3/4 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7D OR A.3/9B) THEN m ELSE IF A.4/4 AND (A.3B/1 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3B/3 OR A.3B/4 OR A.3B/5 OR A.3B/11 OR A.3B/12 OR . A.3B/14 OR A.3B/20 CR A.3B/2 OR A.3B/2 OR A.3B/20 CR A.3B/20 OR A.3A/20 OR A.3/7D OR A.3/7D THEN m ELSE n/a private head the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) and MG/ terminating UA, or AS acting as an originating UA, or AS acting as third-party call controll. IF A.3/10 THEN o ELSE x AS performing 3rd party call control. IF A.3/10 CR A.3/20 BO R A.3/40 CO R A.4/40D OR A.4/40E OR A.4/40F THEN m ELSE in F A.4/40 DR A.4/40D OR A.4/40D OR A.4/40E OR A.4/40F THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a presence server, pres UE, AS. IF A.3/30B OR A.3 A /11 OR A.3 A /12 OR A.4/44 THEN m ELSE o BCF (IMS-ALG). IF A.3/40 CR A.3/9 B OR A.3A/21 OR A.3A/22 THEN m ELSE IF (A.3/1 OR A.3/6 OR A.3/6 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/9 B OR A.3A/21 OR A.3A/22 THEN m ELSE IF (A.3/1 OR A.3/6 OR A.3/7 O ELSE n/a S CCF or BCF (IMS-ALG) functional entities or CSI user agent or CSI appl or MCCF or AS or MRFC functional entity. IF A.4/42 B AND (A.3A/11 or A.3A/21 OR A.3/12 OR A.3/7 D) THEN m ELSE IF (A.3/7A OR A.3/7B OR A.3 n/a S CCF, UE, AS, UE

ltem	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
c51:	IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating a ses			
c52:	IF A.3A/11 AND A.4/2B THEN m ELSE IF A.4	/2B THEN o ELSE n/a	conference focus	s, initiating a
	session.			
c53:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific ev	ent notification.		
c58:	IF A.3/9B OR A.3/6 THEN m ELSE o IBCF			
c59:	IF (A.3/4 THEN m ELSE IF (A.3/1 OR A.3/6 O			
	S-CCF, UE, MGCF, AS, AS acting as termi	nating UA, or redirect serv	er, AS acting as	originating UA, AS
	performing 3rd party call control, or MRFC.			
c60:	IF A.3/9B THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 OR A.3/7A	OR A.3/7B OR A.3/7D TH	EN o ELSE n/a -	- IBCF (IMS-ALG),
	UE, AS acting as terminating UA, AS acting as	s originating UA, AS perfo	rming 3 ^{ra} party ca	all control.
	(A.3/1 OR A.3/6 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7B OR A.3/			
AS, AS ad	cting as terminating UA, or redirect server, AS a	acting as originating UA, A	S performing 3rd	party call control,
	or IBCF (IMS-ALG).			
c62:	IF A.3/6 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7B OR A.3/7D TH			
	as terminating UA, or redirect server, AS actin	g as originating UA, AS pe	erforming 3rd par	ty call control,
	<u>IBCF (IMS-ALG).</u>			
c87:	IF A.3/9B OR A.3/9C THEN m ELSE o IBC			
<u>c90:</u>	IF A.3A/52 OR A.3A/53 OR A.3A/85 OR A.3A/			
	charge application server, advice of charge UA			
	server, in-dialog overlap signalling application			
<u>c94:</u>	IF A.3/4 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7D THEN o ELSE	n/a S-CSCF and AS a	cting as terminati	ng UA or redirect
	server or AS performing 3rd party call control.			
0.1:	At least one of these capabilities is supported.			
o.2:	At least one of these capabilities is supported.			
o.3:	At least one of these capabilities is supported.			
o.4:	At least one of these capabilities is supported.			
0.5:	At least one of these capabilities is supported.			
NOTE 1:	At the MGCF, the interworking specifications of	to not support a handling of	of the header ass	ociated with this
	extension.			
NOTE 2:				
	with a specific UE even when multiple UEs sha			
	can be "o" instead of "m". Examples include te	elemetry applications, whe	re point-to-point	communication is
	desired between two users.			
NOTE 3:	It has to be clarified within the draft that the cp	c value belongs to the true	st domain and sh	all not be populated
	<u>by UE"s.</u>			

Prerequisite A.5/20 - - SIP specific event notification

Item	Does the implementation		Subscribe	r	Notifier			
	support	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	reg event package?	[43]	c1	c3	[43]	c2	c4	
1A	reg event package extension for GRUUs?	[94]	c1	c25	[94]	c2	c4	
2	refer package?	[36] 3	c13	c13	[36] 3	c13	c13	
3	presence package?	[74] 6	c1	c5	[74] 6	c2	c6	
4	event list with underlying presence package?	[75], [74] 6	c1	c7	[75], [74] 6	c2	c8	
5	presence.winfo template- package?	[72] 4	c1	c9	[72] 4	c2	c10	
6	xcap-diff ua-profile package?	[77] <u>34</u>	c1	c11	[77] 34	c2	c12	
7	conference package?	[78] 3	c1	c21	[78] 3	c1	c22	
8	message-summary package?	[65]	c1	c23	[65] 3	c2	c24	
9	poc-settings package	[110]	c1	c26	[110]	c2	c27	
c1:	IF A.4/23 THEN o ELSE n/a a	acting as the	subscriber to	o event inform	nation.			
c2:	IF A.4/22 THEN o ELSE n/a a	acting as the	notifier of ev	ent information	on.			
c3:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 THEN m ELS	E IF A.3/7 TH	IEN o ELSE	n/a UE, P	-CSCF, AS.			
c4:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a S							
c5:	IF A.3A/3 OR A.3A/4 THEN m E	LSE IF A.4/2	3 THEN o E	LSE n/a re	esource list se	erver or watc	her, acting	
	as the subscriber to event inform							
c6:	IF A.3A/1 THEN m ELSE IF A.4	/22 THEN o E	ELSE n/a	presence ser	ver, acting as	the notifier	of event	
	information.							
c7:	IF A.3A/4 THEN m ELSE IF A.4, information.	/23 THEN o E	ELSE n/a	watcher, acti	ng as the sub	scriber to ev	rent	
c8:	IF A.3A/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.4, information.	/22 THEN o E	ELSE n/a	resource list	server, acting	as the notif	ier of event	
c9:	IF A.3A/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.4, event information.	/23 THEN o E	ELSE n/a	presence use	er agent, actir	ng as the sub	oscriber to	
c10:	IF A.3A/1 THEN m ELSE IF A.4, information.	/22 THEN o E	ELSE n/a	presence ser	ver, acting as	the notifier	of event	
c11:	IF A.3A/2 OR A.3A/4 THEN o El as the subscriber to event inform		3 THEN o El	_SE n/a pr	esence user a	agent or wat	cher, acting	
c12:	IF A.3A/1 OR A.3A/3 THEN m E acting as the notifier of event inf	LSE IF A.4/2	2 THEN o E	LSE n/a p	resence serve	er or resourc	e list server,	
c13:	IF A.4/15 THEN m ELSE n/a		nethod.					
c21:	IF A.3A/12 THEN m ELSE IF A. to event information.	4/23 THEN o	ELSE n/a -	- conference	participant or	acting as th	e subscriber	
c22:	IF A.3A/11 THEN m ELSE IF A. information.	4/22 THEN o	ELSE n/a -	- conference	focus or actir	ig as the not	ifier of event	
c23:	IF (A.3/1 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7B) redirect server, AS acting as original redirect server.					s terminating	g UA, or	
c24:	IF (A.3/1 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7B redirect server, AS acting as original server.) AND A.4/22	2 THEN o EL	.SE n/a UE	E, AS acting a	is terminatin	g UA, or	
c25:	IF A.4A/1 THEN (IF A.3/1 AND package extension for GRUUs.					kage, UE, re	eg event	
c26:	IF (A.3/7B OR A.3/1) AND (A.4/2 as the subscriber to event inform							
c27:	IF (A.4/22 OR A.4/41) AND A.3/ event state publication extension	1 THEN o EL	.SE n/a U	E, acting as t				

Table A.4A: Supported event packages

A.2.1.3 PDUs

Table A.5: Supported methods

Item	PDU		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	ACK request	[26] 13	c10	c10	[26] 13	c11	c11
2	BYE request	[26] 15.1	c12	c12	[26] 15.1	c12	c12
3	BYE response	[26] 15.1	c12	c12	[26] 15.1	c12	c12
4	CANCEL request	[26] 9	m	m	[26] 9	m	m
5	CANCEL response	[26] 9	m	m	[26] 9	m	m
<u>6</u>	INFO request	[25] 5.1	<u>c21</u>	<u>c21</u>	[25] 5.1	<u>c21</u>	<u>c21</u>
7	INFO response	[25] 5.1	<u>c21</u>	<u>c21</u>	[25] 5.1	<u>c21</u>	<u>c21</u>
8	INVITE request	[26] 13	c10	c10	[26] 13	c11	c11
9	INVITE response	[26] 13	c11	c11	[26] 13	c10	c10
9A	MESSAGE request	[50] 4	c7	c7	[50] 7	c7	c7
9B	MESSAGE response	[50] 4	c7	c7	[50] 7	c7	c7
10	NOTIFY request	[28] 8.1.2	c4	c4	[28] 8.1.2	c3	c3
11	NOTIFY response	[28] 8.1.2	c3	c3	[28] 8.1.2	c4	c4
12	OPTIONS request	[26] 11	m	m	[26] 11	m	m
13	OPTIONS response	[26] 11	m	m	[26] 11	m	m
14	PRACK request	[27] 6	c5	c5	[27] 6	c5	c5
15	PRACK response	[27] 6	c5	c5	[27] 6	c5	c5
15A	PUBLISH request	[70]	c20	c20	[70]	c20	c20
		11.1.3			11.1.3		
15B	PUBLISH response	[70]	c20	c20	[70]	c20	c20
		11.1.3			11.1.3		
16	REFER request	[36] 3	c1	c1	[36] 3	c1	c1
17	REFER response	[36] 3	c1	c1	[36] 3	c1	c1
18	REGISTER request	[26] 10	c8	c8	[26] 10	c9	c9
19	REGISTER response	[26] 10	c9	c9	[26] 10	c8	c8
20	SUBSCRIBE request	[28] 8.1.1	c3	c3	[28] 8.1.1	c4	c4
21	SUBSCRIBE response	[28] 8.1.1	c4	c4	[28] 8.1.1	c3	c3
22	UPDATE request	[29] 6.1	c6	c6	[29] 6.2	c6	c6
23	UPDATE response	[29] 6.2	c6	c6	[29] 6.1	c6	c6
c1:	IF A.4/15 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c3:	IF A.4/23 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c4:	IF A.4/22 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c5:	IF A.4/14 THEN m ELSE n/a				ension.		
c6:	IF A.4/17 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.4/27 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c7: c8:	IF A.4/27 THEN M ELSE n/a c						
co. c9:	IF A.4/2 THEN m ELSE n/a r						
c10:	IF A.4/2 THEN IN ELSE II/a 0		ur for INV/ITE	requests			
c10.	IF A.4/4 THEN m ELSE n/a s						
c12:	IF A.4/5 THEN m ELSE n/a s			040000.			
c20:	IF A.4/41 THEN m ELSE n/a.						
c21:	IF A.4/13A THEN m ELSE n/a -	- Legacv INF	O usade?				

A.2.1.4 PDU parameters

A.2.1.4.1 Status-codes

Table A.6: Supported status-codes

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	100 (Trying)	[26] 21.1.1	c21	c21	[26] 21.1.1	c11	c11	
101	1xx response	[26] 21.1	p21	p21	[26] 21.1	p21	p21	
101A	18x response	[26] 21.1	p21	p21	[26] 21.1	p21	p21	
2	180 (Ringing)	[26] 21.1.2	c2	c2	[26] 21.1.2	c1	c1	
3	181 (Call Is Being	[26] 21.1.3	c2	c2	[26] 21.1.3	c1	c1	
	Forwarded)	[00] 04 4 4			[00] 04 4 4			
4	182 (Queued)	[26] 21.1.4	c2	c2	[26] 21.1.4	c1	c1	
5	183 (Session Progress)	[26] 21.1.5	c1	c1	[26] 21.1.5	c1	c1	
102	2xx response	[26] 21.2	p22	p22	[26] 21.1	p22	p22	
6 7	200 (OK)	[26] 21.2.1	m	m	[26] 21.2.1	m	m	
	202 (Accepted)	[28] 8.3.1	c3	c3	[28] 8.3.1	c3	c3	
103	3xx response	[26] 21.3	p23	p23	[26] 21.1	p23	p23	
8	300 (Multiple Choices)	[26] 21.3.1	m	m	[26] 21.3.1	m	m	
9	301 (Moved Permanently)	[26] 21.3.2	m	m	[26] 21.3.2	m	m	
10	302 (Moved Temporarily)	[26] 21.3.3	m	m	[26] 21.3.3	m	m	
11 12	305 (Use Proxy) 380 (Alternative Service)	[26] 21.3.4	m	m	[26] 21.3.4	m	m	
12		[26] 21.3.5	m p24	m p24	[26] 21.3.5	m p24	m p24	
104	4xx response 400 (Bad Request)	[26] 21.4 [26] 21.4.1			[26] 21.4 [26] 21.4.1			
-			m	m		m	m	
14	401 (Unauthorized)	[26] 21.4.2	0	c12	[26] 21.4.2	m	m n/o	
15 16	402 (Payment Required)	[26] 21.4.3	n/a	n/a	[26] 21.4.3	n/a	n/a	
	403 (Forbidden) 404 (Not Found)	[26] 21.4.4	m	m	[26] 21.4.4	m	m	
17		[26] 21.4.5	m	m	[26] 21.4.5	m	m	
18	405 (Method Not Allowed)	[26] 21.4.6	m	m	[26] 21.4.6	m	m	
19	406 (Not Acceptable)	[26] 21.4.7	m	m	[26] 21.4.7	m	m	
20	407 (Proxy Authentication Required)	[26] 21.4.8	0	0	[26] 21.4.8	m	m	
21	408 (Request Timeout)	[26] 21.4.9	c2	c2	[26] 21.4.9	m	m	
22	410 (Gone)	[26] 21.4.10	m	m	[26] 21.4.10	m	m	
22A	412 (Conditional Request Failed)	[70] 11.2.1	c20	c20	[70] 11.2.1	c20	c20	
23	413 (Request Entity Too Large)	[26] 21.4.11	m	m	[26] 21.4.11	m	m	
24	414 (Request-URI Too Large)	[26] 21.4.12	m	m	[26] 21.4.12	m	m	
25	415 (Unsupported Media	[26] 21.4.13	m	m	[26] 21.4.13	m	m	
	Туре)		111	111		111	111	
26	416 (Unsupported URI Scheme)	[26] 21.4.14	m	m	[26] 21.4.14	m	m	
27	420 (Bad Extension)	[26] 21.4.15	m	c13	[26] 21.4.15	m	m	
28	421 (Extension Required)	[26] 21.4.16	0		[26] 21.4.16	i	i	
28A	422 (Session Interval Too Small)	[58] 6	c7	c7	[58] 6	с7	c7	
29	423 (Interval Too Brief)	[26] 21.4.17	c4	c4	[26] 21.4.17	m	m	
29A	424 (Bad Location Information)	[89] 3.3	c23	c23	[89] 3.3	c23	c23	
29B	429 (Provide Referrer Identity)	[59] 5	c8	c8	[59] 5	c9	c9	
29C	430 (Flow Failed)	[92] 11	n/a	n/a	[92] 11	c22	c22	
29D	433 (Anonymity Disallowed)	[67] 4	c14	c14	[67] 4	c14	c14	
30	480 (Temporarily Unavailable)	[26] 21.4.18	m	m	[26] 21.4.18	m	m	
31	481 (Call/Transaction Does Not Exist)	[26] 21.4.19	m	m	[26] 21.4.19	m	m	
32	482 (Loop Detected)	[26] 21.4.20	m	m	[26] 21.4.20	m	m	
52			1.00	1.00				

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
33	483 (Too Many Hops)	[26] 21.4.21	m	m	[26] 21.4.21	m	m		
34	484 (Address Incomplete)	[26] 21.4.22	0	0	[26] 21.4.22	m	m		
35	485 (Ambiguous)	[26] 21.4.23	0	0	[26] 21.4.23	m	m		
36	486 (Busy Here)	[26] 21.4.24	m	m	[26] 21.4.24	m	m		
37	487 (Request Terminated)	[26] 21.4.25	m	m	[26] 21.4.25	m	m		
38	488 (Not Acceptable Here)	[26] 21.4.26	m	m	[26] 21.4.26	m	m		
39	489 (Bad Event)	[28] 7.3.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.3.2	c3	c3		
40	491 (Request Pending)	[26] 21.4.27	m	m	[26] 21.4.27	m	m		
41	493 (Undecipherable)	[26] 21.4.28	m	m	[26] 21.4.28	m	m		
41A	494 (Security Agreement	[48] 2	c5	c5	[48] 2	c6	c6		
	Required)								
105	5xx response	[26] 21.5	p25	p25	[26] 21.5	p25	p25		
42	500 (Internal Server Error)	[26] 21.5.1	m	m	[26] 21.5.1	m	m		
43	501 (Not Implemented)	[26] 21.5.2	m	m	[26] 21.5.2	m	m		
44	502 (Bad Gateway)	[26] 21.5.3	0	0	[26] 21.5.3	m	m		
45	503 (Service Unavailable)	[26] 21.5.4	m	m	[26] 21.5.4	m	m		
46	504 (Server Time-out)	[26] 21.5.5	m	m	[26] 21.5.5	m	m		
47	505 (Version not	[26] 21.5.6	m	m	[26] 21.5.6	m	m		
	supported)								
48	513 (Message Too Large)	[26] 21.5.7	m	m	[26] 21.5.7	m	m		
49	580 (Precondition Failure)	[30] 8	c35	c35	[30] 8	c35	c35		
106	6xx response	[26] 21.6	p26	p26	[26] 21.6	p26	p26		
50	600 (Busy Everywhere)	[26] 21.6.1	m	m	[26] 21.6.1	m	m		
51	603 (Decline)	[26] 21.6.2	c10	c10	[26] 21.6.2	m	m		
52	604 (Does Not Exist	[26] 21.6.3	m	m	[26] 21.6.3	m	m		
	Anywhere)	[]			[]				
53	606 (Not Acceptable)	[26] 21.6.4	m	m	[26] 21.6.4	m	m		
c1:	IF A.5/9 THEN m ELSE n/a		onse.	1		1	1		
c2:	IF A.5/9 THEN o ELSE n/a -								
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a			ation extension	on.				
c4:	IF A.5/19 OR A.5/21 THEN m ELSE n/a REGISTER response or SUBSCRIBE response.								
c5:	IF A.4/37 AND A.4/2 THEN I						tion protocol		
	and registrar.		-	-			-		
c6:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	i security me	chanism agre	ement for the	e session initiat	ion protoco	l.		
c7:	IF A.4/42 AND (A.5/9 OR A.	5/23) THEN m l	ELSE n/a t	he SIP sessio	on timer AND (I	NVITE resp	oonse OR		
	UPDATE response).								
c8:	IF A.4/43 AND A.5/17 THEN								
c9:	IF A.4/43 AND A.5/17 THEN						nse.		
c10:	IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE o -								
c11:	IF A.5/3 OR A.5/9 OR A.5/9								
	A.5/21 OR A.5/23 THEN m E								
	NOTIFY response or OPTIO					or REFER	response		
010.	or REGISTER response or S		sponse or UP	DATE respor	ise.				
c12:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE o				E				
c13:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4					nrotocol			
c14:	IF A.4/48 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.4/41 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c20: c21:	IF A.4/41 THEN M ELSE N/8								
021.	OR A.5/23 THEN o ELSE n/								
	response or OPTIONS respo								
	REGISTER response or SUI								
c22:	IF A.4/57 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c23:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a								
<u>c35:</u>	IF A.4/16 THEN m ELSE n/a				nd SIP.				
p21:	A.6/2 OR A.6/3 OR A.6/4 OF				<u> </u>				
p22:	A.6/6 OR A.6/7 2xx respo								
p23:	A.6/8 OR A.6/9 OR A.6/10 C		6/12 3xx ı	esponse.					
, p24:	A.6/13 OR A.6/14 OR A.6/15				6/19 OR A.6/20	OR A.6/21	OR A.6/22		
F =	OR A.6/22A OR A.6/23 OR A	4.6/24 OR A.6/2	25 OR A.6/26	OR A.6/26A	OR A.6/27 OR	A.6/28 OR			
F =	OR A.6/22A OR A.6/23 OR A OR A.6/29 OR A.6/29A OR A						A.6/28A		
F		A.6/29B OR A.6	5/29C OR A.6	/29D OR A.6/	/30 OR A.6/31	OR A.6/32	A.6/28A OR A.6/33		
	OR A.6/29 OR A.6/29A OR A OR A.6/34 OR A.6/35 OR A. 4xx response.	4.6/29B OR A.6 6/36 OR A.6/43	6/29C OR A.6 86 OR A.6/38	/29D OR A.6/ OR A.6/39 O	/30 OR A.6/31 ()R A.6/40 OR A	OR A.6/32 6/41 OR A	A.6/28A OR A.6/33 A.6/41A		
p25: p26:	OR A.6/29 OR A.6/29A OR A OR A.6/34 OR A.6/35 OR A	A.6/29B OR A.6 6/36 OR A.6/43 4 OR A.6/45 OF	6/29C OR A.6 86 OR A.6/38 8 A.6/46 OR A	/29D OR A.6, OR A.6/39 C A.6/47 OR A.6	/30 OR A.6/31 ()R A.6/40 OR A	OR A.6/32 6/41 OR A	A.6/28A OR A.6/33 A.6/41A		

A.2.1.4.2 ACK method

Prerequisite A.5/1 – ACK request

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Prot		Profile	Ref.	RFC Prof		
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c9	c9	[56B] 9.2	c10	c10	
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2	
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	
4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
6	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
7	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
8	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
9	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
10	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
11	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
12	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m	
13	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
<u>13A</u>	Max-Breadth	[117] 5. <u>8</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c14</u>	<u>[117] 5.8</u>	<u>c15</u>	<u>c15</u>	
14	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	<u>n/a c17</u>	
15	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
15A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a	
16	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a	
17	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a	
17A	Reason	[34A] 2	c8	c8	[34A] 2	c8	c8	
17B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c9	c9	[56B] 9.2	c10	c10	
17C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c9	c9	[56B] 9.1	c10	c10	
18	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m	
19	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a <u>c17</u>	
20	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c7	c7	[26] 20.38	m	m	
21	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
22	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	m	m	
23	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a							
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a				on.			
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a							
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a							
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a -							
c6:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a			ne Session II	nitiation Proto	COI (SIP).		
c7:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a ti IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a			or the coories	n initiation are	stacol		
c8: c9:	IF A.4/38 THEN 0 ELSE n/a IF A.4/40 THEN 0 ELSE n/a							
c9. c10:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c10. c14:	IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/						lity in	
<u>.</u> .	session initiation protocol forkin						iity iii	
c15:	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a						tocol forking	
010.	proxies.	a dai oconing o	ampinouu				is so in torraing	
c17:	IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THE	N n/a ELSE o	UE.UE	performina th	e functions of	f an external	attached	
	network.		, - -,					

Table A.7: Supported headers within the ACK request

Table A.8: Void

A.2.1.4.3 BYE method

Prerequisite A.5/2 - - BYE request

Table A.9: Supported headers within the BYE request

Item	Header	5	Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m	
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c18	c18	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m	
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m	
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2	
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
13	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m	
14B	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c29	[117] 5.8	c30	c30	
14	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
14A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c23	c23	[89] 3.2	c23	c23	
15	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a c31	
16	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
16A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c9	c10	[52] 4.4	c9	c11	
16B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c6	c6	
16C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c13	c14	[52] 4.5	c13	c14	
16D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c12	n/a	[52] 4.6	c12	n/a	
16E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c6	х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a	
16F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c7	n/a	[33] 4.2	c7	c7	
17	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a	
18	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a	
18A	Reason	[34A] 2	c17	c21	[34A] 2	c17	c17	
19	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>n/a_c31</u>	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>n/a c31</u>	
19A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c19	c19	[59] 3	c20	c20	
19B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c18	c18	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	
19C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c18	c18	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22	
20	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m	
21	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	<u>n/a c31</u>	
21A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c15	c15	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
21B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c16	c16	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
22	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m	
23	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c8	c8	[26] 20.38	m	m	
24	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
25	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0	
26	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[20] 20.42	m	m	

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy.
c6:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity
	within trusted networks.
c7:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c8:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.
c9:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c10:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE.
c11:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and AS
	acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.
c12:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c13:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c14:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c15:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note).
c16:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c17:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c18:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c19:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c20:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c21:	IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a P-CSCF, the Reason header field for the session
	initiation protocol.
c22:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c23:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
<u>c29:</u>	IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a ELSE o addressing
	an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IBCF (IMS-ALG), IBCF (Screening of
	SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached network.
<u>c30:</u>	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking
	proxies.
<u>c31:</u>	IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a ELSE o UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached
	<u>network.</u>
NOTE:	Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture which
	is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism defined by
	3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Table A.10: Void

Table A.11: Void

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.11A: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m	
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response for all remaining status-codes

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c11	c11	[26] 20.5	m	m
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c12	c12	[89] 3.2	c12	c12
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	<u>c7-c6</u>
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3
10C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c9	c10	[52] 4.5	c9	c10
	Addresses						
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
10F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	n/a	[33] 4.2	c4	c4
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	o (note)	[26] 20.43	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a	insertion of da	ate in reques	ts and respo	nses.		-
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a t	imestamping	of requests.				
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a		sions to the S	Session Initia	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	serted
	identity within trusted networks.						
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a					ocol (SIP).	
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a						
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E						
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/				s-Network-In	fo header ex	tension and
	AS acting as terminating UA or						
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a						
c9:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a						
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a			Addresses h	eader extens	ion.	
c11:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 4						
c12:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a						
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here	e) response, F	RFC 3261 [26	b] gives the s	tatus of this h	leader as SH	HOULD
	rather than OPTIONAL.						

Table A.12: Supported headers within the BYE response

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.13: Supported headers w	within the BYE response
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Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2	
4	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	m	[26] 20.37	m	m	

c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.13A: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.14: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
0B	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m	
NOTE:	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.							

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.15: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1			
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m			
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.									

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.16: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.17: Void

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/19 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.18: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status			
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1			
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0			
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a s	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.19: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
					100100.0				
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m		
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.								

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.20: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.20A: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1		
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.								

Table A.21: Void

Table A.22: Void

A.2.1.4.4 CANCEL method

Prerequisite A.5/4 - - CANCEL request

Table A.23: Supported headers within the CANCEL request

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c9	c9	[56B] 9.2	c11	c11
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
8	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
9	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
10	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m
11	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
11A	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	<u>c16</u>	[117] 5.8	<u>c17</u>	<u>c17</u>
12	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	<u>n/a c18</u>
14	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a
15	Reason	[34A] 2	c7	c10	[34A] 2	c7	c7
16	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>n/a c18</u>	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>n/a c18</u>
17	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c9	c9	[56B] 9.2	c11	c11
17A	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c9	c9	[56B] 9.1	c11	c11
18	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	<u>n/a c18</u>
19	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m
20	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c8	c8	[26] 20.38	m	m
21	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
22	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.41	0	<u>0</u>
23	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.		•	
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	nsertion of da	ate in reques	ts and respor	nses.		
c6:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a	a privacy med	chanism for t	he Session Ir	nitiation Proto	ocol (SIP).	
c7:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a t			or the sessior	initiation pro	otocol.	
c8:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a tir						
c9:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a 0						
c10:	IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.4/3	88 THEN o El	_SE n/a P	-CSCF, the F	leason heade	er field for the	e session
	initiation protocol.						
c11:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a						
<u>c16:</u>	IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9						
	addressing an amplification vuln						
	IBCF (Screening of SIP signalling						
<u>c17:</u>	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a	addressing a	in amplification	on vulnerabili	ty in session	initiation pro	tocol forking
	proxies.		· · - · ·				
<u>c18:</u>	IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEI	N n/a ELSE c	o UE, UE p	performing the	e functions of	t an external	attached
	<u>network.</u>						

Table A.24: Void

Prerequisite A.5/5 - - CANCEL response for all status-codes

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
5A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c3	n/a	[33] 4.2	c3	n/a
6	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2
7	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
7A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
8	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
9	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a	insertion of da	ate in reques	ts and respor	nses.		
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a t	imestamping	of requests.	-			
c3:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a	a privacy med	chanism for t	he Session Ir	nitiation Proto	col (SIP).	
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here rather than OPTIONAL.	e) response, F	RFC 3261 [26	6] gives the st	tatus of this h	eader as SH	IOULD

Table A.25: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Prerequisite A.5/5 - - CANCEL response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.26: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a
4	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	m	[26] 20.37	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/5 - - CANCEL response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.26A: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Table A.27: Void

Prerequisite A.5/5 - - CANCEL response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.28: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
4	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.30: Void

Table A.31: Void

A.2.1.4.6 INFO method

Void

Prerequisite A.5/9A - - INFO request

Item	Header field		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	<u>m</u>
4	Allow	[26] 20.5	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.5	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
5	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>	[28] 7.2.2	<u>c2</u>	<u>c2</u>
<u>6</u>	Authorization	[26] 20.7	<u>c3</u>	<u>c3</u>	[26] 20.7	<u>c3</u>	<u>c3</u>
<u>7</u>	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.8	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>7A</u>	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.9	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
8	Contact	[26] 20.10	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	[26] 20.10	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
9	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.11	m	<u>m</u>
<u>10</u>	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.12	m	<u>m</u>
<u>11</u>	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.13	m	<u>m</u>
<u>12</u>	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.14	m	<u>m</u>
<u>13</u>	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	<u>m</u>	m	[26] 29.15	m	<u>m</u>
<u>14</u>	Cseq	[26] 20.16	<u>m</u>	m	[26] 20.16	m	<u>m</u>
<u>15</u>	Date	[26] 20.17	<u>c4</u>	<u>c4</u>	[26] 20.17	m	<u>m</u>
<u>16</u>	From	[26] 20.20	<u>m</u>	m	[26] 20.20	m	<u>m</u>
<u>17</u>	Geolocation	<u>[89] 3.2</u>	<u>c29</u>	<u>c29</u>	[<u>89] 3.2</u>	<u>c29</u>	<u>c29</u>
<u>19</u>	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c39</u>	[117] 5.8	<u>c40</u>	<u>c40</u>
<u>20</u>	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.22	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c41</u>
<u>21</u>	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.24	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>22</u>	P-Access-Network-Info	<u>[52] 4.4</u>	<u>c15</u>	<u>c16</u>	[52] 4.4	<u>c15</u>	<u>c17</u>
<u>23</u>	P-Charging-Function-	<u>[52] 4.5</u>	<u>c20</u>	<u>c21</u>	[<u>52] 4.5</u>	<u>c20</u>	<u>c21</u>
	Addresses						
<u>24</u>	P-Charging-Vector	<u>[52] 4.6</u>	<u>c18</u>	<u>c19</u>	<u>[52] 4.6</u>	<u>c18</u>	<u>c19</u>
<u>26</u>	Privacy	[33] 4.2	<u>c12</u>	<u>c12</u>	<u>[33] 4.2</u>	<u>c12</u>	<u>c12</u>
<u>27</u>	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	<u>c5</u>	<u>c5</u>	[26] 20.28	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
<u>28</u>	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	<u>o</u>	<u>n/a</u>	[26] 20.29	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
<u>29</u>	<u>Reason</u>	[<u>34A] 2</u>	<u>c6</u>	<u>c6</u>	[<u>34A] 2</u>	<u>c6</u>	<u>c6</u>
<u>30</u>	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c41</u>	[26] 20.30	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c41</u>
<u>31</u>	Referred-By	<u>[59] 3</u>	<u>c25</u>	<u>c25</u>	[<u>59] 3</u>	<u>c26</u>	<u>c26</u>
<u>33</u>	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	<u>c24</u>	<u>c24</u>	[56B] 9.1	<u>c28</u>	<u>c28</u>
<u>34</u>	Require	[26] 20.32	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.32	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>36</u>	Route	[26] 20.34	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.34	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c41</u>
<u>37</u>	Security-Client	[<u>48] 2.3.1</u>	<u>c22</u>	<u>c22</u>	[<u>48] 2.3.1</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
<u>38</u>	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	<u>c23</u>	<u>c23</u>	[48] 2.3.1	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
<u>39</u>	<u>Subject</u>	[<u>26] 20.35</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	[<u>26] 20.36</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>40</u>	Supported	[26] 20.37	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.37	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>41</u>	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	<u>c10</u>	<u>c10</u>	[26] 20.38	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>42</u>	<u>To</u>	[26] 20.39	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.39	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>43</u>	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	[26] 20.41	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>
44	Via	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>

Table A.32: Supported header fields within the INFO request

status status status c1: IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension. c2: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension. c3: IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a - authentication between UA and UA. c4: IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a - insertion of date in requests and responses. c5: IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a - authentication between UA and proxy. c6: IF A.4/8 THEN o ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c10: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SII content of the session Initiation Protocol (SII content of the set of the	<u>SIP).</u> and UE.									
c1: IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension. c2: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension. c3: IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA. c4: IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses. c5: IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. c6: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c10: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. c12: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SII c15: c15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and c17:	<u>.</u> SIP). and UE.									
c2: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension. c3: IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA. c4: IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses. c5: IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. c6: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c10: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. c12: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SII c15: c15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and c17:	SIP). and UE.									
c3: IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA. c4: IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses. c5: IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. c6: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c10: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. c12: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SII c15: c15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and c17:	SIP). and UE.									
c4: IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses. c5: IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. c6: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c10: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. c12: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SII c15: c15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and c17:	SIP). and UE.									
c5: IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. c6: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c10: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. c12: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SII c15: c15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and c17:	SIP). and UE.									
c6: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c10: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. c12: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SII c15: c15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and c17: c17: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header	SIP). and UE.									
c10: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. c12: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SII c15: c13: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension at c17: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension at c17:	SIP). and UE.									
c12: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SII c15: c15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension at c17: c17: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension at c17:	and UE.									
c15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension at c17: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension at c17:	and UE.									
c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension at c17: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header										
c17: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info head										
	adar autonaian ard									
AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller	auer extension and									
	AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.									
	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.									
c19: IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.									
<u>c20:</u> IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.										
c21: IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.										
c22: IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation pro										
c23: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation pr	<u>protocol.</u>									
c24 IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.										
c25: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.										
c26: IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.										
c28: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.										
c29: IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.										
<u>c39:</u> IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a E										
addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IBCF										
IBCF (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attache										
c40: IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiatio	tion protocol forking									
proxies.										
c41: IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a ELSE o UE, UE performing the functions of an ext	xternal attached									
<u>network.</u>										
<u>c42:</u> IF A.4/13A THEN n/a ELSE m legacy INFO usage.										
NOTE 2: Support of this header field in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the										
architecture which is implemented. Use of this header field in this method is not appropriate	ate to the security									
mechanism defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].										

Prerequisite A.5/9A - - INFO request

Table A.33: Supported message bodies within the INFO request

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	<u>Profile</u> <u>status</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	<u>Profile</u> <u>status</u>

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.34: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		Sending		Receiving						
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status				
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.8	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>				
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m				
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m				
4	Date	[26] 20.17	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>	[26] 20.17	m	m				
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m				
6	To	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m				
7	Via	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>				
<u>c1:</u>											

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header field		<u>Sending</u>		Receiving			
		<u>Ref.</u>	RFC status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	
<u>0A</u>	Allow	[26] 20.5	<u>c12</u>	<u>c12</u>	[26] 20.5	m	<u>m</u>	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0	
3	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
4	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
5	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
9	Date	[26] 20.17	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>	[26] 20.17	m	m	
10	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
11	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	<u>c14</u>	<u>c14</u>	[89] 3.2	<u>c14</u>	<u>c14</u>	
12	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
13	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0	
14	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	<u>c5</u>	<u>c6</u>	[52] 4.4	<u>c5</u>	<u>c7</u>	
15	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	<u>c10</u>	<u>c11</u>	[52] 4.5	<u>c10</u>	<u>c11</u>	
	Addresses							
16	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	<u>c8</u>	<u>c9</u>	[52] 4.6	<u>c8</u>	<u>c9</u>	
<u>18</u>	Privacy	[<u>33]</u> 4.2	<u>c4</u>	<u>c4</u>	[33] 4.2	<u>c4</u>	<u>c4</u>	
<u>19</u>	<u>Require</u>	[26] 20.32	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.32	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
<u>20</u>	<u>Server</u>	[26] 20.35	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.35	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
<u>21</u>	<u>Timestamp</u>	[26] 20.38	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.38	<u>c2</u>	<u>c2</u>	
<u>22</u>	To	[26] 20.39	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.39	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
<u>23</u>	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.41	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
<u>24</u>	<u>Via</u>	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
<u>25</u>	<u>Warning</u>	[26] 20.43	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.43	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
<u>c1:</u>	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a -			ts and respon	nses.			
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a							
<u>c4:</u>	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a -					<u>ocol (SIP).</u>		
<u>c5:</u>	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a -						_	
<u>c6:</u>	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m							
<u>c7:</u>	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3				s-Network-In	fo header ex	tension and	
- 0.	AS acting as terminating UA o							
<u>c8:</u>	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a -							
<u>c9:</u>	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a -					on		
<u>c10:</u>	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a -							
<u>c11:</u> c12:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a - IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o				eauer extens	<u>ion.</u>		
c12:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a -							
<u>014</u> .			conveyance.	-				

Table A.35: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.36: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field	Sending			Receiving			
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	
<u>1</u>	Accept	[26] 20.1	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.1	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
<u>2</u>	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.2	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.3	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
<u>5</u>	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	<u>c3</u>	<u>c3</u>	[28] 7.2.2	<u>c4</u>	<u>c4</u>	
<u>6</u>	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>	[26] 20.6	<u>c2</u>	<u>c2</u>	
9	Supported	[26] 20.37	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.37	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	

<u>c1:</u>	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
<u>c2:</u>	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.37: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field	Sending			Receiving		
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u>	Profile	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u>	Profile
			<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>		<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>
<u>1</u>	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.18	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.37A: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field	Sending			Receiving		
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status
<u>2</u>	<u>Contact</u>	[26] 20.10	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	[26] 20.10	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.38: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field	Sending			Receiving				
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status		
			<u> 318105</u>	<u>status</u>		<u>siaius</u>	<u>status</u>		
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>	[26] 20.27	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>		
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.44	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>		
<u>c1:</u>	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480 (Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.39: Supported header fields within the INFO response

ltem	Header field		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	<u>RFC</u>	Profile
			<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>		<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>
4	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	<u>o</u>	0	[26] 20.33	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

Table A.40: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.41: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field	Sending				Receiving				
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status			
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	<u>o.1</u>	<u>o.1</u>	[26] 20.1	m	<u>m</u>			
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	<u>m</u>			
<u>3</u>	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	<u>o.1</u>	<u>o.1</u>	[26] 20.3	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>			
<u>o.1</u>	At least one of these capabilities is supported.									

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.6/26A - - Additional for 417 (Unknown Resource-Priority) response

Table A.41A: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item Header field Sending Ref. RFC Profile Ref. status status status status	<u>. RFC</u>	Profile
	status	<u>status</u>

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.42: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		<u>Sending</u>		Receiving		
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status
5	<u>Unsupported</u>	[26] 20.40	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.40	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.42A: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		<u>Sending</u>			Receiving			
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	RFC status	Profile status		
<u>3</u>	Security-Server	<u>[48] 2</u>	<u>x</u>	<u>x</u>	<u>[48] 2</u>	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>		
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.								

Table A.43: Void

Table A.44: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - INFO response

Table A.45: Supported message bodies within the INFO response

Item	Header field		<u>Sending</u>		Receiving		
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	<u>Profile</u> <u>status</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status
1							

A.2.1.4.7 INVITE method

Prerequisite A.5/8 - - INVITE request

Table A.46: Supported	headers within	n the INVITE reques	st
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ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m	
IA	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24	[56B] 9.2	c32	c32	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m	
4	Alert-Info	[26] 20.4	0	0	[26] 20.4	c1	c1	
5	Allow	[26] 20.5, [26] 5.1	o (note 1)	0	[26] 20.5, [26] 5.1	m	m	
6	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2	
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	
)	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
10	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0	
11	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m	
12	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
13	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
14	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
15	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
16	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
17	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
18	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m	
19	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	0	0	
20	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
20A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c33	c33	[89] 3.2	c33	c33	
20B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c31	c31	[66] 4.1	c31	c31	
21	In-Reply-To	[26] 20.21	0	0	[26] 20.21	0	0	
21A	Join	[61] 7.1	c30	c30	[61] 7.1	c30	c30	
21B	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	суу	[117] 5.8	c46	c46	
22	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	c52 n/a	
23	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
23A	Min-SE	[58] 5	c26	c26	[58] 5	c25	c25	
24	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0	
24A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c15	c16	[52] 4.4	c15	c17	
24B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c7	c7	
24C	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	n/a	n/a	[121] 4.1	c38	c38	
24D	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	х	x	[52] 4.2	c13	c13	
24E	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c20	c21	[52] 4.5	c20	c21	
24F	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c18	c19	[52] 4.6	c18	c19	
24G	P-Early-Media	[109] 8	c34	c34	[109] 8	c34	c34	
25	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a	[31] 5.1	c11	c12	
25A	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c7	c5	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a	
25B	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	c37	c36	[121] 4.2	n/a	n/a	
25C	P-Profile-Key	[97] 5	n/a	n/a	[97] 5	n/a	n/a	
25D	P-User-Database	[82] 4	n/a	n/a	[82] 4	n/a	n/a	
25E	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 3)	х	[52] 4.3	c14	n/a	
26	Priority	[26] 20.26	0	0	[26] 20.26	0	0	
26A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c9	c9	[33] 4.2	c9	c9	
27	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c6	c6	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a	
28	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	o (note 2)	o (note 2)	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a	
28A	Reason	[34A] 2	c8	c8	[34A] 2	c8	c8	
29	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>c52</u> n/a	[26] 20.30	m	m	
30	Referred-By	[59] 3	c27	c27	[59] 3	c28	c28	
31	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24	[56B] 9.2	c32	c32	
31A	Replaces	[60] 6.1	c29	c29	[60] 6.1	c29	c29	
31B	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	0	0	[26] 20.31	0	0	
31B	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c24	c24	[56B] 9.1	c32	c32	
32	Require	[26] 20.32	0	m	[26] 20.32	m	m	
33	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	<u>c52n/a</u>	

Ref. RFC Profile Ref. 33A Security-Client [48] 2.3.1 c22 c22 [48] 2.3.1 r 33B Security-Verity [48] 2.3.1 c23 c23 [48] 2.3.1 r 33C Security-Verity [48] 2.3.1 c23 c23 [48] 2.3.1 r 33C Security-Verity [48] 2.3.1 c23 c23 [48] 2.3.1 r 33C Security-Verity [48] 2.3.1 c23 c23 [48] 2.3.1 r 34 Subject [26] 20.32 m m [26] 20.32 m r [26] 20.31 r 38 User-Agent [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 m r [26] 20.41 o o [26] 20.42 m r [44] 11 r r 4/r 1/r design and and and and and and and and and an	ltem	Header		Sending				Receiving	
33ASecurity-Client[48] 2.3.1c22c22c23c34c34c34c34c34c34c34c34c34c34c34c34c34c34c34c33c33c34 <th></th> <th></th> <th>Ref.</th> <th></th> <th>Profile</th> <th>Re</th> <th>ef.</th> <th>RFC</th> <th>Profile</th>			Ref.		Profile	Re	ef.	RFC	Profile
33BSecurity-Verify[48] 2.3.1[c23[c23[c23][48] 2.3.133CSession-Expires[58] 4[c25[c25][c25][c34][c36]33CSubject[26] 20.37mm[26] 20.37mm[26] 20.38[c10][26] 20.38[c10][26] 20.38[c10][26] 20.38[c10][26] 20.38[c10][26] 20.34[c30][c3				status	status			status	status
33C Session-Expires [58] 4 c25 c25 [63] 4 c 34 Subject [26] 20.36 o o [26] 20.36 c 35 Supported [26] 20.37 m m [26] 20.33 c 36 Timestamp [26] 20.33 i m [26] 20.34 i 37 To [26] 20.32 m m [26] 20.34 m 38 User-Agent [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 n 39 Via [16] A.4/12 THEN m ELSE n/a downloading of alerting information. [26] 20.42 n c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and tA. c iF A.4/31 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. c1: FA.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a imsetamping of requests. c if F. A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a imsetamping of requests. c3: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a imsetamping of requests. c if F. A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a imsetamping of requests. c1: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a imsetamping of requests. c if F. A.4/32 TH	33A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c22	c22	[48] 2	2.3.1	n/a	n/a
33C Session-Expires [58] 4 c25 c25 [58] 4 c 34 Subject [26] 20.36 o o [26] 20.37 m m [26] 20.33 c 35 Supported [26] 20.37 m m [26] 20.37 m m [26] 20.37 m m [26] 20.33 r 36 User-Agent [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 r 37 To [26] 20.41 o o [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 r 38 User-Agent [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 r 39 Via - adventionaling of alerting information. c c is a set of advention of advention of advention avention. c is a set of advention of advention avention. c is a set of advention. c c is a set of advention.	33B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c23	c23	[48] 2	2.3.1	n/a	n/a
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36 Timestamp [26] 20.38 [26] 20.39 m m [26] 20.39 m 37 To [26] 20.39 m m m [26] 20.39 m 38 User-Agent [26] 20.41 o o [26] 20.42 m 39 Via [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 m 31 IF A.4/12 THEN m ELSE n/a surferion of date in requests and responses. C i IF A.4/11 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA. 44 IF A.4/12 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. F A.4/14 THEN o ELSE n/a a private extensions to the Session I for asserted identity within trusted networks. c8: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a a private mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (S within trusted networks. c11: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a a private mechanism for media authorization. c12: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Assens for media authorization. c13: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Accels-Network-Info header extension. c14: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Accels-Network-Info header extension. c15: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P	34	Subject	[26] 20.36	0	0	[26] 2	20.36	0	0
36 Timestamp [26] 20.38 [c10] [26] 20.39 m m [26] 20.39 m 37 Too [26] 20.39 m m [26] 20.39 m m [26] 20.39 m m [26] 20.39 m m [26] 20.41 0 0 [26] 20.42 m 39 Via [26] 20.42 m m m m m m m [26] 20.42 m	35	Supported		m	m			m	m
37 To [26] 20.39 m m [26] 20.41 o o [26] 20.41 o 38 User-Agent [26] 20.41 o o o [26] 20.41 o 39 Via [26] 20.41 o o [26] 20.41 o 39 Via [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.41 o 31 IF A.4/12 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA. i IF A.4/17 THEN n ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA. c3: IF A.4/34 THEN n ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. c if a A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. c6: IF A.4/38 THEN n ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. c if A.4/38 THEN n ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocols c11: IF A.4/38 THEN n ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol: if A.4/32 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-10 extension. c12: IF A.4/32 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-10 extension. c if A.4/32 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-10 extension. c13: IF A.4/33 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-10 extension. c if A.4/33 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.				c10				m	m
38 User-Agent [26] 20.41 o [26] 20.42 r 39 Via [26] 20.42 r r [76] 20.42 r 39 Via [26] 20.42 r r [76] 4.4/12 THEN m ELSE n/a downloading of alerting information. c2: IF A.4/12 THEN m ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses. c3: IF A.4/11 THEN N ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses. c4: IF A.4/12 THEN 0 ELSE n/a bit and private extensions to the Session I for asserted identity within trusted networks. c6: IF A.4/38 THEN 0 ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session Initiation Protocol (S within trusted networks. c7: IF A.4/38 THEN 0 ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation Protocol (S within trusted networks. c8: IF A.4/32 THEN 0 ELSE n/a the P.4caled-Party-ID extension. c11: IF A.4/31 THEN 0 ELSE n/a the P.4cales-Network-ID teader extension. c12: IF A.4/32 THEN 0 ELSE n/a the P.4ccess-Network-Info header extension. c13: IF A.4/33 THEN 0 ELSE n/a the P.4ccess-Network-Info header extension. c		То			m			m	m
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 IF A.4/12 THEN m ELSE n/a downloading of alerting information. IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension. IF A.4/21 THEN m ELSE n/a suthentication between UA and UA. IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses. IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. IF A.4/8A THEN n ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation Protocc (S) within trusted networks. IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocc (I) IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocc (I) IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a UE, SIP extensions for media authorization. IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.				m		_		m	m
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 for asserted identity within trusted networks. IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (S within trusted networks. IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation Protocol (S H A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the Session Initiation Protocol IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. IF A.4/31 THEN n ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. IF A.4/31 THEN n ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. IF A.4/31 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. IF A.4/31 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. IF A.4/36 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. IF A.4/36 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.4/37 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.4/37 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. IF A.4/41 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. IF A.4/41 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension timer. IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension timer. IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension timer. IF A.4/46 THEN m ELSE n/a an							Session	Initiation Pr	otocol (SIP)
 C6: IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy. C7: IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (S within trusted networks. C8: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a private extensions for the session Initiation Protocol (S IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a private ymechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP extensions for media authorization. C12: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP extensions for media authorization. C13: IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. C14: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-ID extension. C15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-Info header extension. C16: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. C17: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. C18: IF A.4/36 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. C19: IF A.4/36 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. C20: IF A.4/36 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. C21: IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. C22: IF A.4/35 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. C23: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C24: IF A.4/40 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C25: IF A.4/42 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C26: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C26: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C26: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C27: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C28: IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism	-								(-)
 C7: IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (S within trusted networks. C8: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. C9: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol. C11: IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. C11: IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a UE, <u>SIP extensions for media authorization</u>. C12: IF A.4/31 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. C13: IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. C14: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. C15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. C16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. C17: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. C18: IF A.4/36 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. C19: IF A.4/35 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. C19: IF A.4/35 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. C19: IF A.4/37 THEN n ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. C20: IF A.4/42 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. C21: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C22: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C23: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C24: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C25: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C26: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C27: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C28: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Refer	:6:			n between U/	A and proxy.				
 within trusted networks. c8: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protoc c9: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protoco c10: IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP extensions for media authorization. c11: IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP extensions for media authorization. c12: IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. c13: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Valied-Network-ID extension. c14: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Valied-Network-ID extension. c15: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c17: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c18: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c19: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c19: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c20: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiatic c21: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Session timer. c22: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c23: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c24: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c25: IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c26: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c27: IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c28: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29:						on Pro	otocol (SIP) for asse	erted identity
 C9: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protoco C10: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. C11: IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP extensions for media authorization. C12: IF A.4/19 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. C13: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. C14: IF A.4/31 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-ID extension. C15: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. C16: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. C17: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. C18: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. C19: IF A.4/36 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. C19: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. C20: IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiatic c23: IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiatic c24: IF A.4/40 THEN n ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiatic c24: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. C27: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C28: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C29: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C29: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request. C31: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C29: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C29: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C29: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. C31: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELS		-					· ·		
 c10: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests. c11: IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP extensions for media authorization. c12: IF A.3/1 <u>AND A.4/19</u> THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. c13: IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-ID extension. c14: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c15: IF A.4/34 HDEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c17: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c18: IF A.4/36 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c19: IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c20: IF A.4/35 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c21: IF A.4/35 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c22: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. c23: IF A.4/42 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. c24: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. c26: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c28: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for requ c31: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for requ c32: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for requ c31: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for requ c32: IF A	:8:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a th	e Reason he	eader field for	r the session	initiatio	on prot	tocol.	
 c11: IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a - SIP extensions for media authorization. c12: IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID extension. c13: IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID extension. c14: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c15: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c17: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c18: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c19: IF A.4/36 THEN no ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c19: IF A.4/35 THEN no ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c20: IF A.4/35 THEN no ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c21: IF A.4/35 THEN no ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. c23: IF A.4/37 THEN no ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. c24: IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Session timer. c25: IF A.4/42 THEN no ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c26: IF A.4/43 THEN no ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c27: IF A.4/43 THEN no ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c28: IF A.4/43 THEN no ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for a media. c31: IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol for requinable. c33: IF A.4/46 THEN m ELSE n/a - a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c34: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a - a caller preferences for the session initiation	:9:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a	privacy mec	hanism for th	e Session Ini	itiation	Proto	col (SIP).	
 c12: IF A.3/1 <u>AND A.4/19</u> THEN m ELSE n/a - · UE, <u>SIP extensions for media authorization</u> c13: IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a - · the P-Called-Party-ID extension. c14: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a - · the P-Visited-Network-ID extension. c15: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a - · the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a - · the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c17: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - · the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c18: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - · the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c19: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - · the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c20: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a - · the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension c21: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a - · the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension c22: IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a - · security mechanism agreement for the session initiatio c23: IF A.4/37 THEN n ELSE n/a - · security mechanism agreement for the session initiation c24: IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a - · the SIP session timer. c25: IF A.4/42 THEN n ELSE n/a - · the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c26: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a - · the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c27: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a - · the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c28: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a - · the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - · the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - · the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - · the SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for a media. c31: IF A.4/46 THEN m ELSE n/a - · an extension to the session initiation protocol for requ c32: IF A.4/46 THEN m ELSE n/a - · an extension to the session initiation protocol. c33: IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a - · an extension to the session initiation protocol for requ c34: IF A.4/4	:10:							. ,	
 c13: IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension. c14: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-Info header extension. c15: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7 OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c17: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c18: IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c19: IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c20: IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c21: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension c23: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. c25: IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. c26: IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. c27: IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c28: IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism	:11:	IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a S	SIP extension	ns for media a	authorization.				
 c14: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-ID extension. c15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c17: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller. c18: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c19: IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c20: IF A.4/35 THEN n ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension c21: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiatic c23: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiatic c24: IF A.4/40 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. c25: IF A.4/42 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP session timer. c26: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c28: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for requ c30: IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol. c33: IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance. c34: IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance. c34: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a ID SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for a media. c36: IF A.4/74 THEN n ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session for a media. c36: IF A.4/74 THEN n ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session for a media. c37: IF A.4/74 THEN n ELSE n/a Id	:12:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/19 THEN m EL	SE n/a Ul	E, <u>SIP extens</u>	sions for med	ia auth	norizati	<u>on</u> .	
 c15: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c16: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Access-Network-Info header extensis c17: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Access-Network-Info AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller. c18: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c20: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension c21: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension c22: IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension c23: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiatic c24: IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. c25: IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP session timer. c26: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c27: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c28: IF A.4/43 THEN n ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a - a an extension to the session initiation protocol (SIP) "Replaces" header. c31: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a - a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c33: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a - a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c33: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a - a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c34: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a - a NENEnsion to the session initiation protocol. c33: IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a - SIP location conveyance. c34: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol. c37: IF A.4/74 THEN n ELSE n/a Identification of communication services	:13:	IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a th	e P-Called-F	Party-ID exter	nsion.				
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 c27: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c28: IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c29: IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) "Replaces" header. c30: IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) "Join" header. c31: IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for required. c32: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c33: IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance. c34: IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a The SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for a media. c36: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and identification of communication services in the session conversion. c37: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol. c37: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session conversion. c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol. c37: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session conversion. c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session conversion of communication services in the session conversion. c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session conversion of communication services in the session conversion. c39: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN m addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies. I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached conversion of communication services in the session (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the function of an externa									
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 c29: IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) "Replaces" header c30: IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) "Join" header. c31: IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for requ c32: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c33: IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance. c34: IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a The SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for a media. c36: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and identification of communication services in the session c37: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c45: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached 									
 c30: IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) "Join" header. c31: IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for requ c32: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c33: IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance. c34: IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a The SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for a media. c36: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and identification of communication services in the sessior c37: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached 						anlaco	e" hoa	dor	
 c31: IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for requ c32: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c33: IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance. c34: IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a The SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for a media. c36: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and identification of communication services in the session c37: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c45: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached 								uui.	
 c32: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c33: IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance. c34: IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a The SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for a media. c36: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and identification of communication ser initiation protocol. c37: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the sessior c38: IF A.4/74 THEN n ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the sessior c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c45: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies. I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached 								luest history	information
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 c34: IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a The SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for a media. c36: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and identification of communication ser initiation protocol. c37: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the sessior c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the sessioi c45: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN is addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached 						ion pro	0.0001.		
 media. c36: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and identification of communication servinitiation protocol. c37: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c45: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies. I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached 					vate header i	extens	sion for	authorizatio	n of early
 c36: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and identification of communication ser initiation protocol. c37: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c45: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN is addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached 						0.0110		33310122010	or ourly
initiation protocol. c37: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c45: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached	:36:		SE n/a LIF	and identific	ation of com	munica	ation se	ervices in the	e session
 c37: IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c45: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached 							2001100	2. 11000 11 110	
c38: IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session c45: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN is addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached	:37:		lentification of	of communics	ation services	in the	sessio	on initiation r	orotocol
c45: IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN in addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached									
addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, I (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached									
(Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached									
c46: IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session ini	:46:								ocol.
c52: IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a ELSE o UE, UE performing the functions of a									
network.				, - I-					
o.1: At least one of these shall be supported.	o.1:		ported.						

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
NOTE 1:	OTE 1: RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.								
NOTE 2:	No distinction has been made in these tables between first use of a request on a From/To/Call-ID								
	combination, and the usage in a subsequent one. Therefore the use of "o" etc. above has been included								
	from a viewpoint of first usage.								
	The strength of this requirement i								
NOTE 4:	Support of this header in this met	hod is deper	ndent on the s	security mech	nanism and th	he security a	rchitecture		
	which is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism								
	defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].								

Table A.47: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m	
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
:1: IF A.4	1/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertior	n of date in re	quests and r	esponses.				

Table A.48: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
DA	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m		
 	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0		
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m		
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m		
1	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m		
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m		
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
3	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m		
3 ^a	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	0	0		
<u>)</u>	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
))A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c14	c14	[89] 3.2	c14	c14		
9B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c13	c13	[66] 4.1	c13	c13		
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m		
11	Organization	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24		0		
	P-Access-Network-Info		c5	0 C6		o c5	0 c7		
11A		[52] 4.4			[52] 4.4				
11B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3		
11C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[52] 4.5	c11	c11		
I1D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	c9	[52] 4.6	c8	c9		
1E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	x	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a		
I1F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4		
11G	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	0	0	[26] 20.31	0	0		
11H	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m		
111	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0		
11 <u>J</u>	Reason	Annex ZB		c15	Annex ZB		<u>c15</u>		
12	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2		
13	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0		
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
15	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0		
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a -					0	U		
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a -				1000.				
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a - within trusted networks.			Session Initia	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	serted identity		
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a -	- a privacy me	chanism for t	he Session Ir	nitiation Proto	ocol (SIP).			
:5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a -								
:6	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m					nsion and UI	Ξ.		
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.				s-Network-In	fo header ex	tension and		
	AS acting as terminating UA of								
28:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a -								
9: 10:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a					~~			
:10:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a -								
211:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a					1011.			
212:	IF A.6/6 OR A.6/18 THEN m E						information		
c13:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a				rotocol for re	quest history	information.		
:14: :15:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a - IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a -				n initiation pro	otocol.			
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable He								
· · · · · ·	rather than OPTIONAL.	.e, ieepoilee, i		-1 Aurop nuo 2					

Table A.49: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/101A - - Additional for 18x response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
5	P-Answer-State	[111]	c13	c13	[111]	c13	c13
5A	P-Early-Media	[109] 8	c14	c14	[109] 8	c14	c14
6	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a	[31] 5.1	c11	c12
7	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	0	m	[26] 20.30	m	m
9	Rseq	[27] 7.1	c2	m	[27] 7.1	c3	m
c2: c3: c11: c12: c13:	IF A.4/14 THEN o ELSE n/a r IF A.4/14 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.3/1 <u>AND A.4/19</u> THEN m E IF A.4/65 THEN m ELSE n/a the open mobile alliance push to	reliability of p SIP extensio LSE n/a U the P-Answe talk over ce	provisional res ns for media E, <u>SIP extens</u> r-State heade llular.	sponses in SI authorization sions for med er extension t	P. l <u>ia authorizat</u> o the session	n initiation p	
c14:	IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a media.	the SIP P-Ea	rly-Media priv	vate header e	extension for	authorizatio	n of early

Table A.50: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.51: Supported headers within the INVITE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4
4	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2
6	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
7	P-Answer-State	[111]	c14	c14	[111]	c14	c14
8	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a	[31] 5.1	c11	c12
9	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	m	m
10	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c13	c13	[58] 4	c13	c13
13	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a au	thentication I	between UA	and UA.			•
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.			
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a S	SIP specific e	vent notificat	ion extensior	۱.		
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a 3	SIP specific e	event notifica	tion extensio	n.		
c11:	IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a 3	SIP extension	ns for media	authorization			
c12:	IF A.3/1 <u>AND A.4/19</u> THEN m EI	_SE n/a U	E, <u>SIP extens</u>	sions for med	lia authorizat	ion.	
c13:	IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a 1						
c14:	IF A.4/65 THEN m ELSE n/a 1	the P-Answei	r-State heade	er extension t	to the sessior	n initiation pr	otocol for
	the open mobile alliance push to	talk over cel	lular.				

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.51A: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0	

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.52: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note 1)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m	
NOTE:	The strength of this requirement is RECOMMENDED rather than OPTIONAL.							

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.53: Supported headers within the INVITE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
6	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c3	c3	[26] 20.27	c3	c3		
13	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m		
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a in			ts and respoi	nses.		<u>.</u>		
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.								
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a su	upport of auth	nentication b	etween UA a	nd UA.				

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
8	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0	

Table A.55: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.56: Supported headers within the INVITE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
6	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
11	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.57: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	o.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m		
0.1	At least one of these capabilities	is supported	d.						

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.58: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
10	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m	

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.58A: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28A - - Additional for 422 (Session Interval Too Small) response

Table A.58B: Supported headers within the INVITE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status			
1	Min-SE	[58] 5	c1	c1	[58] 5	c1	c1			
c1:	IF A.4/42 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.									

Table A.59: Void

Table A.60: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/45 - - 503 (Service Unavailable)

Table A.61: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
8	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	m

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Table A.62: Supported message bodies within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1								

A.2.1.4.7A MESSAGE method

Prerequisite A.5/9A - - MESSAGE request

Table A.62A: Supported headers within the MESSA	GE request
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Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	
1A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m	
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2	
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	
4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
5	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0	
6	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
7	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
8	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
9	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
10	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 29.15	m	m	
11	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
12	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m	
13	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	0	0	
14	From Geolocation	[26] 20.20	m	m c29	[26] 20.20	m	m c29	
14A 14B		[89] 3.2	c29		[89] 3.2	c29 c27		
148	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c27	c27	[66] 4.1 [26] 20.21		c27	
	In-Reply-To	[26] 20.21	0	0		0	0	
<u>15A</u> 16	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c39</u>	[117] 5.8 [26] 20 22	<u>c40</u>	<u>c40</u> c42 n/a	
10	Max-Forwards MIME-Version	[26] 20.22 [26] 20.24	m o	m o	[26] 20.22 [26] 20.24	n/a m		
18	Organization	[26] 20.24		0	[26] 20.24		m	
18A	P-Access-Network-Info	[26] 20.25	o c15	c16	[52] 4.4	o c15	o c16	
18B	P-Access-Network-Into	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c15	c10	
18C	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	n/a n/a	n/a	[121] 4.1	c33	c33	
18D	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	П/а Х		[52] 4.2	c13	c13	
18D 18E	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.2	x c20	x c21	[52] 4.2	c20	c13	
	Addresses							
18F	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c18	c19	[52] 4.6	c18	c19	
18G	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c11	c7	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a	
18H	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	c32	c31	[121] 4.2	n/a	n/a	
181	P-Profile-Key	[97] 5	n/a	n/a	[97] 5	n/a	n/a	
18J	P-User-Database	[82] 4	n/a	n/a	[82] 4	n/a	n/a	
18K	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 1)	х	[52] 4.3	c14	n/a	
19	Priority	[26] 20.26	0	0	[26] 20.26	0	0	
19A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	
20	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a	
21	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a	
21A	Reason	[34A] 2	c6	c6	[34A] 2	c6	c6	
22	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>n/a c42</u>	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>n/a c42</u>	
22A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c25	c25	[59] 3	c26	c26	
23	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	
23A	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	0	0	[26] 20.31	0	0	
23B	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c24	c24	[56B] 9.1	c28	c28	
24	Require	[26] 20.32	c8	0	[26] 20.32	m 	m	
25	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a	
25A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c22	c22	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
25B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c23	c23	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
26	Subject	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.36	0	0	
27	Supported	[26] 20.37	c9	m 010	[26] 20.37	m	m	
28	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c10	c10	[26] 20.38	m	m	
29	To	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
30	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0	
31	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a 3	SIP specific e	event notifica	ion extensior	า.		
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a	SIP specific	event notifica	tion extensio	n.		
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.			
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	insertion of d	ate in reques	ts and respor	nses.		
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a		•	•			
c6:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a 1					otocol.	
c7:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/25 THEN o El (SIP) for asserted identity within	LSE n/a U	E and private				otocol
c8:	ÎF A.4/14 THEN 0.1 ELSE 0						
c9:	IF IF A.4/14 THEN 0.1 ELSE 0			port.			
c10:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a tii			P • • •			
c11:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a			Session Initiat	ion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted
••••	identity within trusted networks.						
c12:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a	a privacy me	chanism for t	ne Session Ir	nitiation Proto	ocol (SIP).	
c13:	IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a 1						
c14:	IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a 1						
c15:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a 1				ension		
c16:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E					nsion and LIF	:
c17:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/						
017.	AS acting as terminating UA or						consistent and
c18:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a				n		
c19:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c20:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a 1					on	
c21:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c22:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a :						(note 2)
c23:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c24:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a						
c25:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c26:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a 1						
c20. c27:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a				rotocol for re	quest history	
027.	information.	anextension		n initiation p		quest history	
c28:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a	collor profor	ancos for the	cossion initia	tion protocol		
c28. c29:	IF A.4/40 THEN III ELSE II/a			56551011 111111			
				action of com	munication	oomilooo in th	
c31:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o El	LSE 1/a U		cation of con	innunication	services in th	e session
-00.	initiation protocol				a in the seco		
c32:	IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a						
c33:	IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a						
<u>c39:</u>	IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9						
	addressing an amplification vuln						
40	IBCF (Screening of SIP signalling						
<u>c40:</u>	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a	addressing a	an amplification	on vulnerabili	ty in session	initiation pro	locol forkin
	proxies.						
<u>c42:</u>	IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THE	N N/A ELSE (<u>) UE, UE p</u>	performing the	e runctions of	t an external	attached
	network.						
	The strength of this requirement						
NOTE 2:							
	which is implemented. Use of th		this method is	s not appropr	iate to the se	ecurity mecha	inism
	defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]					

Table A.62B: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.62BA: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m	
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a	insertion of d	ate in reques	ts and respo	nses.			

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0
3	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	o (note 1)	o (note 1)	[26] 20.11	m	m
•		[=0] =0	e (e ([=0] =0	(note 1)	(note 1)
4	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	o (note 1)	o (note 1)	[26] 20.12	m	m
	3		- ()	- ()		(note 1)	(note 1)
5	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	o (note 1)	o (note 1)	[26] 20.13	m	m
	3 - 3 - 3			- ()		(note 1)	(note 1)
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
	ů,		(note 1)	(note 1)		(note 1)	(note 1)
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
			(note 1)	(note 1)		(note 1)	(note 1)
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
9	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
9A	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	0	0
10	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
10A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c14	c14	[89] 3.2	c14	c14
10B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c13	c13	[66] 4.1	c13	c13
11	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
12	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
12A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7
12B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3
12C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[52] 4.5	c10	c11
120	Addresses	[02] 1.0	010	011	[02] 1.0	010	011
12D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	c9	[52] 4.6	c8	c9
12E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	x	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
12F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4
12G	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	0	0	[26] 20.31	0	0
12H	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
13	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0
14	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2
15	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
16	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
17	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
18	Warning	[26] 20.43	0	0	[26] 20.43	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i					0	0
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a ti				10001		
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a			Session Initiat	ion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	serted
	identity within trusted networks.					(
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a :	a privacy med	chanism for t	he Session Ir	nitiation Proto	col (SIP).	
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a 1					. ,	
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E	LSE n/a th	ne P-Access-	Network-Info	header exter		
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/						
	AS acting as terminating UA or						
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a 1						
c9:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a 1						
c11:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a			Addresses he	eader extens	ion.	
c12:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 4						
c13:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a	an extension	to the session	on initiation p	rotocol for re	quest history	/
	information.						
c14:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a						
NOTE 1:							
	body, therefore for 2xx response						
	and "Profile status" are "x", the						
	RFC 3261 [26] subclause 7.4 st						
	the MESSAGE request other the						and "Profile
	status" are "o", the values for Re	eceiving side	tor "RFC sta	tus" and "Pro	ofile Status" a	re "m".	

Table A.62C: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.62D: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2	
4	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.				
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.				
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN 0 ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.							
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a	SIP specific	event notifica	tion extensio	n.			

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.62DA: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.62E: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m		
NOTE:	The strength of this requirement is RECOMMENDED rather than OPTIONAL.								

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.62F: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1			
6	WWW-Authenticate [26] 20.44 m m [26] 20.44 m m									
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.									

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.62G: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
4	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.62H: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.62I: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
	Drover Authoriticate	[00] 00 07			[00] 00 07		
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.						

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.62J: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.						

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.62K: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.62L: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.				l.		

Table A.62M: Void

Table A.62N: Void

A.2.1.4.8 NOTIFY method

Prerequisite A.5/10 - - NOTIFY request

Table A.63: Supported headers within the NOTIFY request

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c19	c19	[56B] 9.2	c23	c23
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
ЗA	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
6A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	c25	c25
6B	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m
14	Event	[28] 7.2.1	m	m	[28] 7.2.1	m	m
15	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
15A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c24	c24	[89] 3.2	c24	c24
15B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c22	c22	[66] 4.1	c22	c22
<u>15C</u>	Max-Breadth	[117] <u>5.8</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c26</u>	[117] <u>5.8</u>	<u>c27</u>	<u>c27</u>
16	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	<u>c32 n/a</u>
17	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
17A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c10	c11	[52] 4.4	c10	c12
17B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c6	c6
17C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c14	c15	[52] 4.5	c14	c15
17D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c13	n/a	[52] 4.6	c13	n/a
17E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c6	х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
17F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c7	n/a	[33] 4.2	c7	c7
18	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
19	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
19A	Reason	[34A] 2	c18	c18	[34A] 2	c18	c18
20	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>c32 n/a</u>	[26] 20.30	c9	c9
20A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c20	c20	[59] 3	c21	c21
20B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c19	c19	[56B] 9.2	c23	c23
20C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c19	c19	[56B] 9.1	c23	c23
21	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
22A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c16	c16	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
22B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c17	c17	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
22	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	<u>c32 n/a</u>
23	Subscription-State	[28] 8.2.3	m	m	[28] 8.2.3	m	m
24	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m
25	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c8	c8	[26] 20.38	m	m
26	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
27	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
28	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
29	Warning	[26] 20.43	0	0	[26] 20.43	0	0

_	which is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
NOTE:	Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture
<u>c32:</u>	IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a ELSE o UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached network.
<u></u>	proxies.
<u>c27:</u>	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking
	performing the functions of an external attached network.
	session initiation protocol forking proxies, IBCF (IMS-ALG), IBCF (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE
<u>c26:</u>	IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in
	protocol.
c25:	IF A.4/63 THEN m ELSE o subscriptions to request-contained resource lists in the session initiation
c24:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c23:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
	information.
c22:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history
c21:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c20:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c19:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c18:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c17:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c16:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note).
c15:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c14:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c13:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
	AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.
c12:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and
c11:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE.
c10:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
	extension.
c9:	IF A.4/15 OR A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a the REFER method extension or SIP specific event notification
c8:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.
c7:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
	identity within trusted networks.
c6:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy.
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.

Prerequisite A.5/10 - - NOTIFY request

Table A.64: Supported message bodies within the NOTIFY request

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	sipfrag	[37] 2	c1	c1	[37]	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/15 THEN m ELSE o th	e REFER me	ethod extensi	on			

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Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.64A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Header Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m	
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	nsertion of da	ate in reques	ts and respo	nses.			

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c12	c12	[89] 3.2	c12	c12
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3
10C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c9	c10	[52] 4.5	c9	c10
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
10F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	n/a	[33] 4.2	c4	c4
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a			ts and respo		•	•
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a t	imestamping	of requests.	•			
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a identity within trusted networks.	private extens	sions to the S	Session Initia	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	serted
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a	a privacy med	chanism for t	he Session I	nitiation Proto	col (SIP).	
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a						
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E					nsion and UI	E.
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/						
	AS acting as terminating UA or						
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a				on.		
c9:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a					on.	
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c11:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 4						
c12:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a						
NOTE:	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status				OPTIONAL.		

Table A.65: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.66: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Header			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	[28] 7.2.2	c5	c5
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	m	m
2	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	c3	c3	[26] 20.30	c3	c3
5	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m

c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c3:	IF A.4/15 OR A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a the REFER method extension or SIP specific event notification
	extension.
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c5:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.66A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 - - Additional for 3xx response

Table A.67: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.68: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.						

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.69: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.70: Void

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.71: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c3	c3	[26] 20.27	c3	c3	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0	
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.72: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.						

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Addition for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.73: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.73A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Table A.74: Void

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/35 - - Additional for 485 (Ambigious) response

Table A.74A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.75: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	m	m

Table A.76: Void

A.2.1.4.9 OPTIONS method

Prerequisite A.5/12 - - OPTIONS request

Table A.77: Supported headers within the OPTIONS request

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	m	m	
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c21	c21	[56B] 9.2	c26	c26	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	m	m	
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m	
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c24	c24	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c2	c2	[26] 20.7	c2	c2	
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
7	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0	
8	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	0	0	
9	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
10	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
11	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
12	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
13	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
14	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
15	Date	[26] 20.17	c3	c3	[26] 20.17	m	m	
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
16A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c27	c27	[89] 3.2	c27	c27	
16B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c25	c25	[66] 4.1	c25	c25	
<u>16C</u>	Max-Breadth	[117] <u>5.8</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c31</u>	[117] <u>5.8</u>	<u>c32</u>	<u>c32</u>	
17	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	<u>c39 n/a</u>	
18	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
19	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0	
19A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c11	c12	[52] 4.4	c11	c13	
19B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c6	c6	
19C	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	n/a	n/a	[121] 4.1	c30	c30	
19D	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	х	х	[52] 4.2	c9	c9	
19E	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c16	c17	[52] 4.5	c16	c17	
19F	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c14	c15	[52] 4.6	c14	c15	
19G	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c6	c4	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a	
19H	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	c29	c28	[121] 4.2	n/a	n/a	
191	P-Profile-Key	[97] 5	n/a	n/a	[97] 5	n/a	n/a	
19J	P-User-Database	[82] 4	n/a	n/a	[82] 4	n/a	n/a	
19K	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 2)	х	[52] 4.3	c10	n/a	
19L	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c8	c8	[33] 4.2	c8	c8	
20	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a	
21	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	o (note 1)	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a	
21A	Reason	[34A] 2	c20	c20	[34A] 2	c20	c20	
22	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>c39</u> n/a	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>c39</u> n/a	
22A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c22	c22	[59] 3	c23	c23	
22B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c21	c21	[56B] 9.2	c26	c26	
22C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c21	c21	[56B] 9.1	c26	c26	
23	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m	
24	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a	
24A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
24B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
25	Supported	[26] 20.37	c6	c6	[26] 20.37	m	m	
26	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	с7	с7	[26] 20.38	m	m	
27	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
28	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0	
29	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c3:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.
c4:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol
	(SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy.
c6:	IF A 4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted
	identity within trusted networks.
c7:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.
c8:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c9:	IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID extension.
c10:	IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-ID extension.
c11:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c12:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE.
c13:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and
	AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.
c14:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c15:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c16:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c17:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c18:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note 3).
c19:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c20:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c21:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c22:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c23:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c24:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c25:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history
	information.
c26:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c27:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c28:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and Identification of communication services in the session
020.	initiation protocol.
c29:	IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol.
c30:	IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a Identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol.
c31:	IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a ELSE o
	dressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IBCF (IMS-ALG),
IB IB	CF (Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached network.
c32:	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking
002.	
c30.	proxies. IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a ELSE o UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached
<u>c39:</u>	
	network.
NOTE 1:	No distinction has been made in these tables between first use of a request on a From/To/Call-ID
	combination, and the usage in a subsequent one. Therefore the use of "o" etc. above has been included
	from a viewpoint of first usage.
NOTE 2:	The strength of this requirement in RFC 3455 [52] is SHOULD NOT, rather than MUST NOT.
NOTE 3:	Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture
	which is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism
	defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Table A.78: Void

Table A.79: Void

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.79A: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile				
			status	status		status	status				
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m				
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m				
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m				
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m				
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m				
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m				
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m				
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.										

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0	
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m	
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c14	c14	[89] 3.2	c14	c14	
9B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c13	c13	[66] 4.1	c13	c13	
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
11	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0	
11A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7	
11B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3	
11C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	
11D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	c9	[52] 4.6	c8	c9	
11E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a	
11F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	
11G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m	
11H	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0	
12	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2	
13	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0	
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
15	Warning	[26] 20.43		0	[26] 20.43	0	0	
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	insertion of d	ate in reques	sts and respo	nses.			
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a ti							
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a	private exten	sions to the S	Session Initia	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	serted	
	identity within trusted networks.							
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a :					ocol (SIP).		
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a						_	
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E							
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/					fo header ex	tension an	
- 0.	AS acting as terminating UA or							
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a 1							
c9:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.							
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.							
c11:						ion.		
c12:	IF A.6/6 OR A.6/18 THEN m EL					auget bioter	,	
c13:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a information.			on muation p	notocol lor re	quest history	y	

Table A.80: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

c14:

IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a - - SIP location conveyance. RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL. NOTE:

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.81: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
4	Accept	[00] 00 4	status	status	[00] 00 4	status	status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	m	m		
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	m	m		
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	m	m		
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4		
3	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2		
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.10	0	<u>o</u>		
8	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m		
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.					
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	authentication	between UA	and UA.					
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.								
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.								

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.81A: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.82: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m
NOTE:	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.						

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.83: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.44	0	<u>0</u>	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response.

Table A.84: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.85: Void

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.86: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
			้อเลเนอ	้อเลเนอ		้อเลเนอ	รเลเนร	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.87: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m		
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.								

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.88: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
7	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.88A: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Table A.89: Void

Table A.90: Void

A.2.1.4.10 PRACK method

Prerequisite A.5/14 - - PRACK request

Table A.91: Supported headers within the PRACK request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c15	c15	[56B] 9.2	c18	c18
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m
14	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
<u>14A</u>	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c21</u>	[117] 5.8	<u>c22</u>	<u>c22</u>
15	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	c34 n/a
16	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
16A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c9	c10	[52] 4.4	c9	c11
16B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c13	c14	[52] 4.5	c13	c14
16C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c12	n/a	[52] 4.6	c12	n/a
16D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a
17	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
18	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
19	Rack	[27] 7.2	m	m	[27] 7.2	m	m
19A	Reason	[34A] 2	c7	c7	[34A] 2	c7	c7
20	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>c34 n/a</u>	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>c34</u> n/a
20A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c16	c16	[59] 3	c17	c17
20B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c15	c15	[56B] 9.2	c18	c18
20C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c15	c15	[56B] 9.1	c18	c18
21	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
22	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	<u>c34</u> n/a
23	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m
24	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c8	c8	[26] 20.38	m	m
25	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
26	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
27	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

	/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c2: IF A.4	/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c3: IF A.4	/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c4: IF A.4	/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.
c5: IF A.4	/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy.
c6: IF A.4	/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c7: IF A.4	/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c8: IF A.4	/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.
c9: IF A.4	/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c10: IF A.4	/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE.
c11: IF A.4	/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and
AS ac	ting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.
c12: IF A.4	/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c13: IF A.4	/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c14: IF A.4	/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c15: IF A.4	/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c16: IF A.4	/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c17: IF A.4	/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c18: IF A.4	/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c21: IF A.4	/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE <u>IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a ELSE o</u>
addre	ssing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IBCF (IMS-ALG),
IBCF	(Screening of SIP signalling), UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached network.
c22: IF A.4	/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking
proxie	S.
<u>c34:</u> IF A.3	/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a ELSE o UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached
netwo	<u>rk.</u>

Table A.92: Void

Table A.93: Void

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.93A: Supported headers	within the PRACK response
--------------------------------	---------------------------

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m		
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
c1:									

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c9	c9	[26] 20.5	m	m
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c3	c4	[52] 4.4	c3	c5
10B	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c7	c8	[52] 4.5	c7	c8
	Addresses						
10C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c6	n/a	[52] 4.6	c6	n/a
10D	P-Early-Media	[109] 8	c10	c10	[109] 8	c10	c10
10E	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c2	n/a	[33] 4.2	c2	n/a
10F	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
10G	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	insertion of da	ate in reques	ts and respo	nses.	•	
c2:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a :	a privacy med	chanism for t	he Session Ir	nitiation Proto	ocol (SIP).	
c3:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a 1	the P-Access	-Network-Inf	o header exte	ension.		
c4:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E						
c5:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/				s-Network-In	fo header ex	tension and
	AS acting as terminating UA or						
c6:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a 1						
c7:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a 1						
c8:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a			Addresses h	eader extens	ion.	
c9:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 40						<i>.</i> .
c10:	IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a	the SIP P-Ea	arly-Media pr	ivate header	extension for	authorizatio	on of early
NOTE	media.						
NOTE:	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status	of this heade	r as SHOULI	J rather than	OPTIONAL.		

Table A.94: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.95: Supported	headers within	the PRACK	response
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Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	
0B	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2	
0D	P-Early-Media	[109] 8	c5	c5	[109] 8	c5	c5	
3	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.		<u> </u>		
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a :	authenticatior	h between UA	A and UA.				
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a	SIP specific e	event notifica	tion extension	n.			
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - ·	- SIP specific	event notifica	ation extension	on.			
c5:	IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a - ·	the SIP P-Ea	arly-Media pr	ivate header	extension for	authorizatio	n of early	
	media.							

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.95A: Supported headers within the PRACK response

ltem	Header Sending Receiving			Sending			
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.96: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m
NOTE:	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.						

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.97: Supported headers within the PRACK response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
8	WWW-Authenticate [26] 20.44 m m [26] 20.44 m m							
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response.

Table A.98: Supported headers within the PRACK response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.99: Void

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.100: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.						

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.101: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m	

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.102: Supported headers within the PRACK response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.102A: Supported headers within the PRACK response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1		
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.								

Table A.103: Void

Table A.104: Void

A.2.1.4.10A PUBLISH method

Prerequisite A.5/15A – PUBLISH request

Table A.104A: Supported headers within the PUBLISH request

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	
2	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m	
3	Allow-Events	[26] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[26] 7.2.2	c2	c2	
4	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	
5	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
6	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0	
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
13	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m	
14	Event	[70] 4, 6	m	m	[70] 4, 6	m	m	
15	Expires	[26]	0	0	[26]	m	m	
15	Expires	20.19,	0	0	20.19,			
		[70] 4, 5,			[70] 4, 5,			
		6			[⁷ 0] - , 0, 6			
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
17	In-Reply-To	[26] 20.21	0	0	[26] 20.20	0	0	
17A	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c27	c27	[66] 4.1	c27	c27	
17B	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c23	[117] 5.8	<u>c24</u>	c24	
18	Max-Breadin Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22			[26] 20.22	<u>024</u> n/a	c37 n/a	
19	MIME-Version		m o	m		m m		
		[26] 20.24	-	0	[26] 20.24		m	
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0	
21	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c15	c16	[52] 4.4	c15	c17	
22	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c11	c11	
22A	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	n/a	n/a	[121] 4.1	c31	c31	
23	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	X	X	[52] 4.2	c13	c13	
24	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c20	c21	[52] 4.5	c20	c21	
25	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c18	c19	[52] 4.6	c18	c19	
26	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c11	c7	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a	
26A	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	c29	c30	[121] 4.2	n/a	n/a	
26B	P-Profile-Key	[97] 5	n/a	n/a	[97] 5	n/a	n/a	
26C	P-User-Database	[82] 4	n/a	n/a	[82] 4	n/a	n/a	
27	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 3)	х	[52] 4.3	c14	n/a	
28	Priorità	[26] 20.26	0	0	[26] 20.26	0	0	
29	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	
30	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a	
31	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a	
32	Reason	[34A] 2	c8	c8	[34A] 2	c8	c8	
33	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	
33A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c25	c25	[59] 3	c26	c26	
34	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22	[56B] 9.1	c28	c28	
35	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	0	0	[26] 20.31	0	0	
36	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m	
37	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a	
38	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c9	c9	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
39	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c10	c10	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
40	SIP-If-Match	[70]	0	0	[70]	m	m	
		11.3.2			11.3.2			
41	Subject	[26] 20.36	0	0	[26] 20.36	0	0	
42	Supported	[26] 20.37, [26] 7.1	0	0	[26] 20.37, [26] 7.1	m	m	
43	Timostamo	[26] 20.38	c6	c6	[26] 20.38	m	m	
40	Timestamp	[20] 20.38	00	00	[20] 20.38	m	m	

44	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26]	20.39	m	m
45	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26]	20.41	0	0
46	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26]	20.42	m	m
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a \$	SIP specific e	vent notificat	ion extension				
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.				
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	nsertion of d	ate in reques	ts and respon	ises.			
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a	authenticatio	on between U	A and proxy.				
c6:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a tir							
c7:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/25 THEN o EL			extensions to	o the	Sessio	n Initiation Pr	otocol
	(SIP) for asserted identity within	trusted netw	orks.					
c8:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a t							
c9:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a s							
c10:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c11:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a p	private extension	sions to the S	Session Initiati	ion P	rotocol	(SIP) for ass	erted
	identity within trusted networks.							
c12:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a				itiatio	on Proto	ocol (SIP).	
c13:	IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a t							
c14:	IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a t							
c15:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a t							
c16:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E							
c17:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7				s-Net	work-In	fo header ext	ension and
	AS acting as terminating UA or A							
c18:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a t							
c19:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c20:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a t							
c21:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c22:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a 0				ion p	rotocol.		
c25:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c26:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a t							
c27:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a	an extension	to the session	on initiation pr	otoc	ol for re	quest history	
- 00	information.				· · · · ·			
c28:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a							
<u>c29:</u>	IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a I							
c30:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o EL	SE n/a U	E and Identifi	cation of com	mun	ication s	services in th	e session
- 04	initiation protocol.							
c31:	IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a I							
c32:	IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a							
<u>c37:</u>	IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THE	N II/A ELSE C	<u>UE, UE p</u>	enorming the			i an external	allacheo
NOTE 1:	network. Support of this header in this me	thad is done	ndant an the	o o uritu maa	honi	mond	the encurity -	robitocture
		anou is depe	nuent on the	security mec	nanis	sin and	the security a	architecture
NOTE 2	which is implemented.	in DEC 2454			thor	than M	IST NOT	
INOTE 2:	The strength of this requirement	III KFC 345	0 [02] IS SHO	ULD NUT, ra	mer		JOT NUT.	

Table A.104B:

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.104BA: Supported	l headers within	the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving								
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status						
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m						
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m						
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m						
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m						
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m						
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m						
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m						
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.											

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Call-Info	[26] 24.9	0	0	[26] 24.9	m	m
3	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
4	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
5	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
9	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
10	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
10A	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c13	c13	[66] 4.1	c13	c13
11	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
12	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
13	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7
14	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3
14	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[54] 9.1	c10	c11
15	Addresses	[52] 4.5	010	CII	[52] 4.5	010	CII
16	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	c9	[52] 4.6	c8	c9
17	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	X	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
18	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c3 c4	× c4	[34] 9.2	c4	c4
19	Require	[26] 20.32			[26] 20.32		
20	Server	[26] 20.32	m	m		m	m
20 21		[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.35	0 c2	0 c2
	Timestamp		m	m	[26] 20.38		
22	To	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
23	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	<u>om</u>	<u>o</u> m	[26] 20.41	<u>o</u> i	<u>oi</u>
24	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
25	Warning	[26] 20.43	0	0	[26] 20.43	0	0
c1: c2:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a	timestamping	of requests.				o rto d
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a identity within trusted networks					. ,	seneu
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a					ocol (SIP).	
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a						_
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m I						
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3				s-Network-In	to header ex	tension and
	AS acting as terminating UA or						
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a	the P-Chargin	ng-Vector he	ader extension	on.		
c9:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a						
c11:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a -				eader extens	ion.	
c12:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 4						
c13:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a -	- an extension	to the sessi	on initiation p	protocol for re	quest history	ý
	information.	. –					
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Her	e) response, F	RFC 3261 [2	6] gives the s	tatus of this h	leader as SH	HOULD
	rather than OPTIONAL.						

Table A.104C: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/7 - - Additional for 200 (OK) response

Table A.104D: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status			
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2			
3	Expires	[26] 20.19, [70] 4, 5, 6	m	m	[26] 20.19, [70] 4, 5, 6	m	m			
4	SIP-Etag	[70] 11.3.1	m	m	[70] 11.3.1	m	m			
5	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m			
c1: c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA. IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.									

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.104DA: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.104E: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/8 OR A.6/9 OR A.6/10 OR A.6/11OR A.6/12 – Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.104F: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1			
5	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m			
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.									

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.104G: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.104H: Void

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.104I: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
0	Descent Anthe action to	[00] 00 07			[00] 00 07		
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1
5	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a s	upport of aut	hentication b	etween UA a	nd UA.		

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.104J: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m
0.1	At least one of these capabilities	s is supporte	d.				

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.104K: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
4	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

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Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.104L: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	security med	hanism agree	ement for the	session initia	ation protoco	l.

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

Table A.104M: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Min-Expires	[26]	m	m	[26]	m	m
		20.23,			20.23,		
		[70] 5, 6			[70] 5, 6		

Table A.104N: Void

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.104O: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Allow-Events	[28] 8.2.2	m	m	[28] 8.2.2	m	m

Table A.104P: Void

A.2.1.4.11 REFER method

Prerequisite A.5/16 - - REFER request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
0B	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c25	c25
0C	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
1	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
1A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3
4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
5A	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
5B	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
5C	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
9	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m
10	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	0	0
11	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
11A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c26	c26	[89] 3.2	c26	c26
11B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c24	c24	[66] 4.1	c24	c24
<u>11C</u>	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c30</u>	[117] 5.8	<u>c31</u>	c31
12	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	c39 n/a
13	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
14	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
14A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c13	[52] 4.4	c12	c14
14B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c8	c8
14C	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	n/a	n/a	[121] 4.1	c29	c29
14D	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	х	x	[52] 4.2	c10	c10
14E	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c17	c18	[52] 4.5	c17	c18
14F	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c15	c16	[52] 4.6	c15	c16
14G	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c8	c7	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
14H	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	c28	c27	[121] 4.2	n/a	n/a
141	P-Profile-Key	[97] 5	n/a	n/a	[97] 5	n/a	n/a
14J	P-User-Database	[82] 4	n/a	n/a	[82] 4	n/a	n/a
14K	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 1)	x	[52] 4.3	c11	n/a
14L	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c9	c9	[33] 4.2	c9	c9
15	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
16	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
16A	Reason	[34A] 2	c21	c21	[34A] 2	c21	c21
17	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	c39 _n/a	[26] 20.30	m	m
18	Refer-To	[36] 3	m	m	[36] 3	m	m
18A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c23	c23	[59] 3	c23	c23
18B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c25	c25
18C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22	[56B] 9.1	c25	c25
19	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
20	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	<u>c39 n/a</u>
20A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
20B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c20	c20	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
21	Supported	[26]	0	0	[26]	m	m
		20.37,			20.37,		
			1	1		1	
		[26] 7.1			[26] 7.1		
22 23	Timestamp	[26] 7.1 [26] 20.38	c6	c6	[26] 7.1 [26] 20.38	m	m

24	User-Agent	[2	6] 20.41	0	0	[26	20.41	0	0
25	Via		6] 20.42	m	m		1 20.42	m	m
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a 3						1 = 01=		
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a								
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i					202			
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a					505.			
c6:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a tir				r and proxy.				
c7:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/25 THEN o EI				extensions to	h the	Sessio	n Initiation P	rotocol
07.	(SIP) for asserted identity within					5 110	000000		010001
c8:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a				Session Initiati	on F	Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted
00.	identity within trusted networks.	5114				0111	1010001		ontod
c9:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a	a nr	ivacy me	hanism for t	ne Session In	itiati	on Proto	col (SIP)	
c10:	IF A.4/32 THEN 0 ELSE n/a - 1					man			
c11:	IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a 1			•					
c12:	IF A.4/34 THEN 0 ELSE n/a - 1					nsio	n		
c13:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E							nsion and LIF	=
c14:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7								
011.	AS acting as terminating UA or								
c15:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a 1					n			
c16:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c17:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a 1						extensi	on	
c18:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c19:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a								(note 2).
c20:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c21:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a 1		•	•					
c22:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a o								
c23:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c24:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a					otoc	ol for re	auest historv	
	information.							1	
c25:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a	call	er prefere	ences for the	session initiat	tion i	protocol		
c26:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c27:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o EI	SE	n/a U	E and Identifi	cation of com	mun	ication s	services in th	e session
	initiation protocol.								
c28:	IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a I	der	ntification	of communic	ation services	s in t	he sess	ion initiation	protocol.
c29:	IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a	Ide	ntification	of communio	cation service	s in i	the sess	sion initiation	protocol.
<u>c30:</u>	IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9	9C)	THEN m	ELSE IF A.3	1 AND NOT	A.3C	/1 THE	N n/a ELSE o	<u> </u>
	addressing an amplification vuln	iera	bility in se	ession initiation	on protocol fo	rking	proxies	s, IBCF (IMS-	-ALG),
	IBCF (Screening of SIP signalling	ng) .	UE, UE	performing th	e functions of	an	external	attached net	twork.
<u>c31:</u>	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a	add	dressing a	n amplification	on vulnerabilit	y in :	session	initiation pro-	tocol forking
	proxies.								
<u>c39:</u>	IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEI	N n/	/a ELSE c	<u>) UE, UE p</u>	erforming the	fun	ctions of	f an external	attached
	<u>network.</u>								
NOTE 1:	The strength of this requirement								
NOTE 2:	Support of this header in this me								
	which is implemented. Use of th		eader in t	his method is	s not appropri	ate t	o the se	curity mecha	anism
	defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].							

Table A.106: Void

Table A.107: Void

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.107A: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a	insertion of d	ate in reques	ts and respo	nses.		

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
DA	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	c13	c13	[26] 20.10	m	m
1B	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
2	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
3	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
1	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
5	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
6	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
7	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
3	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
3A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c15	c15	[89] 3.2	c15	c15
3B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c14	c14	[66] 4.1	c14	c14
)	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
10	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3
10C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[52] 4.5	c10	c11
	Addresses			-			-
I0D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	c9	[52] 4.6	c8	c9
I0E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
I0F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4
I0G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
14	Warning	[26] 20.43		0	[26] 20.43	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a					0	
:2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a						
:3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a				tion Protocol	(SIP) for as	serted
	identity within trusted networks					,	
:4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a	a privacy med	chanism for	the Session I	nitiation Proto	col (SIP).	
:55	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a	the P-Access	-Network-In	fo header ext	ension.		
:6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m I						
:7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3	/7D) THEN m	ELSE n/a -	- the P-Acces	s-Network-In	fo header ex	tension and
	AS acting as terminating UA or						
:8:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a						
:9:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
:10:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a						
:11:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a -			-Addresses h	eader extens	ion.	
:12:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 4						
:13:	IF A.6/102 THEN m ELSE o						
c14:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a -	- an extension	to the sessi	on initiation p	protocol for re	quest histor	y
45.	information.						
15: 10TE	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a -				1-1		
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Her	e) response, F	KFC 3261 [2	b] gives the s	tatus of this h	leader as SI	HOULD
	rather than OPTIONAL.						

Table A.108: Supported headers within the REFER response

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.109: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item Header Sending Receiving

200

		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2	
5	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	m	m	
8	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.				
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.				
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.							
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.							

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.109A: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Table A.110: Void

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.111: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.112: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
6	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.113: Void

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.114: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.115: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header	Sending					Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	o.1	o.1	[26] 20.1	m	m	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m	
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.							

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.116: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
8	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.116A: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	security med	hanism agree	ement for the	session initia	ation protoco	Ι.	

Table A.117: Void

Table A.118: Void

REGISTER method A.2.1.4.12

Prerequisite A.5/18 - - REGISTER request

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c27	c27	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7,	c2	c29	[26] 20.7,	m	c22
		[49]			[49]		
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0
8	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
9	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
10	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
11	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
12	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
13	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
14	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
15	Date	[26] 20.17	c3	c3	[26] 20.17	m	m
16	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	m	m
17	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
17A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c31	c31	[89] 3.2	c31	c31
17B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c28	c28	[66] 4.1	c28	c28
17C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c35	[117] 5.8	c36	c36
18	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/acxx
19	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
20A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c13	[52] 4.4	c12	c14
20B	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c17	c18	[52] 4.5	c17	c18
200	Addresses	[50] 4.6	c15	c16	[50] 4.6	c15	c16
20C 20D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6 [82] 4	n/a	n/a	[52] 4.6 [82] 4	c30	
20D 20E	P-User-Database						c30
20E 20FE	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 2)	x c5	[52] 4.3	c10	c11
	Path	[35] 4	c4		[35] 4	m	c6
20GF	Privacy Drawn Authorization	[33] 4.2	c9	n/a	[33] 4.2	c9	n/a
21 22	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c8	c8	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	o (note 1)	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
22A	Reason	[34A] 2	c23	c23	[34A] 2	c23	c23
22B	Referred-By	[59] 3	c25	c25	[59] 3	c26	c26
22C 23	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c24 o	c24 o	[56B] 9.1 [26] 20.32	n/a m	n/a m
23 24	Require	[26] 20.32		-			m n/c
24 24A	Route	[26] 20.34	0	n/a	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a
	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c20	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
24B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c20	c20	[48] 2.3.1	c21	n/a
25	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	c29	[26] 20.37	m o7	m o7
26 27	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c7	c7	[26] 20.38	c7	c7
	To	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
28	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
29	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

Table A.119: Supported headers within the REGISTER request

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a S	SIP specific e	vent notificat	ion extension	-	•	
c2:	IF A.4/8 THEN m ELSE n/a au						
c3:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a in						
c4:	IF A.4/24 THEN o ELSE n/a se					egistering no	on-adjacent
	contacts.						
c5:	IF A.4/24 THEN x ELSE n/a se	ession initiation	on protocol e	xtension hea	der field for r	egistering no	n-adjacent
	contacts.		-				-
c6:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a S	-CCF.					
c7:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a tin	nestamping c	of requests.				
c8:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a a						
c9:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a	privacy mecl	nanism for th	e Session Ini	tiation Protoc	ol (SIP).	
c10:	IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a th	he P-Visited-N	Vetwork-ID e	xtension.			
c11:	IF A.4/33 THEN m ELSE n/a tl	he P-Visited-	Network-ID e	extension.			
c12:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a th	e P-Access-	Network-Info	header exter	nsion.		
c13:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/4)	THEN o ELS	E n/a the l	P-Access-Net	work-Info he	ader extensi	on and UE
	or S-CCF.						
c14:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/4 OR A.3/7A)) THEN m EL	.SE n/a th	e P-Access-N	letwork-Info	neader exter	ision and
	S-CCF or AS acting as terminatin						
c15:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a th						
c16:	IF A.4/36 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELS	SE n/a the	P-Charging-	Vector heade	r extension (i	ncluding S-C	CCF as
	registrar).						
c17:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a th						
c18:	IF A.4/35 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELS	SE n/a the	P-Charging-l	-unction-Add	resses heade	er extension	(including
	S-CCF as registrar).						
c19:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a se						
c20:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a s						
c21:	IF A.4/37 AND A.4/2 THEN m EL	.SE n/a se	curity mecha	nism agreem	ent for the se	ession initiati	on protocol
	and registrar.						
c22:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a S-						
c23:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a th					ocol.	
c24:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a ca				on protocol.		
c25:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a tl						
c26:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a th						
c27:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a S						
c28:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a a	an extension	to the sessio	n initiation pro	ptocol for req	uest history	information.
c29:	IF A.3/1 THEN m ELSE o UE.						
c30:	IF A.4/48 THEN m ELSE n/a th			ite header ex	tension.		
c31:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a S					, <u> </u>	
c35:	IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9						
	addressing an amplification vulne						<u>ALG), IBCF</u>
~~	(Screening of SIP signalling), UE						
<u>c36:</u>	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a a						
CXX:	IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN	n/a ELSE o	<u> UE, UE p</u>	erforming the	tunctions of	an external a	attached_
NOTE	network.			,	. –	F (0)=	
NOTE 1:							
	combination, and the usage in a	subsequent c	one. Therefor	e the use of '	o" etc. above	e has been ir	ncluded
	from a viewpoint of first usage.						
NOTE 2:	The strength of this requirement i						
NOTE 3:		thod is deper	ident on the	security mech	anism and th	ne security a	rchitecture
	which is implemented.						

Table A.120: Void

Table A.121: Void

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.121A: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m	
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.							

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response for all status-codes

Table A.122: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c8	c8	[26] 20.5	m	m
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c10	c10	[89] 3.2	c10	c10
9B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c9	c9	[66] 4.1	c9	c9
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
11	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
11A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c3	n/a	[52] 4.4	c3	n/a
11B	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c6	c7	[52] 4.5	c6	с7
	Addresses			-			_
11C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c4	c5	[52] 4.6	c4	c5
11D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c2	n/a	[33] 4.2	c2	n/a
11E	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m
11F	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0
12	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c2	c2	[26] 20.38	m	m
13	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
15	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a in	sertion of da	te in request	s and respon	ses.			
c2:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).							
c3:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.							
c4:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.							
c5:	IF A.4/36 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension (including S-CCF as							
	registrar).							
c6:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a th	e P-Charging	g-Function-A	ddresses hea	ader extensic	on.		
c7:	IF A.4/35 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELS	E n/a the	P-Charging-I	Function-Add	Iresses head	er extension	(including	
	S-CCF as registrar).						-	
c8:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 405	5 (Method No	ot Allowed).					
c9:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a a	n extension	to the sessio	n initiation pr	otocol for rec	uest history	information.	
c10:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.							
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here)	response, R	FC 3261 [26]	gives the sta	atus of this he	eader as SH	OULD	
	rather than OPTIONAL.							

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.123: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	<u>0</u>	[26] 20.1	0	<u>0</u>
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c12	c12	[28] 7.2.2	c13	c13
3	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c6	c6	[26] 20.6	c7	c7
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	m	m
5A	P-Associated-URI	[52] 4.1	c8	c9	[52] 4.1	c10	c11
6	Path	[35] 4	c3	c3	[35] 4	c4	c4
8	Service-Route	[38] 5	c5	c5	[38] 5	c5	c5
9	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m
c1: c2:	IF (A.3/4 AND A.4/2) THEN m EI IF A.3/4 OR A.3/1THEN m ELSE			as registrar.			
c2. c3:	IF A.4/24 THEN m ELSE n/a			ovtoncion ho	adar field for	rogistoring	oon adjacant
U J.	contacts.			extension ne		registering i	lon-aujacent
c4:	IF A.4/24 THEN o ELSE n/a s contacts.	ession initiat	ion protocol e	extension hea	ader field for	registering n	on-adjacent
c5:	IF A.4/28 THEN m ELSE n/a s during registration.	session initia	tion protocol	extension he	ader field for	service rout	e discovery
c6:	IF A.4/8 THEN o ELSE n/a au	thentication I	between UA	and registrar			
c7:	IF A.4/8 THEN m ELSE n/a au						
c8:	IF A.4/2 AND A.4/31 THEN m EL	_SE n/a P·	-Associated-	URI header e	xtension and	l registrar.	
c9:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/31 THEN m EL	_SE n/a P·	-Associated-	URI header e	extension and	I S-CCF.	
c10:	IF A.4/31 THEN o ELSE n/a P	-Associated-	URI header	extension.			
c11:	IF A.4/31 AND A.3/1 THEN m EL					IUE.	
c12:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a S						
c13:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a \$	SIP specific e	event notifica	tion extensio	n.		

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.123A: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0	

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.124: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
3	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m	

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.125: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	х	[26] 20.27	c1	х	
6	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	n/a	c2	
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m	
c1:	IF A. 4/8 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and registrar.							
c2:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a s	security mech	nanism agree	ment for the	session initia	tion protocol		

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.126: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
6	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0	

Table A.127: Void

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.128: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
5	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	х	[26] 20.27	c1	х	
9	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0	
c1:	IF A.4/8 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and registrar.							

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.129: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	o.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m		
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.								

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.130: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
8	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m	

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.130A: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c2	c2	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1: c2:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. IF A.4/37 AND A.4/2 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol and registrar.						

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Min-Expires	[26] 20.23	m	m	[26] 20.23	m	m

Table A.132: Void

Table A.133: Void

A.2.1.4.13 SUBSCRIBE method

Prerequisite A.5/20 - - SUBSCRIBE request

Table A.134: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE request

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c26	c26
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	0	0	[28] 7.2.2	m	m
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
6A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m
14	Event	[28] 7.2.1	m	m	[28] 7.2.1	m	m
15	Expires	[26] 20.19	o (note 1)	o (note 1)	[26] 20.19	m	m
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
16A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c27	c27	[89] 3.2	c27	c27
16B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c25	c25	[66] 4.1	c25	c25
16C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c38</u>	[117] 5.8	<u>c39</u>	<u>c39</u>
17	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	<u>c41 n/a</u>
18	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
18A	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
18B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c13	[52] 4.4	c12	c14
18C	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c6	c6
18D	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	n/a	n/a	[121] 4.1	c32	c32
18E	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	х	х	[52] 4.2	c10	c10
18F	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c17	c18	[52] 4.5	c17	c18
18G	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c15	c16	[52] 4.6	c15	c16
18H	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c6	c7	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
181	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	c31	c30	[121] 4.2	n/a	n/a
18J	P-Profile-Key	[97] 5	n/a	n/a	[97] 5	n/a	n/a
18K	P-User-Database	[82] 4	n/a	n/a	[82] 4	n/a	n/a
18L	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 2)	х	[52] 4.3	c11	n/a
18M	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c9	c9	[33] 4.2	c9	c9
19	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
20	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
20A	Reason	[34A] 2	c21	c21	[34A] 2	c21	c21
21	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	<u>c41 n/a</u>	[26] 20.30	m	m
21A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c23	c23	[59] 3	c24	c24
21B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c26	c26
21C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22	[56B] 9.1	c26	c26
22	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
23	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	<u>c41 n/a</u>
23A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
23B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c20	c20	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
24	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m
25	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c8	c8	[26] 20.38	m	m
26	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m

27	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0					
28	Via	[26] 20.42	-	m	[26] 20.42	m	m					
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a			and UA	[]							
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i				ises.							
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a											
c6:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a					(SIP) for ass	erted					
00.	identity within trusted networks.						ontota					
c7:		SE n/a U	E and private	extensions to	o the Sessio	n Initiation P	rotocol					
	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a UE and private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.											
c8:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a tii											
c9:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a :			he Session In	itiation Proto	col (SIP).						
c10:	IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a 1											
c11:	IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a 1											
c12:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a 1	he P-Access	-Network-Info	o header exte	nsion.							
c13:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E	LSE n/a th	ne P-Access-	Network-Info	header exter	nsion and UE	Ξ.					
c14:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/	7D) THEN m	ELSE n/a	the P-Access	s-Network-In	fo header ex	tension and					
	AS acting as terminating UA or											
c15:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a 1	he P-Chargir	ng-Vector he	ader extensio	n.							
c16:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Chargi	ng-Vector he	eader extension	on.							
c17:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a 1	he P-Chargii	ng-Function-A	Addresses he	ader extensi	on.						
c18:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Chargi	ng-Function-	Addresses he	eader extens	ion.						
c19:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a :	security mech	nanism agree	ement for the	session initia	tion protocol	(note 3).					
c20:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	security med	hanism agre	ement for the	session initia	ation protoco	l.					
c21:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a 1	he Reason h	eader field fo	or the session	initiation pro	tocol.						
c22:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a 0				ion protocol.							
c23:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a	the SIP Refe	rred-By mec	hanism.								
c24:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a 1	he SIP Refe	rred-By mech	nanism.								
c25:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a	an extension	to the session	on initiation p	rotocol for re	quest history	,					
	information.											
c26:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a	caller prefere	ences for the	session initia	tion protocol							
c27:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a											
c30:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/74 THEN o EI	_SE n/a U	E and Identifi	ication of com	munication s	services in th	e session					
	initiation protocol.											
c31:	IF A.4/74 THEN o ELSE n/a											
c32:	IF A.4/74 THEN m ELSE n/a											
<u>c38:</u>	IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/											
	session initiation protocol forking				ening of SIP	signalling) ,	<u>UE, UE</u>					
	performing the functions of an e											
<u>c39:</u>	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a	addressing a	an amplification	on vulnerabilit	ty in session	initiation pro	tocol forking					
	proxies.											
<u>c41:</u>	IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THE	<u>n/a ELSE c</u>	<u>) UE, UE p</u>	pertorming the	e tunctions of	t an external	attached_					
NOTE	network.				<u></u>							
	The strength of this requirement											
	The strength of this requirement											
NOTE 3:	Support of this header in this me											
	which is implemented. Use of th		inis method is	s not appropri	ate to the se	curity mecha	anism					
	defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].										

Table A.135: Void

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.135A: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a -	 insertion of data 	ate in reques	ts and respo	nses.		

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status			
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m			
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m			
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m			
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m			
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m			
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m			
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m			
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m			
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m			
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m			
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c14	c14	[89] 3.2	c14	c14			
9B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c13	c13	[66] 4.1	c13	c13			
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m			
10A	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0			
10B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7			
10C	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3			
10D	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[52] 4.5	c10	c11			
100	Addresses	[02]	010	011	[02]	010	011			
10E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	c9	[52] 4.6	c8	c9			
10F	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	x	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a			
10G	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4			
10H	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m			
101	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0			
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2			
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0			
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m			
14	Warning	[26] 20.42		0	[26] 20.42	0	0			
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a -					0	0			
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a -				11363.					
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a -			Session Initia	tion Protocol	(SIP) for as	serted			
00.	identity within trusted network						Jonea			
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a -		chanism for t	the Session I	nitiation Proto	col (SIP).				
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a -									
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m					nsion and U	E.			
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.									
	AS acting as terminating UA of	or AS acting as	third-party c	all controller.						
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a -	- the P-Chargir	ng-Vector he	ader extensio	on.					
c9:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a ·	 the P-Chargi 	ng-Vector he	eader extensi	on.					
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a -	- the P-Chargin	ng-Function-	Addresses he	eader extensi					
c11:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c12:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 405 (Method Not Allowed).									
c13:	IF A.4/47 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history									
	information.									
c14:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a	- SIP location	conveyance							
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable He	re) response, F	RFC 3261 [2	6] gives the s	tatus of this h	neader as SI	HOULD			
	rather than OPTIONAL.									

Table A.136: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.137: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	0	0	[28] 7.2.2	m	m

1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2		
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m		
2	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	m	m		
<u>3</u>	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.30	m	<u>m</u>		
4	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m		
6	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m		
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.								
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.137A: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.138: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m (note)	m	[26] 20.10	m	m	
NOTE:	The strength of this requirement is RECOMMENDED rather than MANDATORY for a 485 response.							

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.139: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1		
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m		
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480 (Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.140: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC status	Profile
			status	status		รเลเนร	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.141: Void

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.142: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.143: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	o.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	o.1	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m	
6	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0	
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.							

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.144: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

ſ	ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
			Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
				status	status		status	status
	5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.144A: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

Table A.145: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
2	Min-Expires	[26] 20.23	m	m	[26] 20.23	m	m

Table A.146: Void

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.147: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	

Table A.148: Void

Table A.149: Void

A.2.1.4.14 UPDATE method

Prerequisite A.5/22 - - UPDATE request

Table A.150: Supported headers within the UPDATE request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c20	c20	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
4	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
5	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3
6	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c4	c4	[26] 20.7	c4	c4
7	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
8	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0
9	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
10	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
11	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
12	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
13	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
14	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
15	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
16	Date	[26] 20.17	c5	c5	[26] 20.17	m	m
17	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
17A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c25	c25	[89] 3.2	c25	c25
<u>17B</u>	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	<u>n/a</u>	<u>c29</u>	[117] 5.8	<u>c30</u>	<u>c30</u>
18	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	<u>c31 n/a</u>
19	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
19A	Min-SE	[58] 5	c21	c21	[58] 5	c21	c21
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
20A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c11	c12	[52] 4.4	c11	c13
20B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c16	c17	[52] 4.5	c16	c17
20C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c14	c15	[52] 4.6	c14	c15
20D	P-Early-Media	[109] 8	c26	c26	[109] 8	c26	c26
20E	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a
21	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c10	c10	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
22	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
22A	Reason	[34A] 2	c8	c8	[34A] 2	c8	c8
23	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	c31 n/a	[26] 20.30	n/a	c31 n/a
23A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c22	c22	[59] 3	c23	c23
23B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c20	c20	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24
23C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c20	c20	[56B] 9.1	c24	c24
24	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
25	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a
25A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
25B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
25C	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c21	c21	[58] 4	c21	c21
26	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m
27	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c9	c9	[26] 20.38	m	m
28	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
29	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
30	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c4:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c5:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.
c6:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c8:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c9:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.
c10:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy.
c11:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c12:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE.
c13:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and
	AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.
c14:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c15:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c16:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c17:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c18:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note).
c19:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c20:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c21:	IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.
c22:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c23:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c24:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c25:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c26:	IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for authorization of early
	media.
<u>c29:</u>	IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in
	session initiation protocol forking proxies, IBCF (IMS-ALG), IBCF (Screening of SIP signalling) UE, UE
	performing the functions of an external attached network.
<u>c30:</u>	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking
	proxies.
<u>c31:</u>	IF A.3/1 AND NOT A.3C/1 THEN n/a ELSE o UE, UE performing the functions of an external attached
	<u>network.</u>
NOTE:	Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture
	which is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism
	defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Table A.151: Void

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.151A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m		
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.								

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c11	c11	[26] 20.5	m	m	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0	
1B	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	0	0	
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m	
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c13	c13	[89] 3.2	c13	c13	
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
10A	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0	
10B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c4	c5	[52] 4.4	c4	c6	
10C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c9	c10	[52] 4.5	c9	c10	
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c7	c8	[52] 4.6	c7	c8	
10E	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c3	n/a	[33] 4.2	c3	n/a	
10F	Require	[26] 20.31	m	m	[26] 20.31	m	m	
10G	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0	
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c12	c12	[26] 20.38	c2	c2	
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0	
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
14	Warning IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0	
c2: c3: c4: c5: c6: c7: c8: c9: c10:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a t IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/ AS acting as terminating UA or IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a	a privacy mee the P-Access LSE n/a th 7D) THEN m AS acting as the P-Chargir the P-Chargir the P-Chargir the P-Chargir	chanism for t -Network-Inf ne P-Access ELSE n/a - third-party c ng-Vector he ng-Vector he ng-Function- ng-Function	the Session II to header extension -Network-Infor- the P-Acces all controller. ader extension eader extension Addresses here	ension. header exter s-Network-In on. on. eader extensi	nsion and U fo header ex on.		
c11: c12: c13:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 4 IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a ti	05 (Method N mestamping o	lot Allowed) of requests.					
NOTE:	IF A.4/60 THEN m ELSE n/a For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here rather than OPTIONAL.) response, F	RFC 3261 [20	6] gives the s	tatus of this h	eader as SH	HOULD	

Table A.152: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.153: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
0A	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m	
0B	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m	
0C	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m	
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	[28] 7.2.2	c5	c5	
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2	

3	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m			
3A	P-Early-Media	[109] 8	c6	c6	[109] 8	c6	c6			
4	Session-Expires	[58]	c3	c3	[58]	c3	c3			
6	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m			
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.									
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.									
c3:	IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a	the SIP sess	ion timer							
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a \$	SIP specific e	event notificat	tion extensior	า.					
c5:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a	SIP specific	event notifica	tion extensio	n.					
c6:	IF A.4/66 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for authorization of early									
	media.									

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx, 485 (Ambiguous) response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.154A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.155: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.156: Void

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.157: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.						

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.158: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	o.1	[26] 20.1	m	m	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m	
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.							

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.159: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

ltem	Header	Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
7	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.159A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

ltem	Header	Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28A - - Additional for 422 (Session Interval Too Small) response

Item	Header	Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Min-SE	[58] 5	c1	c1	[58] 5	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.						

Table A.160: Void

Table A.161: Void

A.2.2.2

Major capabilities

Table A.162: Major capabilities

Item	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
3	initiate session release?	[26] 16	х	c27
4	stateless proxy behaviour?	[26] 16.11	0.1	c29 c28
5	stateful proxy behaviour?	[26] 16.2	o.1	c28 c29
6	forking of initial requests?	[26] 16.1	c1	c31
7	support of indication of TLS connections in the Record-Route header on the upstream side?	[26] 16.7	0	n/a
8	support of indication TLS connections in the Record-Route header on the downstream side?	[26] 16.7	0	n/a
8A	authentication between UA and proxy?	[26] 20.28, 22.3	0	х
9	insertion of date in requests and responses?	[26] 20.17	0	0
10	suppression or modification of alerting information data?	[26] 20.4	0	0
11	reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response?	[26] 20.32	0	0
12	adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the REGISTER request or response	[26] 20.32	0	m
13	adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER?	[26] 20.32	0	ο
14	being able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog (record-routing)?	[26] 16.6	0	c2
15	the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction and downstream direction when record routeing?	[26] 16.7	c3	c3
16	reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response?	[26] 20.37	0	0
17	reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420 response to a REGISTER?	[26] 20.40	0	m
18	reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420 response to a method other than REGISTER?	[26] 20.40	0	0
19	the inclusion of the Error-Info header in 3xx – 6xx responses?	[26] 20.18	0	0
19A	reading the contents of the Organization header before proxying the request or response?	[26] 20.25	0	0
19B	adding or concatenating the Organization header before proxying the request or response?	[26] 20.25	0	0
19C	reading the contents of the Call-Info header before proxying the request or response?	[26] 20. <u>9</u> 25	0	0
19D	adding or concatenating the Call-Info header before proxying the request or response?	[26] 20. <u>9</u> 25	0	0
19E	delete Contact headers from 3xx responses prior to relaying the response?	[26] 20	0	0
	Extensions	1051.0	+	
20 <u>A</u>	Legacy Info usage the SIP INFO	[25] 6	0	0

ltem	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
	method?			
21	reliability of provisional responses in SIP?	[27]	0	İ
22	the REFER method?	[36]	0	0
23	integration of resource management and SIP?	[30] [64]	0	i
24	the SIP UPDATE method?	[29]	c4	i
26	SIP extensions for media authorization?	[31]	0	c7
27	SIP specific event notification	[28]	0	i
28	the use of NOTIFY to establish a dialog	[28] 4.2	0	n/a
29	Session Initiation Protocol Extension Header Field for Registering Non- Adjacent Contacts	[35]	0	c6
30	extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks	[34]	0	m
30A	act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity	[34]	c5	c8
30B	act as subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network	[34]	c5	c9
31	a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)	[33]	0	m
31A	request of privacy by the inclusion of a Privacy header	[33]	n/a	n/a
31B	application of privacy based on the received Privacy header	[33]	c10	c12
31C	passing on of the Privacy header transparently	[33]	c10	c13
31D	application of the privacy option "header" such that those headers which cannot be completely expunged of identifying information without the assistance of intermediaries are obscured?	[33] 5.1	x	x
31E	application of the privacy option "session" such that anonymization for the session(s) initiated by this message occurs?	[33] 5.2	n/a	n/a
31F	application of the privacy option "user" such that user level privacy functions are provided by the network?	[33] 5.3	n/a	n/a
31G	application of the privacy option "id" such that privacy of the network asserted identity is provided by the network?	[34] 7	c11	c12
31H	application of the privacy option "history" such that privacy of the History-Info header is provided by the network?	[66] 7.2	c34	c34
32	Session Initiation Protocol Extension Header Field for Service Route Discovery During Registration	[38]	0	c30
33	a messaging mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)	[50]	0	m
34	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol	[55]	0	c7
35	private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)?	[52]	0	m
36	the P-Associated-URI header extension?	[52] 4.1	c14	c15
37	the P-Called-Party-ID header extension?	[52] 4.2	c14	c16
38	the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension?	[52] 4.3	c14	c17
39	reading, or deleting the P-Visited- Network-ID header before proxying the request or response?	[52] 4.3	c18	n/a

ltem	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
41	Capabilities within main protocol the P-Access-Network-Info header	[52] 4.4	c14	c19
41	extension?	[52] 4.4	014	019
42	act as first entity within the trust domain	[52] 4.4	c20	c21
	for access network information?			
43	act as subsequent entity within trust	[52] 4.4	c20	c22
	network for access network information			
	that can route outside the trust network?			
44	the P-Charging-Function-Addresses	[52] 4.5	c14	m
	header extension?		05	
44A	adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header	[52] 4.6	c25	c26
	before proxying the request or			
	response?			
45	the P-Charging-Vector header	[52] 4.6	c14	m
	extension?	[02]	011	
46	adding, deleting, reading or modifying	[52] 4.6	c23	c24
	the P-Charging-Vector header before			
	proxying the request or response?			
47	security mechanism agreement for the	[48]	0	с7
	session initiation protocol?			
48	the Reason header field for the session	[34A]	0	0
4.0	initiation protocol	15041		
49	an extension to the session initiation	[56A]	0	m
50	protocol for symmetric response routeing	[56D]		
50	caller preferences for the session initiation protocol?	[56B]	c33	c33
50A	the proxy-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.4	0.4
507	preferences?	[500] 5.1	0.4	0.4
50B	the cancel-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.4	0.4
000	preferences?	[002] 0.1	0.1	0.1
50C	the fork-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.4	c32
	preferences?			
50D	the recurse-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.4	0.4
	preferences?			
50E	the parallel-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.4	c32
50F	preferences?		- 4	- 4
50F	the queue-directive within caller- preferences?	[56B] 9.1	0.4	0.4
51	an event state publication extension to	[70]	0	m
51	the session initiation protocol?	[/0]	0	111
52	SIP session timer?	[58]	0	0
53	the SIP Referred-By mechanism?	[59]	0	0
54	the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)	[60]	0	0
	"Replaces" header?			
55	the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)	[61]	0	0
	"Join" header?			
56	the caller capabilities?	[62]	0	0
57	an extension to the session initiation	[66]	0	0
	protocol for request history information?			
58	Rejecting anonymous requests in the	[67]	0	0
50	session initiation protocol?	[00]		-
59	session initiation protocol URIs for applications such as voicemail and	[68]	0	0
	interactive voice response			
60	the P-User-Database private header	[82]	0	ec95
	extension?			
61	Session initiation protocol's non-INVITE	[8 3 4]	m	m
	transactions?	L		
62	a uniform resource name for services	[69]	n/a	c35
63	obtaining and using GRUUs in the	[93]	0	c36
	Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)			
64	an extension to the session initiation	[95]	0	c37
65	protocol for request cpc information? the Stream Control Transmission	1001		a (nat-0)
	The Stream Control Transmission	[96]	0	o (note2)

ltem	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
	Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)?			
66	the SIP P-Profle-Key private header extension?	[97]	0	c41
66A	making the first query to the database in order to populate the P-Profile-Key header?	[97]	c38	c39
66B	using the information in the P-Profile- Key header?	[97]	c38	c40
67	managing client initiated connections in SIP?	[92] 11	0	c42
69	multiple-recipient MESSAGE requests in the session initiation protocol	[104]	n/a	n/a
70	SIP location conveyance?	[89]	0	m
70A	addition or modification of location in a SIP method?	[89]	c44	c45
70B	passes on locations in SIP method without modification?	[89]	c44	c46
71	referring to multiple resources in the session initiation protocol?	[105]	n/a	n/a
72	conference establishment using request- contained lists in the session initiation protocol?	[106]	n/a	n/a
73	subscriptions to request-contained resource lists in the session initiation protocol?	[107]	n/a	n/a
74	dialstring parameter for the session initiation protocol uniform resource identifier?	[103]	0	n/a
75	the P-Answer-State header extension to the session initiation protocol for the open mobile alliance push to talk over cellular?	[111]	0	c60
76	the SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for authorization of early media?	[109] 8	0	c51
81	addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies?	[117]	c52	c52
82	the remote application identification of applying signalling compression to SIP	[79] 9.1	0	c7
83	a session initiation protocol media feature tag for MIME application sub- types?	[120]	0	c53
84	identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol?	[121]	0	c54
84A	act as authentication entity within the trust domain for asserted service?	[121]	c55	c56
85	XML Schema for PSTN?	[ANNEX ZB]	<u>m</u>	<u>c61</u>

Item	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
c1:	IF A.162/5 THEN o ELSE n/a stateful	proxy behavior	ur.	
c2:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/9A OR A.3/4 THEN m E			G) or S-CCF.
c3:	IF (A.162/7 AND NOT A.162/8) OR (NO			
	A.162/14 THEN o ELSE n/a TLS inte			
c4:	IF A.162/23 THEN m ELSE o integrat			
c5:	IF A.162/30 THEN o ELSE n/a extens			
00.	asserted identity within trusted networks			
c6:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/9A THEN m ELSE n/a			
co. c7:	IF A.3/2 OK A.3/9A THEN IN ELSE I//a IF A.3/2 <u>AND (A.3X/1 OR A.3X/4)</u> THEN			
				to the Cassian
c8:	IF A.3/2 AND A.162/30 THEN m ELSE r			to the Session
-0.	Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted ider			
c9:	IF A.3/2 AND A.162/30 THEN m ELSE I			
	S-CCF or AS acting as proxy and extens		ssion initiation P	rotocol (SIP) for
1.0	asserted identity within trusted networks			1 10 0
c10:	IF A.162/31 THEN 0.2 ELSE n/a a pr	ivacy mechanis	m for the Session	on Initiation
	Protocol (SIP).			
c11:	IF A.162/31B THEN o ELSE x applica	ation of privacy	based on the re	ceived Privacy
	header.			
c12:	IF A.162/31 AND A.3/4 THEN m ELSE r			
c13:	IF A.162/31 AND (A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A			SE n/a
	P-CSCF or I-CSCF or AS acting as a SI			
c14:	IF A.162/35 THEN o.3 ELSE n/a priva	ate header exte	nsions to the se	ession initiation
	protocol for the 3rd-Generation Partners	hip Project (3G	PP).	
c15:	IF A.162/35 AND (A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A	.3/9A) THEN m	THEN o ELSE	n/a private
	header extensions to the session initiation	on protocol for t	he 3rd-Generati	ion Partnership
	Project (3GPP) and P-CSCF or I-CSCF			
c16:	IF Á.162/35 AND (A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A			E n/a private
	header extensions to the session initiation			
	Project (3GPP) and P-CSCF or I-CSCF			I
c17:	IF A.162/35 AND (A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A			ivate header
-	extensions to the session initiation proto			
	(3GPP) and P-CSCF or I-CSCF or IBCF			
c18:	IF A.162/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-		ID header extension	ension.
c19:	IF A.162/35 AND (A.3/2 OR A.3.3 OR A			
010.	header extensions to the session initiation			
	Project (3GPP) and P-CSCF, I-CSCF, S			
c20:	IF A.162/41 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-			vtension
c21:	IF A.162/41 AND A.3/2 THEN m ELSE r			
021.	extension and P-CSCF.			no neader
c22:	IF A.162/41 AND A.3/4 THEN m ELSE r	$n/a = the P_{-} \Delta c$	oss-Natwork-In	fo header
0ZZ.	extension and S-CCF.		Cess-Incluotk-III	ilo fieadei
c23:			r haadar avtaa	nion
c23. c24:	IF A.162/45 THEN o ELSE n/a the P- IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P			
c25:	IF A.162/44 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-	Charging-Func	uon-Audresses	IIEAUEI
~2E.	extension.	Charging Fund	tion Addresses	hoodor
c26:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P	-Charging-Fund	addresses	neader
-07.	extension.			
c27:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE x P			
c28:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/6 th	IHEN M EL	.SE 0 <u>.8</u> P-CS	SCF <u>, I-CSCF</u> or
	S-CCF-of-MGCF.			
c29:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/6 then o THE		IF A.3/3 THENO	<u>ELSE 0.8</u>
	P-CSCF or S-CCF or I-CSCF of MGCF.			
c30:	IF A.3/2 o ELSE i P-CSCF.			
c31:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE x S-CCF.			
c32:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE o.4 S-CCF.			
c33:	IF A.162/50A OR A.162/50B OR A.162/5			
	A.162/50F THEN m ELSE n/a support	rt of any directiv	es within caller	preferences for
	the session initiation protocol.			
c34:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an ex	tension to the s	ession initiation	protocol for
	request history information.			
c35:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/11 THEN m ELSE n/a -	- P-CSCF. E-C	SCF.	
c36:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a S-CCF.	, = •		
c37:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3.5 O	R A.3/6 OR A.3	3/7 OR A.3/8 OF	R A.3/9A THEN o
	ELSE n/a cpc URI parameter.			
			private header.	

Item	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
c39:	IF A.162/66 AND (A.3/3 OR A.3/9A) THI	EN m ELSE n/a	a the SIP P-P	rofile-Key private
	header, I-CSCF or IBCF (THIG).			
c40:	IF A.162/66 AND A.3/4 THEN m ELSE r	n/a the SIP F	P-Profile-Key priv	vate header,
	S-CCF.			
c41:	IF A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/9A THEN o E			or IBCF (THIG).
c42:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN o ELSE n/a			
c44:	IF A.162/70 THEN 0.5 ELSE n/a SIP			
c45:	IF A.162/70 AND A.3/11 THEN m ELSE			N o.6 ELSE n/a -
	- SIP location conveyance, E-CSCF, AS			
c46:	IF A.162/70 AND A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3			
	A.3/7C THEN 0.6 ELSE n/a SIP locat	ion conveyance	e, P-CSCF, I-CS	SCF, S-CCF,
	BGCF, additional routeing functionality.			
c51:	IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE o P-CSCF.			
c52:	IF A.162/6 THEN m ELSE o forking o	f initial requests	S.	
c53:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a S-CCF.			
c54:	IF A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/7 OR A.3/2 O	R A.3/9A THEN	Nm ELSE n/a -	- I-CSCF,
	S-CCF, BGCF, P-CSCF. IBCF (THIG).			
c55:	IF A.162/84 THEN o ELSE n/a identif	ication of comn	nunication service	ces in the
	session initiation protocol.			
c56:	IF A.3/4 AND A.162/84 THEN m ELSE r			of
	communication services in the session in			
c60:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 THEN o EL			
<u>c61:</u>	A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/5 OR A			
	o ELSE n/a P-CSCF, I-CSCF, S-CCF		<u>ting as proxy, IE</u>	<u> SCF (THIG),</u>
	additional routeing functionality, E-CSCF			
c95:	IF A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/7C THEN o E	LSE n/a I-C	SCF, S-CSCF,	AS acting as a
	SIP proxy.			
0.1:	It is mandatory to support at least one of			
0.2:	It is mandatory to support at least one of			
0.3:	It is mandatory to support at least one of			
0.4	At least one of these capabilities is supp			
0.5:	It is mandatory to support exactly one of			
0.6:	It is mandatory to support exactly one of			
NOTE 1:	0 1 3 3			
	support the capability for that reason; in			
	header to be passed on transparently, a			the profile.
NOTE 2:	Not applicable over Gm reference point	(UE – P-CSCF).	

A.2.2.3 PDUs

Table A.163: Supported methods

ltem	PDU		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	ACK request	[26] 13	m	m	[26] 13	m	m
2	BYE request	[26] 16	m	m	[26] 16	m	m
3	BYE response	[26] 16	m	m	[26] 16	m	m
4	CANCEL request	[26] 16.10	m	m	[26] 16.10	m	m
5	CANCEL response	[26] 16.10	m	m	[26] 16.10	m	m
<u>6</u>	INFO request	[25] 5.1	<u>c2</u>	<u>c2</u>	[25] 5.1	<u>c2</u>	<u>c2</u>
7	INFO response	[25] 5.1	<u>c2</u>	<u>c2</u>	[25] 5.1	<u>c2</u>	<u>c2</u>
8	INVITE request	[26] 16	m	m	[26] 16	m	m
9	INVITE response	[26] 16	m	m	[26] 16	m	m
9A	MESSAGE request	[50] 4	c5	c5	[50] 7	c5	c5
9B	MESSAGE response	[50] 4	c5	c5	[50] 7	c5	c5
10	NOTIFY request	[28] 8.1.2	c3	c3	[28] 8.1.2	c3	c3
11	NOTIFY response	[28] 8.1.2	c3	c3	[28] 8.1.2	c3	c3
12	OPTIONS request	[26] 16	m	m	[26] 16	m	m
13	OPTIONS response	[26] 16	m	m	[26] 16	m	m
14	PRACK request	[27] 6	c6	c6	[27] 6	c6	c6
15	PRACK response	[27] 6	c6	c6	[27] 6	c6	c6
15A	PUBLISH request	[70]	c20	c20	[70]	c20	c20
		11.1.1			11.1.1		
15B	PUBLISH response	[70]	c20	c20	[70]	c20	c20
		11.1.1			11.1.1		
16	REFER request	[36] 3	c1	c1	[36] 3	c1	c1
17	REFER response	[36] 3	c1	c1	[36] 3	c1	c1
18	REGISTER request	[26] 16	m	m	[26] 16	m	m
19	REGISTER response	[26] 16	m	m	[26] 16	m	m
20	SUBSCRIBE request	[28] 8.1.1	c3	c3	[28] 8.1.1	c3	c3
21	SUBSCRIBE response	[28] 8.1.1	c3	c3	[28] 8.1.1	c3	c3
22	UPDATE request	[29] 7	c4	c4	[29] 7	c4	c4
23	UPDATE response	[29] 7	c4	c4	[29] 7	c4	c4
c1:	IF A.162/22 THEN m ELSE n/a	the REFE	R method.				
<u>c2:</u>	IF A.162/20 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c3	IF A.162/27 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c4	IF A.162/24 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c5:	IF A.162/33 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c6:	ÌF A.162/21 THEN m ELSE n/a	 reliability of 	of provisional	responses.			
<u>c20A:</u>	IF A.4/51 THEN m ELSE n/a						

A.2.2.4.3 BYE method

Prerequisite A.163/2 - - BYE request

Table A.167: Supported headers within the BYE reque

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i		
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c23	c23		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i		
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i		
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1		
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i		
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c3		
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	c3		
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	c3		
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	c3		
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
13	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2		
14	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
14A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c26	c26	[89] 3.2	c27	c27		
15	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m		
16	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c3		
16A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c13	c13	[52] 4.4	c14	c14		
16B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c9	c9	[34] 9.1	c10	c10		
16C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c17	c17	[52] 4.5	c18	c18		
	Addresses								
16D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c15	n/a	[52] 4.6	c16	n/a		
16E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	х	[34] 9.2	c8	n/a		
16F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c11	c11	[33] 4.2	c12	c12		
17	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c4	c4		
18	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m		
18A	Reason	[34A] 2	c20	c20	[34A] 2	c21	c21		
19	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7		
19A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c24	c24	[59] 3	c25	c25		
19B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c23	c23		
19C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22	[56B] 9.1	c23	c23		
20	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5		
21	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m		
21A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19		
21B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19		
22	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6		
23	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i		
24	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
25	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i		
26	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c3:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE i P-CSCF or S-CSCF.
c3. c4:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i authentication between UA and proxy.
c4. c5:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
05.	
	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
	request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
c6:	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the
_	response.
c7:	IF A.162/14 THEN o ELSE i the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a
	dialog.
c8:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
c9:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity
	within trusted networks.
c10:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for
	asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the
	trust network.
c11:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c12:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
-	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c13:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c14:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
0111	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c15:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c16:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
010.	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
	extension.
c17:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c18:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-
010.	Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-
	Addresses header extension.
c19:	IF A.4/37 A.162.47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c19. c20:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c21:	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c22:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c23:	IF A.162/50 THEN i ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c24:	IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c25:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c26:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c27:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
NOTE	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for
	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.168: Void

Table A.169: Void

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.169A: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	c2	c2		
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
c1:	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A.162/4 THEN m ELSE n/a stateful proxy behaviour that inserts date, or stateless proxies.								
c2:	IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m S	Stateless prox	y passes on						

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response for all remaining status codes

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
		_	status	status	-	status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c2
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	c2
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	c2
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	c2
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c15	c15	[89] 3.2	c16	c16
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c2
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c12	[52] 4.4	c13	c13
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c4	c4	[34] 9.1	c5	c5
10C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c10	c10	[52] 4.5	c11	c11
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a	[52] 4.6	c9	n/a
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	Х	[34] 9.2	c3	n/a
10F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	c6	[33] 4.2	c7	c7
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c14	c14
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i
c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i ir				ISES.		
c2:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELS						
c3:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a						
c4:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a	 - extensions 	s to the Sess	ion Initiation	Protocol (SIP	 for asserte 	d identity
_	within trusted networks.						
c5:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE						
	asserted identity within trusted r	networks or s	ubsequent ei	ntity within tru	ust network tr	hat can route	e outside the
-0.	trust network.		a a b a a i a ma ƙ	an tha Casaia	n Initiation D		
c6: c7:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH						
67.	option "header" or application of						
c8:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a					neauer tran	sparentiy.
c9:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A					ing or modify	ving the P-
00.	Charging-Vector header before						
	extension.	proxying the			or onarging		
c10:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Cha	raina-Functio	on-Addresses	s header exte	nsion.	
c11:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF						-Charging-
	Function-Addresses header bef						
	Addresses header extension.	. , ,		. ,			
c12:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A						
	for access network information t	hat can route	outside the	trust network	, the P-Acces	ss-Network-	Info header
	extension.						
c13:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A						
	for access network information t	hat can route	outside the	trust network	, the P-Acces	ss-Network-	Info header
	extension.						
c14:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN						
	the request or response or adding			nts of the Ree	quire header	before proxy	ing the
	request or response for method						
c15:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a						
c16:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF				on or modifica	ation of locat	tion in a SIP
	method, passes on locations in	SIP method v	vithout modif	ication.			

Table A.170: Supported headers within the BYE response

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.171: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	i	c1
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i
2	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3
5	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI	P specific eve	ent notificatio	n extension.		•	
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN o ELSE i 1 and downstream direction when			e to use sepa	rate URIs in t	he upstream	direction

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.171A: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/3 - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.172: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1		
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.								

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.173: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.174: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i	

Table A.175: Void

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.176: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.177: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.178: Supported headers within the BYE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3		
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420								
	response to a method other than REGISTER.								

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Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.178A: Supported	headers within	the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
3	Security-Server [48] 2 c1 c1 [48] 2 n/a n/a								
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.								

Table A.179: Void

Table A.180: Void

A.2.2.4.6 INFO method

Void

Prerequisite A.163/9A - - INFO request

Table A.190: Supported header fields within the INFO request

Item	Header field		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.1	<u>i</u>	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
4	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[50] 10	i	i
5	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>
<u>6</u>	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.7	<u>i</u>	i
7	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.8	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>7A</u>	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.9	<u>c3</u>	<u>c3</u>
8	Contact	[26] 20.10	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	[26] 20.10	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
<u>9</u>	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.11	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
<u>10</u>	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.12	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
<u>11</u>	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.13	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
<u>12</u>	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.14	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>13</u>	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.15	i	<u>i</u>
<u>14</u>	Cseq	[26] 20.16	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.16	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>15</u>	Date	[26] 20.17	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.17	<u>c2</u>	<u>c2</u>
<u>16</u>	From	[26] 20.20	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.20	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>17</u>	Geolocation	<u>[89] 3.2</u>	<u>c36</u>	<u>c36</u>	[89] 3.2	<u>c37</u>	<u>c37</u>
<u>19</u>	Max-Breadth	[117] <u>5.8</u>	<u>c48</u>	<u>c48</u>	<u>[117] 5.8</u>	<u>c49</u>	<u>c49</u>
<u>20</u>	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.22	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
21	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.24	i	i
22	P-Access-Network-Info	<u>[52] 4.4</u>	<u>c23</u>	<u>c23</u>	[52] 4.4	<u>c24</u>	<u>c24</u>
<u>23</u>	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	<u>c21</u>	<u>c21</u>	[52] 4.5	<u>c22</u>	<u>c22</u>
	<u>Addresses</u>						
<u>24</u>	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	<u>c19</u>	<u>c19</u>	[<u>52] 4.6</u>	<u>c20</u>	<u>c20</u>
<u>25</u>	P-Debug-ID	[140]	<u>0</u>	<u>c46</u>	[140]	<u>o</u>	<u>c47</u>
<u>26</u>	<u>Privacy</u>	[<u>33]</u> 4.2	<u>c12</u>	<u>c12</u>	[<u>33] 4.2</u>	<u>c13</u>	<u>c13</u>
<u>27</u>	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.28	<u>c8</u>	<u>c8</u>
<u>28</u>	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.29	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>29</u>	Reason	[34A] 2	<u>c26</u>	<u>c26</u>	[34A] <u>2</u>	<u>c27</u>	<u>c27</u>
<u>30</u>	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.30	<u>c7</u>	<u>c7</u>
<u>31</u>	Referred-By	[59] 3	<u>c30</u>	<u>c30</u>	[59] <u>3</u>	<u>c31</u>	<u>c31</u>
<u>33</u>	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	<u>c28</u>	<u>c28</u>	[56B] 9.1	<u>c28</u>	<u>c28</u>
<u>34</u>	Require	[26] 20.32	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.32	<u>c5</u>	<u>c5</u>
<u>35</u>	Resource-Priority	[116] <u>3.1</u>	<u>c38</u>	<u>c38</u>	[116] <u>3.1</u>	<u>c38</u>	<u>c38</u>
<u>36</u>	<u>Route</u>	[26] 20.34	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.34	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>37</u>	Security-Client	[<u>48] 2.3.1</u>	<u>x</u>	<u>×</u>	[48] 2.3.1	<u>c25</u>	<u>c25</u>
<u>38</u>	Security-Verify	[<u>48] 2.3.1</u>	<u>x</u>	<u>×</u>	[48] 2.3.1	<u>c25</u>	<u>c25</u>
<u>39</u>	<u>Subject</u>	[26] 20.36	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[<u>26] 20.36</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
<u>40</u>	<u>Supported</u>	[26] 20.37	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[<u>26] 20.37</u>	<u>c6</u>	<u>c6</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>Timestamp</u>	[26] 20.38	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[<u>26] 20.38</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
<u>42</u>	<u>To</u>	[26] 20.39	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[<u>26] 20.39</u>	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>43</u>	<u>User-Agent</u>	[<u>26] 20.41</u>	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.41	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
<u>44</u>	<u>Via</u>	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[<u>26] 20.42</u>	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension.
<u>c1:</u> c2:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c3:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
c5:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
<u>co.</u>	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
	request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
<u>c6:</u>	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the
<u>co.</u>	response.
c7:	IF A.162/14 THEN o ELSE i the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a
<u>07.</u>	dialog.
<u>c8:</u>	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i authentication between UA and proxy.
c12:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c13:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
<u>015</u> .	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
<u>c19:</u>	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c20:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
<u>020.</u>	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
	extension.
c21:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c22:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-
022.	Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-
	Addresses header extension.
<u>c23:</u>	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
020.	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c24:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
027.	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
<u>c25:</u>	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c26:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
<u>c27:</u>	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c28:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
<u>c30:</u>	IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c31:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c36:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c37:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
c38:	IF A.162/80A THEN m ELSE n/a inclusion of INFO, SUBSCRIBE, NOTIFY in communications resource
	priority for the session initiation protocol.
c46:	F A.162/90 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Debug-ID header field for the session initiation protocol.
c47:	IF A.162/90 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Debug-ID header field for the session initiation protocol.
c48:	IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol
	forking proxies.
<u>c49:</u>	IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a addressing
<u>-</u>	an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for
	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.
•	

Prerequisite A.163/9A - - INFO request

Table A.191: Supported message bodies within the INFO request

Item	<u>Header</u>	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.RFCProfilestatusstatusstatus			<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.192: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>		<u>status</u>	status
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	<u>m</u>	m
<u>4</u>	Date	[26] 20.17	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>	[26] 20.17	<u>c2</u>	<u>c2</u>
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	<u>m</u>	m
<u>5A</u>	P-Debug-ID	[140]	<u>0</u>	<u>c3</u>	[140]	<u>0</u>	<u>c4</u>
<u>6</u>	To	[26] 20.39	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.39	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>7</u>	<u>Via</u>	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
<u>c1:</u>	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A	.162/4 THEN	l m ELSE n/a	stateful p	roxy behavio	ur that insert	s date, or
	stateless proxies.						
<u>c2:</u>	IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m S	tateless prox	y passes on.				
<u>c3:</u>	IF A.162/90 THEN o ELSE n/a -	- the P-Debu	ug-ID header	field for the s	session initiat	ion protocol.	
c4:	IF A.162/90 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Deb	ug-ID heade	field for the	session initia	tion protocol.	

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - INFO response for all remaining status-codes

Item	Header field		Sending		Receiving			
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	RFC status	Profile status	
<u>0A</u>	Allow	[<u>26] 20.5</u>	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[<u>26] 20.5</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	
1	<u>Call-ID</u>	[26] 20.8	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.8	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
2	<u>Call-Info</u>	[26] 20.9	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.9	<u>c3</u>	<u>c3</u>	
<u>3</u>	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.11	<u>i</u>	i	
<u>4</u>	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.12	<u>i</u>	i	
5	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.13	<u>i</u>	i	
<u>6</u>	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.14	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.15	<u>i</u>	i	
<u>8</u>	Cseq	[26] 20.16	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.16	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
<u>9</u>	Date	[26] 20.17	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.17	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>	
<u>10</u>	From	[26] 20.20	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[<u>26] 20.20</u>	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
<u>11</u>	<u>Geolocation</u>	[89] 3.2	<u>c17</u>	<u>c17</u>	[<u>89] 3.2</u>	<u>c18</u>	<u>c18</u>	
<u>12</u>	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.24	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	
<u>13</u>	Organization	[26] 20.25	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.25	<u>c2</u>	<u>c2</u>	
<u>14</u>	P-Access-Network-Info	<u>[52] 4.4</u>	<u>c13</u>	<u>c13</u>	<u>[52] 4.4</u>	<u>c14</u>	<u>c14</u>	
<u>15</u>	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	<u>[52] 4.5</u>	<u>c11</u>	<u>c11</u>	[<u>52] 4.5</u>	<u>c12</u>	<u>c12</u>	
<u>16</u>	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	<u>c9</u>	<u>n/a</u>	[52] 4.6	<u>c10</u>	<u>n/a</u>	
<u>17</u>	P-Debug-ID	[140]	<u>0</u>	<u>c19</u>	[140]	<u>o</u>	<u>c20</u>	
<u>18</u>	Privacy	[33] 4.2	<u>c7</u>	<u>c7</u>	[33] 4.2	<u>c8</u>	<u>c8</u>	
<u>19</u>	<u>Require</u>	[26] 20.32	<u>m</u>	m	[26] 20.32	<u>c15</u>	<u>c15</u>	
<u>20</u>	Server	[26] 20.35	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.35	<u>i</u>	i	
<u>21</u>	<u>Timestamp</u>	[26] 20.38	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	[26] 20.38	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	
<u>22</u>	<u>To</u>	[26] 20.39	<u>m</u>	m	[26] 20.39	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
<u>23</u>	<u>User-Agent</u>	[26] 20.41	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.41	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	
<u>24</u>	<u>Via</u>	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.42	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	
<u>25</u>	<u>Warning</u>	[26] 20.43	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.43	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	
<u>c1:</u>	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i ir							
c2:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH							
<u>c3:</u>	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D TH							
<u>c7:</u>	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a							
<u>c8:</u>	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH							
<u></u>	option "header" or application of					neader tran	sparently.	
<u>c9:</u> c10:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A					ing or modif	ving the P	
<u>c10.</u>	<u>Charging-Vector header before</u> extension.							
c11:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Cha	raina-Eunctia	n-Addresses	s header exte	nsion		
<u>c12:</u>	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF	A.162/44 TH	EN i ELSE n	/a adding.	deletina or re	eading the F	-Charaina-	
·	Function-Addresses header bef							
	Addresses header extension.							
c13:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A	. <u>162/4</u> 1 THE	<u>N m EL</u> SE n/	<u>a ac</u> t as si	ubsequent en	ntity within tr	ust network	
	for access network information t							
	extension.							
<u>c14:</u>	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A	.162/41 THE	N i ELSE n/a	<u>i act as su</u>	bsequent ent	<u>tity within tru</u>	ist network	
	for access network information t	hat can route	outside the	trust network	the P-Acces	ss-Network-	Info header	
	extension.							
<u>c15:</u>	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN							
	the request or response or addin			nts of the Red	quire header	before proxy	/ing the	
	request or response for method							
<u>c17:</u>	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a							
<u>c18:</u>	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF				on or modifica	ation of loca	tion in a SIP	
o10;	method, passes on locations in					lion nucles - 1		
<u>c19:</u>	IF A.162/90 THEN o ELSE n/a							
c20:	IF A.162/90 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Deb	ug-in neade	i neia for the	session initia	uion protoco	1.	

Table A.193: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.194: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	<u>status</u>		<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>
<u>1</u>	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.3	i	i
<u>4</u>	Accept-Resource-Priority	[116] 3.2	<u>c4</u>	<u>c4</u>	[116] 3.2	<u>c4</u>	<u>c4</u>
5	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[28] 7.2.2	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>
<u>6</u>	Authentication-Info	[<u>26] 20.6</u>	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.6	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
<u>9</u>	Supported	[26] 20.37	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.37	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
<u>c1:</u>	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI	P specific eve	ent notificatio	n extension.			
<u>c4:</u>	IF A.162/80A THEN m ELSE n/s	a inclusion	of INFO, SL	<u> IBSCRIBE, N</u>	OTIFY in cor	mmunication	s resource
	priority for the session initiation	<u>protocol.</u>					

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.195: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field	Sending			Receiving		
		<u>Ref.</u>	RFC	Profile	<u>Ref.</u>	RFC	Profile
			<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>		<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>
<u>1</u>	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	<u>m</u>	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.195A: Supported header fields within the INFO response

<u>ltem</u>	Header field	Sending			Receiving		
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status
<u>2</u>	Contact	[26] 20.10	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	[26] 20.10	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.196: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.27	m	<u>m</u>
<u>6</u>	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	<u>m</u>	m	[26] 20.44	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table 197: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		<u>Sending</u>			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>		<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>
<u>4</u>	<u>Retry-After</u>	[26] 20.33	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.33	i	<u>i</u>

Table A.198: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type)

Table A.199: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		Sending			Receiving	
		<u>Ref.</u>	RFC status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status
<u>1</u>	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.2	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
<u>3</u>	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.3	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.164/26A - - Additional for 417 (Unknown Resource-Priority) response

Table A.199A: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		<u>Sending</u>			Receiving	
		<u>Ref.</u>	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	<u>status</u>
1	Accept-Resource-Priority	[116] 3.2	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>	[116] 3.2	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>
<u>c1:</u>	IF A.162/80A THEN m ELSE n/a	a inclusion	of INFO, SU	BSCRIBE, N	IOTIFY in cor	mmunication	s resource
	priority for the session initiation	protocol.					

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - INFO response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.200: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		Sending			Receiving	
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u>	Profile	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u>	Profile
			status	status		<u>status</u>	<u>status</u>
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	[26] 20.40	<u>c3</u>	<u>c3</u>
<u>c3:</u>	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i	reading the c	contents of th	e Unsupporte	ed header be	fore proxying	the 420
	response to a method other than	n REGISTER	. <u>.</u>				

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.200A: Supported header fields within the INFO response

Item	Header field		Sending			Receiving	
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	Profile status
<u>3</u>	Security-Server	<u>[48] 2</u>	<u>c1</u>	<u>c1</u>	<u>[48] 2</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
<u>c1:</u>	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a	security m	echanism ag	reement for t	he session ir	nitiation proto	col.

Table A.201: Void

Table A.202: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - INFO response

Table A.203: Supported message bodies within the INFO response

Item	<u>Header</u>	Sending					
		<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	<u>Profile</u> <u>status</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>RFC</u> status	<u>Profile</u> <u>status</u>
1							

A.2.2.4.7 INVITE method

Prerequisite A.163/8 - - INVITE request

Table A.204: Supported headers within the INVITE request

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c34	c34	[56B] 9.2	c34	c35
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
4	Alert-Info	[26] 20.4	c2	c2	[26] 20.4	c3	c3
5	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
6	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
8	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
9	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
10	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c12	c12
11	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
12	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c6
13	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	c6
14	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	c6
15	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
16	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	c6
17	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
18	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c4	c4
19	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i
20	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
20A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c47	c47	[89] 3.2	c48	c48
20B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c43	c43	[66] 4.1	c43	c43
21	In-Reply-To	[26] 20.21	m	m	[26] 20.21	i	i
21A	Join	[61] 7.1	c41	c41	[61] 7.1	c42	c42
22	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
23	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c6
23A	Min-SE	[58] 5	0	0	[58] 5	0	0
24	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c5	c5
24A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c28	c28	[52] 4.4	c29	c30
24B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c15	c15	[34] 9.1	c16	c16
24C	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	c53	c53	[121] 4.1	c54	c54
24D	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	c19	c19	[52] 4.2	c20	c21
24E	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c26	c27	[52] 4.5	c26	c27
24F	Addresses P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c24	c24	[52] 4.6	c25	c25
24F 24G	P-Early-Media	[109] 8	0	c50	[109] 8	0	c51
24 <u>0</u> 25	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	c9	x	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a
25 25A	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	x	x	[34] 9.2	c14	c14
25A 25B	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	x	x	[121] 4.2	c14 c52	c14 c52
25B 25B	P-Profile-Key		x c45	x c45		c52 c46	c52 c46
		[97] 5	c45 c44	c45 c44	[97] 5		
25C	P-User-Database	[82] 4			[82] 4	c44	c44
25D	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c22	n/a	[52] 4.3	c23	n/a

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
26	Priority	[26] 20.26	m	m	[26] 20.26	i	i	
26A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c17	c17	[33] 4.2	c18	c18	
27	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c13	c13	
28	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29, [34] 4	m	m	[26] 20.29, [34] 4	m	m	
28A	Reason	[34] 4 [34A] 2	c32	c32	[34A] 2	c33	c33	
20A 29	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c11	c33	
30	Referred-By	[59] 3	c37	c37	[59] 3	c38	c38	
30 31	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c34	c34	[56B] 9.2	c34	c35	
31A	Replaces	[60] 6.1	c39	c39	[60] 6.1	c40	c40	
31B	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	m	m	[26] 20.31	i	i	
31B	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c34	c34	[56B] 9.1	c34	c34	
32	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c7	c7	
33	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m	
33A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	x	x	[48] 2.3.1	c31	c31	
33B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	x	x	[48] 2.3.1	c31	c31	
33C	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c36	c36	[58] 4	c36	c36	
34	Subject	[26] 20.36	m	m	[26] 20.36	i	i	
35	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c8	c8	
36	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i	
37	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
38	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i	
39	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI				[[=0] =01 :=			
c2:	IF A.162/10 THEN n/a ELSE m				na informatio	n data.		
c3:	IF A.162/10 THEN m ELSE i							
c4:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i i							
c5:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH					ne Organiza	tion header.	
c6:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELS			Ū	C C	C C		
c7:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN							
	request or response or adding of			f the Require	e header befo	ore proxying	the request	
	or response for methods other t							
c8:	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i					e proxying tl	ne response.	
c9:	IF A.162/26 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c11:	IF A.162/14 THEN m ELSE i	the requirem	ent to be able	e to insert itse	elf in the subs	sequent tran	sactions in a	
4.0	dialog.							
c12:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D TH					he Call-Info	header.	
c13:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i					م بندم ما : مام بم ۱۰۰		
c14:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/ IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c15:	within trusted networks.	extensions	s to the Sessi	on millation) for asserte	a identity	
c16:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE		ovtonsions	to the Secci	ion Initiation [Protocol (SIE	D) for	
C10.	asserted identity within trusted							
	trust network.		ubsequent er					
c17:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a	a privacy r	nechanism fo	or the Sessio	n Initiation Pr	otocol (SIP)		
c18:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH							
	option "header" or application o							
c19:	IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c20:	IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a -		•					
c21:	IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN n					ELSE n/a -	- the	
	P-Called-Party-ID header exten							
c22:	IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a		· ·		. ,,			
c23:	IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i	reading, or de	eleting the P-	Visited-Netw	ork-ID heade	er before pro	xying the	
	request or response.	-						
c24:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c25:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A							
	P-Charging-Vector header befo	re proxying th	e request or	response or	the P-Chargi	ng-Vector he	eader	
	extension.							
	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.							
c26:							.	
c26: c27:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF	A.162/44 TH	EN i ELSE n/	/a adding,	deleting or re	eading the P		
		A.162/44 TH	EN i ELSE n/	/a adding,	deleting or re	eading the P		

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
c28:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.1	62/41 THEN	m ELSE n/a	act as sub	osequent enti	ity within true	st network
	for access network information th	at can route	outside the t	rust network,	the P-Access	s-Network-In	fo header
	extension.						
c29:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.						
	for access network information th	at can route	outside the t	rust network,	the P-Access	s-Network-In	fo header
	extension.						
c30:	IF A.162/43 OR (A.162/41 AND A						
	entity within trust network for acc				outside the t	rust network	, the
	P-Access-Network-Info header ex						
c31:	IF A.4/37A.162/47 THEN m ELSI						protocol.
c32:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
c33:	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a						
c34:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
c35:	IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m		62/50 AND N	OT A.4/3 TH	EN i ELSE n/	/a caller p	references
	for the session initiation protocol,						
c36:	IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
c37:	IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a						
c38:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
c39:	IF A.162/54 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
c40:	IF A.162/54 THEN i ELSE n/a						
c41:	IF A.162/55 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
c42:	IF A.162/55 THEN i ELSE n/a						
c43:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a -	 an extension 	on to the sess	sion initiation	protocol for r	equest histo	ry
	information.						
c44:	IF A.162/60 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
c45:	IF A.162/66A THEN m ELSE n/a	making th	e first query	to the databa	se in order to	populate th	e P-Profile-
	Key header.						
c46:	IF A.162/66B THEN m ELSE n/a				e-Key heade	r.	
c47:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
c48:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A				n or modificat	tion of location	on in a SIP
	method, passes on locations in S						
c50:	IF A.162/76 THEN m ELSE n/a -	- the SIP P-E	Early-Media p	rivate heade	r extension fo	or authorizati	on of early
	media.						
c51:	IF A.162/76 THEN (IF A.3/2 THE	N m ELSE i)	ELSE n/a	P-CSCF, usi	ng the inform	nation in the	P-Early-
	Media header.						
c52:	IF A.162/84A THEN m ELSE n/a						
c53:	IF A.162/84 THEN m ELSE n/a -						
c54:	IF A.162/84 OR A.162/30B THEN						
	initiation protocol or subsequent e						
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major cap	pability as this	s is the case	of a proxy the	at also acts a	is a UA spec	ifically for
	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.						

Table A.205: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.206: Supported headers within the INVITE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
c1:	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A. stateless proxies.	162/4 THEN	m ELSE n/a	stateful pr	oxy behaviou	ir that inserts	date, or
c2:	IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m St	ateless prox	y passes on.				

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response for all remaining status-codes

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
DA	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c4	c4
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c3
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	c3
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	c3
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	c3
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
3	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1
8A	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
9A	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c17	c17	[66] 4.1	c17	c17
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c3
11	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2
11A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c14	c14	[52] 4.4	c15	c15
11B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c6	c6	[34] 9.1	c7	c7
11C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c12	c12	[52] 4.5	c13	c13
11D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c10	c10	[52] 4.6	c11	c11
11E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	х	[34] 9.2	c5	n/a
11F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c8	c8	[33] 4.2	c9	c9
11G	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	m	m	[26] 20.31	i	i
11H	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c16	c16
111	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i
11 <u>J</u>	Reason	Annex ZB		<u>c20</u>	Annex ZB		<u>c20</u>
12	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
13	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
15	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i
•		[[=0] =0.10	1		1-01-01-10		

Table A.207: Supported headers within the INVITE response

I62/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses. I62/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
62/19A OR A 162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading adding or concatenating the Organization header
or for or more reprinted in Level - reduing, adding of ochoatenating the Organization header.
3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE i P-CSCF or S-CCF.
62/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
62/30A THEN m ELSE n/a act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
62/30 THEN m ELSE n/a extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity
trusted networks.
62/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for
ted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the
network.
62/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
62/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
"header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
62/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
62/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the
arging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
sion.
62/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
62/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-
ion-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses
er extension.
62/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
cess network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
sion.
62/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
cess network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
sion.
62/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the
st or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request
ponse for methods other than REGISTER.
62/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history
nation.
62/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
62/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
od, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
1/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.

Prerequisite: A.164/101 A - - Additional for 180 response

Table A.208: Supported headers	within the INVITE response
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Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
4	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
5	P-Answer-State	[111]	c13	c13	[111]	c14	c14
5A	P-Early-Media	[109] 8	0	c11	[109] 8	0	c12
6	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	c9	х	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a
7	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	<u>c15</u>	<u>c15</u>
9	Rseq	[27] 7.1	m	m	[27] 7.1	i	i
11	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i
c9:	IF A.162/26 THEN m ELSE n/a	- SIP extens	ions for med	lia authorizati	on.		
c11:	IF A.162/76 THEN m ELSE n/a · media.	- the SIP P-	Early-Media	private heade	er extension f	or authorizat	ion of early
c12:	IF A.162/76 THEN (IF A.3/2 THE Media header.	EN m ELSE i)	ELSE n/a -	- P-CSCF, us	ing the inform	nation in the	P-Early-
c13:	IF A.162/75 THEN m ELSE n/a - the open mobile alliance push to			ader extensio	n to the sess	ion initiation	protocol for
c14:	IF A.162/75 THEN i ELSE n/a the P-Answer-State header extension to the session initiation protocol for the open mobile alliance push to talk over cellular.						
c15:	IF A.162/14 THEN m ELSE i 1	the requireme	ent to be able	e to insert itse	elf in the subs	equent trans	sactions in a
	<u>dialog.</u>						

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
4	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i
6	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
7	P-Answer-State	[111]	c13	c13	[111]	c14	c14
8	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	c9	х	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a
9	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3
10	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c11	c11	[58] 4	c11	c11
13	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIF	specific eve	ent notification	n extension.			
c3:	IF A.162/14 THEN m ELSE i t	he requireme	ent to be able	to insert itse	If in the subs	sequent trans	sactions in a
	dialog.						
c9:	IF A.162/26 THEN m ELSE n/a -	- SIP extens	ions for med	ia authorizati	on.		
c11:	IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a -	- the SIP set	ssion timer.				
c13:	IF A.162/75 THEN m ELSE n/a -	- the P-Ansv	ver-State hea	ader extensio	n to the sess	sion initiation	protocol for
	the open mobile alliance push to	talk over cel	lular.				
c14:	IF A.162/75 THEN i ELSE n/a	the P-Answe	er-State head	ler extension	to the session	on initiation p	protocol for
	the open mobile alliance push to	talk over cel	lular.				

Table A.209: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.209A: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.210: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1	
c1:	I: IF A 162/19F THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.							

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.211: Supported	headers within the	he INVITE response
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ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
6	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
15	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0		[26] 20.44	0	

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.212: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
8	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i
12	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

Table A.213: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.214: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
6	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
11	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.215: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.216: Supported headers within the INVITE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
10	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3	
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420							
	response to a method other than REGISTER.							

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.216A: Supported headers within the INVITE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a
c1:	IF A 162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Prerequisite A.16/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28A - - Additional for 422 (Session Interval Too Small) response

Table A.216B: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Min-SE	[58] 5	c1	c1	[58] 5	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.						

Table A.217: Void

Table A.217A: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/45 - - 503 (Service Unavailable)

Table A.217B: Supported headers within the INVITE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
8	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.218: Void

A.2.2.4.7A MESSAGE method

Prerequisite A.163/9A - - MESSAGE request

Table A.218A: Supported headers within the MESSAGE request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	[56B] 9.2	c28	c29	
1A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[50] 10	i	i	
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i	
4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
5	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c4	c4	
6	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i	
7	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i	
8	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i	
9	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
10	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i	
11	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
12	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2	
13	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	1	i	
14	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
14A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c36	c36	[89] 3.2	c37	c37	
14B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c32	c32	[66] 4.1	c32	c32	
15	In-Reply-To	[26] 20.21	m	m	[50] 10	i	i	
16	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m	
17	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i	
18	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	c3	
18A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c23	c23	[52] 4.4	c24	c24	
18B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c10	c10	[34] 9.1	c11	c11	
18C	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	c40	c40	[121] 4.1	c41	c41	
18D	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	c14	c14	[52] 4.2	c15	c16	
18E	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c21	c21	[52] 4.5	c22	c22	
18F	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c19	c19	[52] 4.6	c20	c20	
18G	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	x	X	[34] 9.2	c9	c9	
18H	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	x	x	[121] 4.2	c39	c39	
181	P-Profile-Key	[97] 5	c34	c34	[97] 5	c35	c35	
18J	P-User-Database	[82] 4	c33	c33	[82] 4	c33	c33	
18K	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c17	n/a	[52] 4.3	c18	n/a	
19	Priority	[26] 20.26	m	m	[26] 20.26	i	i	
19A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	[33] 4.2	c13	c13	
20	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c8	c8	
21	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m	
21A	Reason	[34A] 2	c26	c26	[34A] 2	c27	c27	
22	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7	
22A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c30	c30	[59] 3	c31	c31	
23	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	[56B] 9.2	c28	c29	
23A	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	m	m	[26] 20.31	i	i	
23B	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c28	c28	[56B] 9.1	c28	c28	
24	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5	
25	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m	
25A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c25	c25	
25B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c25	c25	
26	Subject	[26] 20.36	m	m	[26] 20.36	i	i	
27	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6	
28	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i	
29	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
30	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i	
31	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	

r	
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c3:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
c4:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
c5:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
	request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
c6:	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the
00.	response.
c7:	IF A.162/14 THEN o ELSE i the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a
C7.	
-0.	dialog.
c8:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i authentication between UA and proxy.
c9:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
c10:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity
	within trusted networks.
c11:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for
	asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the
	trust network.
c12:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c13:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c14:	IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
c15:	IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
c16:	IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/37 AND (A.3/3 OR A.3/9A) THEN i ELSE n/a the P-
	Called-Party-ID header extension and P-CSCF or (I-CSCF or IBCF (THIG).
c17:	IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension.
c18:	IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the
010.	request or response.
c19:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c20:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
	extension.
c21:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c22:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-
	Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-
	Addresses header extension.
c23:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c24:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c25:	IF A.4/37 A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c26:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c27:	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c28:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c28.	· ·
629.	IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/50 AND NOT A.4/3 THEN i ELSE n/a caller preferences
a20:	for the session initiation protocol, and S-CSCF.
c30:	IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c31:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c32:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history
	information.
c33:	IF A.162/60 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-User-Database private header extension.
c34:	IF A.162/66A THEN m ELSE n/a making the first query to the database in order to populate the P-
	Profile-Key header.
c35:	IF A.162/66B THEN m ELSE n/a using the information in the P-Profile-Key header.
c36:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c37:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
c39:	IF A.162/84A THEN m ELSE n/a act as authentication entity within the trust domain for asserted service.
c40:	IF A.162/84 THEN m ELSE n/a identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol.
c41:	IF A.162/84 OR A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i identification of communication services in the session
	initiation protocol or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for
	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.
J	

Table A.218B: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.218BA: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	c2	c2		
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
c1:	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A	.162/4 THEN	l m ELSE n/a	i stateful p	roxy behavio	ur that insert	s date, or		
	stateless proxies.								
c2:	IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m S	Stateless prox	y passes on						

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c3	c3
3	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
4	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
5	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
9	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1
9A	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i
10	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
10A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c17	c17	[89] 3.2	c18	c18
10B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c16	c16	[66] 4.1	c16	c16
11	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
12	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2
12A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c13	c13	[52] 4.4	c14	c14
12B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c5	c5	[34] 9.1	c6	c6
12C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c11	c11	[52] 4.5	c12	c12
12D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c9	n/a	[52] 4.6	c10	n/a
12E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	х	[34] 9.2	c4	n/a
12F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c7	c7	[33] 4.2	c8	c8
12G	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	m	m	[26] 20.31	i	i
12H	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c15	c15
13	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i
14	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	i	i	[26] 20.38	i	i
15	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
16	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
17	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
18	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	li

Table A.218C: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c2:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
c3:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
c4:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
c5:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity
	within trusted networks.
c6:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for
	asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the
	trust network.
c7:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c8:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c9:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c10:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
	extension.
c11:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c12:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-
	Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-
	Addresses header extension.
c13:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c14:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c15:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
	request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
c16:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history
	information.
c17:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c18:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.218D: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i	
4	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3	
6	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i	
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI	P specific eve	ent notificatio	n extension.		•		
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN o ELSE i t and downstream direction when			to use sepa	rate URIs in t	he upstream	direction	

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.218DA: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.218E: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1		
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.								

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.218F: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.218G: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.218H: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.218I: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type)

Table A.218J: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
			รเลเนร	้อเลเนอ		้อเลเนอ	รเลเนร	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.218K: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3		
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420								
	response to a method other than REGISTER.								

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.218L: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server [48] 2 c1 c1 [48] 2 n/a n/a						
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Table A.218M: Void

Table A.218N: Void

A.2.2.4.8 NOTIFY method

Prerequisite A.163/10 - - NOTIFY request

Table A.219: Supported headers within the NOTIFY request

Ref. FrC Profile Ref. Ref. status 1A Accept-Language [26] 20.2 m m [26] 20.2 i i i 3A Accept-Language [26] 20.3 m m [26] 20.5 i i i 3A Allow [26] 20.7 m m [26] 20.5 i i i 4 Allow-Events [28] 20.7 m m [26] 20.7 i i i 6 Call-Info [26] 20.10 m m [26] 20.10 i <th>ltem</th> <th>Header</th> <th></th> <th>Sending</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Receiving</th> <th></th>	ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
1 Accept [26] 20.1 m m [26] 20.2 i i 1A Accept-Encoding [26] 20.2 m m [26] 20.2 i i 3 Accept-Encoding [26] 20.3 m m [26] 20.5 i i 3 Accept-Encoding [26] 20.5 m m [26] 20.5 i i 4 Allow-Events [28] 7.2.2 m m [26] 20.7 i i 5 Authorization [26] 20.7 m m [26] 20.7 i i 6 Call-Info [26] 20.8 m m [26] 20.9 c28 c28 6 Content-Encoding [26] 20.11 m m [26] 20.12 i i 7 Content-Lenguage [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.14 i i 10 Content-Language [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.14 m m 11 <			Ref.		Profile	Ref.		Profile
1A Accept-Contact [56B] 9.2 c21 c21 c50 c22 c23 i i i 3A Accept-Language [26] 20.3 m m [26] 20.5 i i i 4A Allow-Events [28] 7.2.2 m m m [26] 20.5 i i i 6 Call-ID [26] 20.8 m m [26] 20.9 c28 c28 6B Content-Disposition [26] 20.10 m m [26] 20.12 i i i 7 Content-Length [26] 20.11 m m [26] 20.12 i				status	status		status	status
2 Accept-Language [26] 20.2 m m [26] 20.2 i i 3A Allow [26] 20.3 m m [26] 20.3 i i 4 Allow-Events [28] 7.2.2 m m [28] 20.7.1 i i 5 Authorization [28] 20.7 m m [28] 20.8 m m [28] 20.9 c28 c28 c28 6A Call-Info [26] 20.9 m m [26] 20.10 i i i 7 Context-Disposition [26] 20.11 m m [26] 20.13 i i 8 Context-Language [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.14 m m i 10 Context-Language [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.21 i i i i i i i i				m	m			i
3 Accept-Language [26] 20.3 m m [26] 20.3 i i 3A Allow [26] 20.5 m m [26] 20.5 i i 4 Allow-Events [28] 7.2.2 m m [26] 20.7 i i 5 Authorization [26] 20.7 m m [26] 20.7 i i 6A Call-ID [26] 20.9 m m [26] 20.9 c28 c28 6B Contact [26] 20.10 m m [26] 20.12 i i 7 Content-Encoding [26] 20.11 m m [26] 20.12 i i 9 Content-Length [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.15 i i 10 Content-Length [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 11 Content-Length [28] 20.20 m m [26] 20.14 m m 12 Cseq		Accept-Contact		c21	c21		c22	c22
3A Allow 26] 20.5 m m 26] 72.2 c1 c1 4 Allow-Events [28] 7.2.2 m m [28] 7.2.2 c1 c1 5 Authorization [26] 20.7 m m [26] 20.8 m m 6A Call-Info [26] 20.9 m m [26] 20.9 c28 c28 6B Contact [26] 20.10 m m [26] 20.10 i i 7 Content-Longing [26] 20.12 m m [26] 20.13 i i 8 Content-Language [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.13 i i 10 Content-Language [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.16 m m 11 Content-Language [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.20 m m 12 Cseq [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.21 m m 13 Date		Accept-Encoding		m	m		i	i
4 Allow-Events [28] 7.2.2 m m [28] 7.2.2 c1 c1 5 Authorization [26] 20.7 m m [26] 20.7 i i 6 Call-ID [26] 20.8 m m [26] 20.9 c28 c28 6A Call-Info [26] 20.0 m m [26] 20.01 i i 6B Content-Disposition [26] 20.11 m m [26] 20.12 i i 7 Content-Lengding [26] 20.12 m m [26] 20.13 i i 9 Content-Length [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.15 i i 11 Content-Length [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.21 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.22 m m [26] 20.21 m		Accept-Language		m	m		i	i
5 Authorization [26] 20.7 m m [26] 20.7 i i 6 Call-ID [26] 20.8 m m m [26] 20.8 m m 6A Call-Info [26] 20.9 m m [26] 20.01 i i 6B Contact [26] 20.10 m m [26] 20.11 i i 7 Content-Encoding [26] 20.12 m m [26] 20.13 i i 8 Content-Language [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.14 m m 10 Content-Language [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.15 i i 11 Content-Language [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.17 c2 13 Date [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.17 c2 14 Event [26] 20.21 m m [26] 20.21 m m [26	3A		[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
6 Call-ID [26] 20.8 m m [26] 20.8 m m 6A Call-Info [26] 20.9 m m m [26] 20.9 c28 c28 6B Contact [26] 20.10 m m [26] 20.11 i i 7 Content-Disposition [26] 20.12 m m [26] 20.12 i i 8 Content-Language [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.15 i i 10 Content-Length [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 11 Content-Length [28] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.21 m m 13 Date [26] 20.20 m m [28] 72.1 m m [28] 72.1 m m 15A Geolocation [89] 3.2 c27 c27 c27 c2		Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
6A Call-Info [26] 20.9 m m [26] 20.9 c28 c28 6B Contact [26] 20.10 m m [26] 20.10 i i 7 Content-Encoding [26] 20.12 m m [26] 20.12 i i 9 Content-Language [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.14 m m 10 Content-Langth [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.15 i i 11 Content-Langth [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 14 Event [28] 7.2.1 m m [28] 7.2.1 m m [26] 20.02 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.22 m	5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
6B Context [26] 20.10 m m [26] 20.10 i i 7 Content-Disposition [26] 20.11 m m [26] 20.12 i i 8 Content-Language [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.13 i i 9 Content-Length [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.15 i i 10 Content-Length [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.15 i i 12 Cseq [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.16 m m 13 Date [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m 15A Geolocation [89] 3.2 c26 c26 [26] 20.20 m m 15A Geolocation [89] 3.2 c26 c25 [66] 4.1 c25 c25 c27 16A Max-Forwards [26] 20.22 m m m [26] 20.22 m m </td <td>6</td> <td>Call-ID</td> <td>[26] 20.8</td> <td>m</td> <td>m</td> <td>[26] 20.8</td> <td>m</td> <td>m</td>	6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7 Content-Disposition [26] 20.11 m m [26] 20.12 i i 8 Content-Lengduage [26] 20.12 m m m [26] 20.13 i i 9 Content-Length [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.13 i i 10 Content-Length [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 11 Content-Length [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 c2 14 Event [28] 7.2.1 m m [28] 7.2.1 m m 15 From [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m 158 History-Info [66] 4.1 c25 c25 [66] 4.1 c25 c25 [66] 4.1 c25 c25 [66] 4.4 c17 c17 17A P-Access-Network-Info [52] 4.4 c16 c16 [52] 4.4 c16	6A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c28	c28
7 Content-Disposition [26] 20.11 m m [26] 20.11 i i 8 Content-Language [26] 20.12 m m [26] 20.13 i i 9 Content-Language [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.13 i i 10 Content-Length [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 c2 14 Event [28] 7.2.1 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.21	6B	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
8 Content-Encoding [26] 20.12 m m [26] 20.12 i i 9 Content-Language [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.13 i i 10 Content-Language [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.15 i i i 11 Content-Type [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.15 i i i 12 Cseq [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.20 m m m 13 Date [28] 7.2.1 m m [26] 20.20 m m m 15A Geolocation [89] 3.2 c26 c26 [26] 80.22 m m m [26] 20.22 m m m [26] 20.24 i	7	Content-Disposition		m	m		i	i
9 Content-Language [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.13 i i 10 Content-Length [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.15 i i 11 Content-Type [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.16 m m 13 Date [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 14 Event [28] 7.2.1 m m [26] 20.20 m m 15 From [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m 158 History-Info [66] 4.1 c25 c25 [66] 4.1 c25 c25 16 Max-Forwards [26] 20.22 m m [26] 20.24 i i i 17A P-Access-Network-Info [52] 4.4 c16 c16 [52] 4.4 c17 c17 17B P-Acsess-Network-Info [52] 4.6 c12 n/a [52] 4.6 c14 c14	8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
10 Content-Length [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.14 m m 11 Content-Type [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.15 i i 12 Cseq [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.16 m m 13 Date [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 14 Event [28] 7.2.1 m m [28] 20.20 m m 15 From [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.22 m m 15A Geolocation [89] 3.2 c26 c25 [26] 20.22 m m 16 Max-Forwards [26] 20.22 m m [26] 20.22 m m 17A Pidersesion [26] 20.22 m m [26] 20.24 i i i 17A Pidersesion [26] 20.24 m m [26] 20.24 i i 17C <t< td=""><td>9</td><td></td><td></td><td>m</td><td>m</td><td></td><td>i</td><td>i</td></t<>	9			m	m		i	i
11 Content-Type [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.16 i i 12 Cseq [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 14 Event [28] 7.2.1 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 14 Event [28] 7.2.1 m m [26] 20.20 m m 15 From [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m 15A Geolocation [89] 3.2 c26 c26 [89] 3.2 c27 c27 15B History-Info [66] 4.1 c25 c25 [66] 4.1 c25 c25 16 Max-Forwards [26] 20.22 m m [26] 20.24 i i 17A P-Access-Network-Info [52] 4.4 c16 c16 [52] 4.4 c17 c17 17B P-Access-Network-Info [52] 4.5 c14 c14 [52] 4.6 c13 n/a 17							m	m
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13 Date [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 14 Event [28] 7.2.1 m m [28] 7.2.1 m m m 15 From [26] 20.20 m m [28] 7.2.1 m m 15 From [26] 20.20 m m [28] 7.2.1 m m 15 Geolocation [89] 3.2 c26 c26 l89] 3.2 c27 c27 15B History-Info [66] 4.1 c25 c25 [66] 4.1 c25 c25 16 Max-Forwards [26] 20.24 m m [26] 20.24 i i 17 MIME-Version [52] 4.4 c16 c16 [52] 4.4 c17 c17 17C P-Charging-Function- [52] 4.5 c14 c14 [52] 4.6 c13 n/a 17E P-Preferred-Identity [34] 9.2 x x 34] 9.2 c3 n/a							m	m
14 Event [28] 7.2.1 m m [28] 7.2.1 m m 15 From [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m 15A Geolocation [89] 3.2 c26 c26 [89] 3.2 c27 c27 15B History-Info [66] 4.1 c25 c25 [66] 4.1 c25 c25 16 Max-Forwards [26] 20.22 m m [26] 20.24 i i 17A P-Access-Network-Info [52] 4.4 c16 c16 [52] 4.4 c17 c17 17A P-Access-Network-Info [52] 4.5 c14 c14 [52] 4.5 c15 c17 17D P-Charging-Function- [52] 4.6 c12 n/a [52] 4.6 c13 n/a 17E P-Preferred-Identity [33] 4.2 c10 c10 [33] 4.2 c11 c11 18 Proxy-Authorization [26] 20.28 m m [26] 20.29 m		· · ·		m	m			c2
15 From [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m 15A Geolocation [89] 3.2 c26 c26 [89] 3.2 c27 c27 15B History-Info [66] 4.1 c25 c25 [66] 4.1 c25 c25 16 Max-Forwards [26] 20.22 m m m [26] 20.24 i i i 17 MIME-Version [26] 20.24 m m [26] 20.24 i i i 17A P-Access-Network-Info [52] 4.4 c16 c16 [52] 4.4 c17 c17 c17 17B P-Asserted-Identity [34] 9.1 c8 c8 [34] 9.1 c9 c9 17C P-Charging-Function- [52] 4.5 c14 c14 [52] 4.5 c15 c15 4ddresses - n/a 152] 4.6 c12 n/a [52] 4.6 c13 n/a 17F P-Isragring-Vector [52] 20.28								
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28 Via [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 m m								
							-	
	29	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c3:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
c4:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i authentication between UA and proxy.
c5:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
	request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
c6:	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the
	response.
c7:	IF A.162/14 THEN (IF A.162/22 OR A.162/27 THEN m ELSE o) ELSE i the requirement to be able to
	insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog or (the REFER method or SIP specific event
	notification).
c8:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity
	within trusted networks.
c9:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for
	asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the
	trust network.
c10:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c11:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c12:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c13:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
	extension.
c14:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c15:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-
	Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-
	Addresses header extension.
c16:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c17:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c18:	IF A.4/37 A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c19:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c20:	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c21:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c22:	IF A.162/50 THEN i ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c23:	IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c24:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c25:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history
c26:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c27:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
~~	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
c28:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for
	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Prerequisite A.163/10 - - NOTIFY request

Table A.220: Supported message bodies within the NOTIFY request

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	sipfrag	[37] 2	m	m	[37] 2	i	i

Release 7

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.220A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	c2	c2		
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
c1:	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A.162/4 THEN m ELSE n/a stateful proxy behaviour that inserts date, or stateless proxies.								
c2:	IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m Stateless proxy passes on.								

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response for all remaining status-codes

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i		
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i		
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i		
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i		
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1		
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c14	c14	[89] 3.2	c15	c15		
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i		
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c11	c11	[52] 4.4	c12	c12		
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c3	c3	[34] 9.1	c4	c4		
10C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c9	c9	[52] 4.5	c10	c10		
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c7	n/a	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a		
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	х	[34] 9.2	c2	n/a		
10F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c5	c5	[33] 4.2	c6	c6		
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c13	c13		
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i		
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i		
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i		
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i		
c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i i								
c2:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/								
c3: c4:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE asserted identity within trusted in trust network.	EN m ELSE i h networks or s	extension ubsequent e	s to the Sess ntity within tr	ion Initiation I ust network th	Protocol (SII nat can route) for outside the 		
c5:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c6:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH								
o7:	option "header" or application o	the privacy of	option "Id" or	passing on o	or the Privacy	neader tran	sparently.		
c7:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A					ing or modify	ving the P		
c8:	Charging-Vector header before extension.								
c9:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Cha	rging-Function	on-Addresse	s header exte	nsion.			
c10:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF	A.162/44 TH	EN i ELSE n	/a adding	, deleting or re	eading the F			
	Function-Addresses header bef Addresses header extension.								
c11:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A for access network information								
c12:	extension. IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A for access network information								
c13:	extension. IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN the request or response or addi	ng or modifyii	ng the conter	contents of t nts of the Re	he Require h quire header	eader before before proxy	e proxying /ing the		
c14: c15:	request or response for method IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF	SIP location	on conveyan		on or modifica	ation of locat	tion in a SIP		
	method, passes on locations in								

Table A.221: Supported headers within the NOTIFY r	response

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.222: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i	
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i	
2	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3	
5	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i	
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI	P specific eve	ent notificatio	n extension.		•		
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN m ELSE i the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction							
	and downstream direction when	record route	ing.	-		-		

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.222A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

	ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
			Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1		Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 - - Additional for 3xx response

Table A.223: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.						

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.224: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.225: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.226: Void

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.227: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.228: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.229: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420						
	response to a method other than REGISTER.						

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Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.229A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Table A.230: Void

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/35 - - Additional for 485 (Ambigious) response

Table A.230A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.231: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI	P specific eve	ent notificatio	n extension.			
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.						

Table A.232: Void

A.2.2.4.9 OPTIONS method

Prerequisite A.163/12 - - OPTIONS request

Table A.233: Supported headers within the OPTIONS request

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	[56B] 9.2	c28	c29
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c4	c4
8	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
9	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
10	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
11	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
12	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
13	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
14	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
15	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
16A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c36	c36	[89] 3.2	c37	c37
16B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c32	c32	[66] 4.1	c32	c32
17	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
18	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
19	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	c3
19A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c23	c23	[52] 4.4	c24	c24
19B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c10	c10	[34] 9.1	c11	c11
19C	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	c39	c39	[121] 4.1	c40	c40
19D	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	c14	c14	[52] 4.2	c15	c16
19E	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c21	c21	[52] 4.5	c22	c22
	Addresses	[]			[0-]		
19F	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c19	c19	[52] 4.6	c20	c20
19G	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	x	x	[34] 9.2	c9	c9
19H	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	x	x	[121] 4.2	c38	c38
191	P-Profile-Key	[97] 5	c34	c34	[97] 5	c35	c35
19J	P-User-Database	[82] 4	c33	c33	[82] 4	c33	c33
19k	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c17	n/a	[52] 4.3	c18	n/a
19L	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	[33] 4.2	c13	c13
20	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c8	c8
21	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
21A	Reason	[34A] 2	c26	c26	[34A] 2	c27	c27
22	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7
22A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c30	c30	[59] 3	c31	c31
22B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	[56B] 9.2	c28	c29
22C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c28	c28	[56B] 9.1	c28	c28
23	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
24	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
24A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	x	x	[48] 2.3.1	c25	c25
24B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	x	X	[48] 2.3.1	c25	c25
25	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
26	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i
27	To	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
	10	[20] 20.00		1			
28	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	li

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c3:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
c4:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
c5:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
	request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
c6:	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the
	response.
c7:	IF A.162/14 THEN o ELSE i the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a
	dialog.
c8:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i authentication between UA and proxy.
c9:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
c10:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity
	within trusted networks.
c11:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for
	asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the
	trust network.
c12:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c13:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c14:	IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
c15:	IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
c16:	IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/37 AND (A.3/3 OR A.3/9A) THEN i ELSE n/a the P-
010.	Called-Party-ID header extension and P-CSCF or (I-CSCF or IBCF (THIG)).
c17:	IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension.
c18:	IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the
010.	request or response.
c19:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c20:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
620.	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
	extension.
o21.	
c21:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c22:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-
	Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-
- 00	Addresses header extension.
c23:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
c24:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c25:	IF A.4/37 A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c26:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c27:	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c28:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c29:	IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/50 AND NOT A.4/3 THEN i ELSE n/a caller preferences
	for the session initiation protocol, and S-CSCF.
c30:	IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c31:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c32:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history
	information.
c33:	IF A.162/60 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-User-Database private header extension.
c34:	IF A.162/66A THEN m ELSE n/a making the first query to the database in order to populate the P-
	Profile-Key header.
c35:	IF A.162/66B THEN m ELSE n/a using the information in the P-Profile-Key header.
c36:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c37:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
c38:	IF A.162/84A THEN m ELSE n/a act as authentication entity within the trust domain for asserted service.
c39:	IF A.162/84 THEN m ELSE n/a identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol.
c40:	IF A.162/84 OR A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i identification of communication services in the session
0.10.	initiation protocol or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for
INGIL.	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.
L	

Table A.234: Void

Table A.235: Void

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.235A: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
c1:	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A.162/4 THEN m ELSE n/a stateful proxy behaviour that inserts date, or stateless proxies.						
c2:	IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m S	stateless prox	ky passes on				

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response for all remaining status-codes

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c3	c3	
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i	
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i	
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i	
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i	
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c17	c17	[89] 3.2	c18	c18	
9B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c16	c16	[66] 4.1	c16	c16	
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i	
11	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2	
11A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c13	c13	[52] 4.4	c14	c14	
11B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c5	c5	[34] 9.1	c6	c6	
11C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c11	c11	[52] 4.5	c12	c12	
11D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c9	c9	[52] 4.6	c10	c10	
11E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	х	[34] 9.2	c4	n/a	
11F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c7	c7	[33] 4.2	c8	c8	
11G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c15	c15	
11H	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i	
12	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i	
13	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i	
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
15	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i	

Table A.236: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c2:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
c3:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
c4:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
c5:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity
	within trusted networks.
c6:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for
	asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the
	trust network.
c7:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c8:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c9:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c10:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
	extension.
c11:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c12:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-
	Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-
40	Addresses header extension.
c13:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
-1.1.	extension.
c14:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c15:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
010.	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
	request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
c16:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history
010.	information.
c17:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c18:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
5.0.	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
L	

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.237: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
3	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i	
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i	
9	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3	
12	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i	
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i -	- SIP specific eve	ent notificatio	on extension.		•	•	
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN o ELSE i and downstream direction w	the requireme	ent to be able			he upstream	n direction	

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.237A: Supported	headers within th	e OPTIONS response
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ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.238: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.							

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.239: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.240: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
5	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i	

Table A.241: Void

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.242: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.243: Support	ted headers within the	OPTIONS response
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ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.244: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
7	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3	
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420							
	response to a method other than REGISTER.							

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.244A: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a	
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Table A.245: Void

Table A.246: Void

A.2.2.4.11 REFER method

Prerequisite A.163/16 - - REFER request

Table A.261: Supported headers within the REFER request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
0B	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c27	c27	[56B] 9.2	c27	c28
0C	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
1	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
1A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
5A	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
5B	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
5C	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
9	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
10	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i
11	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
11A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c35	c35	[89] 3.2	c36	c36
11B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c31	c31	[66] 4.1	c31	c31
12	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
13	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
14	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	c3
14A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c22	c22	[52] 4.4	c23	c23
14B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c9	c9	[34] 9.1	c10	c10
14C	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	c38	c38	[121] 4.1	c39	c39
14D	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	c13	c13	[52] 4.2	c14	c15
14E	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c20	c20	[52] 4.5	c21	c21
	Addresses						
14F	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c18	c18	[52] 4.6	c19	c19
14G	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	х	[34] 9.2	c8	c8
14H	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	х	х	[121] 4.2	c37	c37
14I	P-Profile-Key	[97] 5	c33	c33	[97] 5	c34	c34
14J	P-User-Database	[82] 4	c32	c32	[82] 4	c32	c32
14K	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c16	n/a	[52] 4.3	c17	n/a
14L	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c11	c11	[33] 4.2	c12	c12
15	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c4	c4
16	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
16A	Reason	[34A] 2	c25	c25	[34A] 2	c26	c26
17	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7
18	Refer-To	[36] 3	c3	c3	[36] 3	c4	c4
18A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c29	c29	[59] 3	c30	c30
18B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c27	c27	[56B] 9.2	c27	c28
18C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c27	c27	[56B] 9.1	c27	c27
19	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
20	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
20A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c24	c24
20B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c24	c24
21	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
22	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
23	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
24	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i

25	
25 c1:	Via [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 m m IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension. m
c1. c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c3:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
c3. c4:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i authentication between UA and proxy.
c5:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
65.	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
c6:	request or response for methods other than REGISTER. IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the
	response.
c7:	IF A.162/14 THEN m ELSE i the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog.
c8:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
c9:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
c10:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for
	asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
c11:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c12:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
• • = •	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c13:	IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
c14:	IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
c15:	IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/37 AND (A.3/3 OR A.3/9A) THEN i ELSE n/a the P-
	Called-Party-ID header extension and P-CSCF or (I-CSCF or IBCF (THIG).
c16:	IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension.
c17:	IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the
	request or response.
c18:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c19:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c20:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c21:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging- Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function- Addresses header extension.
c22:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c23:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c24:	IF A.4/37 A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c25:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c26:	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c27:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c28:	IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/50 AND NOT A.4/3 THEN i ELSE n/a caller preferences
	for the session initiation protocol, and S-CSCF.
c29:	IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c30:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c31:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history information.
c32:	IF A.162/60 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-User-Database private header extension.
c33:	IF A.162/66A THEN m ELSE n/a making the first query to the database in order to populate the P- Profile-Key header.
c34:	IF A.162/66B THEN m ELSE n/a using the information in the P-Profile-Key header.
c35:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c36:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
o27.	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
c37:	IF A.162/84A THEN m ELSE n/a act as authentication entity within the trust domain for asserted service.
c38:	IF A.162/84 THEN m ELSE n/a identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol. IF A.162/84 OR A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i identification of communication services in the session
c39:	
NOTE:	initiation protocol or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
NUTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.262: Void

Table A.263: Void

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.263A: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	c2	c2	
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
c1:	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A.162/4 THEN m ELSE n/a stateful proxy behaviour that inserts date, or stateless proxies.							
c2:	IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m S	Stateless prox	y passes on					

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response for all remaining status-codes

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
1B	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
2	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
3	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
4	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
5	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
6	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
7	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1
8	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
8A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c16	c16	[89] 3.2	c17	c17
8B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c15	c15	[66] 4.1	c15	c15
9	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
10	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c12	[52] 4.4	c13	c13
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c4	c4	[34] 9.1	c5	c5
10C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c10	c10	[52] 4.5	c11	c11
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	c8	[52] 4.6	c9	c9
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	x	x	[34] 9.2	c3	n/a
10E	Privacy	[33] 4.2	^ c6	 C6	[33] 4.2	c7	c7
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c14	c14
10U 10H	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	<u> </u>
12	To	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
12 12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.39	i	 i
13	Via	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	m	m
13	Warning	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	i	

Table A.264: Supported headers within the REFER response

c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c2:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
c3:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
c4:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
oF 1	
c5:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
c6:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c7:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c8:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c9:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c10:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c11:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging- Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-
	Addresses header extension.
c12:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c13:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c14:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
	request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
c15:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history information.
c16:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c17:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.265: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i
5	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3
8	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI						
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN m ELSE i	the requirem	ent to be able	e to use sepa	rate URIs in	the upstream	n direction
	and downstream direction when	record route	ing.				

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.265A: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Table A.266: Void

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/8 OR A.164/9 OR A.164/10 OR A.164/11 OR A.164/12 - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.267: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.268: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
6	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.269: Void

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.270: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	0		[26] 20.27	0	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.272: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
8	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3	
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420							
	response to a method other than REGISTER.							

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.272A: Supported headers within the REFER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a		
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.								

Table A.273: Void

Table A.274: Void

A.2.2.4.12 REGISTER method

Prerequisite A.163/18 - - REGISTER request

Table A.275: Supported headers within the REGISTER request

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
ЗA	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7, [49]	m	m	[26] 20.7, [49]	i	i
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c2	c2
8	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
9	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
10	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
11	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
12	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
13	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	li
14	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
15	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	m	m
16	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i
17	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
17A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c26	c26	[89] 3.2	c27	c27
17B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c24	c24	[66] 4,1	c24	c24
18	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
19	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	c3
20A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c16	c16	[52] 4.4	c17	c17
20B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c14	c14	[52] 4.5	c15	c15
20C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c12	c12	[52] 4.6	c13	c13
20D	P-User-Database	[82] 4	c25	c25	[82] 4	n/a	n/a
20E	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c10	c10	[52] 4.3	c11	c11
20F	Path	[35] 4.2	c6	c6	[35] 4.2	c6	c6
20G	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c8	c8	[33] 4.2	c9	c9
21	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c7	c7
22	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
22A	Reason	[34A] 2	c19	c19	[34A] 2	c20	c20
22B	Referred-By	[59] 3	c22	c22	[59] 3	c23	c23
22C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c21	c21	[56B] 9.1	c21	c21
23	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c4	c4
24	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
24A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18
24B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18
25	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c5	c5
26	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
27	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
28	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
29	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
c3:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
c4:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/12 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
01.	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
	request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- 5	
c5:	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the
	response.
c6:	IF A.162/29 THEN m ELSE n/a PATH header support.
c7:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i authentication between UA and proxy.
c8:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c9:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c10:	IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension.
c11:	IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the
011.	
o10.	request or response.
c12:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c13:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
	extension.
c14:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c15:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN I ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-
	Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-
	Addresses header extension.
c16:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c17:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
017.	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
10	
c18:	IF A.4/37 A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c19:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c20:	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c21:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c22:	IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c23:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c24:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history
	information.
c25:	IF A.162/60 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-User-Database private header extension.
c26:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c27:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
021.	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
NOTE:	
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for
]	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.276: Void

Table A.277: Void

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.277A: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	c2	c2		
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
c1:	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A.162/4 THEN m ELSE n/a stateful proxy behaviour that inserts date, or stateless proxies.								
c2:	IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m S	Stateless prox	y passes on						

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response for all remaining status-codes

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c2	c2
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
3	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	m	m
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c13	c13	[89] 3.2	c14	c14
9B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c12	c12	[66] 4.1	c12	c12
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
11	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c1	c1
11A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c9	c9	[52] 4.4	c10	c10
11B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c7	c7	[52] 4.5	c8	c8
11C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c5	c5	[52] 4.6	c6	c6
I1D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c3	c3	[33] 4.2	c4	c4
11E	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c11	c11
1F	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i
12	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
13	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
15	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i
c1:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B 1	HEN m ELSE	i reading,	adding or co	ncatenating t	he Organiza	tion header.
c2:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D						
c3:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/						
c4:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G						
_	option "header" or application					header tran	sparently.
c5:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/						
c6:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF Charging-Vector header befor						
-7.	extension.		national Economic				
c7:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/			on-Addresses	s neader exte	nsion. Reding the D	Charging
c8:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE I Function-Addresses header be	F A.162/44 1H	ENTELSE N	/a adding	, deleting or re	eading the P	-Charging-
	Addresses header extension.	elore proxying	ine requesi c	n response,		ging-Function	J11-
c9:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF	A 162/41 THE		a act as s	ubsequent en	tity within tr	ist notwork
.9.	for access network information						
	extension.	i that can loute		liust network		55-INCLIVOIR-I	nio neader
			N i ELSE n/a	a act as si	ibsequent ent	ity within tru	st network
c10 [.]	IF A 162/43 THEN m FLSE IF	A 162/41 THE					
c10:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF						
c10:	for access network information						
	for access network information extension.	n that can route	outside the	trust network	k, the P-Acces	ss-Network-	nfo header
	for access network information extension. IF A.162/11 OR A.162/12 THE	n that can route	outside the reading the	trust network contents of t	k, the P-Acces	eader before	nfo header proxying
	for access network information extension. IF A.162/11 OR A.162/12 THE the request or response or add	n that can route N m ELSE i ding or modifyir	e outside the reading the ng the conter	trust network contents of t	k, the P-Acces	eader before	nfo header proxying
c11:	for access network information extension. IF A.162/11 OR A.162/12 THE the request or response or add request or response for method	n that can route EN m ELSE i ding or modifyin ods other than F	e outside the reading the ng the conter REGISTER.	trust network contents of t nts of the Re	k, the P-Acces the Require hequire hequire hequire hequire	eader before before proxy	nfo header e proxying ring the
c10: c11: c12:	for access network information extension. IF A.162/11 OR A.162/12 THE the request or response or ad request or response for metho IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/	n that can route EN m ELSE i ding or modifyin ods other than F	e outside the reading the ng the conter REGISTER.	trust network contents of t nts of the Re	k, the P-Acces the Require hequire hequire hequire hequire	eader before before proxy	nfo header e proxying ring the
c11: c12:	for access network information extension. IF A.162/11 OR A.162/12 THE the request or response or add request or response for method IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/ information.	n that can route EN m ELSE i ding or modifyin ids other than F a an extensi	e outside the reading the ng the conter REGISTER. on to the ses	trust network contents of t nts of the Re ssion initiatio	k, the P-Acces the Require hequire hequire hequire hequire	eader before before proxy	nfo header e proxying ring the
c11:	for access network information extension. IF A.162/11 OR A.162/12 THE the request or response or ad request or response for metho IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/	n that can route EN m ELSE i ding or modifyin ds other than F a an extensi a SIP locatio	e outside the reading the ng the conter REGISTER. on to the ses	trust network contents of t nts of the Re ssion initiatio ce.	k, the P-Acces the Require he quire header n protocol for	eader before before proxy request hist	nfo header proxying ring the ory

Table A.278: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
3	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
5A	P-Associated-URI	[52] 4.1	c8	c8	[52] 4.1	c9	c10
6	Path	[35] 4.2	c3	c3	[35] 4.2	c4	c4
8	Service-Route	[38] 5	c5	c5	[38] 5	c6	c7
9	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI	P specific eve	ent notificatio	n extension.			
c3:	IF A.162/29 THEN m ELSE n/a	 - Path exter 	nsion support	t.			
c4:	IF A.162/29 THEN i ELSE n/a -	 Path extens 	sion support.				
c5:	IF A.162/32 THEN m ELSE n/a	Service-R	oute extensio	on support.			
c6:	IF A.162/32 THEN i ELSE n/a -	- Service-Ro	ute extensior	support.			
c7:	IF A.162/32 THEN (IF A.3/2 THE	EN m ELSE i) ELSE n/a -	- Service-Ro	ute extensior	and P-CSC	F.
c8:	IF A.162/36 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Ass	ociated-URI	extension.			
c9:	IF A.162/36 THEN i ELSE n/a -	- the P-Asso	ciated-URI ex	tension.			
c10:	IF A.162/36 AND A.3/2 THEN m	ELSE IF A.	162/36 AND	(A.3/3 OR A.3	3/9A) THEN i	ELSE n/a -	- the P-
	Associated-URI extension and F	-CSCF or I-0	CSCF or IBC	F (THIG).	-		

Table A.279: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.171A: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.280: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
3	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c2	c2		
c2:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.								

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.281: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status			
			้อเลเนอ	้อเลเนอ		้อเลเนอ	รเลเนร			
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m			
6	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a			
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i			
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.									

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.282: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
6	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i	

Table A.283: Void

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.284: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
5	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
9	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.285: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.286: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
8	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3
c3:	IF A.162/17 THEN m ELSE.i						

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.286A: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

Table A.287: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
5	Min-Expires	[26] 20.23	m	m	[26] 20.23	i	i

Table A.288: Void

Table A.289: Void

A.2.2.4.13 SUBSCRIBE method

Prerequisite A.163/20 - - SUBSCRIBE request

Table A.290: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE request

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c27	c27	[56B] 9.2	c27	c28
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
ЗA	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
6A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
14	Event	[28] 7.2.1	m	m	[28] 7.2.1	m	m
15	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
16A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c35	c35	[89] 3.2	c36	c36
16B	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c31	c31	[66] 4.1	c31	c31
17	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
18	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
18A	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	c3
18B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c22	c22	[52] 4.4	c23	c23
18C	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c9	c9	[34] 9.1	c10	c10
18D	P-Asserted-Service	[121] 4.1	c39	c39	[121] 4.1	c40	c40
18E	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	c13	c13	[52] 4.2	c14	c15
18F	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c20	c20	[52] 4.5	c21	c21
18G	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c18	c18	[52] 4.6	c19	c19
18H	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	х	[34] 9.2	c8	c8
181	P-Preferred-Service	[121] 4.2	х	х	[121] 4.2	c38	c38
18J	P-Profile-Key	[97] 5	c33	c33	[97] 5	c34	c34
18K	P-User-Database	[82] 4	c32	c32	[82] 4	c32	c32
18K	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c16	n/a	[52] 4.3	c17	n/a
18M	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c11	c11	[33] 4.2	c12	c12
19	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c4	c4
20	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
20A	Reason	[34A] 2	c25	c25	[34A] 2	c26	c26
21	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7
21A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c29	c29	[59] 3	c30	c30
21B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c27	c27	[56B] 9.2	c27	c28
21C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c27	c27	[56B] 9.1	c27	c27
22	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
23	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
23A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c24	c24
23B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c24	c24
24	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
25	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
26	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
27	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i

28	Via [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 m m
 c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c3:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
c3. c4:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i authentication between UA and proxy.
c4. c5:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
05.	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
c6:	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.
c7:	IF A.162/14 THEN m ELSE i the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog.
c8:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
c9:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
c10:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the
	trust network.
c11:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c12:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c13:	IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
c14:	IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
c15:	IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/37 AND (A.3/3 OR A.3/9A) THEN i ELSE n/a the P-
	Called-Party-ID header extension and P-CSCF or I-CSCF or IBCF (THIG).
c16:	IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension.
c17:	IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the request or response.
c18:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c10:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
013.	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c20:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c21:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging- Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function- Addresses header extension.
c22:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c23:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c24:	IF A.4/37 A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c25:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c26:	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c27:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c28:	IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/50 AND NOT A.4/3 THEN i ELSE n/a caller preferences
	for the session initiation protocol, and S-CSCF.
c29:	IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c30:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c31:	IF A.162/57 THEN m ELSE n/a an extension to the session initiation protocol for request history information.
c32:	IF A.162/60 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-User-Database private header extension.
c33:	IF A.162/66A THEN m ELSE n/a making the first query to the database in order to populate the P- Profile-Key header.
c34:	IF A.162/66B THEN m ELSE n/a using the information in the P-Profile-Key header.
c35:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c36:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
c38:	IF A.162/84A THEN m ELSE n/a act as authentication entity within the trust domain for asserted service.
c39: c40:	IF A.162/84 THEN m ELSE n/a identification of communication services in the session initiation protocol. IF A.162/84 OR A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i identification of communication services in the session
	initiation protocol or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for
	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.291: Void

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.291A: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m			
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m			
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m			
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	c2	c2			
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m			
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m			
c1:	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A	.162/4 THEN	l m ELSE n/a	i stateful p	roxy behavio	ur that insert	s date, or			
	stateless proxies.									
c2:	IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m S	Stateless prox	y passes on.							

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response for all remaining status-codes

	Header		Sending			Receiving	Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile				
			status	status		status	status				
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i				
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m				
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i				
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	li				
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	 i				
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m				
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i				
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m				
8	Date	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1				
9	From	[26] 20.17			[26] 20.17						
			m o15	m a15		m	m				
9A	History-Info	[66] 4.1	c15	c15	[66] 4.1	c15	c15				
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	1	i				
10A	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2				
10B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c12	[52] 4.4	c13	c13				
10C	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c4	c4	[34] 9.1	c5	c5				
10D	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c10	c10	[52] 4.5	c11	c11				
10E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	c8	[52] 4.6	c9	c9				
10F	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	х	[34] 9.2	c3	n/a				
10G	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	c6	[33] 4.2	c7	c7				
10H	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c14	c14				
101	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i				
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i				
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m				
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i				
13	Via	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m				
13	Warning	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	;					
	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i ii					I					
			to in roomoot	a and reanen							
c1:						o Oracniza	tion booder				
c2:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH	IEN m ELSE	i reading,	adding or col	ncatenating tl						
c2: c3:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/	IEN m ELSE a act as fir	i reading, st entity with	adding or col	ncatenating the second s	erted identit	ty.				
c2:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/ IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a	IEN m ELSE a act as fir	i reading, st entity with	adding or col	ncatenating the second s	erted identit	ty.				
c2: c3: c4:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/ IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks.	IEN m ELSE a act as fir extensions	i reading, st entity with s to the Sess	adding or col in the trust do ion Initiation	ncatenating tl omain for ass Protocol (SIP	erted identit) for asserte	ty. ed identity				
c2: c3:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/ IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE	IEN m ELSE a act as fir extensions	i reading, st entity with s to the Sess extension	adding or col in the trust do ion Initiation s to the Sessi	ncatenating th omain for ass Protocol (SIP ion Initiation F	erted identit) for asserte Protocol (SII	ty. ed identity P) for				
c2: c3: c4:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/s IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE asserted identity within trusted r	IEN m ELSE a act as fir extensions	i reading, st entity with s to the Sess extension	adding or col in the trust do ion Initiation s to the Sessi	ncatenating th omain for ass Protocol (SIP ion Initiation F	erted identit) for asserte Protocol (SII	ty. ed identity P) for				
c2: c3: c4: c5:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE asserted identity within trusted r trust network.	IEN m ELSE a act as fir extensions EN m ELSE i networks or s	i reading, st entity with s to the Sess extension ubsequent en	adding or co in the trust do ion Initiation s to the Sessi- ntity within tru	ncatenating th omain for ass Protocol (SIP ion Initiation F ust network th	erted identit) for asserte Protocol (SII nat can route	ty. ed identity P) for e outside the				
c2: c3: c4: c5: c6:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE asserted identity within trusted r trust network. IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a	IEN m ELSE a act as fir extensions EN m ELSE i hetworks or s a privacy i	i reading, st entity with s to the Sess extension ubsequent e mechanism f	adding or con in the trust do ion Initiation is to the Sessi ntity within tru or the Sessio	ncatenating tl omain for ass Protocol (SIP ion Initiation f ust network th n Initiation Pr	erted identit) for asserte Protocol (SII nat can route rotocol (SIP)	ty. ed identity P) for e outside the).				
c2: c3: c4: c5:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE asserted identity within trusted r trust network. IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH	IEN m ELSE a act as fir extensions EN m ELSE i hetworks or s a privacy n HEN m ELSE	i reading, st entity with s to the Sess extension ubsequent el mechanism f IF A.162/310	adding or con in the trust do ion Initiation is to the Sessi ntity within tru or the Sessio C THEN i ELS	ncatenating ti pmain for ass Protocol (SIP ion Initiation F ust network th n Initiation Pr SE n/a app	erted identit) for asserte Protocol (SII nat can route rotocol (SIP) plication of ti	ty. ed identity P) for e outside the). he privacy				
c2: c3: c4: c5: c6: c7:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE asserted identity within trusted r trust network. IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH option "header" or application of	IEN m ELSE a act as fir extensions EN m ELSE i hetworks or s a privacy r HEN m ELSE f the privacy of	i reading, st entity with s to the Sess extension ubsequent el mechanism f IF A.162/310 option "id" or	adding or con in the trust do ion Initiation is to the Session tity within tru- or the Session C THEN i ELS passing on o	ncatenating the protocol (SIP protocol (SIP protocol (SIP protocol to the privacy of the privacy protocol to the proto	erted identit) for asserte Protocol (SII nat can route rotocol (SIP) plication of ti	ty. ed identity P) for e outside the). he privacy				
c2: c3: c4: c5: c6: c7: c8:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE asserted identity within trusted r trust network. IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH option "header" or application of IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a	IEN m ELSE a act as fir extensions EN m ELSE i hetworks or s a privacy o HEN m ELSE f the privacy o the P-Cha	i reading, st entity with s to the Sess extension ubsequent el mechanism f IF A.162/310 option "id" or rging-Vector	adding or con in the trust do ion Initiation is to the Session tity within tru- or the Session C THEN i ELS passing on or header exter	ncatenating the protocol (SIP protocol (SIP protocol (SIP protocol to the protocol to the protocol to the protocol to the privacy protocol to the prot	erted identit) for asserte Protocol (SII nat can route rotocol (SIP) plication of th header tran	ty. ed identity P) for e outside the). he privacy hsparently.				
c2: c3: c4: c5: c6: c7:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE asserted identity within trusted r trust network. IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH option "header" or application of IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A	IEN m ELSE a act as fir extensions EN m ELSE i hetworks or s a privacy r HEN m ELSE f the privacy o the P-Cha A.162/45 THE	i reading, st entity with s to the Sess extension ubsequent en mechanism fr IF A.162/310 option "id" or rging-Vector N i ELSE n/a	adding or con in the trust do ion Initiation is to the Session or the Sessio C THEN i ELS passing on o header exter a adding, o	ncatenating the protocol (SIP protocol (SIP protocol (SIP protocol to the protocol to the protocol to the protocol to the privacy protocol to the protocol to	erted identit) for asserte Protocol (SII nat can route rotocol (SIP) plication of th header tran	ty. ed identity P) for e outside the). he privacy hsparently. tying the P-				
c2: c3: c4: c5: c6: c7: c8:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE asserted identity within trusted r trust network. IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH option "header" or application of IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A Charging-Vector header before	IEN m ELSE a act as fir extensions EN m ELSE i hetworks or s a privacy r HEN m ELSE f the privacy o the P-Cha A.162/45 THE	i reading, st entity with s to the Sess extension ubsequent en mechanism fr IF A.162/310 option "id" or rging-Vector N i ELSE n/a	adding or con in the trust do ion Initiation is to the Session or the Sessio C THEN i ELS passing on o header exter a adding, o	ncatenating the protocol (SIP protocol (SIP protocol (SIP protocol to the protocol to the protocol to the protocol to the privacy protocol to the protocol to	erted identit) for asserte Protocol (SII nat can route rotocol (SIP) plication of th header tran	ty. ed identity P) for e outside the). he privacy hsparently. tying the P-				
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Table A.292: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.293: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	i	i
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
2	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i
3	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3
6	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN m ELSE i	 the requirem 	ent to be able	e to use sepa	rate URIs in	the upstream	n direction
	and downstream direction when	n record route	ing.				

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.293A: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.294: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status			
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1			
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.									

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.295: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480 (Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.296: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.297: Void

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.298: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.299: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i		

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.300: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3			
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420									
	response to a method other than REGISTER.									

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Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.300A: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a		
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.								

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

Table A.301: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
2	Min-Expires	[26] 20.23	m	m	[26] 20.23	i	i

Table A.302: Void

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.303: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI	P specific eve	ent notificatio	n extension.				
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.							

Table A.303A: Void

Table A.304: Void

A.2.2.4.14 UPDATE method

Prerequisite A.163/22 - - UPDATE request

Table A.305: Supported headers within the UPDATE request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c21	c21	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
4	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
5	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
6	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
7	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
8	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c8	c8
9	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
10	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	c4	c4
11	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	c4	c4
12	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	c4	c4
13	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
14	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	c4	c4
15	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
16	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
17	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
17A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c26	c26	[89] 3.2	c27	c27
18	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
19	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c4
19A	Min-SE	[58] 5	c23	c23	[58] 5	c23	c23
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	c3
20A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c16	c16	[52] 4.4	c17	c17
20B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c14	c14	[52] 4.5	c15	c15
20C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c12	c12	[52] 4.6	c13	c13
20D	P-Early-Media	[109] 8	0	c28	[109] 8	0	c29
20E	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c10	c10	[33] 4.2	c11	c11
21	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c9	c9
22	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
22A	Reason	[34A] 2	c19	c19	[34A] 2	c20	c20
23	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7
23A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c24	c24	[59] 3	c25	c25
23B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c21	c21	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22
23C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c21	c21	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22
24	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
25	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
25A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18
25B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18
25C	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c23	c23	[58] 4	c23	c23
26	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
27	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
28	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
29	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
30	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses.
c3:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
c4:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE i P-CSCF or S-CSCF.
c5:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Require header before proxying
	the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the
	request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
c6:	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the
00.	response.
c7:	IF A.162/14 THEN o ELSE i the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a
07.	dialog.
c8:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
c0. c9:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i authentication between UA and proxy.
c10:	
	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c11:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy
10	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
c12:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c13:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-
	Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
	extension.
c14:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c15:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-
	Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-
	Addresses header extension.
c16:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c17:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a act as subsequent entity within trust network
-	for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
	extension.
c18:	IF A.4/37 A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c19:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c20:	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c21:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c21.	· ·
c22:	IF A.162/50 THEN i ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.
c24:	IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c25:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c26:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP location conveyance.
c27:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/70B THEN i ELSE n/a addition or modification of location in a SIP
	method, passes on locations in SIP method without modification.
c28:	IF A.162/76 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP P-Early-Media private header extension for authorization of early
	media.
c29:	IF A.162/76 THEN (IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE i) ELSE n/a P-CSCF, using the information in the P-Early-
	Media header.
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for
	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.306: Void

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.306A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m			
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m			
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m			
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	c2	c2			
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m			
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m			
c1:	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A.162/4 THEN m ELSE n/a stateful proxy behaviour that inserts date, or stateless proxies.									
c2:	IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m S	Stateless prox	y passes on.							

Prerequisite A.163/22 - - UPDATE response for all remaining status-codes

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile status	Ref.	RFC	Profile status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c4	c4
1B	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c3
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	c3
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	c3
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	c3
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
9A	Geolocation	[89] 3.2	c14	c14	[89] 3.2	c15	c15
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c3
10A	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2
10B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c11	c11	[52] 4.4	c12	c12
10C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c9	c9	[52] 4.5	c10	c10
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c7	n/a	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a
10E	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c5	c5	[33] 4.2	c6	c6
10F	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c13	c13
10G	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i
c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i -	- insertion of da	te in request	ts and respo	nses.	•	•
c2:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B					he Organiza	tion header.
c3:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m E				C C	Ū	
c4:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D	THEN m ELSE	i reading,	adding or co	oncatenating t	he Call-Info	header.
c5:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n						
c6:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G						
	option "header" or application					header tran	sparently.
c7:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n						
c8:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE II						
	Charging-Vector header befo	re proxying the	request or re	esponse or th	e P-Charging	-Vector hea	der
•	extension.		. –				
c9:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n						i i
c10:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE						
	Function-Addresses header b		the request of	or response,	or the P-Chai	ging-Functio	on-
-11.	Addresses header extension.						بالبحيد فحرفه
c11:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF						
	for access network informatic	in that can route	e outside the	trust networ	k, the P-Acces	SS-INETWORK-	into neader
.10.	extension.				haaguaat aa	ity within tru	at patwork
c12:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE II						
	for access network informatic	in that can route	e outside the	inusi networ		ss-inetwork-	nno neader
012.			rooding the	contonto of	ha Daguira h	oodor bofor	n nova in a
c13:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 TH						
	the request or response or ac			nis of the Re	quire neader	neiore brox)	/ing the
o14·	request or response for meth			~~			
c14:	IF A.162/70 THEN m ELSE n				on or modifier	ation of loan	tion in a CID
c15:	IF A.162/70A THEN m ELSE				on or modifica	alion of local	uon in a SIP
	method, passes on locations	III SIF Method \	without modi	ncauon.			

Table A.307: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
0B	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
0C	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i
3	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
3A	P-Early-Media	[109] 8	0	c10	[109] 8	0	c11
4	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c4	c4	[58] 4	c4	c4
6	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI	Specific even	ent notificatio	n extension.			
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN o ELSE i t	he requireme	ent to be able	to use sepa	rate URIs in t	he upstream	direction
	and downstream direction when	record route	ing.				
c4:	IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a	the SIP se	ssion timer.				
c10:	IF A.162/76 THEN m ELSE n/a	the SIP P-	Early-Media	private head	er extension	for authorizat	tion of early
	media.						
c11:	IF A.162/76 THEN (IF A.3/2 THE	EN m ELSE i) ELSE n/a -	- P-CSCF, us	sing the infor	mation in the	P-Early-
	Media header.						

Table A.308: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.308A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 or A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx, 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.309: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1		
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.								

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.309A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.310: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.311: Void

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.312: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.313: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.314: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Profile		Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status	
7	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3	
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420							
	response to a method other than REGISTER.							

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Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28A - - Additional for 422 (Session Interval Too Small) response

Table A.314B: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

ltem	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Min-SE	[58] 5	c1	c1	[58] 5	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.						

Table A.315: Void

Table A.316: Void

A.3.2.1 Major capabilities

Table A.317: Major capabilities

Item	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status			
	Capabilities within main protocol						
	Extensions						
22	integration of resource management and SIP?	[30] [64]	0	<u>c14</u> m			
23	grouping of media lines	[53]	c3	c3			
24	mapping of media streams to resource reservation flows	[54]	0	c1			
25	SDP Bandwidth Modifiers for RTCP Bandwidth	[56]	0	o (NOTE)			
26	TCP-based media transport in the session description protocol	[83]	0	c2			
27	interactive connectivity establishment?	[99]	0	c4			
28	session description protocol format for binary floor control protocol streams?	[108]	0	0			
c1:	IF A.3/1 THEN mo.1 ELSE n/a UE role.			·			
c2:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/6 OR A.3/7 OR A.3/9B THEN						
c3:	IF A.317/24 THEN m ELSE o mapping of r			DWS.			
c4	IF A.3/9B THEN m ELSE IF A.3/1 OR A.3/6 T	HEN o ELSE n/a -	- IBCF, UE, MGCF.				
c14:	IF A.4/2C THEN m ELSE o initiating a session which require local and/or remote resource reservation.						
0.1:	The procedure is mandatory in case if there a	re access specific	procedures which the	<u>UE is using.</u>			
NOTE:	For "video" and "audio" media types that utiliz different than the default RTCP bandwidth as other media types, it may be specified.						

A.3.2.2 SDP types

Table A.318: SDP types

Item	Туре	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
	Session level description						
1	v= (protocol version)	[39] 5.1	m	m	[39] 5.1	m	m
2	o= (owner/creator and session identifier)	[39] 5.2	m	m	[39] 5.2	m	m
3	s= (session name)	[39] 5.3	m	m	[39] 5.3	m	m
4	i= (session information)	[39] 5.4	0	c2	[39] 5.4	m	c3
5	u= (URI of description)	[39] 5.5	0	c4	[39] 5.5	0	n/a
6	e= (email address)	[39] 5.6	0	c4	[39] 5.6	0	n/a
7	p= (phone number)	[39] 5.6	0	c4	[39] 5.6	0	n/a

8	c= (connection information)	[39] 5.7	c5	c5	[39] 5.7	m	m
9	b= (bandwidth information)	[39] 5.8	0	0	[39] 5.8	m	m
				(NOTE 1)			
	Time description (one or more	e per descri	ption)				
10	t= (time the session is active)	[39] 5.9	m	m	[39] 5.9	m	m
11	r= (zero or more repeat times)	[39] 5.10	0	c4	[39] 5.10	0	n/a
	Session level description (co	ntinued)					
12	z= (time zone adjustments)	[39] 5.11	0	n/a	[39] 5.11	0	n/a
13	k= (encryption key)	[39] 5.12	х	х	[39] 5.12	n/a	n/a
14	a= (zero or more session	[39] 5.13	0	0	[39] 5.13	m	m
	attribute lines)						
	Media description (zero or mo	ore per desc	ription)				
15	m= (media name and	[39] 5.14	<u>m</u> ə	mə	[39] 5.14	m	m
	transport address)						
16	i= (media title)	[39] 5.4	0	c2	[39] 5.4	0	c3
17	c= (connection information)	[39] 5.7	c1	c1	[39] 5.7	mc1	m c1
18	b= (bandwidth information)	[39] 5.8	0	0	[39] 5.8	<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>
				(NOTE 1)			
19	k= (encryption key)	[39] 5.12	х	х	[39] 5.12	n/a	n/a
20	a= (zero or more media	[39] 5.13	0	0	[39] 5.13	m	m
	attribute lines)						
c1:	IF (A.318/15 AND NOT A.318/8	<u>) THEN m El</u>	<u>LSE (IF (A.31</u>	8/15 AND A.	<u>318/8) THEN</u>	l o ELSE n/a) 'C='_
	contained in session level descr	ription and SI	DP contains r	<u>media descrip</u>	tions.IF A.31	18/15 THEN 1	m ELSE
	n/a.						
c2:	IF A.3A/6 THEN x ELSE o M						
c3:	IF A.3A/6 THEN n/a ELSE m MGCF.						
c4:	IF A.3A/6 THEN x ELSE n/a						
c5:	IF A.318/17 THEN o ELSE m -						
NOTE 1:	For "video" and "audio" media ty	pes that utili	se RTP/RTC	P, it shall be	specified. Fo	r other media	a types, it
	may be specified.						

Prerequisite A.318/14 OR A.318/20 - - a= (zero or more session/media attribute lines)

ltem	Field	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	category (a=cat)	[39] 6	c8	c8	[39] 6	c9	c9
2	keywords (a=keywds)	[39] 6	c8	c8	[39] 6	c9	c9
3	name and version of tool (a=tool)	[39] 6	c8	c8	[39] 6	c9	c9
4	packet time (a=ptime)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11
5	maximum packet time (a=maxptime)	[39] 6, [28A] 8	c10	c10	[39] 6, [28A] 8	c11	c11
6	receive-only mode (a=recvonly)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m
7	send and receive mode (a=sendrecv)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m
8	send-only mode (a=sendonly)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m
8A	Inactive mode (a=inactive)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m
9	whiteboard orientation (a=orient)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11
10	conference type (a=type)	[39] 6	c8	c8	[39] 6	c9	c9
11	character set (a=charset)	[39] 6	c8	c8	[39] 6	c9	c9
12	language tag (a=sdplang)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m
13	language tag (a=lang)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m
14	frame rate (a=framerate)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11
15	quality (a=quality)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11
16	format specific parameters (a=fmtp)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11
17	rtpmap attribute (a=rtpmap)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11
18	current-status attribute (a=curr)	[30] 5	c1	c1	[30] 5	c2	c2
19	desired-status attribute (a=des)	[30] 5	c1	c1	[30] 5	c2	c2
20	confirm-status attribute (a=conf)	[30] 5	c1	c1	[30] 5	c2	c2
21	media stream identification attribute (a=mid)	[53] 3	c3	c3	[53] 3	c4	c4
22	group attribute (a=group)	[53] 4	c5	c5	[53] 3	c6	c6
23	setup attribute (a=setup)	[83] 4	c7	c7	[83] 4	c7	c7
24	connection attribute (a=connection)	[83] 5	с7	c7	[83] 5	c7	c7
25	candidate IP addresses (a=candidate)	[99]	c12	c12	[99]	c13	c13
26	floor control server determination (a=floorctrl)	[108] 4	c14	c14	[108] 4	c14	c14
27	conference id (a=confid)	[108] 5	c14	c14	[108] 5	c14	c14
28	user id (a=userid)	[108] 5	c14	c14	[108] 5	c14	c14
29	association between streams and floors (a=floorid)	[108] 6	c14	c14	[108] 6	c14	c14

Table A.319: zero or more session / media attribute lines (a=)

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A.3.3.1 Major capabilities

Table A.328: Major capabilities

ltem	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
0A	application of session policy	6.2, 6.3	Х	c2
	Extensions			
1	integration of resource management and SIP?	[30] [64]	0	n/a
2	grouping of media lines	[53]	c3	Х
3	mapping of media streams to resource	[54]	0	Х
	reservation flows			
4	SDP bandwidth modifiers for RTCP	[56]	0	c1
	bandwidth			
5	TCP-based media transport in the	[83]	0	c 1 4
	session description protocol			
6	interactive connectivity establishment?	[99]	0	c4
7	session description protocol format for	[108]	0	0
	binary floor control protocol streams?			
c1:	IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE n/a P-CSCF role.			
c2:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN o ELSE x - P-CSC	F, S-CSCF.		
c3:	IF A.328/3 THEN m ELSE o mapping of r		source reservation flow	VS.
c4	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a P-0	SCF, S-CSCF.		

Annex B IP-Connectivity Access Network specific concepts when using GPRS to access IM CN subsystem

B.2 GPRS aspects when connected to the IM CN subsystem

For the purpose of the present document annex B of [1] applies, except for subclause B.2.2.1 which is replaced by the appropriate subclause in annex B. In addition subclause B.2A.2 is added.

B.2.2.1 PDP context activation and P-CSCF discovery

Prior to communication with the IM CN subsystem, the UE shall:

- a) perform a GPRS attach procedure;
 - If the bearer establishment is controlled by the UE the UE starts reserving its local resources whenever it has sufficient information about the media streams, media authorization and used codecs available as specified in <u>3GPP TS 24.008 [8].</u>

- <u>NOTE 1:</u> If the bearer establishment is controlled by the GPRS IP CAN the resource reservation requests are initiated by the GGSN after the P-CSCF has authorised the respective IP flows and provided the QoS requirements over the Rx interface to the PCRF as described in 3GPP TS 29.214 [13D].
- NOTE 1A: During the PDP context activation procedure it is negotiated whether the UE or the GPRS IP-CAN is responsible for establishing the applicable to all PDP contexts within the activated PDP address/APN pair as described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].
- b) establishensure that a PDP context used for SIP signalling according to the APN and GGSN selection criteria described in 3GPP TS 23.060 [4] and 3GPP TS 27.060 [10A] is available. This PDP context shall remain active throughout the period the UE is connected to the IM CN subsystem, i.e. from the initial registration and at least until the deregistration. As a result, the PDP context provides the UE with information that makes the UE able to construct an IPv6 address;

When the bearer establishment is controlled by the UE, the UE shall choose one of the following options when performing establishment of this PDP context:

I. A dedicated PDP context for SIP signalling:

The UE shall indicate to the GGSN that this is a PDP context intended to carry IM CN subsystem-related signalling only by setting the IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag. The UE may also use this PDP context for DNS and DHCP signalling according to the static packet filters as described in 3GPP TS 29.061 [11]. The UE can also set the Signalling Indication attribute within the QoS IE;

II. A general-purpose PDP context:

The UE may decide to use a general-purpose PDP Context to carry IM CN subsystem-related signaling. The UE shall indicate to the GGSN that this is a general-purpose PDP context by not setting the IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag. The UE may carry both signalling and media on the general-purpose PDP context. The UE can also set the Signalling Indication attribute within the QoS IE.

NOTE 2: When the bearer establishment is controlled by the GPRS IP-CAN, the GGSN follows the procedures described in 3GPP TS 29.061 [11] in order to establish a dedicated PDP context for SIP signalling.

The UE indicates the IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag to the GGSN within the Protocol Configuration Options IE of the ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message or ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message. Upon successful signalling PDP context establishment the UE receives an indication from GGSN in the form of IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag within the Protocol Configuration Options IE. If the flag is not received, the UE shall consider the PDP context as a general-purpose PDP context.

The encoding of the IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag within the Protocol Configuration Options IE is described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

The UE can indicate a request for prioritised handling over the radio interface by setting the Signalling Indication attribute (see 3GPP TS 23.107 [4A]). The general QoS negotiation mechanism and the encoding of the Signalling Indication attribute within the QoS IE are described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

- NOTE <u>3</u>: A general-purpose PDP Context <u>can</u>may carry both IM CN subsystem signaling and media, in case the media does not need to be authorized by Policy and Charging control mechanisms as defined in 3GPP TS 29.212 [13C] and Service Based Local Policy mechanisms defined in 3GPP TS 29.207 [12] and the media stream is not mandated by the P-CSCF to be carried in a separate PDP Context.
- c) acquire a P-CSCF address(es).

The methods for P-CSCF discovery are:

- I. Employ Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) RFC 3315 [40], the DHCPv6 options for SIP servers RFC 3319 [41] and DHCPv6 options for Domain Name Servers (DNS) RFC 3646 [56C] as described in subclause 9.2.1.
- II. Transfer P-CSCF address(es) within the PDP context activation procedure.

The UE shall indicate the request for a P-CSCF address to the GGSN within the Protocol Configuration Options IE of the ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message or ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message. If the GGSN provides the UE with a list of P-CSCF IPv6 addresses in the ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message or ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message, the UE shall assume that the list is prioritised with the first address within the Protocol Configuration Options IE as the P-CSCF address with the highest priority.

The UE can freely select method I or II for P-CSCF discovery. In case method I is selected and several P-CSCF addresses or FQDNs are provided to the UE, the selection of P-CSCF address or FQDN shall be performed as indicated in RFC 3319 [41]. If sufficient information for P-CSCF address selection is not available, selection of the P-CSCF address by the UE is implementation specific.

If the UE is designed to use I above, but receives P-CSCF address(es) according to II, then the UE shall either ignore the received address(es), or use the address(es) in accordance with II, and not proceed with the DHCP request according to I.

The UE may request a DNS Server IPv6 address(es) via RFC 3315 [40] and RFC 3646 [56C] or by the Protocol Configuration Options IE when activating a PDP context according to 3GPP TS 27.060 [10A].

The encoding of the request and response for IPv6 address(es) for DNS server(s) and list of P-CSCF address(es) within the Protocol Configuration Options IE is described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

B.2.2.6 Emergency service

No IP-CAN specific procedures for emergency registration have been defined for GPRS. However, when activating a PDP context to perform emergency registration, based on the conditions in subclause 5.1.6.1 of this specification, the UE can select an APN that results in selection of a GGSN located in the PLMN to which the UE is attached (see 3GPP TS 23.060 [4]). The procedures for PDP context activation and P-CSCF discovery, as described in subclause B.2.2.1 of this specification apply accordingly.

NOTE 1: The UE discovery of the local APN is not in the scope of this specification, but the UE can get information about such an APN e.g. via local configuration.

In order to find out whether the UE is attached to the home PLMN or to the visited PLMN, the UE shall compare the MCC values derived from its IMSI with the MCC of the PLMN the UE is attached to. If the MCC of the PLMN the UE is attached to does not match with the MCC derived from the IMSI, then for the purpose of emergency calls in the IM CN subsystem the UE shall consider to be attached to a VPLMN.

NOTE 2: In this respect an equivalent HPLMN, as defined in 3GPP TS 23.122 [4C] will be considered as a visited network.

The type of emergency service for an emergency number is derived from the settings of the emergency service category value (bits 1 to 5 of the emergency service category value as specified in subclause 10.5.4.33 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [8]). Table B.2.2.6.1 below specifies mappings between a type of emergency service and an emergency service URN. The UE shall use the mapping to match an emergency service URN and a type of emergency service. If a dialled number is an emergency number but does not map to a type of emergency service the service URN shall be "urn:service:sos".

Type of emergency service	Emergency service URN
Police	urn:service:sos.police
Ambulance	urn:service:sos.ambulance
Fire Brigade	urn:service:sos.fire
Marine Guard	urn:service:sos.marine
Mountain Rescue	urn:service:sos.mountain

Table B.2.2.6.1: Mapping between type of emergency service and emergency service URN

If the IP-CAN did not provide a local emergency number that matches the dialled number (see subclause 5.1.6.1) and multiple types of emergency service can be derived for a dialled number from the information configured on the USIM then:

- if the UE is in the HPLMN, the UE shall map any one of these types of emergency service to an emergency service URN as specified in table L.2.2.6.1; and
- if the UE is in the VPLMN, the UE shall select "urn:service:sos".

If the IP-CAN provided a local emergency number that matches the dialled number (see subclause 5.1.6.1), and:

- if the UE can derive one or more types of emergency service from the information received from the IP-CAN for the dialled number and the UE cannot derive types of emergency service from the information configured on the USIM for the dialled number; or
- if the UE is able to derive identical types of emergency service from both the information received from the IP-CAN for the dialled number and from the information configured on the USIM for the dialled number.

then the UE shall map any one of these emergency service types to an emergency service URN as specified in table L.2.2.6.1.

- <u>NOTE 3:</u> How the UE resolves clashes where an emergency number is associated with one or more different types of emergency service configured in the USIM and in information received from the access network, is implementation dependent.
- B.2A.2 Handling of SDP at the terminating UE when originating UE has resources available and IP-CAN performs network-initiated resource reservation for terminating UE

If the UE receives an SDP offer where the SDP offer includes all media streams for which the originating side indicated its local preconditions as met, if the precondition mechanism is supported by the terminating UE and the IP-CAN performs network-initiated resource reservation for the terminating UE and the available resources are not sufficient for the received offer the terminating UE shall indicate its local preconditions and provide the SDP answer to the originating side without waiting for resource reservation.

- <u>NOTE 1:</u> If the resource reservation is controlled by the GPRS IP-CAN, the resource reservation request is initiated by the GGSN after the P-CSCF has authorised the respective IP flows and provided the QoS requirements over the Rx interface to the PCRF as described in 3GPP TS 29.214 [13D].
- <u>NOTE 2:</u> During the PDP context activation procedure the UE and network negotiate whether the UE or the GPRS <u>IP-CAN is responsible to the resource reservation applicable to all PDP contexts within the activated PDP</u> <u>address/APN pair as described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].</u>

Annex C UICC and USIM Aspects for access to the IM CN subsystem

For the purpose of the present document annex C of [1] applies, except for the addition of clause C.4.

C.4 Provisioning of IMS parameters for UEs without ISIM or USIM

In case the UE contains neither a USIM application nor a ISIM application, the following IMS parameters are assumed to be available to the UE:

- a private user identity;
- a public user identity; and
- a home network domain name to address the SIP REGISTER request to.

These parameters may not necessarily reside in a UICC.

Annex D IP-Connectivity Access Network specific concepts when using I-WLAN to access IM CN subsystem

For the purpose of the present document annex D of [1] applies.

Annex E IP-Connectivity Access Network specific concepts when using xDSL to access IM CN subsystem

For the purpose of the present document annex E of [1] applies.

Annex F

Annex F applies with the exception that all occurrences of "IMS Access Gateway" and IMS Access Gateway over the Iq interface" are replaced with "transport functions".

For the purpose of this document annex F of [1] applies with the addition of clause F.4A.

F.2.1.2.2 Initial registration

Subclause F.4.1 applies with the following modification to item d).

Modify item d) as follows:

d) a Contact header according to the following rules: if the REGISTER request is sent without integrity protection, the Contact header shall be set to include SIP URI(s) containing the private IP address of the UE in the hostport parameter or FQDN. If the UE supports GRUU, it shall include a +sip.instance parameter containing the instance ID. If the REGISTER request is integrity protected, the UE shall only use a FQDN in a protected REGISTER request, if it is ensured that the FQDN resolves to the public IP address of the NAT. If the UE supports GRUU, it shall include a +sip.instance parameter containing the instance ID. The UE shall include a +sip.instance parameter GRUU, it shall include a +sip.instance parameter containing the instance ID. The UE shall include all supported ICSI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2) in a g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2 and RFC 3840 [62] for the IMS communication services it intends to use in a g.3gpp.iari-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.3 and RFC 3840 [62];

F.2.1.2.4 User-initiated re-registration

Subclause F.4.1 applies with the following modification to item d).

Modify item d) as follows:

d) a Contact header set to include SIP URI(s) that contain(s) in the hostport parameter the public IP address of the UE or FQDN and protected server port value bound to the security association, and containing the instance ID of the UE in the +sip.instance parameter, if the UE supports GRUU. The UE shall only use a FQDN, if it is ensured that the FQDN resolves to the public IP address of the NAT. The UE shall include all supported ICSI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.8.2) in a g.3gpp.icsi-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.2 and RFC 3840 [62] for the IMS communication services it intends to use, and IARI values (coded as specified in subclause 7.2A.9.2), for the IMS applications it intends to use in a g.3gpp.iari-ref feature tag as defined in subclause 7.9.3 and RFC 3840 [62];

F.4A NAT traversal for media

To keep NAT bindings and firewall pinholes open with uni-directional RTP traffic and enable the C-BGF to perform address latching, the UE shall send keep alive messages for each media stream. These messages shall be sent regardless of whether the media stream is currently inactive, send only, recvonly or sendrecy. It is recommended that the keepalive message be an empty (no payload) RTP packet with a payload type of 20 as long as the other end has not negotiated the use of this value. If this value has already been negotiated, then some other unused static payload type from Table 5 of RFC 3551 [89] shall be used.

F.4.1 Introduction

Subclause F.4.1 applies with the following modification to the first paragraph.

Modify the first paragraph as follows:

The procedures defined in subclause F.2 and F.3 remain unchanged except as noted below when This subclausedescribes the SIP procedures for supporting hosted NAT scenarios in case UDP encapsulated IPsec is not employed. In these scenarios the procedures for NAT traversal must take into account that all SIP requests and responses are not protected by an IPsec security association.

F.4.2 Registration

NOTE 1A: This subclause applies to initial registrations as well as to re-registrations

The procedures described in subclause F.4.2 apply with the following modifications.

When the P-CSCF receives a REGISTER request from the UE, the P-CSCF shall behave as of subclause F.4.2 with the addition of sub-item 6a).

The P-CSCF shall:

6a) If a P-CSCF registration timer is running, the P-CSCF should not forward the REGISTER request if received half of the time before expiry of the S-CSCF registration timer, unless the request is intended to update its capabilities according to RFC 3840 [62] or to modify the ICSI values or IARI values that the UE intends to use in the g.ims.app-ref feature tag. . In such cases it shall build a 200 OK response, based on the contents of the 200 OK response to the previous REGISTER request and forward this response to the UE. If the P-CSCF decides to forward the REGISTER request, it shall set the registration expiration interval to the registration expiration interval value indicated in the received 200 (OK) response to the previous REGISTER request.

When the P-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response to a REGISTER request, the P-CSCF shall behave as of clause 5.2.2 with the addition of item 10:

10)Modify the value of the Expires header field and/or Expires parameter in the Contact header according to the transport protocol. In order to minimize the number of REGISTER requests to the S-CCF, it may also start a P-CSCF registration timer with a value of 600 seconds if the value received from the S-CCF was for greater than 1200 seconds, or to half of the time otherwise.

- NOTE 1: The selected value should be smaller than twice the value of the NAT timeout for the transport protocol. For UDP, many NATs have a timeout as low as 30 seconds. Issues such as battery consumption might motivate longer NAT timeout values.
- NOTE 2: If outbound keep alive messages (See annex K) are received before the REGISTER message, this procedure is not required,

Annex G

Annex G applies with the exception that all occurrences of "IMS Access Gateway" and IMS Access Gateway over the Iq interface" are replaced with "transport functions".

Annex J CPC parameter definition

J.1 Introduction

This annex defines the use of the "CPC" URI parameter for use within SIP URI and Tel URI in the P-Asserted ID in the initial INVITE.

Editor's note: This annex is based on draft-mahy-iptel-cpc-04.txt and can be removed when the internet draft becomes an RFC and the usage of the CPC is allowed for SIP URI. If this solution does not become an RFC, this parameter will be documented in the present document.

The Calling Party's Category is represented as a tel URI or <u>SIP URI</u> parameter in a <u>SIP request</u>. The ABNF syntax is as follows:

```
cpc = cpc-tag "=" cpc-value
cpc-tag = "cpc"
cpc-value
= "ordinary" / "test" / "operator" /
"payphone" / "priority" / "data" /
"cellular" / "cellular-roaming" / 'ieps' / "unknown" /
```

genvalue
genvalue = 1*(alphanum / "-" / ".")

The Accept- Language header shall be used to express the language of the operator.

The semantics of these Calling Party's Category values are described below:

ordinary: The caller has been identified, and has no special features.

test: This is a test call that has been originated as part of a maintenance procedure.

operator: The call was generated by an operator position.

payphone: The calling station is a payphone.

priority: Calling subscriber with priority.

data: Data call (voice band data).

cellular: The calling station is a radio-telephone operating in its home network.

cellular-roaming: The calling station is a radio-telephone roaming in another network

ieps: This call is an ieps call

unknown: The CPC could not be ascertained.

NOTE 1: The choice of CPC values and their use are up to the Service Provider. CPC values can be exchanged across networks if specified in a bilateral agreement between the service providers.

NOTE 2: Additional national/regional CPC values may exist (e.g. prison, police, hotel, hospital, ...)

J.2 Trust domain

Entities in the IM CN subsystem shall restrict CPC tel URI or SIP URI parameter to specific domains that are trusted and support the CPC parameter. Therefore for the purpose of the CPC parameter within this specification, a trust domain also applies. This trust domain is identical to that of the P-Asserted-Identity. If the communication is to be passed to an untrusted network or a network not supporting the CPC the CPC parameter shall be removed.

SIP functional entities within the trust domain will need to take action on the removal of the CPC parameter when the SIP signalling crosses the boundary of the trust domain.

J.9A Procedures at the S-CCF at the terminating network

The S-CCF at the terminating network shall delete any CPC parameter in each initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction in the tel URI or SIP URI of the P-Asserted-Identity before forwarding the request to the terminating user.

Add annex L

Annex L (normative):

SIP Digest

Editor's Note:It is FFS whether the SIP digest and TLS procedures will be documented as shown here in annex-
L, or will be organized in some other manner within this specification (for example, integrated
with the procedures in the main body of this specification). Therefore, this annex can be regarded
as a temporary place-holder for this material.

L.1 Scope

This annex describes the procedures to support SIP digest as an additional authentication mechanism, and to support TLS as an additional signalling security mechanism between the UE and P-CSCF. SIP digest is optional to implement. When SIP digest is supported, TLS can be used as an optional security mechanism. A UE, P-CSCF, or S-CCF that implements SIP digest shall support the requirements specified in subclause L.2. A UE or P-CSCF that implements TLS shall support the requirements specified in subclause L.3.

L.2 SIP digest

L.2.1 Procedures at the UE

L.2.1.1 General

<u>A UE that implements SIP digest shall support the procedures specified in subclause 5.1, except as noted in the subclauses of this section. When performing the procedures of this annex and the procedures in subclause 5.1, the UE shall not apply procedures related to IPsec. These procedures are distinguished by the use of the term "security association".</u>

When using SIP digest without TLS, the UE shall populate the Contact header with the port value of an unprotected port where the UE expects to receive requests from the P-CSCF.

If SIP digest is used without TLS, the UE shall not include RFC 3329 [48] headers in any SIP messages.

L.2.1.2 Registration

L.2.1.2.1 Initial REGISTER

When performing SIP digest, the procedures of subclause 5.1.1.2 apply with the following differences.

The UE shall use the locally available public user identity, the private user identity, and the domain name to be used in the Request-URI in the registration. The method whereby the public user identity and private user identity are made available to the UE is outside the scope of this document (e.g. a public user identity could be input by the end user).

For SIP digest, if the UE is configured not to use TLS, the UE shall not establish a TLS session toward the P-CSCF.

L.2.1.2.2 Subscription to the registration-state event package

When performing SIP digest, the procedures of subclause 5.1.1.3 apply with the following differences.

When using SIP digest without TLS, the UE shall populate the Contact header of the SUBSCRIBE request with the port value of an unprotected port where the UE expects to receive subsequent mid-dialog requests.

L.2.1.2.3 User-initiated reregistration and registration of an additional public user identity

When performing SIP digest, the procedures of subclause 5.1.1.4 apply with the following differences.

On sending a REGISTER request that does not contain a challenge response, the UE shall populate the nonce directive with the empty value.

When using SIP digest without TLS, the UE shall populate the Contact header of the REGISTER request with the port value of an unprotected port where the UE expects to receive subsequent requests.

When using SIP digest without TLS, the UE shall populate the Via header of the REGISTER request with the port value of an unprotected port where the UE expects to receive responses to the request.

L.2.1.2.4 General Authentication

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.1.1.5.1 apply with the following differences.

On receiving a 401 (Unauthorized) response to the REGISTER request, and where the algorithm parameter is MD5, the UE shall extract the digest-challenge parameters as indicated in RFC 2617 [21] from the WWW-Authenticate header. The UE shall calculate digest-response parameters as indicated in RFC 2617 [21]. The UE shall send another REGISTER request containing an Authorization header containing a challenge response. If SIP digest is used without TLS, the UE shall not include RFC 3329 [48] headers with this REGISTER.

On receiving the 200 (OK) response for the REGISTER request, if the algorithm parameter in the Authentication-Info header is MD5, the UE shall authenticate the S-CCF using the "response-auth" directive in the Authentication-Info header as described in RFC 2617 [21].

On receiving a 403 (Forbidden) response, the UE shall consider the registration to have failed. If performing SIP digest with TLS, the UE should send an initial REGISTER according to the procedure specified in subclause 5.1.1.2 if the UE considers the TLS session to be no longer active at the P-CSCF.

L.2.1.2.5 User-initiated deregistration

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.1.1.6 apply with the following differences.

On sending a REGISTER request, the UE shall populate the nonce directive with the empty value.

When using SIP digest without TLS, the UE shall populate the Contact header of the REGISTER request with the port value of an unprotected port where the UE expects to receive subsequent mid-dialog requests.

When using SIP digest without TLS, the UE shall populate the Via header of the REGISTER request with the port value of an unprotected port where the UE expects to receive responses to the request.

L.2.1.3 Generic procedures applicable to all methods excluding the REGISTER method

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.1.2A and subclause 5.1.3 apply with the following <u>differences.</u>

When using SIP digest without TLS, if the UE does not support GRUU the UE shall populate the Contact header of the request with the port value of an unprotected port where the UE expects to receive subsequent mid-dialog requests.

When using SIP digest without TLS, the UE shall populate the Via header of the request with the port value of an unprotected port where the UE expects to receive responses to the request.

Upon receiving a 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response to an initial request, the originating UE shall:

- extract the digest-challenge parameters as indicated in RFC 2617 [21] from the Proxy-Authenticate header field;
- calculate the response as described in RFC 2617 [21]; and
- send a new request containing a Proxy-Authorization header in which the header fields are populated as defined in RFC 2617 [21] using the calculated response.

L.2.2 Procedures at the P-CSCF

L.2.2.1 General

A P-CSCF that implements SIP digest with or without TLS shall support the procedures specified in subclause 5.2, except as noted in the subclauses of this subclause. When performing the procedures of this annex and the procedures in subclause 5.2, the P-CSCF shall not apply procedures related to IPsec. These procedures are distinguished by the use of the term "security association".

For SIP digest authentication, the P-CSCF can be configured to have TLS required or disabled:

- if TLS is required, the P-CSCF shall require the establishment of a TLS session from all SIP digest UEs, in order to access IMS subsequent to registration; or
- if TLS is disabled, the P-CSCF shall not allow the establishment of a TLS session from any UE.
- NOTE: The mechanism to configure the P-CSCF to have TLS required or disabled is outside the scope of this specification.

If SIP digest is used without TLS, the P-CSCF shall discard any SIP messages received outside of the registration and authentication procedures that do not map to an existing IP association as defined in subclause L.2.2.2.

L.2.2.2 Registration

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.2.2 apply with the following differences.

When not applying TLS, the P-CSCF shall not include RFC 3329 [48] headers in registration messages towards the UE.

When the P-CSCF receives a REGISTER request from the UE, the P-CSCF shall:

1) replacing step 4, if SIP digest is used without TLS, the P-CSCF shall not include the integrity-protected parameter.

When the P-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response to a REGISTER request and the value of the Expires header field and/or expires parameter in the Contact header is different than zero, then the P-CSCF shall:

- in addition to the procedures in step 3, create an IP association by storing and associating the UE's packet source IP address along with the "sent-by" parameter of the Via header, cf. RFC 3261 [26], of the REGISTER message with the private user identity and all the successfully registered public user identities related to that private user identity. If draft-ietf-sip-outbound [92] is used then the P-CSCF shall also include the UE's packet source port of the REGISTER message as part of the IP association; and
- replacing step 9: if SIP digest is used without TLS, send the 200 (OK) response to the UE unprotected as defined in clause 4 of RFC 3581 [56A];

L.2.2.3 Requests initiated by the UE

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.2.6.3 apply with the following differences.

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, and the request contains a P-Preferred-Identity header that does not match one of the registered public user identities mapped to the IP association, or does not contain a P-Preferred-Identity header, the P-CSCF shall identify the initiator of the request by a default public user identity. If there is more than one default public user identity available, the P-CSCF shall randomly select one of them.

When the P-CSCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response to an initial request for a dialog, the P-CSCF shall:

- if SIP digest is used without TLS, in the response rewrite its own Record Route entry to its own SIP URI that contains an unprotected server port number where the P-CSCF expects subsequent requests from the UE.

L.2.2.4 Requests terminated by the UE

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.2.6.4 apply with the following differences.

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, an initial request for a dialog or a target refresh request for a dialog, and SIP digest is used without TLS, prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- when adding its own SIP URI to the top of the list of Record-Route headers and saving the list, build the P-CSCF URI in a format that contains an unprotected server port number where the P-CSCF expects subsequent requests from the UE; and
- when adding its own address to the top of the received list of Via headers and saving the list, build the P-CSCF
 <u>Via header entry in a format that contains an unprotected server port number where the P-CSCF expects</u>
 responses to the current request from the UE.

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a request for a standalone transaction, or a request for an unknown method (that does not relate to an existing dialog), or a response to this request and SIP digest is used without TLS, prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall:

when adding its own address to the top of the received list of Via headers and saving the list, build the P-CSCF
 Via header entry in a format that contains an unprotected server port number where the P-CSCF expects
 responses to the current request from the UE.

L.2.2.5 General emergency services

When performing SIP digest procedures without TLS, the procedures in subclause 5.2.10.1 apply with the following differences.

- NOTE: If only emergency setup from registered users is allowed, a request from an unregistered user is ignored since it is received outside of the IP association.
- L.2.3 Procedures at the S-CCF
- L.2.3.1 Initial registration and user-initiated reregistration
- L.2.3.1.1 Unprotected REGISTER

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.4.1.2.1 apply with the following differences.

If the S-CCF receives a REGISTER request with a non-empty response parameter in the Authorization header, the S-CCF shall follow the protected REGISTER procedures as described in subclause 5.4.1.2.2.

NOTE: When SIP digest is used without TLS, the "integrity-protected" parameter can not be used to differentiate between an initial REGISTER or a protected REGISTER.

Upon receipt of a REGISTER request without an "integrity-protected" parameter or an "integrity-protected" parameter with the value "tls-yes", which is not for an already registered public user identity linked to the same private user identity, the S-CCF shall:

- 1) in Step 5, challenge the user by generating a 401 (Unauthorized) response for the received REGISTER request, including a WWW-Authenticate header as defined in RFC 2617 [21], which transports:
 - a protection domain in the realm field;
 - a domain field;
 - a nonce field;
 - an algorithm field; if the algorithm value is not provided in the authentication vector, it shall have the value "MD5"; and
 - a qop field; if the qop value is not provided in the authentication vector, it shall contain the value "auth".

NOTE: This specification does not make any assumption on which network entity generates the nonce.

L.2.3.1.2 Protected REGISTER

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.4.1.2.2 apply with the following differences.

Upon receipt of a REGISTER request with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "tlsyes", or for SIP digest authentication without TLS, with a non-empty response parameter in the Authorization header, the S-CCF shall identify the user by the public user identity as received in the To header and the private user identity as received in the Authorization header of the REGISTER request, and:

In the case that a timer reg-await-auth is running for this user the S-CCF shall:

- 1) in Step 3, in the case the algorithm is MD5, check the following additional fields:
 - a realm field matching the realm field in the authentication challenge;
 - nonce field matching the nonce field in the authentication challenge;
 - a cnonce field; and
 - a nonce-count field.

The S-CCF shall only proceed with the following steps in this paragraph if the authentication challenge response was included:

2) in Step 4, check whether the received authentication challenge response and the expected authentication challenge response match. The expected response is calculated by the S-CCF as described in RFC 2617 [21] using the H(A1) value provided by the HSS;

When creating a 200 (OK) for the REGISTER request, the S-CCF shall store the nonce-count value in the received REGISTER request and include an Authentication-Info header containing the fields described in RFC 2617 [21] as follows:

- a nextnonce field if the S-CCF requires a new nonce for subsequent authentication responses from the UE;
- a message-qop field matching the qop in Authorization header sent by the UE;
- a response-auth field with a response-digest calculated as described in RFC 2617 [21];
- a cnonce field matching the cnonce in the Authorization header sent by the UE; and
- a nonce-count field matching the nonce-count in the Authorization header sent by the UE.

L.2.3.1.3 Abnormal cases

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.4.1.2.3 apply with the following differences.

In the case that the REGISTER request, that contains the authentication challenge response from the UE does not match with the expected REGISTER request (e.g. wrong Call-Id or authentication challenge response) and the request has the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "tls-yes" or contains no "integrity-protected" parameter, the S-CCF shall do one of the following:

- send a 403 (Forbidden) response to the UE. The S CSCF shall consider this authentication attempt as failed. The
 S-CCF shall not update the registration state of the subscriber; or
- rechallenge the user by issuing a 401 (Unauthorized) response including a challenge as per procedures described in subclause 5.4.1.2.1 starting at step 6).
- NOTE: If the UE was registered before, it stays registered until the registration expiration time expires.

In the case that the REGISTER request from the UE contains an invalid nonce with a valid challenge response for that nonce (indicating that the client knows the correct username/password), or when the nonce-count value sent by the UE is not the expected value, the S-CCF shall:

 send a 401 (Unauthorized) response to initiate a further authentication attempt with a fresh nonce and the stale parameter set to true.

L.2.3.2 User-initiated deregistration

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.4.1.4 apply with the following differences.

When the S-CCF receives a REGISTER request with the Expires header field containing the value zero, the S-CCF shall:

 <u>check whether the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header field set to "yes" or "tls-yes",</u> <u>indicating that the REGISTER request was received integrity protected. If the "integrity-protected" parameter is</u> <u>not present the S-CCF shall ensure authentication is performed as described in subclause 5.4.1.2.1 (and</u> <u>consequently subclause 5.4.1.2.2) if local policy requires. The S-CCF shall only proceed with the following steps</u> <u>if the "integrity-protected" parameter is set to "yes", "tls-yes", or the required authentication is successfully</u> <u>performed if required by local policy.</u>

L.2.3.3 General treatment for all dialogs and standalone transactions excluding requests terminated by the S-CCF

When performing SIP digest, the procedures in subclause 5.4.3 apply with the following differences.

When the S-CCF receives from the served user an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, the S-CCF may perform the steps in subclause L.2.3.4 to challenge the request based on local policy.

L.2.3.4 General authentication procedures for all SIP request methods initiated by the UE excluding REGISTER

L.2.3.4.1 General

When the S-CCF receives from the UE a request (excluding REGISTER), the S-CCF may perform the following steps if authentication of SIP request methods initiated by the UE excluding REGISTER is desired:

- 1) The S-CCF shall identify the user by the public user identity as received in the P-Asserted-Identity header.
- 2) If the public user identity does not match one of the registered public user identities, and the public user identity does not match one of the registered wildcarded public user identities, the S-CCF may reject the request with a 400 (Bad Request) response or silently discard the request.
- 3) If the request does not contain a Proxy-Authorization header or the Proxy-Authorization header does not contain a digest response, the S-CCF shall:
 - a) challenge the user by generating a 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response for the received request, including a Proxy-Authenticate header as defined in RFC 2617 [21], which includes:
 - a protection domain in the realm field;
 - a domain field;
 - a nonce field;

- an algorithm field; if the algorithm value is not provided in the authentication vector, it shall have the value "MD5"; and
- a qop field; if the qop value is not provided in the authentication vector, it shall have the value "auth".

Editor's Note: It is FFS which entity generates the nonce.

b) send the so generated 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response towards the UE; and

- c) retain the nonce and initialize the corresponding nonce count to a value of 1.
- 4) If the request contains a Proxy-Authorization header, the S-CCF shall:
 - a) check whether the Proxy-Authorization header contains:
 - the private user identity of the user in the username field;
 - an algorithm field which matches the algorithm field in the authentication challenge (i.e. MD5);
 - a response field with the authentication challenge response;
 - a realm field matching the realm field in the authentication challenge;
 - nonce field matching the expected nonce from either a recent authentication challenge or a more recent nextnonce sent in an Authentication-Info header;
 - a cnonce field; and
 - a nonce-count field with a value that equals the nonce-count expected by the S-CCF. The S-CCF may choose to accept a nonce-count which is greater than the expected nonce-count only if the S-CCF uses this nonce-count once authentication is successful (and increments it for any subsequent authentication responses).
 - If any of the above checks do not succeed, the S-CCF shall proceed as described in subclause L.2.3.4.2, and skip the remainder of this procedure.
 - b) check whether the received authentication challenge response and the expected authentication challenge response match. The S-CCF shall compute the expected digest response as described in RFC 2617 [21] using the H(A1) value contained within the authentication vector, and other digest parameters (i.e. nonce, cnonce, nonce-count, qop).

In the case where the digest response does not match the expected digest response calculated by the S-CCF, the S-CCF shall consider the authentication attempt as failed and do one of the following:

- 1) rechallenge the user by issuing a 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response including a challenge as per procedures described in this subclause; or
- 2) reject the request by issuing a 403 (Forbidden) response; or
- 3) reject the request without sending a response.

In the case where the digest response matches the expected digest response calculated by the S-CCF, the S-CCF shall consider the identity of the user verified and the request authenticated.

L.2.3.4.2 Abnormal cases

In the case that SIP digest is used and the request from the UE contains an invalid nonce with a valid challenge response for that nonce (indicating that the client knows the correct username/password), or when the nonce-count value sent by the UE is not the expected value, or when the Authorization header does not include the correct parameters, the S-CCF shall:

- send a 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response to initiate a further authentication attempt with a fresh nonce and the stale parameter set to true.

Annex ZA (informative):

- ZA.1 Void ZA.2 Void
- ZA.3 Void
- ZA.4 Void
- ZA.5 Void
- ZA.6 Void
- ZA.7 Void
- ZA.8 Void
- ZA.9 Void
- ZA.9A Void
- ZA.10 Void

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ZA.11 Extensions needed in table A.162 of ES 283 003

Item	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status		
	Capabilities within main protocol					
хх	an extension to the session initiation protocol for request cpc information?	[xx]	o (note)	схх		
схх	A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3.5 OR cpc URI parameter	A.3/6 OR A.3/	7 OR A.3/8 THE	N o ELSE n/a		
NOTE:	It has to be clarified within the draft that shall not be populated by UE"s	the cpc value	belongs to the tr	rust domain and		

Table A.162: Major capabilities

Annex ZB (informative): Procedures

For providing services and PSTN/ISDN interoperability it MUST be possible to include a Q.850 Cause value in Reason header field of a response.

The Reason Header is defined within RFC 3326 [34A].

Annex ZC (normative): UUI Header Field

For the purpose of the present document annex ZC is added.

ZC.1 Introduction

This annex defines the use of the UUI Header Field for use within SIP URI and Tel URI.

Editor's note: This annex is based on draft-johnston-sipping-cc-uui-02.txt and can be removed when the internet draft becomes an RFC and the usage of the UUI is allowed for SIP Methods and Responses. If this solution does not become an RFC, this parameter will be documented in the present document.

The UUI is represented header field parameter in a SIP request or response as described as follows.

The ABNF syntax is as follows:

The User-to-User header field can be present in INVITE requests and

responses only and in BYE requests and responses.

The following syntax specification uses the augmented Backus-Naur Form (BNF) as described in RFC 2234 and extends RFC 3261.

UUI	= "User-to-User" HCOLON uuidata *(SEMI uui-param)
uuidata	= token
uui-param	= enc-param generic-param
enc-param	= "encoding=" ("hex" token)

The only defined parameter for the User-to-User header field is the encoding parameter. "encoding=hex" is used to indicate that the UUI information is encoded as hex digits. Other encoding methods may also be standardized.

ZC.2 Procedures at the terminating network

The UUI Header Field is a transparent field including information sent end to end. Based on operator policy the UUI header field may be deleted by the S-CCF or at the network boundary.

ZC.3 Extensions needed in table A.4 of ES 283 003

Table A.4: Major capabilities

ltem	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status		
	Capabilities within main protocol					
XX	an extension to the session initiation protocol foe UUI information?	[xx]	o (note)	CXX		
схх	A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3.5 OR A.3/6 OR A.3/7 OR A.3/8 OR A.3/9 OR A.3/10 OR A.3/11 THEN o ELSE n/a UUI Header Field					
NOTE:	It has to be clarified within the draft that the cpc value belongs to the trust domain and shall not be populated by UE"s					

ZC.4

Extensions needed in table A.162 of ES 283 003

Table A.162: Major capabilities

ltem	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
XX	an extension to the session initiation	[xx]	o (note)	cxx
	protocol for request UUI information?	[^^]	0 (1010)	C//
схх	A.3/2 OR A.3/3 OR A.3/4 OR A.3.5 OR OR A.3/11 THEN o ELSE n/a UUI H		7 OR A.3/8 OR /	4.3/9 OR A.3/10
NOTE:	It has to be clarified within the draft tha shall not be populated by UE"s	t the cpc value	belongs to the tr	ust domain and

Annex ZD (normative): XML schema for PSTN

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
xmlns="http://uri.etsi.org/ngn/params/xml/simservs/pstn"
xmlns:ns1="http://uri.etsi.org/ngn/params/xml/simservs/ pstn"
targetNamespace="http://uri.etsi.org/ngn/params/xml/simservs/ pstn"
elementFormDefault="qualified">
  <xs:annotation>
     <xs:documentation>XML Schema definition for mapping of some PSTN into SIP MIME
Bodies</xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <!--Definition of simple types-->
  <xs:simpleType name="OneBitType">
     <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:pattern value="[0-1]"/>
     </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:simpleType name="TwoBitType">
     <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1]"/>
     </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:simpleType name="ThreeBitType">
     <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1][0-1]"/>
     </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:simpleType name="FourBitType">
     <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1]"/>
     </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:simpleType name="FiveBitType">
     <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1]"/>
     </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:simpleType name="SixBitType">
     <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1]"/>
     </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:simpleType name="SevenBitType">
     <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:pattern value="[0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1][0-1]"/>
     </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
```

```
<!--Definition of complex types-->
<!--Definition of BearerCapability Octets-->
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet3Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="CodingStandard" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="InformationTransferCabability" type="FiveBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet4Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="TransferMode" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="InformationTransferRate" type="FiveBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet4-1Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="RateMultiplier" type="SevenBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet5Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="Layer1Identification" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="UserInfoLayer1Protocol" type="FiveBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet5aType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="SynchronousAsynchronous" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="Negotiation" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="UserRate" type="FiveBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet5bV110Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="IntermediateRate" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="NIConTX" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="NIConRX" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="FlowControlOnTX" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="FlowControlOnRX" type="OneBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet5bV120Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="RateAdaptionHeader" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="MultipleFrameEstablishmentSupport" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="ModeOfOperation" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="LogicalLinkIdentifier" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="Assignor" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="InbandOutbandNegotiation" type="OneBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```

```
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet5cType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="NumberOfStopBits" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="NumberOfDataBits" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="Parity" type="ThreeBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet5dType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="DuplexMode" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="ModemType" type="SixBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet6Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="Layer2Identification" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="UserInfoLayer2Protocol" type="FiveBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet7Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="Layer3Identification" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="UserInfoLayer3Protocol" type="FiveBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet7aType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="AdditionalLayer3Info" type="FourBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="BCOctet7bType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="AdditionalLayer3Info" type="FourBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<!--Definition of High Layer Compatibility Octets-->
<xs:complexType name="HLOctet3Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="CodingStandard" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="Interpretation" type="ThreeBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="PresentationMethod" type="TwoBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="HLOctet4Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="HighLayerCharacteristics" type="SevenBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="HLOctet4aMaintenanceType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="HighLayerCharacteristics" type="SevenBitType"/>
```

</xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="HLOctet4aAudioType"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="VideoTelephonyCharacteristics" type="SevenBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <!--Definition of Low Layer Compatibility Octets--> <xs:complexType name="LLOctet3Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="CodingStandard" type="TwoBitType"/> <xs:element name="InformationTransferCapability" type="FiveBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="LLOctet3aType"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="NegotiationIndicator" type="OneBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="LLOctet4Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="TransferMode" type="TwoBitType"/> <xs:element name="InformationTransferRate" type="FiveBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="LLOctet4-1Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="RateMultiplier" type="SevenBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="LLOctet5Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="Layer1Identification" type="TwoBitType"/> <xs:element name="UserInfoLayer1Protocol" type="FiveBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="LLOctet5aType"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="SynchronousAsynchronous" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="Negotiation" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="UserRate" type="FiveBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="LLOctet5bV110Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="IntermediateRate" type="TwoBitType"/> <xs:element name="NIConTX" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="NIConRX" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="FlowControlOnTX" type="OneBitType"/> <xs:element name="FlowControlOnRX" type="OneBitType"/> </xs:sequence>

```
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet5bV120Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="RateAdaptionHeader" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="MultipleFrameEstablishmentSupport" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="ModeOfOperation" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="LogicalLinkIdentifier" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="Assignor" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="InbandOutbandNegotiation" type="OneBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet5cType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="NumberOfStopBits" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="NumberOfDataBits" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="Parity" type="ThreeBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet5dType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="DuplexMode" type="OneBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="ModemType" type="SixBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet6Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="Layer2Identification" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="UserInfoLayer2Protocol" type="FiveBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet6aHDLCType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="Mode" type="TwoBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet6aUserSpecificType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <<u>xs:element</u> name="UserSpecificLayer2Information" type="SevenBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet6bType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="WindowSize" type="SevenBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet7Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="Layer3Identification" type="TwoBitType"/>
     <xs:element name="UserInfoLayer3Protocol" type="FiveBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```

```
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet7aUserSpecificType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="OptionalLayer3Information" type="SevenBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet7aX25Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="Mode" type="TwoBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet7bX25Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="DefaultPacketSize" type="FourBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet7cType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="PacketWindowSize" type="SevenBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet7aTR9577Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="AdditionalLayer3Info" type="FourBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="LLOctet7bTR9577Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="AdditionalLayer3Info" type="FourBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="DispOctet3Type">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="DisplayInformation" type="SevenBitType"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<!--Definition of the information elements-->
<xs:complexType name="BearerCapabilityType">
  <xs:sequence>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet3" type="BCOctet3Type"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet4" type="BCOctet4Type"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet4-1" type="BCOctet4-1Type" minOccurs="0"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet5" type="BCOctet5Type" minOccurs="0"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet5a" type="BCOctet5aType" minOccurs="0"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet5bV110" type="BCOctet5bV110Type" minOccurs="0"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet5bV120" type="BCOctet5bV120Type" minOccurs="0"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet5c" type="BCOctet5cType" minOccurs="0"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet5d" type="BCOctet5dType" minOccurs="0"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet6" type="BCOctet6Type" minOccurs="0"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet7" type="BCOctet7Type" minOccurs="0"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet7a" type="BCOctet7aType" minOccurs="0"/>
     <xs:element name="BCoctet7b" type="BCOctet7bType" minOccurs="0"/>
```

```
</xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="HighLayerCompatibilityType">
     <xs:sequence>
       <xs:element name="HLOctet3" type="HLOctet3Type"/>
       <xs:element name="HLOctet4" type="HLOctet4Type"/>
       <xs:element name="HLOctet4aMaintenance" type="HLOctet4aMaintenanceType"
minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="HLOctet4Audio" type="HLOctet4aAudioType" minOccurs="0"/>
     </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="LowLayerCompatibilityType">
     <xs:sequence>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet3" type="LLOctet3Type"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet3a" type="LLOctet3aType" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet4" type="LLOctet4Type"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet4-1" type="LLOctet4-1Type" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet5" type="LLOctet5Type" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet5a" type="LLOctet5aType" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet5bV110" type="LLOctet5bV110Type" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet5bV120" type="LLOctet5bV120Type" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet5c" type="LLOctet5cType" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet5d" type="LLOctet5dType" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet6" type="LLOctet6Type" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet6aHDLC" type="LLOctet6aHDLCType" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet6aUserSpecific" type="LLOctet6aUserSpecificType"
minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet6b" type="LLOctet6bType" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet7" type="LLOctet7Type"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet7aUserSpecific" type="LLOctet7aUserSpecificType"
minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet7aX25" type="LLOctet7aX25Type" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet7bX25" type="LLOctet7bX25Type" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet7c" type="LLOctet7cType" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet7aTR9577" type="LLOctet7aTR9577Type"
minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="LLOctet7bTR9577" type="LLOctet7bTR9577Type"
minOccurs="0"/>
     </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="DisplayType">
     <xs:sequence>
       <xs:element name="DispOctet3" type="DispOctet3Type"/>
     </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <!--Definition of progress indicator-->
  <xs:complexType name="ProgressOctet3Type">
     <xs:sequence>
       <xs:element name="CodingStandard" type="TwoBitType"/>
       <xs:element name="Location" type=" FourBitType "/>
     </xs:sequence>
```

</xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="ProgressOctet4Type"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="ProgressDescription" type="SevenBitType"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <xs:complexType name="ProgressIndicatorType"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="ProgressOctet3" type="ProgressOctet3Type"/> <xs:element name="ProgressOctet4" type="ProgressOctet4Type"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> <!--Definition of document structure--> <xs:element name="PSTN-transit"> <xs:complexType> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="BearerInfomationElement" type="BearerCapabilityType"</pre> maxOccurs="2"/> <xs:element name="HighLayerCompatibility" type="HighLayerCompatibilityType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="2"/> <xs:element name="LowLayerCompatibility" type="LowLayerCompatibilityType"</pre> minOccurs="0"/> <xs:element name="ProgressIndicator" type="ProgressIndicatorType" minOccurs="0"</pre> maxOccurs="unbounded"/> <xs:element name="Display" type="DisplayType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> </xs:element> </xs:schema>

Annex ZE (informative): Change history

ETSI TISPAN change history:

TISPAN #	TISPAN Doc.	CR	Subject/Comment
	13tTD440r3	001	WI03120, CR001: mandate the authorization header in case of HTTP
			Digest Authentication mechanism
			This CR was agreed during TISPAN#13Ter and revised in
			TISPAN#14Bis (14bTD077).
	14bTD239r4	002	WI03120, CR002: Addition of the Reason Header within Responses.
			This CR was agreed during TISPAN#14Bis.
	14tTD288r3	003	WI03120, CR003: Upgrading ES 283 003 to take 3GPP TS 24.229 [1]
			v7.8.0 as basis.
	14Ttd288r4	003	Minor update to CR3 as discussed on TISPAN_GEN list during CR
			approval process:
			subclause 5.1.1.2, item j) was underlined. This text is already included
		004	in 24.229 version 7.8.0, and therefore should be shown as plain text.
	15bTD066r2	004	WI03120, CR004: included some editorial changes.
	15bTD304r1	006	WI3120, CR006: addition of UUI Header for User to User Service.
WG3	WG3TD121r3	007	WI3120 ES 283 003 SIP XML addition for support of transit specific content
	WG3TD119r1	008	Alignment with Release1 on the usage of port for SIP messages
WG3	WGSTDTT9T	000	without security association
	WG3TD122r1	009	Correction of incorrect implementation of CR in clause 5.4.1.2A
WG3	0001012211	003	our ection of incorrect implementation of or in clause 5.4.1.2A
TISPAN3-	void	010	void
WG3			
TISPAN3-	WG3TD125r1	011	Clarification in clause 5.1.1.7 Network initiated deregistration
WG3	WG3TD130r1	012	Alignment of text in clause 5.4.1.2A
WG3	WG31D13011	012	Alignment of text in clause 5.4.1.2A
	WG3TD148r2	013	Keep Alive for Signalling
WG3			
TISPAN3-	WG3TD149r1	014	ES 283 003 Add NAT traversal for media to the endorsement of
WG3			24.229
	WG3TD179r2	015	WI3120 ES 283 003 Harmonization of Digest authentication
WG3		04.0	Endernement of ennovies and environtion of references
WG3	WG3TD197r1	016	Endorsement of annexes and correction of references
	WG3TD226	017	Scope limitation
WG3			

3GPP change history:

		-			Change history		
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2006-01					Publication as ETSI ES 283 003		1.1.1
2007-09					Publication as ETSI ES 283 003		1.8.0
2008-01					Final draft ETSI ES 283 003 ETSI membership approval		2.5.1
0000.04					procedure		0.5.0
2008-01	OT#20	CD 000005			Converted to 3GPP TS 24.503	0.5.0	2.5.2
2008-03 2008-06	CT#39 CT#40	CP-080095	0010	4	Based on the decision in CT#39 version 8.0.0 created by MCC	2.5.2	8.0.0
2008-06	CT#40 CT#40	CP-080338	0010	1	Interaction IPSec with symmetric response routing Revision of references to documents from IETF ECRIT working	8.0.0	8.1.0
2000-00	C1#40	CP-080340	0001	_	group	8.0.0	8.1.0
2008-06	CT#40	CP-080341		-	Correction on identifiers distinguishing the dialog	8.0.0	8.1.0
2008-06	CT#40	CP-080341		-	Revision of references to documents from IETF	8.0.0	8.1.0
2008-06	CT#40	CP-080341		-	Correction to P-CSCF session release procedures	8.0.0	8.1.0
2008-06	CT#40	CP-080345		-	IARI and ICSI in different feature tags	8.0.0	8.1.0
2008-06	CT#40	CP-080349		-	Revision of references to documents from IETF SIP working group	8.0.0	8.1.0
2008-06	CT#40	CP-080350		1	3GPP IM CN subsystem XML alignment	8.0.0	8.1.0
2008-06	CT#40	CP-080420			Handling of SDP at the terminating UE	8.0.0	8.1.0
2008-09	CT#41	CP-080515		-	Annex A: Correction of SDP connection information	8.1.0	8.2.0
2008-12	CT#42	CP-080852			Wildcarded PUI, UE loose route and Ethernet access	8.2.0	8.3.0
2008-12	CT#42	CP-080869			Correction of ICSI and IARI feature tag name	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090121			Correction of URN-value for Service Identifiers	8.3.0	8.4.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090400			Update P-Early-Media Reference	8.4.0	8.5.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090396			Corrections for reauthenticating user	8.4.0	8.5.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090396	0027		Proxy profile corrections	8.4.0	8.5.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090445	0029	1	Correction to Annex A /P-Access-Network-Info	8.4.0	8.5.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090476	0030	3	Correction to Annex A /P-User-Database	8.4.0	8.5.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731	0032		Corrections to RFC 3329 entries in profile	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731	0033		Authenticating with AKAv1-MD5	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731	0034		Action on missing "integrity-protected" parameter	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731	0035		MGCF does not act as a proxy	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Correction to subclause 7.2A.5.2.2	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731	0037		Coverage of access technology specific text	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731	0038		Miscellaneous EMC1 corrections	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090647	0039	2	380 at normal call setup	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45				Align with draft-gruu-reg-ev-09 and No sips URI and AS does not		
		CP-090731			subscribe to reg-event package when user is unregistered	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731	0041		Multiple IARI/ICSI values in g.ims.app_ref feature tag	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45				S-CSCF Processing of P-Preferred-Service and P-Asserted-		
	07/145	CP-090731			Service and Handling of Service ID in interworking cases	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731	0043		Correction to S-CSCF handling of IMS communication service	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731	0044		Handling of invalid and unauthorized media based on Communication Service Identifiers	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Miscellaneous service identifier corrections	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			The received list of ICSIs from the Network	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	01-030731	0040		Update of the reference for P-Profile-Key Private Header (P-	0.0.0	0.0.0
2000 00	01#45	CP-090731	0047		Header)"	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Route header verification at P-CSCF	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Update of P-Answer-State header draft Reference	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731		1	Correction of mutually exclusive ICSI and GRUU	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Service Profile Change	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Access Network Info for I-WLAN	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45		0053		Correction to the IBCF subsection in relation with trusted domain	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45				Correction to procedure when registration timer times out and	İ	İ
		CP-090731	0054		Correction to de-registration procedure when registration expires	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Clarification of UE handling of the P-Early-Media header	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Handling of the reason header in requests at the MGCF	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Correction on handling of P-Charging-Vector at IBCF	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Reference correction for RFC4244	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			SDP with precondition	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090731			Correction of Alias	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45			<u> </u>	Correction of GRUU references	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090649			TISPAN IBCF review comment fixes	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090649		1	P-CSCF forwarding request towards entry point	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090658		<u> </u>	Digest URI verification fix	8.5.0	8.6.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090905			Inconsistency between text and XML schema	8.6.0	8.7.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090890			Annex A / c and m paramters in media description in SDP	8.6.0	8.7.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090890			Annex A / User-Agent in PUBLISH responses	8.6.0	8.7.0
			070	14	Support of INFO for AoC	8.6.0	8.7.0
2009-12 2009-12	CT#46 CT#46	CP-090905 CP-090905		1	Correction to Annex A /Caller preferences directives	8.6.0	8.7.0

2009-12	CT#46	CP-090905	0072	2	Annex A/ correction on the support of security mechanism	8.6.0	8.7.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090907			Connection of complex UEs to IMS	8.6.0	8.7.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090902			Editorial correction of P-Access- Network-Info values	8.6.0	8.7.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090893			Updating of outbound and related references	8.6.0	8.7.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090894			Updating of GRUU references	8.6.0	8.7.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100229		1	Legacy INFO usage: Addition of MCID and Overlap	8.7.0	8.8.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100105			Annex A/ Fixing of missing status support in Tables	8.7.0	8.8.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100105			Annex A/ P-Media-Authorization support	8.7.0	8.8.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100105	0082		Annex A / integration of resource management and SIP	8.7.0	8.8.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100114	0083	1	Annex A/ GRUU support by Complex UE	8.7.0	8.8.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100114			Annex A/ INFO table (A.32) correction	8.7.0	8.8.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100104	0085		Emergency session with P-CSCF in visited network	8.7.0	8.8.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100730	0087	2	Detecting valid emergency identifiers	8.8.0	8.9.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100722	0088	1	IETF reference updates	8.8.0	8.9.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110165	0089	1	Handling of re-REGISTER for Hosted NAT traversal	8.9.0	8.10.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110162	0090		Contact header clarification	8.9.0	8.10.0
2011-12	CT#54	CP-110861	0091		Inclusion of media feature tag ASN.1 identifiers	8.10.0	8.11.0
2011-12	CT#54	CP-110857	0092	1	Annex A: SIP Record-Route header table correction	8.10.0	8.11.0
2011-12	CT#54	CP-110857	0093		One contact address per UE	8.10.0	8.11.0
2011-12	CT#54	CP-110857	0094	1	SDP referencing error for IBCF (IMS-ALG)	8.10.0	8.11.0
2011-12	CT#54	CP-110857	0095		Reauthentication	8.10.0	8.11.0
2012-01					Correction of formatting in tables of annex A	8.11.0	8.11.1
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120286	0096		GRUU: S-CSCF URI matching	8.11.1	8.12.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120291	0097	1	Correction on SDP Profile Status	8.11.1	8.12.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120286	0098	1	Correcting contradictory statements regarding GRUU handling by IBCF	8.11.1	8.12.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120571	0099	1	Correction of SDP Profile about RFC 4145		8.13.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120565	0101		Specifying "sos" URI parameter in 24.503	8.12.0	8.13.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120565	0102	1	Emergency PUID	8.12.0	8.13.0
2012-09	CT#57	CP-120565	0103		Emergency redirect alignment	8.12.0	8.13.0
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120893	0104	5	Correction of emergency sub-service type handling	8.13.0	8.14.0
2012-12	CT#58	CP-120776	0105		Table A.162, item 61 referencing incorrect document	8.13.0	8.14.0
2013-06	CT#60	CP-130220	0108	2	Correcting inconsistent requirements for R-URI emergency URN use	8.14.0	8.15.0
2013-06	CT#60				Prevent receipt of normal call at the UE while it is attached for		
		CP-130220	0109	3	emergency services only	8.14.0	8.15.0
2014-03	CT#63	CP-140113		1	Generation of Public GRUU		8.16.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140291	0113	1	Syntax for OLI is incorrect		8.17.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140292		1	URI matching for terminating requests	8.16.0	8.17.0
2015-03	CT#67	CP-150044			Correction of P-Charging-Vector access-network-charging-info syntax – Alt 2	8.17.0	8.18.0
2015-03	CT#67	CP-150044		1	Handling of P-Charging-Function-Addresses		8.18.0
2015-06	CT#68	CP-150289		1	Removing THIG on Path and Service-Route header fields		8.19.0
2015-06	CT#68	CP-150289		1	Content-Disposition for pidf+xml message bodies	8.18.0	

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V8.0.0	April 2008	Publication				
V8.1.0	June 2008	Publication				
V8.2.0	October 2008	Publication				
V8.3.0	January 2009	Publication				
V8.4.0	March 2009	Publication				
V8.5.0	June 2009	Publication				
V8.6.0	September 2009	Publication				
V8.7.0	January 2010	Publication				
V8.8.0	April 2010	Publication				
V8.9.0	January 2011	Publication				
V8.10.0	April 2011	Publication				
V8.11.1	January 2012	Publication				
V8.12.0	July 2012	Publication				
V8.13.0	October 2012	Publication				
V8.14.0	January 2013	Publication				
V8.15.0	July 2013	Publication				
V8.16.0	March 2014	Publication				
V8.17.0	July 2014	Publication				
V8.18.0	April 2015	Publication				
V8.19.0	July 2015	Publication				

History