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# Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

# 1 Scope

The present document specifies requirements for support of Radio Resource Management for FDD. These requirements include requirements on measurements in UTRAN and the UE as well as requirements on node dynamical behaviour and interaction, in terms of delay and response characteristics.

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TS 25.304: "UE Procedures in Idle Mode and Procedures for Cell Reselection in Connected Mode".
- [2] 3GPP TS 25.211: "Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels (FDD)".
- [3] 3GPP TS 25.101: "UE Radio transmission and reception (FDD)".
- [4] 3GPP TS 25.104: "BTS Radio transmission and reception (FDD)".
- [5] 3GPP TS 25.102: "UE Radio transmission and reception (TDD)".
- [6] 3GPP TS 25.105: "BTS Radio transmission and reception (TDD)".
- [7] 3GPP TS 25.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding (FDD)".
- [8] 3GPP TS 25.141: "Base station conformance testing (FDD)".
- [9] 3GPP TS 25.142: "Base station conformance testing (TDD)".
- [10] 3GPP TS 25.113: "Base station EMC".
- [11] 3GPP TR 25.942: "RF System scenarios".
- [12] 3GPP TR 25.922: "RRM Strategies".
- [13] 3GPP TS 25.215: "Physical Layer Measurements (FDD)".
- [14] 3GPP TS 25.225: "Physical Layer Measurements (TDD)".
- [15] 3GPP TS 25.302: "Services provided by Physical Layer".
- [16] 3GPP TS 25.331: "RRC Protocol Specification".
- [17] ETSI ETR 273-1-2: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement of radiated methods of measurement (using test sites) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 1: Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Sub-part 2: Examples and annexes".
- [18] 3GPP TS 25.214: "Physical layer procedures (FDD)"
- [19] 3GPP TS 25.321: "MAC protocol specification"

- [20] 3GPP TS 25.303: "Interlayer Procedures in Connected Mode".
- [21] 3GPP TS 45.008: "Radio subsystem link control".
- [22] 3GPP TS 45.005: "Radio transmission and reception".
- [23] 3GPP TS 26.103: "Speech Codec List for GSM and UMTS".
- [24] 3GPP TS 36.133: "Requirements for support of radio resource management".
- [25] 3GPP TS 36.304: "User Equipment (UE) procedures in idle mode".
- [26] 3GPP TS 37.320: "Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio measurement collection for Minimization of Drive Tests (MDT); Overall description; Stage 2"
- [27] 3GPP TS 36.331: "Radio Resource Control(RRC)".
- [28] 3GPP TS 36.101: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception".

# 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

# 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

The main general definitions strictly related to the Transmission and Reception characteristics but important also for the present document can be found in [3] for UE FDD, in [4] for BS FDD, in [5] for UE TDD, in [6] for BS TDD.

**Node B:**A logical node responsible for radio transmission / reception in one or more cells to/from the User Equipment. Terminates the Iub interface towards the RNC

**Power Spectral Density:** The units of Power Spectral Density (PSD) are extensively used in this document. PSD is a function of power versus frequency and when integrated across a given bandwidth, the function represents the mean power in such a bandwidth. When the mean power is normalised to (divided by) the chip-rate it represents the mean energy per chip. Some signals are directly defined in terms of energy per chip, (DPCH\_E<sub>c</sub>, E<sub>c</sub>, OCNS\_E<sub>c</sub> and S-CCPCH\_E<sub>c</sub>) and others defined in terms of PSD (I<sub>o</sub>, I<sub>oc</sub>, I<sub>or</sub> and  $\hat{I}_{or}$ ). There also exist quantities that are a ratio of energy per chip to PSD (DPCH\_E<sub>c</sub>/I<sub>or</sub>, E<sub>c</sub>/I<sub>or</sub> etc.). This is the common practice of relating energy magnitudes in communication systems.

It can be seen that if both energy magnitudes in the ratio are divided by time, the ratio is converted from an energy ratio to a power ratio, which is more useful from a measurement point of view. It follows that an energy per chip of X dBm/3,84 MHz can be expressed as a mean power per chip of X dBm. Similarly, a signal PSD of Y dBm/3,84 MHz can be expressed as a signal power of Y dBm.

**MBSFN cluster:** Set of cells operating in MBSFN mode providing only MBMS service in PtM mode and seen as one cell by a UE.

**Adjacent Frequency:** A downlink frequency in the inter-frequency cell info list that is within 5 MHz from the intra frequency. It is explicitly indicated by UTRAN to UE via upper layer signaling.

**Primary uplink frequency**: If a single uplink frequency is configured for the UE, then it is the primary uplink frequency. In case more than one uplink frequency is configured for the UE, then the primary uplink frequency is the frequency on which the E-DCH corresponding to the serving E-DCH cell associated with the serving HS-DSCH cell is transmitted. The association between a pair of uplink and downlink frequencies is indicated by higher layers.

**Secondary uplink frequency**: A secondary uplink frequency is a frequency on which an E-DCH corresponding to a serving E-DCH cell associated with a secondary serving HS-DSCH cell is transmitted. The association between a pair of uplink and downlink frequencies is indicated by higher layers.

Activated Uplink Frequency: For a specific UE, an uplink frequency is said to be activated if the UE is allowed to transmit on that frequency. The primary uplink frequency is always activated when configured while a secondary uplink frequency has to be activated by means of an HS-SCCH order in order to become activated.

# 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbol applies:

[]	Values included in square bracket must be considered for further studies, because it
	means that a decision about that value was not taken.
CPICH_Ec	Average energy per PN chip for the CPICH
CPICH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the CPICH to the total transmit power
	spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
CPICH_Ec/Io	The ratio of the received energy per PN chip for the CPICH to the total received power
	spectral density at the UE antenna connector. For a UE that is able to simultaneously
	receive signals from more than 1 carrier, CPICH_Ec/Io is defined for each carrier
	individually.
DPCH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCH to the total transmit power
	spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
Ec	Average energy per PN chip.
Ês	Received energy per resource element (power normalized to the subcarrier spacing)
	during the useful part of the symbol, i.e. excluding the cyclic prefix, at the UE antenna
	connector and applicable to E-UTRA signals only.
Іо	The total received power density, including signal and interference, as measured at the
10	UE antenna connector. For a UE that is able to simultaneously receive signals from
I-h	more than 1 carrier, Io is defined for each carrier individually.
Iob	The total received power density, including signal and interference, as measured at the
T	BS antenna connector.
Ioc	The power spectral density (integrated in a noise bandwidth equal to the chip rate and
	normalized to the chip rate)of a band limited noise source (simulating interference from
	cells, which are not defined in a test procedure) as measured at the UE antenna
	connector. For a UE that is able to simultaneously receive signals from more than 1
	carrier, loc is defined for each carrier individually.
Ior	The total transmit power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the
	chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal at the Node B antenna
	connector.
Îor	The received power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip
	rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal as measured at the UE
	antenna connector. For a UE that is able to simultaneously receive signals from more
	than 1 carrier, Îor is defined for each carrier individually.
Iot	The received power spectral density of the total noise and interference for a certain
	resource element (power integrated over the RE and normalized to the subcarrier
	spacing) as measured at the UE antenna connector and applicable to E-UTRA signals
	only.
OCNS Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the OCNS to the total transmit power
	spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
PCCPCH Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the PCCPCH to the total transmit power
—	spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
PENALTY_TIME	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
PICH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the PICH to the total transmit power
11011_20,101	spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
Qhyst	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Qoffset <sub>s.n</sub>	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Qqualmin	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Qrxlevmin	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
SCH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the SCH to the total transmit power
SCI1_LC/101	
SCH DD	spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
SCH_RP	Received (linear) average power of the resource elements that carry E-UTRA
	synchronisation signal, measured at the UE antenna connector and applicable to E-
Cintoneoush	UTRA signals only.
Sintersearch	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5

Sintrasearch	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
SsearchRAT	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
T1	Time period 1
T2	Time period 2
TEMP_OFFSET	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Thresh <sub>serving_high</sub>	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Thresh <sub>serving_low</sub>	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Thresh <sub>x_high</sub>	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Thresh <sub>x_low</sub>	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
T <sub>RE-ESTABLISH-REQ</sub>	The RRC Re-establishment delay requirement, the time between the moment when
	erroneous CRCs are applied, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.
Treselection	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.3.1.2.

# 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply

	s of the present document, the following abbreviations apply
AWGN	Additive White Gaussian Noise
BCH	Broadcast Channel
BER	Bit Error Ratio
BLER	Block Error Ratio
BS	Base Station
CFN	Connection Frame Number
CPICH	Common Pilot Channel
CSG	Closed Subscriber Group
CGI	Cell Global Identifier
DC-HSDPA	Dual Cell HSDPA
DC-HSDPA-M	IMO
	DC-HSDPA with MIMO
DC-HSUPA	Dual Cell HSUPA
DL	Down link (forward link)
DPCH	Dedicated Physical Channel
DRX	Discontinuous Reception
eNB	E-UTRAN NodeB
E-UTRA	Enhanced Universal Terrestrial Radio Access
E-UTRAN	Enhanced Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
F-DPCH	Fractional Dedicated Physical Channel
GERAN	GSM EDGE Radio Access Network
GSM	Global System for Mobile communication
HO	Handover
HSDPA	High Speed Downlink Packet Access
HSUPA	High Speed Uplink Packet Access
MBSFN	MBMS over a Single Frequency Network
MIB	Master Information Block
MDT	Minimization of Drive Tests
MIMO	Multiple Input Multiple Output
OCNS	Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator, a mechanism used to simulate the users or control signals on
	the other orthogonal channels of a downlink.
OFDM	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing
OFDMA	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access
PBCH	Physical Broadcast Channel
PCCPCH	Primary Common Control Physical Channel
PICH	Paging Indicator Channel
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
QAM	Quadrature Amplitude Modulation
RAT	Radio Access Technology
RNC	Radio Network ControllerRSCP Received Signal Code Power
RRC	Radio Resource Control
RRM	Radio Resource Management

RSRP	Reference Signal Received Power
RSRQ	Reference Signal Received Quality
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
SCH	Synchronisation Channel, power of SCH shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary
	Synchronous channels.
SFN	System Frame Number
SIB	System Information Block
SIR	Signal to Interference ratio
TDD	Time Division Duplex
TPC	Transmit Power Control
TTI	Transmission Time Interval
UTRA	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access
UTRAN	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network
UE	User Equipment
UL	Up link (reverse link)
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module
UTRA	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access
UTRAN	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network

# 3.4 Test tolerances

The requirements given in the present document make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification 34.121 and 25.141 define test tolerances. These test tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The test tolerances are then added to the limits in this specification to create test limits. The measurement results are compared against the test limits as defined by the shared risk principle.

Shared Risk is defined in ETR 273 Part 1 sub-part 2 section 6.5.

# 4 Idle Mode Tasks

# 4.1 Cell Selection

# 4.1.1 Introduction

After a UE has switched on and a PLMN has been selected, the Cell selection process takes place, as described in TS25.304. This process allows the UE to select a suitable cell where to camp on in order to access available services. In this process the UE can use stored information (*Stored information cell selection*) or not (*Initial cell selection*).

# 4.2 Cell Re-selection

# 4.2.1 Introduction

The cell reselection procedure allows the UE to select a more suitable cell and camp on it.

When the UE is in either *Camped Normally* state or *Camped on Any Cell* state on a FDD cell, the UE shall attempt to detect, synchronise, and monitor intra-frequency, inter-frequency and inter-RAT cells indicated in the measurement control system information of the serving cell. UE measurement activity is also controlled by measurement rules defined in TS25.304, allowing the UE to limit its measurement activity if certain conditions are fulfilled.

# 4.2.2 Requirements

In the following sections,  $T_{higher\_priority\_search}$  is defined as (60 \*  $N_{layers}$ ) seconds, where  $N_{layers}$  is the total number of configured higher priority E-UTRA, UTRA FDD and UTRA TDD carrier frequencies and is additionally increased by one if one or more groups of GSM frequencies is configured as a higher priority.

### 4.2.2.1 Measurement and evaluation of cell selection criteria S of serving cell

The UE shall measure the CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP level of the serving cell and evaluate the cell selection criterion S defined in [1] for the serving cell at least every DRX cycle. The UE shall filter the CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP measurements of the serving cell using at least 2 measurements. Within the set of measurements used for the filtering, at least two measurements shall be spaced by, at least  $T_{measureFDD}/2$  (see table 4.1).

If the UE has evaluated in  $N_{serv}$  consecutive DRX cycles that the serving cell does not fulfil the cell selection criterion S, the UE shall initiate the measurements of all neighbour cells indicated in the measurement control system information, regardless of the measurement rules currently limiting UE measurement activities.

If the UE has not found any new suitable cell based on searches and measurements of the neighbour cells indicated in the measurement control system information for 12 s, the UE shall initiate cell selection procedures for the selected PLMN as defined in [1].

After this 12 s period a UE in Cell:PCH or URA\_PCH is considered to be "out of service area" and shall perform actions according to 25.331.

On transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_PCH/URA\_PCH, if a UE cannot find a suitable UTRA cell, then it is considered to be "out of service area" and shall perform actions according to [16].

If the S criterion of the serving cell is no longer fulfilled, the UE may suspend MBMS reception if necessary to improve the UE's ability to find a suitable cell.

If the S criterion of the serving cell is fulfilled, the measurement requirements when a MBMS reception is active are specified in sections 4.2.2.2 and 4.2.2.9.

### 4.2.2.2 Measurements of intra-frequency cells

The UE shall measure CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP at least every  $T_{measureFDD}$  (see table 4.1) for intra-frequency cells that are identified and measured according to the measurement rules.  $T_{measureFDD}$  is defined in Table 4.1. The UE shall filter CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP measurements of each measured intra-frequency cell using at least 2 measurements. Within the set of measurements used for the filtering, at least two measurements shall be spaced by at least  $T_{measureFDD}/2$ .

The filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that an intra-frequency cell has become better ranked than the serving cell within  $T_{evaluateFDD}$  (see table 4.1), from the moment the intra-frequency cell became at least 3 dB better ranked than the current serving cell, provided that Treselection timer is set to zero and either CPICH Ec/Io or CPICH RSCP is used as measurement quantity for cell reselection.

If Treselection timer has a non zero value and the intra-frequency cell is better ranked than the serving cell, the UE shall evaluate this intra-frequency cell for the Treselection time. If this cell remains better ranked within this duration, then the UE shall reselect that cell.

If the UE is receiving the MTCH, the UE shall to be able to identify new intra-frequency cells and take them into use for MTCH combining purposes as defined in section 8.4.2.2.1

#### 4.2.2.3 Measurements of inter-frequency FDD cells

If priority information for UTRA FDD carrier frequencies is provided in the measurement control systems information and Srxlev<sub>ServingCell</sub> > S<sub>prioritysearch1</sub> and Squal<sub>ServingCell</sub> > S<sub>prioritysearch2</sub> then the UE shall search for any higher priority UTRA inter-frequency cells at least every T<sub>higher\_priority\_search</sub> where T<sub>higher\_priority\_search</sub> is described in section 4.2.2. If the UE is not in CELL\_PCH, URA\_PCH or IDLE state then the UE shall search for UTRA FDD layers of higher priority within T<sub>higher\_layer\_start</sub> upon entering into any of these states. If 1 second has not elapsed since the UE camped on the current serving cell when the UE enters into any of these states, T<sub>higher\_layer\_start</sub> is one DRX cycle plus 1 second; otherwise T<sub>higher\_layer\_start</sub> is one DRX cycle. If higher priority UTRA cells are found by the higher priority search, they shall be measured at least every (N<sub>carrier</sub>-1) \* T<sub>measureFDD</sub>. If, after detecting a cell in a higher priority search, it is determined that reselection has not occurred then the UE is not required to continuously measure the detected cell to evaluate the ongoing possibility of reselection. However, the minimum measurement filtering requirements specified later in this section shall still be met by the UE before it makes any determination that it may stop measuring the cell. If priority information for UTRA FDD carrier frequencies is provided in the measurement control systems information and Srxlev<sub>ServingCell</sub> <= S<sub>prioritysearch1</sub> or Squal<sub>ServingCell</sub> <= S<sub>prioritysearch2</sub>, the rules defined below apply irrespective of the priority of the inter-frequency layer. The UE shall measure CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP at least every ( $N_{carrier}$ -1) \*  $T_{measureFDD}$  (see table 4.1) for interfrequency cells that are identified and measured according to the measurement rules. The parameter  $N_{carrier}$  is the number of carriers used for FDD cells. The UE shall filter CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP measurements of each measured inter-frequency cell using at least 2 measurements. Within the set of measurements used for the filtering, at least two measurements shall be spaced by at least  $T_{measureFDD}/2$ .

If CPICH Ec/Io is used as measurement quantity for cell reselection, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that an already identified inter-frequency cell has met the reselection criteria in [1] within ( $N_{carrier}$ -1) \*  $T_{evaluateFDD}$  (see table 4.1) from the moment the inter-frequency cell met the reselection criteria by at least 3 dB provided that Treselection timer is set to zero. For non-identified inter-frequency cells, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that inter-frequency cell has met the reselection criteria in [1] within 30 s from the moment the inter-frequency cell has met the reselection criteria in [1] within 30 s from the moment the inter-frequency cell met the reselection timer is set to zero.

If CPICH RSCP is used as measurement quantity for cell reselection, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that an already identified inter-frequency cell has met the reselection criteria in [1] within ( $N_{carrier}$ -1) \*  $T_{evaluateFDD}$  from the moment the inter-frequency cell met the reselection criteria by at least 5 dB dB for reselection based on ranking, or [6]dB for reselection based on absolute priorities provided that Treselection timer is set to zero. For non-identified inter-frequency cells, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that inter-frequency cell hasmet the reselection criteria in [1] within 30 s from the moment the inter-frequency cell met the reselection based on ranking, or [6]dB for reselection based on ranking, or [6]dB for reselection timer is set to zero.

If Treselection timer has a non zero value and the inter-frequency cell meets the reselection criteria in [1], the UE shall evaluate this inter-frequency cell for the Treselection time. If this cell fulfils the reselection criteria within this duration, then the UE shall reselect that cell.

#### 4.2.2.4 Measurements of inter-frequency TDD cells

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and TDD.

The UE shall measure P-CCPCH RSCP at least every  $N_{carrierTDD} * T_{measureTDD}$  (see table 4.1) for inter-frequency TDD cells that are identified and measured according to the measurement rules. The parameter  $N_{carrierTDD}$  is the number of carriers used for inter-frequency TDD cells. The UE shall filter P-CCPCH RSCP measurements of each measured inter-frequency TDD cell using at least 2 measurements. Within the set of measurements used for the filtering, at least two measurements shall be spaced by at least  $T_{measureTDD}/2$ .

The filtering of PCCPCH RSCP shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that an already identified interfrequency TDD cell has become better ranked than the serving cell within  $N_{carrierTDD}$ \*  $T_{evaluateTDD}$  from the moment the inter-frequency TDD cell became at least 5 dB better ranked than the current serving cell provided that Treselection timer is set to zero. For non-identified inter-frequency TDD cells, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that an inter-frequency TDD cell has become better ranked than the serving cell within 30 s from the moment the inter-frequency TDD cell became at least 5 dB better ranked than the current serving cell provided that Treselection timer is set to zero.

If Treselection timer has a non zero value and the inter-frequency TDD cell is better ranked than the serving cell, the UE shall evaluate this inter-frequency TDD cell for the Treselection time. If this cell remains better ranked within this duration, then the UE shall reselect that cell.

#### 4.2.2.5 Measurements of inter-RAT GSM cells

#### 4.2.2.5.1 Cell reselection based on cell ranking

The requirements in this subclause shall apply if the UE uses the cell ranking algorithm for inter-RAT cell reselection [1].

The UE shall measure the signal level of the GSM BCCH carrier of each GSM neighbour cell indicated in the measurement control system information of the serving cell, according to the measurement rules defined in [1], at least every  $T_{measureGSM}$  (see table 4.1). The UE shall maintain a running average of 4 measurements for each GSM BCCH carrier. The measurement samples for each cell shall be as far as possible uniformly distributed over the averaging period.

If GSM measurements are required by the measurement rules in [1], the UE shall attempt to verify the BSIC at least every 30 seconds for each of the 4 strongest GSM BCCH carriers and rank the verified GSM BCCH cells according to the cell reselection criteria defined in [1]. If a change of BSIC is detected for one GSM cell then that GSM BCCH carrier shall be treated as a new GSM neighbour cell.

If the UE detects a BSIC, which is not indicated in the measurement control system information, the UE shall not consider that GSM BCCH carrier in cell reselection. The UE also shall not consider the GSM BCCH carrier in cell reselection, if the UE cannot demodulate the BSIC of that GSM BCCH carrier.

If Treselection timer has a non zero value and the inter-RAT GSM cell is better ranked than the serving cell, the UE shall evaluate this inter-RAT GSM cell for the Treselection time. If this cell remains better ranked within this duration, then the UE shall reselect that cell.

#### 4.2.2.5.2 Cell reselection based on priority information

The requirements in this subclause shall apply if the UE uses the absolute priorities based algorithm for inter-RAT cell reselection [1].

If  $Srxlev_{ServingCell} > S_{prioritysearch1}$  and  $Squal_{ServingCell} > S_{prioritysearch2}$  then the UE shall search for and measure GSM cells if the priority of GSM is higher than the serving cell. The minimum rate at which the UE is required to search for and measure such layers may be reduced in this scenario to maintain UE battery life.

When the measurement rules defined in [1] indicate that inter-RAT cells are to be measured then the UE shall measure, the signal level of the GSM BCCH carriers if the GSM BCCH carriers are indicated in the measurement control system information of the serving cell. GSM BCCH carriers of lower priority than the serving cell shall be measured at least every  $T_{measure,GSM}$  (see table 4.1).

If  $Srxlev_{ServingCell} > S_{prioritysearch1}$  and  $Squal_{ServingCell} > S_{prioritysearch2}$  then the UE shall search for GSM BCCH carrier at least every  $T_{higher\_priority\_search}$  where  $T_{higher\_priority\_search}$  is described in section 4.2.2. If the UE is not in CELL\_PCH, URA\_PCH or IDLE state then the UE shall search for GSM layers of higher priority within  $T_{higher\_layer\_start}$  upon entering into any of these states. If 1 second has not elapsed since the UE camped on the current serving cell when the UE enters into any of these states,  $T_{higher\_layer\_start}$  is one DRX cycle plus 1 second; otherwise  $T_{higher\_layer\_start}$  is one DRX cycle. When higher priority GSM BCCH carriers are found by the higher priority search, they shall be measured at least every  $T_{measure,GSM}$ , and the UE shall decode the BSIC of the GSM BCCH carrier. If, after detecting a cell in a higher priority search, it is determined that reselection has not occurred then the UE is not required to continuously measure the detected cell to evaluate the ongoing possibility of reselection to continuously verify the BSIC of the GSM BCCH carrier every 30s. However, the minimum measurement filtering requirements specified later in this section shall still be met by the UE before it makes any determination that it may stop measuring the cell. If  $Srxlev_{ServingCell} <= S_{prioritysearch1}$  or Squal\_ $ServingCell}$ 

The UE shall maintain a running average of 4 measurements for each GSM BCCH carrier. The measurement samples for each cell shall be as far as possible uniformly distributed over the averaging period.

If continuous GSM measurements are required by the measurement rules in [1], the UE shall attempt to verify the BSIC at least every 30 seconds for each of the 4 strongest GSM BCCH carriers. If a change of BSIC is detected for one GSM cell then that GSM BCCH carrier shall be treated as a new GSM neighbour cell. If the UE detects on a BCCH carrier a BSIC which is indicated as not allowed for that carrier in the measurement control system information of the serving cell, the UE is not required to perform BSIC re-confirmation for that cell.

The UE shall not consider the GSM BCCH carrier in cell reselection, if the UE cannot demodulate the BSIC of that GSM BCCH carrier. Additionally, the UE shall not consider a GSM neighbour cell in cell reselection, if it is indicated as not allowed in the measurement control system information of the serving cell.

### 4.2.2.5a Measurements of inter-RAT E-UTRA cells

The UE shall be able to identify new E-UTRA cells and perform RSRP measurements of identified E-UTRA cells if carrier frequency information is provided by the serving cell, even if no explicit neighbour list with physical layer cell identities is provided.

If  $Srxlev_{ServingCell} > S_{prioritysearch1}$  and  $Squal_{ServingCell} > S_{prioritysearch2}$  then the UE shall search for E-UTRA layers of higher priority at least every  $T_{higher\_priority\_search}$  where  $T_{higher\_priority\_search}$  is described in section 4.2.2. If the UE is not in CELL\_PCH, URA\_PCH or IDLE state then the UE shall search for E-UTRA layers of higher priority within  $T_{higher\_start}$  upon entering into any of these states. If 1 second has not elapsed since the UE camped on the current

serving cell when the UE enters into any of these states,  $T_{higher\_layer\_start}$  is one DRX cycle plus 1 second; otherwise  $T_{higher\_layer\_start}$  is one DRX cycle. The minimum rate at which the UE is required to search for and measure such layers may be reduced in this scenario to maintain UE battery life.

If  $Srxlev_{ServingCell} \le S_{prioritysearch1}$  or  $Squal_{ServingCell} \le S_{prioritysearch2}$  then the UE shall search for and measure E-UTRA frequency layers of higher or lower priority in preparation for possible reselection. In this scenario, the minimum rate at which the UE is required to search for and measure higher priority layers shall be the same as that defined below for a lower priority layers.

The UE shall be able to evaluate whether a new detectable lower priority inter-RAT E-UTRA cell meets the reselection criteria defined in [1] within  $K_{carrier} * T_{detectE-UTRA}$ , where  $T_{detectE-UTRA}$  is given in Table 4.2, if E-UTRA carrier frequency information is provided in the inter-RAT measurement control system information when Treselection=0 provided that the reselection criteria is met by at least 6dB. The parameter  $K_{carrier}$  is the number of E-UTRA carrier frequencies indicated in the inter-RAT measurement control system information. An inter RAT E-UTRAN cell is considered to be detectable if:

- RSRP|<sub>dBm</sub> according to Annex B.1.1 for a corresponding Band

The UE shall measure RSRP at least every K<sub>carrier</sub> \* T<sub>measureE-UTRA</sub> as defined in table 4.2 for identified E-UTRA cells.

When higher priority cells are found by the higher priority search, they shall be measured at least every  $T_{measureE-UTRA}$ . If, after detecting a cell in a higher priority search, it is determined that reselection has not occurred then the UE is not required to continuously measure the detected cell to evaluate the ongoing possibility of reselection. However, the minimum measurement filtering requirements specified later in this section shall still be met by the UE before it makes any determination that it may stop measuring the cell. If the UE detects on a E-UTRA carrier a cell whose physical identity is indicated as not allowed for that carrier in the measurement control system information of the serving cell, the UE is not required to perform measurements on that cell.

If the UE detects on a E-UTRA carrier a cell whose physical identity is indicated as not allowed for that carrier in the measurement control system information of the serving cell, the UE is not required to perform measurements on that cell.

The UE shall filter RSRP measurements of each measured E-UTRA cell using at least 2 measurements. Within the set of measurements used for the filtering, at least two measurements shall be spaced by at least  $T_{measureE-UTRA}/2$ .

RSRP measurements of E-UTRA cells shall not be filtered over a longer period than that specified in Table 4.2.

The UE shall not consider an E-UTRA neighbour cell in cell reselection, if it is indicated as not allowed in the measurement control system information of the serving cell.

For an inter-RAT E-UTRA cell that has been already detected, but that has not been reselected to, the filtering shall be such that the UE shall be capable of evaluating that the E-UTRA cell has met reselection criterion defined TS 36.304 within  $K_{carrier} * T_{evaluateEUTRA}$  as specified in table 4.2 provided that the reselection criteria is met by at least 6dB and the Treselection timer is set to zero.

### 4.2.2.6 Evaluation of cell re-selection criteria

The UE shall evaluate the cell re-selection criteria defined in TS 25.304 for the cells, which have new measurement results available, at least every DRX cycle.

UE shall perform cell reselection immediately after the reselection criteria have been met (e.g. the UE has found a higher ranked suitable cell or the UE has found a suitable cell on a higher priority RAT), unless less than 1 second has elapsed from the moment the UE started camping on the serving cell. The ranking of the cells shall be made according to the cell reselection criteria specified in TS25.304.

### 4.2.2.7 Maximum interruption in paging reception

UE shall perform the cell re-selection with minimum interruption in monitoring downlink channels for paging reception.

At intra-frequency cell re-selection, the UE shall monitor the downlink of serving cell for paging reception until the UE is capable to start monitoring downlink channels of the target intra-frequency cell for paging reception. The interruption time shall not exceed 50 ms.

At inter-frequency and inter-RAT cell re-selection, the UE shall monitor the downlink of serving cell for paging reception until the UE is capable to start monitoring downlink channels for paging reception of the target inter-frequency cell. For inter-frequency cell re-selection the interruption time must not exceed -  $T_{SI}$  + 50 ms. For inter-RAT cell re-selection the interruption time must not exceed T<sub>BCCH</sub> + 50 ms for GSM or  $T_{SI-EUTRA}$  + [50 ms] for E-UTRA.

 $T_{SI}$  is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell.

T<sub>BCCH</sub> is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from a GSM cell [21].

T<sub>SI-EUTRA</sub> is the maximum time allowed to read system information from a E-UTRA cell [24].

These requirements assume sufficient radio conditions, so that decoding of system information can be made without errors and does not take into account cell re-selection failure.

DRX cycle length [s]	N <sub>serv</sub> [number of DRX cycles]	T <sub>measureFDD</sub> [s] (number of DRX cycles)	T <sub>evaluateFDD</sub> [s] (number of DRX cycles)	T <sub>measureTDD</sub> [s] (number of DRX cycles)	T <sub>evaluateTDD</sub> [s] (number of DRX cycles)	T <sub>measureGSM</sub> [s] (number of DRX cycles)
0.08	4	0.64 (8 DRX	2.56 (32 DRX	0.64 (8 DRX	2.56 (32 DRX	2.56 (32 DRX
		cycles)	cycles)	cycles)	cycles)	cycles)
0.16	4	0.64 (4)	2.56 (16)	0.64 (4)	2.56 (16)	2.56 (16)
0.32	4	1.28 (4)	5.12 (16)	1.28 (4)	5.12 (16)	5.12 (16)
0.64	4	1.28 (2)	5.12 (8)	1.28 (2)	5.12 (8)	5.12 (8)
1.28	2	1.28 (1)	6.4 (5)	1.28 (1)	6.4 (5)	6.4 (5)
2.56	2	2.56 (1)	7.68 (3)	2.56 (1)	7.68 (3)	7.68 (3)
5 12	1	5 12 (1)	10 24 (2)	5 12 (1)	10 24 (2)	10 24 (2)

Table 4.1: T<sub>measureFDD</sub>, T<sub>evaluateFDD</sub>, T<sub>measureTDD</sub>, T<sub>evaluateTDD</sub>, and T<sub>measureGSM</sub>

Table 4.2: T<sub>detectE-UTRA</sub>, T<sub>measureE-UTRA</sub> and T<sub>evaluateEUTRA</sub>

DRX cycle length [s]	T <sub>detectE-UTRA</sub> [S]	T <sub>measureE-UTRA</sub> [s] (number of DRX cycles)	T <sub>evaluateEUTRA</sub> [s] (number of DRX cycles)
0.08		2.56 (32)	7.68 (96)
0.16		2.56 (16)	7.68 (48)
0.32	30	5.12 (16)	15.36 (48)
0.64		5.12 (8)	15.36 (24)
1.28		6.4 (5)	19.2 (15)
2.56	60	7.68 (3)	23.04 (9)
5.12	60	10.24 (2)	30.72 (6)

For higher priority cells, a UE may optionally use a shorter value for TmeasureFDD and TmeasureE-UTRA, which shall not be less than Max(0.64 s, one DRX cycle).

In idle mode, UE shall support DRX cycles lengths 0.64, 1.28, 2.56 and 5.12 s, according to [16].

### 4.2.2.8 Number of cells in cell lists

For idle mode cell re-selection purposes, the UE shall be capable of monitoring:

- 32 intra-frequency cells (including serving cell), and
- 32 inter-frequency cells, including
  - FDD cells on maximum 2 additional carriers, and
  - Depending on UE capability, TDD cells distributed on up to 3 TDD carriers, and
- Depending on UE capability, 32 GSM cells distributed on up to 32 GSM carriers, and
- Depending on UE capability, up to 4 E-UTRA FDD carriers, and
- Depending on UE capability up to 4 E-UTRA TDD carriers

as indicated in cell information lists sent in system information (BCCH).

In addition to the requirements defined above, a UE supporting E-UTRA measurements in RRC\_IDLE state shall be capable of monitoring a minimum total of at least 8 carrier frequency layers, including the intra-frequency serving layer and comprising of any above defined combination of E-UTRA FDD, E-UTRA TDD, UTRA FDD, UTRA TDD and GSM layers (one GSM layer corresponds to 32 cells).

# 4.2.2.9 Additional requirements for measurement of inter-frequency and inter-RAT cells when MBMS reception is active

If an MBMS service is being received then the following requirements additionally apply:

When the UE is receiving MTCH and the UE evaluates that the cell re-selection measurement rules in 25.304 indicate that inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements are not required to be made, the UE shall not perform the corresponding inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements.

When the UE is receiving MTCH and the UE evaluates that the cell re-selection measurement rules in 25.304 indicate that inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements are required to be made, and the UE needs to interrupt MTCH reception to make inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements, an individual interruption of MTCH reception shall not exceed 12.5% of an MTCH TTI from a single arbitrary cell from which the MTCH is received.

The total interruption time to the MTCH reception due to inter-frequency measurements shall not exceed a total of

- 20 ms every Tmeasure, FDD for measuring known FDD inter-frequency neighbours, and
- 300 ms every 30 seconds for searching for new FDD inter-frequency cells for each inter-frequency carrier frequency

There are no corresponding limitations on the total interruption time to the MTCH reception due to inter-RAT measurements

The UE shall ensure that inter-frequency measurement or inter-RAT measurement interruptions do not overlap constantly with the periodic MCCH transmissions.

#### 4.2.2.10 MTCH Interruption time

The MTCH interruption time is the time between the end of the last MTCH TTI on which UE receives MTCH from the serving cell and the beginning of the first MTCH TTI on which UE starts receiving MTCH from the target cell.

The MTCH interruption time due to intra-frequency cell reselection without soft combining during an MBMS session shall be less than  $T_{MTCH\_interrupt}$ 

$$T_{MTCH interrupt} = T_{IU} + 20 + T_{MCCH} + T_{MTCH} ms$$

Where

- TMCCH:is the time required to read the relevant MCCH information of the target cell according to the<br/>MBMS specific procedures defined in TS 25.331.
- TMTCH: is the uncertainty when reading the MTCH of the serving and target cells while performing cell reselection; TMTCCH can be up to 2 MTCH TTI.

The MTCH interruption time ( $T_{MTCH\_interrupt}$ ) shall be applicable when UE is receiving MBMS in idle mode, CELL\_PCH state and URA\_PCH state.

### 4.2.2.11 Reselection to CSG cells

Note: Requirements in this section are minimum requirements defined to ensure the testability of autonomous CSG search.

Reselection from non CSG to CSG cells may be performed using UE autonomous search as defined in [1] when at least one CSG ID is included in the UE's CSG whitelist. The requirements in this section are valid for reselection to CSG cells previously visited by the UE when the radio configuration parameters, including the carrier frequency and physical cell identity of the CSG cell, non CSG cell and other neighbour cells are unchanged from the most recent previous visit. NOTE: According to [1], the UE autonomous search function, per UE implementation, determines when and/or where to search for allowed CSG cells.

### 4.2.2.11.1 Reselection from a non CSG to an inter-frequency CSG cell

The UE shall perform search and reselection to an allowed inter-frequency CSG cell that has met CSG reselection criterion defined in [1] and that is in its whitelist, within 6 minutes in the conditions shown in table 4.2.2.11.1-1. There is no need for statistical testing of this requirement.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UARFCN Note1		Channel 1	Channel 2	
CSG indicator		False	True	
Primary scrambling code		Scrambling code	Scrambling	
Note1		1	code 2	
CSG identity		Not sent	Sent	
			(Already stored	
			in UE whitelist	
			from previous	
			visit)	
Propagation conditions		Static, non	multipath	
CSG cell previously		Ye	S	
visited by UE				
CPICH_Ec <sup>Note2</sup>	dBm	[≥TBD]	[≥TBD]	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	
SCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	Off	Off	
		e, the UARFCN and		
code for cell 1 and cell 2 shall be unchanged from when the CSG cell				
was visited previously				
Note 2: Chosen to ensure that CSG autonomous search has a high probability				
of success on e	of success on every attempt made by UE			

 Table 4.2.2.11.1-1: Parameters for CSG inter-frequency reselection

### 4.2.2.11.2 Reselection from a non CSG to an inter-RAT E-UTRA CSG cell

The UE shall perform search and reselection to an allowed inter-RAT E-UTRA CSG cell that has met CSG reselection criterion defined in [1] and that is in its whitelist, within 6 minutes in the conditions shown in table 4.2.2.11.2-1. There is no need for statistical testing of this requirement.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UARFCN Note1	Onit	Channel 1	N/A	
E-UARFCN Note1		N/A	Channel 2	
CSG indicator		False	True	
Primary scrambling code		Scrambling	N/A	
Note1		code 1	11/7	
Physical cell identity <sup>Note1</sup>		N/A	2	
CSG identity		Not sent	Sent	
			(Already stored	
			in UE whitelist	
			from previous	
			visit)	
Propagation conditions		Static, non	multipath	
CSG cell previously		Ye	S	
visited by UE			-	
CPICH_Ec <sup>Note2</sup>	dBm	[≥TBD]		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	N1/A	
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	N/A	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	Off		
PBCH_RA	dB			
PBCH_RB	dB			
PSS_RA	dB			
SSS_RA	dB			
PCFICH_RB	dB			
PHICH_RA	dB			
PHICH_RB	dB		0	
PDCCH_RA	dB			
PDCCH_RB	dB	N/A		
PDSCH_RA	dB			
PDSCH_RB	dB			
OCNG_RA <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB			
OCNG_RB <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB			
Qrxlevmin	dBm		-140	
$N_{oc}$	dBm/15 kHz		Off	
RSRP <sup>Note2</sup>	dBm/15 KHz		[≥TBD]	
Note 1: For this requirement to be applicable, the UARFCN and scrambling				
code for cell 1 and the E-UARFCN and physical cell identity for cell 2				
shall be unchanged from when the CSG cell was visited previously				
		mous search has a h	nigh probability	
of success on every attempt made by UE				

Table 4.2.2.11.2-1: Parameters for CSG inter-RAT E-UTRA reselection

# 4.3 MBSFN cluster selection

# 4.3.1 Introduction

MBSFN allows the UE to select a suitable MBSFN cluster where to camp on in order to access available services.

# 4.4 MBSFN cluster reselection

# 4.4.1 Introduction

There are no requirements specified for MBSFN cluster reselection.

# 4.5 Minimization of Drive Tests (MDT)

UE supporting minimisation of drive tests shall be capable of logging measurements and reporting the logged measurements as specified in [26] in idle, CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH states. The requirements for logged measurements are given in the following sections.

# 4.5.1 Introduction

The MDT requirements consist of measurement requirements as specified in section 4.5.2 and relative time stamp accuracy requirements as specified in section 4.5.3. Both sets of requirements are applicable for intra-frequency, inter-frequency and inter-RAT cases in idle, CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH states. The MDT procedures are described in [26].

# 4.5.2 Measurements

The measurements (GSM carrier RSSI, UTRA CPICH RSCP, UTRA CPICH Ec/Io, P-CCPCH RSCP for UTRA 1.28 TDD, E-UTRA RSRP and E-UTRA RSRQ) used by the UE for the logged MDT in idle, CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH states shall be the same as specified for the serving cell measurement and evaluation in section 4.2.2.1, for the measurements of intra-frequency UTRAN cells in section 4.2.2.2, for the measurements of inter-frequency UTRAN cells in sections 4.2.2.3 and 4.2.2.4 and for the measurements of inter-RAT cells in sections 4.2.2.5 and 4.2.2.5a.

### 4.5.2.1 Requirements

The measurement values that are used to meet serving cell and reselection requirements as specified in sections 4.2.2.1, 4.2.2.2, 4.2.2.3, 4.2.2.4, 4.2.2.5 and 4.2.2.5a shall also apply to the values logged for MDT measurements in idle state.

The measurement values that are used to meet serving cell and reselection requirements as specified in section 5.6 shall also apply to the values logged for MDT measurements in CELL\_PCH state.

The measurement values that are used to meet serving cell and reselectionrequirements as specified in section 5.7 shall also apply for the values logged for MDT measurements in URA\_PCH state.

# 4.5.3 Relative Time Stamp Accuracy

The relative time stamp for a logged measurement is defined as the time from the moment the MDT configuration was received at the UE until the measurement was logged, see [16].

### 4.5.3.1 Requirements

The accuracy of the relative time stamping is such that the drift of the time stamping shall be not more than  $\pm 2$  seconds per hour.

# 5 UTRAN Connected mode mobility

This section contains the requirements on the mobility procedures in UTRAN connected mode such as handover and cell re-selection.

Requirements related to the measurements in support of the execution of the UTRAN connected mode mobility procedures are specified, currently not necessarily for all UTRAN connected mode states, in section 8.

The radio links the UE shall use are controlled by UTRAN with RRC signalling.

UE behaviour in response to UTRAN RRC messages is described in TS25.331.

The purpose of Cell reselection in CELL\_FACH, CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH states is that the UE shall select a better cell according to the cell reselection criteria in TS 25.304. CELL\_FACH, CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH states are described in TS 25.331.

# 5.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover

# 5.1.1 Introduction

Soft handover is a function in which the UE is connected to several UTRAN access points at the same time. Addition and/or release of radio links are controlled by the ACTIVE SET UPDATE procedure.

The soft handover function includes a measurement phase, a decision algorithm in UTRAN and the ACTIVE SET UPDATE procedure.

# 5.1.2 Requirements

### 5.1.2.1 Active set dimension

When the UE is configured with a single uplink carrier frequency, the UE shall be capable of supporting at least 6 radio links in the active set. For E-DCH the UE shall be capable of supporting a sub-set of the 6 radio links in the active set. The subset shall consist of the Serving E-DCH radio link and up to 3 additional E-DCH radio links. The 3 additional radio links can either be from the Serving E-DCH radio link set or can be Non-Serving radio links. The Serving E-DCH radio link set and Non-Serving E-DCH radio links are defined in [15].

When the UE is configured with dual uplink carrier frequencies, the UE shall be capable of supporting at least 4 radio links per uplink carrier frequency. For E-DCH the UE shall be capable of supporting a sub-set of the 4 radio links in the active set per uplink carrier frequency. The subset shall consist of the Serving E-DCH radio link and up to 3 additional E-DCH radio links per uplink carrier frequency. The 3 additional radio links can either be from the Serving E-DCH radio link set or can be Non-Serving radio links on the same uplink carrier frequency.

### 5.1.2.2 Active set update delay

The active set update delay is defined as the time from when the UE has received the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message from UTRAN, or at the time stated through the activation time when to perform the active set update, to the time when the UE successfully uses the set of radio links stated in that message for power control.

The active set update delay is depending on the number of known cells referred to in the ACTIVE SET UPDATE message. A cell is known if it has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

And the phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The active set update delay shall be less than 50+10\*KC+100\*OC ms, where

- KC: is the number of known cells in the active set update message;
- OC: is the number of cells that are not known in the active set update message.

If the UE have radio links in the active set that it can not use for data detection (due to low signal level), the UE shall at least every 150 ms search for the radio link

### 5.1.2.3 Interruption Time

The UE shall not interrupt the data flow when adding, changing or removing radio links to the active set.

# 5.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover

# 5.2.1 Introduction

The hard handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message that implies a hard handover, see TS 25.331 section 8.3.5.

# 5.2.2 Requirements

### 5.2.2.1 Hard handover delay

Procedure delay for all procedures, that can command a hard handover, are specified in TS25.331 section 13.5.2.

When the UE receives a RRC message implying hard handover with the activation time "now" or earlier than RRC procedure delay seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink DPCCH within  $D_{handover}$  seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

If the access is delayed to an indicated activation time later than RRC procedure delay seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink DPCCH at the designated activation time + interruption time.

where:

- D<sub>handover</sub> equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS25.331 Section 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in section 5.2.2.2.

#### 5.2.2.2 Interruption time

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the last TTI containing a transport block on the old DPDCH and the time the UE starts transmission of the new uplink DPCCH, is depending on whether the target cell is known for the UE or not.

If intra-frequency hard handover is commanded or inter-frequency hard handover is commanded when the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, and if higher layers do not indicate that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover, the interruption time shall be less than T<sub>interrupt1</sub>

$$T_{interrupt1=}T_{IU}+T_{sync}+20*KC+150*OC+10*F_{max} ms$$

where

 $T_{IU}$ is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell.  $T_{IU}$  can be<br/>up to one frame (10 ms).KCis the number of known target cells in the message, andOCis the number of target cells that are not known in the message. $F_{max}$ denotes the maximum number of radio frames within the transmission time intervals of all<br/>transport channels that are multiplexed into the same CCTrCH. $T_{sync}$ is the time required for measuring the downlink DPCCH channel as stated in TS 25.214 section<br/>4.3.1.2. In case higher layers indicate the usage of a post-verification period  $T_{sync}=0$  ms. Otherwise<br/> $T_{sync}=40$  ms.

In the interruption requirement  $T_{interrupt1}$  a cell is known if it has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

If inter-frequency hard handover is commanded and the UE needs compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements and if higher layers do not indicate that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover, the interruption time shall be less than T<sub>interrupt2</sub>

 $T_{interrupt2} = T_{IU}+T_{sync}+50*KC+150*OC+10*F_{max} ms$ 

In the interruption requirement  $T_{interrupt2}$  a cell is known if the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

If intra-frequency hard handover is commanded or if inter-frequency hard handover is commanded when the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, and if higher layers do indicate that the UE shall

not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover, the interruption time shall be less than  $T_{interrupt3}$ 

Tinterrupt3=20\*KC+150\*OC +10\*F<sub>max</sub> ms

In the interruption requirement  $T_{interrupt3}$  a cell is known if the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds or the timing of the cell is signalled from higher layers by the signal "Reference time difference to cell" in [16], with the signalled accuracy lower than or equal to 40 chips.

If inter-frequency hard handover is commanded and if higher layers do indicate that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover, the interruption time shall be less than T<sub>interrupt4</sub>

In the interruption requirement  $T_{interrupt4}$  a cell is known if the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds or the timing of the cell is signalled from higher layers by the signal "Reference time difference to cell" in [16], with the signalled accuracy lower than or equal to 40 chips.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The requirements in this section assume that N312 has the smallest possible value i.e. only one insync is required.

# 5.3 FDD/TDD Handover

# 5.3.1 Introduction

The purpose of FDD/TDD handover is to change the radio access mode from FDD to TDD. The FDD/TDD handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message that implies a hard handover as described in [16].

# 5.3.2 Requirements

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and TDD.

### 5.3.2.1 FDD/TDD handover delay

RRC procedure performance values for all RRC procedures, that can command a hard handover, are specified in [16].

When the UE receives a RRC message implying FDD/TDD handover with the activation time "now" or earlier than RRC procedure delay seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink DPCH within  $D_{handover}$  seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

If the access is delayed to an indicated activation time later than RRC procedure delay seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink DPCH at the designated activation time + interruption time.

where:

- D<sub>handover</sub> equals the RRC procedure performance value as defined in [16] plus the interruption time stated in section 5.3.2.2.

### 5.3.2.2 Interruption time

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the end of the last TTI containing a transport block on the old DPDCH and the time the UE starts transmission of the new uplink DPCH, is dependent on whether the target cell is known for the UE or not.

If FDD/TDD handover is commanded, the interruption time shall be less than,

 $T_{interrupt} = T_{offset} + T_{UL} + 30*F_{SFN} + 20*KC + 180*UC + 10*F_{max} ms$ 

where,

T <sub>offset</sub>	Equal to 10 ms, the frame timing uncertainty between the old cell and the target cell and the time that can elapse until the appearance of a Beacon channel
T <sub>UL</sub>	Equal to 10 ms, the time that can elapse until the appearance of the UL timeslot in the target cell
$\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{SFN}}$	Equal to 1 if SFN decoding is required and equal to 0 otherwise
KC	Equal to 1 if a known target cell is indicated in the RRC message implying FDD/TDD handover and equal to 0 otherwise
UC	Equal to 1 if an unknown target cell is indicated in the RRC message implying FDD/TDD handover and equal to 0 otherwise
F <sub>max</sub>	denotes the maximum number of radio frames within the transmission time intervals of all transport channels that are multiplexed into the same CCTrCH.

An inter-frequency TDD target cell shall be considered known by the UE, if the target cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

The interruption time requirements for an unknown target cell shall apply only if the signal quality of the unknown target cell is sufficient for successful synchronisation with one attempt.

# 5.4 FDD/GSM Handover

# 5.4.1 Introduction

The purpose of inter-RAT handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM is to transfer a connection between the UE and UTRAN FDD to GSM. The handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message (HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND). The procedure is described in TS25.331 section 8.3.7.

Compressed mode according to the UE Capability may be used to be able to make measurements on GSM.

# 5.4.2 Requirements

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and GSM.

The requirements given below in Tables 5.2 and 5.3 for the case where the UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before receiving the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND are valid when the signal quality of the GSM cell is sufficient for successful synchronisation with one attempt. If the UE is unable to synchronise to the GSM cell on the first attempt, it shall continue to search for synchronisation information for up to 800 ms. If after 800 ms the UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell it shall follow the handover failure procedure specified in [16].

### 5.4.2.1 Handover delay

When the UE receives a RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND with the activation time "now" or earlier than RRC procedure delay (see below) from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to transmit (as specified in TS 45.010) on the channel of the new RAT within the value in table 5.2 from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

If the access is delayed to an indicated activation time later than RRC procedure delay from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to transmit (as specified in TS 45.010) on the channel of the new RAT at the designated activation time + interruption time.

The UE shall process the RRC procedures for the RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND within 50 ms, which is noted as RRC procedure delay. If the activation time is used, it corresponds to the CFN of the UTRAN channel.

UE synchronisation status	handover delay [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the	90
HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before	190
the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	

#### Table 5.2: FDD/GSM handover -handover delay

### 5.4.2.2 Interruption time

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the end of the last TTI containing a transport block on the old channel and the time the UE is ready to transmit on the new channel, shall be less than The value in table 5.3.

#### Table 5.3: FDD/GSM handover - interruption time

Synchronisation status	Interruption time [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the	40
HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before	140
the HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	

# 5.4a FDD to E-UTRAN FDD Handover

# 5.4a.1 Introduction

The purpose of inter-RAT handover from UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD is to transfer a connection between the UE and UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD. The handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message (HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND). The procedure is described in TS 25.331.

Compressed mode according to the UE Capability may be used to be able to make measurements on E-UTRAN.

# 5.4a.2 Requirements

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and E-UTRAN FDD.

### 5.4a.2.1 Handover delay

When the UE receives a RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink PRACH channel within D<sub>handover</sub> seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, where:

- D<sub>handover</sub> equals the maximum RRC procedure delay defined plus the interruption time stated in section 5.4a.2.2.

The UE shall process the RRC procedures for the RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND within 50 ms, which is noted as RRC procedure delay.

#### 5.4a.2.2 Interruption time

The interruption time is the time between end of the last TTI containing the RRC command and the time the UE starts transmission of the PRACH in the new E-UTRA cell, excluding RRC procedure delay. This requirement applies when UE is not required to perform any synchronisation procedure before transmitting on the new PRACH.

When inter-RAT handover to E-UTRAN is commanded, the interruption time shall be less than T<sub>interrupt</sub>:

 $T_{interrupt} = T_{search} + T_{IU} + 20 ms$ 

Where:

- $T_{search}$  is the time required to search the target cell when the target cell is not already known when the handover command is received by the UE. If the target cell is known, then  $T_{search} = 0$  ms. If the target cell is unknown and signal quality is sufficient for successful cell detection on the first attempt, then  $T_{search} = 80$  ms.
- $T_{IU}$  T<sub>IU</sub> is the interruption uncertainty in acquiring the first available PRACH occasion in the new cell.T<sub>IU</sub> can be up to 30 ms.
- NOTE: The actual value of T<sub>IU</sub> shall depend upon the PRACH configuration used in the target cell.

In the interruption requirement a cell is known if

- it has been meeting the relevant cell identification requirements during the last 5 seconds otherwise it is unknown. Relevant cell identification requirements are described in [24].

The interruption time requirements for an unknown target cell shall apply only if the signal quality of the unknown target cell is sufficient for successful synchronisation with one attempt.

# 5.4b FDD to E-UTRAN TDD Handover

# 5.4b.1 Introduction

The purpose of inter-RAT handover from UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD is to transfer a connection between the UE from UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD. The handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message (HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND). The procedure is described in TS 25.331 section 8.3.7.

Compressed mode according to the UE Capability may be used to be able to make measurements on E-UTRAN.

### 5.4b.2 Requirements

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and E-UTRAN TDD.

### 5.4b.2.1 Handover delay

When the UE receives a RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink PRACH channel within  $D_{handover}$  seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

Where:

D<sub>handover</sub> equals the maximum RRC procedure delay defined plus the interruption time stated in section 5.4b.2.2.

The UE shall process the RRC procedures for the RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND within 50 ms, which is noted as RRC procedure delay.

#### 5.4b.2.2 Interruption time

The interruption time is the time between the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command on UTRA and the time the UE starts transmission of the new PRACH on E-UTRA cell, excluding the RRC procedure delay. This requirement applies when the UE is not required to perform any synchronisation procedure before transmitting on the new PRACH.

When inter-RAT handover to E-UTRAN is commanded, the interruption time shall be less than Tinterrupt

 $T_{interrupt} = T_{search} + T_{IU} + 20 \text{ ms}$ 

Where:

- $T_{search}$  is the time required to search the target cell when the target cell is not already known when the handover command is received by the UE. If the target cell is known, then  $T_{search} = 0$  ms. If the target cell is unknown and signal quality is sufficient for successful cell detection on the first attempt, then  $T_{search} = 80$  ms.
- $T_{IU}$  is the interruption uncertainty in acquiring the first available PRACH occasion in the new cell.  $T_{IU}$  can be up to 30 ms.
- NOTE: The actual value of T<sub>IU</sub> shall depend upon the PRACH configuration used in the target cell.

In the interruption requirement a cell is known if it has been meeting the relevant cell identification requirement during the last 5 seconds otherwise it is unknown. Relevant cell identification requirements are described in [24].

# 5.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL\_FACH

# 5.5.1 Introduction

The UE shall evaluate the cell re-selection criteria specified in TS 25.304, based on radio measurements, and if a better cell is found that cell is selected.

### 5.5.2 Requirements

The Cell reselection delays specified below are applicable when the RRC parameter  $T_{reselection}$  is set to 0. Otherwise the Cell reselection delay is increased  $T_{reselection}$  s.

The measurements CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP shall be used for cell reselection in Cell-FACH state to another FDD cell, P-CCPCH RSCP shall be used for cell re-selection to a TDD cell, GSM carrier RSSI shall be used for cell re-selection to a GSM cell and E-UTRA RSRP and RSRQ shall be used for cell re-selection to a E-UTRAN cell. The accuracies of the measurements used for a cell-reselection in an AWGN environment shall comply with the requirements in section 9. The measurements used for S-criteria and cell re-selection evaluation in CELL\_FACH shall be performed according to section 8.4.

### 5.5.2.1 Cell re-selection delay

For UTRA FDD the cell re-selection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which will trigger Cell Reselection process and the moment in time when the UE starts sending the the preambles on the PRACH for sending RRC CELL UPDATE message to the UTRAN.

For UTRA TDD, the cell re-selection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which will trigger the cell re-selection process and the moment in time when the UE starts sending the RRC CELL UPDATE message to the UTRAN on the RACH.

For GSM and E-UTRAN, the cell re-selection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which will trigger Cell Reselection process and the moment in time when the UE starts sending the random access in the target cell of the new RAT.

### 5.5.2.1.1 Intra frequency cell reselection

The cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state to a cell in the same frequency shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, intra}} = T_{\text{identify, intra}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

where

T<sub>identify, intra</sub> is specified in 8.4.2.2.1.

 $T_{IU}$  is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell.  $T_{IU}$  can be up to one frame (10 ms).

 $T_{SI}$  = The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell..

 $T_{RA}$  = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

If a cell has been detectable at least  $T_{identify,intra}$ , the cell reselection delay in CELL\_FACH state to a cell in the same frequency shall be less than

$$T_{reselection, intra} = T_{Measurement_Period Intra} + T_{IU} + 20 + T_{SI} + T_{RA}$$
 ms

where

 $T_{Measurement,Period Intra}$  = Specified in 8.4.2.2.2.

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so reading of system information can be done without errors.

### 5.5.2.1.2 Inter frequency cell reselection

The cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state to a FDD cell on a different frequency shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, inter}} = T_{\text{identify, inter}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

.where

T <sub>identify, inter</sub>	is specified in 8.4.2.3.1.
$T_{IU}$	is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell. $T_{IU}$ can be up to one frame (10 ms).
$T_{SI} =$	The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell
$T_{RA} =$	The additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

If a cell has been detectable at least  $T_{identify,inter}$ , the cell reselection delay in CELL\_FACH state to a FDD cell on a different frequency shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, inter}} = T_{\text{Measurement, inter}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

where

```
T<sub>Measurement, inter</sub>= Specified in 8.4.2.3.2.
```

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so that reading of system information can be done without errors.

### 5.5.2.1.3 FDD-TDD cell reselection

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and TDD.

The cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state in FDD to an inter frequency TDD cell shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, TDD}} = T_{\text{identify TDD inter}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

where

 T<sub>identify, TDD inter</sub>
 is specified in 8.4.2.4.1.

 T<sub>IU</sub>
 is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell. T<sub>IU</sub> can be up to one frame (10 ms).

 T<sub>SI</sub>
 is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in [16] for a UTRAN cell.

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T<sub>RA</sub> is the additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

If a cell has been detectable at least  $T_{identify TDD inter}$ , the cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state to an interfrequency TDD cell shall be less than,

$$T_{\text{reselection, TDD}} = T_{\text{Measurement TDD inter}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

where

T<sub>Measurement TDD inter</sub> is specified in 8.4.2.4.1.

These requirements assume radio conditions to be sufficient, so that reading of system information can be done without errors.

### 5.5.2.1.4 UTRAN-GSM Cell Reselection

The cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state to a GSM cell shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, GSM}} = T_{\text{identify,GSM}} + T_{\text{measurement, GSM}} + 40 + T_{\text{BCCH}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

 $T_{BCCH}$  = the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell [21].

 $T_{RA}$  = the additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

where

a) For UE requiring measurement occasions.

T<sub>identify, GSM</sub> is specified in 8.4.2.5.2.1

$$T_{\text{measurement, GSM}} = Max \left\{ 8 \cdot \frac{N_{carriers}}{N_{GSM carrier RSSI}} \cdot T_{meas}, 4 * T_{meas}, 480 ms \right\}$$

where:

N<sub>carriers</sub> is the number of GSM carriers in the Inter-RAT cell info list

N<sub>GSM carrier RSSI</sub> is specified in 8.4.2.5.1.

b) For UE not requiring measurement occasions

 $T_{identify, GSM} = 150 \text{ ms}$ 

 $T_{\text{measurement, GSM}} = 480 \text{ ms}$ 

#### 5.5.2.1.5 UTRAN-E-UTRAN Cell Reselection

The cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state to a E-UTRAN cell shall be less than

$$T_{\text{reselection, E-UTRAN}} = T_{\text{identify, E-UTRAN}} + T_{\text{measurement, E-UTRAN}} + 40 + T_{\text{BCCH}} + T_{\text{RA}}$$
 ms

T<sub>BCCH</sub> = the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from a E-UTRAN cell [24].

 $T_{RA}$  = the additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

where

a) For UE requiring measurement occasions.

T<sub>identify, E-UTRAN</sub> and T<sub>measurement, E-UTRAN</sub> are specified in 8.4.2.6.2

b) For UE not requiring measurement occasions

 $T_{identify, E-UTRAN} = 480 \text{ ms}$ 

 $T_{\text{measurement, E-UTRAN}} = 60 \text{ ms}$ 

#### 5.5.2.1.6 FDD-E-UTRA Cell Reselection

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the last TTI the UE monitors the FACH channel and the time the UE starts transmit a RACH in the target E-UTRAN cell.

When FDD-E-UTRAN cell reselection occurs the interruption time shall be less than Tinterrupt, E-UTRAN

 $T_{interrupt, E-UTRAN} = 40 + T_{BCCH} + T_{RA} ms$ 

where

 $T_{BCCH}$  = The maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from the E-UTRAN cell [24].

 $T_{RA}$  = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

### 5.5.2.2 Interruption time

The requirements on interruption time below are valid when the signal quality of the serving cell is good enough to allow decoding of the FACH channel during the cell reselection.

### 5.5.2.2.1 FDD-FDD cell reselection

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the last TTI the UE monitors the FACH channel on the serving cell and the time the UE starts transmit the preambles on the PRACH for sending the RRC CELL UPDATE message in the target cell.

When intra-frequency cell reselection, or inter-frequency cell reselection when the UE does not need measurement occasion to perform inter-frequency measurements occurs, the interruption time shall be less than T<sub>interrupt1</sub>

$$T_{interrupt1} = T_{IU} + 20 + T_{RA} ms$$

where

- $T_{IU}$  is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell.  $T_{IU}$  can be up to one frame (10 ms).
- $T_{RA}$  The additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

When inter-frequency cell reselection occurs and the UE needs measurement occasions to perform inter-frequency measurements, the interruption time shall be less than  $T_{interrupt2}$ 

$$\Gamma_{\text{interrupt2}} = T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

where

 $T_{SI}$  the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331.

In CELL\_FACH state the MTCH interruption time due to intra-frequency cell reselection without soft combining during an MBMS session shall be less than  $T_{MTCH_{interrupt}}$  as specified in section 4.2.2.10.

#### 5.5.2.2.2 FDD-TDD cell reselection

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and TDD.

The interruption time, is defined as the time period between the last TTI the UE monitors the FACH on the serving cell and the time instant the UE starts to transmit the RRC CELL UPDATE message in the target inter-frequency TDD cell on the RACH.

In case of inter-frequency cell reselection to a TDD cell and when the UE needs measurement occasions to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the interruption time shall be less than

$$T_{interrupt1, TDD} = T_{IU}+20+T_{SI}+T_{RA} ms$$

In case of inter-frequency cell reselection to a TDD cell and when the UE does not need measurement occasions to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the interruption time shall be less than

$$T_{interrupt2, TDD} = T_{IU} + 20 + T_{RA} ms$$

where

$T_{IU}$	is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell. $T_{IU}$ can be
	up to one frame (10 ms).
T <sub>SI</sub>	is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the
	reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in [16].
T <sub>RA</sub>	is the additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

#### 5.5.2.2.3 FDD-GSM cell reselection

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the last TTI the UE monitors the FACH channel and the time the UE starts transmit a RACH in the target GSM cell.

When FDD-GSM cell reselection occurs the interruption time shall be less than Tinterrupt, GSM

$$T_{interrupt,GSM} = 40 + T_{BCCH} + T_{RA} ms$$

where

 $T_{BCCH} =$  the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from the GSM cell [21].  $T_{RA} =$  The additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

### 5.5.2.3 Measurement and evaluation of cell selection criteria S of serving cell

The S-criteria detection delay is defined as the time between the occurrence of an event which leads to that the cell selection criteria S for serving cell is not fulfilled and the moment in time when the UE detects that the cell selection criteria S for serving cell is not fulfilled.

The UE shall filter the CPICH Ec/Io and CPICH RSCP measurements used for cell selection criteria S evaluation of the serving cell over at least 3 measurement periods  $T_{Measurement\_Period Intra}$ .

The S-critera detection delay in CELL\_FACH state shall be less than:

 $T_{S-criteria} = 5 \times T_{Measurement\_Period Intra} ms$ 

where

 $T_{Measurement\_Period Intra} = Specified in 8.4.2.2.2.$ 

The UE is "out of service area" if the UE has evaluated for 4 s that that the serving cell does not fulfil the cell selection criterion S and if the UE has not found any new suitable cell based on searches and measurements of the neighbour cells indicated in the measurement control system information during these 4 s. When the UE is "out of service area" it shall initiate cell selection procedures for the selected PLMN as defined in [1].

On transition from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH, if a UE cannot find a suitable UTRA cell, then it is considered to be "out of service area" and shall perform actions according to [16].

If the S criterion of the serving cell is no longer fulfilled, the UE may suspend MBMS reception if necessary to improve the UE's ability to find a suitable cell.

If the S criterion of the serving cell is fulfilled, the measurement requirements when a MBMS reception is active are specified in section 8.4.

# 5.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL\_PCH

# 5.6.1 Introduction

The UE shall evaluate the cell re-selection criteria specified in TS 25.304, based on radio measurements, and if a better cell is found that cell is selected.

# 5.6.2 Requirements

Requirements for cell re-selection in CELL\_PCH are the same as for cell re-selection in idle mode, see section 4.2. UE shall support all DRX cycle lengths in table 4.1 and table 4.2, according to [16].

# 5.7 Cell Re-selection in URA\_PCH

# 5.7.1 Introduction

The UE shall evaluate the cell re-selection criteria specified in TS 25.304, based on radio measurements, and if a better cell is found that cell is selected.

# 5.7.2 Requirements

Requirements for cell re-selection in URA\_PCH are the same as for cell re-selection in idle mode, see section 4.2. UE shall support all DRX cycle lengths in table 4.1 and table 4.2, according to [16].

# 5.8 RACH reporting

# 5.8.1 Introduction

The network may request the UE to report on RACH cell CPICH levels for the serving cell and up to 6 strongest monitored set cells and SFN-SFN observed time difference between the serving cell and up to 6 different monitored set cells.

# 5.8.2 Requirements

If all of the following conditions are true, the UE is allowed to have an additional delay of  $N_{RACH}$ \*50 ms in RACH transmission compared to the normal RACH transmission delay:

- SFN-SFN observed time difference measurement results are required to be reported on RACH;
- The set of cells on which the SFN-SFN observed time difference measurement is to be reported has changed since the previous RACH measurement report;
- The UE has not measured the SFN-SFN observed time differences for the cells to be reported on RACH in the CELL\_FACH state according to the requirements defined in Section 8.4.2.2.

If at least one of the previous conditions is false, the UE shall be able to report the requested measurement results on RACH within a normal RACH transmission delay.

 $N_{\text{RACH}}$  is the number of cells requiring SFN decoding prior to the reporting of SFN-SFN observed time difference measurement results on RACH.

# 5.9 Inter-RAT cell change order from UTRAN in CELL\_DCH and CELL\_FACH

# 5.9.1 Introduction

The purpose of inter-RAT cell change order from UTRAN FDD to GSM is to transfer a connection between the UE and UTRAN FDD to GSM. This procedure may be used in CELL\_DCH and CELL\_FACH state. The cell change order procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message (CELL CHANGE ORDER FROM UTRAN). The procedure is described in TS25.331 section 8.3.11.

NOTE: No procedure is defined for Inter-RAT cell change order from UTRAN to E-UTRAN.

# 5.9.2 Requirements

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and GSM.

### 5.9.2.1 Delay

When the UE receives a RRC CELL CHANGE ORDER FROM UTRAN COMMAND with the activation time "now" or earlier than the value in table 5.4 from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall start transmit the random access in the target cell of the new RAT within the value in table 5.4 from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

If the access is delayed to an indicated activation time later than the value in table 5.4 from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall start transmit the random access in the target cell of the new RAT at the designated activation time.

The UE shall process the RRC procedures for the RRC CELL CHANGE ORDER FROM UTRAN COMMAND within 50 ms. If the activation time is used, it corresponds to the CFN of the UTRAN channel.

### Table 5.4: Inter-RAT cell change order from UTRAN - delay

UE synchronisation status	delay [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the CELL	90 + T <sub>BCCH</sub> +T <sub>RA</sub>
CHANGE ORDER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before the CELL	190 + T <sub>BCCH</sub> +T <sub>RA</sub>
CHANGE ORDER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	

where

 $T_{BCCH} =$  the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from the GSM cell [21];  $T_{RA} =$  the additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

### 5.9.2.2 Interruption time

The requirements on interruption time below is valid when the signal quality of the serving cell is good enough to allow decoding of the old channel during the inter-RAT cell change order from UTRAN delay.

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the end of the last TTI containing a transport block that the UE is able to receive on the old channel and the time the UE starts transmit the random access in the target cell, shall be less than the value in table 5.5. The requirement in table 5.5 for the case, that UE is not synchronised to the GSM cell before the CELL CHANGE ORDER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received, is valid when the signal quality of the GSM cell is good enough for successful synchronisation with one attempt.

Synchronisation status	Interruption time [ms]
The UE has synchronised to the GSM cell before the CELL	40 + T <sub>BCCH</sub> +T <sub>RA</sub>
CHANGE ORDER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	
The UE has not synchronised to the GSM cell before the CELL	140 + Т <sub>вссн</sub> +Т <sub>ка</sub>
CHANGE ORDER FROM UTRAN COMMAND is received	

 Table 5.5: Inter-RAT cell change order from UTRAN - interruption time

where

 $T_{BCCH} = T_{RA} =$ 

the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from the GSM cell [21]. the additional delay caused by the random access procedure

# 5.10 Serving HS-DSCH cell change

# 5.10.3 Introduction

The serving HS-DSCH procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message that implies a change of the serving HS-DSCH cell, see TS 25.331 section 8.2.2

# 5.10.2 Requirements

### 5.10.2.1 Serving HS-DSCH cell change delay

Procedure delay for all procedures, that can command a HS-DSCH cell change are specified in TS25.331 section 13.5.2.

When the UE receives a RRC message implying HS-DSCH cell change with the activation time "now" or earlier than RRC procedure delay seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to receive the HS-SCCH channel from the new cell within  $D_{cell\_change}$  seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

If the access is delayed to an indicated activation time later than RRC procedure delay seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink HS-DPCCH at the designated activation time + interruption time.

where:

 $D_{cell\_change}$  equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS25.331 Section 13.5.2 plus the interruption time of receiving HS-DSCH data stated in section 5.10.2.2.

### 5.10.2.2 Interruption time

The HS-DSCH interruption time is the time between the last received TTI that can contain a transport block on the old HS-PDSCH and the time when the UE is ready to transmit CQI reports based on the quality of the new cell and the UE have started to receive the HS-SCCH of the new cell. The interruption time is depending on whether the target cell is known for the UE or not.

If serving HS-DSCH cell change is commanded to a cell in the active set the HS-DSCH interruption time shall be less than  $T_{interrupt1}$ 

$$T_{interrupt1} = T_{IU} + 22 \text{ ms}$$

If an active set update, which includes a cell into the active set where the cell is known, and serving HS-DSCH cell change is simultaneously commanded to the same cell the HS-DSCH interruption time shall be less than T<sub>interrupt2</sub>

$$T_{interrupt2} = T_{IU} + 42 \text{ ms}$$

where  $T_{IU}$  is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell.  $T_{IU}$  can be up to one subframe (2 ms).

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

# 5.11 Enhanced Serving HS-DSCH cell change

# 5.11.1 Introduction

The enhanced serving HS-DSCH cell change procedure is initiated from UTRAN either with a RRC message that implies a change of the serving HS-DSCH cell or through an HS-SCCH order sent on the target cell (target cell is the cell which becomes the serving cell after the enhanced serving HS-DSCH cell change procedure).

# 5.11.2 Requirements

When the UE receives a RRC message implying enhanced HS-DSCH cell change, the serving cell change delay and interruption time requirements are as defined in Section 5.10.

When the UE receives an HS-SCCH order from the target cell that implies enhanced HS-DSCH serving cell change:

- if the activation time is not equal to "now", the UE shall be ready to receive the full configured HS-SCCH set from the target cell within MAX{40 ms, activation time the end of the TTI containing the HS-SCCH order} from the end of the TTI containing the HS-SCCH order.
- if the activation time is set to "now", the UE shall be ready to receive the full configured HS-SCCH set within 40 ms from the end of the TTI containing the HS-SCCH order.

# 5.12 Interruption on Primary Uplink Frequency in DC-HSUPA

# 5.12.1 Introduction

When the UE is configured with dual uplink carrier frequencies, the transmission interruption on the primary uplink frequency can occur due to the activation or deactivation of the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell or of the serving E-DCH cell on the secondary uplink frequency.

The activation or deactivation procedure for the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell or the serving E-DCH cell on the secondary uplink frequency, is initiated from UTRAN with an HS-SCCH order [18], which implies activation or deactivation of the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell or the serving E-DCH cell on the secondary uplink frequency.

# 5.12.2 Requirements

The interruption time on the primary uplink frequency,  $T_{interrupt}$ , starts from the end of the last DPCCH slot which overlaps with the HS-DPCCH subframe containing the ACK corresponding to the HS-SCCH order for the activation or deactivation of the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell or the serving E-DCH cell on the secondary uplink frequency. The UE shall be ready to resume transmission of each physical channel on the primary uplink frequency at the next slot, subframe or frame after  $T_{interrupt}$  =4 ms, depending on the channel timing relationship defined in [2] (next slot for DPCCH and next subframe for HS-DPCCH/2ms TTI E-DCH). This requirement applies when the UE is configured with dual uplink carrier frequencies.

# 5.13 System information acquisition for CSG cell

# 5.13.1 Introduction

The requirements in this section apply to a UE which supports system information acquisition of a CSG cell in preparation for handover. Both intra frequency and inter frequency system information reading can be configured, for the inter frequency case the UE may make autonomous gaps in both downlink reception and uplink transmission. For intrafrequency system information acquisition, interruption in downlink reception or uplink transmission shall not be performed to aquire system information.

# 5.13.2 CSG SI acquisition delay

The CSG SI acquisition delay is defined as the time between any occurrences that will trigger a SI decoding until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. The measurement reporting delay also excludes any RRC procedure delay which is defined in [16] when SI reading is initiated by a measurement control message.

For intra frequency CSG cells, CSG SI decoding is typically triggered when a cell with primary scrambling code in a preconfigured range meets the criteria for measurement reporting. For inter frequency CSG cells, CSG SI decoding is explicitly requested by RRC signalling.

The CSG SI reporting delay shall not be more than T<sub>CSG-SI-Report</sub> where T<sub>CSG-SI-Report</sub> in ms is given by

$$T_{CSG-SI-Report} = [630] + 40 * SIB3_REP$$

SIB3\_REP is the repetition period at which the CSG cell schedules SIB3 blocks in units of frames

This requirement is applicable for CSG target cell configurations where the information required to make the SI report can be determined from the MIB and SIB3 alone, and SIB3 is not segmented into multiple TTI. Additionally, for the requirement to be applicable, the reception conditions shall be such that the system frame number of the target CSG cell, the MIB and SIB3 can each be successfully decoded in no more than four attempts. According to the reception conditions:

A cell shall be considered detectable when:

- CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB if DL\_DRX\_Active = 0, or CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$ -17dB if DL\_DRX\_Active=1,
- SCH\_Ec/Io ≥ -20 dB if DL\_DRX\_Active = 0, or SCH Ec/Io ≥-17dB if DL\_DRX\_Active=1, for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

The system frame number, the MIB and SIB3 of the target CSG cell shall be considered decodable provided the BCH demodulation requirements are met according to [3].

### 5.13.3 Interfrequency CSG decoding interruption

When inter frequency CSG SI decoding of a neighbour cell is requested by UTRAN, the UE may interrupt ongoing downlink reception, and uplink transmission to perform the decoding on another frequency. The total of the gaps in reception and the total of the gaps in transmission during the period  $T_{CSG-SI-Report}$  shall not exceed  $T_{CSG-SI-Interruption}$  where  $T_{CSG-SI-Interruption} = [600ms]$ . This requirement is applicable for CSG target cell configurations where the information required to make the SI report can be determined from the MIB and SIB3 alone, and SIB3 is not segmented into multiple TTI. Additionally, for the requirement to be applicable, the reception conditions shall be such that the system frame number of the target CSG cell, the MIB and SIB3 can each be successfully decoded in no more than four attempts. According to the reception conditions:

A cell shall be considered detectable when:

- CPICH Ec/Io > -20 dB,
- SCH\_Ec/Io > -17 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

The system frame number, the MIB and SIB3 of the target CSG cell shall be considered decodable provided the BCH demodulation requirements are met according to [3].

### 5.13.4 CSG reporting delay

Reporting delay results from delay uncertainty when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

# 5.14 System information acquisition for inter-RAT E-UTRA cell

# 5.14.1 Identification of a new CGI of inter-RAT E-UTRA FDD cell with autonomous gaps

The UE shall identify and report the CGI when requested by the UTRAN for the purpose of SI reading. To perform SI reading, the UE may make autonomous gaps in both downlink reception and uplink transmission for receiving MIB and SIB1 message of E-UTRAN cell [27] when the IE " E-UTRA SI Acquisition" is received by the UE [16]. If the autonomous gaps are used for the measurement with the purpose of SI reading, the UE shall be able to identify a new CGI of inter-RAT E-UTRA cell within:

 $T_{identify\_CGI, E-UTRAN} = T_{basic\_identify\_CGI, E-UTRAN}$  ms

Where

 $T_{basic\_identify\_CGI, E-UTRAN} = [300]$  ms. This is the time period used in the above equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new CGI of E-UTRA cell is defined.

A E-UTRAN cell shall be considered identifiable following conditions are fulfilled:

- RSRP related side conditions given in Section 9.1of [24] are fulfilled for a corresponding Band,
- SCH\_RP|dBm and SCH Ês/Iot according to Annex B.4.1 for a corresponding Band.

The MIB of an inter-RAT E-UTRA cell whose CGI is identified shall be considered decodable by the UE provided the PBCH demodulation requirements are met according to [28].

# 5.14.2 Identification of a new CGI of inter-RAT E-UTRA TDD cell with autonomous gaps

The UE shall identify and report the CGI when requested by the UTRAN for the purpose of SI reading. To perform SI reading, the UE may make autonomous gaps in both downlink reception and uplink transmission for receiving MIB and SIB1 message [27] when the IE " E-UTRA SI Acquisition" is received by the UE [16]. If the autonomous gaps are used for the measurement with the purpose of SI reading, the UE shall be able to identify a new CGI of inter-RAT E-UTRA cell within:

 $T_{identify\_CGI, E-UTRAN} = T_{basic\_identify\_CGI, E-UTRAN}$  ms

Where

 $T_{\text{basic\_identify}\_CGI, E-UTRAN} = [300]$  ms. This is the time period used in the above equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new CGI of E-UTRA cell is defined.

A cell shall be considered identifiable following conditions are fulfilled:

- RSRP related side conditions given in Section 9.1 of [24] are fulfilled for a corresponding Band,
- SCH\_RP and SCH Ês/Iot according to Annex B.4.1 for a corresponding Band.

The MIB of an inter-RAT E-UTRA cell whose CGI is identified shall be considered decodable by the UE provided the PBCH demodulation requirements are met according to [28].

### 5.14.3 ECGI reporting delay

Reporting delay results from delay uncertainty when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH and the RRC procedure delay. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

# **6 RRC Connection Control**

# 6.1 RRC Re-establishment

### 6.1.1 Introduction

RRC connection re-establishment is needed, when a UE in state CELL\_DCH loses radio connection due to radio link failure. The procedure when a radio link failure occurs in CELL\_DCH is specified in TS 25.331.

### 6.1.2 Requirements

The requirements in this section are applicable when the UE performs a RRC Re-establishment to a cell belonging to any of the frequencies present in the previous (old) monitored set.

The UE *moves from CELL\_DCH to CELL\_FACH state and* shall be capable of sending a CELL UPDATE message using the cause "radio link failure" within T<sub>RE-ESTABLISH</sub> seconds from when the radio link failure occurred.

 $T_{RE-ESTABLISH}$  equals the RRC procedure delay ( $T_{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH}$ ) according to TS25.331 plus the UE Re-establishment delay ( $T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$ ), specified in 6.1.2.1.

 $T_{RE-ESTABLISH} = T_{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} + T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$ 

### 6.1.2.1 UE Re-establishment delay requirement

The UE Re-establishment delay requirement ( $T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$ ) is defined as the time between the moment when radio link failure is considered by the UE, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.

 $T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ}$  is depending on whether the target cell is known by the UE or not. A cell is known if either or both of the following conditions are true:

- the UE has had radio links connected to the cell in the previous (old) active set;
- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

And the phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The UE Re-establishment delay requirement T<sub>UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ</sub> shall be less than

 $T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-KNOWN} = 50ms + T_{search} + T_{SI} + T_{RA}$ 

in case that the target cell is known, and

```
T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-UNKNOWN} = 50ms + T_{search}*NF + T_{SI} + T_{RA}
```

in case that the target cell is not known by the UE.

#### where

T<sub>search</sub> is the time it takes for the UE to search the cell.

 $T_{search} = 100 \text{ ms}$  if the target cell is known by the UE, and

 $T_{search} = 800$  ms if the target cell is not known by the UE.

 $T_{SI}$  is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell (ms).

 $T_{RA}$  = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure.

NF is the number of different frequencies in the monitored set.

This requirement assumes radio conditions to be sufficient, so that reading of system information can be done without errors.

6.2 (void)

# 6.3 Random Access

### 6.3.1 Introduction

The random access procedure is used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN. The random access shall provide a fast access but without disturbing ongoing connections. The random access is specified in section 6 of TS 25.214 and the control of the RACH transmission is specified in section 11.2 of TS 25.321. A random access transmit sequence is described in section 6.7.2 of TS 25.303.

# 6.3.2 Requirements

The UE shall have capability to calculate initial power according to the open loop algorithm and apply this power level at the first preamble and increase the power on additional preambles. The UE shall stop transmit preambles upon a ACK/NACK on the AICH has been received or if the maximum number of preambles within on cycle has been reached. Upon an ACK has been received the UE shall transmit a message otherwise the ramping procedure shall be repeated.

### 6.3.2.1 Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message..

The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall have an accuracy as specified in table 6.3 of TS 25.101 [3]. The relative power applied to additional preambles shall have an accuracy as specified in section 6.5.2.1 of 25.101 [3].

### 6.3.2.2 Correct behaviour when receiving an NACK

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a NACK on the AICH has been received and then repeat the ramping procedure when the back off timer  $T_{B01}$  expires.

### 6.3.2.3 Correct behaviour at Time-out

The UE shall stop transmit preambles when reaching the maximum number of preambles allowed in a cycle. The UE shall then repeat the ramping procedure until the maximum number of preamble ramping cycles are reached.

### 6.3.2.4 Correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

The UE shall not exceed the maximum allowed UL TX power configured by the UTRAN.

The absolute power of any preamble shall not exceed the maximum allowed UL TX power with more than specified in section 6.5.

# 6.4 Transport format combination selection in UE

### 6.4.1 Introduction

When the UE estimates that a certain TFC and E-TFC would require more power than the maximum transmit power, it shall limit the usage of transport format combinations for the assigned transport format set, according to the functionality specified in section 11.4 in TS25.321. This is in order to make it possible for the network operator to maximise the coverage. Transport format combination selection is described in section 11.4 of TS 25.321.

When the UE has more than one Activated Uplink Frequency, the UE estimates the power which may be allocated for all Activated Uplink Frequencies. The E-TFC selection when the UE has more than one Activated Uplink Frequency is described in section 11.8.1.4 of TS25.321

### 6.4.2 Requirements

The UE shall continuously evaluate based on the *Elimination, Recovery* and *Blocking* criteria defined below, how TFCs on an uplink DPDCH can be used for the purpose of TFC selection. The evaluation shall be performed for every TFC in the TFCS using the estimated UE transmit power.

The UE transmit power estimation for a given TFC, when HS-DPCCH is not transmitted during the measurement period, shall be calculated using the DPDCH and DPCCH gain factors of the corresponding TFC and reference transmit power. The reference transmit power is the transmit power of DPCCH and DPDCH of a given TFC during the measurement period for which UE transmit power estimation is made. If a single HS-DPCCH is transmitted either partially or totally within the given measurement period the UE transmit power estimation for a given TFC shall be calculated using DPDCH and DPCCH gain factors, the maximum value of the HS-DPCCH gain factor that is used during the measurement period, and the reference transmit power. If two HS-DPCCHs are transmitted either partially or totally within the given measurement period then a maximum combined transmit power over both of the HS-DPCCHs should be considered in the TFC calculation. Rules for calculating the HS-DPCCH gain factors from the most recent signalled  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  according to the specific multicarrier and MIMO configuration and activation status of the secondary HS-DSCH serving cells are defined in subclause 5.1.2.5A in [18]. The timing of the measurement period, which is defined in 9.1.6.1 as one slot, is the same as the timing of the DPCCH slot.

E-TFC selection is allowed only in CELL\_DCH state, CELL\_FACH state, and Idle mode. E-TFC selection is based on the estimated power leftover from TFC selection if the DPDCH is present and from the HS-DPCCH.

When the UE has one Activated Uplink Frequency, the UE shall estimate the normalised remaining power margin available for E-TFC selection based on the following equation for E-TFC candidate j

 $NRPM_{j} = (PMax_{j} - P_{DPCCH, target} - P_{DPDCH} - P_{HS-DPCCH} - P_{E-DPCCH, j}) / P_{DPCCH, target},$ 

where

PMax<sub>i</sub> = Maximum UE transmitter power for E-TFC-j as defined in section 6.5

 $P_{DPCCH}(t)$  represents a slotwise estimate of the current UE DPCCH power at time t. If at time t, the UE is transmitting a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t) = P_{DPCCH}(t) \times (N_{pilot,C}/N_{pilot,N})$  else  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t) = P_{DPCCH}(t)$ . If the UE is not transmitting uplink DPCCH during the slot at time t, either due to compressed mode gaps or when discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission operation is enabled then the power shall not contribute to the filtered result.Samples of  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t)$  shall be filtered using a filter period of 3 slotwise estimates of  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t)$  when the E-DCH TTI is 2ms or 15 slotwise estimates of  $P_{DPCCH,comp}(t)$  when the E-DCH TTI is 10ms to give  $P_{DPCCH,filtered}$ . The accuracy of the  $P_{DPCCH}$  estimate shall be at least that specified in table 6.0A

If the target E-DCH TTI for which  $NRPM_j$  evaluated does not correspond to a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,target} = P_{DPCCH,filtered}$ .

If the target E-DCH TTI for which NRPM<sub>j</sub> is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,target} = P_{DPCCH,filtered} \times (N_{pilot,N} / N_{pilot,C})$ . N<sub>pilot,N</sub> and N<sub>pilot,C</sub> are numbers of pilot symbols as defined in [18].

 $P_{DPDCH}$  = estimated DPDCH transmit power, based on  $P_{DPCCH,target}$  and the gain factors from the TFC selection that has already been made. If the target E-DCH TTI for which NRPM<sub>j</sub> is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then the modification to the gain factors which occur due to compressed mode shall be included in the estimate of  $P_{DPDCH}$ .

 $P_{HS-DPCCH}$  = estimated HS-DPCCH transmit power based on the maximum HS-DPCCH gain factor and  $P_{DPCCH,target}$  If two HS-DPCCHs are transmitted,  $P_{HS-DPCCH}$  is the maximum combined estimated transmit power over both HS-DPCCHs. Rules for calculating the HS-DPCCH gain factors from the most recent signalled  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQ1}$  according to the specific multicarrier and MIMO configuration and activation status of the secondary HS-DSCH serving cells are defined in subclause 5.1.2.5A in [18]. If the target E-DCH TTI for which NRPM<sub>j</sub> is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then the modification to the gain factors which occur due to compressed mode shall be included in the estimate of  $P_{HS-DPCCH}$ .

 $P_{E-DPCCH,j}$  = estimated E-DPCCH transmit power for E-TFCI<sub>j</sub>. If E-TFCI<sub>j</sub> is smaller than or equal to *E-TFCI<sub>ec,boost</sub>* the estimate is based on  $P_{DPCCH,target}$  and the E-DPCCH gain factor calculated using the most recent signalled

value of  $\Delta_{\text{E-DPCCH}}$ . If E-TFCI<sub>j</sub> is greater than *E-TFCI<sub>ec,boost</sub>* the estimate is based on the E-DPCCH gain factor,  $\beta_{ec,j}$ , which is calculated for E-TFCI<sub>j</sub> using the procedure in [18]. If the target E-DCH TTI for which NRPM<sub>j</sub> is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then the modification to the gain factors which occur due to compressed mode shall be included in the estimate of P<sub>E-DPCCH</sub>

NOTE: P<sub>DPCCH</sub>(t), PMax<sub>j</sub>, P<sub>DPCCH,target</sub>, P<sub>DPCCH,filtered</sub>, P<sub>DPCCH,comp</sub>(t), P<sub>DPDCH</sub>, P<sub>HS-DPCCH</sub>, and P<sub>E-DPCCH</sub> are expressed in linear power units

In CELL\_FACH state and Idle mode, if less than 3 E-DCH TTIs of DPCCH transmission for 2ms TTI and less than 2 E-DCH TTIs of DPCCH transmission for 10ms TTI is configured prior to the start of the E-DCH transmissions, an estimate of  $P_{DPCCH, target} = P_{preamble} + P_{p-e}$  shall be used for initial E-TFC restriction.  $P_{preamble}$  is the code power of the last transmitted PRACH preamble, and  $P_{p-e}$  is the power offset between the power of the last transmitted preamble and the initial DPCCH transmission power.

The UE shall consider the *Elimination* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC is greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for at least X out of the last Y successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Excess-Power state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bit rate for each logical channel to upper layers within  $T_{notify}$  from the moment the *Elimination* criterion was detected.

The UE shall consider the *Recovery* criterion for a given TFC to be detected if the estimated UE transmit power needed for this TFC has not been greater than the Maximum UE transmitter power for the last Z successive measurement periods immediately preceding evaluation. The MAC in the UE shall consider that the TFC is in Supported state for the purpose of TFC selection.

MAC in the UE shall indicate the available bit rate for each logical channel to upper layers within  $T_{notify}$  from the moment the *Recovery* criterion was detected.

The evaluation of the *Elimination* criterion and the *Recovery* criterion shall be performed at least once per radio frame.

The definitions of the parameters X,Y and Z which shall be used when evaluating the *Elimination* and the *Recovery* criteria when no compressed mode patterns are activated are given in Table 6.0.

Table 6.0: X	, Y, Z	parameters	for TFC	selection
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X	Y	Z
15	30	30

The UE shall consider the *Blocking* criterion for a given TFC to be fulfilled at the latest at the start of the longest uplink TTI after the moment at which the TFC will have been in Excess-Power state for a duration of:

$$(T_{notify} + T_{modify} + T_{L1_proc})$$

where:

T<sub>notify</sub> equals 15 ms, and

 $T_{modify}$  equals MAX( $T_{adapt_max}, T_{TTI}$ ), and

 $T_{L1 proc}$  equals 15 ms, and

 $T_{adapt_max}$  equals MAX( $T_{adapt_1}$ ,  $T_{adapt_2}$ , ...,  $T_{adapt_N}$ ), and

N equals the number of logical channels that need to change rate, and

 $T_{adapt_n}$  equals the time it takes for higher layers to provide data to MAC in a new supported bitrate, for logical channel n. For services where no codec is used  $T_{adapt}$  shall be considered to be equal to 0 ms. For services where either UMTS\_AMR2 or UMTS\_AMR\_WB is used, Tadapt shall be considered to be equal to the time required to switch from the current codec mode to a new supported codec mode. In that case Tadapt equals 20 ms + 40 ms per codec mode switch. E.g. Tadapt equals 60ms if one codec mode switch is necessary and Tadapt equals 140ms if 3 codec mode switches are necessary.

 $T_{TTI}$  equals the longest uplink TTI of the selected TFC (ms).

When the UE has one Activated Uplink Frequency, the UE shall be able to update the normalised remaining power estimate of each E-TFC at least every E-DCH TTI. The UE shall use the latest available estimate of NRPM<sub>j</sub> at the time when all absolute and relative grants relating to the E-DCH TTI under consideration have been received. Using the estimates of NRPM<sub>j</sub> the UE shall evaluate for each E-TFC which configured MAC-d flows are supported and which are unsupported as follows:

In the case that the target E-DCH TTI for which E-TFC restriction is being considered does not belong to a compressed mode frame then if NRPM<sub>i</sub> $\geq \sum (\beta_{ed,i}/\beta_c)^2$  then E-TFC<sub>i</sub> can be supported, otherwise it cannot be supported

In the case that the target E-DCH TTI for which E-TFC restriction is being considered belongs to a compressed mode frame then if NRPM<sub>i</sub> $\geq \sum (\beta_{ed,C,i}/\beta_{c,C})^2$  then E-TFC<sub>i</sub> can be supported, otherwise it cannot be supported

 $\beta_{ed,i}/\beta_c$  and  $\beta_{ed,C,i}/\beta_{c,C}$  is the quantized amplitude ratio.

If the UE is allowed to reduce its maximum transmit power for certain TFCs and E-TFCs, the UE shall use the reduced maximum transmit power in the evaluation of the TFC and E-TFC selection criteria for those TFCs.

When the UE has more than one Activated Uplink Frequency, the UE shall estimate the remaining power which is available to be allocated to scheduled E-DCH transmissions on all Activated Uplink Frequencies. The total available power for scheduled E-DCH transmissions is defined by:

P<sub>remaining,s</sub>=max(PMax - Σ<sub>i</sub> P<sub>DPCCH,target,i</sub> - P<sub>HS-DPCCH</sub> - P<sub>non-SG</sub>, 0)

where

PMax represents the Maximum UE Transmitter power, as defined in Section 6.5.

-  $P_{DPCCH,i}(t)$  represents a slotwise estimate of the current UE DPCCH power for carrier with index i (i=0,1) at time t. If at time t, the UE is transmitting a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,comp,i}(t) = P_{DPCCH,i}(t) \times (N_{pilot,C}/N_{pilot,N})$  else  $P_{DPCCH,comp,i}(t) = P_{DPCCH,i}(t)$ . If the UE is not transmitting uplink DPCCH on the Activated Uplink Frequency i during the slot at time t, either due to compressed mode gaps or when discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission operation is enabled then the power shall not contribute to the filtered result. Samples of  $P_{DPCCH,comp,i}(t)$  shall be filtered using a filter period of 3 slotwise estimates of  $P_{DPCCH,comp,i}(t)$ . The accuracy of the  $P_{DPCCH,i}$  estimate shall be at least that specified in table 6.0A

If the target E-DCH TTI for which RPM is being evaluated does not correspond to a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,target,i} = P_{DPCCH,filtered,i}$ .

If the target E-DCH TTI for which RPM is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then  $P_{DPCCH,target,i} = P_{DPCCH,filtered,i} \times (N_{pilot,N} / N_{pilot,C})$ .  $N_{pilot,N}$  and  $N_{pilot,C}$  are numbers of pilot symbols as defined in [18].

- $P_{HS-DPCCH}$  represents the estimated HS-DPCCH transmit power and shall be calculated based on the estimated Primary Activated Frequency DPCCH power, and the greatest HS-DPCCH gain factor. If two HS-DPCCHs are transmitted,  $P_{HS-DPCCH}$  is the maximum combined estimated transmit power from both HS-DPCCHs. Rules for calculating the HS-DPCCH gain factors from the most recent signalled  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  according to the specific multicarrier and MIMO configuration and activation status of the secondary HS-DSCH serving cells are defined in subclause 5.1.2.5A in [18].
- P<sub>non-SG</sub> represents the power pre-allocated for non-scheduled transmissions for Primary Uplink Frequency, as defined by [19]. An estimate of the E-DPCCH power required for non-scheduled transmissions may be included in P<sub>non-SG</sub>.

When the UE has more than one Activated Uplink Frequency and no retransmission is required, or when the UE has more than one Activated Uplink Frequency and two retransmissions are required, the UE shall estimate the normalised remaining power margin available for E-TFC selection using the power allocated to the Primary Uplink Frequency  $P_{allocated,1}$  and the power allocated to the Secondary Uplink Frequency  $P_{allocated,2}$  defined by:

$$\begin{split} P_{allocated,1} &= P_1 + P_{non\text{-}SG,} \\ P_{allocated,2} &= P_2 \end{split}$$

where

P<sub>i</sub> represents the maximum remaining allowed power for scheduled transmissions for the Activated Uplink Frequency i = 1,2, where index 1 and index 2 correspond to the index of the Primary Uplink Frequency and the index of the Secondary Uplink Frequency as defined by [19]

When the UE has more than one Activated Uplink Frequency and one retransmission is required in one Activated Uplink Frequency, the UE shall estimate the normalised remaining power margin available for E-TFC selection using the power allocated to the Activated Uplink Frequency for which a retransmission is required  $P_{allocated,x}$  and on the power allocated to the Activated Uplink Frequency for which no retransmission is required  $P_{allocated,y}$  defined by:

 $P_{allocated,y} = PMax - P_{HS-DPCCH} - \Sigma_i P_{DPCCH,target,i} - P_{E-DPCCH,x} - P_{E-DPDCH,x}$ 

 $P_{allocated,x} = P_{E-DPCCH,x} + P_{E-DPDCH,x}$ 

where

- $P_{E-DPDCH,x}$  represents the estimated E-DPDCH transmit power for the Uplink Frequency for which a retransmission is required. The estimate is based on  $P_{DPCCH,target,x}$  where x is denoting the index of the Activated Uplink Frequency on which a retransmission required and the E-DPDCH gain factor which will be used for the retransmission.
- P<sub>E-DPCCH,x</sub> represents the estimated E-DPCCH transmit power for the Uplink Frequency for which a retransmission is required. The estimate is based on P<sub>DPCCH,target,x</sub> where x is denoting the index of the Activated Uplink Frequency on which a retransmission is required and the E-DPCCH gain factor which will be used for the retransmission.

When the UE has more than one Activated Uplink Frequency, the UE shall estimate the normalised remaining power margin available for E-TFC selection for the Activated Uplink Frequency i based on the following equation for E-TFC candidate j:

NRPM <sub>i,j</sub> = 
$$(P_{allocated, i} - P_{E-DPCCHi,i}) / P_{DPCCH,target,i}$$

where

 $P_{E-DPCCH,j,i}$  represents the estimated E-DPCCH transmit power for E-TFCI<sub>j</sub> on the Activated Uplink Frequency i. If E-TFCI<sub>j</sub> is smaller than or equal to E-TFCI<sub>ec,boost</sub> the estimate is based on  $P_{DPCCH,target,i}$  and the E-DPCCH gain factor calculated using the most recent signalled value of  $\Delta_{E-DPCCH}$ . If E-TFCI<sub>j</sub> is greater than E-TFCI<sub>ec,boost</sub> the estimate is based on the E-DPCCH gain factor,  $\beta_{ec,j}$ , which is calculated for E-TFCI<sub>j</sub> using the procedure in [18]. If the target E-DCH TTI for which NRPM<sub>j,i</sub> is being evaluated corresponds to a compressed mode frame then the modification to the gain factors which occur due to compressed mode shall be included in the estimation.

In the case that the target E-DCH TTI for which E-TFC restriction is being considered does not belong to a compressed mode frame then if  $NRPM_{j,i} \ge \sum (\beta_{ed,j}/\beta_c)^2$  then E-TFC<sub>j</sub> can be supported on the Activated Uplink Frequency i, otherwise it cannot be supported on that Activated Uplink Frequency.

In the case that the target E-DCH TTI for which E-TFC restriction is being considered belongs to a compressed mode frame then if NRPM<sub>j,i</sub>  $\geq \sum (\beta_{ed,C,j}/\beta_{c,C})^2$  then E-TFC<sub>j</sub> can be supported on the Activated Uplink Frequency i, otherwise it cannot be supported on that Activated Uplink Frequency.

 $\beta_{ed,j}/\beta_c$  and  $\beta_{ed,C,j}/\beta_{c,C}$  is the quantized amplitude ratio.

Total UE output power value (dBm)	PDPCCH accuracy(dB) (note 1)		
25<= total output power <34	note 2		
24<= total output power <25	±2.0		
23<= total output power <24	±2.0		
22<= total output power <23	±2.0		
21<= total output power <22	±2.0		
20<= total output power <21	±2.5		
19<= total output power <20	±3.0		
18<= total output power <19	±3.5		
17<= total output power <18	±4.0		
16<= total output power <17	±4.0		
15<= total output power <16	±4.0		
14<= total output power <15	±4.0		
13<= total output power <14	±4.0 (power class 4) ±6.0 (power class 3)		
12<= total output power <13	$\pm 4.0$ (power class 4) $\pm 6.0$ (power class 3)		
11<= total output power <12	±4.0 (power class 4) ±6.0 (power class 3)		
-50<= total output power <11	±6.0		
NOTE 1: P <sub>DPCCH</sub> accuracy is the difference between the estimate of P <sub>DPCCH</sub> used by the UE for the purposes of E-TFC selection and the actual power of the DPCCH being transmitted			
NOTE 2: No tolerance is specified.			

Table 6.0A : Accuracy requirements for the estimate of PDPCCH used in E-TFC restriction

# 6.5 Maximum allowed UL TX Power

The Maximum UE transmitter power is defined as follows

Maximum UE transmitter power = MIN {Maximum allowed UL TX Power,  $P_{MAX}$ }

Where

- Maximum allowed UL TX Power is set by UTRAN and defined in [16], and
- P<sub>MAX</sub> is the UE nominal maximum transmit power is defined by the UE power class, and specified in table 6.1 of [3]

The UE shall not exceed the Maximum allowed UL TX Power, as set by the UTRAN with the tolerances as defined for the UE transmitted power (section 9.1.6). For UE output powers that are outside the range covered by the UE transmitted power measurement the UE output power shall not exceed the Maximum allowed UL TX Power with more than the tolerances specified for the Open loop power control in TS 25.101 section 6.4.1.

For TFC selection the UE is allowed to reduce  $P_{MAX}$  when HS-DPCCH is transmitted by the TFC-MPR values specified in table 6.1

	Inputs for TFC selection	
Case	Ratio of $oldsymbol{eta}_c$ to $oldsymbol{eta}_d$ for all values of $oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	TFC-MPR (dB)
1	$1/15 \leq \beta_{c}/\beta_{d} \leq 12/15$	0
2	$13/15 \leq \beta_c/\beta_d \leq 15/8$	1
3	$15/7 \leq \beta_c/\beta_d \leq 15/0$	2

Table 6.1: TFC-MPR used for TFC selection

When the UE has one Activated Uplink Frequency for E-TFC selection the UE is allowed to reduce  $P_{MAX}$  by the realistic E-TFC MPR values specified in Table 6.2

	Inputs for E-TFC selection E-TFC-MPR							
Case	ß	R.	ß.	ß	Q	E-DPD	СН	(dB)
Case	βc	$\beta_{hs}$	βd	β <sub>ec</sub>	$\beta_{ed}$	SFmin	Ncodes	(UB)
1	>0	0	0	>0	>0	≥4	1	0.25
2	>0	≥0	0	>0	>0	2	4	0.50
3	>0	0	>0	>0	>0	≥4	1	0.75
4	>0	>0	>0	>0	>0	≥4	1	1.50
5	>0	≥0	>0	>0	>0	4	2	0.75
6	>0	≥0	>0	>0	>0	2	2	0.50
NOTE: For inputs { $\beta_{c, \beta_{hs,\beta_{d}, \beta_{ec,\beta_{ed,}}}$ SFmin, Ncodes} not specifed above the E-TFC-MPR (dB) = 0								

Table 6.2: E-TFC-MPR used for E-TFC selection for on	ne Activated Uplink Frequency
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For E-TFC selection, when the UE has more than one Activated Uplink Frequency, the UE is allowed to account for maximum power reduction at any point in the procedure described in Section 6.4.2. The total E-TFC MPR applied across the Activated Uplink Frequencies shall not exceed the maximum value specified in [3].

# 6.6 (void)

# 7 Timing and Signalling characteristics

# 7.1 UE Transmit Timing

# 7.1.1 Introduction

The UE shall have capability to follow the frame timing change of the connected Node B. The uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission takes place approximately  $T_0$  chips after the reception of the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH or F-DPCH frame, from the reference cell.  $T_0$  is defined in [2]. UE initial transmit timing accuracy, maximum amount of timing change in one adjustment, minimum and maximum adjustment rate are defined in the following requirements.

# 7.1.2 Requirements

The UE initial transmission timing error shall be less than or equal to  $\pm 1.5$  Chips. This requirement applies at the first transmission on the DPCCH/DPDCH. The reference point for the UE initial transmit timing control requirement shall be the time when the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH or F-DPCH frame is received from the reference cell plus T<sub>0</sub> chips. T<sub>0</sub> is defined in [2].

When the UE is not in soft handover, the reference cell shall be the one the UE has in the active set. In case the UE is initially allocated in soft handover, the reference cell shall be the same cell as used for calculating the initial CFN as defined in [16].

The cell, which is selected as a reference cell, shall remain as a reference cell even if other cells are added to the active set. In case that the reference cell is removed from the active set the UE shall start adjusting its transmit timing no later than the time when the whole active set update message is available at the UE taking the RRC procedure delay into account.

When the UE has performed a timing-maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover and higher layers has indicated that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover, or when the UE attempts to re establish all dedicated physical channel(s) after an inter-RAT, intra- or inter-frequency hard-handover failure [18], it shall resume UL transmission with the same transmit timing as used immediately before the handover attempt. After resuming transmission, transmit timing adjustment requirements defined in the remainder of this clause apply.

The UE shall be capable of changing the transmission timing according to the received downlink DPCCH/DPDCH or F-DPCH frame. When the transmission timing error between the UE and the reference cell exceeds  $\pm 1.5$  chips the UE is required to adjust its timing to within  $\pm 1.5$  chips.

All adjustments made to the UE timing shall follow these rules:

- 1) The maximum amount of the timing change in one adjustment shall be <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Chip.
- 2) The minimum adjustment rate shall be 233ns per second.
- 3) The maximum adjustment rate shall be <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> chip per 200ms.

In particular, within any given 800\*d ms period, the UE transmit timing shall not change in excess of  $\pm d$  chip from the timing at the beginning of this 800\*d ms period, where  $0 \le d \le 1/4$ .

# 7.2 UE Receive - Transmit Time Difference

### 7.2.1 Introduction

The UE shall have the capability to be in soft handover with more than one cell. The downlink DPCH frame timing or the downlink F-DPCH frame timing shall take place approximately  $T_0$  chips before the transmission of the uplink DPDCH/DPCCH. The adjustment requirements for the uplink DPDCH/DPCCH timing are specified in 7.1.1. The valid range of the Receive to Transmit time difference at the UE is defined in the following requirements.

# 7.2.2 Requirements

A UE shall support reception, demodulation and combining of signals of a downlink DPCH, or a downlink F-DPCH, when the receive timing is within a window of  $T_0 +/-148$  chip before the transmit timing where  $T_0$  is defined in [2].

For downlink DPCH a UE is only required to react to TPC commands with a transmit power adjustment in the immediate next slot if the downlink receive timing of all cells in the active set is within a window of  $T_0$  +/- 148 chip before the uplink transmit timing.

For downlink F-DPCH, a UE is only required to react to TPC commands with a transmit power adjustment in the immediate next slot after the end of the TPC command combining period as defined in [18] if the downlink receive timing of all cells in the active set is within a window of  $T_0 +/-148$  chip before the uplink transmit timing.

If the downlink receive timing of one or more cells in the active set is outside the window of  $T_0 + 148$  chip, the UE may also react with a power adjustment one slot later. The receive timing is defined as the first detected path in time.

# 7.3 UE timer accuracy

# 7.3.1 Introduction

UE timers are used in different protocol entities to control the UE behaviour.

# 7.3.2 Requirements

For UE timers T3xx, T<sub>barred</sub>, Treselection, Penalty\_time, T<sub>CRmax</sub>, T<sub>CrmaxHyst</sub> [16], UE shall comply with the timer accuracies according to Table 7.1.

The requirements are only related to the actual timing measurements internally in the UE. They do not include the following:

- Inaccuracy in the start and stop conditions of a timer (e.g. UE reaction time to detect that start and stop conditions of a timer is fulfilled), or
- Inaccuracies due to restrictions in observability of start and stop conditions of a UE timer (e.g. TTI alignment when UE sends messages at timer expiry).

Table 7.1	
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Timer value [s]	Accuracy
timer value <4	± 0.1 s
timer value ≥4	± 2.5 %

# 7.4 PRACH Burst timing accuracy

### 7.4.1 Introduction

The UE shall have capability to transmit the PRACH burst according to the timing of the received access slot [18]. The PRACH burst timing accuracy is defined in the following requirement.

### 7.4.2 Requirements

The UE PRACH burst timing error shall be less than or equal to  $\pm$  3.5 Chips. The reference point shall be the expected timing calculated from the UE's reference detected path of the P-CCPCH.

# 8 UE Measurements Procedures

# 8.1 General Measurement Requirements in CELL\_DCH State

### 8.1.1 Introduction

This section contains requirements on the UE regarding measurement reporting in CELL\_DCH state. The requirements are split in FDD intra frequency, FDD inter frequency, TDD, GSM and E-UTRAN measurements. These measurements may be used by the UTRAN, e.g. for handover decisions. The measurements are defined in TS 25.215, the measurement model is defined in TS 25.302 and measurement accuracies are specified in section 9. Control of measurement reporting is specified in TS 25.331 and parallel measurements are specified in section 8.2. Compressed mode is specified in TS 25.215.

### 8.1.2 Requirements

### 8.1.2.1 UE Measurement Capability

In CELL\_DCH state, when a single uplink carrier frequency is configured, the UE shall be able to monitor up to

- 32 intra frequency FDD cells (including active set); and
- 32 inter frequency cells, including
  - FDD cells distributed on up to 2 additional FDD carriers; and
  - Depending on UE Capability, TDD cells, distributed on up to 3 TDD carriers; and
- Depending on UE capability, 32 GSM cells distributed on up to 32 GSM carriers; and
- Depending on UE capability, [32] E-UTRA FDD cells distributed on up to 4 E-UTRA FDD carriers; and
- Depending on UE capability, [32] E-UTRA TDD cells distributed on up to 4 E-UTRA TDD carriers; and
- Depending on UE capability, the UE shall be able to monitor up to 16 intra frequency cells during IPDL gaps.

In addition to the requirements defined above, a UE supporting E-UTRA measurements shall be capable of monitoring a minimum total of at least 8 carrier frequency layers, including the intra-frequency serving layer and comprising of any above defined combination of E-UTRA FDD, E-UTRA TDD, UTRA FDD, UTRA TDD and GSM layers (one GSM layer corresponds to 32 cells).

In CELL\_DCH state, when dual uplink carrier frequencies are configured, the UE shall be able to monitor up to

- 32 intra frequency FDD cells (including active set) per intra frequency carrier, and
- 32 inter frequency cells, including
  - FDD cells distributed on up to 2 additional FDD carriers and
  - Depending on UE Capability, TDD cells, distributed on up to 3 TDD carriers and
- Depending on UE capability, 32 GSM cells distributed on up to 32 GSM carriers and
- Depending on UE capability, [32] E-UTRA cells distributed on up to [TBD] E-UTRA carriers and
- Depending on UE capability, the UE shall be able to monitor up to 16 intra frequency cells during IPDL gaps.

If the UE utilises compressed mode for inter-frequency and/or inter-RAT measurements, in order for the requirements in the following subsections to apply the UTRAN must:

- provide transmission gap pattern sequences with TGPL1 > 1, and

- ensure that with the activation of one or more transmission gap pattern sequences, no more than two frames contain a transmission gap within any window of three consecutive frames, and
- ensure that there is a minimum of 8 slots between the end of the first transmission gap and the beginning of the second transmission gap in case of two successive compressed frames.

Performance requirements for different types of transmission gap pattern sequences and different number of cells is defined in the following sections.

The requirements in section 9 are applicable for a UE performing measurements according to this section.

The received CPICH  $E_c/I_o$  is defined as

$$\left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_o}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} = \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} - \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB}$$

and the received SCH  $E_c/I_o$  is defined as

$$\left(\frac{SCH\_E_c}{I_o}\right)_{in\ dB} = \left(\frac{SCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} - \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}_{in\ dB}$$

### 8.1.2.2 FDD intra frequency measurements

During the CELL\_DCH state the UE shall continuously measure identified intra frequency cells and search for new intra frequency cells in the monitoring set. In case the network requests the UE to report detected set cells, the UE shall also search for intra frequency cells outside the monitored and active set. Cells, which are neither included in the active set nor in the monitored set, and are identified by the UE belong to the detected set according to TS 25.331. If compressed mode pattern sequences are activated, intra frequency measurements can be performed between the transmission gaps simultaneously for data reception from the active set cell/s. If DL\_DRX\_Active=1, and the UE is performing DRX, intra frequency measurements can be performed when the receiver is active, simultaneously to data reception from the active set cell/s.

The performance of intra frequency measurements when IPDL is active has not been studied.

#### 8.1.2.2.1 Identification of a new cell

If DL\_DRX\_Active = 0, the UE shall be able to identify and decode the SFN of a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify intra}} = Max \left\{ 800, T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}}{T_{\text{Intra}}} \right\} ms$$

If DL\_DRX\_Active = 1 and the UE DRX cycle < 10 subframes, the UE shall be able to identify and decode the SFN of a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within  $T_{identify intra} = 800$ ms.

If DL\_DRX\_Active = 1 and the UE DRX cycle  $\geq$  10 subframes, the UE shall be able to identify and decode the SFN of a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within T<sub>identify intra</sub> = 1.5s.

A cell shall be considered detectable when

- CPICH Ec/Io > -20 dB if DL\_DRX\_Active = 0, or CPICH Ec/Io > -17dB if DL\_DRX\_Active=1,
- SCH\_Ec/Io ≥ -20 dB if DL\_DRX\_Active = 0, or SCH Ec/Io ≥-17dB if DL\_DRX\_Active=1, for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

In case of conflict when a compressed gap sequence is activated the UE may choose to prioritise the SFN decoding

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell not belonging to the monitored set within

 $T_{identify detected set} = 30s$ 

when CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB, SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -17 dB and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

#### 8.1.2.2.1.1 Identification of a new cell using IPDL gaps

When the UE is supporting IPDL measurements and when idle periods with a length of 1 slot are scheduled the UE physical layer shall be capable to identify a new cell and report SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement within

 $T_{identify,IPDL} = Max\{T_{Measerement\_Period Intra}, T_{IPDL}\}$  ms

where

 $T_{Measurement\_Period Intra}$  = The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements defined in Section 8.1.2.2.2.

and

 $T_{IPDL}$  depends on the Search Window Size given in UE positioning OTDOA neighbour cell info as given in Table 8.0

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Search Window Size	T <sub>IPDL</sub>
less than or equal to +/- 40 chips	Time over which 4 consecutive IPDL gaps occur
+/- 80 chips	Time over which 8 consecutive IPDL gaps occur

### 8.1.2.2.2 UE CPICH measurement capability

In the CELL\_DCH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is 200 ms. When no transmission gap pattern sequence is activated and DL\_DRX\_Active=0, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 identified-intra-frequency cells of the monitored set and/or the active set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When one or more transmission gap pattern sequences are activated, and/or DL\_DRX\_Active=1, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least  $Y_{measurement intra}$  cells , where  $Y_{measurement intra}$  is defined in the following equation. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2. If the UE has identified more than  $Y_{measurement intra}$  cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

$$\mathbf{Y}_{\text{measurement intra}} = Floor \left\{ X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Intra}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}} \right\} \text{ cells}$$

where

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD}} = 8$  (cells)

T<sub>Measurement\_Period Intra</sub> = 200 ms. The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements.

 $T_{Intra}$ : This is the minimum time that is available for intra frequency measurements, during the measurement period with an arbitrarily chosen timing. If DL\_DRX\_Active=1, and the UE is performing DRX, intra frequency measurements are assumed only to be performed when the receiver is guaranteed to be active, and simultaneously to data reception from the active set cell/s.

 $T_{\text{basic_identify}_{\text{FDD, intra}}} = 800 \text{ ms.}$  This is the time period used in the intra frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

The UE shall furthermore be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least 1 detected intra-frequency cell, in the detected set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the

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measurement period of 10 s. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2.

#### 8.1.2.2.2.1 Capabilities for measurements during IPDL gaps

When idle periods with a length of 1 slot are scheduled, the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.8.2.2 with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement IPDL}} = Max \{ T_{\text{Measurement_Period Intra}}, T_{4 \text{ IPDLs}} \} ms$$

where

 $T_{Measurement\_Period Intra}$  = The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements defined in Section 8.1.2.2.2.

 $T_{4 \text{ IPDLs}}$  = Time period over which 4 consecutive idle periods occur.

### 8.1.2.2.3 Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements contained in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

### 8.1.2.2.4 Event-triggered Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements contained in event triggered periodic measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

The first report in event triggered periodic measurement reporting shall meet the requirements specified in section 8.1.2.2.3 Event Triggered Reporting.

### 8.1.2.2.5 Event Triggered Reporting

Reported measurements contained in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, on cells belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined  $T_{identify intra}$  defined in Section 8.1.2.2.1

If a cell, belonging to monitored set, which the UE has identified and measured at least once over the measurement period, becomes undetectable for a period  $\leq$  5 seconds and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers an event, the measurement reporting delay shall be less than T<sub>Measurement\_Period Intra</sub> ms provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips, the UE CPICH measurement capabilities of section 8.1.2.2.2 are valid and L3 filtering has not been used. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell belonging to monitored set has been detectable at least for the time period  $T_{identify\_intra}$  and then triggers the measurement report as per TS 25.331, section 14 [16], the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than  $T_{Measurement\_Period Intra}$  when the L3 filter has not been used and the UE CPICH measurement capabilities of Section 8.1.2.2.2 are valid.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay on cells not belonging to monitored set, measured without L3 filtering, shall be less than the above defined T  $_{identify detected set}$  defined in Section 8.1.2.2.1.

### 8.1.2.3 FDD inter frequency measurements

In the CELL\_DCH state when a transmission gap pattern sequence with the "FDD measurements" purpose is provided by the network the UE shall continuously measure identified inter frequency cells and search for new inter frequency cells indicated in the measurement control information.

In order for the requirements in the following subsections to apply the UTRAN must provide a transmission gap pattern sequence with measurement purpose FDD measurement using the following combinations for TGL1, TGL2, TGD and Max TGPL:

TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]	Max TGPL [frames]
7	-	undefined	18
14	-	undefined	36
10	-	undefined	24
7	7	15269	18 + ceil(TGD/15)
14	14	45269	36 + ceil(TGD/15)

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### 8.1.2.3.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify, inter}} = T_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \quad ms$$

and UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements shall also be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the detected set within  $T_{identify inter detected set} = 30 \cdot N_{freq} s$ .

If the UE does not need compressed mode to measure cells on a frequency adjacent to the intra-frequency (irrespective of the number of serving cells configured in the UE) according to its measurement capability in the IE "Adjacent Frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16], and if the Adjacent Frequency Index [16] is configured, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell on the indicated adjacent frequency belonging to the monitored set within  $T_{identify,inter,optional}$  and UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements shall be able to identify a new detectable cell on the indicated adjacent frequency within  $T_{identify,inter,optional} = 30s$ .

If the UE does not need compressed mode to measure cells on a frequency in a band jointly supported with the band of intra-frequency according to its measurement capability in the IE "Inter-band Frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16], the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell on that frequency belonging to the monitored set within  $T_{identify,inter,optional}$  and UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements shall be able to identify a new detectable cell on that frequency within  $T_{identify,inter detected set} = 30s$ .

If the UE is able to search enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode according to its measurement capability in the IE "Enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16],

- when a single uplink frequency is configured, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell each of the 2 indicated frequencies belonging to the monitored set within T<sub>identify,inter,optional</sub>; or
- when dual uplink frequencies are configured, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell on the indicated frequency belong to the monitored set within T<sub>identify,inter,optional</sub>,

where the indicated frequenc(ies) together with intra-frequenc(ies) shall be within UE RF capability as per Band Combination and Supported Carrier Combination List in [16] and UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements shall be able to identify a new detectable cell on the indicated frequenc(ies) within  $T_{identify,inter detected set} = 30s$ .

If DL\_DRX\_Active = 0,

$$T_{\text{identify, inter, optional}} = Max \left\{ 800, T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Intra}}}{T_{\text{Intra}}} \right\} ms.$$

If DL\_DRX\_Active = 1 and the UE DRX cycle < 10 subframes,  $T_{identify, inter, optional} = 800 ms$ .

If DL\_DRX\_Active = 1 and the UE DRX cycle  $\geq$  10 subframes, T<sub>identify, inter, optional</sub> = 1.5s.

A cell shall be considered detectable when

- CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB,
- SCH\_Ec/Io ≥ -17 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

### 8.1.2.3.2 UE CPICH measurement capability

When transmission gaps are scheduled for FDD inter frequency measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement_Period Inter}}, T_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement_Period Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, the measurement period for inter frequency measurements is 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for  $X_{basic measurement FDD inter}$  inter-frequency cells per FDD frequency of the monitored set or the virtual active set, or the detected set for UE that supports inter frequency detected set measurements, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{Measurement\_Inter}$ . If the UE has identified more than Xbasic measurement FDD inter cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDDinter}} = 6$ 

 $T_{Measurement\_Period Inter} = 480$  ms. The period used for calculating the measurement period  $T_{measurement\_inter}$  for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

 $T_{Inter::}$  This is the minimum time that is available for inter frequency measurements, during the period  $T_{Measurement\_Period\ inter}$  with an arbitrarily chosen timing. The minimum time per transmission gap is calculated by using the actual idle length within the transmission gap as given in the table 11 of Annex B in TS 25.212 and by assuming 2\*0.5 ms for implementation margin and after that taking only full slots into account in the calculation.

 $T_{\text{basic_identify}_{\text{FDD,inter}}} = 300 \text{ ms.}$  This is the time period used in the inter frequency equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new FDD cell is defined.

 $T_{\text{basic\_measurement\_FDD inter}} = 50$  ms. This is the time period used in the equation for defining the measurement period for inter frequency CPICH measurements.

N<sub>Freq</sub>: Number of FDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

For UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements, out of the  $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}}$  interfrequency cells per FDD frequency for which the UE is capable of performing CPICH measurements, the UE shall be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell.

If the UE does not need compressed mode to measure cells on a frequency adjacent to the intra-frequency (irrespective of the number of serving cells configured in the UE) according to its measurement capability in the IE "Adjacent Frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16], and if the Adjacent Frequency Index [16] is configured,

- when DL\_DRX\_Active=0, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 cells on the indicated adjacent frequency, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200ms. For UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH

measurements, out of 8 cells on the indicated adjacent frequency, the UE shall be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell. If the UE has identified more than 8 cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased; or

when DL\_DRX\_Active=1, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least Y<sub>measurement</sub> intra cells on the indicated adjacent frequency, where Y<sub>measurement</sub> intra is defined in sub-clause 8.1.2.2.2. If the UE has identified more than Y<sub>measurement</sub> intra cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased. For UE that supports inter frequency, the UE shall be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell. If the UE has identified more than Ymeasurement intra cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH more than Ymeasurement intra cells, the UE shall perform measurement intra cells on the indicated adjacent frequency, the UE shall be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell. If the UE has identified more than Ymeasurement intra cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurement intra cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

If the UE does not need compressed mode to measure cells on a frequency in a band jointly supported with the band of intra-frequency according to its measurement capability in the IE "Inter-band Frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16],

- when DL\_DRX\_Active=0, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 cells on that frequency, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200ms. For UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements, out of 8 cells on that frequency, the UE shall be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell. If the UE has identified more than 8 cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased; or
- when DL\_DRX\_Active=1, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least Y<sub>measurement</sub> intra cells on that frequency. If the UE has identified more than Y<sub>measurement intra</sub> cells, where Y<sub>measurement intra</sub> is defined in sub-clause 8.1.2.2.2, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased. For UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements, out of Ymeasurement intra cells on that frequency, the UE shall be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell. If the UE has identified more than Ymeasurement intra cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurement intra cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

If the UE is able to search enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode according to its measurement capability in the IE "Enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16], and DL\_DRX\_Active = 0,

- when a single uplink frequency is configured, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 cells each on 2 indicated frequencies, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200ms. For UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements, out of 8 cells each on 2 indicated frequencies, the UE shall be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell each on 2 indicated frequencies. If the UE has identified more than 8 cells on each frequency, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased; or
- when dual uplink frequencies are configured, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 cells on the indicated frequency, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200ms. For UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements, out of 8 cells on the indicated frequency, the UE shall be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell. If the UE has identified more than 8 cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

If the UE is able to search enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode according to its measurement capability in the IE "Enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16], and DL\_DRX\_Active = 1,

- when a single uplink frequency is configured, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least Y<sub>measurement intra</sub> cells each on 2 indicated frequencies, where Y<sub>measurement intra</sub> is defined in sub-clause 8.1.2.2.2. If the UE has identified more than Y<sub>measurement intra</sub> cells on the indicated frequency, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased for that frequency. For UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements, out of Ymeasurement intra cells each on 2 indicated frequencies, the UE shall be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell each on 2 indicated frequencies. If the UE has identified more than Ymeasurement intra cells on each frequency, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased; or

- when dual uplink frequencies are configured, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for at least Y<sub>measurement intra</sub> cells on the indicated frequency, where Y<sub>measurement intra</sub> is defined in sub-clause 8.1.2.2.2. If the UE has identified more than Y<sub>measurement intra</sub> cells on the indicated frequency, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased for that frequency. For UE that supports inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements, out of Ymeasurement intra cells on the indicated frequency, the UE shall be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell. If the UE has identified more than Ymeasurement intra cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurement intra cells from UE physical layer to higher layers measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurement intra cells from UE physical be capable of measuring the CPICH of at least one detected set cell. If the UE has identified more than Ymeasurement intra cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.

The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as inter frequency measurement accuracy specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2.

#### 8.1.2.3.3 Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

### 8.1.2.3.4 Event Triggered Reporting

Reported measurements in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

The UE shall not send any event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria is not fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay of a cell belonging to the monitored set, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than T  $_{identify inter}$  defined in Section 8.1.2.3.1 When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay of a cell belonging to the detected set, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than  $T_{identify inter detected set}$  defined in Section 8.1.2.3.1 When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell belonging to a monitored set has been detectable at least for the time period  $T_{identify\_inter}$  or a cell belonging to a detected set has been detectable at least for the time period  $T_{identify\_inter detected set}$  and then triggers the measurement report as per TS 25.331, section 14 [16], the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than  $T_{Measurement\_Period Inter}$  provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips while transmission gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used.

If one of the following conditions is met,

- 1) if the UE does not need compressed mode to measure cells on a frequency adjacent to the intra-frequency (irrespective of the number of serving cells configured in the UE) according to its measurement capability in the IE "Adjacent Frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16], and if the Adjacent Frequency Index [16] is configured; or
- 2) if the UE does not need compressed mode to measure cells on a frequency in a band jointly supported with the band of intra-frequency according to its measurement capability in the IE "Inter-band Frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16]; or
- 3) if the UE is able to search enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode according to its measurement capability in the IE "Enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16],

the event triggered measurement reporting delay of a cell belonging to the monitored set, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than T <sub>identify,inter,optional</sub> defined in Section 8.1.2.3.1. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected. If a cell has been detectable at least for the time period T<sub>identify,inter,optional</sub> and then triggers the measurement report as per TS 25.331, section 14 [16], the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than T<sub>Measurement\_Period Intra</sub> defined in Section 8.1.2.2.2 provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than +/-32 chips while transmission gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used.

### 8.1.2.4 TDD measurements

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and TDD.

In the CELL\_DCH state when a transmission gap pattern sequence with the "TDD measurements" purpose is provided by the network, the UE shall continuously measure identified inter frequency TDD cells and search for new inter frequency TDD cells indicated in the measurement control information.

In order for the requirements in the following subsections to apply, the Beacon timeslots of the inter-frequency TDD cells indicated in the measurement control information shall either be synchronised or non-overlapping in time such that the UE can measure an inter-frequency TDD cell at least once in every transmission gap pattern as given in [7] for the slot allocation case in use in this cell and by assuming 2\*0.5 ms implementation margin per transmission gap.

UTRAN shall provide a transmission gap pattern sequence with measurement purpose TDD measurement using the combinations for TGL1, TGL2 and TGD in Table 8.2:

TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]
10	-	undefined
10	10	41269
14	7	37269

Table	e 8.2
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#### 8.1.2.4.1 Identification of a new cell

#### 8.1.2.4.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ 5000, \mathbf{N}_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{\mathbf{N}_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within 5000 ms.

When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

An inter-frequency TDD cell shall be considered detectable when P-CCPCH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -8 dB and SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -13 dB. The received P-CCPCH\_E<sub>c</sub>/I<sub>o</sub> is defined as

$$\left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_o}\right)\Big|_{in \ dB} = \left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in \ dB} - \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in \ dB}$$

and the received SCH\_ $E_c/I_o$  is defined as

$$\left(\frac{SCH\_E_c}{I_o}\right)_{in\ dB} = \left(\frac{SCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in\ dB} - \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}_{in\ dB}$$

#### 8.1.2.4.1.2 1.28 Mcps TDD Option

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ 5000, \mathbf{N}_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{\mathbf{N}_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot \mathbf{N}_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within 5000 ms.

When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

A cell shall be considered detectable when P-CCPCH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -8 dB and DwPCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -5 dB. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

The received P-CCPCH E<sub>c</sub>/I<sub>o</sub> is defined as

$$\left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_o}\right)_{in \ dB} = \left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in \ dB} - \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}_{in \ dB}$$

The received DwPTS E<sub>c</sub>/I<sub>o</sub> is defined as

$$\left(\frac{DwPCH\_E_c}{I_o}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} = \left(\frac{DwPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} - \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB}$$

### 8.1.2.4.2 P-CCPCH RSCP measurement period

When transmission gaps are scheduled for inter frequency TDD measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.11 and with a measurement period as given by

$$T_{\text{measurement TDD inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}, N_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period TDD inter}}}{N_{\text{TDD inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \right\} ms$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the measurement period for inter-frequency TDD measurements shall be 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing P-CCPCH RSCP measurements for  $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}}$  inter-frequency TDD cells per TDD frequency of the monitored set and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{\text{measurement TDD inter}}$ .

 $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}} = 6$  (cells)

 $T_{Measurement\_Period TDD inter} = 480 \text{ ms.}$  The time period used for calculating the measurement period  $T_{measurement\_TDD inter}$  for inter frequency P-CCPCH RSCP measurements.

 $N_{TDD inter}$ . This is the smallest resulting integer number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence assigned to UE by UTRAN for inter frequency TDD measurements during the time period  $T_{Measurement\_Period TDD inter}$  with an arbitrarily chosen timing.

 $N_{\text{basic_identify_TDD,inter}} = 80$ . This is the number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence for inter-frequency TDD measurements during the time period used in the inter frequency TDD equation where the maximum allowed time for the UE to identify a new inter frequency TDD cell is defined.

 $N_{basic\_measurement\_TDD inter} = 5$ . This is the number of transmission gap patterns in a transmission gap pattern sequence for inter-frequency TDD measurements during the time period  $T_{Measurement\_Period TDD inter}$  with an arbitrarily chosen timing that is used in the inter-frequency TDD equation where the measurement period for inter-frequency P-CCPCH RSCP measurements is defined.

N<sub>Freq</sub>: This is the number of TDD frequencies indicated in the inter frequency measurement control information.

### 8.1.2.4.3 Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

### 8.1.2.4.4 Event Triggered Reporting

Reported measurements in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report, until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH.. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulting when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than  $T_{identify TDD inter}$  defined in Section 8.1.2.4.1 When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

### 8.1.2.5 GSM measurements

The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting FDD and GSM.

Measurements on GSM cells can be requested with BSIC verified or BSIC non-verified.

- 1) In CELL\_DCH state when a transmission gap pattern sequence is provided by the UTRAN the UE shall continuously measure GSM cells and search for new GSM cells given in the monitored set.
- 2) If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform GSM measurements:
  - the UE shall measure all GSM cells present in the monitored set
  - the relevant requirements for GSM dedicated mode when a TCH channel is assigned in TS 45.008 shall apply. This is further detailed in the following sub-sections.

### 8.1.2.5.1 GSM carrier RSSI

1) For a UE requiring compressed mode

A UE supporting GSM measurements using compressed mode shall meet the minimum number of GSM RSSI carrier measurements specified in table 8.4. This measurement shall be based on a transmission gap pattern sequence with purpose "GSM carrier RSSI measurements"

In order for the requirements in this subsection to apply the UTRAN must provide a transmission gap pattern sequence with measurement purpose GSM carrier RSSI measurements using the following combinations for TGL1, TGL2 and TGD:

TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]
3	-	undefined
4	-	undefined
5	-	undefined
7	-	undefined
10	-	undefined
14	-	undefined
3	3	15269
4	4	15269
5	5	15269
7	7	15269
10	10	41269
14	14	45269

Table	8.3
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In the CELL\_DCH state the measurement period, T<sub>Measurement Period, GSM</sub>, for the GSM carrier RSSI measurement is 480 ms.

The UE shall meet the measurement accuracy requirements stated for RXLEV in TS45.008, when the given measurement time allows the UE to take at least 3 GSM carrier RSSI samples per GSM carrier in the monitored set during the measurement period.

Table	8.	4
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TGL	Number of GSM carrier RSSI samples in each gap.
3	1
4	2
5	3
7	6
10	10
14	15

In case the UE is not able to acquire the required number of samples per GSM carrier during one measurement period, the UE shall measure as many GSM carriers as possible during that measurement period using at least 3 samples per GSM carrier. The GSM carriers that were not measured during that measurement period shall be measured in the following measurement periods. This means that, in this particular case, the L1 reporting period to higher layers of a GSM neighbour can be a multiple of the measurement period.

2) For a UE not requiring compressed mode

The samples allocated to each carrier shall as far as possible be uniformly distributed over each measurement period. At least 3 received signal level measurement samples are required per RSSI value. The measurement period is 480 ms.

#### 8.1.2.5.2 BSIC verification

1) For a UE requiring compressed mode

In order for the requirements in the following subsections to apply the UTRAN must provide a transmission gap pattern sequence with measurement purpose GSM Initial BSIC identification or with measurement purpose GSM BSIC reconfirmation, using the following combinations for TGL1, TGL2 and TGD:

TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]
5	-	undefined
7	-	undefined
10	-	undefined
14	-	undefined
5	5	15269
7	7	15269
10	10	41269
14	14	45269

Table	8.5
-------	-----

The procedure for BSIC verification on a GSM cell can be divided into the following two tasks:

#### **Initial BSIC identification**

Includes searching for the BSIC and decoding the BSIC for the first time when there is no knowledge about the relative timing between the FDD and GSM cell. The UE shall trigger the initial BSIC identification within the available transmission gap pattern sequence with purpose "GSM Initial BSIC identification". The requirements for Initial BSIC identification can be found in 8.1.2.5.2.1.

#### **BSIC** re-confirmation

Tracking and decoding the BSIC of a GSM cell after initial BSIC identification is performed. The UE shall trigger the BSIC re-confirmation within the available transmission gap pattern sequence with purpose "GSM BSIC re-confirmation". The requirements for BSIC re-confirmation can be found in 8.1.2.5.2.2.

Measurements on a GSM cell can be requested with BSIC verified or BSIC non-verified. If GSM measurements are requested with BSIC verified the UE shall be able to report the GSM cells with BSIC verified for those cells where the verification of BSIC has been successful.

If the network requests measurements on a GSM cell with BSIC verified, the UE shall behave as follows:

- The UE shall perform GSM carrier RSSI measurements according to Section 8.1.2.5.1 when ever a transmission gap pattern sequence with the purposes "GSM carrier RSSI measurements" is provided and the UE shall perform measurement reporting as defined in Section 8.6.7.6 of [16].
- The UE shall perform BSIC identification according to Section 8.1.2.5.2.1 when a "GSM Initial BSIC identification" transmission gap pattern sequence is activated. The UE shall use the last available GSM carrier RSSI measurement results for arranging GSM cells in signal strength order for performing BSIC identification.
- The UE shall perform BSIC re-confirmation according to Section 8.1.2.5.2.2 when a "GSM BSIC reconfirmation" transmission gap pattern sequence is activated.
- If a "GSM BSIC re-confirmation" transmission gap pattern sequence is not activated in parallel to a "GSM Initial BSIC identification" transmission gap pattern sequence or within one frame from the deactivation of a "GSM Initial BSIC identification" transmission gap pattern sequence, the BSIC shall be considered to be non-verified after 10s has elapsed after the UE identified the BSIC of the cell..

The UE shall perform event evaluation for event-triggered reporting after the BSIC has been verified for a GSM cell. The UE shall use the last available GSM carrier RSSI measurement results in event evaluation and event-triggered reporting. Periodic reports shall be triggered according to Sections 8.6.7.5 and 8.6.7.6 of [16].

The BSIC of a GSM cell is considered to be "verified" if the UE has decoded the SCH of the BCCH carrier and identified the BSIC at least one time (initial BSIC identification) and from that moment the BSIC shall be re-confirmed at least once every  $T_{re-confirm_abort}$  seconds. Otherwise the BSIC of the GSM cell is considered as "non-verified". If a transmission gap pattern sequence with a purpose "GSM BSIC re-confirmation" is not activated by the network after BSIC identified or the "GSM BSIC re-confirmation" transmission gap pattern sequence is deactivated, the UE shall behave as described previously in this section.

The parameters  $N_{identify\_abort}$  and  $T_{re-confirm\_abort}$  are defined by higher layers and are signalled to the UE together with the transmission gap pattern sequence.  $N_{identify\_abort}$  indicates the maximum number of patterns that the UE shall use to attempt to decode the unknown BSIC of the GSM cell in the initial BSIC identification procedure.  $T_{re-confirm\_abort}$ 

indicates the maximum time allowed for the re-confirmation of the BSIC of one GSM cell in the BSIC re-confirmation procedure.

The UE shall be able to decode a BSIC within a transmission gap when the time difference between the middle of the received GSM synchronisation burst at the UE and the middle of the effective transmission gap is within the limits specified in table 8.6.

The effective transmission gap is calculated by assuming both UL and DL compressed mode and applying the worstcase values for UL/DL timing offset and pilot field length of last DL gap slot.

Gap length [slots]	Maximum time difference [μs]
5	± 500
7	± 1200
10	± 2200
14	± 3500

Table 8.6: The gap length and maximum time difference for BSIC verification

The UE shall be able to perform BSIC verification at levels down to the reference sensitivity level or reference interference levels as specified in TS 45.005.

#### 2) For a UE not requiring compressed mode

If a BSIC is decoded and matches the expected value, it is considered as "verified", else it is considered as "non verified".

The UE shall be able to perform BSIC verification at levels down to the reference sensitivity level or reference interference levels as specified in TS 45.005.

#### 8.1.2.5.2.1 Initial BSIC identification

This measurement shall be based on a transmission gap pattern sequence with the purpose "GSM Initial BSIC identification"

For GSM cells that are requested with BSIC verified the UE shall attempt to decode the SCH on the BCCH carrier of the 8 strongest BCCH carriers of the GSM cells indicated in the measurement control information. The UE shall give priority for BSIC decoding attempts in decreasing signal strength order to BSIC carriers with unknown BSIC. The strongest BCCH carrier is defined as the BCCH carrier having the highest measured GSM carrier RSSI value after layer 3 filtering. The GSM signal strength levels used in BSIC identification for arranging GSM cells in signal strength order shall be based on the latest GSM carrier RSSI measurement results available.

When the UE attempts to decode the BSIC of one GSM BCCH carrier with unknown BSIC, the UE shall use all available transmission gaps, within the transmission gap pattern sequence with the purpose "GSM Initial BSIC identification", to attempt to decode the BSIC from that GSM BCCH carrier.

If the BSIC of the GSM BCCH carrier has been successfully decoded the UE shall immediately continue BSIC identification with the next GSM BCCH carrier, in signal strength order, with unknown BSIC. The GSM cell for which the BSIC has been successfully identified shall be moved to the BSIC re-confirmation procedure.

If the UE has not successfully decoded the BSIC of the GSM BCCH carrier within  $N_{identify\_abort}$  successive patterns, the UE shall abort the BSIC identification attempts for that GSM BCCH carrier. The UE shall continue to try to perform BSIC identification of the next GSM BCCH carrier in signal strength order. The GSM BCCH carrier for which the BSIC identification failed shall not be re-considered for BSIC identification until BSIC identification attempts have been made for all the rest of the 8 strongest GSM BCCH carriers in the monitored set with unknown BSIC.

 $N_{identify\_abort}$  values are given for a set of reference patterns in table 8.7.  $T_{identify\_abort}$  is the elapsed time during  $N_{identify\_abort}$  transmission gap patterns (informative). The figures given in table 8.7 represent the number of patterns required to guarantee at least two attempts to decode the BSIC for one GSM BCCH carrier.

	TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]	TGPL1 [frames]	Tidentify abort [S]	N <sub>identify_abort</sub> [patterns]
Pattern 1	7	-	undefined	3	1.56	52
Pattern 2	7	-	undefined	8	5.28	66
Pattern 3	7	7	47	8	2.88	36
Pattern 4	7	7	38	12	2.88	24
Pattern 5	14	-	undefined	8	1.84	23
Pattern 6	14	-	undefined	24	5.28	22
Pattern 7	14	14	45	12	1.44	12
Pattern 8	10	-	undefined	8	2.88	36
Pattern 9	10	10	75	12	2.88	24

Table 8.7: The worst-case time for identification of one previously not identified GSM cell

#### 8.1.2.5.2.2 BSIC re-confirmation

The requirements of this section are applicable for BSIC re-confirmation.

The UE shall maintain the timing information of 8 identified GSM cells. Initial timing information is obtained from the initial BSIC identification. The timing information shall be updated every time the BSIC is decoded.

For each transmission gap of a transmission gap pattern sequence with the measurement purpose "GSM BSIC reconfirmation", the UE shall attempt to decode the BSIC falling within the effective gap duration. If more than one BSIC can be decoded within the same gap, priority shall be given to the least recently decoded BSIC.

If the UE fails to decode the BSIC after two successive attempts or if the UE has not been able to re-confirm the BSIC for a GSM cell within  $T_{re-confirm\_abort}$  seconds, the UE shall abort the BSIC re-confirmation attempts for that GSM cell. The GSM cell shall be treated as a new GSM cell with unidentified BSIC and the GSM cell shall be moved to the initial BSIC identification procedure, see section 8.1.2.5.2.1. The UE shall be able to make BSIC re-confirmation attempts for the 8 strongest GSM cells in the monitored list.

N<sub>re-confirm\_abort</sub> is the number of transmission gap patterns executed during T<sub>re-confirm\_abort</sub> (informative).

	TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]	TGPL1 [frames]	T <sub>re-confirm_abort</sub>	N <sub>re-confirm_abort</sub>
Pattern 1	7	-	undefined	3	1.32	44
Pattern 2	7	-	undefined	8	5.04	63
Pattern 3	7	-	undefined	15	8.1	54
Pattern 4	7	7	69	23	10.12	44
Pattern 5	7	7	69	8	2.64	33
Pattern 6	14	-	undefined	8	1.6	20
Pattern 7	14	14	60	8	0.80	10
Pattern 8	10	-	undefined	8	2.64	33
Pattern 9	10	-	undefined	23	8.05	35
Pattern 10	7	7	47	8	2.64	33
Pattern 11	7	7	38	12	2.64	22
Pattern 12	14	-	undefined	24	5.04	21
Pattern 13	14	14	45	12	1.20	10
Pattern 14	10	-	undefined	13	4.94	38
Pattern 15	10	10	75	12	2.64	22

Table 8.8: The worst-case time for BSIC re-confirmation of one GSM cell

### 8.1.2.5.3 Periodic Reporting

Reported measurements in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

### 8.1.2.5.4 Event Triggered Reporting

Reported measurements in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

The UE shall not send any event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria is not fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The event triggered reporting delay requirement is valid when the UE for each GSM carrier in the monitored set can take the required number of samples during the measurement period  $T_{Measurement Period, GSM}$  (see section 8.1.2.5.1).

The event triggered measurement reporting delay for a GSM cell with verified BSIC, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than  $2*T_{Measurement Period, GSM}$ , where  $T_{Measurement Period, GSM}$  is defined in Section 8.1.2.5.1. When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected. For a GSM cell with non-verified BSIC an additional delay according to section 8.1.2.5.2.1 Initial BSIC identification can be expected.

#### 8.1.2.6 E-UTRAN measurements

The requirements in this section apply only to UEs supporting UTRAN FDD and E-UTRAN FDD and TDD.

1) In CELL\_DCH state when a transmission gap pattern sequence is provided by the UTRAN the UE shall continuously measure previously detected E-UTRAN cells and search for new E-UTRAN cells.

In order for the requirements in the following subsections to apply the UTRAN must provide a transmission gap pattern sequence with measurement purpose "E-UTRAN measurement" using the following combinations for TGL1, TGL2, TGD and Max TGPL:

TGL1 [slots]	TGL2 [slots]	TGD [slots]	Max TGPL [frames]
≥10	-	undefined	12

2) If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform E-UTRAN measurements:

- the UE shall measure either all E-UTRAN cells present in the monitored set or, if only frequencies are provided in the neighbour cell list, the strongest cells present in the detected set, up to the monitoring capabilities of the UE.
- the relevant requirements for E-UTRAN RRC\_CONNECTED mode specified in 3GPP TS 36.133 [24] shall apply. This is further detailed in the following subclauses.

#### 8.1.2.6.1 Identification of a new cell

When compressed mode gaps are used for E-UTRAN measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable E-UTRAN cell within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{Identify,E-UTRAN}} = N_{freq,E-UTRA} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{Basic_Identify}_{E-UTRAN}} \cdot \frac{480}{\mathbf{T}_{E-UTRAN}} \quad ms;$$

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform E-UTRAN measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable E-UTRAN cell within  $T_{\text{Basic Identify E-UTRAN}}$  ms.

Where:

 $T_{E-UTRAN}$ : This is the minimum time that is available for E-UTRAN measurements during a 480ms period with an arbitrarily chosen timing. The minimum time per compressed mode gap is calculated by subtracting 2\*0.5 ms from the length of the gap.

N<sub>freq,E-UTRAN</sub>: This is the number of E-UTRAN carriers being monitored

 $T_{\text{Basic Identify E-UTRAN}} = 480 \text{ms}$ 

When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

An E-UTRANcell shall be considered detectable when

- RSRP|dBm RSRP Ês/Iot according to Annex B.2.1 for a corresponding Band
- other RSRP related side condition given in Section 9.1 of [24] are fulfilled,
- SCH\_RP|dBm and SCH\_RP/Iot according to Annex B.2.1 for a corresponding Band

Editor's note: These quantities may need to be defined.8.1.2.6.2 E-UTRAN RSRP and RSRQ measurement period

#### 8.1.2.6.2 E-UTRAN RSRP and RSRQ measurement period

When compressed mode gaps are scheduled for E-UTRAN measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.4a and 9.1.4b with measurement period of  $T_{Measurement\_Period\_E-UTRAN} = 480 \text{ x } N_{Freq}$  ms where  $N_{Freq}$  is the number of E-UTRAN frequencies indicated in the inter-RAT measurement control information.

The UE shall be capable of performing RSRP and RSRQ measurements of at least 4 E-UTRAN cells per E-UTRAN frequency, according to its supported UE capabilities. Additionally, for a UE supporting E-UTRA measurements in Cell-DCH state, the UE shall be capable of monitoring a minimum total of at least 8 carrier frequency layers, including the intrafrequency serving layer and comprising of any allowed combination of E-UTRA FDD, E-UTRA TDD, UTRA FDD, UTRA TDD and GSM layers (one GSM layer corresponds to 32 cells).

#### 8.1.2.6.3 Periodic reporting

Reported measurements in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

#### 8.1.2.6.4 Void

#### 8.1.2.6.5 Event Triggered reporting

Reported measurements in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in section 9.

The UE shall not send any event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria is not fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between any event that will trigger a measurement report until the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the Uu interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is twice the TTI of the uplink DCCH.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than T  $_{identify,E-UTRAN}$  defined in Section 8.1.2.6.1When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

If a cell has been detectable at least for the time period than T <sub>identify,E-UTRAN</sub> and then triggers the measurement report as per TS 25.331, section 14 [16], the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than  $T_{Measurement\_Period\_E-UTRAN}$  provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than [FFS] while transmission gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used.

# 8.2 Measurements in CELL\_DCH State with special requirements

## 8.2.1 Introduction

This section contains specific requirements for certain measurements beyond those specified in section 8.1. The measurements are defined in TS 25.215, the measurement model is defined in TS 25.302 and measurement accuracies are specified in section 9. As long as the measurement configuration does not exceed the requirements stated in section 8.2.2, the UE shall meet the performance requirements defined in section 9.

Control of measurement reporting is specified in TS 25.331. Compressed mode is specified in TS 25.215.

# 8.2.2 Requirements

The UE shall be able to perform in parallel all physical layer measurements according to table 8.9. In this section one physical layer measurement corresponds to a measurement at the reference point B (i.e. measurement reported by layer 1 after layer 1 filtering) in the measurement model in TS 25.302 [15].

In addition to the requirements in table 8.9 the UE shall in parallel, in state CELL\_DCH, also be able to measure and report the quantities according to section 8.1.

Measurement quantity	Number of parallel physical layer measurements possible to request from the UE
Transport channel BLER	1 per Transport Channel
UE transmitted power	1
UE Rx-Tx time difference	1 including timing to all radio links in
	active set
SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2	[]
UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS	[]

 Table 8.9: Parallel physical layer measurement requirements

Editors Note: The presence of the measurements for location services needs to be revised.

# 8.3 Capabilities for Support of Event Triggering and Reporting Criteria in CELL\_DCH state

# 8.3.1 Introduction

This section contains requirements on UE capabilities for support of event triggering and reporting criteria. As long as the measurement configuration does not exceed the requirements stated in section 8.3.2, the UE shall meet the performance requirements defined in section 9.

The UE can be requested to make measurements under different Measurement Identities [16]. Each Measurement Identity corresponds to either event based reporting, periodic reporting or no reporting. In case of event based reporting, each Measurement Identity is associated with one or more events, each identified with an Event Identity. In case of periodic reporting, a Measurement Identity is associated with one periodic reporting criterion. In case of no reporting, a Measurement Identity is associated with one no reporting criterion.

The purpose of this section is to set some limits on the number of different event, periodic and no reporting criteria the UE may be requested to track in parallel.

# 8.3.2 Requirements

In this section a reporting criterion corresponds to either one event (in the case of event based reporting), or one periodic reporting criterion (in case of periodic reporting), or one no reporting criterion (in case of no reporting). For event based reporting, each instance of event, with the same or different Event Identities, is counted as separate reporting criterion in Table 8.10.

The UE shall be able to support in parallel per category up to  $E_{cat}$  reporting criteria according to Table 8.10. If the UE is configured with a single uplink carrier frequency, for the measurement categories: Intra-frequency, Inter frequency, Inter frequency (virtual active set), and Inter-RAT the UE need not support more than 22 reporting criteria in total. If the UE is configured with dual uplink carrier frequencies, for the measurement categories: Intra-frequency, Inter frequency, Inter frequency, Inter frequency (virtual active set), and Inter-RAT the UE need not support more than 28 reporting criteria in total. For the measurement categories: Traffic volume and Quality measurements the UE need not support more than 16 reporting criteria in total.

Measurement category	E <sub>cat</sub>	Note	
Intra-frequency	9		
Inter-frequency	7		
Inter-frequency, virtual active set	4		
Inter-RAT GERAN	4	Only applicable for UE with this capability	
Inter-RAT E-UTRAN	4	Only applicable for UE with this capability	
UE internal measurements	8		
Traffic volume measurements	2 + (2 per Transport Channel)		
Quality measurements	2 per Transport Channel		
UP measurements	2	Only applicable for UE with this capability.	
UE Rx-Tx time difference	1		
measurement			
Note: When the UE is configured with dual uplink carrier frequencies, E <sub>cat</sub> for Intra-frequency is applied per intra-frequency.			

Table 8.10: Requirements for reporting criteria per measurement category

# 8.4 Measurements in CELL\_FACH State when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is not ongoing

# 8.4.1 Introduction

This section contains requirements on the UE regarding cell reselection and measurement reporting in CELL\_FACH state when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is not ongoing. The requirements for cell re-selection are split in FDD intra frequency, FDD inter frequency, TDD, GSM and E-UTRAN measurements. The measurements are defined in TS 25.215, the measurement model is defined in TS 25.302 and measurement accuracies are specified in section 9. Control of measurement reporting is specified in TS 25.331. Measurement occasions in CELL\_FACH state are described in TS 25.331.

# 8.4.2 Requirements

# 8.4.2.1 UE Measurement Capability when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is not ongoing

In CELL\_FACH state, the UE shall be able to monitor up to

- 32 intra frequency FDD cells and
- 32 inter frequency cells, including
  - FDD cells distributed on up to 2 additional FDD carriers and
  - Depending on UE Capability, TDD mode cells, distributed on up to 3 TDD carriers, and
- Depending on UE capability, 32 GSM cells distributed on up to 32 GSM carriers, and
- Depending on UE capability, up to 4 E-UTRA FDD carriers, and
- Depending on UE capability up to 4 E-UTRA TDD carriers, and
- Depending on UE capability, the UE shall be able to monitor up to 16 intra frequency cells during IPDL gaps.

The requirements in section 9 on CPICH Ec/Io and RSCP measurements are applicable for a UE performing measurements according to this section. For inter-frequency FDD, TDD, GSM and E-UTRAN cell re-selection, measurement occasions as specified in TS 25.331 are used to find and measure on other cells.

It is defined below how the measurements on different systems and modes are performed given the time allocated to that system. The requirements in this section are based on an assumption that the time during the measurement occasions that is allocated to each of the different modes and systems shall be equally shared by the modes which the UE has capability for and that are in the monitored set signalled by the network.

For this four parameters are defined:

$N_{FDD}$ is 0 or 1.	If there are inter-frequency FDD cells in the neighbour list and FDD measurements are required by higher layers, $N_{FDD}=1$ , otherwise $N_{FDD}=0$ .
$N_{TDD}$ is 0 or 1.	If the UE is capable of TDD and there are TDD cells in the neighbour list and TDD measurements are required by higher layers, $N_{TDD}=1$ otherwise $N_{TDD}=0$ .
$N_{GSM}$ is 0 or 1.	If the UE is capable of GSM and there are GSM cells in the neighbour list and GSM measurements are required by higher layers, $N_{GSM}=1$ , otherwise $N_{GSM}=0$ .

 $N_{E-UTRAN}$  is 0 or 1. If the UE is capable of E-UTRAN and there are E-UTRAN cells in the neighbour list and E-UTRAN measurements are required by higher layers,  $N_{E-UTRAN}=1$ , otherwise  $N_{E-UTRAN}=0$ .

The measurement time  $T_{\text{meas}}$  is then defined as

$$T_{meas} = \left[ \left( N_{FDD} + N_{TDD} + N_{GSM} + N_{E-UTRAN} \right) \cdot \mathbf{N}_{TTI} \cdot \mathbf{M}_{REP} \cdot 10 \right] \mathrm{ms}$$

where

- M\_REP is the Measurement Occasion cycle length where K is given in Table 8.10A. K is the FACH measurement occasion length coefficient as specified in TS25.331
- The FACH Measurement Occasion of N<sub>TTI</sub> frames will be repeated every N<sub>TTI</sub> \* M\_REP frame.
- N<sub>TTI</sub> is the number of frames in each measurement occasion, equal to the length of the largest TTI on the SCCPCH monitored by the UE. FACHs that only carry MBMS logical channels (MTCH, MSCH, or MCCH) are excluded from measurement occasion calculations.
- A UE receiving MTCH shall use only that part of the Measurement Occasion of NTTI frames which corresponds to 25% of the MTCH TTI length at the maximum.

For UEs receiving MTCH, the reduced measurement time, if applicable, needs to be considered when performance requirements are derived according to section 8. The repetition rate of NTTI \* M\_REP frames remains unaffected

Νττι	K	
1	3,4,5,6	
2	2,3,4,5	
4	2,3,4	
8	1,2,3	

#### Table 8.10A: K values for each $N_{TTI}$ value

The UE is assumed to measure periodically once every time period  $T_{meas}$  on each of the modes and systems, FDD inter frequency cells, TDD inter frequency cells, GSM and E-UTRA carriers for which the corresponding parameter  $N_{FDD}$ ,  $N_{TDD}$ ,  $N_{GSM}$  and  $N_{E-UTRAN}$  is set to 1.

# 8.4.2.2 FDD intra frequency measurements when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is not ongoing

During the CELL\_FACH state the UE shall continuously measure identified intra frequency cells and search for new intra frequency cells in the monitoring set. If a measurement occasion is activated, intra frequency measurements can be performed between the measurement occasions.

The performance of intra frequency measurements when IPDL is active has not been studied.

#### 8.4.2.2.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{identify, intra} = Max \left\{ 800, Ceil \left\{ \frac{T_{basic identify FDD, intra}}{N_{TTI} \cdot (M\_REP - 1) \cdot 10} \right\} \cdot N_{TTI} \cdot M\_REP \cdot 10 \right\} ms$$

where

T<sub>basic identify FDD, intra</sub> is specified in section 8.1.2.2.2,

N<sub>TTI</sub> and M\_REP is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

A cell shall be considered detectable when

- CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB,
- SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code.

In the case that MTCH is being received, the UE shall be able to take identified cells into use for MTCH combining purposes within one MTCH TTI after the completion of identification.

If more candidate cells are identified than the UE has combining capability, then the UE shall estimate MTCH reception quality of all candidate cells and determine a subset of the identified cells which best allow the UE to meet the required MTCH reception performance.

In case of conflict when a measurement occasion is activated the UE may choose to prioritise the SFN decoding

#### 8.4.2.2.1.1 Identification of a new cell using IPDL gaps

When the UE is supporting IPDL measurements and when idle periods with a length of 1 slot are scheduled the UE physical layer shall be capable to identify a new cell and report SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement within

 $T_{identify,IPDL}=Max\{T_{Measerement\_Period Intra},T_{IPDL}\}\ ms$ 

where

 $T_{Measurement\_Period Intra}$  = The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements defined in Section 8.1.2.2.2.

#### and

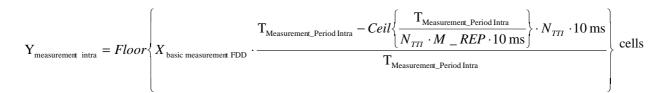
 $T_{\text{IPDL}}$  depends on the Search Window Size given in UE positioning OTDOA neighbour cell info as given in Table 8.10B

#### Table 8.10B: TIPDL

Search Window Size		T <sub>IPDL</sub>	
	less than or equal to +/- 40 chips	Time over which 4 consecutive IPDL gaps occur	
	+/- 80 chips	Time over which 8 consecutive IPDL gaps occur	

#### 8.4.2.2.2 UE CPICH measurement capability

In the CELL\_FACH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is 200 ms. When no measurement occasion cycle is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 identified intrafrequency cells of the monitored set and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When a measurement occasion cycle is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of 200 ms. When a measurement occasion cycle is activated, the UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for the  $Y_{measurement intra}$  strongest cells, where  $Y_{measurement intra}$  is defined in the following equation. The measurement accuracy for all measured cells shall be as specified in the sub-clause 9.1.1 and 9.1.2. If the UE has identified more than  $Y_{measurement intra}$  cells, the UE shall perform measurements of all identified cells but the reporting rate of CPICH measurements of cells from UE physical layer to higher layers may be decreased.



where

X<sub>basic measurement FDD</sub> is specified in section 8.1.2.2.2,

T<sub>Measurement\_Period Intra</sub> is specified in section 8.1.2.2.2,

M\_REP and  $N_{TTI}$  is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

#### 8.4.2.2.2.1 Capabilities for measurements during IPDL gaps.

When idle periods with a length of 1 slot are scheduled UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.8.2.2 with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement IPDL}} = Max \{ T_{\text{Measurement}_{\text{Period Intra}}}, T_{4 \text{ IPDLs}} \} ms$$

where

 $T_{Measurement\_Period Intra}$  = The measurement period for Intra frequency CPICH measurements defined in Section 8.1.2.2.2.

.

and

 $T_{4 \text{ IPDLs}}$  = Time period over which 4 consecutive idle periods occur.

#### 8.4.2.2.3 RACH reporting

Reporting measurements in the measurement reports sent on the RACH shall meet the requirements in section 9.

#### 8.4.2.3 FDD inter frequency measurements when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is not ongoing

In the CELL\_FACH state when a measurement occasion cycle is provided by the network, and absolute priority based reselection is not used, the UE shall continuously measure identified inter frequency cells and search for new inter frequency cells indicated in the measurement control information. When absolute priority based reselection is used, measurement rules defined in [1] apply (based on S<sub>prioritysearch1</sub> and S<sub>prioritysearch2</sub> thresholds).

If E-DCH resources are allocated to the UE or timer T321[16] is running, the UE is not required to perform interfrequency FDD cell identification or measurement.

#### 8.4.2.3.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify, inter}} = Ceil \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic identify FDD inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter FACH}}} \right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{Freq,FDD} \quad ms$$

where

T<sub>basic\_identify\_FDD,inter</sub> is specified in 8.1.2.3.2.

 $N_{Freq,FDD}$ : Number of FDD frequencies in the Inter-frequency cell info list

T<sub>Meas</sub> and M\_REP are specified in 8.4.2.1.

 $T_{\text{Inter FACH}} = (N_{\text{TTI}}*10 - 2*0.5) \text{ ms}$ 

A cell shall be considered detectable when

- CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -20 dB,
- SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -17 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code.

#### 8.4.2.3.2 UE CPICH measurement capability

When a measurement occasion cycle is scheduled for FDD inter frequency measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.2 with measurement period is given by

$$T_{\text{measurement inter}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement\_Period Inter}}, 2 \cdot T_{\text{meas}}, Ceil \left\{ \frac{T_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter FACH}}} \right\} \cdot T_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{Freq, FDD} \right\} \text{ ms}$$

where

T<sub>basic\_measurement\_FDD,inter</sub> is specified in section 8.1.2.3.2.

 $T_{Measurement\_Period Inter}$  is specified in section 8.1.2.3.2.

 $T_{Meas}$  is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

 $N_{\mbox{Freq},\mbox{FDD}}$  and  $T_{\mbox{Inter FACH}}$  are specified in section 8.4.2.3.1

If the UE does not need measurement occasions to perform inter-frequency measurements, the measurement period for inter frequency measurements is 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for  $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}}$  inter-frequency cells per FDD frequency of the monitored set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{\text{Measurement_Inter.}}$ 

 $X_{\text{basic measurement FDDinter}}$  is defined in section 8.1.2.3.2

#### 8.4.2.4 TDD measurements when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is not ongoing

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and TDD.

In the CELL\_FACH state when a measurement occasion cycle is provided by the network the UE shall continuously measure identified inter frequency TDD cells and search for new inter-frequency TDD cells indicated in the measurement control information. If E-DCH resources are allocated to the UE or timer T321[16] is running, the UE is not required to perform interfrequency TDD cell identification or measurement.

#### 8.4.2.4.1 Identification of a new cell

#### 8.4.2.4.1.13,84 Mcps TDD Option

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify, TDD}} = Max \left\{ 5000, Ceil \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter FACH}}} \right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{Freq, TDD} \right\} \text{ ms}$$

where

 $T_{basic\_identify\_TDD,inter} = 800 ms$ 

 $N_{\text{Freq,TDD}}$ : Number of TDD frequencies indicated in the Inter-frequency cell info list

T<sub>Meas</sub> is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

T<sub>Inter FACH</sub> is specified in section 8.4.2.3.1

If the UE does not need measurement occasions to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within 5000 ms.

When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

An inter-frequency TDD cell shall be considered detectable when P-CCPCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -8 dB and SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -13 dB.

The received P-CCPCH\_E<sub>c</sub>/I<sub>o</sub> is defined as

$$\left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_o}\right)_{in \ dB} = \left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_{or}}\right)_{in \ dB} - \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}_{in \ dB}$$

and the received SCH\_ $E_c/I_o$  is defined as

$$\left(\frac{SCH\_E_c}{I_o}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} = \left(\frac{SCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} - \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB}$$

8.4.2.4.1.2 1.28 Mcps TDD Option

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{\text{identify, TDD}} = Max \left\{ 5000, Ceil \left\{ \frac{T_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter FACH}}} \right\} \cdot T_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{Freq, TDD} \right\} \text{ ms}$$

where

 $T_{basic\_identify\_TDD,inter} = 800 ms$ 

N<sub>Frea,TDD</sub>: Number of TDD frequencies indicated in the inter-frequency cell info list

T<sub>Meas</sub> is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

T<sub>Inter FACH</sub> is specified in section 8.4.2.3.1

If the UE does not need measurement occasions to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within 5000 ms.

When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

A cell shall be considered detectable when P-CCPCH Ec/Io  $\ge$  -8 dB and DwPCH\_Ec/Io  $\ge$  -5 dB.

The received P-CCPCH E<sub>c</sub>/I<sub>o</sub> is defined as

$$\left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_o}\right)\Big|_{in \ dB} = \left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in \ dB} - \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in \ dB}$$

The received DwPTS E<sub>c</sub>/I<sub>o</sub> is defined as

$$\left(\frac{DwPCH\_E_c}{I_o}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} = \left(\frac{DwPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} - \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB}$$

#### 8.4.2.4.2 P-CCPCH RSCP measurement period

When a measurement occasion cycle as previously described is scheduled for inter frequency TDD measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.11 and with a measurement period as given by

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{measurement TDD}} = Max \left\{ \mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement\_Period TDD inter}}, 2 \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{meas}}, Ceil \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter FACH}}} \right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{Freq, TDD} \right\}$$

where

 $T_{basic\_measurement\_TDD inter} = 50 \text{ ms.}$ 

T<sub>Measurement\_Period TDD inter</sub> is specified in section 8.1.2.4.2.

 $T_{Meas}$  is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

T<sub>Inter FACH</sub> is specified in section 8.4.2.3.1

 $N_{\text{Freq,TDD:}}$  This is the number of TDD frequencies indicated in the inter-frequency cell info list

If the UE does not need measurement occasions to perform inter-frequency TDD measurements, the measurement period for inter frequency TDD measurements is 480 ms.

The UE shall be capable of performing P-CCPCH RSCP measurements for  $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}}$  inter-frequency TDD cells per TDD frequency of the monitored set and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{\text{Measurement TDD}}$ .

X<sub>basic measurement TDD inter</sub> is defined in section 8.1.2.4.2

#### 8.4.2.5 GSM measurements when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is not ongoing

The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting FDD and GSM. If E-DCH resources are allocated to the UE or timer T321[16] is running, the UE is not required to perform GSM BSIC identification or RSSI measurement.

To support cell reselection the UE shall always perform BSIC verification in Cell FACH state.

1) In CELL\_FACH state when measurement occasions are provided by the UTRAN the UE shall continuously measure GSM cells and search for new GSM cells given in the monitored set.

In section 8.4.2.1 the split of measurements between different modes and systems is defined. Every second measurement occasion scheduled for GSM measurements, as given by 8.4.2.1 shall be allocated for GSM initial BSIC identification.

The remaining measurements occasions scheduled for GSM measurements shall be used as follows. 3 occasions out of 4 shall be allocated for GSM carrier RSSI measurements and 1 out of 4 shall be allocated for GSM BSIC reconfirmation. The scheduling of measurement occasions between GSM carrier RSSI measurements and GSM BSIC reconfirmation is up to the UE.

2) If the UE does not need measurement occasions to perform GSM measurements:

- the UE shall measure all GSM cells present in the monitored set
- the relevant requirements for GSM dedicated mode when a TCH channel is assigned in TS 45.008 shall apply. This is further detailed in the following sub-sections.

#### 8.4.2.5.1 GSM carrier RSSI

1) For a UE requiring measurement occasions.

A UE supporting GSM measurements using measurement occasions shall meet the minimum number of GSM carrier RSSI measurements specified in Table 8.11. This measurement shall be based on measurement occasions allocated for GSM carrier RSSI measurements as described in 8.4.2.5. In the CELL\_FACH state the measurement period for the GSM carrier RSSI measurement is 480 ms.

The UE shall meet the measurement accuracy requirements stated for RXLEV in TS 45.008, when the given measurement time allows the UE to take at least 3 GSM carrier RSSI samples per GSM carrier in the monitored set during the measurement period.

Length of measurement occasion (frames)	Number of GSM carrier RSSI samples in each measurement occasion, N <sub>GSM carrier RSSI</sub> .
1	16
2	32
4	64
8	128

Table	8.11
-------	------

In case the UE is not able to acquire the required number of samples per GSM carrier during one measurement period, the UE shall measure as many GSM carriers as possible during that measurement period using at least 3 samples per GSM carrier. The GSM carriers that were not measured during that measurement period shall be measured in the following measurement periods.

2) For a UE not requiring measurement occasions

The samples allocated to each carrier shall as far as possible be uniformly distributed over each measurement period. At least 3 received signal level measurement samples are required per RSSI value. The measurement period is 480 ms.

In case UTRA RACH procedure prevents the UE from acquiring the required number of samples per GSM carrier during one measurement period, the GSM carriers that were not measured during that measurement period shall be measured in the following measurement periods.

#### 8.4.2.5.2 BSIC verification

1) For a UE requiring measurement occasions.

The procedure for BSIC verification on a GSM cell can be divided into the following two tasks:

Initial BSIC identification

Includes searching for the BSIC and decoding the BSIC for the first time when there is no knowledge about the relative timing between the FDD and GSM cell. The UE shall trigger the initial BSIC identification within 50% of the available measurement occasions used for GSM measurements as specified in 8.4.2.1. The requirements for Initial BSIC identification can be found in 8.4.2.5.2.1.

**BSIC** re-confirmation

Tracking and decoding the BSIC of a GSM cell after initial BSIC identification is performed. The UE shall trigger the BSIC re-confirmation within the available measurement occasions used for GSM as specified in 8.4.2.1. The requirements for BSIC re-confirmation can be found in 8.4.2.5.2.2.

The BSIC of a GSM cell is considered to be "verified" if the UE has decoded the SCH of the BCCH carrier and identified the BSIC at least one time (initial BSIC identification) and from that moment the BSIC shall be re-confirmed at least once every 6 times  $T_{re-confirm_GSM}$  seconds. Otherwise the BSIC of the GSM cell is considered as "non-verified".

 $T_{re-confirm\_GSM}$  indicates the maximum time allowed for the re-confirmation of the BSIC of one GSM cell in the BSIC reconfirmation procedure according to section 8.4.2.5.2.2.

The UE shall be able to decode a BSIC within a measurement occasion when the time difference between the middle of the received GSM synchronisation burst at the UE and the middle of the measurement occasion is within the limits specified in table 8.12.

Measurement occasion length (frames]	Maximum time difference [μs]
1	± 4100
2	± 9100
4	± 19100
8	± 39100

#### Table 8.12: The measurement occasion length and maximum time difference for BSIC verification

The UE shall be able to perform BSIC verification at levels down to the reference sensitivity level or reference interference levels as specified in TS 45.005.

2) For a UE not requiring measurement occasions

The UE shall attempt to check the BSIC for at least the 6 strongest GSM carriers at least every 10 seconds, to confirm that it is monitoring the same cell, as far as UTRA RACH procedure does not prevent UE from decoding BSIC.

If a BSIC is decoded and matches the expected value, it is considered as "verified", else it is considered as "non verified".

The UE shall be able to perform BSIC verification at levels down to the reference sensitivity level or reference interference levels as specified in TS 45.005.

#### 8.4.2.5.2.1 Initial BSIC identification

This measurement shall be based on the measurement occasions allocated for Initial BSIC identification as described in 8.4.2.5.

The UE shall continuously attempt to decode the BSIC of SCH on the BCCH carrier of the 6 strongest BCCH carriers of the GSM cells indicated in the Inter-RAT cell info list. The UE shall give priority for BSIC decoding attempts in decreasing signal strength order to BCCH carriers with unknown BSIC. The strongest BCCH carrier is defined as the BCCH carrier having the highest measured GSM carrier RSSI value.

When the UE attempts to decode the BSIC of one GSM BCCH carrier with unknown BSIC, the UE shall use all available measurements occasions allocated for GSM initial BSIC identification according section 8.4.2.5 to attempt to decode the BSIC from that GSM BCCH carrier.

If the BSIC of the GSM BCCH carrier has been successfully decoded the UE shall immediately continue BSIC identification with the next GSM BCCH carrier, in signal strength order, with unknown BSIC. The GSM cell for which the BSIC has been successfully identified shall be moved to the BSIC re-confirmation procedure.

If the UE has not successfully decoded the BSIC of the GSM BCCH carrier within  $T_{identify, GSM}$  ms, the UE shall abort the BSIC identification attempts for that GSM BCCH carrier. The UE shall continue to try to perform BSIC identification of the next GSM BCCH carrier in signal strength order. The GSM BCCH carrier for which the BSIC identification failed shall not be re-considered for BSIC identification until BSIC identification attempts have been made for all the rest of the 6 strongest GSM BCCH carriers in the monitored set with unknown BSIC.

 $T_{identify\_GSM}$  is given for the combinations of  $T_{meas}$  and  $N_{TTI}$  that are given in table 8.13. The values given in table 8.13 represent the number of patterns required to guarantee at least two attempts to decode the BSIC for one GSM BCCH carrier.

T_meas	N_TTI=1 frame	N_TTI=2 frames	N_TTI=4 frames	N_TTI=8 frames
(ms)	T <sub>identify,GSM</sub> (ms)	T <sub>identify,GSM</sub> (ms)	T <sub>identify,GSM</sub> (ms)	Tidentify,GSM(ms)
80	2880	1280		-
160	7680	2880	1280	640
240	29760	5280		-
320	14080	6400	2560	1280
480	34560	12480	2880	1920
640	34560	12800	5120	2560
960	*	24960	5760	3840
1280	*	20480	10240	5120
1920	*	34560	15360	7680
NOTE *:	NOTE *: There are no performance requirements for these combinations of parameters because they result in long identification time.			

Table 8.13: The worst-case time for identification of one previously not identified GSM cell

#### 8.4.2.5.2.2 BSIC re-confirmation

The requirements of this section are applicable for BSIC re-confirmation.

The UE shall maintain the timing information of 6 identified GSM cells. Initial timing information is obtained from the initial BSIC identification. The timing information shall be updated every time the BSIC is decoded.

For each measurement occasion allocated for GSM BSIC reconfirmation as described in 8.4.2.5, the UE shall attempt to decode the BSIC falling within the measurement occasion duration according to table 8.12. When the UE has to select one out of several possible GSM cells to reconfirm within the possible allocation of measurement occasions, according to 8.4.2.5, priority shall be given to the least recently decoded BSIC.

If the UE fails to decode the BSIC after two successive attempts the UE shall abort the BSIC re-confirmation attempts for that GSM cell. The GSM cell shall be treated as a new GSM cell with unidentified BSIC and the GSM cell shall be moved to the initial BSIC identification procedure, see section 8.4.2.5.2.1. The UE shall be able to make BSIC re-confirmation attempts for the 6 strongest GSM cells in the monitored list.

 $T_{re-confirm\_GSM}$  is given for the combinations of  $T_{meas}$  and  $N_{TTI}$  that are given in table 8.14. The values given in table 8.14 represent the number of patterns required to guarantee at least two attempts to decode the BSIC for one GSM BCCH carrier. Different values for  $T_{re-confirm GSM}$  might apply when more than one GSM cell is in the BSIC reconfirmation procedure at the same time.

T_meas	N_TTI=1 frame	N_TTI=2 frames	N_TTI=4 frames	N_TTI=8 frames
(ms)	Tre-confirm,GSM (ms)	Tre-confirm,GSM (MS)	Tre-confirm,GSM (MS)	Tre-confirm,GSM (ms)
80	2880	1600	-	-
160	6400	3200	2240	1600
240	17280	4800	-	-
320	14080	6400	4480	3200
480	22080	9600	6720	4800
640	26880	12800	10240	6400
960	*	17280	13440	9600
1280	*	33280	17920	12800
1920	*	*	26880	19200
* Note:	* Note: There are no performance requirements for these combinations of parameters			
	because they result in long reconfirmation time.			

Table 8.14: The worst-case time for reconfirmation of one previously identified GSM cell

8.4.2.6 E-UTRAN measurements when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is not ongoing

The requirements in this section apply only to UE supporting FDD and E-UTRA.

When absolute priority based reselection is used, measurement rules defined in [1] apply (based on  $S_{prioritysearch1}$  and  $S_{prioritysearch2}$  thresholds)

If E-DCH resources are allocated to the UE or timer T321[16] is running, the UE is not required to perform E-UTRA measurements.

#### 8.4.2.6.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify, E-UTRAN}} = Ceil \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic identify E-UTRAN}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{E-UTRAN FACH}}} \right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{E-UTRA} \quad ms$$

where

T<sub>basic\_identify\_E-UTRAN</sub> is specified in 8.1.2.6.

N<sub>E-UTRA</sub>: Number of E-UTRA frequencies in the E-UTRA cell info list

T<sub>Meas</sub> and M\_REP are specified in 8.4.2.1.

 $T_{E-UTRAN FACH} = (N_{TTI}*10 - 2*0.5) ms$ 

A cell shall be considered detectable based on requirements defined in [24].

#### 8.4.2.6.2 UE RSRP and RSRQ measurement capability

When a measurement occasion cycle is scheduled for E-UTRA measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.4a/b with measurement period given by

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{measurement E-UTRAN}} = Max \left\{ \mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement\_Period E-UTRAN}}, 2 \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{meas}}, Ceil \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic measurement E-UTRAN}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{E-UTRAN FACH}}} \right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{meas}} \cdot N_{E-UTRAN} \right\} \mathbf{m}$$

s

where

 $T_{basic\_measurement\_E-UTRAN} = 60 \text{ ms.}$ 

 $T_{Measurement\_Period E-UTRAN}$  is specified in section 8.1.2.6.

T<sub>Meas</sub> is specified in section 8.4.2.1.

 $N_{\text{E-UTRA}}$  and  $T_{\text{E-UTRAN FACH}}$  are specified in section 8.4.2.6.1

If the UE does not need measurement occasions to perform E-UTRA measurements, the measurement period for E-UTRA measurements is 480 ms.

# 8.4a Measurements in CELL\_FACH State when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is ongoing

# 8.4a.1 Introduction

This section contains requirements on the UE regarding cell reselection and measurement reporting in CELL\_FACH state when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is ongoing. The requirements for cell re-selection are split in FDD intra frequency, FDD inter frequency, TDD, GSM and E-UTRA measurements. The measurements are defined in TS 25.215, the measurement model is defined in TS 25.302 and measurement accuracies are specified in section 9. Control of measurement reporting is specified in TS 25.331. DRX in CELL\_FACH state is described in TS 25.331.

# 8.4a.2 Requirements

#### 8.4a.2.1 UE Measurement Capability

In CELL\_FACH state, the number of cells the UE shall be able to monitor is defined in section 8.4.2.1

The requirements in section 9 on CPICH Ec/Io and RSCP measurements are applicable for a UE performing measurements according to this section. For inter-frequency FDD, TDD, GSM and E-UTRAN cell re-selection, DRX gaps as specified in TS 25.331 are used to find and measure on other cells.

It is defined below how the measurements on different systems and modes are performed given the time allocated to that system. The requirements in this section are based on an assumption that the time during the DRX gaps that is allocated to each of the different modes and systems shall be equally shared by the modes which the UE has capability for and that are in the monitored set signalled by the network.

# 8.4a.2.2 FDD intra frequency measurements when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is ongoing

During the CELL\_FACH state the UE shall continuously measure identified intra frequency cells and search for new intra frequency cells in the monitoring set during the on part of the DRX cycle.

#### 8.4a.2.2.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$T_{identify,intra} = Min \left\{ 30000, Max \left\{ 300, ceil \left\{ \frac{T_{basic identify FDD, intra_HS-DSCH-DRX}}{T_{on}} \right\} T_{DRX\_Cycle} \right\} \right\} \text{ where }$$

 $T_{\text{basic identify FDD, intra_HS-DSCH-DRX}}$  is 300ms

HS-DSCH Rx burst<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the on part of the DRX cycle (frames)

HS-DSCH DRX cycle<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the total DRX cycle (frames)

A cell shall be considered detectable when

- CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -17 dB,
- SCH\_Ec/Io > -17 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code.

#### 8.4a.2.2.2 UE CPICH measurement capability

In the CELL\_FACH state the measurement period for intra frequency measurements is

$$T_{\text{Measurement\_Period Intra}} = Min \left\{ 10240, Max \left\{ 200, \text{ceil} \left\{ \frac{200}{T_{\text{on}}} \right\} T_{\text{DRX\_Cycle}} \right\} \right\} \text{ms}$$

The UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for 8 identified intra-frequency cells of the monitored set and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{Measurent_Period,Intra}$ .

where

HS-DSCH Rx burst<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the on part of the DRX cycle (frames)

*HS-DSCH DRX cycle*<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the total DRX cycle (frames)

#### 8.4a.2.2.3 RACH reporting

Reporting measurements in the measurement reports sent on the RACH shall meet the requirements in section 9.

#### 8.4a.2.3 FDD inter frequency measurements

In the CELL\_FACH state when DRX is being performed by the UE, the UE shall measure identified inter frequency cells and search for new inter frequency cells indicated in the measurement control information, according to the measurement rules defined in [1].

When absolute priority based reselection is used:

- If Srxlev<sub>ServingCell</sub> > S<sub>prioritysearch1</sub> and Squal<sub>ServingCell</sub> > S<sub>prioritysearch2</sub> then the UE shall search for inter frequency layers of higher priority at least every T<sub>higher\_priority\_search</sub>, where T<sub>higher\_priority\_search</sub> is described in section 4.2.2.
- If Srxlev<sub>ServingCell</sub> <= S<sub>prioritysearch1</sub> or Squal<sub>ServingCell</sub> <= S<sub>prioritysearch2</sub> then the UE shall search for all inter frequency layers based on the requirements below.

If E-DCH resources are allocated to the UE or timer T321 [16] is running, the UE is not required to perform interfrequency cell identification or measurements as continuous HS-DSCH reception is required.

#### 8.4a.2.3.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify, inter}} = Min \left\{ 30000, Ceil \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic identify FDD inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter FACH, DRX}}} \right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{scale} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{DRX_Cycle}} \right\} \cdot N_{Freq, FDD} \quad ms$$

where

 $T_{basic\_identify\_FDD,inter}$  is specified in 8.1.2.3.2.

N<sub>Freq,FDD</sub>: Number of FDD frequencies in the Inter-frequency cell info list

```
T_{Inter FACH,DRX} = Min(HS-DSCH DRX cycle_{FACH} - HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}, HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}) - 2*0.5ms [ms]
```

HS-DSCH Rx burst<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the on part of the DRX cycle (frames)

HS-DSCH DRX cycle<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the total DRX cycle (frames)

 $T_{scale} = N_{FDD} + N_{TDD} + N_{GSM} + N_{E-UTRAN}$ 

If absolute priority based reselection is used, and  $Srxlev_{ServingCell} > S_{prioritysearch1}$  and  $Squal_{ServingCell} > S_{prioritysearch2}$ ,  $T_{identify, inter}$  shall be increased by  $T_{higher\_priority\_search}$ .

A cell shall be considered detectable when

- CPICH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -17 dB,
- SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -17 dB for at least one channel tap and SCH\_Ec/Ior is equally divided between primary synchronisation code and secondary synchronisation code.

#### 8.4a.2.3.2 UE CPICH measurement capability

The UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.2 with measurement period is given by within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{measurement inter}} = Max \left\{ \mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement\_Period, Inter}}, Min \left\{ 10240, Ceil \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic\_measurement\_FDD, inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter FACH, DRX}}} \right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{scale}} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{DRX\_Cycle}} \right\} \cdot N_{Freq, FDD} \right\}$$

ms

where

N<sub>Freq,FDD</sub>: Number of FDD frequencies in the Inter-frequency cell info list

T<sub>Measurement\_Period Inter</sub> is specified in section 8.1.2.3.2.

# $T_{Inter FACH,DRX} = Min(HS-DSCH DRX cycle_{FACH} - HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}, HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}) - 2*0.5ms [ms]$

HS-DSCH Rx burst<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the on part of the DRX cycle (frames)

HS-DSCH DRX cycle<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the total DRX cycle (frames)

The UE shall be capable of performing CPICH measurements for  $X_{\text{basic measurement FDD inter}}$  inter-frequency cells per FDD frequency of the monitored set, and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{\text{Measurement_Inter.}}$ 

X<sub>basic measurement FDDinter</sub> is defined in section 8.1.2.3.2

 $T_{scale} = N_{FDD} + N_{TDD} + N_{GSM} + N_{E-UTRAN}$ 

#### 8.4a.2.4 TDD measurements when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is ongoing

The requirements in this section shall apply to UE supporting FDD and TDD.

The UE shall continuously measure identified inter frequency TDD cells and search for new inter-frequency TDD cells indicated in the measurement control information. If E-DCH resources are allocated to the UE or timer T321[16] is running, the UE is not required to perform interfrequency TDD cell identification or measurements as continuous HS-DSCH reception is required.

#### 8.4a.2.4.1 Identification of a new cell

#### 8.4.2.4.1.13,84 Mcps TDD Option

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify, TDD}} = Max \left\{ 5000, Min \left\{ 30000, Ceil \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter FACH,DRX}}} \right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{scale}} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{DRX\_Cycle}} \right\} \cdot N_{Freq,TDD} \right\} \text{ ms}$$

Where

 $T_{\text{basic_identify_TDD,inter}} = 800 \text{ms}$ 

N<sub>Freq,TDD</sub>: Number of TDD frequencies indicated in the Inter-frequency cell info list

 $T_{Inter FACH,DRX} = Min(HS-DSCH DRX cycle_{FACH} - HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}, HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH n}) - 2*0.5ms [ms]$ 

HS-DSCH Rx burst<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the on part of the DRX cycle (frames)

HS-DSCH DRX cycle<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the total DRX cycle (frames)

 $T_{scale} = N_{FDD} + N_{TDD} + N_{GSM}$ 

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When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

An inter-frequency TDD cell shall be considered detectable when P-CCPCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -8 dB and SCH\_Ec/Io  $\geq$  -13 dB. The received P-CCPCH\_E\_c/I\_o is defined as

$$\left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_o}\right)\Big|_{in \ dB} = \left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in \ dB} - \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in \ dB}$$

and the received SCH\_E\_c/I\_o is defined as

$$\left(\frac{SCH\_E_c}{I_o}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} = \left(\frac{SCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} - \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB}$$

8.4a.2.4.1.2 1.28 Mcps TDD Option

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter-frequency TDD cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify, TDD}} = Max \left\{ 5000, Min \left\{ 30000, Ceil \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic identify TDD inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter FACH,DRX}}} \right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{scale}} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{DRX}\_\text{Cycle}} \right\} \cdot N_{Freq,TDD} \right\} \text{ms}$$

where

 $T_{basic\_identify\_TDD,inter} = 800 ms$ 

N<sub>Freq,TDD</sub>: Number of TDD frequencies indicated in the Inter-frequency cell info list

T<sub>Measurement\_Period TDD inter</sub> is specified in section 8.1.2.4.2

 $T_{Inter FACH,DRX} = Min(HS-DSCH DRX cycle_{FACH} - HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}, HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}) - 2*0.5ms [ms]$ 

HS-DSCH Rx burst<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the on part of the DRX cycle (frames)

HS-DSCH DRX cycle<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the total DRX cycle (frames)

 $T_{scale} = N_{FDD} + N_{TDD} + N_{GSM}$ 

When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

A cell shall be considered detectable when P-CCPCH Ec/Io  $\ge$  -8 dB and DwPCH\_Ec/Io  $\ge$  -5 dB.

The received P-CCPCH  $E_c/I_o$  is defined as

$$\left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_o}\right)\Big|_{in \ dB} = \left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in \ dB} - \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in \ dB}$$

The received DwPTS  $E_c/I_o$  is defined as

$$\left(\frac{DwPCH\_E_c}{I_o}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} = \left(\frac{DwPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} - \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB}$$

#### 8.4a.2.4.2 P-CCPCH RSCP measurement period

When a DRX cycle as previously described is scheduled for inter frequency TDD measurements the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.11 and with a measurement period as given by

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{measurement,TDD}} = Max \left\{ \mathbf{T}_{\text{Measurement_Period,Inter}}, Min \left\{ 10240, Ceil \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic_measurement_TDD,inter}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{Inter FACH,DRX}}} \right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{scale}} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{DRX_Cycle}} \right\} \cdot N_{Freq,FDD} \right\}$$

where

N<sub>Freq,TDD</sub>: Number of TDD frequencies in the Inter-frequency cell info list

T<sub>Measurement\_Period Inter</sub> is specified in section 8.1.2.3.2.

 $T_{Inter FACH,DRX} = Min(HS-DSCH DRX cycle_{FACH} - HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}, HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}) - 2*0.5ms [ms]$ 

HS-DSCH Rx burst<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the on part of the DRX cycle (frames)

*HS-DSCH DRX cycle*<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the total DRX cycle (frames)

 $T_{scale} = N_{FDD} + N_{TDD} + N_{GSM}$ 

The UE shall be capable of performing P-CCPCH RSCP measurements for  $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}}$  inter-frequency TDD cells per TDD frequency of the monitored set and the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting measurements to higher layers with the measurement period of  $T_{\text{Measurement TDD}}$ .

 $X_{\text{basic measurement TDD inter}}$  is defined in section 8.1.2.4.2

#### 8.4a.2.5 GSM measurements when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is ongoing

Note : Further study is required for GSM measurements when DRX is active, especially regarding BSIC identification and reconfirmation

- 8.4a.2.5.1 GSM carrier RSSI
- 8.4a.2.5.2 BSIC verification
- 8.4a.2.5.2.1 Initial BSIC identification
- 8.4a.2.5.2.2 BSIC re-confirmation

#### 8.4a.2.6 E-UTRA measurements when HS-DSCH discontinuous reception is ongoing

In the CELL\_FACH state when DRX is being performed by the UE, the UE shall measure identified E-UTRAN cells and search for new E-UTRAN cells indicated in the measurement control information, according to the measurement rules defined in [1].

When absolute priority based reselection is used:

- If Srxlev<sub>ServingCell</sub> > S<sub>prioritysearch1</sub> and Squal<sub>ServingCell</sub> > S<sub>prioritysearch2</sub> then the UE shall search for E-UTRA layers of higher priority at least every T<sub>higher\_priority\_search</sub> where T<sub>higher\_priority\_search</sub> is described in section 4.2.2.
- If Srxlev<sub>ServingCell</sub> <= S<sub>prioritysearch1</sub> or Squal<sub>ServingCell</sub> <= S<sub>prioritysearch2</sub> then the UE shall search for all E-UTRA layers based on the requirements below.

If E-DCH resources are allocated to the UE or timer T321 [16] is running, the UE is not required to perform E-UTRAN cell identification or measurements as continuous HS-DSCH reception is required.

#### 8.4a.2.6.1 Identification of a new cell

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable cell belonging to the monitored set within

$$\mathbf{T}_{\text{identify, E-UTRAN}} = \min\left\{60000, Ceil\left\{\frac{\mathbf{T}_{\text{basic identify E-UTRAN}}}{\mathbf{T}_{\text{E-UTRAN FACH,DRX}}}\right\} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{scale} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\text{DRX}_{\text{Cycle}}}\right\} \cdot N_{E-UTRA} \quad ms$$

where

T<sub>basic\_identify\_E-UTRAN</sub> is specified in 8.1.2.6.

N<sub>E-UTRA</sub>: Number of E-UTRA frequencies in the E-UTRA neighbor list

 $T_{E-UTRAN FACH,DRX} = Min(HS-DSCH DRX cycle_{FACH} - HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}, HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}) - 2*0.5ms$ [ms]

HS-DSCH Rx burst<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the on part of the DRX cycle (frames)

HS-DSCH DRX cycle<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the total DRX cycle (frames)

 $T_{scale} = N_{FDD} + N_{TDD} + N_{GSM} + N_{E-UTRAN}$ 

If absolute priority based reselection is used, and  $Srxlev_{ServingCell} > S_{prioritysearch1}$  and  $Squal_{ServingCell} > S_{prioritysearch2}$ ,  $T_{identify, E-UTRAN}$  shall be increased by  $T_{higher\_priority\_search}$ .

A cell shall be considered detectable according to [36.133]

#### 8.4a.2.6.2 UE RSRP and RSRQ measurement capability

The UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting E-UTRA measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in sub-clause 9.1.4a/b with measurement period given by

$$T_{\text{measurement }E-\text{UTRAN}} = Max \left\{ T_{\text{Measurement}\_Period, E-\text{UTRAN}}, \min \left\{ 30720, Ceil \left\{ \frac{T_{\text{basic}\_measurement\_E-\text{UTRAN}}}{T_{\text{E-UTRAN FACH, DRX}}} \right\} \cdot T_{\text{scale}} \cdot T_{\text{DRX}\_Cycle} \right\} \cdot N_{E-\text{UTRAN FACH, DRX}} \right\}$$

ms

where

N<sub>E-UTRA</sub>: Number of E-UTRA frequencies in the E-UTRA cell info list

 $T_{Measurement\_Period E-UTRAN}$  is specified in section 8.1.2.6.

 $T_{\text{basic}_{\text{measurement}_{\text{E}-\text{UTRAN}}} = 60 \text{ ms.}$ 

 $T_{E-UTRAN FACH,DRX} = Min(HS-DSCH DRX cycle_{FACH} - HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}, HS-DSCH Rx burst_{FACH}) - 2*0.5 ms$ [ms]

HS-DSCH Rx burst<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the on part of the DRX cycle (frames)

HS-DSCH DRX cycle<sub>FACH</sub> is the duration of the total DRX cycle (frames)

 $T_{scale} = N_{FDD} + N_{TDD} + N_{GSM} + N_{E-UTRA}$ 

# 8.5 Capabilities for Support of Event Triggering and Reporting Criteria in CELL\_FACH state

# 8.5.1 Introduction

This section contains requirements on UE capabilities for support of event triggering and reporting criteria.

# 8.5.2 Requirements

In this section reporting criteria can be either event triggered reporting criteria or periodic reporting criteria.

#### Table 8.15: Requirements for reporting criteria per measurement category

Measurement category	E <sub>cat</sub>	Note
Traffic volume measurements	2	

# 9 Measurements Performance Requirements

One of the key services provided by the physical layer is the measurement of various quantities which are used to trigger or perform a multitude of functions. Both the UE and the UTRAN are required to perform a variety of measurements. The physical layer measurement model and a complete list of measurements is specified in TS 25.302 "Services Provided by Physical Layer". The physical layer measurements for FDD are described and defined in TS25.215 "Physical layer - Measurements (FDD)". In this clause for each measurement the relevant requirements on the measurement period, reporting range, granularity and performance in terms of accuracy are specified.

Since the UE reference sensitivity requirements are different depending on supported band, this is noted in each case with definition of the range Io for each frequency band. Definitions of each frequency bands can be found in TS 25.101.

The accuracy requirements in this clause are applicable for AWGN radio propagation conditions.

# 9.1 Measurement Performance for UE

The requirements in this clause are applicable for a UE:

- in state CELL\_DCH and/or state CELL\_FACH.
- performing measurements according to section 8.
- that is synchronised to the cell that is measured.

The reported measurement result after layer 1 filtering shall be an estimate of the average value of the measured quantity over the measurement period. The reference point for the measurement result after layer 1 filtering is referred to as point B in the measurement model described in TS25.302.

The accuracy requirements in this clause are valid for the reported measurement result after layer 1 filtering. The accuracy requirements are verified from the measurement report at point D in the measurement model having the layer 3 filtering disabled.

- NOTE: It needs to be clarified how the accuracy requirements shall be handled when the UE is measuring on cells using IPDL.
- NOTE: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

## 9.1.1 CPICH RSCP

NOTE: This measurement is for handover evaluation, DL open loop power control, UL open loop power control and for the calculation of pathloss.

#### 9.1.1.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2. The measurement period for CELL\_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

#### 9.1.1.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

The accuracy requirements in table 9.1 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1|dBm.according to Annex B.3.1 for a corresponding Band

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} \quad - \quad \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

#### Table 9.1: CPICH\_RSCP Intra frequency absolute accuracy

		Accura	acy [dB]			Conditions					
Parameter	Unit	Normal condition	Extreme condition	Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX and XXI		Band XXV and XXVI	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX and XXII	Band I)			
		condition	condition	lo	lo	lo	lo	lo			
				[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 I			
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-9470	-9270	-90.570 (Note 1)	-9170	-937(			
	dBm	± 8	± 11	-7050	-7050	-7050	-7050	-705(			
	NOTE 1: The condition is -9270 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MH the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.										

#### 9.1.1.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the CPICH RSCP measured from another cell on the same frequency

The accuracy requirements in table 9.2 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2|<sub>dBm</sub> according to Annex B.3.2 for a corresponding Band.

$$\begin{aligned} \left| CPICH \_RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH \_RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \\ \leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left( \frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \, dB} \\ \leq 20 dB \end{aligned}$$

Parameter	Unit				Conditions							
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX and XXI	Band II, V and VII	Band XXV and XXVI	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX and XXII	Band IX				
				lo	lo	lo	lo	lo				
				[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]				
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	± 3	± 3	-9450	-9250	-90.550 (Note 1)	-9150	-9350				
NOTE 1: The c	NOTE 1: The condition is -90.550 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz											
for the	e UE w	hich support	s both Band	V and Band XXVI	operating frequer	ncies.						

Table 9.2: CPICH\_RSCP Intra frequency relative accuracy

# 9.1.1.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.3. The measurement period for CELL\_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.3.

#### 9.1.1.2.1 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of CPICH RSCP in inter frequency case is defined as the CPICH RSCP measured from one cell compared to the CPICH RSCP measured from another cell on a different frequency.

The accuracy requirements in table 9.3 are valid under the following conditions:

 $CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm}$  according to Annex B.3.3 for a corresponding Band

$$\left| CPICH \_RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH \_RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \le 20 \, dB$$

| Channel 1\_Io|<sub>dBm/3,84 MHz</sub> -Channel 2\_Io|<sub>dBm/3,84 MHz</sub> |  $\leq$  20 dB.

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} \quad - \quad \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

#### Table 9.3: CPICH\_RSCP Inter frequency relative accuracy

		cy [dB]	Conditions							
	Normal	Extreme	CPICH_RSCP is	CPICH_RSCP is	CPICH_RSCP is	CPICH_RSCP is	CPICH_RSCP is			
	condition	condition	on Band I, IV,	on Band II, V	on Band XXV	on Band III, VIII,	on Band IX			
			VI, X, XI, XIX	and VII	and XXVI	XII, XIII, XIV, XX				
			and XXI			and XXII				
			lo	lo	lo	lo	lo			
			[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]	[dBm/3,84 MHz]			
βBm	± 6	± 6	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350			
					(Note 1)					
	Bm		Bm ±6 ±6	VI, X, XI, XIX           and XXI           Io           [dBm/3,84 MHz]           Bm         ± 6           ± 6         -9450	VI, X, XI, XIX and XXI         and VII           Io         Io           [dBm/3,84 MHz]         [dBm/3,84 MHz]           Bm         ± 6         ± 6         -9450         -9250	VI, X, XI, XIX and XXI         and VII         and XXVI           Io         Io         Io           [dBm/3,84 MHz]         [dBm/3,84 MHz]         [dBm/3,84 MHz]           Bm         ± 6         ± 6         -9450         -9250         -90.550 (Note 1)	VI, X, XI, XIX and XXI         and VII         and XXVI         XII, XIII, XIV, XX and XXII           Io         Io         Io         Io         Io           Bm         ± 6         ± 6         -9450         -9250         -90.550 (Note 1)         -9150			

NOTE 1: The condition is -92...-50 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

#### 9.1.1.3 CPICH RSCP measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for CPICH RSCP is from -120 dBm ...-25 dBm.

In table 9.4 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
CPICH_RSCP_LEV05	CPICH RSCP <-120	dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV04	-120 ≤ CPICH RSCP < -119	dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV03	-119 ≤ CPICH RSCP < -118	dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV _89	-27 ≤ CPICH RSCP < -26	dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV _90	-26 ≤ CPICH RSCP < -25	dBm
CPICH_RSCP_LEV _91	$-25 \le CPICH RSCP$	dBm

#### Table 9.4

# 9.1.2 CPICH Ec/lo

NOTE: This measurement is for Cell selection/re-selection and for handover evaluation.

#### 9.1.2.1 Intra frequency measurements accuracy

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2. The measurement period for CELL\_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

#### 9.1.2.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

The accuracy requirements in table 9.5 are valid under the following conditions:

 $CPICH\_RSCP1|_{dBm}$  according to Annex B.3.4 for a corresponding Band

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

#### Table 9.5: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dE	3]			Conditions		
		Normal condition	Extreme	Band I, IV, VI,			Band III, VIII,	Band IX
			condition	X, XI, XIX and	and VII	and XXVI	XII, XIII, XIV,	
				XXI			XX and XXII	
				lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84
				MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	± 1.5 for -14	± 3	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350
		≤				(Note 1)		
		CPICH Ec/lo $\pm$ 2 for -16						
		≤						
		CPICH Ec/lo						
		<						
		$-14 \pm 3$ for $-20$						
		≤						
		CPICH Ec/lo < -16						

NOTE 1: The condition is -92...-50 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

#### 9.1.2.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io is defined as the maximum allowable error in the measured difference between the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the CPICH Ec/Io measured from another cell on the same frequency.

The relative accuracy is defined using the lower CPICH\_Ec/Io of cell 1 and cell 2.

The accuracy requirements in table 9.6 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2 $|_{dBm}$  according to Annex B.3.5 for a corresponding Band

$$\begin{vmatrix} CPICH \_RSCP1 \end{vmatrix}_{in \, dBm} - CPICH \_RSCP2 \end{vmatrix}_{in \, dBm} \le 20 dB$$

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})} \end{vmatrix}_{in \, dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}}\right) \end{vmatrix}_{in \, dB} \le 20 dB$$

#### Table 9.6: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	]			Conditions		
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX and XXI	Band II, V and VII	Band XXV and XXVI	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX and XXII	Band IX
				lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]
The lower of the CPICH_Ec/lo from cell1 and cell2	dB	$\begin{array}{r} \pm 1.5 \text{ for } -14 \\ \leq \\ \text{CPICH Ec/lo} \pm 2 \text{ for } -16 \\ \leq \\ \text{CPICH Ec/lo} \\ < \\ -14 \pm 3 \text{ for } -20 \\ \leq \\ \text{CPICH Ec/lo} \\ < \\ -16 \end{array}$	± 3	-9450	-9250	-90.550 (Note 1)	-9150	-9350

# 9.1.2.2 Inter frequency measurement accuracy

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.3. The measurement period for CELL\_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.3.

#### 9.1.2.2.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

The accuracy requirements in table 9.7 are valid under the following conditions:

 $CPICH_RSCP1|_{dBm}$  according to Annex B.3.6 for a corresponding Band

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dE	8]			Conditions		
		Normal condition	Extreme condition	Band I, IV VI, X, XI, XIX	Band II, V and VII	Band XXV and XXVI	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV,	Band IX
				and XXI			XX and XXII	
				lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84
				MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	± 1.5 for -14	± 3	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350
		$\leq$				(Note 1)		
		CPICH Ec/lo $\pm$ 2 for -16						
		$\leq$						
		CPICH Ec/lo						
		<						
		-14 ± 3 for -20						
		$\leq$						
		CPICH Ec/lo						
		<						
		-16						
		dition is -9250 dBm/3.					RA channel is	within 869-
894	4 MHz	z for the UE which support	rts both Ban	d V and Band	XXVI operating	g frequencies.		

Table 9.7: CPICH\_Ec/lo Inter frequency absolute accuracy

#### 9.1.2.2.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of CPICH Ec/Io in the inter frequency case is defined as the maximum allowable error in the measured difference between the CPICH Ec/Io measured from one cell compared to the CPICH Ec/Io measured from another cell on a different frequency

The relative accuracy is defined using the lower CPICH\_Ec/Io of cell 1 and cell 2.

The accuracy requirements in table 9.8 are valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1|dBm according to Annex B.3.7 for a corresponding Band

$$\left| CPICH \_ RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH \_ RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \le 20 \, dB$$

| Channel 1\_Io|<sub>dBm/3,84 MHz</sub> -Channel 2\_Io|<sub>dBm/3,84 MHz</sub> |  $\leq$  20 dB.

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB	]			Conditions		
		Normal condition	Extreme	CPICH_Ec/I	CPICH_Ec/I	CPICH_Ec/lo	CPICH_Ec/I	CPICH_Ec/I
			condition	o is on	o is on	is on Band	o is on	o is on
				Band I, IV,	Band II, V	XXV and XXVI	Band III, VIII,	Band IX
				VI, X, XI, XIX	and VII		XII, XIII, XIV,	
				and XXI			XX and XXII	
				lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84
				MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]
The lower of	dB	± 1.5 for -14	± 3	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350
the		$\leq$				(Note 1)		
CPICH_Ec/lo		CPICH Ec/lo $\pm$ 2 for -16						
from cell1		$\leq$						
and cell2		CPICH Ec/lo						
		<						
		-14 $\pm$ 3 for -20						
		$\leq$						
		CPICH Ec/lo						
		<						
		-16						
NOTE 1: The	e con	dition is -9250 dBm/3.84	1 MHz when	the carrier free	quency of the a	assigned UTRA	channel is with	in 869-894

#### Table 9.8: CPICH\_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy

NOTE 1: The condition is -92...-50 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

# 9.1.2.3 CPICH Ec/lo measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for CPICH Ec/Io is from -24 ...0 dB.

In table 9.9 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
CPICH_Ec/No _00	CPICH Ec/lo < -24	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _01	-24 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -23.5	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _02	-23.5 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -23	dB
		•••
CPICH_Ec/No _47	-1 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < -0.5	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _48	-0.5 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo < 0	dB
CPICH_Ec/No _49	0 ≤ CPICH Ec/lo	dB

#### Table 9.9

# 9.1.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI

NOTE: This measurement is for Inter-frequency handover evaluation.

The measurement period is equal to the measurement period for UE CPICH measurements, For CELL\_DCH state the measurement period can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2 for intra frequency measurements and in sub clause 8.1.2.3 for inter frequency measurements.

## 9.1.3.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

Parameter	Unit	Accura	cy [dB]			Conditions			
		Normal	Extreme	Band I, IV, VI,			Band III, VIII,	Band IX	
		condition	condition	X, XI, XIX and	and VII	and XXVI	XII, XIII, XIV,		
				XXI			XX and XXII		
				lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	
				MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	± 4	± 7	-9470	-9270	-90.570	-9170	-9370	
						(Note 1)			
	dBm	± 6	± 9	-7050	-7050	-7050	-7050	-7050	
NOTE 1: The condition is -9270 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-									
894 MHz 1	for the l	UE which su	pports both E	Band V and Band	d XXVI operati	ng frequencies	S.		

Table 9.10: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency absolute accuracy

### 9.1.3.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy requirement is defined as the UTRA carrier RSSI measured from one frequency compared to the UTRA carrier RSSI measured from another frequency.

The accuracy requirements in table 9.11 are valid under the following condition:

| Channel 1\_Io $|_{dBm}$  -Channel 2\_Io $|_{dBm}$  | < 20 dB.

#### Table 9.11: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency relative accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accura	cy [dB]			Conditions		
		Normal	Extreme	UTRA Carrier	UTRA	UTRA	UTRA	UTRA
		condition	condition	RSSI is on	Carrier RSSI	<b>Carrier RSSI</b>	Carrier RSSI	Carrier RSSI
				Band I, IV, VI,	is on Band	is on Band	is on Band	is on Band
				X, XI, XIX and	II, V and VII	XXV and	III, VIII, XII,	IX
				XXI		XXVI	XIII, XIV, XX	
							and XXII	
				lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84
				MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	± 7	± 11	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350
						(Note 1)		
NOTE 1: The condi	tion is -	9250 dBn	n/3.84 MHz v	when the carrier	frequency of t	he assigned U	TRA channel i	s within 869-
894 MHz	for the l	UE which su	pports both E	Band V and Ban	d XXVI operati	ng frequencies	S.	

#### 9.1.3.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement report mapping

The reporting range for UTRA carrier RSSI is from -100 ...-25 dBm.

In table 9.12 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV _00	UTRA carrier RSSI < -100	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV _01	-100 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -99	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV _02	-99 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -98	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV _74	-27 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -26	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV _75	-26 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -25	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV _76	-25 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI	dBm

#### Table 9.12

# 9.1.4 GSM carrier RSSI

NOTE: This measurement is for handover between UTRAN and GSM.

The requirements in this section are valid for terminals supporting this capability.

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in section 8.1.2.5. The measurement period for CELL\_FACH state can be found in section 8.4.2.5.

If the UE, in CELL\_DCH state, does not need compressed mode to perform GSM measurements, the measurement accuracy requirements for RXLEV in TS 45.008 shall apply.

If the UE, in CELL\_DCH state, needs compressed mode to perform GSM measurements, the GSM measurement procedure and measurement accuracy requirement is stated in section 8.1.2.5 shall apply.

If the UE, in CELL\_FACH state, does not need measurement occasions to perform GSM measurements, the measurement accuracy requirements for RXLEV in TS 45.008 shall apply.

If the UE, in CELL\_FACH state, needs measurement occasions to perform GSM measurements, the GSM measurement procedure and measurement accuracy requirement stated in section 8.4.2.5 shall apply.

The reporting range and mapping specified for RXLEV in TS 45.008 shall apply.

# 9.1.4a E-UTRAN RSRP

NOTE: This measurement is for handover between UTRAN and E-UTRAN.

The requirements in this section are valid for terminals supporting this capability.

The measurement period for E-UTRA RSRP in CELL\_DCH state can be found in section 8.1.2.6.

If the UE, in CELL\_DCH state, needs compressed mode to perform E-UTRAN measurements, the E-UTRAN measurement procedure and compressed mode gap pattern stated in section 8.1.2.6 shall apply.

In Cell DCH state, whether or not UE requires compressed mode to perform E-UTRAN measurements, the requirements for accuracy of E-UTRA RSRP measurements in CELL\_DCH state shall be the same as the inter-frequency RSRP Accuracy Requirements in 3GPP TS 36.133 [24].

The reporting range and mapping specified for RSRP in 3GPP TS 36.133 [24] shall apply.

# 9.1.4b E-UTRAN RSRQ

NOTE: This measurement is for handover between UTRAN and E-UTRAN.

The requirements in this section are valid for terminals supporting this capability.

The measurement period for E-UTRA RSRQ in CELL\_DCH state can be found in section 8.1.2.6.

If the UE, in CELL\_DCH state, needs compressed mode to perform E-UTRAN measurements, the E-UTRAN measurement procedure is stated in section 8.1.2.6 shall apply.

In CELL DCH state, whether or not UE requires compressed mode to perform E-UTRAN measurements, the requirements for accuracy of E-UTRA RSRQ measurements in CELL\_DCH state shall be the same as the inter-frequency RSRQ Accuracy Requirements in 3GPP TS 36.133 [24].

The reporting range and mapping specified for RSRQ in 3GPP TS 36.133 [24] shall apply.

# 9.1.5 Transport channel BLER

# 9.1.5.1 BLER measurement requirement

Transport channel BLER value shall be calculated from a window with the size equal to the IE Reporting interval as specified in section 10.3.7.53 Periodical reporting criteria in TS 25.331.

# 9.1.5.2 Transport channel BLER measurement report mapping

The Transport channel BLER reporting range is from 0 to 1.

In table 9.13 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
BLER_LOG _00	Transport channel BLER = 0	-
BLER_LOG _01	-∞ < Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -4.03	-
BLER_LOG _02	-4.03 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -3.965	-
BLER_LOG _03	-3.965 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -3.9	-
BLER_LOG _61	-0.195 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -0.13	-
BLER_LOG _62	-0.13 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -0.065	-
BLER_LOG _63	$-0.065 \le Log10(Transport channel BLER) \le 0$	-

#### Table 9.13

# 9.1.6 UE transmitted power

#### 9.1.6.1 Accuracy requirement

This requirement is applicable in CELL\_DCH state. The measured quantity is the transmitted power averaged over the longest period (excluding a  $25\mu$ s period either side of any expected composite power change) during which the nominal composite symbol power reaches the maximum during 1 DPCH slot interval. The UE measured quantity absolute accuracy is defined in Table 9.15.

#### Table 9.14: (void)

#### 9.1.6.2 UE transmitted power measurement report mapping

The reporting range for UE transmitted power is from -50 ...+33 dBm.

In table 9.15 the mapping of the measured quantity specified in Section 9.1.6.1 and the accuracy range are defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range. For each empty slot created by compressed mode or discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission, no value shall be reported by the UE L1 for these slots.

Reported value	Measured quantity value (dBm)	Accuracy	(dB) note 1				
UE_TX_POWER _104	33<= to <34	note 2					
UE_TX_POWER _103	32<= to <33	not	e 2				
UE_TX_POWER _102	31<= to <32	not	e 2				
UE_TX_POWER _096	25<= to <26	not	e 2				
UE_TX_POWER _095	24<= to <25	2.0	-2.0				
UE_TX_POWER _094	23<= to <24	2.0	-2.0				
UE_TX_POWER _093	22<= to <23	2.0	-2.0				
UE_TX_POWER _092	21<= to <22	2.0	-2.0				
UE_TX_POWER _091	20<= to < 21	2.5	-2.5				
UE_TX_POWER _090	19<= to <20	3.0	-3.0				
UE_TX_POWER _089	18<= to <19	3.5	-3.5				
UE_TX_POWER _088	17<= to <18	4.0	-4.0				
UE_TX_POWER _087	16<= to <17	4.0	-4.0				
UE_TX_POWER _086	15<= to <16	4.0	-4.0				
UE_TX_POWER _085	14<= to <15	4.0	-4.0				
UE_TX_POWER _084	13<= to <14	4.0*	-4.0 (note 3)				
UE_TX_POWER _083	12<= to <13	4.0*	-4.0 (note 3)				
UE_TX_POWER _082	11<= to <12	4.0*	-4.0 (note 3)				
UE_TX_POWER _081	10<= to <11	not	e 2				
UE_TX_POWER _023	-48<= to <-47	not	e 2				
UE_TX_POWER _022	-49<= to <-48	not	e 2				
UE_TX_POWER _021	-50<= to <-49	not	e 2				
NOTE 1: The tolerance is specified for the maximum and minimum measured quantity value (dBm), i.e. MIN(Measured quantity value) + MIN(Accuracy) <= UE transmitted Power < Max (Measured quantity value) + MAX(Accuracy)							
NOTE 2: No tolerance is s NOTE 3: Applicable to pov							

#### Table 9.15

# 9.1.7 SFN-CFN observed time difference

NOTE: This measurement is for handover timing purposes to identify active cell and neighbour cell time difference.

### 9.1.7.1 Intra frequency measurement requirement

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.16 is valid under the following conditions:

 $\mbox{CPICH}_RSCP1,2|_{dBm}$  according to Annex B.3.8 for a corresponding Band

$$\begin{aligned} \left| CPICH \_RSCP1 \right|_{in \ dBm} - CPICH \_RSCP2 \right|_{in \ dBm} \right| &\leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)} \right|_{in \ dB} \quad - \quad \left( \frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \ dB} \leq 20 dB \\ \frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)} \right|_{in \ dB} \quad - \quad \left( \frac{P - CCPCH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \ dB} \text{ is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.} \end{aligned}$$

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions												
		[chip]	Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX and XXI	Band II, V and VII	Band XXV and XXVI	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX and XXII	Band IX								
			lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84								
				MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]								
SFN-CFN observed	chip	± 1	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350								
time difference					(Note 1)										
NOTE 1: The condi	NOTE 1: The condition is -9250 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-														
894 MHz	for the	UE which su	pports both Band V and	d Band XXVI ope	erating frequer	ncies.	894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.								

**Table 9.16** 

#### 9.1.7.2 Inter frequency measurement requirement

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.3.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.17 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1|<sub>dBm</sub> according to Annex B.3.9 for a corresponding Band.

$$\left| CPICH \_ RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH \_ RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \le 20 dB$$
,

| Channel 1\_Io|<sub>dBm/3,84 MHz</sub> -Channel 2\_Io|<sub>dBm/3,84 MHz</sub> |  $\leq$  20 dB,

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} \quad - \quad \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \leq 20dB \,.$$

#### Table 9.17

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions						
		[chip]	SFN-CFN observed time difference is on Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX and XXI		SFN-CFN observed time difference is on Band XXV and XXVI	SFN-CFN observed time difference is on Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX and XXII	SFN-CFN observed time difference is on Band IX		
			lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]		
SFN-CFN observed time difference	chip	± 1	-9450	-9250	-90.550 (Note 1)	-9150	-9350		

NOTE 1: The condition is -92...-50 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

## 9.1.7.3 SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for CFN-SFN observed time difference is from 0 ... 9830400 chip.

In table 9.18 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
SFN-CFN_TIME _0000000	$0 \leq$ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 1	chip
SFN-CFN_TIME _0000001	$1 \leq$ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 2	chip
SFN-CFN_TIME _0000002	$2 \leq$ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 3	chip
SFN-CFN_TIME _9830397	9830397 ≤ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 9830398	chip
SFN-CFN_TIME _9830398	9830398 ≤ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 980399	chip
SFN-CFN_TIME _9830399	9830399 ≤ SFN-CFN observed time difference < 9830400	chip

#### Table 9.18

# 9.1.8 SFN-SFN observed time difference

#### 9.1.8.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1

NOTE: This measurement is for identifying time difference between two cells.

#### 9.1.8.1.1 Measurement requirement

The measurement period for CELL\_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.19 is valid under the following conditions:

 $CPICH\_RSCP1|_{dBm} \ according \ to \ Annex \ B.3.10 \ for \ a \ corresponding \ Band$ 

$$\begin{split} \left| CPICH \_RSCP1 \right|_{in \, dBm} - CPICH \_RSCP2 \right|_{in \, dBm} \left| \le 20 dB , \\ \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left( \frac{CPICH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \, dB} \le 20 dB , \\ \frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})} \right|_{in \, dB} - \left( \frac{P - CCPCH \_E_c}{I_{or}} \right) \right|_{in \, dB} \end{split}$$

is low enough to ensure successful SFN decoding.

**Table 9.19** 

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy			Conditions		
		[chip]	SFN-SFN	SFN-SFN	SFN-SFN	SFN-SFN	SFN-SFN
			observed time	observed	observed	observed	observed time
			difference	time	time	time	difference
			type1 is on	difference	difference	difference	type1 is on
			Band I, IV, VI, X,		type1 is on	type1 is on	Band IX
			XI, XIX and XXI			Band III, VIII,	
				VII	and XXVI	XII, XIII, XIV,	
						XX and XXII	
			lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84
			MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]
SFN-SFN	chip	± 1	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350
observed time					(Note 1)		
difference type1							
NOTE 1: The con	dition is	-9250 dE	3m/3.84 MHz whe	n the carrier freq	uency of the as	signed UTRA ch	annel is within
869-894	MHz fo	or the UE wh	ich supports both	Band V and Ban	d XXVI operatin	g frequencies.	

#### 9.1.8.1.2 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 is from 0 ... 9830400 chip.

In table 9.20 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table	9.20
-------	------

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _0000000	$0 \leq SFN$ -SFN observed time difference type $1 < 1$	chip
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _0000001	$1 \leq$ SFN-SFN observed time difference type $1 < 2$	chip
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _0000002	$2 \le$ SFN-SFN observed time difference type $1 < 3$	chip
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _9830397	9830397 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 < 9830398	chip
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _9830398	9830398 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 < 980399	chip
T1_SFN-SFN_TIME _9830399	9830399 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 < 9830400	chip

#### 9.1.8.2 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2

NOTE: This measurement is for location service purposes to identify time difference between two cells.

It is optional for terminal to support the use of IPDL periods together with SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2. The support of IPDL depends on the supported UE positioning methods.

NOTE: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progress.

#### 9.1.8.2.1 Intra frequency measurement requirement accuracy without IPDL period active

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2. The measurement period for CELL\_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.21 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2|dBm according to Annex B.3.11 for a corresponding Band

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy			Conditions			
		[chip]	Band I, IV,	Band II, V		Band III, VIII,	Band IX	
			VI, X, XI, XIX	and VII	and XXVI	XII, XIII, XIV,		
			and XXI			XX and XXII		
			lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	
			MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	
SFN-SFN observed	chip	± 0.5	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350	
time difference type2					(Note 1)			
NOTE 1: The condition	NOTE 1: The condition is -9250 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is							
within 869-89	4 MHz 1	for the UE w	hich supports b	oth Band V ar	d Band XXVI	operating frequ	uencies.	

**Table 9.21** 

9.1.8.2.2 Intra frequency measurement requirement accuracy with IPDL period active

This requirement is valid only for UEs supporting IPDL measurements.

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.2. The measurement period for CELL\_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.2.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.22 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1,2|dBm according to Annex B.3.11 for a corresponding Band

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB$$

Additionally the accuracy requirement in table 9.22 is also valid for neighbour cells for which the following conditions apply to during idle periods provided idle periods have a length of 1 slot:

CPICH\_RSCPx,  $y|_{dBm} \ge -114 \text{ dBm}$ .

$$\frac{I_{o\_idle\_period}}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\bigg|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\bigg|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB,$$

where x and y represent cells measured using idle periods and  $I_{o\_idle-period}$  is the total received power during the idle period.

NOTE: Additional general conditions are needed for the requirements in table 9.22 to be valid.

#### Table 9.22

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions					
		[chip]	Band I, IV,	Band II, V	Band XXV	Band III, VIII,	Band IX	
			VI, X, XI, XIX	and VII	and XXVI	XII, XIII, XIV,		
			and XXI			XX and XXII		
			lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,	
			MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	
SFN-SFN observed time difference	chip	± 0.5	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350	
type 2	-				(Note 1)			

NOTE 1: The condition is -92...-50 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MH for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

#### 9.1.8.2.3 Inter frequency measurement requirement accuracy

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.3. The measurement period for CELL\_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.3.

The accuracy requirement in table 9.23 is valid under the following conditions:

CPICH\_RSCP1|dBm according to Annex B.3.12 for a corresponding Band

| Channel 1\_Io $|_{dBm}$  -Channel 2\_Io $|_{dBm}$  |  $\leq$  20 dB,

$$\frac{I_o}{(\hat{I}_{or})}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{CPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 20dB.$$

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions					
		[chip]	SFN-SFN	SFN-SFN	SFN-SFN	SFN-SFN	SFN-SFN	
			observed time	observed	observed time	observed	observed	
			difference type	time	difference type	time	time	
			2 is on Band I,	difference	2 is on Band	difference	difference	
			IV, VI, X, XI,	type 2 is on	XXV and XXVI	type 2 is on	type 2 is on	
			XIX and XXI	Band II, V and		Band III, VIII,	Band IX	
				VII		XII, XIII, XIV,		
						XX and XXII		
			lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	
			MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	
SFN-SFN	chip	± 1	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350	
observed time					(Note 1)			
difference type 2								
NOTE 1: The condition is -9250 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-								
894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.								

#### Table 9.23

#### 9.1.8.2.4 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 is from -1280 ... +1280 chip.

In table 9.24 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9	9.24
---------	------

Reported value	Measured quantity value		
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME _00000	SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 < -1280.0000	chip	
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME _00001	-1280.0000 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 < -1279.9375	chip	
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME _00002	-1279.9375 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 < -1279.8750	chip	
	:		
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME _40959	1279.8750 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 < 1279.9375	chip	
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME _40960	1279.9375 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 < 1280.0000	chip	
T2_SFN-SFN_TIME _40961	1280.0000 ≤ SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2	chip	

# 9.1.9 UE Rx-Tx time difference

#### 9.1.9.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1

NOTE: This measurement is used for call set up purposes to compensate propagation delay of DL and UL.

The measurement period in CELL\_DCH state is 100 ms.

#### 9.1.9.1.1 Measurement requirement

Table 9.25

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions					
		[chip]	Band I, IV, VI,	Band II, V	Band XXV	Band III, VIII,	Band IX	
			X, XI, XIX and	and VII	and XXVI	XII, XIII, XIV,		
			XXI			XX and XXII		
			lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3	
			MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 1.5	-9450	-9250	-90.550	-9150	-9350	
					(Note 1)			
NOTE 1: The condition is -92	50 dE	8m/3.84 MHz	when the carrier t	frequency of the	assigned UTF	RA channel is wi	thin 869-89	
MHz for the UE whi	ch suppo	orts both Band	V and Band XX	VI operating free	quencies.			

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#### 9.1.9.1.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 is from 768 ... 1280 chip.

In table 9.26 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

#### Table 9.26

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RX-TX_TIME _768	UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1< 768	chip
RX-TX_TIME _769	768 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1< 769	chip
RX-TX_TIME _770	769 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1< 770	chip
RX-TX_TIME _771	770 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1< 771	chip
RX-TX_TIME _1277	1276 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1< 1277	chip
RX-TX_TIME _1278	1277 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1< 1278	chip
RX-TX_TIME _1279	1278 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1< 1279	chip
RX-TX_TIME _1280	1279 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 1	chip

#### 9.1.9.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2

NOTE: This measurement is used for UE positioning purposes.

It is optional for a terminal to support a subset of UE positioning methods. This measurement represents an instantaneous value that is time stamped as defined in the IE description in TS 25.331 [16].

#### 9.1.9.2.1 Measurement requirement

#### Table 9.27

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions				<u> </u>
		[chip]	Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX and XXI	Band II, V and VII	Band XXV and XXVI	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX and XXII	Band IX
			lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3,84	lo [dBm/3
			MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]	MHz]
UE RX-TX time difference	chip	± 1.0	-9450	-9250	-90.550 (Note 1)	-9150	-9350
NOTE 1: The condition is -92. 894 MHz for the UE						RA channel is	within 869-

#### 9.1.9.2.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for UE Rx-Tx time difference type2 is from 768 ... 1280 chip.

In table 9.28 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RX-TX_TIME _0000	UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 768.000	chip
RX-TX_TIME _0001	$768.000 \le UE Rx-Tx$ Time difference type 2 < $768.0625$	chip
RX-TX_TIME _0002	768.0625 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 768.1250	chip
RX-TX_TIME _0003	$768.1250 \le UE Rx-Tx$ Time difference type 2 < $768.1875$	chip
RX-TX_TIME _8189	1279.7500 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 1279.8125	chip
RX-TX_TIME _8190	1279.8125 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2 < 1279.8750	chip
RX-TX_TIME _8191	1279.8750 ≤ UE Rx-Tx Time difference type 2	chip

#### **Table 9.28**

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9.1.10 (void)

#### Table 9.29 (void)

#### Table 9.30 (void)

## 9.1.11 P-CCPCH RSCP

NOTE: This measurement is used for handover between UTRA FDD and UTRA TDD.

The requirements in this section are valid for terminals supporting this capability.

The measurement period for CELL\_DCH state can be found in sub clause 8.1.2.4. The measurement period for CELL\_FACH state can be found in sub clause 8.4.2.4.

#### 9.1.11.1 Absolute accuracy requirements

#### 9.1.11.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

The accuracy requirement in table 9.31is valid under the following conditions:

P-CCPCH\_RSCP ≥ -102 dBm.

$$\frac{I_o}{\left(\hat{I}_{or}\right)}\Big|_{in\ dB} - \left(\frac{P - CCPCH \_ E_c}{I_{or}}\right)\Big|_{in\ dB} \le 8dB$$

#### Table 9.31: P-CCPCH\_RSCP Inter frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accura	Conditions	
		Normal conditions	Extreme conditions	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]
P-CCPCH_RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-9470
	dBm	± 8	± 11	-7050

#### 9.1.11.1.2 1.28 Mcps TDD Option

The accuracy requirement in table 9.31A is valid under the following conditions:

P-CCPCH RSCP ≥ -102 dBm

P-CCPCH Ec/Io  $\geq$  -8 dB

#### Table 9.31A: P-CCPCH\_RSCP Inter frequency absolute accuracy

Parameter	Unit	Accura	Conditions	
		Normal conditions	Extreme conditions	lo [dBm/1.28 MHz]
P-CCPCH_RSCP	dBm	± 6	± 9	-9470
	dBm	± 8	± 11	-7050

#### 9.1.11.2 P-CCPCH RSCP measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for P-CCPCH RSCP is from -115 ... -25 dBm.

In table 9.32 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV _00	PCCPCH RSCP< -115	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV _01	-115 ≤ PCCPCH RSCP< -114	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV _02	-114 ≤ PCCPCH RSCP< -113	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV _03	$-113 \leq PCCPCH RSCP < -112$	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV _89	$-27 \le PCCPCH RSCP < -26$	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV _90	$-26 \le PCCPCH RSCP < -25$	dBm
PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV _91	$-25 \le PCCPCH RSCP$	dBm

**Table 9.32** 

# 9.1.12 UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning

The requirements in this section are valid for terminals supporting this capability:

#### Table 9.33

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning	chip	[]	

## 9.1.12.1 UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning is from 0 ... 2322432000000 chip.

In table 9.34 the mapping of measured quantity is defined.

#### Table 9.34

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
GPS_TIME_0000000000000	UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 0.0625	chip
GPS_TIME_000000000000000000000000000000000000	$0.0625 \le$ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < $0.1250$	chip
GPS_TIME_00000000000002	$0.1250 \le$ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < $0.1875$	chip
GPS_TIME_3715891199997	2322431999999.8125 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322431999999.8750	chip
GPS_TIME_37158911999998	2322431999999.8750 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322431999999.9375	chip
GPS_TIME_37158911999999	2322431999999.9375 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322432000000.0000	chip

# 9.1.13 UE transmission power headroom

#### 9.1.13.1 Delay requirement

The UE transmission power headroom measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between the end of the UE transmission power headroom measurement period and the time when the UE starts transmitting the measurement report over the Uu interface. The reporting delay of the UE transmission power headroom measurement result shall be not more than 10 ms, which is applicable for all configured triggering mechanisms for UE transmission power headroom measurement.

#### 9.1.13.2 Measurement period requirement

The reported UE transmission power headroom measurement result shall be an estimate of the average value of the UE transmission power headroom over a 100 ms period. The UE transmission power headroom measurement shall exclude the empty slots created by the compressed mode or discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission.

If the UE is in CELL\_FACH state, the UE can be configured to send DPCCH for a configurable number of radio frames prior to the start of the E-DCH transmissions. The UE in CELL\_FACH state reports the headroom available based on the average of the DPCCH power including the period DPCCH is transmitted prior to the start of the E-DCH transmissions. The uE transmission power headroom measurement in CELL\_FACH state, after the commencement of the data transmission, is 10ms.

For the first measurement, if less than 20 ms of DPCCH is configured prior to the start of the E-DCH transmissions, the UE in CELL\_FACH state reports the headroom available based on the last successfully transmitted PRACH preamble power. In this case, the UPH can be computed from  $P_{preamble}$  using the  $P_{p-e}$ :

$$UPH = P_{max,tx} - P_{preamble} - P_{p-e}$$

where  $P_{max,tx}$  is the UE maximum transmission power,  $P_{preamble}$  is the transmitted code power on PRACH preamble, and  $P_{p-e}$  is the power offset between the power of the last transmitted preamble and the initial DPCCH transmission power, all in dB.

#### 9.1.13.3 UE transmission power headroom measurement report mapping

The UE transmission power headroom reporting range is from 0 ...+31 dB. Table 9.34A defines the mapping

Reported value	Measured quantity value (dB)
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_0	0 ≤ UPH < 1
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_1	1 ≤ UPH < 2
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_2	2 ≤ UPH < 3
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_3	3 ≤ UPH < 4
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_4	4 ≤ UPH < 5
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_5	5 ≤ UPH < 6
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_6	6 ≤ UPH < 7
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_7	7 ≤ UPH < 8
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_8	8 ≤ UPH < 9
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_9	9 ≤ UPH < 10
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_10	10 ≤ UPH < 11
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_11	11 ≤ UPH < 12
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_12	12 ≤ UPH < 13
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_13	13 ≤ UPH < 14
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_14	14 ≤ UPH < 15
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_15	15 ≤ UPH < 16
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_16	16 ≤ UPH < 17
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_17	17 ≤ UPH < 18
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_18	18 ≤ UPH < 19
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_19	19 ≤ UPH < 20
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_20	$20 \leq UPH < 21$
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_21	21 ≤ UPH < 22
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_22	$22 \le UPH < 23$
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_23	$23 \leq UPH < 24$
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_24	$24 \leq UPH < 25$
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_25	25 ≤ UPH < 26
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_26	26 ≤ UPH < 27
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_27	27 ≤ UPH < 28
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_28	$28 \le UPH < 29$
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_29	29 ≤ UPH < 30
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_30	30 ≤ UPH < 31
UE_POWER_HEADROOM_31	UPH ≥ 31

#### Table 9.34A

# 9.1.13.4 UE transmission power headroom measurement report accuracy

The accuracy requirements for UE transmission power headroom depends on the total power transmitted by the UE. Table 9.34B defines the accuracy of the measured quantity.

Total UE output power value (dBm)	UPH reporting accuracy(dB) (note 1)		
25<= total output power <34	note 2		
24<= total output power <25	±2.0		
23<= total output power <24	±2.0		
22<= total output power <23	±2.0		
21<= total output power <22	±2.0		
20<= total output power < 21	±2.5		
19<= total output power <20	±3.0		
18<= total output power <19	±3.5		
17<= total output power <18	±4.0		
16<= total output power <17	±4.0		
15<= total output power <16	±4.0		
14<= total output power <15	±4.0		
13<= total output power <14	±4.0 (power class 4) ±6.0 (power class 3)		
12<= total output power <13	±4.0 (power class 4) ±6.0 (power class 3)		
11<= total output power <12	±4.0 (power class 4) ±6.0 (power class 3)		
-50<= total output power <11	±6.0		
Note 1: UPH reporting accuracy is the difference between the UPH reported by the UE and the actual uplink power headroom Note 2: No tolerance is specified.			

Table 9.34B

# 9.2 Measurements Performance for UTRAN

The reported measurement result after layer 1 filtering shall be an estimate of the average value of the measured quantity over the measurement period. The reference point for the measurement result after layer 1 filtering is referred to as point B in the measurement model described in TS 25.302.

The accuracy requirements in this clause are valid for the reported measurement result after layer 1 filtering. The accuracy requirements are verified from the measurement report at point D in the measurement model having the layer 3 filtering disabled.

Test like descriptions of these measurements are located in the TS 25.141 as an informative Annex H. The Annex H specifies test specific parameters for some of the UTRAN requirements in this chapter. The tests provide additional information to how the requirements should be tested. Some requirements may lack a test.

# 9.2.1 Received total wideband power

The measurement period shall be 100 ms.

### 9.2.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions	BS class
		[dB]	lob [dBm/3,84 MHz]	
lob	dBm/3,84 MHz	± 4	-10374	Wide area BS
lob	dBm/3,84 MHz	± 4	-9364	Medium Range BS
lob	dBm/3,84 MHz	± 4	-8960	Local area BS

Table 9.35

## 9.2.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy is defined as the Received total wideband power measured at one frequency compared to the Received total wideband power measured from the same frequency at a different time.

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions	BS class
		[dB]	lob [dBm/3,84 MHz]	
lob	dBm/3,84 MHz	± 0.5	-10374	Wide area BS
			AND for changes $\leq \pm 9.0 \text{ dB}$	
lob	dBm/3,84 MHz	± 0.5	-9364	Medium Range BS
			AND for changes $\leq \pm 9.0$ dB	-
lob	dBm/3,84 MHz	± 0.5	-8960	Local area BS
			AND for changes $\leq \pm 12.0$ dB	

#### Table 9.36

#### 9.2.1.3 Received total wideband power measurement report mapping

The reporting range for Received total wideband power (RTWP) is from -112 ... -50 dBm.

In table 9.37 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RTWP_LEV _000	RTWP < -112.0	dBm
RTWP_LEV _001	-112.0 ≤ RTWP < -111.9	dBm
RTWP_LEV _002	-111.9 ≤ RTWP < -111.8	dBm
RTWP_LEV _619	-50.2 ≤ RTWP < -50.1	dBm
RTWP_LEV _620	-50.1 ≤ RTWP < -50.0	dBm
RTWP_LEV _621	-50.0 ≤ RTWP	dBm

#### Table 9.37

# 9.2.2 SIR

The measurement period shall be 80 ms.

#### 9.2.2.1 Accuracy requirement

#### Table 9.38

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
SIR	dB	± 3	For -7 <sir<20 db="" td="" when<=""></sir<20>
			lob > -105 dBm/3,84 MHz

### 9.2.2.2 SIR measurement report mapping

The reporting range for SIR is from -11 ... 20 dB.

In table 9.39 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRAN_SIR_00	SIR < -11.0	dB
UTRAN_SIR_01	-11.0 ≤ SIR < -10.5	dB
UTRAN_SIR_02	-10.5 ≤ SIR < -10.0	dB
UTRAN_SIR_61	19.0 ≤ SIR < 19.5	dB
UTRAN_SIR_62	19.5 ≤ SIR < 20.0	dB
UTRAN_SIR_63	20.0 ≤ SIR	dB

#### Table 9.39

# 9.2.3 SIR<sub>error</sub>

The measurement period shall be 80 ms.

NOTE: The measurement period is the same as for the SIR measurement in section 9.2.2. SIR<sub>error</sub> is calculated from SIR and SIR<sub>target</sub>, see TS 25.215.

#### 9.2.3.1 Accuracy requirement

#### Table 9.40

Parameter	Accuracy	Range
SIR <sub>error</sub>	± 3 dB	The accuracy requirement for SIR <sub>error</sub> is valid for SIR within the guaranteed accuarcy range specified in section 9.2.2.

NOTE: The accuracy requirement for  $SIR_{error}$  is the same as for the SIR measurement specified in section 9.2.2. SIR<sub>error</sub> is calculated from SIR and SIR<sub>target</sub>, see TS 25.215.

### 9.2.3.2 SIR<sub>error</sub> measurement report mapping

The reporting range for SIR<sub>error</sub> is from -31 ... 31 dB.

In table 9.41 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_000	SIR <sub>error</sub> < -31.0	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_001	$-31.0 \le SIR_{error} < -30.5$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_002	$-30.5 \le SIR_{error} < -30.0$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_062	$-0.5 \le SIR_{error} < 0.0$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_063	$0.0 \leq SIR_{error} < 0.5$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_123	$30.0 \leq SIR_{error} < 30.5$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_124	$30.5 \le SIR_{error} < 31.0$	dB
UTRAN_SIR_ERROR_125	$31.0 \leq SIR_{error}$	dB

#### Table 9.41

# 9.2.4 Transmitted carrier power

The measurement period shall be 100 ms.

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#### 9.2.4.1 Accuracy requirement

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [% units]	Conditions	
			Range	
Ptot	%	± 5	For 5% ≤ Transmitted carrier power ≤95%	

**Table 9.42** 

#### 9.2.4.2 Transmitted carrier power measurement report mapping

The reporting range for Transmitted carrier power is from 0 ... 100 %.

In table 9.43 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table	9.43
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Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRAN_TX_POWER _000	Transmitted carrier power = 0	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER _001	$0 < Transmitted carrier power \leq 1$	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER _002	1 < Transmitted carrier power $\leq$ 2	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER _003	2 < Transmitted carrier power $\leq$ 3	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER _098	97 < Transmitted carrier power ≤ 98	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER _099	98 < Transmitted carrier power ≤ 99	%
UTRAN_TX_POWER _100	99 < Transmitted carrier power $\leq$ 100	%

## 9.2.5 Transmitted code power

The measurement period shall be 100 ms.

#### 9.2.5.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

Table 9	.44
---------	-----

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
Pcode	dBm	± 3	Over the full range

#### 9.2.5.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy of Transmitted code power is defined as the Transmitted code power measured at one dedicated radio link compared to the Transmitted code power measured from a different dedicated radio link in the same cell.

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
Pcode	dBm	± 2	Over the full range

#### 9.2.5.3 Transmitted code power measurement report mapping

The reporting range for Transmitted code power is from -10 ... 46 dBm.

In table 9.46 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRAN_CODE_POWER _010	$-10.0 \le$ Transmitted code power < -9.5	dBm
UTRAN_CODE_POWER _011	$-9.5 \le \text{Transmitted code power} < -9.0$	dBm
UTRAN_CODE_POWER _012	$-9.0 \leq$ Transmitted code power < -8.5	dBm
UTRAN_CODE_POWER _120	$45.0 \le \text{Transmitted code power} < 45.5$	dBm
UTRAN_CODE_POWER _121	$45.5 \le \text{Transmitted code power} < 46.0$	dBm
UTRAN_CODE_POWER _122	$46.0 \leq$ Transmitted code power < $46.5$	dBm

Table 9.46

# 9.2.6 (void)

# 9.2.7 Physical channel BER

The measurement period shall be equal to the TTI of the transport channel, to which the Physical channel BER is associated via the IE QE-Selector, see TS 25.433. Each reported Physical channel BER measurement shall be an estimate of the BER averaged over one measurement period only.

### 9.2.7.1 Accuracy requirement

The average of consecutive Physical channel BER measurements is required to fulfil the accuracy stated in table 9.47 if the total number of erroneous bits during these measurements is at least 500 and the absolute BER value for each of the measurements is within the range given in table 9.47.

#### Table 9.47

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [% of	Conditions
		absolute BER value]	Range
PhyBER	-	+/- 10	for absolute BER value ≤ 30%

#### 9.2.7.2 Physical channel BER measurement report mapping

The *Physical channel BER* reporting range is from 0 to 1.

In table 9.48 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
PhCh_BER_LOG_000	Physical channel BER = 0	-
PhCh_BER_LOG_001	$-\infty$ < Log10(Physical channel BER) < -2.06375	-
PhCh_BER_LOG_002	-2.06375≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -2.055625	-
PhCh_BER_LOG_003	-2.055625 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -2.0475	-
•••		
PhCh_BER_LOG_253	-0.024375 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -0.01625	-
PhCh_BER_LOG_254	-0.01625 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -0.008125	-
PhCh_BER_LOG_255	-0.008125 $\leq$ Log10(Physical channel BER) $\leq$ 0	-

#### Table 9.48

# 9.2.8 Round trip time

The measurement period shall be 100 ms. The support of extended round trip time is optional.

### 9.2.8.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

### 9.2.8.1.1 Minimum requirement

Table 9.49

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Range [chips]
RTT	chip	+/- 0.5	876,, 2923.50

#### 9.2.8.1.2 Requirement for extended round trip time

#### Table 9.49X

ſ	Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
				Range [chips]
	RTT	chip	+/- 0.5	2923.75,, 5783.2500

### 9.2.8.2 Round trip time measurement report mapping

#### 9.2.8.2.1 Minimum requirement

The Round trip time reporting range is from 876.0000 ... 2923.8750 chip.

In table 9.50 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Table 9.50
------------

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RT_TIME_0000	Round trip time < 876.0000	chip
RT_TIME_0001	876.0000 ≤ Round trip time < 876.0625	chip
RT_TIME_0002	876.0625 ≤ Round trip time < 876.1250	chip
RT_TIME_0003	876.1250 ≤ Round trip time < 876.1875	chip
RT_TIME_32764	2922.6875 ≤ Round trip time < 2923.7500	chip
RT_TIME_32765	2923.7500 ≤ Round trip time < 2923.8125	chip
RT_TIME_32766	2923.8125 ≤ Round trip time < 2923.8750	chip
RT_TIME_32767	2923.8750 ≤ Round trip time	chip

#### 9.2.8.2.2 Requirement for extended round trip time

The extended Round trip time reporting range is from 2923.8750 ... 7316 chip.

In table 9.50X the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RT_TIME_32767	2923.8750 ≤ Round trip time < 2923.9375	chip
RT_TIME_32768	2923.9375 ≤ Round trip time < 2924.0000	chip
RT_TIME_32769	2924.0000 ≤ Round trip time < 2924.0625	chip
RT_TIME_32770	2924.0625 ≤ Round trip time < 2924.1250	chip
RT_TIME_32771	2924.1250 ≤ Round trip time < 2924.1875	chip
RT_TIME_103038	7315.8125 ≤ Round trip time < 7315.8750	chip
RT_TIME_103039	7315.8750 ≤ Round trip time < 7315.9375	chip
RT_TIME_103040	7315.9375 ≤ Round trip time < 7316.0000	chip
RT_TIME_103041	7316.0000 ≤ Round trip time	chip

#### Table 9.50X

# 9.2.9 Transport Channel BER

The measurement period shall be equal to the TTI of the transport channel. Each reported Transport channel BER measurement shall be an estimate of the BER averaged over one measurement period only.

#### 9.2.9.1 Accuracy requirement

The average of consecutive Transport channel BER measurements is required to fulfil the accuracy stated in table 9.51 if the total number of erroneous bits during these measurements is at least 500 and the absolute BER value for each of the measurements is within the range given in table 9.51.

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions
		[% of the absolute BER value]	Range
TrpBER	-	+/- 10	Convolutional coding 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> with any amount of repetition or a maximum of 25%
			puncturing:
			for absolute BER value $\leq 15\%$
			Convolutional coding 1/2 with any amount of repetition or no puncturing:
			for absolute BER value ≤ 15%
			Turbo coding 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> with any amount of repetition or a maximum of 20%
			puncturing:
			for absolute BER value $\leq$ 15%.

#### Table 9.51

#### 9.2.9.2 Transport channel BER measurement report mapping

The *Transport channel BER* reporting range is from 0 to 1.

In table 9.52 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
TrCh_BER_LOG_000	Transport channel BER = 0	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_001	-∞ < Log10(Transport channel BER) < -2.06375	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_002	-2.06375≤ Log10(Transport channel BER) < -2.055625	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_003	-2.055625 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BER) < -2.0475	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_253	-0.024375 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BER) < -0.01625	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_254	-0.01625 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BER) < -0.008125	-
TrCh_BER_LOG_255	-0.008125 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BER) ≤ 0	-

Table 9.52

# 9.2.10 UTRAN GPS Timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning

NOTE: This measurement is used for UE positioning purposes.

The measurement period shall be [1] second.

#### 9.2.10.1 Accuracy requirement

Three accuracy classes are defined for the UTRAN GPS Timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning measurement, i.e. accuracy class A, B and C. The implemented accuracy class depends on the UE positioning methods that are supported.

#### Table 9.53

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
UTRAN GPS Timing of Cell	chip	Accuracy Class A: +/- [20000] chip	Over the full
Frames for UE positioning		Accuracy Class B: +/- [20] chip	range
		Accuracy Class C: +/- [X] chip	-

# 9.2.10.2 UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning is from 0 ... 2322432000000 chip.

In table 9.54 the mapping of measured quantity is defined.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
GPS_TIME_000000000000000000000000000000000000	UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 0.0625	chip
GPS_TIME_000000000000001	0.0625 ≤ UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 0.1250	chip
GPS_TIME_0000000000002	0.1250 ≤ UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 0.1875	chip
GPS_TIME_37158911999997	2322431999999.8125 ≤ UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322431999999.8750	chip
GPS_TIME_37158911999998	2322431999999.8750 ≤ UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322431999999.9375	chip
GPS_TIME_37158911999999	2322431999999.9375 ≤ UTRAN GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322432000000.0000	chip

#### Table 9.54

## 9.2.11 PRACH Propagation delay

#### 9.2.11.1 Accuracy requirement

#### 9.2.11.1.1 PRACH Propagation delay

The accuracy requirements in table 9.55 and table 9.55X are valid under the following conditions:

- The radio conditions are according to 25.104 section 8.7.2.1 Minimum requirements for Static Propagation Condition for BLER=10<sup>-1</sup>.
- Only RACH messages with correct CRC shall be considered

The support of extended PRACH propagation delay is optional.

#### Table 9.55 Minimum requirement

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Range [chips]
PRACH PropDelay	chip	+/-2	0, , 765

#### Table 9.55X Requirement for extended PRACH propagation delay

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
			Range [chips]
PRACH PropDelay	chip	+/-2	766,, 2307

#### 9.2.11.1.2 (void)

#### Table 9.55A (void)

### 9.2.11.2 PRACH Propagation delay measurement report mapping

#### 9.2.11.2.1 Minimum requirement

The *PRACH Propagation delay* reporting range is from 0 ... 765 chip.

In table 9.56 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
PROP_DELAY_000	$0 \le PRACH Propagation delay < 3$	chip
PROP_DELAY_001	$3 \le PRACH Propagation delay < 6$	chip
PROP_DELAY_002	$6 \le PRACH Propagation delay < 9$	chip
PROP_DELAY_252	756 $\leq$ PRACH Propagation delay < 759	chip
PROP_DELAY_253	759 ≤ PRACH Propagation delay < 762	chip
PROP_DELAY_254	762 ≤ PRACH Propagation delay < 765	chip
PROP_DELAY_255	765 ≤ PRACH Propagation delay	chip

#### Table 9.56

#### 9.2.11.2.2 Requirement for extended PRACH propagation delay

The extended PRACH Propagation delay reporting range is from 765 ... 3069 chip.

In table 9.56X the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

#### Table 9.56X

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
PROP_DELAY_255	765 ≤ PRACH Propagation delay < 768	chip
PROP_DELAY_256	768 ≤ PRACH Propagation delay < 771	chip
PROP_DELAY_257	771 ≤ PRACH Propagation delay < 774	chip
PROP_DELAY_258	774 ≤ PRACH Propagation delay < 777	chip
PROP_DELAY_1020	3060 ≤ PRACH Propagation delay < 3063	chip
PROP_DELAY_1021	3063 ≤ PRACH Propagation delay < 3066	chip
PROP_DELAY_1022	3066 ≤ PRACH Propagation delay < 3069	chip
PROP_DELAY_1023	$3069 \le PRACH Propagation delay$	chip

# 9.2.12 Acknowledged PRACH preambles

The measurement period shall be 20 ms.

#### 9.2.12.1 Acknowledged PRACH preambles measurement report mapping

The Acknowledged PRACH preambles reporting range is from 0 ... 240 acknowledgements.

In table 9.57 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

#### Table 9.57

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
ACK_PRACH_PREAMPLE_000	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 0	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMPLE_001	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 1	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMPLE_002	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 2	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMPLE_237	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 237	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMPLE_238	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 238	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMPLE_239	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 239	-
ACK_PRACH_PREAMPLE_240	Acknowledged PRACH preambles = 240	-

9.2.13 (void)

#### Table 9.58 (void)

9.2.14 (void)

#### Table 9.59 (void)

## 9.2.15 SFN-SFN observed time difference

This measurement is needed for RTD estimation in UTRAN.

#### 9.2.15.1 Accuracy requirement

#### 9.2.15.1.1 Accuracy requirement without IPDL

The measurement period shall be [100] ms.

#### **Table 9.60**

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions
		[chip]	Range [chips]
SFN-SFN observed time difference	chip	+/- 0.5	-19200.0000 19200.0000

#### 9.2.15.1.2 Accuracy requirement with IPDL

The measurement period shall be [TBD] ms.

IPDL pattern parameters [TBD].

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#### Table 9.61

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions Range [chips]
SFN-SFN observed time difference	chip	+/- 0.5	-19200.0000 19200.0000

#### 9.2.15.2 SFN-SFN observed time difference measurement report mapping

The SFN-SFN observed time difference reporting range is from -19200.0000 ... 19200.0000 chip.

In table 9.62 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
SFN-SFN_TIME _00000	$\label{eq:spinor} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{-19200.0000} \leq \text{SFN-SFN observed time difference} \\ \textbf{<-19199.9375} \end{array}$	chip
SFN-SFN_TIME _00001	-19199.9375 $\leq$ SFN-SFN observed time difference < -19199.8750	chip
SFN-SFN_TIME _614398	$19199.8750 \le$ SFN-SFN observed time difference < $19199.9375$	chip
SFN-SFN_TIME _614399	$19199.9375 \le$ SFN-SFN observed time difference $\le 19200.0000$	chip

#### Table 9.62

# 9.2.16 Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission

The measurement period shall be 100 ms.

#### 9.2.16.1 Accuracy requirement

#### Table 9.63

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy	Conditions
		[% units]	Range
Ptot	%	± 5	For 5% ≤ Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission ≤95%

# 9.2.16.2 Measurement report mapping for transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission

The reporting range for *Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH*, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission is from 0 ... 100 %.

In table 9.64 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission_000	Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E- AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission = 0	%
Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission_001	0 < Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS- SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission ≤ 1	%
Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission_002	1 < Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS- SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission $\leq 2$	%
Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission_003	2 < Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS- SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission ≤ 3	%
Transmitted carrier power of all codes not	 97 < Transmitted carrier power of all	%
used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission_098	codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS- SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission $\leq$ 98	
Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission_099	98 < Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS- SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission ≤ 99	%
Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS-SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission_100	99 < Transmitted carrier power of all codes not used for HS-PDSCH, HS- SCCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH or E-HICH transmission ≤ 100	%

#### Table 9.64

# 9.2.17 DL Transmission Branch Load

This measurement is applicable in case of TX diversity.

The measurement period shall be 100 ms.

#### 9.2.17.1 Accuracy requirement

#### Table 9.65

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [% units]	Conditions	
			Range	
Pbranchtot	%	± 5	For 5% $\leq$ DL Transmission Branch Load $\leq$ 95%	

### 9.2.17.2 DL Transmission Branch Load measurement report mapping

The reporting range for DL Transmission Branch Load measurement is from 0 ... 100 %.

In table 9.66 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
branch_load _000	DL Transmission Branch Load = 0	%
branch_load _001	0 < DL Transmission Branch Load $\leq$ 1	%
branch_load _002	1 < DL Transmission Branch Load $\leq$ 2	%
branch_load _003	2 < DL Transmission Branch Load $\leq$ 3	%
branch_load _098	97 < DL Transmission Branch Load ≤ 98	%
branch_load _099	98 < DL Transmission Branch Load ≤ 99	%
branch_load _100	99 < DL Transmission Branch Load ≤ 100	%
branch_load _101	DL Transmission Branch Load > 100	%

#### Table 9.66

# 9.2.18 Received scheduled E-DCH power share (RSEPS)

The measurement period shall be 100 ms.

#### 9.2.18.1 Accuracy requirement

#### Table 9.67

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
RSEPS	dB	± 3	For -15 dB $\leq$ RSEPS $\leq$ 0 dB

#### 9.2.18.2 Received scheduled E-DCH power share measurement report mapping

The reporting range for Received scheduled E-DCH power share is from -15 ... 0 dB.

In table 9.yy the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RSEPS _LEV _000	RSEPS < -15.0	dB
RSEPS _LEV _001	-15.0 ≤ RSEPS < -14.9	dB
RSEPS _LEV _002	-14.9 ≤ RSEPS < -14.8	dB
RSEPS _LEV _149	-0.2 ≤ RSEPS < -0.1	dB
RSEPS _LEV _150	-0.1 ≤ RSEPS < 0	dB
RSEPS _LEV _151	0 ≤ RSEPS	dB

#### Table 9.68

# Annex A (normative): Test Cases

# A.1 Purpose of Annex

This Annex specifies test specific parameters for some of the functional requirements in chapters 4 to 9. The tests provide additional information to how the requirements should be interpreted for the purpose of conformance testing. The tests in this Annex are described such that one functional requirement may be tested in one or several test and one test may verify several requirements. Some requirements may lack a test.

The conformance tests are specified in TS34.121. Statistical interpretation of the requirements is described in Annex A.2.

# A.2 Requirement classification for statistical testing

Editors note: Each requirement in the annex have to be gone through and updated with which type it belongs to and in applicable cases, which success rate that defines the requirement. Tdoc R4 00 619 shall be used as a base for that work.

Requirements in this specification are either expressed as absolute requirements with a single value stating the requirement, or expressed as a success rate. There are no provisions for the statistical variations that will occur when the parameter is tested.

Annex A outlines the test in more detail and lists the test parameters needed. The test will result in an outcome of a test variable value for the DUT inside or outside the test limit. Overall, the probability of a "good" DUT being inside the test limit(s) and the probability of a "bad" DUT being outside the test limit(s) should be as high as possible. For this reason, when selecting the test variable and the test limit(s), the statistical nature of the test is accounted for.

The statistical nature depends on the type of requirement. Some have large statistical variations, while others are not statistical in nature at all. When testing a parameter with a statistical nature, a confidence level is set. This establishes the probability that a DUT passing the test actually meets the requirement and determines how many times a test has to be repeated and what the pass and fail criteria are. Those aspects are not covered by TS 25.133. The details of the tests, how many times to run it and how to establish confidence in the tests are described in TS 34.121. This Annex establishes what the test variable is and whether it can be viewed as statistical in nature or not.

# A.2.1 Types of requirements in TS 25.133

#### Time and delay requirements on UE higher layer actions

A very large part of the RRM requirements are delay requirements:

- In idle mode (A.4) there is cell re-selection delay.
- In UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility (A.5) there is measurement reporting delay, handover delay and cell reselection delay.
- In RRC Connection Control (A.6) there is RRC re-establishment delay and TFC blocking delay.

All have in common that the UE is required to perform an action observable in higher layers (e.g. camp on the correct cell) within a certain time after a specific event (e.g. a new strong pilot arises). The delay time is statistical in nature for several reasons, among others that measurements required by the UE are performed in a fading radio environment.

The variations make a strict limit unsuitable for a test. Instead there is a condition set for a correct action by the UE, e.g. that the UE shall camp on the correct cell within X seconds. Then the rate of correct events is observed during repeated tests and a limit is set on the rate of correct events, usually 90% correct events are required. How the limit is applied in the test depends on the confidence required, further detailed are in TS 34.121.

#### Measurements of power levels, relative powers and time

A very large number of requirements are on measurements that the UE performs:

- In UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility (A.5) there are measurement reports.
- Measurement performance requirements (A.8) has requirements on all type of measurements.

The accuracy requirements on measurements are expressed in this specification as a fixed limit (e.g. +/-X dB), but the measurement error will have a distribution that is not easily confined in fixed limits. Assuming a Gaussian distribution of the error, the limits will have to be set at +/- $3.29\sigma$  if the probability of failing a "good DUT" in a single test is to be kept at 0.1%. It is more reasonable to set the limit tighter and test the DUT by counting the rate of measurements that are within he limits, in a way similar to the requirements on delay.

#### **Implementation requirements**

A few requirements are strict actions the UE should take or capabilities the UE should have, without any allowance for deviations. These requirements are absolute and should be tested as such. Examples are

- "Event triggered report rate" and "Active set dimension" in UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility (A.5)
- "Correct behaviour at time-out" in RRC connection control (A.6)

#### Physical layer timing requirements

All requirements on "Timing Characteristics" (A.7) are absolute limits on timing accuracy.

#### **BER and BLER requirements**

Some measurement report procedures in "UE Measurement procedures" (A.8) have requirements on DCH BLER. These are tested in the same way as BLER requirements in TS 25.101.

# A.3 RRM test configurations

# A.3.1 UE with single antenna connector

For testing a UE with a single UTRA antenna connector, the test configuration is fully described in sections A.4 to A.9

# A.3.2 UE with multiple antenna connectors

For testing a UE with multiple UTRA receive diversity antenna connectors, test signals from each cell in section A.4 to A.9 shall be generated with independent fading (fading applicable to test cases A.8.1.4, A.8.1.5, A.8.1.6, A.8.2.2 and A.8.2.3 only) and applied to each antenna port. For each carrier frequency specified in the testcase, independent noise shall be generated and applied to each antenna port.

The received power spectral density at each antenna connector n, denoted as  $\hat{l}or_{,n}$  shall be the same as to the received power spectal density  $\hat{l}or$  specified for testing a UE with a single antenna connector. The noise spectral density at each antenna connector n, denoted as Ioc, n shall be the same as the noise spectral density Ioc specified for testing a UE with a single antenna connector.

# A.4 Idle Mode

# A.4.1 (void)

# A.4.2 Cell Re-Selection

Two scenarios are considered:

- Scenario 1: Single carrier case
- Scenario 2: Multi carrier case

For each of them a test is proposed.

NOTE: Existing scenarios cover only requirements in section 4.2.2.2 and 4.2.2.3. More scenarios, covering requirements in section 4.2.2.1, will be added later.

# A.4.2.1 Scenario 1: Single carrier case

### A.4.2.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in the single carrier case reported in section 4.2.2.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 carrier and 6 cells as given in tables A.4.1 and A.4.2. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

	Parameter Unit Value		Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
	Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1	T1		15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2	T2		15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table A.4.1: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection single carrier multi-cell case

#### Table A.4.2: Cell re-selection single carrier multi-cell case

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ll 1	Ce	ll 2	Ce	II 3	Ce	II 4	Ce	II 5	Ce	ll 6
		T1	T2										

UTRA RF Channel Number		Chanr	nel 1	Chann	el 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15	-15	-15	-15
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	-0.941	-0.941	-0.941
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm / 3,84	-70							
	MHz								
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23	-23	-23	-23
Propagation Condition		AWGN	١						
Cell_selection_and_		CPICH	HE₀/N₀	CPICH	E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>			
reselection_quality_measure									
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20	-20	-20	-20
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115	-115	-115	-115
UE_TXPWR_MAX_	dB	21		21		21	21	21	21
RACH									
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2		C2, C1		C3, C1: 0	C4, C1: 0	C5, C1: 0	C6, C1: 0
		C1, C3		C2, C3		C3, C2: 0	C4, C2: 0	C5, C2: 0	C6, C2: 0
		C1, C4		C2, C4		C3, C4: 0	C4, C3: 0	C5, C3: 0	C6, C3: 0
		C1, C		C2, C5		C3, C5: 0	C4, C5: 0	C5, C4: 0	C6, C4: 0
		C1, C6	5: 0	C2, C6	S: 0	C3, C6: 0	C4, C6: 0	C5, C6: 0	C6, C5: 0
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0	0	0	0
Treselection	S	0		0		0	0	0	0
Sintrasearch	dB	not se	nt	not sei	nt	not sent	not sent	not sent	not sent

#### A.4.2.1.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ ,

where:

T\_evaluateFDDSee Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.T\_SIMaximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

# A.4.2.2 Scenario 2: Multi carrier case

#### A.4.2.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in the multi carrier case reported in section 4.2.2.

This scenario implies the presence of 2 carriers and 6 cells as given in tables A.4.3 and A.4.4. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

	Parameter		Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
	Access Service Class (ASC#0) - Persistence value		1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

#### Table A.4.3: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in Multi carrier case

#### Table A.4.4: Cell re-selection multi carrier multi cell case

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2		Cell 3 Cell 4		Cell 5		Ce	ell 6				
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chanı	nel 1	Chanr	nel 2	Chanr	nel 1	Chanr	nel 1	Chann	el 2	Chann	el 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm / 3,84 MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-20		-20		-20		-20	
Propagation Condition		AWGI											
Cell_selection_and_		CPICI	H E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	H E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	Η E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	Ec/N0	CPICH	Ec/N0	CPICH	E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>
reselection_quality_measure													
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_ RACH	dB	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C	2: 0	C2, C <sup>-</sup>	1:0	C3, C <sup>2</sup>	1:0	C4, C	1:0	C5, C1	1:0	C6, C1	1:0
		C1, C		C2, C3		C3, C2		C4, C		C5, C2		C6, C2	
		C1, C		C2, C4		C3, C4	4: 0	C4, C		C5, C3		C6, C3	
		C1, C		C2, C		C3, C5		C4, C		C5, C4		C6, C4	
		C1, C	6: 0	C2, C	6: 0	C3, C6	5: 0	C4, C	6: 0	C5, C6	6: 0	C6, C5	5: 0
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not se	nt	not se	nt	not se	nt	not se	nt	not se	nt	not se	nt
Sintersearch	dB	not se	nt	not se	nt	not se	nt	not se	nt	not se	nt	not se	nt

#### A.4.2.2.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ ,

where:

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 $T_{evaluateFDD}$  See Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.

T<sub>SI</sub> Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

# A.4.3 UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-Selection

# A.4.3.1 Scenario 1

#### A.4.3.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRAN to GSM cell re-selection delay reported in section 4.2.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 12 GSM cells. Test parameters are given in Table, A.4.5, A.4.6, A.4.7. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

#### Table A.4.5: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell1	
	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	
DRX cycle length		s	1.28	
HCS				Not used
T1		S	45	
T2		S	35	

Table A.4.6: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (	cell <sup>·</sup>	1)
	10011	• /

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (	UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	-5
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16.2
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-80	-85
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E	N <sub>0</sub>
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	not sent	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (GSM)			
Farameter	Onit	T1	T2		
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1			
RXLEV	dBm	-90	-75		
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104			
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33			

Table A.4.7: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

#### A.4.3.1.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 2, and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to Cell 2.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than  $26 \text{ s} + T_{BCCH}$ , where  $T_{BCCH}$  is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell [21].

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $4* T_{measureGSM} + T_{BCCH}$ , where:

TmeasureGSMSee Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.TBCCHMaximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell [21].<br/>According to [21], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 25.6 s +  $T_{BCCH}$ , allow 26 s +  $T_{BCCH}$  in the test case.

# A.4.3.2 Scenario 2

#### A.4.3.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRAN to GSM cell re-selection delay reported in section 4.2.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 12 GSM cells. Test parameters are given in Table, A.4.7A, A.4.7B, A.4.7C. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell1	
	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	
DRX cycle length		S	1.28	
HCS				Not used
T1		S	45	
T2		S	12	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	(UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel '	1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	20	-9
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-81	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-10.0	-19.5
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-70	-100
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_measure		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	not sent	

Table A.4.7B: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Table A.4.7C: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-80	-80
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33	

#### A.4.3.2.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 2, and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to Cell 2.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 7.7 s +  $T_{BCCH}$ , where  $T_{BCCH}$  is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell [21].

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $Max(3*T_{measureFDD}, T_{measureGSM}+DRX$  cycle length) +  $T_{BCCH}$ , where:

T<sub>measureFDD</sub> See Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.

T<sub>measureGSM</sub> See Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.

DRX cycle length 1.28s see Table A.4.7.A

T<sub>BCCH</sub> Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell [21]. According to [21], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 7.68 s +  $T_{BCCH}$ , allow 7.7 s +  $T_{BCCH}$  in the test case.

# A.4.3.3 Scenario 3

#### A.4.3.3.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRAN to GSM cell re-selection delay reported in section 4.2 when measurement rules according to HCS is used.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 12 GSM cells. Test parameters are given in Table, A.4.7D, A.4.7E, A.4.7F. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table A.4.7D: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

	Unit	Value	Comment	
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell1	
	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	
DRX cycle length		S	1.28	
HCS				Used
T1		S	45	
T2		S	45	

Table A.4.7E: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case	(cell 1	)
--------------------------------------------------------	---------	---

Parameter	Unit Cell 1		(UTRA)
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel '	1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	_
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	40	10
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-100	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-10.0	-10.4
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-70	-100
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_		CPICH E	/NIa
reselection_quality_measure		CHICHL	9TN0
Qqualmin	dB	-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21	
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	0	
SHCS,RATm	dB	25	
Slimit,SearchRAT	dB	0	
Penalty_time	S	0 (default	value)
HCS_PRIO		0 (default	value)
Qhcs		0 (default	value)
T <sub>Crmax</sub>	s	not used (default v	alue)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-80	-80
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104	
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33	

Table A.4.7F: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

#### A.4.3.3.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 2, and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to Cell 2.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 37.7 s +  $T_{BCCH}$ , where  $T_{BCCH}$  is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell [21].

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay to unidentified GSM cells can be expressed as:  $30 \text{ s} + T_{\text{measureGSM}} + DRX$  cycle length +  $T_{\text{BCCH}}$ , where:

 $T_{measureFDD}$  See Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.

T<sub>measureGSM</sub> See Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.

DRX cycle length 1.28s see Table A.4.7D

T<sub>BCCH</sub> Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell [21]. According to [21], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 37.68 s +  $T_{BCCH}$ , allow 37.7 s +  $T_{BCCH}$  in the test case.

# A.4.4 FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

# A.4.4.1 Test Purpose and Environment

#### A.4.4.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

This test is to verify the requirement for the FDD/TDD cell re-selection delay reported in section 4.2.2.

This scenario implies the presence of UTRA FDD and 1 UTRA TDD cell as given in Table A.4.8, A.4.9 and A.4.10. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system information blocks that need to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

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	Parameter		Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell1	FDD cell
	Neighbour cells		Cell2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	TDD cell
UE_TXPWR_MA	X_RACH	dBm	21	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
Access Service C - Persistence val			1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle length	1	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	15	
T2		S	15	

### Table A.4.8: General test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-selection

# Table A.4.9: Cell 1 specific test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-Selection

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9	3
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm / 3,84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-71	-77
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH_Ec/No	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
Qoffset1 <sub>s,n</sub>	dB	0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
PENALTY_TIME	S	0	
TEMPORARY_OFFSET	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not sent	

Parameter		Ce	ell 2		
DL timeslot number		0			8
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 2	2		
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3		n.a.	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.		-3	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9			
SCH_t <sub>offset</sub>	dB	10			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3.12	-		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-4	2	-4	2
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-77	-71	n.a.	n.a.
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70			
Propagation Condition		AWGN			
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-103			
Qoffset2 <sub>s,n</sub>	dB	0			
Qhyst2	dB	0			
PENALTY_TIME	S	0			
TEMPORARY_OFFSET	dB	0			
Treselection	S	0			
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			
	Note that the transmit energy per PN chip for the SCH is averaged over the 256 chip duration when the SCH is present in the time slot.				

Table A.4.10: Cell 2 specific test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-Selection

# A.4.4.1.2 1.28 Mcps TDD Option

This test is to verify the requirement for the FDD/TDD cell re-selection delay reported in section 4.2.2.

This scenario implies the presence of UTRA FDD and 1 UTRA TDD cell as given in Table A.4.11, A.4.12 and A4.13. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system information blocks that need to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different Location Areas.

Table A.4.11: General test p	parameters for FDD/TDD cell re-selection

Pa	rameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell1	FDD cell
	Neighbour cells		Cell2	TDD cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	TDD cell
UE_TXPWR_MAX	X_RACH	dBm	21	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
Access Service C - Persistence valu			1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle length		S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	15	
T2		S	15	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	
		T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	9	3
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm / 3,84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-71	-77
Propagation Condition		AWGN	
Cell_selection_and_reselection_quality_measure		CPICH_Ec/No	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115	
Qoffset1 <sub>s,n</sub>	dB	0	
Qhyst1	dB	0	
Treselection	S	0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent	
Sintersearch	dB	not sent	

#### Table A.4.12: FDD/TDD cell re-selection

Table A.4.13: Cell 2 specific test parameters for FDD/TDD Cell Re-Selection

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
DL timeslot number		0		DwPTs	
		T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 2	2		
P-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3			
DwPCH _Ec/lor	dB			0	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-3			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-4	2	-4	2
P-CCPCH RSCP	dBm	-77	-71		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/1.28 MHz	-70			
Propagation Condition		AWGN			
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-103			
Qoffset1 <sub>s,n</sub>	dB	0			
Qhyst1	dB	0			
Treselection	S	0			
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			

# A.4.4.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 2, and starts to send the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Location Registration on cell 2.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:

 $T_{evaluateTDD} + T_{SI} \\$ 

where:

T<sub>evaluateTDD</sub> See Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.

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T<sub>SI</sub> Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

# A.4.5 UTRAN to E-UTRA Cell Reselection

# A.4.5.1 E-UTRA FDD is of higher priority

#### A.4.5.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRA FDD to E-UTRA FDD inter-RAT cell reselection delay reported in section 4.2.

The test scenario comprises two different cells, with cell 1 being the UTRA serving cell and cell 2 being the E-UTRA cell to be re-selected to. Test parameters are given in Tables A.4.14, A.4.15, A.4.16. The test consists of three successive time periods, with time duration of T1, T2, and T3, respectively. UTRA cell 1 is already identified by the UE prior to the start of the test. Cell 2 is of higher priority than cell 1.

Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different tracking areas. Furthermore, UE has not registered with network for the tracking area containing cell 2.

	Deremeter	Unit	Value	Comment
	Parameter	Unit		Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell1	
T2 end condition	Active cell		Cell2	UE shall
				perform
				reselection to
				cell 2 during T2
	Neighbour cell		Cell1	
T3 end condition	Active cell		Cell1	UE shall
				perform
				reselection to
			0.00	cell 1 during T3
	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
DRX cycle length		S	1.28	
HCS				Not used
E-UTRA PRACH o	configuration		4	As specified in
				table 5.7.1-2 in
				TS 36.211
E-UTRA access ba	arring information		Not sent	No additional
				delays in
				random access
				procedure
T1		S	>20	During T1, cell
				2 shall be
				powered off,
				and during the
				off time its
				physical cell
				identity shall be
				changed. The
				intention is to
				ensure that cell
				2 has not been
				detected by the
				UE prior to the
				start of period
				T2.
T2		S	85	T2 needs to be
				defined so that
				cell re-selection
				reaction time is
				taken into
				account.
Т3		S	25	T3 needs to be
				defined so that
				cell re-selection
				reaction time is
				taken into
				account.

# Table A.4.14: General test parameters for UTRAN to E-UTRA Cell Reselection

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)		
		T1	T2	T3
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel '	1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	13	13	13
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-10.21	-10.21	-10.21
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-67	-67	-67
Qqualmin	dB	-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21		
Treselection	S	0		
Sprioritysearch1	dB	42		
Sprioritysearch2	dB	0		
SsearchE-UTRA	dB	Not sent		
Thresh <sub>x, high</sub> (Note 1)	dB	48		
Propagation Condition		AWGN		
Note 1: This refers to the value of Thresh <sub>x, high</sub> which is included in UTRA				
system information, and is a three	eshold for the	E-UTRA ta	rget cell.	

# Table A.4.15: Cell specific test parameters for UTRAN to E-UTRA cell reselection (cell 1)

# Table A.4.16: Cell specific test parameters for UTRAN to E-UTRA cell reselection (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2			
		T1	T2	T3	
E-UTRA RF Channel		2			
number					
BW <sub>channel</sub>	MHz		10		
OCNG Patterns defined in					
TS 36.133 A.3.2.1.2 (OP.2			OP.2 FDI	D	
FDD) [24]					
PBCH_RA	dB				
PBCH_RB	dB				
PSS_RA	dB				
SSS_RA	dB				
PCFICH_RB	dB				
PHICH_RA	dB				
PHICH_RB	dB	0			
PDCCH_RA	dB				
PDCCH_RB	dB				
PDSCH_RA	dB				
PDSCH_RB	dB				
OCNG_RA <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB				
	dB				
Qrxlevmin	dBm		-140		
$N_{oc}$	dBm/15 kHz	-98			
RSRP	dBm/15 KHz	-infinity	-86	-102	
$\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}$	dB	-infinity	12	-4	
$\hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot}$	dB	-infinity	12	-4	
Treselection <sub>EUTRAN</sub>	S	0			
Snonintrasearch	dB	Not sent			
Thresh <sub>serving, low</sub>	dB	44			

Thresh <sub>x, low</sub> (Note 2)	dB	42
Propagation Condition		AWGN
transmitted power s Note 2: This refers to the value	pectral density i e of Thresh <sub>x, low</sub>	s fully allocated and a constant total s achieved for all OFDM symbols. which is included in E-UTRA system ne UTRA target cell.

#### A.4.5.1.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 2, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Tracking Area Update procedure on Cell 2.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 81 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{higher\_priority\_search} + T_{evaluateEUTRA} + T_{SI}$ , where:

T<sub>higher\_priority\_search</sub> See section 4.2.2

T<sub>evaluateEUTRA</sub> See Table 4.2 in section 4.2.2.5a

T<sub>SI</sub> Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell; 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 80.48 s, allow 81 s in the test case.

## A.4.5.2 E-UTRA FDD is of lower priority

#### A.4.5.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRAN to E-UTRAN cell reselection delay reported in section 4.2.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 E-UTRAN cell to be re-selected. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UTRAN carrier and 1 E-UTRAN carrier. Test parameters are given in Table, A.4.17, A.4.18, A.4.19. The test consists of two successive time periods, with time duration of T1 and T2, respectively. Both UTRA cell 1 and E-UTRA cell 2 are already identified by the UE prior to the start of the test. Cell 2 is of lower priority than cell 1. Cell 1 and cell 2 shall belong to different tracking areas.

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial condition	Active cell		Cell 1	UTRAN cell
	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	E-UTRAN cell
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	UE shall
				perform
				reselection to
				cell 2 during T3
DRX cycle length		S	1.28	
HCS				Not used
E-UTRA PRACH	configuration		4	As specified in
				table 5.7.1-2 in
				TS 36.211
E-UTRA access b	arring information		Not sent	No additional
				delays in
				random access
				procedure
T1		S	85	T1 need to be
				defined so that
				cell re-selection
				reaction time is
				taken into
T2			25	account. T2 need to be
12		S	25	defined so that
				cell re-selection
				reaction time is
				taken into
				account.
			1	account.

#### Table A.4.17: General test parameters for UTRAN to E-UTRAN Cell Re-selection

# Table A.4.18: Cell re-selection UTRAN to E-UTRAN cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)		
		T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	11	-5	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-10.33	-16.19	
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-69	-85	
Propagation Condition		AWGN		
Cell_selection_and_		CPICH E₀/N₀		
reselection_quality_measure		CFICITE/	<b>N</b> 0	
Qqualmin	dB	-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	dBm	21		
Qhyst1	dB	0		
Treselection	S	0		
Sprioritysearch1	dB	62		
Sprioritysearch2	dB	0		
Thresh <sub>serving, low</sub>	dB	36		
Thresh <sub>x, low</sub> (Note 1) dB 50				
Note 1 : This refers to the value of Thresh <sub>x, low</sub> which is included in				
UTRA system information, and is a threshold for the E-UTRA target				
cell			-	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2 (E	-UTRA)	
		T1	T2	
E-UTRA RF Channel		1		
number				
BW <sub>channel</sub>	MHz	1	0	
OCNG Patterns defined in				
A.3.2.1.1 (OP.2 FDD)		OP.2	FDD	
PBCH_RA	dB			
PBCH_RB	dB			
PSS_RA	dB			
SSS_RA	dB	]		
PCFICH_RB	dB			
PHICH_RA	dB			
PHICH_RB	dB	C	)	
PDCCH_RA	dB	J		
PDCCH_RB	dB	]		
PDSCH_RA	dB	]		
PDSCH_RB	dB			
OCNG_RA <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB			
OCNG_RB <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB			
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-140		
$N_{oc}$	dBm/15 kHz	-9	8	
RSRP	dBm/15 KHz	-84	-84	
$\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}$	dB	14	14	
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s}/\mathbf{I}_{ot}$	dB	14	14	
Treselection <sub>EUTRAN</sub>	S	0	)	
Snonintrasearch	dB	50		
Thresh <sub>x, high</sub>	dB	4	0	
Propagation Condition		AW	GN	
Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that cell 2 is fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.				
Note 2 : This refers to the value of Thresh <sub>x, high</sub> which is included in E- UTRA system information, and is a threshold for the UTRA target cell				

Table A.4.19: Cell re-selection UTRAN to E-UTRAN cell case (cell 2)

#### A.4.5.2.2 Test Requirements

The cell reselection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 2, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST message to perform a Tracking Area Update procedure on Cell 2.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 21 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateEUTRA} + T_{SI-EUTRA}$ , where:

T<sub>evaluateEUTRA</sub> See Table 4.2 in section 4.2.2.

T<sub>SI-EUTRA</sub> Maximum time allowed to read system information from a E-UTRA cell [24]. According to [24], the maximum time allowed to read relevant system info blocks, that need to be received by the UE to camp on a cell, is 1280 ms.

This gives a total of 20.48 s, allow 21 s in the test case.

# A.5 UTRAN Connected Mode Mobility

# A.5.1 FDD/FDD Soft Handover

# A.5.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the soft handover delay in CELL\_DCH state specified in section 5.1.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5A and A.5B below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A shall be used, and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed time difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of six successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3, T4, T5 and T6 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters			DL Reference Measurement	As specified in TS 25.101 section
			Channel 12.2 kbps	A.3.1
Power Control			On	
Target quality valu	e on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Initial conditions	Active cell		Cell 1	
	Neighbouring cell		Cell 2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	
Reporting range		dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W			1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactive	ation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger		ms	0	
Filter coefficient			0	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	3	
Т3		S	0.5	
T4		ms	60	This is the requirement on active set update delay, see section 5.1.2.2, where KC=1 and OC=0.
T5		ms	20	
Т6		S	2	

#### Table A.5A: General test parameters for Soft handover

Parameter	Unit			Ce	11					Ce	ell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10						-10					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12						-12					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12						-12					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15						-15					
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note3	Note1	Note1	
OCNS		Note2	Note2	Note2		-0.94	-0.94	-0.94	-0.94	Note2	Note2	Note2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	2.91	2.91		2.91	2.91	-Inf	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.91	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-70		·		•		·			•		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-14	-14		-14	-14	-Inf	-14	-14	-14	-14	
Propagation Condition		AWGN	1										
Relative delay of paths received from cell 2 with respect to cell 1	chips	•	{-148 148} Note 4										
NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to													
<ul> <li>I<sub>or</sub></li> <li>NOTE 3: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop. The initial power shall be set equal to the DPCH_Ec/lor of Cell 1 at the end of T2.</li> <li>NOTE 4: The relative delay of the path from cell 2 with respect to cell 1 shall always be within ±148 chip.</li> </ul>													

Table A.5B: Cell specific test parameters for Soft handover

#### A.5.1.1.1 Test procedure

- 1) The test is started at the beginning of T1.
- 2) During time period T2 an Event 1A triggered measurement report shall be sent by the UE containing the CFN-SFN observed time difference between cell 1 and cell 2.
- 3) At the beginning of T3 the downlink DPCH of cell 2 shall be activated.
- 4) UTRAN shall send a Active Set Update command with activation time now adding cell 2 to the active set. The Active Set Update message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at the beginning of T4.
- 5) At the beginning of T5 the DPCH from cell 1 shall be switched off.

# A.5.1.2 Test Requirements

The measured quality on the DTCH of the UE downlink during T6 shall be BLER=0.01±30%.

# A.5.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover

# A.5.2.1 Handover to intra-frequency cell

# A.5.2.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the hard handover delay in CELL\_DCH state in the single carrier case reported in section 5.2.2.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.0 and A.5.0A below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used, and that CPICH Ec/Io and SFN-CFN observed timed difference shall be reported together with Event 1A. The test consists of three successive time periods,

with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a Physical Channel reconfiguration with activation time "now" with a new active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE during period T2, after the UE has reported event 1A. T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the physical channel reconfiguration message.

#### Table A.5.0: General test parameters for Handover to intra-frequency cell

Par	Parameter Unit		Value	Comment
DCH parameter	S		DL and UL Reference	As specified in TS 25.101 section
			Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	A.3.1 and A.2.1
Power Control			On	
Target quality va	alue on DTCH	BLER	0.001	
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbouring cell		Cell 2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 2	
Reporting range	;	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W			1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deact	ivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger		ms	0	
Filter coefficient			0	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	≤5	
T3		S	1	

#### Table A.5.0A: Cell specific test parameters for Handover to intra-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2		
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	T3	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-	·	-10	-	·	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note1	Note1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note1	
OCNS		Note2	Note2	Note2	-0.941	-0.941	Note2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	6.97		-Infinity	nfinity 5.97		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-70	·			·		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13			-Infinity	-14		
Propagation Condition		AWGN						
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop								
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I <sub>or</sub>								
Note 3: The DPC	CH may not b	e power cont	rolled by the	power control lo	оор.			

#### A.5.2.1.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall start to transmit the UL DPCCH to Cell 2 less than 190 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

# A.5.2.2 Handover to inter-frequency cell

## A.5.2.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the inter frequency hard handover delay in CELL\_DCH state as specified in section 5.2.2.1.

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The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration T1, T2 and T3. The test parameters are given in tables A.5.0B and A.5.0C below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I0 of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

UTRAN shall send a Physical Channel reconfiguration with activation time "now" with one active cell, cell 2. The Physical Channel reconfiguration message shall be sent to the UE during period T2, after the UE has reported event 2C T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing the physical channel reconfiguration message.

Table A.5.0B: General test parameters for Handover to inter-frequency cell

Para	Parameter		Value	Comment
DCH parameters			DL and UL Reference	As specified in TS 25.101 section
			Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	A.3.1 and A.2.1
Power Control			On	
Target quality val	ue on DTCH	BLER	0.001	
Compressed mode			A.22 set 1	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.5.
Initial conditions	Active cell		Cell 1	
	Neighbour cell		Cell 2	
Final conditions	Active cell		Cell 2	
Threshold non us	ed frequency	dB	-18	Absolute Ec/I0 threshold for event 2C
Hysteresis		dB	0	
W non-used frequ	iency		1	Applicable for event 2C
Time to Trigger		ms	0	
Filter coefficient			0	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	≤5	
Т3		S	1	

#### Table A.5.0C: Cell Specific parameters for Handover to inter-frequency cell

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1			Cell 2	
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1			Channel 2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	Note 1	Note3	N/A	N/A	Note 1
OCNS		Note 2			-0.941	-0.941	Note 2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0			-Infinity	-1.8	-1.8
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13			-Infinity	-14	-14
Propagation		AWGN					
Condition							
NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop							
NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell							
to be equal to I <sub>or.</sub>							
NOTE 3: The DPCH may not be power controlled by the power control loop.							

# A.5.2.2.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall start to transmit the UL DPCCH to Cell 2 less than 220 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

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# A.5.3 (void)

Table A.5.0CA: (void) Table A.5.0CB: (void) Table A.5.0CC: (void) Table A.5.0CD: (void) Table A.5.0CE: (void) Table A.5.0CF: (void)

# A.5.4 Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to GSM

# A.5.4.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRAN to GSM cell handover delay reported in section 5.4.2.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.0D, A.5.0E and A.5.0F below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3C shall be used.. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

The UTRAN shall send a Handover from UTRAN command with activation time "now" with a new active cell, cell 2. In the GSM Handover command contained in that message, the IE starting time shall not be included. The RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message shall be sent to the UE. The start of T3 is defined as the end of last TTI containing the HO command.

The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode, in which case no compressed mode pattern should be sent for the parameters specified in table A5.0D

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
		12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.001	
Compressed mode patterns - GSM carrier RSSI			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
- GSM Initial BSIC identification		Pattern 2	As specified in section 8.1.2.5.2.1 table 8.7.
- GSM BSIC re- confirmation		Pattern 2	As specified in section 8.1.2.5.2.2 table 8.8.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT		GSM Carrier RSSI	
measurement quantity			
BSIC verification required		Required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1	Measurement control information is
size		6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1	sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
N Identify abort		66	Taken from table 8.7.
T Reconfirm abort		5.5	Based on table 8.8 and requirement specified in section 10.3.6.33 of TS 25.331.
T1	S	20	
T2	S	5	
Т3	S	1	

# Table A.5.0D: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

# Table A.5.0E: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)		
		T1, T2, T3		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		
Propagation Condition		AWGN		
Note 1:         The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop           Note 2:         The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I <sub>or</sub> .				

Parameter	Unit	Cell	2 (GSM)
Farameter	Unit	T1	T2, T3
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-85	-75

Table A.5.0F: Cell Specific Parameters for Handover UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 2)

#### A.5.4.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall begin to send access bursts on the new DCCH of the target cell less than 100 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The test requirement in this test case is expressed as:

 $T_{Handover delay} = 90 \text{ ms} (Table 5.2) + T_{offset} + T_{UL}$ 

T<sub>offset</sub> : Equal to 4.65 ms, GSM timing uncertainty between the time from when the UE is ready to transmit until the start of the next timeslot in GSM 26 multiframe structure

T<sub>UL</sub>: Equal to 4.65 ms, the time the UE has to wait in case the next timeslot is an idle frame or a SACCH frame.

This gives a total of 99.3 ms, allow 100 ms in the test case.

# A.5.4a Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD

#### A.5.4a.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD handover requirements specified in section 5.4a.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.0G, A.5.0H and A.5.0I below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3A shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with time durations of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE does not have any timing information of Cell 2. Starting T2, Cell 2 becomes detectable and the UE is expected to detect and send a measurement report.

The UTRAN shall send a Handover from UTRAN command with activation time "now" with a new active cell, cell 2. In the E-UTRAN Handover command contained in that message, the IE starting time shall not be included. The RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message shall be sent to the UE. The start of T3 is defined as the end of last TTI containing the HO command.

The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode, in which case no compressed mode pattern should be sent for the parameters specified in table A.5.0G.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.001	
Compressed mode		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 5	Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
			As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
UTRAN FDD		CPICH Ec/N0	
measurement quantity			
Inter-RAT (E- UTRAN)		RSRP	
measurement			
quantity			
Threshold own	dB	-10	Absolute UTRAN CPICH Ec/N0
system			threshold for event 3A
Threshold other	dBm	-99	Absolute E-UTRAN RSRP threshold for
system	5		event 3A
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored UTRA FDD cell list size		24 UTRA FDD neighbours on Channel 1	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
PDSCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.0 FDD	As specified in TS 36.133 section A.3.1.1.1
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHI		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in TS 36.133 section
CH parameters		R.6 FDD	A.3.1.2.1
PRACH configuration		4	As specified in table 5.7.1-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
Access Barring Information	-	Not sent	No additional delays in random access procedure
T1	S	5	
T2	S	≤7	
T3	S	1	
			•

# Table A.5.0G: General test parameters for UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD handover test case

# Table A.5.0H: Cell specific test parameters for UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD handover test case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)		
		T1, T2, T3		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		
Propagation Condition		AWGN		
Note 1:The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loopNote 2:The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I or.				

# Table A.5.0I: Cell specific test parameters for UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD handover test case (cell2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (E-UTRA)		
		T1	T2	T3
E-UTRA RF Channel			1	
number				
BW <sub>channel</sub>	MHz		10	
OCNG Patterns		OP.2	OP.2	OP.1 FDD
defined in A.3.2.1.1		FDD	FDD	
(OP.1 FDD) and in				
A.3.2.1.2 (OP.2 FDD)				
PBCH_RA	dB			
PBCH_RB	dB			
PSS_RA	dB			
SSS_RA	dB			
PCFICH_RB	dB			
PHICH_RA	dB			
PHICH_RB	dB		0	
PDCCH_RA	dB			
PDCCH_RB	dB			
PDSCH_RA	dB	]		
PDSCH_RB	dB	]		
OCNG_RA <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB	]		
OCNG_RB <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB			

$\hat{E}_s / I_{ot}$		dB	-infinity	7	7
$N_{oc}$ Note 2	2	dBm/15 kHz		-98	
$\hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc}$		dB	-infinity	7	7
RSRP <sup>№</sup>	te 3	dBm/15 KHz	-infinity	-91	-91
lo Note 3		dBm/9 MHz -70.22 -62.43 -62.43			-62.43
Propagat	ion Condition			AWGN	
Note 1: Note 2:	OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols. Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall				
Note 3:	be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for $N_{oc}$ to be fulfilled. RSRP and lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.				

### A.5.4a.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall start to transmit the PRACH to Cell 2 less than 85 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

# A.5.4b Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD

#### A.5.4b.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD handover requirements specified in section 5.4b.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.0J, A.5.0K and A.5.0L below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3A shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with time durations of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE does not have any timing information of Cell 2. Starting T2, Cell 2 becomes detectable and the UE is expected to detect and send a measurement report.

The UTRAN shall send a Handover from UTRAN command with activation time "now" with a new active cell, cell 2. In the E-UTRAN Handover command contained in that message, the IE starting time shall not be included. The RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message shall be sent to the UE. The start of T3 is defined as the end of last TTI containing the HO command.

The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode, in which case no compressed mode pattern should be sent for the parameters specified in table A.5.0J.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
		12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Target quality value	BLER	0.001	
on DTCH			
Compressed mode		DL Compressed mode reference	Only applicable for UE requiring
		pattern 2 in Set 5	compressed mode patterns
			As an activities d in table A 22 TC 25 101
			As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
Active cell		Cell 1	Section A.S
UTRAN FDD		CPICH Ec/N0	
measurement		CFICITEC/NO	
quantity			
Inter-RAT (E-		RSRP	
UTRAN)			
measurement			
quantity			
Threshold own	dB	-10	Absolute UTRAN CPICH Ec/N0
system			threshold for event 3A
Threshold other	dBm	-99	Absolute E-UTRAN RSRP threshold for
system			event 3A
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored UTRA		24 UTRA FDD neighbours on Channel	Measurement control information is
FDD cell list size		1	sent before the compressed mode
			patterns starts.
PDSCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.0 TDD	As specified in section A.3.1.1.2
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHI		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in section A.3.1.2.2
CH parameters		R.6 TDD	As specified in section A.S. I.Z.Z
PRACH configuration		4	As specified in table 5.7.1-2 in 3GPP
1 To to The onlinger at online			TS 36.211
Access Barring	-	Not sent	No additional delays in random access
Information			procedure
Special subframe		6	As specified in table 4.2-1 in 3GPP TS
configuration			36.211
Uplink-downlink		1	As specified in table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS
configuration			36.211
PRACH configuration		53	As specified in table 5.7.1-3 in 3GPP TS 36.211
T1	S	5	
T2	S	≤7	
T3	s	1	
-	1 2		1

# Table A.5.0J: General test parameters for UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD handover test case

# Table A.5.0K: Cell specific test parameters for UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD handover test case (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA)	
		T1, T2, T3	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	
Propagation AWGN			
Note 1:The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loopNote 2:The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I or.			

# Table A.5.0L: Cell specific test parameters for UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD handover test case (cell2)

Pa	rameter	r Unit Cell 1 (E-UTRA)		RA)	
			T1	T2	T3
E-UTRA	RF Channel			1	
number					
BW <sub>channel</sub>		MHz		10	
OCNG Pa			OP.2	OP.2	OP.1 TDD
	n A.3.2.2.1		TDD	TDD	
	D) and in				
	(OP.2 TDD)				
PBCH_R		dB			
PBCH_R	В	dB			
PSS_RA		dB			
SSS_RA		dB			
PCFICH_		dB			
PHICH_F		dB			
PHICH_F		dB		0	
PDCCH_		dB			
PDCCH_		dB			
PDSCH_		dB			
PDSCH_	RB	dB			
OCNG_R		dB			
OCNG_R	BINNE	dB			
$\hat{E}_s/I_{ot}$		dB	-infinity	7	7
$N_{oc}$ Note 2	2	dBm/15 kHz		-98	
$\hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc}$		dB	-infinity	7	7
RSRP <sup>№</sup>	te 3	dBm/15 KHz	-infinity	-91	-91
lo Note 3		dBm/9 MHz	-70.22	-62.43	-62.43
Propagat	ion Condition			AWGN	•
Note 1:		e used such that b	oth cells a	re fully alloca	ated and a
	constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all				
	OFDM symbols.				
Note 2:	Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the				
	test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall				
	be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for ${}^{oldsymbol{N}_{oc}}$ to be fulfilled.				
	be modelled a	IS AWGN of appro	priate powe	ertor $\frac{\partial c}{\partial t}$ to	be fulfilled.
Note 3:					
L	information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.				

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## A.5.4b.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall start to transmit the PRACH to Cell 2 less than 80 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

# A.5.4c Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD; Unknown Target Cell

# A.5.4c.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD handover requirements for the case when the target E-UTRAN FDD cell is unknown as specified in section 5.4a.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.0M, A.5.0N and A.5.0O below. The test consists of two successive time periods, with time durations of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE does not have any timing information of Cell 2. No compressed mode patterns are configured in the test case.

The UTRAN shall send a Handover from UTRAN command with activation time "now" with a new active cell, cell 2. In the E-UTRAN Handover command contained in that message, the IE starting time shall not be included. The RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message shall be sent to the UE towards the end of the time period T1. The start of T2 is defined as the end of last TTI containing the handover command.

#### Table A.5.0M: General test parameters for UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD handover test case; unknown target E-UTRAN FDD cell

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.001	
Initial condition	Active cell	Cell 1	UTRAN FDD
	Neighbouring cell	Cell 2	E-UTRAN FDD
Final condition	Active cell	Cell 2	E-UTRAN FDD
PDSCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.0 FDD	As specified in TS 36.133 section A.3.1.1.1
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.6 FDD	As specified in TS 36.133 section A.3.1.2.1
PRACH configuration		4	As specified in table 5.7.1-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
Access Barring Information	-	Not sent	No additional delays in random access procedure
T1	S	≤5	
T2	S	1	

#### Table A.5.0N: Cell specific test parameters for cell # 1 in UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD handover test

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA FDD)		
		T1, T2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		
Propagation Condition		AWGN		
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop				
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be				
equal to I <sub>or</sub>				

# Table A.5.0O: Cell specific test parameters for cell # 2 in UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN FDD handover test case

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (E-	UTRA FDD)		
		T1	T2		
E-UTRA RF Channel number			1		
BW <sub>channel</sub>	MHz		10		
OCNG Patterns defined in A.3.2.1.1 (OP.1		OP.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD		
FDD) and in A.3.2.1.2 (OP.2 FDD)					
PBCH_RA	dB				
PBCH_RB	dB				
PSS_RA	dB				
SSS_RA	dB				
PCFICH_RB	dB				
PHICH_RA	dB				
PHICH_RB	dB		0		
PDCCH_RA	dB				
PDCCH_RB	dB				
PDSCH_RA	dB				
PDSCH_RB	dB				
OCNG_RA Note 1	dB				
OCNG_RB Note 1	dB				
$\hat{E}_s/I_{ot}$	dB	-infinity	0		
$N_{oc}^{ m Note 2}$	dBm/15 kHz	-	98		
$\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}$	dB	-infinity	0		
RSRP <sup>Note 3</sup>	dBm/15 KHz	-infinity	-98		
Propagation Condition		AV	VGN		
power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.					
Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be					
constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for					
$N_{oc}$ to be fulfilled.					

# A.5.4c.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall start to transmit the PRACH to Cell 2 less than 165 ms from the beginning of time period T2.

The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The handover delay is expressed as: RRC procedure delay + T<sub>interrupt</sub>, where:

T<sub>interrupt</sub> also includes time to detect E-UTRAN FDD cell; see section 5.4a.2.2.

# A.5.4d Inter-system Handover from UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD; Unknown Target Cell

# A.5.4d.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test is to verify the requirement for the UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD handover requirements for the case when the target E-UTRAN FDD cell is unknown as specified in section 5.4b.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.0P, A.5.0Q and A.5.0R below. The test consists of two successive time periods, with time durations of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE does not have any timing information of Cell 2. No compressed mode patterns are configured in the test case.

The UTRAN shall send a Handover from UTRAN command with activation time "now" with a new active cell, cell 2. In the E-UTRAN Handover command contained in that message, the IE starting time shall not be included. The RRC HANDOVER FROM UTRAN COMMAND message shall be sent to the UE towards the end of the time period T1. The start of T2 is defined as the end of last TTI containing the handover command.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.001	
Initial condition	Active cell	Cell 1	UTRAN FDD
	Neighbouri ng cell	Cell 2	E-UTRAN TDD
Final condition	Active cell	Cell 2	E-UTRAN TDD
PDSCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.0 TDD	As specified in section A.3.1.1.2
PCFICH/PDCCH/PHI CH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel R.6 TDD	As specified in section A.3.1.2.2
PRACH configuration		4	As specified in table 5.7.1-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
Access Barring Information	-	Not sent	No additional delays in random access procedure
Special subframe configuration		6	As specified in table 4.2-1 in 3GPP TS 36.211
Uplink-downlink configuration		1	As specified in table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
PRACH configuration		53	As specified in table 5.7.1-3 in 3GPP TS 36.211
T1	S	≤5	
T2	S	1	

#### Table A.5.0P: General test parameters for UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD handover test case

#### Table A.5.0Q: Cell specific test parameters for cell # 1 in UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD handover test

Unit	Cell 1 (UTRA FDD)			
	T1, T2			
dB	-10			
dB	-12			
dB	-12			
dB	-15			
dB	Note 1			
dB	Note 2			
dB	0			
dBm/3,84 MHz	-70			
dB	-13			
	AWGN			
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop				
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I <sub>or</sub> .				
	dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dB			

#### Table A.5.0R: Cell specific test parameters for cell # 2 in UTRAN FDD to E-UTRAN TDD handover test

	Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 (E-	UTRA TDD)	
			T1	T2	
E-UTRA RF Channel number				1	
BW <sub>channel</sub>		MHz		10	
OCNG Pa	atterns defined in A.3.2.2.1 (OP.1		OP.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	
TDD) and	d in A.3.2.2.2 (OP.2 TDD)				
PBCH_R	A	dB			
PBCH_R	В	dB			
PSS_RA		dB			
SSS_RA		dB			
PCFICH	RB	dB			
PHICH_F	RA	dB			
PHICH_F	RB	dB		0	
PDCCH_	RA	dB			
PDCCH_	RB	dB			
PDSCH_	RA	dB			
PDSCH_	RB	dB			
OCNG_R	A <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB			
OCNG_R	RB <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB			
$\hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot}$		dB	-infinity	0	
$N_{oc}$ Note 2	2	dBm/15 kHz	-98		
$\hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc}$		dB	-infinity	0	
RSRP Not	e 3	dBm/15 KHz	-infinity	-98	
Propagat	Propagation Condition AWGN				
Note 1:					
power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.					
Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be					
	constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for				
	$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ to be fulfilled.				
Note 3:	Note 3: RSRP levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are				
	not settable parameters themselves.				

# A.5.4d.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall start to transmit the PRACH to Cell 2 less than 160 ms from the beginning of time period T2.

The rate of correct handovers observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

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NOTE: The handover delay is expressed as: RRC procedure delay + T<sub>interrupt</sub>, where:

T<sub>interrupt</sub> also includes time to detect E-UTRAN TDD cell; see section 5.4b.2.2.

# A.5.5 Cell Re-selection in CELL\_FACH

# A.5.5.1 One frequency present in neighbour list

#### A.5.5.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state in the single carrier case reported in section 5.5.2.1.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.1 and A.5.2. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms

#### Table A.5.1 General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_FACH

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service C - Persistence valu		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T1		S	15(initial), 5 (repetition)	
T2		S	5	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in Table A.5.1A and Table A.5.1B.

Table A.5.1A: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	kbps	120
Channel symbol rate	ksps	60
Slot Format #I	-	8
TFCI	-	ON
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot	dB	0
fields relative to data field		

NOTE: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH are taken from TS34.108 clause 6.1.0b (Content of System Information Block type 5 (FDD))

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 1	Ce	ll 2	Ce	II 3	Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel		Chann	el 1	Chann	el 1	Chann	el 1	Chanr	nel 1	Chanr	el 1	Chann	el 1
Number													
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.295		-1.295		-1.295		-1.295	5	-1.295		-1.295	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27		0.27		0.27		0.27	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23		-23		-23		-23	
Propagation Condition		AWGN	1										
Cell_selection_and_ reselection_quality_m		CPICH	I E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	I E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	H E₀/N₀	CPICH	I Ec∕N₀	CPICH	E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>
easure													
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset 2 <sub>s. n</sub>	dB	C1, C2	2:0	C2, C1	: 0	C3, C1	: 0	C4, C	1:0	C5, C <sup>2</sup>	1:0	C6, C1	: 0
a.c	0.2	C1, C3		C2, C3		C3, C2		C4, C		C5, C2		C6, C2	
		C1, C4		C2, C4		C3, C4		C4, C		C5, C3		C6, C3	
		C1, C5		C2, C5		C3, C5		C4, C		C5, C4		C6, C4	
		C1, C6		C2, C6		C3, C6		C4, C		C5, C6		C6, C5	
Qhyst	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not se	nt	not sei	nt	not ser	nt	not se	nt	not se	nt	not ser	nt
IE "FACH		not se		not ser		not ser		not se		not se		not ser	
Measurement													
occasion info"													

Table A.5.2 Cell specific test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_FACH

# A.5.5.1.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.6 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay in this case is expressed as:

 $T_{\text{reselection, intra}} = T_{\text{Measurement}\_\text{Period Intra}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms,}$ 

where:

T<sub>Measurement\_Period Intra</sub> is specified in 8.4.2.2.2 as 200 ms in this case.

 $T_{SI}$ : The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell.1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

NOTE: Since 1280 ms is one of the typical values for repeating system information blocks, T<sub>SI</sub> of 1280 ms could be increased by the RRC procedure delay in order to allow the SIB repetition period of 1280 ms

 $T_{RA}$ :  $T_{RA}$  is a delay is caused by the physical random access procedure described in TS 25.214 section 6.1. A persistence value is assumed to be 1 in this test case and therefore  $T_{RA}$  in this test case is 40 ms.

This gives a total of 1.55 s, allow 1.6 s in the test case.

# A.5.5.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

### A.5.5.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state in section 5.5.2.1.2.

The test parameters are given in tables A5.3 and A5.4. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Table A.5.3: General test p	parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL_FACH
-----------------------------	-----------------------------------------------

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4,	
			Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Ser - Persisten	rvice Class (ASC#0) ce value	-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
T1		S	15 (initial), 5 (repetition)	
T2		S	5	

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in Table A.5.3A and Table A.5.3B.

 Table A.5.3A: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	kbps	60
Channel symbol rate	ksps	30
Slot Format #I	-	4
TFCI	-	OFF
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

Table A.5.3B: Transport chann	nel parameters for S-CCPCH
-------------------------------	----------------------------

Parameter	FACH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	240
Transport Block Set Size	240
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/2
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Fixed

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	<b>II 2</b>	Ce	ell 3	Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chanr	nel 1	Chann	el 2	Chann	nel 1	Chanr	nel 1	Chanr	nel 2	Chanr	nel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.295	5	-1.295		-1.295		-1.295	5	-1.295	5	-1.295	;
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-1.8	2.2	2.2	-1.8	-6.8	-4.8	-6.8	-4.8	-4.8	-6.8	-4.8	-6.8
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-15	-13	-13	-15	-20		-20		-20		-20	
Propagation Condition		AWG											
Cell_selection_		CPICH	H E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	$I E_c/N_0$	CPICH	$H E_c/N_0$	CPIC	H E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	$H E_c/N_0$	CPICH	H E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>
and_reselection_													
quality_measure													
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
MAX_RACH													
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C		C2, C1		C3, C′		C4, C		C5, C		C6, C	
		C1, C		C2, C3		C3, C2		C4, C		C5, C		C6, C	
		C1, C4		C2, C4		C3, C4		C4, C		C5, C		C6, C	
		C1, C		C2, C5		C3, C5		C4, C		C5, C		C6, C4	
	10	C1, C	6:0	C2, C6	5:0	C3, C6	5:0	C4, C	6: 0	C5, C	6: 0	C6, C	5:0
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0 0		0	
Treselection	S	0		0	- 4	-		0		-		-	-
Sintrasearch	dB dB	not se		not ser		not se	-	not se		not se		not se	
Sintersearch	aв	not se	nt	not sei	nt	not se	nt	not se	ent	not se	nt	not se	nt
IE "FACH Measurement		sent		sent		sent		sent		sent		sent	
occasion info" FACH Measurement		3		3		3		3		3		3	
occasion cycle length		3		3		3		3		3		3	
coefficient													
Inter-frequency FDD		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE		TRUE	
measurement indicator		INUE		TRUE		INCE		INUE				INCE	
Inter-frequency TDD		FALS	=	FALSE	=	FALSE	=	FALS	<b>E</b>	FALS	=	FALS	=
measurement indicator			_		-		-		<b>L</b>		<u> </u>		-
	1	1		1		<u> </u>		1		I		1	

 Table A.5.4: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL\_FACH state

## A.5.5.2.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-reselection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.9 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay in this case is expressed as:

$$T_{\text{reselection, inter}} = T_{\text{Measurement inter}} + T_{\text{IU}} + 20 + T_{\text{SI}} + T_{\text{RA}}$$
 ms,

where:

 $T_{\text{measurement inter}}$  is specified in 8.4.2.3.2 as 480 ms in this case.

 $T_{SI}$ : The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell.1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

NOTE: Since 1280 ms is one of the typical values for repeating system information blocks, T<sub>SI</sub> of 1280 ms could be increased by the RRC procedure delay in order to allow the SIB repetition period of 1280 ms.

 $T_{RA}$ :  $T_{RA}$  is a delay is caused by the physical random access procedure described in TS 25.214 section 6.1. A persistence value is assumed to be 1 in this test case and therefore  $T_{RA}$  in this test case is 40 ms.

This gives a total of 1.83 s, allow 1.9 s in the test case.

# A.5.5.3 Cell Reselection to GSM

#### A.5.5.3.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL\_FACH state in section 5.5.2.1.4.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, and 1 GSM cell to be re-selected. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 UMTS carrier and 6 GSM cells. Test parameters are given in Table, A.5.4A, A.5.4B, A.5.4C, A.5.4D, A.5.4E.

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell1	
condition	Neighbour cell		Cell2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell2	
HCS				Not used
Neighbour	cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	10	

Table A.5.4A: General test parameters for UTRAN to GSM Cell Re-selection

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in Table A.5.3A and Table A.5.3B.

Table A.5.4B: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	kbps	60
Channel symbol rate	ksps	30
Slot Format #I	-	4
TFCI	-	OFF
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

Table A.5.4C: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPC
-------------------------------------------------------

Parameter	FACH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	240
Transport Block Set Size	240
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/2
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Fixed

Parameter Unit Cell 1 (UTRA)					
Parameter	Unit	T1 T2			
UTRA RF Channel		Channe			
Number		Channel 1			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			
S-CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.295			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	-5		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3, 84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16.2		
CPICH_RSCP	dBm	-80	-85		
Propagation Condition		AWGN			
Cell_selection_and_					
reselection_quality_m		CPICH	Ec/lo		
easure					
Qqualmin	dB	-20			
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115			
UE_TXPWR_MAX_	dBm	21			
RACH					
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0			
Qhyst1	dB	0			
Treselection	S	0			
Ssearch <sub>RAT</sub>	dB	Not ser	nt		
IE "FACH					
Measurement		Sent			
occasion info"					
FACH Measurement		_			
occasion cycle length		3			
coefficient					
Inter-frequency FDD measurement					
indicator		FALSE			
Inter-frequency TDD					
measurement		FALSE			
indicator		FALSE			
Inter-RAT					
measurement		Included			
indicators		included			
>RAT type		GSM			
	1	GSIVI			

Table A.5.4D: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (cell 1)

Table A.5.4E: Cell re-selection UTRAN to GSM cell case (	(cell 2)	١
		,

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2	(GSM)
		T1	T2
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN	1
RXLEV	dBm	-90	-75
RXLEV_ACCESS_	dBm	-104	
MIN			
MS_TXPWR_MAX_	dBm	33	
ССН			

# A.5.5.3.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-reselection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE starts to transmit the random access in Cell 2 (the GSM cell).

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The cell re-selection delay shall be less than  $5.5+T_{RA}\,s.$ 

The rate of correct reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed

$$T_{\text{reselection, GSM}} = T_{\text{identify,GSM}} + T_{\text{measurement, GSM}} + 40 + T_{\text{BCCH}} + T_{\text{RA}} \text{ ms}$$

where:

$T_{identify,GSM}$	Specified in 8.4.2.5.2.1, here it is 2880 ms
T <sub>measurement, GSM</sub>	Specified in 5.5.2.1.4, here it is 640 ms
T <sub>BCCH</sub>	According to [21], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.
T <sub>RA</sub>	The additional delay caused by the random access procedure in the GSM cell. Shall be defined by T1/RF when the test case is further detailed in TS 34.121.

This gives a total of 5.46 +T<sub>RA</sub> s, allow  $5.5 + T_{RA}$  s.

# A.5.5.4 Cell Reselection during an MBMS session, two frequencies present in neighbour list

# A.5.5.4.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell identification for UEs in an MBMS PTM session and the required functionality on measurement occasions by use of a cell re-selection test case.

The test parameters are given in tables A.5.4F, A.5.4G, A.5.4H, A.5.4I, A.5.4J and A.5.4K. The UE is requested to receive the MBMS service and monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service Class	s (ASC#0)	-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by
- Persistence value				the random access procedure. The value shall be
				used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
MBMS preferred free	quency layer			Not used
T1		S	15 (initial),	
			5 (repetition)	
T2		S	3	
Т3		S	3	

 Table A.5.4F: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_FACH

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH are defined in Table A.5.4G and Table A.5.4H.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	Kbps	120
Channel symbol rate	Ksps	60
Slot Format #I	-	8
TFCI	-	ON
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

#### Table A.5.4H: Void

The transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH\_1 carrying FACH are taken from TS34.108 clause 6.1.0b (Content of System Information Block type 5 (FDD)) with M2 condition and with the exception that TTI for FACH carrying BCCH set to 20ms.

The transport and physical parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the MTCH are defined in Table A.5.4I and Table A.5.4J.

## Table A.5.4I: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH\_2 carrying the MTCH.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	kbps	960
Channel symbol rate	ksps	480
Slot Format #I	-	14
TFCI	-	ON
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field	dB	0

#### Table A.5.4J: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH\_2

Parameter	FACH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	2536
Transport Block Set Size	10144
Transmission Time Interval	40ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding
Coding Rate	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Flexible

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1			Channel 2		•
Number							
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			-15		
S-CCPCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12		
S-CCPCH_2_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.			-6		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			Note 1	<u>.</u>	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-infinity	-3.37	0	0	0	-5
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,8 4 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	- infinity	-15	-13	-13	-13	-16.2
Propagation Condition		AWGN					
Cell_selection_ and_reselection_		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N	lo		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N	No	
quality_measure							
Qqualmin	dB	-20			-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115			-115		
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	21			21		
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0			C2, C1: 0		
Qhyst2	dB	0			0		
Treselection	s	0			0		
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			not sent		
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			not sent		
IE "FACH							
Measurement		Sent			Sent		
occasion info"							
FACH Measurement							
occasion cycle length		2			2		
coefficient							
Inter-frequency FDD							
measurement		TRUE TRUE					
indicator							
Inter-frequency TDD							
measurement		FALSE FALSE					
indicator							
		channel that	is added	I shall ma	ke the total p	ower from t	he cell to
be equal to I	or.						

Table A.5.4K: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL\_FACH state

# A.5.5.4.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-reselection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T3, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 1.9s.

During T1 and T2 the MTCH SDU ER shall not exceed 4.0%.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay in this case is expressed as:

 $T_{reselection,\,inter} = T_{Measuremnt,\,inter} + T_{IU} + 20 + T_{SI} + T_{RA} \ ms,$ 

where:

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T<sub>Measuremnt, inter</sub> Specified in 8.4.2.3.2 as 480ms

T<sub>identify, inter</sub>i Specified in 8.4.2.3.1 as 2.72 s in this case, thus 3sec for T2 is sufficient for identification of cell 1.

- Note: The calculation based on the S-CCPCH carrying the FACH provides a measurement occasion of 20ms repeated every 80ms. As the MTCH TTI length is only 40ms this has to be shortened to a gap of 10ms every 80ms, the re-selection delay is based upon.
- T<sub>SI</sub>: The time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell.1280 ms is assumed in this test case.
- Note: Since 1280 ms is one of the typical values for repeating system information blocks, T<sub>SI</sub> of 1280 ms could be increased by the RRC procedure delay in order to allow the SIB repetition period of 1280 ms.
- $T_{RA}$ :  $T_{RA}$  is a delay is caused by the physical random access procedure described in TS 25.214 section 6.1. A persistence value is assumed to be 1 in this test case and therefore  $T_{RA}$  in this test case is 40 ms.
- Note: The maximum allowed time to be used to perform the measurements for a UE in an MBMS session may be smaller than the duration of the measurement occasion to fulfill the MBMS demodulation performance.

This gives a total of 1.83 s, allow 1,9s in the test case.

# A.5.6 Cell Re-selection in CELL\_PCH

# A.5.6.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list

# A.5.6.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL\_PCH state in section 5.6.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A5.5 and A5.6. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

	Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Sei - Persisten	rvice Class (ASC#0) ce value	-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle	length	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
Τ1		S	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.
Τ2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re-selection reaction time is taken into account.

Table A.5.5: Gene	eral test parameters	s for Cell Re-selection in	ו CELL_PCH
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Parameter	eter Unit Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 3		II 3	Cell 4		Cel	5	Cell 6					
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel		Chann	nel 1	Chanr	el 1	Chann	el 1	Chann	el 1	Chann	el 1	Chann	el 1
Number													
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27		0.27		0.27		0.27	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23		-23		-23		-23	
Propagation		AWGN	١										
Condition													
Cell_selection_and_		CPICH	E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	$E_c/N_0$	CPICH	Ec/N0	CPICH	ł	CPICH	$E_c/N_0$
reselection_quality_m										$E_c/N_0$			
easure													
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
MAX_RACH													
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2		C2, C <sup>2</sup>		C3, C1		C4, C <sup>2</sup>		C5, C1		C6, C1	
		C1, C3		C2, C3		C3, C2		C4, C2		C5, C2		C6, C2	
		C1, C4		C2, C4		C3, C4		C4, C3		C5, C3		C6, C3	
		C1, C5	5: 0	C2, C5		C3, C5		C4, C5		C5, C4		C6, C4	: 0
		C1, C6	5: 0	C2, C6	5: 0	C3, C6	5: 0	C4, C6	S: 0	C5, C6	S: 0	C6, C5	: 0
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not se	nt	not se	nt	not ser	nt	not se	nt	not sei	nt	not ser	nt

# A.5.6.1.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ ,

where:

T<sub>evaluateFDD:</sub> See section 5.6.2.

 $T_{si}$ : Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

# A.5.6.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

#### A.5.6.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in CELL\_PCH state in section 5.6.2. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.7 and A.5.8

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell Neighbour cells		Cell2 Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service ( - Persistence val		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle length	1	S	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.

## Table A.5.7: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in CELL\_PCH

#### Table A.5.8: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in CELL\_PCH state

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 1	Ce	ell 2	Cell 3		Ce	ell 4	Ce	II 5	Ce	ell 6
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chann	el 1	Chann	iel 2	Channe	el 1	Chann	el 1	Chann	el 2	Chanr	nel 2
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-20		-20		-20		-20	
Propagation Condition		AWGN	l										
Cell_selection_		CPICH	IE <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	I E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	$E_c/N_0$	CPICH	$E_c/N_0$	CPICH	$E_c/N_0$	CPICH	$H E_{c}/N_{0}$
and_reselection_													
quality_measure													
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2	2: 0	C2, C <sup>2</sup>	1:0	C3, C1	: 0	C4, C1	: 0	C5, C1	: 0	C6, C	1: 0
		C1, C3	3: 0	C2, C3		C3, C2	: 0	C4, C2		C5, C2		C6, C2	2: 0
		C1, C4		C2, C4	4: 0	C3, C4	: 0	C4, C3	: 0	C5, C3		C6, C3	3: 0
		C1, C5		C2, C5	5: 0	C3, C5	: 0	C4, C5	: 0	C5, C4		C6, C4	4: 0
		C1, C6	6: 0	C2, C6	6: 0	C3, C6	: 0	C4, C6	: 0	C5, C6	5: 0	C6, C	5: 0
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not ser	nt	not se	nt	not ser	nt	not ser	nt	not ser	nt	not se	nt
Sintersearch	dB	not ser	nt	not se	nt	not ser	nt	not ser	nt	not ser	nt	not se	nt

# A.5.6.2.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the CELL UPDATE message with cause value "cell reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

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The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ ,

where:

T<sub>evaluateFDD</sub>: See section 5.6.2.

 $T_{SI}$ : Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

# A.5.6.3 Cell re-selection during an MBMS session, one UTRAN interfrequency and 2 GSM cells present in the neighbour list

#### A.5.6.3.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the GSM BSIC identification for UEs in an MBMS PTM session according to section 4.2.2.3 and 4.2.2.5. Furthermore, the required functionality on the limitation of measurements in dependence of the MBMS TTI as specified in section 4.2.2.9 are tested.

This scenario implies the presence of 1 UTRAN serving cell, 1 UTRAN inter-frequency cell and 2 GSM cells of which one is to be re-selected. The UE is requested to monitor neighbor cells on 2 UMTS carriers (Channel 1, Channel 2) and 12 GSM cells. Test parameters are given in Tables A.5.8A, A5.8B, A.5.8C, A.5.8D and A.5.8E.

Pa	Parameter		Value	Comment
Initial	Active cell		Cell2	UMTS cell providing the MBMS session
condition	Neighbour cells		Cell1	UMTS inter-frequency neighbour cell
			Cell3, Cell4	GSM cells
Final condition	Active cell		Cell3	
DRX cycle	DRX cycle length		160	
HCS	HCS			Not used
MBMS pret laver	MBMS preferred frequency			Not used
T1		S	15 (initial), 5 repeated	
T2	T2		45	
T3		S	7	

Table A.5.8A: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection

The transport and physical channel parameters of the S-CCPCH carrying the MTCH are defined in Table A.5.8B and Table A.5.8C

Table A.5.8B: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH carrying the MTCH.

Parameter	Unit	Level
Channel bit rate	kbps	960
Channel symbol rate	ksps	480
Slot Format #I	-	14
TFCI	-	ON
Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot	dB	0
fields relative to data field		

Parameter	FACH
Transport Channel Number	1
Transport Block Size	2536
Transport Block Set Size	10144
Transmission Time Interval	40ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding
Coding Rate	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256
Size of CRC	16
Position of TrCH in radio frame	Flexible

Table A.5.8C: Transport channel	parameters for S-CCPCH
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#### Table A.5.8D: Cell specific test parameters for serving Cell2 and inter-frequency neighbour Cell1

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1		Cell 2			
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	Т3	
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1			Channel 2			
Number								
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			-15			
S-CCPCH_1_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12			
S-CCPCH_2_Ec/lor	dB	n.a.			-6,8			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			Note 1			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-infinity	-4.75	-infinity	0	0	-15	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	- infinity	-16	- infinity	-13	-13	-25.14	
CPICH_RSCP		- infinity	-84,75	- infinity	-80	-80	-95	
Propagation Condition		AWGN						
Cell_selection_		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	)		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>			
and_reselection_								
quality_measure								
Qqualmin	dB	-20			-20			
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115			-115			
UE_TXPWR_	dBm	21			21			
MAX_RACH								
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0			C2, C1: 0			
Qhyst2	dB	0			0			
Qoffset1 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB				C2, C3: 0; C	C2, C4: 0		
Qhyst1	dB	0			0			
Treselection	S	0			0			
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent			not sent			
Sintersearch	dB	not sent			not sent			
SsearchRAT	dB	not sent			not sent			
NOTE 1: The power of	the OCNS	channel that i	is added	shall mak	e the total po	ower from t	he cell to be	
equal to lor.								

#### Table A.5.8E: Cell re-selection parameters for GSM cells case (cell 3 and cell4,cell5,cell6)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 3 (GSM)			Ce	SM)	
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	T3
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 2			ARFCN 1		
RXLEV	dBm	-infinity	-85	-85	-infinity	-85	-infinity
RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	dBm	-104		-104			
MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	dBm	33			33		

## A.5.6.3.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T3, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 3, and starts to send the RR Channel Request message for location update to Cell 3.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 2,75 s +  $T_{BCCH}$ , where  $T_{BCCH}$  is the maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell [21].

During T1 and T2 the MTCH SDU ER shall not exceed 4.0%.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $Max(3*T_{measureFDD}, T_{measureGSM}+DRX$  cycle length) +  $T_{BCCH}$ , where:

T<sub>measureFDD</sub> See Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.

T<sub>measureGSM</sub> See Table 4.1 in section 4.2.2.

DRX cycle length 160mss see Table A.4.7.A

T<sub>BCCH</sub> Maximum time allowed to read BCCH data from GSM cell [21]. According to [21], the maximum time allowed to read the BCCH data, when being synchronized to a BCCH carrier, is 1.9 s.

This gives a total of 2.72 s +  $T_{BCCH}$ , allow 2.75 s +  $T_{BCCH}$  in the test case.

# A.5.7 Cell Re-selection in URA\_PCH

# A.5.7.1 One frequency present in the neighbour list

#### A.5.7.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in URA\_PCH state in section 5.7.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.9 and A.5.10. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 1 carrier. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Cells possible for re-selection shall belong to different UTRAN Registration Areas (URA).

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment
initial condition	Active cell		Cell2	
	Neighbour cells		Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6	
final condition	Active cell		Cell1	
Access Service ( - Persistence val		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
HCS				Not used
DRX cycle length	1	s	1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.
T1		S	15	T1 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 1	Ce	ll 2	Cell	3	Ce	4	Ce	II 5	Ce	ll 6
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chann	el 1	Chann	el 1	Channe	11	Channe	el 1	Chann	el 1	Chann	el 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941		-0.941	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	7.3	10.27	10.27	7.3	0.27		0.27		0.27		0.27	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-70											
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13	-16	-23		-23		-23		-23	
Propagation Condition		AWGN	-										
Cell_selection_and_		CPICH	E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	$I E_{c}/N_{0}$	CPICH I	E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>	CPICH	$E_c/N_0$	CPICH	$E_c/N_0$	CPICH	$E_c/N_0$
reselection_quality_measure													
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20	
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115	
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21	
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2	2:0	C2, C1	: 0	C3, C1:	0	C4, C1	: 0	C5, C1	: 0	C6, C1	: 0
		C1, C3		C2, C3		C3, C2:		C4, C2	: 0	C5, C2		C6, C2	
		C1, C4	1:0	C2, C4	1:0	C3, C4:	0	C4, C3	: 0	C5, C3	: 0	C6, C3	: 0
		C1, C5	5: 0	C2, C5	5: 0	C3, C5:	0	C4, C5	: 0	C5, C4	: 0	C6, C4	
		C1, C6	6: 0	C2, C6	6: 0	C3, C6:	0	C4, C6	: 0	C5, C6	5: 0	C6, C5	: 0
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Treselection	s	0		0		0		0		0		0	
Sintrasearch	dB	not ser	nt	not sei	nt	not sent		not ser	ıt	not ser	nt	not ser	nt

 Table A.5.10: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in URA\_PCH state

### A.5.7.1.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending the URA UPDATE message with cause value "URA reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ ,

where:

T<sub>evaluateFDD</sub>: See section 5.7.2.

 $T_{SI}$ : Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

# A.5.7.2 Two frequencies present in the neighbour list

## A.5.7.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the cell re-selection delay in URA\_PCH state in section 5.7.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A5.11 and A5.12. The UE is requested to monitor neighbouring cells on 2 carriers. The maximum repetition period of the relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell shall be 1280 ms.

Cells possible for re-selection shall belong to different UTRAN Registration Areas (URA).

Pa	arameter	Unit	Value	Comment				
initial condition	Active cell Neighbour cells		Cell2 Cell1, Cell3,Cell4, Cell5, Cell6					
final condition	Active cell		Cell1					
Access Service ( - Persistence val		-	1	Selected so that no additional delay is caused by the random access procedure. The value shall be used for all cells in the test.				
HCS				Not used				
DRX cycle length	DRX cycle length		1.28	The value shall be used for all cells in the test.				
T1		S	30	T1 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.				
T2		S	15	T2 need to be defined so that cell re- selection reaction time is taken into account.				

#### Table A.5.11: General test parameters for Cell Re-selection in URA\_PCH

#### Table A.5.12: Cell specific test parameters for Cell re-selection in URA\_PCH state

Parameter	Unit	it Cell 1		Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4		Cell 5		Cell 6		
		T1	T2											
UTRA RF Channel		Chan	Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 1		Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 2	
Number		Chan												
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		-15		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.941		-0.941	-0.941		-0.941		-0.941			-0.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3.4	2.2	2.2	-3.4	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-4.8	-7.4	-4.8	-7.4	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,8 4 MHz	-70									-			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-16	-13	-13 -16		-20		-20		-20		-20		
Propagation Condition		AWGI	AWGN											
Cell_selection_ and_reselection_ quality_measure		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		CPICH E <sub>c</sub> /N <sub>0</sub>		
Qqualmin	dB	-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		-20		
Qrxlevmin	dBm	-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		-115		
UE_TXPWR_ MAX_RACH	dBm	21		21		21		21		21		21		
Qoffset2 <sub>s, n</sub>	dB	C1, C2: 0 C1, C3: 0 C1, C4: 0 C1, C5: 0 C1, C6: 0		C2, C1: 0 C2, C3: 0 C2, C4: 0 C2, C5: 0 C2, C6: 0		C3, C1: 0 C3, C2: 0 C3, C4: 0 C3, C5: 0 C3, C6: 0		C4, C1: 0 C4, C2: 0 C4, C3: 0 C4, C5: 0 C4, C6: 0		C5, C1: 0 C5, C2: 0 C5, C3: 0 C5, C4: 0 C5, C6: 0		C6, C1: 0 C6, C2: 0 C6, C3: 0 C6, C4: 0 C6, C5: 0		
Qhyst2	dB	0		0		0		0		0		0		
Treselection	S	0		0		0		0		0		0		
Sintrasearch	dB	not sent												
Sintersearch	dB	not sent												

# A.5.7.2.2 Test Requirements

The cell re-selection delay is defined as the time from the beginning of time period T2, to the moment when the UE camps on Cell 1, and starts to send preambles on the PRACH for sending URA UPDATE message with cause value "URA reselection" in Cell 1.

The cell re-selection delay shall be less than 8 s.

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The rate of correct cell reselections observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The cell re-selection delay can be expressed as:  $T_{evaluateFDD} + T_{SI}$ ,

where:

T<sub>evaluateFDD</sub>: See section 5.7.2.

 $T_{SI}$ : Maximum repetition period of relevant system info blocks that needs to be received by the UE to camp on a cell. 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 7.68 s, allow 8s in the test case.

# A.5.8 Serving HS-DSCH cell change

# A.5.8.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the delay when performing the serving HS-DSCH cell change in CELL\_DCH state specified in section 5.10.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.13 and A.5.14 below. The test consists of 4 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. At the start of time duration T1 the UE have cell 1 and cell 2 in active set and cell 1 as the serving HS-DSCH cell.

Data shall be transmitted continuously to the UE on the HS-DSCH channel.

Para	ameter	Unit	Value	Comment			
DCH parameters			DL Reference Measurement	As specified in TS 25.101 section			
			Channel 12.2 kbps	A.3.1			
Power Control			On				
Target quality val	ue on DTCH	BLER	0.001				
HSDPA paramete	ers		Fixed Reference Channel	As specified in TS 25.101 section			
			Definition H-Set 1, with QPSK	A.7.1.1			
			modulation only				
Initial conditions	Active cells		Cell 1 and Cell 2				
	Serving HS-DSCH		Cell 1				
	cell						
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 1 and Cell 2				
	Serving HS-DSCH		Cell 2				
	cell						
Hysteresis		dB	0				
Time to Trigger		ms	0				
Filter coefficient			0				
CQI Feedback cy	cle, k	ms	2				
CQI repetition fac	tor		1				
T1			5				
T2		S	3				
Т3		S	0.5				
T4		ms	100				

Table A.5.13: General test parameters for serving HS-DSCH cell change

Parameter	Unit		C	ell 1		Cell 2					
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel	1			Channe	1				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10				-10					
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				-12					
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				-12					
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15				-15					
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 3	Note 1		
HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			-inf	-inf			-10		
HS-SCCH-1_Ec/lor	dB	-13			-inf	-inf			-13		
OCNS		Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	3.64	1.14			1.14	3.64				
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-70									
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-15.5			-15.5	-13				
Propagation Condition		AWGN									
Relative delay of paths	Chips	{-148	148}								
received from cell 2 with	-	Note 4									
respect to cell 1											
Note 1: The DPCH leve	l is contro	olled by the	e power co	ontrol loop							
Note 2: The power of th	e OCNS	channel th	nat is adde	d shall mal	ke the total	power from	n the cell to	o be equal	to I <sub>or</sub>		
Note 3: The DPCH leve				ontrol loop.	The initial	power shal	l be set eq	ual to the			
DPCH_Ec/lor o	f Cell 1 a	t the end o	of T2.								
Note 4: The relative del	ay of the	path from	cell 2 with	respect to	cell 1 shall	always be	within ±14	l8 chip.			

Table A.5.14: Cell specific test parameters for serving HS-DSCH cell change

#### A.5.8.1.1 Test procedure

- 1) The test is started at the beginning of T1.
- 2) During time period T2 an Event 1D triggered measurement report shall be sent by the UE.
- 3) During time period T3 UTRAN shall send a Physical Channel Configuration command with activation time now changing serving HS-DSCH from cell 1 to cell 2. The Physical Channel Configuration message shall be sent to the UE so that the whole message is available at the UE at the beginning of T4.

# A.5.8.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall start to transmit the CQI to cell 2 less than 74 ms from the beginning of time period T4.

The UE shall also start to receive the first HS-SCCH message from cell 2 less than 74 ms from the beginning of time period T4 and transmit the ACK or NAK which corresponds to the HS-SCCH message.

NOTE: The delay D<sub>cell\_change</sub> equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS25.331 Section 13.5.2 plus the interruption time of receiving HS-DSCH data stated in section 5.10.2.2. The RRC procedure delay is 50 ms and the interruption time is given by T<sub>interrupt1=</sub>T<sub>IU</sub>+22 ms=24 ms.

The total delay  $D_{cell\_change}=50 + 24 \text{ ms} = 74 \text{ ms}.$ 

# A.5.9 Enhanced Serving HS-DSCH cell change

# A.5.9.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This test case is only applicable to UEs which support enhanced HS-DSCH serving cell change.

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for the delay when performing the enhanced serving HS-DSCH cell change in CELL\_DCH state specified in section 5.11.

The test parameters are given in Table A.5.15 and A.5.16 below. The test consists of 4 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. At the start of time duration T1 the UE has cell 1 and cell 2 in the active set and cell 1 as the serving HS-DSCH cell. Target cell preconfiguration is provided for cell 2 in the active set update. The target cell preconfiguration shall not contain the optional IE "Activation time offset". After sending event 1D during time period T2, the UE should start to monitor HS-SCCH-1 from cell 2. A single HS-SCCH order implying serving cell change starts to be transmitted from cell 2 during T3. By the start of T4, the single HS-SCCH order implying serving cell change completes transmission, and within the time specified in section 5.11 the UE shall also be monitoring the HS-SCCH-2 on target cell 2.

Data shall be transmitted continuously to the UE on the HS-DSCH channel of cell 1 during T1 and T2, and on the HS-DSCH channel of cell2 during T4.

Para	ameter	Unit	Value	Comment
F-DPCH slot form	F-DPCH slot format		0	
Power Control			On	
Target quality val	ue on F-DPCH	TPC BER	0.05	5%
HSDPA paramete	ers		Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 1, with QPSK modulation only	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.7.1.1
Initial conditions	Active cells		Cell 1 and Cell 2	
	Serving HS-DSCH cell		Cell 1	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 1 and Cell 2	
	Serving HS-DSCH cell		Cell 2	
Hysteresis	•	dB	0	
Time to Trigger		ms	0	
Filter coefficient			0	
T1		S	5	
T2		S	1	
T3		ms	100	
T4		ms	100	

Table A.5.15: General test parameters for enhanced serving HS-DSCH cell change

Parameter Uni			Cell 1				Cell 2			
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	
UTRA RF Channel		Channel	1			Channe	1			
Number		Channel	I			Channe				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10				-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15				-15				
F-DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	
HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-inf		-inf			-10	
HS-SCCH-1_Ec/lor	dB	-13		-inf		-inf		-13	-inf	
HS-SCCH-2 Ec/lor	dB	-inf				-inf			-13	
OCNS		Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	3.64	1.14			1.14	3.64			
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/	-70	•							
-00	3,84									
	MHz									
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-15.5			-15.5	-13			
Propagation Condition		AWGN								
Relative delay of paths	Chips	{-148	148}							
received from cell 2 with		Note 3								
respect to cell 1										
Note 1: The F-DPCH lev										
Note 2: The power of th	e OCNS	channel th	nat is adde	d shall mal	the total	power from	n the cell to	be equal	to I <sub>or</sub> .	
Note 3: The relative dela	ay of the	path from	cell 2 with	respect to	cell 1 shall	always be	within ±14	8 chip.		

Table A.5.16: Cell specific test parameters for enhanced serving HS-DSCH cell change

#### A.5.9.1.1 Test procedure

- 1) The test is started at the beginning of T1.
- 2) During time period T2 an Event 1D triggered measurement report shall be sent by the UE.
- 3) During time period T3 UTRAN shall send an HS-SCCH order on HS-SCCH-1from cell 2 implying enhanced serving HS-DSCH from cell 1 to cell 2. The HS-SCCH order message shall be sent to the UE so that the end of the TTI containing the HS-SCCH order corresponds to the beginning of T4.
- 4) At the start of T4, UTRAN shall transmit data to the UE using HS-SCCH-2 and HS-PDSCH on cell 2. Any ACK/NACK received from the UE indicates that the UE is monitoring HS-SCCH-2

#### A.5.9.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall start to receive the first HS-SCCH message on HS-SCCH-2 from cell 2 within no more than 40 ms from the beginning of time period T4 and transmit the ACK or NACK which corresponds to the HS-SCCH message.

Note: Since HS-SCCH-2 on cell 2 is the only HS-SCCH which is being transmitted from the start of T4, either ACK or NACK transmission from the UE after the start of T4 implies that the enhanced serving cell change has been completed.

The rate of correct serving cell changes observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

### A.5.10 Intrafrequency System information acquisition for CSG cell

#### A.5.10.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for intrafrequency CSG SI acquisition in section 5.13.2. The test parameters are given in Table A.5.17 and A.5.18 below. In the measurement control information cell 2 shall be included in the "Intra-frequency SI Acquisition" IE. The test consists of two successive time periods, with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

Par	ameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH p	parameters		DL and UL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1 and A.2.1
Powe	er Control		On	
Target quality	y value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Initial	Active cell		Cell 1	
conditions	Neighbouring cell		Cell 2	
Final condition	Active cell		Cell 1	Handover to cell 2 is not requested
Repor	ting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A
	steresis	dB	0	
	W		1	Applicable for event 1A
Reporting dea	ctivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time	to Trigger	Ms	0	
SIB	3_REP	Frames	32	Applicable for cell 2 SIB3 scheduling
SIB3 SE	EG_COUNT		1	Applicable for cell 2 SIB3 scheduling
UE	whitelist		Empty	×
Monitore	d cell list size		24 on channel 1	Measurement control information is sent before the start of the test
CSG id	d (of cell 2)		Set to any non-empty value	
	Filter coefficient		0	
	T1	S	5	
	T2	S	5	

Table A.5.17: General test parameters for intrafrequency CSG SI acquisition

#### Table A.5.18: Cell specific test parameters for intrafrequency CSG SI acquisition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T1	T2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		N/A			
OCNS		Note 2		-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	6.97	-Infinity	5.97		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-63.01	-70	Note 3	Note 3		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		-Infinity	-14		
Propagation Condition		AWGN					
Note 1:The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loopNote 2:The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to INote 3:The loc level is common for cell 1 and cell 2							

#### A.5.10.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall transmit an Event 1A-triggered measurement report containing the cell identity and CSG identity of cell 2 and membership indication sent to false within [2.71] seconds from the start of T2

Test requirement =  $T_{identify intra} + T_{CSG-SI-Report}$ 

= 800+ [630]+40\*32 from the start of T2

= [2.71] seconds.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled..

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to 2 x TTI<sub>UL DCCH</sub> higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

The measured quality on the DTCH of the UE downlink during T2 shall not exceed BLER= $0.01\pm30\% = 0.013$ 

### A.5.11 Interfrequency System information acquisition for CSG cell

#### A.5.11.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify the requirement for interfrequency CSG SI acquisition in section 5.13.2. The test parameters are given in Table A.5.19 and A.5.20 below.

The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration T1, T2 and T3. The test parameters are given in tables A.5.19 and A.5.20 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/Io of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting. At the start of time duration T1, the UE may not have any timing information of cell 2.

During T2, the UE shall transmit a measurement report with event 2C, and UTRAN shall respond with a measurement control message which reconfigures interfrequency measurements with the Inter-frequency SI Acquisition IE containing the PSC of cell 2.The start of T3 is defined as the end of the last TTI containing this measurement control message.

Parameter		Unit	Value	Comment	
DCH parameters			DL and UL Reference	As specified in TS 25.101 section	
			Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	A.3.1 and A.2.1	
Power Control			On		
Target quality val	ue on DTCH	BLER	0.001		
Compressed mod	le		A.22 set 1	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.5.	
Initial conditions	Active cell		Cell 1		
	Neighbour cell		Cell 2		
Final conditions	Active cell		Cell 1	Handover to cell 2 is not requested	
Threshold non us	ed frequency	dB	-18	Absolute Ec/I0 threshold for event 2C	
Hysteresis		dB	0		
W non-used frequ	iency		1	Applicable for event 2C	
Time to Trigger		Ms	0		
Filter coefficient			0		
SIB3_REP		Frames	32	Applicable for cell 2 SIB3 scheduling	
SIB3 SEG_COUN	IT		1	Applicable for cell 2 SIB3 scheduling	
CSG id (of cell 2)			Set to any non-empty value		
CSG Indicator (of	cell 2)		Set to TRUE		
UE whitelist			Empty		
Monitored cell list size			24 on channel 1 16 on channel 2	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.	
T1		S	5		
T2		S	≤5		
T3		S	5		

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2		
		T1	T2	T3	T1	T2	Т3	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1			Channel 2			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			N/A			
OCNS		Note 2			-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0			-Infinity	-1.8	-1.8	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70						
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13			-Infinity	-14	-14	
Propagation Condition		AWGN						
NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell								
to be equa	al to I <sub>or.</sub>							

Table A.5.20: Cell Specific parameters for Handover to inter-frequency cell

#### A.5.11.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall transmit a measurement report containing the cell identity, CSG identity of cell 2 and membership indication set to FALSE within [1.96] seconds from the start of T3.

Test requirement = RRC Procedure delay +  $T_{CSG-SI-Report}$ 

= 50+ [630]+40\*32 from the start of T3

= [1.96] seconds.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled..

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to 2 x TTI<sub>UL DCCH</sub> higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

The measured quality on the DTCH of the UE downlink measured from the start of T3 until 1.96 seconds after the start of T3 using loopback shall not exceed BLER= 0.612

- a) NOTE: The test BLER is defined from the requirements as follows:
- b) 600ms of downlink interruption and 600ms of uplink interruption may occur = 30 DTCH TTI
- c) Due to loopback delay (up to 10 TTI), this means that 30 + 30 = 60 TTI loopback throughput may be lost due to gaps in uplink and downlink
- d) There are 98 TTI in the test interval (1.96 seconds)
- e) The remaining 98-60 = 38 TTI should have a BLER not exceeding 0.001+30% = 0.0013

Overall maximum allowed BLER is (38/98)\*0.0013 + (60/98)\*1 = 0.612

Note: Since 1280 ms is one of the typical values for repeating system information blocks,  $T_{SI}$  of 1280 ms could be increased by the RRC procedure delay in order to allow the SIB repetition period of 1280 ms.

Monitored set shall only include intra frequency

neighbours.

Included in the monitored set.

## A.6 RRC Connection Control

## A.6.1 RRC Re-establishment delay

### A.6.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose is to verify that the RRC re-establishment delay is within the specified limits. These tests will verify the requirements in section 6.1.2.

#### A.6.1.1.1 TEST 1

Monitored cell list size

Reporting frequency

Cell 2

Τ1

T2

The test parameters are given in table A.6.1 and table A.6.2 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting shall be used. The test consist of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time period T2, the dedicated channel is removed.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH Parameters		DL Reference	As specified in TS 25.101, section A.3.1
		measurement	
		channel 12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Active cell, initial condition		Cell 1	
Active cell, final condition		Cell 2	
N313		20	
N315		1	
T313	Seconds	0	
T <sub>SI</sub>	ms	1280	Time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell (ms).

24

4

6

10

Seconds

s

s

#### Table A.6.1 General test parameters for RRC re-establishment delay, Test 1

Parameter	Unit	C	ell 1	C	ell 2		
		T1	T2	T1	T2		
Cell Frequency	ChNr	1		1			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15	-15		
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1 -Infinity		Not applicable			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	2,39	-Infinity	4,39	0,02		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-70		·			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-15	-Infinity	-13			
Propagation Condition	Propagation Condition AWGN						
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop							
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to							
or .							

Table A.6.2 Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 1

#### A.6.1.1.2 TEST 2

The test parameters are given in table A.6.3 and table A.6.4 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting shall be used. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the start of time period T2, the dedicated channel is removed.

Table A.6.3 General test parameters for RRC re-establishment delay, Test 2	2
----------------------------------------------------------------------------	---

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH Parameters		DL Reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101, section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell, initial condition		Cell 1	
Active cell, final condition		Cell 2	
N313		20	
N315		1	
T313	Seconds	0	
T <sub>SI</sub>	ms	1280	Time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell (ms). Note: Since 1280 ms is one of the typical values for repeating system information blocks, $T_{SI}$ of 1280 ms could be increased by the RRC procedure delay in order to allow the SIB repetition period of 1280 ms.
Monitored cell list size		24	Monitored set shall include 2 additional frequencies.
Cell 2			Cell 2 is not included in the monitored set. Cell 2 is located on one of the 2 additional frequencies of the monitored set.
Reporting frequency	Seconds	4	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	6	

Parameter	Unit	C	ell 1	C	ell 2	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	
Cell Frequency	ChNr	1		2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15		
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	-Infinity	Not applicable		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2	-0.941	-0.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-3,35	-Infinity	-Infinity	0,02	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-15	-Infinity	-Infinity	-13	
Propagation Condition		AWGN				
NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop						
NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to $I_{or}$ .						

Table A.6.4 Cell specific parameters for RRC re-establishment delay test, Test 2

#### A.6.1.2 Test Requirements

#### A.6.1.2.1 Test 1

The Re-establishment delay T<sub>RE-ESTABLISH</sub> to a known cell shall be less than 1.9s.

The rate of correct RRC re-establishments observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The Re-establishment delay in this case can be expressed as

 $T_{RE-ESTABLISH} = T_{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH} + T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-KNOWN}$ .

where

T<sub>RRC-RE-ESTABLISH</sub>=160ms+(N<sub>313</sub>-1)\*10ms+T<sub>313</sub>

 $T_{UE-RE-ESTABLISH\_REQ-KNOWN} = 50ms + T_{search} + T_{SI} + T_{RA}$ ,

N<sub>313</sub>=20

T<sub>313</sub>=0s

T<sub>search</sub>=100ms

 $T_{RA}$  = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. 40 ms is assumed in this test case.

 $T_{SI}$  is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell (ms). 1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 1820ms, allow 1.9s in the test case.

#### A.6.1.2.2 Test 2

The Re-establishment delay to an unknown cell shall be less than 4.2s.

The rate of correct RRC re-establishments observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The Re-establishment delay in this case can be expressed as

 $T_{\text{RE-ESTABLISH}} = T_{\text{RRC-RE-ESTABLISH}} + T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-UNKNOWN}}.$ 

where

 $T_{RRC\text{-}RE\text{-}ESTABLISH}{=}160ms{+}(N_{313}{-}1){*}10ms{+}T_{313}$ 

 $T_{\text{UE-RE-ESTABLISH-REQ-UNKNOWN}} = 50 \text{ms} + T_{\text{search}} * NF + T_{SI} + T_{RA},$ 

N<sub>313</sub>=20

T<sub>313</sub>=0s

T<sub>search</sub>=800ms

NF is the number of different frequencies in the monitored set. 3 frequencies are assumed in this test case.

 $T_{RA}$  = The additional delay caused by the random access procedure. 40 ms is assumed in this test case.

 $T_{SI}$  is the time required for receiving all the relevant system information data according to the reception procedure and the RRC procedure delay of system information blocks defined in 25.331 for a UTRAN cell (ms).1280 ms is assumed in this test case.

This gives a total of 4120ms, allow 4.2s in the test case.

### A.6.2 Random Access

#### A.6.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of these tests is to verify that the behaviour of the random access procedure is according to the requirements and that the PRACH power settings and timing are within specified limits. This tests will verify the requirements in section 6.3.2 and section 7.4.2.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
Number of other transmitted Acquisition Indicators	-	0
AICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is not transmitted	dB	-0.941
OCNS_Ec/lor when an AI is transmitted	dB	-1.516
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

Table A.6.5: RF Parameters for Random Access test

The test parameters "System Information Block (SIB) type 5 (ASC #0)" defined in section 6.1 of TS34.108, shall be used in all random access tests. Crucial parameters for the test requirements are repeated in Table A.6.6 and A.6.7 and these overrule the parameters defined in SIB type 5.

Parameter	Unit	Value
Access Service Class (ASC#0)		
	01	1
<ul> <li>Persistence value</li> </ul>		
Maximum number of preamble		2
ramping cycles (M <sub>max</sub> ).		
Maximum number of		12
preambles in one preamble		
ramping cycle		
(Preamble Retrans Max)		
The backoff time T <sub>B01</sub>	ms	N/A
N <sub>B01min=</sub> N <sub>B01max</sub>	#TTI	10
		_
Power step when no	dB	3
acquisition indicator is		
received		
(Power offset P0)	ģ	
Power offset between the last	dB	0
transmitted preamble and the		
control part of the message		
(Power offset P p-m)	ģ	
Maximum allowed UL TX	dBm	21
power		

 Table A.6.6: UE parameters for Random Access test

#### Table A.6.7: UTRAN parameters for Random Access test

Parameter	Unit	Value
Primary CPICH DL TX power	dBm	-8
UL interference	dBm	-92
SIR in open loop power	dB	-10
control (Constant value)		
AICH Power Offset	dB	0

#### A.6.2.2 Test Requirements

#### A.6.2.2.1 Correct behaviour when receiving an ACK

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a ACK on the AICH has been received and then transmit a message. An ACK shall be transmitted after 10 preambles have been received by the UTRAN.

The absolute power applied to the first preamble shall be -30 dBm with an accuracy as specified in section 6.4.1.1 of TS 25.101 [3]. The relative power applied to additional preambles shall have an accuracy as specified in section 6.5.2.1 of TS 25.101 [3].

The UE shall transmit 10 preambles and 1 message.

The transmit timing of all PRACH transmissions shall be within the accuracy specified in subclause 7.4.2.

#### A.6.2.2.2 Correct behaviour when receiving an NACK

The UE shall stop transmitting preambles upon a NACK on the AICH has been received and then repeat the ramping procedure when the back off timer  $T_{B01}$  expires. The NACK shall be transmitted after the 10 preambles have been received by the UTRAN.

The UE shall transmit 10 preambles in the first ramping cycle and no transmission shall be done by the UE within 100 ms after the NACK has been transmitted by the UTRAN. Then the UE shall start the second preamble ramping cycle.

#### A.6.2.2.3 Correct behaviour at Time-out

The UE shall stop transmit preambles when reaching the maximum number of preambles allowed in a cycle. The UE shall then repeat the ramping procedure until the maximum number of preamble ramping cycles are reached. No ACK/NACK shall be sent by UTRAN during this test.

The UE shall transmit 2 preambles cycles, consisting of 12 preambles in each preamble cycle.

#### A.6.2.2.4 Correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

The UE shall not exceed the maximum allowed UL TX power configured by the UTRAN. No ACK/NACK shall be sent by UTRAN during this test.

The absolute power of any preambles belonging to the first or second preamble cycle shall not exceed 0 dBm with more than the tolerance given in section 6.5.

#### Table A.6.7A: Specific UE parameter for correct behaviour when reaching maximum transmit power

Parameter	Unit	Value
Maximum allowed UL TX power	dBm	0
Power step when no acquisition	dB	6
indicator is received		
(Power offset P0)		

### A.6.3 (void)

### A.6.4 Transport format combination selection in UE

#### A.6.4.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose is to verify the UE blocks (stops using) a currently used TFC when the UE output power is not sufficient to support that TFC. This test will verify the general requirement on TFC selection in section 6.4.

#### A.6.4.1.1 Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps

The test will verify the general requirement on TFC selection in section 6.4 for a RAB intended for packet data services, i.e. Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64kbps as defined in TS 34.108.

The test parameters are given in Table A.6.8, A.6.9 and Table A.6.10 below. The test consists of 2 successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

Details on the UL reference RAB in table A.6.8 and A.6.9 can be found in TS 34.108 section "Interactive or background / UL:64 DL: 64 kbps / PS RAB + UL:3.4 DL:3.4 kbps SRBs for DCCH".

	TFI	64 kbps RAB (20ms TTI)	DCCH 3.4kbps (40ms TTI)
TFS	TF0, bits	0x336	0x148
	TF1, bits	1x336	1x148
	TF2, bits	2x336	N/A
	TF3, bits	3x336	N/A
	TF4, bits	4x336	N/A

#### Table A.6.8: UL reference RAB, Interactive or Background

TFCI	(64 kbps RAB, DCCH)
UL_TFC0	(TF0, TF0)
UL_TFC1	(TF0, TF1)
UL_TFC2	(TF1, TF0)
UL_TFC3	(TF1, TF1)
UL_TFC4	(TF2, TF0)
UL_TFC5	(TF2, TF1)
UL_TFC6	(TF3, TF0)
UL_TFC7	(TF3, TF1)
UL_TFC8	(TF4, TF0)
UL_TFC9	(TF4, TF1)

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#### Table A.6.10: General test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
TFCS size		10	
TFCS		UL_TFC0, UL_TFC1, UL_TFC2, UL_TFC3, UL_TFC4, UL_TFC5, UL_TFC6, UL_TFC7, UL_TFC8, UL_TFC9	
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	dBm	21	
T1	S	30	
T2	S	2	
Propagation condition		AWGN	

The radio conditions in the test shall be sufficient, so that decoding of the TPC commands can be made without errors.

The amount of available user data shall be sufficient to allow uplink transmission at the highest bit rate (UL\_TFC8 or UL\_TFC9) during the entire test and it shall be ensured that the UE is using UL\_TFC8 or UL\_TFC9 at the end of T1.

The test shall be performed in the following way:

#### **Before time period T1:**

The allowed TFCS according to table A.6.10 shall be signalled to the UE.

#### **During time period T1:**

The system simulator shall ensure that the UE output power is commanded to be between 14 to 15 dB below the UE Maximum allowed UL TX power.

#### **During time period T2:**

The system simulator shall continously send TPC\_cmd=1 to the UE from the beginning of T2 until the end of T2.

NOTE: This will emulate that UL\_TFC8 to UL\_TFC9 can not be supported beacuse the UE reaches the maximum UL Tx power and still UTRAN is sending power-up commands. The time from the beginning of T2 until the UE blocks (stops using) UL\_TFC8 and UL\_TFC9 shall be measured.

#### A.6.4.2 Test Requirements

#### A.6.4.2.1 Interactive or Background, PS, UL: 64 kbps

The UE shall have stopped using UL\_TFC8 and UL\_TFC9 within 140 ms from beginning of time period T2.

The rate of correct tests observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The delay from the begining of T2 can be expressed as:

 $T_{ramp} + T_{detect\_block} + T_{notify} + T_{modify} + T_{L1\_proc} + T_{align\_TTI}$ 

where:

T <sub>ramp</sub>	Margin added for the increase of UE output power to the UE maximum power. A margin of 1 frame (10ms) is used, i.e. 15 TPC commands.
$T_{detect\_block}$	The time needed to detect that UL_TFC8 and UL_TFC9 can no longer be supported, i.e. defines the maximum time to detect that the <i>Elimination</i> criterion is fulfilled for UL_TFC8 and UL_TFC9. According to X and Y values of 15 and 30 as defined in Section 6.4.2 and by assuming the maximum misalignment between the frame boundary, where the evaluation of the <i>Elimination</i> criterion is performed and the last slot needed for triggering the <i>Elimination</i> criterion on L1, $T_{detect\_block}$ becomes 15 slots +14 slots =19.33 ms.
$T_{notify}$	Equal to 15 ms, the time allowed for MAC to indicate to higher layers that UL_TFC8 and UL_TFC9 can no longer be supported.
$T_{\text{modify}}$	Equal to MAX( $T_{adapt_max}, T_{TTI}$ ) = MAX(0, 40)=40ms
$T_{adapt\_max}$	Equals to 0ms for the case without codec.
$T_{L1\_proc}$	Equals 15ms.
$T_{align\_TTI}$	Align with the longest uplink TTI where the new TFC can be selected. The worst case equals 40ms in this test case.
T <sub>TTI</sub>	See section 6.4.2. Equals 40 ms in the test case.

This gives a maximum delay of (10 + 19.33 + 15 + 40 + 15 + 40) ms= 139.33 ms from the beginning of T2, allow 140 ms in the test case.

### A.6.5 (void)

Table A.6.11: (void)

Table A.6.12: (void)

#### Table A.6.13: (void)

## A.6.6 E-TFC restriction in UE

#### A.6.6.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose is to verify the UE stops using a currently used E-TFC when its remaining power margin is not sufficient to support that E-TFC, and resumes using that E-TFC when its remaining power margin is sufficient to support it. This test will verify the general requirement on E-TFC selection in section 6.4.

#### A.6.6.1.1 10ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction testcase

The test will verify the general requirement on E-TFC restriction and recovery in section 6.4 for a 10ms TTI E-DCH Transport Block Size Table 0 [19].

The test parameters are given in Table A.6.14 below. The test consists of 2 time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The UE shall be configured to transmit UL DTCH data continuously on the DPCH. An HSDPA radio bearer shall be configured so that the UE transmits ACK and UL HS-DPCCH. An E-DCH radio bearer shall be configured, so that UE is transmitting E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
UL DPCH configuration		12.2kbps reference	
gg		measurement channel	
E-DCH Transport Block		10ms TTI E-DCH Transport	
Size Table		Block Size Table 0 according to	
		25.321 annex B.3	
UL Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Maximum allowed UL TX power	dBm	24	For a class 4 UE maximum allowed TX power can still be signalled as 24dBm however the UE only has capability to transmit
Drene action condition			21dBm
Propagation condition		AWGN 9/15	Care needs to be taken
βα/βς		9/13	to ensure that TFCS with $\beta_d/\beta_c = 9/15$ is always used even during power limited part of the test in T2
A <sub>hs</sub>		2	$\Delta_{ACK}=\Delta_{NACK}=\Delta_{CQI}$
A <sub>ec</sub>		2	
$\beta_{ed,ref}/\beta_{C}$		5/15	
L <sub>ref</sub>		1	
K <sub>ref</sub>		18	
$\Delta_{harg}$	dB	0	
PL <sub>non-max</sub>		0.52	
E-DCH minimum set E-TFI		0	Makes E-DCH transport block size with index 0 unblockable even in power limited phase
Periodicity for Scheduling Info		Every TTI	Ensures that some data is sent on every TTI even in the power limited phase
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions		0	
T1	S	2	
T2	S	2	

Table A.6.14: General test parameters	Table	A.6.14:	General	test	parameters
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The radio conditions in the test shall be sufficient, so that decoding of the TPC commands can be made without errors.

The amount of available user data shall be sufficient to allow E-DCH uplink transmission at the highest possible bit rate with E-DCH TB index 127. It shall also be ensured that sufficient data is made available on the DTCH so that the UE is continuously transmitting on the DPCH.

The test shall be performed in the following way:

#### **Initial conditions:**

Call is established with DCH, HSDPA and E-DCH radio bearers. An absolute grant with the value 31 is sent on the E-AGCH to give the UE sufficient grants to make use of the maximum possible data rate.

#### Before time period T1:

The UE shall be transmitting at its maximum DPCCH power and the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate use of E-TFCI with index 0.

#### **During time period T1:**

From the start of T1 the system simulator shall send sufficient consecutive TPC\_cmd= -1 to the UE until the DPCCH power is between 0dBm and 1dBm for a power class 3 UE, or between -4dBm and -3dBm for a power class 4 UE. Within 45ms from the start of T1, the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate use of E-TFCI 127, or the E-TFCI which represents the maximum of the UE's capabilities.

#### **Before time period T2:**

The UE  $P_{DPCCH}$  power shall be between 0dBm and 1dBm for a power class 3 UE, or between -4dBm and -3dBm for a power class 4 UE, and the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate either be not transmitted or use of E-TFCI 127, or the E-TFCI which represents the maximum of the UE's capabilities.

#### **During time period T2:**

The system simulator shall continuously send TPC\_cmd=1 to the UE from the beginning of T2 until the end of T2. Within 45ms from the start of T2, the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate use of E-TFCI with index 0.

NOTE: During this phase the UE may perform DTX of the E-DPDCH in accordance with [18] clause 5.1.2.6.

Time periods T1 and T2 shall be repeated until the necessary statistical confidence is achieved.

#### A.6.6.1.1.1 Test Requirements

During time period T1, uplink power control shall be adjusted so that the UE is able to make use of E-TFC index 127, or the maximum of its capabilities if this is lower.

NOTE: The required headroom to support E-TFC 127 can be calculated using the parameters  $L_{ref}=1$ ,  $K_{ref}=18$  and  $K_{127}=20000$ . This requires {(5006)\*3+12}\*4=60120 before rate matching/ARQ. This can be transmitted on 2xSF/2 codes, so needs equivalent of 4xSF/4 codes, giving  $L_{127}=4$ .

Substituting into the equation for  $\beta_{ed,j,harq}$  from 25.214:

$$\beta_{ed,j,harq} = \beta_{ed,ref} \sqrt{\frac{L_{e,ref}}{L_{e,j}}} \sqrt{\frac{K_{e,j}}{K_{e,ref}}} \cdot 10^{\left(\frac{\Delta_{harq}}{20}\right)}$$

gives

 $\beta_{ed,j,harq} = 5 * sqrt (1/4) * sqrt (20000 / 18) = 83.333$ 

For the SF/2 case, the unquantised gain factor  $\beta_{ed,k,j,uq}$  for each of these two codes is according to

$$eta_{ed,k,j,uq} = eta_{ed,k,j,uq} = \sqrt{2 imes eta_{ed,j,harq}}$$

 $\beta_{ed,k,j,uq} = \text{sqrt}(2) * 83.333 = 117.85$ 

 $\beta_{ed,k}$  is set such that  $\beta_{ed,k}/\beta_c$  is the largest quantized value of Table 1B.2 in [3] subclause 4.2.1.3, for which the condition  $\beta_{ed,k} \leq \beta_{ed,k,j,uq}$  holds.

According to 25.213 Table 1B.2 in subclause 4.2.1.3, the corresponding quantised amplitude ratio has index 25,  $A_{ed} = \beta_{ed}/\beta_c = 106/15$  for each of the two SF/2 E-DPDCH codes.

The E-TFC selection MPR for this case from 25.133 table 6.2 corresponds to case 6, or an E-TFC MPR of 0.5dB.

$$NRPM_{j} = \left(PMax_{j} - P_{DPCCH} - P_{DPDCH} - P_{HS-DPCCH} - P_{E-DPCCH}\right) / P_{DPCCH}$$
$$= \frac{PMax_{j}}{P_{DPCCH}} - \frac{\beta_{c}^{2} + \beta_{d}^{2} + \beta_{ec}^{2} + \beta_{hs}^{2}}{\beta_{c}^{2}}$$
$$= \frac{PMax_{j}}{P_{DPCCH}} - \left(1 + \frac{\beta_{d}^{2}}{\beta_{c}^{2}} + A_{ec}^{2} + A_{hs}^{2}\right)$$

For a power class 3 UE  $PMax_i = 23.5dBm = 223.87mW$ , or for a power class 4 UE,  $PMax_i = 20.5dBm = 112.20mW$ 

The inequality for support of E-TFC with index 127 is

$$223.87/P_{DPCCH} - (1 + (9^2/15^2) + 2^2 + 2^2) \ge 106^2/15^2 + 106^2/15^2 \text{ (class 3)}$$
$$112.20/P_{DPCCH} - (1 + (9^2/15^2) + 2^2 + 2^2) \ge 106^2/15^2 + 106^2/15^2 \text{ (class 4)}$$

This is satisfied if  $P_{DPCCH} \le (223.87/109.23) = 2.04 \text{mW} = 3.11 \text{dBm}$  for a class 3 UE or  $P_{DPCCH} \le (112.20/109.23) = 1.03 \text{mW} = 0.12 \text{dBm}$  for a class 4 UE.

From table 6.0A the accuracy of the  $P_{DPCCH}$  estimate used for E-TFC selection in this scenario is ±2dB for power class 3 or ±2.5dB for power class 4. Therefore, for  $P_{DPCCH} \le 1.11$ dBm (class 3) or -2.38dBm (class 4), the UE shall be able to support E-TFC index 127. Since power control granularity is 1dB, the UE output power should be maintained so that 0dBm  $\le P_{DPCCH} \le 1$ dBm throughout this phase for a class 3 UE, or so that -4dBm  $\le P_{DPCCH} \le -3$ dBm throughout this phase for a class 4 UE.

- NOTE: Test tolerance may need to be added to further reduce the UE DPCCH power further by RAN5, depending on how accurately tester can set and maintain UE DPCCH power.
- NOTE: The required time to start using E-TFC index 127 or the maximum of the UEs cababilites at the beginning of T1, and to start using E-TFC with index 0 at the beginning of T2 can be calculated as follows.

Since TPC commands are received error free by the UE,  $P_{DPCCH}$  shall reach the new power level power within 25 slots = 16.666ms.

The UE shall have evaluated and started to use the new restriction criteria with  $T_s =$  (Power level change time +  $P_{DPCCH}$  filtering period + E-TFC estimation rate + Maximum time from RGCH reception to E-TFC transmission) from the start of the time period

= 16.66ms + 10ms + 10ms + 7.53ms

= 44.19ms, allow 45ms

The rate of correct tests observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

#### A.6.6.1.2 2ms TTI E-DCH E-TFC restriction testcase

The test will verify the general requirement on E-TFC restriction and recovery in section 6.4 for a 2ms TTI E-DCH Transport Block Size Table 0 [19].

The test parameters are given in Table A.6.15 below. The test consists of 2 time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The UE shall be configured to transmit UL DTCH data continuously on the DPCH. An HSDPA radio bearer shall be configured so that the UE transmits ACK and UL HS-DPCCH. An E-DCH radio bearer shall be configured, so that UE is transmitting E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
UL DPCH configuration		12.2kbps reference	
gg		measurement channel	
E-DCH Transport Block		2ms TTI E-DCH Transport Block	
Size Table		Size Table 0 according to	
		25.321 annex B.1	
UL Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Maximum allowed UL TX	dBm	24	For a class 4 UE
power			maximum allowed TX power can still be signalled as 24dBm however the UE only has capability to transmit 21dBm
Propagation condition		AWGN	
β <sub>d</sub> /β <sub>c</sub>		9/15	Care needs to be taken to ensure that TFCS with $\beta_d/\beta_c = 9/15$ is always used even during power limited part of the test in T2
A <sub>hs</sub>		2	$\Delta_{ACK}=\Delta_{NACK}=\Delta_{CQI}$
A <sub>ec</sub>		2	
β <sub>ed,ref</sub> /β <sub>C</sub>		5/15	
L <sub>ref</sub>		1	
K <sub>ref</sub>		18	
$\Delta_{harg}$	dB	0	
PL <sub>non-max</sub>	ub.	0.52	
E-DCH minimum set E-TFI		0	Makes E-DCH transport block size with index 0 unblockable even in power limited phase
Periodicity for Scheduling Info		Every TTI	Ensures that some data is sent on every TTI even in the power limited phase
E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions		0	
T1	S	2	
1.1			

Table A.6.1	5: General	test	parameters
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The radio conditions in the test shall be sufficient, so that decoding of the TPC commands can be made without errors.

The amount of available user data shall be sufficient to allow E-DCH uplink transmission at the highest possible bit rate with E-DCH TB index 127. It shall also be ensured that sufficient data is made available on the DTCH so that the UE is continuously transmitting on the DPCH.

The test shall be performed in the following way:

#### **Initial conditions:**

Call is established with DCH, HSDPA and E-DCH radio bearers. An absolute grant with the value 31 is sent on the E-AGCH to give the UE sufficient grants to make use of the maximum possible data rate.

#### **Before time period T1:**

The UE shall be transmitting at its maximum DPCCH power and the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate use of E-TFCI with index 0.

#### **During time period T1:**

From the start of T1 the system simulator shall send sufficient consecutive TPC\_cmd= -1 to the UE until the DPCCH power is between 2dBm and 3dBm for a power class 3 UE, or between -1dBm and 0dBm for a power class 4 UE. Within 23ms from the start of T1, the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate use of E-TFCI 127, or the E-TFCI which represents the maximum of the UE's capabilities.

#### **Before time period T2:**

The UE  $P_{DPCCH}$  power shall be between 2dBm and 3dBm for a power class 3 UE, or between -1dBm and 0dBm for a power class 4 UE, and the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall either be not transmitted or indicate use of E-TFCI 127, or the E-TFCI which represents the maximum of the UE's capabilities.

#### **During time period T2:**

The system simulator shall continuously send TPC\_cmd=1 to the UE from the beginning of T2 until the end of T2. Within 23ms from the start of T2, the UE uplink E-DPCCH shall indicate use of E-TFCI with index 0.

NOTE: During this phase the UE may perform DTX of the E-DPDCH in accordance with [18] clause 5.1.2.6.

#### Time periods T1 and T2 shall be repeated until the necessary statistical confidence is achieved.

#### A.6.6.1.2.1 Test Requirements

During time period T1, uplink power control shall be adjusted so that the UE is able to make use of E-TFC index 127, or the maximum of its capabilities if this is lower.

NOTE: The required headroom to support E-TFC 127 can be calculated using the parameters  $L_{ref}=1$ ,  $K_{ref}=18$  and  $K_{127}=11484$ . This requires {(3836)\*3+12}\*3 =34560 bits before rate matching/ARQ. This can be transmitted on 2xSF/2 codes and 2xSF/4 codes, so needs equivalent of 6xSF/4 codes, giving  $L_{127}=6$ .

Substituting into the equation for  $\beta_{ed,j,harq}$  from 25.214:

$$\beta_{ed,j,harq} = \beta_{ed,ref} \sqrt{\frac{L_{e,ref}}{L_{e,j}}} \sqrt{\frac{K_{e,j}}{K_{e,ref}}} \cdot 10^{\left(\frac{\Delta_{harq}}{20}\right)}$$

gives

$$\beta$$
ed,j,harq= 5 \* sqrt (1/6) \* sqrt (11484 / 18) = 51.56

For the SF/2 codes, the unquantised gain factor  $\beta_{ed,k,j,uq}$  for each of these two codes is according to  $\beta_{ed,k,j,uq} = \beta_{ed,k,j,uq} = \sqrt{2} \times \beta_{ed,i,hara}$ 

 $\Box$  ed,k,j,uq= sqrt(2) \* 51.56 = 72.91

And for the SF/4 codes, the unquantised gain factor is  $\beta_{ed,k,j,uq} = 51.56$ 

 $\beta_{ed,k}$  is set such that  $\beta_{ed,k}/\beta_c$  is the largest quantized value of Table 1B.2 in [3] subclause 4.2.1.3, for which the condition  $\beta_{ed,k} \leq \beta_{ed,k,i,uq}$  holds.

According to 25.213 Table 1B.2 in subclause 4.2.1.3, the corresponding quantised amplitude ratio are  $A_{ed} = \beta_{ed}/\beta_c = 67/15$  for each of the two SF/2 E-DPDCH codes and  $A_{ed} = \beta_{ed}/\beta_c = 47/15$  for each of the two SF/4 codes

The E-TFC selection MPR for this case from 25.133 table 6.2 is 0.0dB.

$$NRPM_{j} = (PMax_{j} - P_{DPCCH} - P_{DPDCH} - P_{HS-DPCCH} - P_{E-DPCCH}) / P_{DPCCH}$$
$$= \frac{PMax_{j}}{P_{DPCCH}} - \frac{\beta_{c}^{2} + \beta_{d}^{2} + \beta_{ec}^{2} + \beta_{hs}^{2}}{\beta_{c}^{2}}$$
$$= \frac{PMax_{j}}{P_{DPCCH}} - \left(1 + \frac{\beta_{d}^{2}}{\beta_{c}^{2}} + A_{ec}^{2} + A_{hs}^{2}\right)$$

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For a power class 3 UE PMax<sub>i</sub> = 24dBm = 251.2mW, or for a power class 4 UE, PMax<sub>i</sub> = 21dBm = 125.9mW

The inequality for support of E-TFC with index 127 is

$$251.2/P_{DPCCH} - (1 + (9^2/15^2) + 2^2 + 2^2) \ge 47^2/15^2 + 47^2/15^2 + 67^2/15^2 + 67^2/15^2 (class 3)$$
$$125.9/P_{DPCCH} - (1 + (9^2/15^2) + 2^2 + 2^2) \ge 47^2/15^2 + 47^2/15^2 + 67^2/15^2 + 67^2/15^2 (class 4)$$

This is satisfied if  $P_{DPCCH} \le (251.2/68.9) = 3.64 \text{mW} = 5.61 \text{dBm}$  for a class 3 UE or  $P_{DPCCH} \le (125.9/68.9) = 1.82 \text{mW} = 2.61 \text{dBm}$  for a class 4 UE.

From table 6.0A the accuracy of the Pdpcch estimate used for E-TFC selection in this scenario is  $\pm 2dB$  for power class 3 or  $\pm 2.5dB$  for power class 4. Therefore, for  $P_{DPCCH} \leq 3.61dBm$  (class 3) or 0.11dBm (class 4), the UE shall be able to support E-TFC index 127. Since power control granularity is 1dB, the UE output power should be maintained so that  $2dBm \leq P_{DPCCH} \leq 3dBm$  throughout this phase for a class 3 UE, or so that  $-1dBm \leq P_{DPCCH} \leq 0dBm$  throughout this phase for a class 4 UE.

- NOTE: Test tolerance may need to be added to further reduce the UE DPCCH power further by RAN5, depending on how accurately tester can set and maintain UE DPCCH power.
- NOTE: The required time to start using E-TFC index 127 or the maximum of the UEs cababilites at the beginning of T1, and to start using E-TFC with index 0 at the beginning of T2 can be calculated as follows.

Since TPC commands are received error free by the UE,  $P_{DPCCH}$  shall reach the new power level power within 20 slots = 13.33ms.

The UE shall have evaluated and started to use the new restriction criteria with  $T_s =$  (Power level change time + Pdpcch filtering period + E-TFC estimation rate + Maximum time from RGCH reception to E-TFC transmission) from the start of the time period

= 13.33ms + 2ms + 2ms + 5.53ms

= 22.86ms, allow 23ms

The rate of correct tests observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

## A.7 Timing and Signalling Characteristics

## A.7.1 UE Transmit Timing

#### A.7.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE initial transmit timing accuracy, maximum amount of timing change in one adjustment, minimum and maximum adjustment rate are within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 7.1.2.

For this test two cells on the same frequency are used. Table A.7.1 defines the transmitted signal strengths, the relative timing and the propagation condition used for the two cells.

Parameter	Unit	Level
DPCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-13.5
CPICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-10
PCCPH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-15
OCNS_Ec/ lor, Cell 1 and Cell 2	dB	-1.2
Î <sub>or,</sub> Cell 1	dBm/3,84 MHz	-96
Î <sub>or,</sub> Cell 2	dBm/3,84 MHz	-99
Information data rate	kbps	12.2
Relative delay of path received from cell	μs	+/-2
2 with respect to cell 1		
Propagation condition	AWGN	

#### A.7.1.2 Test Requirements

For parameters specified in Table A.7.1, the UE initial transmit timing accuracy, the maximum amount of timing change in one adjustment, the minimum and the maximum adjustment rate shall be within the limits defined in section 7.1.2.

The relevant soft handover parameters shall be set such that the UE enters soft handover with cell 1 and cell 2 when both cells are sending a signal. The following sequence of events shall be used to verify that the requirements are met.

- a) After a connection is set up with cell 1, the test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is within  $T_0 + 1.5$  chips with respect to the first detected received path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.  $T_0$  is defined in TS 25.211[2].
- b) Test system introduces cell 2 into the test system at delay +2  $\mu$ s from cell 1.
- c) Test system verifies that cell 2 is added to the active set.
- d) Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is still within  $T_0 + 1.5$  chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- e) Test system switches Tx timing of cell 2 to a delay of  $-2 \,\mu s$  with respect to cell 1.
- f) Test system verifies cell 2 remains in the active set.
- g) Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset is still within  $T_0 + 1.5$  chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- h) Test system stops sending cell 1 signals.
- i) Test system verifies that UE transmit timing adjustment starts no later than the time when the whole active set update message is available at the UE taking the RRC procedure delay into account. The adjustment step size and the adjustment rate shall be according to the requirements in section 7.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within  $T_0$  +/- 1.5 chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- j) Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset stays within  $T_0 + 1.5$  chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- k) Test system starts sending cell 1 signal again with its original timing.
- 1) Test system verifies that cell 1 is added to the active set.
- m) Test system verifies that the UE transmit timing is still within  $T_0$  +/- 1.5chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 2.
- n) Test system stops sending cell 2 signals.

- o) Test system verifies that UE transmit timing adjustment starts no later than the time when the whole active set update message is available at the UE taking the RRC procedure delay into account. The adjustment step size and the adjustment rate shall be according to the requirements in section 7.1.2 until the UE transmit timing offset is within  $T_0$  +/- 1.5 chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.
- p) Test system shall verify that the UE transmit timing offset stays within  $T_0$  +/- 1.5 chips with respect to the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCCH/DPDCH of cell 1.

## A.8 UE Measurements Procedures

A.8.1 FDD intra frequency measurements

#### A.8.1.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

#### A.8.1.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2 and 9.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.1 and A.8.2 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of cell 2.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	
T1	S	5	
T2	S	5	
Т3	S	5	

#### Table A.8.1: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			Cell 2				
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	Т3		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			-15				
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1	Note 1 N/A						
OCNS		Note 2			-0.941				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	6.97	0	-Infinity	5.97	-Infinity		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70							
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14	-Infinity		
Propagation		AWGN							
Condition									
NOTE 1: The DPC									
NOTE 2: The powe	er of the OCN	S channel tha	t is added s	hall make th	e total power fr	om the cell to	be equal to		
I <sub>or</sub> .									

# Table A.8.2: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

#### A.8.1.1.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall send one Event 1B triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to 2 x TTI<sub>UL DCCH</sub> higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

# A.8.1.2 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

#### A.8.1.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of events. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2 and 9.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.3 and A.8.4. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A, 1C and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

# Table A.8.3: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Replacement activation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
T3	S	5	
T4	S	10	

#### Table A.8.4: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit		Ce	ell 1			Ce	ell 2			Ce	ell3	
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10				-10				-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/ lor	dB	-12				-12				-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				-12				-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15				-15				-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1				N/A				N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2				-0.941				-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	6.97	6.93	5.97	6.12	-Inf	9.43	6.97	7.62	5.97	6.93	-Inf	5.62
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-85				·		·			·		·
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-16	-14	-15.5	-Inf	-13.5	-13	-14	-14	-16	-Inf	-16
Propagation Condition	AWGN												
NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I <sub>or</sub> .													

#### A.8.1.2.2 Test Requirements

- a) The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T1.
- b) The UE may send one Event 1C triggered measurement report for Cell3 after the beginning of the time period T1.
- c) The UE shall send one Event 1C triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.
- d) The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.
- e) The UE shall send one Event 1B triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

- f) The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T4.
- g) The UE may send one Event 1C triggered measurement report for Cell2 after the beginning of the time period T4.
- h) The UE may send one Event 1C triggered measurement report for Cell3 after the beginning of the time period T4.
- i) The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to 2 x TTI<sub>UL DCCH</sub> higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

# A.8.1.3 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

#### A.8.1.3.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of events. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2 and 9.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.5 and A.8.6. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1B shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

#### Table A.8.5: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	3	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		32	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
Т3	S	10	
T4	S	10	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1					Cell 2			Cell3			
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-^	10			-1	0			-1	10	
PCCPCH_Ec/ lor	dB		-1	12			-1	12		-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-^	12			-1	12			-1	12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15				-1	15			-1	15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note 1				N/A			N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB		Note 2			-0.941				-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	14.55	28.51	14.45	28.51	-Inf	27.51	13.95	21.51	8.05	21.51	13.95	27.51
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz		-85										
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-13	-14.5	-13	-Inf	-14.0	-15	-20	-17.5	-20	-15	-14
Propagation Condition			AWGN										
NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I <sub>or</sub>													

#### Table A.8.6: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

#### A.8.1.3.2 Test Requirements

- a) The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.
- b) The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T3.
- c) The UE shall send one Event 1B triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T4.
- d) The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to  $2 \times TTI_{UL DCCH}$  higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

### A.8.1.4 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

#### A.8.1.4.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE performs sufficient layer 1 filtering of the measurements, see section 9.1, which are the base for the event evaluation. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.7 and A.8.8.In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and Event 1B shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20ms.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Reporting range	dB	0	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A and 1B
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	120	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24	Signalled before time T1.
T1	S	200	
T2	S	201	

# Table A.8.7: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

# Table A.8.8: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Ce	II 1	Ce	ell 2		
		T1	T1 T2		T2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-*	10	-'	10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12		12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12		12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-*	15	-'	15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 1	N	I/A		
OCNS		No	te 2	-0.	941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	7.29	3.29	3.29	7.29		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12	-16	-16	-12		
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in Annex B of TS25.101						
NOTE 1: The DPC NOTE 2: The power be equal	er of the OCNS			the total power f	rom the cell to		

#### A.8.1.4.2 Test Requirements

- a) The number of received event 1A reports for Cell 2 during time period T1 shall be less than 60.
- b) During the first 1 s of time period T2 no event reports shall be counted.
- c) The number of received event 1B reports counted from 1s after the beginning of time period T2 until the end of time period T2 shall be less than 60.

# A.8.1.5 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 1 fading condition

#### A.8.1.5.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event in Case1 fading propagation condition. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.8A and A.8.8B below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A shall be used and "CFN-SFN-Observed Time Difference" shall

be reported. The test consists of two successive time periods, with time duration of T1 and T2, respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of invisible cells.

#### Table A.8.8A: General test parameters for event triggered reporting in multi-cell pedestrian environment

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement	As specified in TS 25.101
		Channel 12.2 kbps	section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cells		Cell2, Cell3, Cell4	
Hysteresis	dB	0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	Applicable for event 1A
Filter coefficient		0	Applicable for event 1A
Reporting range R <sub>1a</sub>	dB	9	Applicable for event 1A
W		0	Applicable for event 1A
TriggeringCondition		activeSetAndMonitoredSetCells	Applicable for event 1A
Monitored cell list size		32	
T1	S	5	
T2	S	5	

#### Table 8.8B: Cell specific test parameters for event triggered reporting in multi-cell pedestrian environment

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ll 1	Cell 2		Cell 3		Cell 4	
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Chan	nel 1	Char	nel 1 Channel 1		Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	10	-'	10	-'	10	-'	10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-'	12	-'	12	-*	12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-'	12	-'	12	-*	12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	15	-'	15	-'	15	-*	15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	n.	a.	No	te 1	Not	te 1	Not	e 1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-0.9	941	No	te 2	Not	te 2	Not	e 2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-8	1.3	4.3	1.3	4.3	1.3	1.3	4.3
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz				-1	70			
<b>Propagation Condition</b>					Case 1	(3km/h)			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-∞	-17.6	-14.6	-17.6	-14.6	-17.6	-17.6	-14.6
$\frac{SCH\_\hat{E}_{c,\text{maxpath}}}{I_o}$	dB								-17.0
<ul> <li>NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.</li> <li>NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power equal to I<sub>or</sub>.</li> <li>NOTE 3: CPICH_Ec/lo and SCH_Ec_maxpath/lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable themselves.</li> </ul>									

#### A.8.1.5.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell 1 with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to 2 x TTI<sub>UL DCCH</sub> higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

# A.8.1.6 Event triggered reporting of multiple neighbour cells in Case 3 fading condition

#### A.8.1.6.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event in Case3 fading propagation condition. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.8C and A.8.8D below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 1F shall be used and "CFN-SFN-Observed Time Difference" shall be reported. The test consists of two successive time periods, with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of invisible cells.

# Table A.8.8C: General test parameters for event triggered reporting in multi-cell vehicular environment

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	/
Active cells		Cell2, Cell3, Cell4	
Hysteresis	dB	0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	Applicable for event 1A
Filter coefficient		0	Applicable for event 1A and event 1F
Reporting range <b>R</b> 1a	dB	8	Applicable for event 1A
W		0	Applicable for event 1A
TriggeringCondition		activeSetAndMonitoredSetCells	Applicable for event 1A
Absolute threshold $T_{1f}$	dB	-20	Applicable for event 1F
Time to Trigger	ms	0	Applicable for event 1F
TriggeringCondition		activeSet	Applicable for event 1F
Monitored cell list size		32	
T1	S	5	
T2	S	5	

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ell 1	Cel	Cell 2		Cell 3		II 4
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2
UTRA RF Channel Number		Cha	nnel 1	Chan	nel 1	Channel 1		Channel 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	10	-1	0	-'	10	-^	10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12	-1	2	-'	12	-^	12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-9	9.3	-9.	3	-9	.3	-9	.3
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	15	-1	5	-'	15	-^	15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	n	.a.	Not	e 1	Not	te 1	Not	e 1
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 2	Not	e 2	Not	te 2	Not	e 2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	-8	1.1	3.6	4.6	3.6	4.6	6.6	-8
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz				-70				
Propagation Condition				Ca	ase 3 (12	0km/h)			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-∞	-18.0	-16.5	-14.5	-16.5	-14.5	-13.5	-∞
$\frac{SCH\_\hat{E}_{c,\text{maxpath}}}{I_o}$	dB	-∞	-20.0	-18.5	-16.5	18.5	-16.5	-15.5	-8
NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop. NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power equal to $I_{or}$ .									
NOTE 3: CPICH_Ec/lo, SCH_Ec_maxpath/lo, and $I_o$ levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable themselves.									

#### Table 8.8D: Cell specific test parameters for event triggered reporting in multi-cell vehicular environment

#### A.8.1.6.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall send an Event 1A triggered measurement report for Cell 1, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2. The UE shall send an Event 1F triggered measurement report for Cell 4, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T2.

The rate of correct events 1A for Cell1 observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to 2 x TTI<sub>UL DCCH</sub> higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

### A.8.2 FDD inter frequency measurements

#### A.8.2.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

#### A.8.2.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter frequency measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.3.

The test consists of two successive time periods, with a time duration T1 and T2. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.9 and A.8.10 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 1A and 2C shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I0 of the best cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2C reporting.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
		12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		A.22 set 1	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Threshold non used	dB	-18	Absolute Ec/I0 threshold for event 2C
frequency			
Reporting range	dB	4	Applicable for event 1A
Hysteresis	dB	0	
W		1	Applicable for event 1A
W non-used frequency		1	Applicable for event 2C
Reporting deactivation threshold		0	Applicable for event 1A
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 on channel 1	Measurement control information is
		16 on channel 2	sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	5	

# Table A.8.9: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

# TableA.8.10: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ll 1	Cel	2	Cell 3		
		T1	T2	T1	T2	T1	T2	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1		Chanr	Channel 1		Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-*	10	-1(	C	-1	10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-′	12	-12	2	-1	12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		12	-12	2	-1	12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-*	15	-15	5	-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 1	N/A		N/A		
OCNS		No	te 2	-0.941		-0.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0	5.42	-Infinity	3.92	-1.8	-1.8	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz			70		-7	70	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14.5	-14	-14	
Propagation Condition	AWGN							
	l level is contro r of the OCNS o l <sub>or</sub>				the total po	ower from th	ne cell to	

#### A.8.2.1.2 Test Requirements

- a) The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 3.4 seconds from the beginning of time period T1.
- b) The UE shall send one Event 1A triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 956.2 ms from the beginning of time period T2. The UE shall not send any measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to  $2 \times TTI_{UL DCCH}$  higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

### A.8.2.2 Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

#### A.8.2.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter frequency measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.3. The test parameters are given in Table A.8.11 and A.8.12. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting 2C shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

Table A.8.11: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation
condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		A.22 set 2 (TGPL1=12)	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) for Event 2c	dB	-18	
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		Total 24 8 on frequency Channel 2	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
Propagation Condition		Case 5	As specified in Annex B of TS 25.101.
Frequency offset	ppm	+/- 0.1	Frequency offset between Cell 1 and Cell 2.
T1	S	2	
T2	S	15	

#### Table A.8.12: Test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Ce	ll 2		
		T1	T2	T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nel 1	Chan	inel 2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		N/A			
OCNS		Note 2		-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0		-Infinity	-1.8		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70		-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-1	3	-Infinity	-14		
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in Annex B of TS25.101						
Note 1: The DPCH level is a	1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop						
Note 2: The power of the O	Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to						
be equal to I <sub>or</sub>							

#### A.8.2.2.2 Test Requirements

- a) The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 13.5 seconds from the beginning of time period T2.
- b) The UE shall not send any measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

# A.8.2.3 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition using TGL1=14

#### A.8.2.3.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter frequency measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.3. The test parameters are given in Table A.8.12A and A.8.12B. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting 2C shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

## Table A.8.12A: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
		12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		A.22 set 4	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Absolute Threshold	dB	-18	
(Ec/N0) for Event 2c			
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		Total 24	Measurement control information is
		8 on frequency Channel 2	sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
Propagation Condition		Case 5	As specified in Annex B of TS 25.101.
Frequency offset	ppm	+/- 0.1	Frequency offset between Cell 1 and
			Cell 2.
T1	S	2	
T2	S	2	

#### Table A.8.12B: Test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Unit Cell 1 Ce		Cel	12	
		T1	T2	T1	T2			
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	inel 1	Chan	nel 2			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		-1	5			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		N/A				
OCNS		Note 2		-0.941				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	dB 0		-Infinity -1.8				
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-7	70	-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-1	3	-Infinity	-14			
Propagation Condition	Case	5 as specifie	d in Annex B	of TS25.101				
Note 1: The DPCH level is	e 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop							
Note 2: The power of the O								
be equal to $I_{or}$								

#### A.8.2.3.2 Test Requirements

- a) The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 1.7 seconds from the beginning of time period T2.
- b) The UE shall not send any measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

### A.8.2A FDD adjacent frequency measurements

The test cases under A.8.2A are only applicable to UEs that do not require compressed mode to measure cells on a frequency adjacent to the intra-frequency.

#### A.8.2A.1 Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

#### A.8.2A.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2 and 9.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.12C and A.8.12D below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C and 2E shall be used. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not have any timing information of cell 2.

# Table A.8.12C: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Parameter Unit Value		Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Threshold non used frequency	dB	-17	Absolute Ec/lo threshold for event 2C and 2E
Hysteresis	dB	0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E
W non-used frequency		0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E
Time to Trigger	Ms	0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E
Filter coefficient		0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E
Monitored cell list size		24 on channel 1 and 2 each	
T1	S	5	
T2	S	5	
Т3	S	5	

# Table A.8.12D: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting in AWGN propagation conditions

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				Cell 2	
		T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	T3
UTRA RF Channel Number			Channel 1			Channel 2	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			N/A		
OCNS		Note 2			-0.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0.02	0.02	0.02	-Infinity	-1.80	-Infinity
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70	·	·	·	·	·
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-13	-Infinity	-14	-Infinity
Propagation Condition		AWGN					
NOTE 1: The DPC NOTE 2: The power I <sub>or</sub> .					e total power f	rom the cell to	o be equal to

#### A.8.2A.1.2 Test Requirements

- a) The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.
- b) The UE shall send one Event 2E triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T3.
- c) The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to 2 x TTI<sub>UL DCCH</sub> higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

# A.8.2A.2 Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

#### A.8.2A.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of events. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2 and 9.1.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.12E and A.8.12F. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C and 2E shall be used and the periodical reporting of the events is not applied. The test consists of four successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. In the initial condition before the time T1 only Cell1 is active.

#### Table A.8.12E: General test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Active cell		Cell 1	
Threshold non used frequency	dB	-16	Absolute Ec/lo threshold for event 2C and 2E
Hysteresis	dB	0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E
W non-used frequency		0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E
Time to Trigger	Ms	0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E
Filter coefficient		0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E
Monitored cell list size		32	
T1	S	10	
T2	S	10	
Т3	S	10	
T4	S	10	

Parameter U	Unit		Cell 1			Cell 2			Cell 3				
	T1	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T1	T2	Т3	T4
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1			Channel 2			Channel 2					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10 -10 -10				10	0					
PCCPCH_Ec/lo r	dB	-12					-1	12	-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				-12			-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15					-15			-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1					N/A			N/A			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2				-0.941			-0.941				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	5.87	0.02	5.87	0.02	-Inf	-0.06	20.33	-8.73	-6.65	-6.56	21.93	-12.23
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz		-85										
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-13	-11	-13	-Inf	-13.5	-13.9	-19.5	-17.5	-20	-12.3	-23
Propagation Condition		AWGN											
NOTE 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I <sub>or</sub>													

#### Table A.8.12F: Cell specific test parameters for Event triggered reporting of two detectable neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

#### A.8.2A.2.2 Test Requirements

- a) The UE may send one Event 2C triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T1, and send one Event 2E triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200ms from the beginning of time period T2.
- b) The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.
- c) The UE shall send one Event 2C triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T3.
- d) The UE shall send one Event 2E triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T4.
- d) The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to 2 x TTI<sub>UL DCCH</sub> higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

### A.8.2A.3 Correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

#### A.8.2A.3.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE performs sufficient layer 1 filtering of the measurements, see section 9.1, which are the base for the event evaluation. The test is performed in fading propagation conditions. This test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.

The test parameters are given in Table A.8.12G and A.8.12H.In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2C and Event 2E shall be used. The test consists of two successive time periods, each with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively.

The TTI of the uplink DCCH shall be 20ms.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment			
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1			
-		12.2 kbps				
Power Control		On				
Active cell		Cell 1				
Threshold non used frequency for event 2C	dB	-12	Absolute Ec/lo threshold for event 2C			
Threshold non used frequency for event 2E	dB	-16	Absolute Ec/lo threshold for event 2E			
Hysteresis	dB	0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E			
W non-used frequency		0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E			
Time to Trigger	ms	120	Applicable for event 2C and 2E			
Filter coefficient		0	Applicable for event 2C and 2E			
Monitored cell list size		24	Signalled before time T1.			
T1	S	200				
T2	S	201				

# Table A.8.12G: General test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

# Table A.8.12H: Cell specific test parameters for correct reporting of neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ll 1	Cell 2			
		T1	T2	T1	T2		
UTRA RF		Chan	nel 1	Channel 2			
Channel Number		Ondi					
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Not	te 1	N/A			
OCNS		Not	te 2	-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	2.32	-4.74	-4.74	2.32		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70					
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-12	-16	-16	-12		
Propagation Condition	Case 5 as specified in Annex B of TS25.101						
NOTE 1: The DPC	H level is contro	lled by the power	r control loop				
NOTE 2: The power		channel that is ac	ded shall make	the total power f	rom the cell to		
be equal to I <sub>or</sub>							

#### A.8.2A.3.2 Test Requirements

- a) The number of received event 2C reports for Cell 2 during time period T1 shall be less than 60.
- b) During the first 1 s of time period T2 no event reports shall be counted.
- c) The number of received event 2E reports for Cell 2 counted from 1s after the beginning of time period T2 until the end of time period T2 shall be less than 60.

# A.8.2B FDD inter frequency measurements without compressed mode

The test case under A.8.2B is only applicable to a UE that is able to search enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode according to its measurement capability in the IE "Enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16].

# A.8.2B.1 Event triggered reporting using enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode

### A.8.2B.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of Event 2B when using enhanced interfrequency measurements without compressed mode. The test will partly verify the requirements for "Enhanced interfrequency measurements without compressed mode" in section 8.1.2.3.

The test consists of four successive time periods, T1, T2, T3 and T4, respectively. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.2B.1.1-1 and A.8.2B.1.1-2 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2B shall be used. The CPICH Ec/I0 of the cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2B reporting. As part of the preconditions, the UE shall use Channel 1 as the serving HS-DSCH cell and Channel 2 and Channel 3 as the secondary serving HS-DSCH cells.

#### Table A.8.2B.1.1-1: General test parameters for correct reporting of enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode

Pa	rameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH p	parameters		DL Reference Measurement	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
			Channel 12.2 kbps	
Powe	er Control		On	
Primary Servi	ing HS-DSCH Cell		Channel 1	
Secondary Ser	ving HS-DSCH Cell		Channel 2, Channel 3	
Absolute three	shold (Ec/ Io) used	dB	-13	Absolute Ec/ Io threshold for event 2B
fre	quency			
Absolute thre	shold (Ec/ lo) non	dB	-13	Absolute Ec/ Io threshold for event 2B
used	frequency			
Hy	steresis	dB	0	
Time	to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter	coefficient		0	
Bropogation	Cell 1		AWGN	
Propagation Condition	Cell 2		Case 5	See Annex B of TS 25.101
Condition	Cell 3		Case 5	See Annex B of TS 25.101
DL_D	RX_Active		0	Downlink DRX is not used
	T1	S	5	
	T2	S	2	
	T3	S	4	
	T4	S	1	

Parameter	Unit		Ce	1			Ce	ell 2			Ce	ell 3	
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4
UTRA RF		Channel 1			Channel 2					Channel 2			
Channel Number			Channel 1 Channel 2 Channel 3										
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	0			-	10			-	10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2			-	12			-	12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2			-	12			-	12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15 -15 -15										
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Note 1 N/A				N/A						
OCNS			Not	te 2			-0.	.941		-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	5.87	-4.74	5.87	-4.74	-Inf	5.87	-4.74	5.87	-Inf	5.87	-4.74	5.87
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz						-	70					
SCH _Ec/lo	dB	-13	-18	-13	-18	-Inf	-13	-18	-13	-Inf	-13	-18	-13
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-16	-11	-16	-Inf	-11	-16	-11	-Inf	-11	-16	-11
Propagation Condition			AWGN Case 5 Case 5										
	CH level is co er of the OCI						ie total p	ower fro	om the c	ell to b	e equal	to I <sub>or</sub>	

#### Table A.8.2B.1.1-2: Cell Specific parameters for correct reporting of enhanced inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode

#### A.8.2B.1.2 Test Requirements

- a) The UE shall send one Event 2B triggered measurement report each for both Cell 2 and Cell 3 with a measurement reporting delay less than 800 ms from the beginning of time period T2.
- b) The UE shall send one Event 2B triggered measurement report each for both Cell 2 and Cell 3 with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T4.
- c) The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% for each of the events and cells in T2 and T4.

### A.8.2C FDD detected set measurements

### A.8.2C.1 Event triggered reporting of interfrequency detected set measurements with compressed mode

The test case under A.8.2C.1 is only applicable to a UE that is able to support inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements.

### A.8.2C.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter frequency detected set cell measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.3.

The test consists of four successive time periods, T1, T2, T3 and T4 respectively. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.2C.1.1-1 and A.8.2C.1.1-2 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2B shall be used. The CPICH Ec/Io of the cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2B reporting. Cell 2 shall not be included in the monitored cell list.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
		Channel 12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode		Table A.22, set 4	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.5.
Active cell		Cell 1	On used frequency (RF Channel 1)
Neighbor cell		Cell 2	Non-used frequency (RF Channel 2)
Absolute threshold (Ec/ Io)		-13	Absolute Ec/ Io threshold for event 2B
used frequency			
Absolute threshold (Ec/ Io)	dB	-13	Absolute Ec/ Io threshold for event 2B
non used frequency			
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Propagation Cell 1		AWGN	
Condition Cell 2		Case 5	See Annex B of TS 25.101
DL DRX Active		0	Downlink DRX is not used
T1	S	5	
T2	S	40	
Т3	S	4	
T4	S	1	

## Table A.8.2C.1.1-1: General test parameters for correct reporting of inter-frequency detected cell with compressed mode

## Table A.8.2C.1.1-2: Cell Specific parameters for correct reporting of inter-frequency detected cell with compressed mode

Parameter	Unit		Ce	1			Cel	2	
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T2	Т3	T4
UTRA RF Channel Number			Chan	nel 1		Channel 2			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	0			-1	0	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2			-1:	2	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-1	2			-1:	2	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15 -15					5	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		Not	e 1		N/A			
OCNS		Note 2					-0.9	)41	
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	5.87	-4.74	5.87	-4.74	-Inf	5.87	-4.74	5.87
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz				-7	70			
SCH _Ec/lo	dB	-13	-18	-13	-18	-Inf	-13	-18	-13
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-16	-11	-16	-Inf	-11	-16	-11
Propagation Condition		AWGN				Cas	e 5		
	I level is controlled r of the OCNS char					tal power	from the	cell to be	equal

### A.8.2C.1.2 Test Requirements

- a) The UE shall send one Event 2B triggered measurement report with the IE "Detected Set Trigger" set, with a measurement reporting delay less than 30 seconds from the beginning of time period T2.
- b) The UE shall send one Event 2B triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 480 ms from the beginning of time period T4.
- c) The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% for each of the events in T2 and T4.

### A.8.2C.2 Event triggered reporting of inter frequency detected set measurements without compressed mode

The test case under A.8.2C.1 is only applicable to a UE that is able to support inter frequency detected set CPICH measurements and to search inter-frequency measurements without compressed mode according to its measurement capability in the IE "Adjacent Frequency measurements without compressed mode", the IE "Inter-band Frequency measurements without compressed mode", the IE "Inter-band Frequency measurements without compressed mode" defined in section 10.3.3.21 of TS 25.331 [16].

### A.8.2C.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter frequency detected set cell measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.3.

The test consists of four successive time periods T1, T2, T3 and T4. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.2C.2.1-1 and A.8.2C.2.1-2 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2B shall be used. The CPICH Ec/Io of the cell on the unused frequency shall be reported together with Event 2B reporting. Cell 2 shall not be included in the monitored cell list.

### Table A.8.2C.2.1-1: General test parameters for correct reporting of inter-frequency detected cell without compressed mode

Paran	neter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH par	ameters		DL Reference Measurement	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
			Channel 12.2 kbps	
Power (	Control		On	
Active	e cell		Cell 1	
Neighb	or cell		Cell 2	
Absolute thre		dB	-13	Absolute Ec/Io threshold for event 2B
used fre				
Absolute thre		dB	-13	Absolute Ec/Io threshold for event 2B
non used f	frequency			
Hyste	resis	dB	0	
Time to	Trigger	ms	0	
Filter co	efficient		0	
Propagation	Cell 1		AWGN	
Condition	Cell 2		Case 5	See Annex B of TS 25.101
DL_DRX	(_Active		0	Downlink DRX is not used
T	T1		5	
T	T2		40	
T	3	S	4	
T-	4	S	1	

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1 Cell 2								
		T1	T2	Т3	T4	T1	T2	T3	T4	
UTRA RF Channel Number		Channel 1 Channel 2								
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-^	10			-'	10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-′	12			-'	12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-^	12			-'	12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-′	15			- '	15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB		No	te 1			N	/A		
OCNS			No	te 2			-0.	.941		
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	5.87	-4.74	5.87	-4.74	-Inf	5.87	-4.74	5.87	
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz				-7	0				
SCH _Ec/lo	dB	-13	-18	-13	-18	-Inf	-13	-18	-13	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-11	-16	-11	-16	-Inf	-11	-16	-11	
Propagation Condition		AWGN Case 5								
	Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop									

## Table A.8.2C.2.1-2: Cell Specific parameters for correct reporting of inter-frequency detected cell without compressed mode

### A.8.2C.2.2 Test Requirements

to I<sub>or</sub>

- a) The UE shall send one Event 2B triggered measurement report with the IE "Detected Set Trigger" set, with a measurement reporting delay less than 30 seconds from the beginning of time period T2.
- b) The UE shall send one Event 2B triggered measurement report, with a measurement reporting delay less than 200 ms from the beginning of time period T4.
- c) The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90% for each of the events in T2 and T4.

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A.8.3 (void)

- Table A.8.13: (void) Table A.8.14: (void) Table A.5.14A: (void) Table A.8.14B: (void) Table A.8.14C: (void) Table A.8.14D: (void)
- A.8.4 GSM measurements

# A.8.4.1 Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

### A.8.4.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of these tests is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter-RAT GSM measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.5. The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode, in which case no compressed mode pattern should be sent for the parameters specified in table A8.15.

The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration T1, T2 and T3. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.15, A.8.16 and A.8.17 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 3B and 3C shall be used.

### A.8.4.1.1.1 Test 1. With BSIC verification required

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
- GSM carrier RSSI measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
- GSM Initial BSIC identification		Pattern 2	As specified in section 8.1.2.5.2.1 table 8.7.
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
N Identify abort		66	Taken from table 8.7.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	7	
Т3	S	5	

# Table A.8.15: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition, Test 1

# Table A.8.16: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
		T1, T2, T3
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1
Number		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1
OCNS		Note 2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/	-85
	3,84	
	MHz	
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN
		olled by the power control loop.
Note 2: The power of the	ne OCNS	channel that is added shall make the total
power from the	cell to be	e equal to I <sub>or</sub> .

# Table A.8.17: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 2				
Falailletei	Unit	T1	T2	Т3		
Absolute RF Channel Number		А	RFCN 1			
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-75	-85		

#### A.8.4.1.1.2 Test 2: Without BSIC verification required

# Table A.8.18: General test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition, Test 2

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
		12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - GSM carrier RSSI			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns
measurement		DL Compressed mode reference pattern 2 in Set 2	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		not required	
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3B and 3C.
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		24 FDD neighbours on Channel 1 6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	2	
Т3	S	5	

### Table A.8.19: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 1)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
		T1, T2, T3
UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1
Number		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1
OCNS		Note 2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-85
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation		AWGN
Condition		
NOTE 1: The DPCH le	evel is control	led by the power control loop.
		hannel that is added shall make the total
power from t	he cell to be e	equal to I <sub>or</sub> .

### Table A.8.20: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 2)

Parameter	Unit		Cell 2	
		T1	T2	Т3
Absolute RF Channel Number			ARFCN 1	
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity	-75	-85

#### A.8.4.1.2 Test Requirements

#### A.8.4.1.2.1 TEST 1 With BSIC verification required

The UE shall send one Event 3C triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 6.24 s from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall send one Event 3B triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 960 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

#### A.8.4.1.2.2 TEST 2 Without BSIC verification required

The UE shall send one Event 3C triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 960 ms from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall send one Event 3B triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 960 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

### A.8.5 Combined Interfrequency and GSM measurements

### A.8.5.1 Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

### A.8.5.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter frequency and GSM measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.3 and 8.1.2.5. The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode for inter-frequency or inter-RAT GSM measurements. In case a UE is not requiring compressed mode for inter-frequency measurements no compressed mode pattern with measurement purpose "FDD measurement" should be sent and in case a UE is not requiring compressed mode for inter-frequency measurement purpose "GSM carrier RSSI measurements", "GSM Initial BSIC identification" and "GSM BSIC re-confirmation" should be sent for the parameters specified in table A8.21.

The test consists of five successive time periods, with a time duration T1, T2, T3, T4 and T5. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.21, A.8.22 and A.8.23 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2B and 3A shall be used as well as periodic reporting with period 4s.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode			Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns.
Interfrequency measurements		DL compressed mode reference pattern 3, set 1	As specified in table A.22A TS 25.101 section A.5
- GSM carrier RSSI measurement		DL compressed mode reference pattern 3, set 2	As specified in table A.22A TS 25.101 section A.5
- GSM Initial BSIC identification		DL compressed mode reference pattern 3, set 3	As specified in table A.22A TS 25.101 section A.5
- GSM BSIC reconfirmation		DL compressed mode reference pattern 3, set 4	As specified in table A.22A TS 25.101 section A.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		required	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) used frequency	dB	-15	Ec/lo threshold for Event 2B and 3A
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) used for a not used frequency	dB	-15	Ec/lo threshold for Event 2B
Threshold other system	dBm	-80	Absolute GSM carrier RSSI threshold for event 3A.
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		Total 24 FDD neighbours 8 on frequency Channel 2	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode
Propagation Condition		6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1 AWGN	pattern starts.
τ.		A	
T1 T2	S	1 4	
T3	s s	4	
T4	S	8	
T5	s	15	

### Table A.8.21: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1 Cell 2			Cell 1 Cell 2					
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5
UTRA RF			(	Channel 1					Channel 2		
Channel Number											
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB			-10					-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12					-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB			-12					-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15					
DPCH_Ec/lor			Note 1		N	/A	N/A	4	N	Note 1	
OCNS	dB		Note 2		-0,9	941	-0,94	-0,941 Note 2			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0		-8	8		-Infinity	-13	-13	-8	-8
I <sub>oc</sub>	dB /						-60				
<i>U</i> C	3,84										
	MHz										
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-18,6			-Infinity	-13	-13	-18.6	-18.6	
NOTE 1: The DPC									4 II 4		

### TableA.8.22: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in AWGN propagation condition

NOTE 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{\rm or}$ 

## Table A.8.23: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of GSM neighbours in AWGN propagation condition (cell 3)

Parameter	Unit			Cell 3		
Farameter	Unit	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5
Absolute RF Channel Number		ARFCN 1				
RXLEV	dBm	-Infinity -75			5	
GSM BSIC			N/A		Valid	Not valid

#### A.8.5.1.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall send one Event 2B triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 3.5 s from the beginning of time period T2.

A handover to cell 2 is signalled to the UE well before end of time period T3.

The UE shall send one Event 3A triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 6.24 s from the beginning of time period T4.

The UE shall indicate that the BSIC of the GSM carrier is not verified in a periodic report sent before 9.04 seconds have passed since the start of time period T5.

NOTE: The delay for interfrequency cell detection is equal to:

$$T_{\text{identify, inter}} = T_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \text{ ms} = 3.3 \text{ s}$$

m

where:

 $T_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}}$  is specified in 8.1.2.3.2 as 300 ms

 $T_{Measurement Period, Inter}$  is specified in 8.1.2.3.2 as 480 ms

and

 $T_{Inter}$  is specified in 8.1.2.3.2 as 6 gaps of length 11 slots each, 44 ms

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NOTE: The delay for interRAT cell detection is equal to 6.24 s.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay:  $2*T_{Measurement Period, GSM} = 2*480ms = 960ms$ .

BSIC verification: T<sub>identify abort</sub> 5.28 s.

### A.8.6 E-UTRAN Measurements

# A.8.6.1 Correct reporting of E-UTRAN FDD neighbours in fading propagation condition

### A.8.6.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing measurements on E-UTRAN FDD cells. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.6.

The test consists of three successive time periods, with time duration T1, T2 and T3. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.24, A.8.25 and A.8.26. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Events 3B and 3C shall be used.

## Table A.8.24: General test parameters for correct reporting of E-UTRAN FDD neighbours in fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1. This is
		Measurement Channel	for UTRAN FDD
		12.2 kbps	
Power Control		On	This is relevant for UTRAN FDD
Compressed mode pattern		Pattern 2; Set 4	As specified in table A.22 in section A.5 in TS
			25.101.
Inter-RAT (E-UTRAN FDD)		RSRP	
measurement quantity			
Active cell		Cell 1	Cell 1 is on UTRA RF channel number 1
Neighbour cell		Cell 2	Cell 2 is on E-UTRA RF channel number 1
Threshold other system	dBm	-95	Absolute threshold for triggering events 3b and
(E-UTRAN FDD)			3c
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
UTRA RF Channel Number		1	One UTRA FDD carrier frequency is used
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	One E-UTRA FDD carrier frequency is used
E-UTRA Channel Bandwidth	MHz	10	
(BW <sub>channel</sub> )			
Monitored UTRA FDD cell list		24	UTRA cells on UTRA RF channel 1 provided in
size			the cell list. Measurement control information is
			sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	4	
ТЗ	S	4	

# TableA.8.25: Cell Specific parameters for correct reporting of E-UTRAN FDD neighbours in fading propagation condition (cell # 1)

Parameter	Unit		Cell 1			
		T1	T2	T3		
UTRA RF Channel Number			Channel 1			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1				
OCNS		Note 2				
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0 0 0				
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13	-13	-13		
Propagation Condition		Case 5 (Note 3)				
Note 1: The DPCH level is co	ontrolled by the po	wer control loop.				
Note 2: The power of the OC						
to I <sub>or</sub> .	to I <sub>or</sub> .					
Note 3: Case 5 propagation of	conditions are defi	ned in Annex A of 3	3GPP TS 25.101.			

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Parameter	Unit		Cell 2					
		T1	T2	T3				
E-UTRA RF Channel Number			1					
BW <sub>channel</sub>	MHz		10					
OCNG Pattern defined in A.3.2.1.2								
in 3GPP TS 36.133 (OP.2 FDD)			OP.2 FDD					
PBCH_RA	dB							
PBCH_RB	dB							
PSS_RA	dB							
SSS_RA	dB							
PCFICH_RB	dB							
PHICH_RA	dB							
PHICH_RB	dB		0					
PDCCH_RA	dB							
PDCCH_RB	dB							
PDSCH_RA	dB							
PDSCH_RB	dB							
OCNG_RA <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB							
B <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB							
N <sub>oc</sub> Note 2	dBm/15 kHz		-100					
$\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}$	dB	-Infinity	16	-4				
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s}/\mathbf{I}_{ot}$	dB	-Infinity	16	-4				
RSRP <sup>Note 3</sup>	dBm/15 kHz	-Infinity	-84	-104				
SCH_RP <sup>Note 3</sup>	dBm/15 kHz	-Infinity	-84	-104				
Io Note 3	dBm/9 MHz	-72.22	-56.11	-70.76				
Propagation Condition			ETU70 (Note 4)					
	that both cells are t	fully allocated and		ansmitted power				
spectral density is achieved 3GPP TS 36.133.	spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols. OCNG patterns are specified in annex A 3.2 of							
Note 2: Interference from other cell	s and noise source	es not specified in	the test is assumed	d to be constant				
over subcarriers and time a	and shall be modell	ed as AWGN of a	ppropriate power fo	or $N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ to be				
fulfilled. Note 3: RSRP, SCH_RP and lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.								
Note 4: ETU70 propagation condition	ons are specified in	Annex B.2 of 3G	PP TS 36.101.					

## TableA.8.26: Cell Specific parameters for correct reporting of E-UTRAN FDD neighbours in fading propagation condition (cell # 2)

### A.8.6.1.2 Test Requirements

If the UE needs compressed mode to perform E-UTRAN measurements:

The UE shall send one Event 3C triggered measurement report for cell 2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 2.65 seconds from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall send one Event 3B triggered measurement report for cell 2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 480 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform E-UTRAN measurements:

The UE shall send one Event 3C triggered measurement report for cell 2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 480 ms from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall send one Event 3B triggered measurement report for cell 2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 480 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to  $2 \times TTI_{UL DCCH}$  higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

# A.8.6.2 Correct reporting of E-UTRAN TDD neighbours in fading propagation condition

### A.8.6.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing measurements on E-UTRAN TDD cells. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.6.

The test consists of three successive time periods, with time duration T1, T2 and T3. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.27, A.8.28 and A.29. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Events 3B and 3C shall be used.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1. This is for UTRAN FDD
Power Control		On	This is relevant for UTRAN FDD
Compressed mode pattern		Pattern 2; Set 4	As specified in table A.22 in section A.5 in TS 25.101.
Inter-RAT (E-UTRAN TDD) measurement quantity		RSRP	
Active cell		Cell 1	Cell 1 is on UTRA RF channel number 1
Neighbour cell		Cell 2	Cell 2 is on E-UTRA RF channel number 1
Threshold other system (E-UTRAN TDD)	dBm	-95	Absolute threshold for triggering events 3b and 3c
Hysteresis	dB	0	
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
UTRA RF Channel Number		1	One UTRA FDD carrier frequency is used
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1	One E-UTRA TDD carrier frequency is used
E-UTRA Channel Bandwidth (BW <sub>channel</sub> )	MHz	10	
Special subframe configuration		6	As specified in table 4.2-1 in 3GPP TS 36.211. This is for E-UTRAN TDD
Uplink-downlink configuration		1	As specified in table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211. This is for E-UTRAN TDD
Monitored UTRA FDD cell list size		24	UTRA cells on UTRA RF channel 1 provided in the cell list. Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
T1	S	5	
T2	S	4	
Т3	S	4	

# Table A.8.27: General test parameters for correct reporting of E-UTRAN TDD neighbours in fading propagation condition

# TableA.8.28: Cell Specific parameters for correct reporting of E-UTRAN TDD neighbours in fading propagation condition (cell # 1)

Unit					
	T1	T2	Т3		
		Channel 1			
dB		-10			
dB		-12			
dB		-12			
dB		-15			
dB		Note 1			
	Note 2				
dB	0	0	0		
dBm/3.84 MHz	-70				
dB	-13	-13	-13		
		Case 5 (Note 3)			
ntrolled by the p	ower control loop.				
The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal					
onditions are de	fined in Annex A of 3	GPP TS 25.101.			
	dB dB dB dB dB dB dB dBm/3.84 MHz dB dBm/3.84 MHz dB	T1         dB         ontrolled by the power control loop.         NS channel that is added shall make	T1       T2         dB       -10         dB       -12         dB       -12         dB       -12         dB       -15         dB       Note 1         Note 2       0         dB       0         dB       -70         dB       -13         dB       -13         otherwise       0         dB       0.0         Note 2       0.0         dB       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0       0.0         0.0       0.0         0.0       0.0         0.0       0.0         0.0       0.0         0.0       0.0         0.0       0.0 <tr td=""></tr>		

Parameter	Unit		Cell 2				
		T1	T2	T3			
E-UTRA RF Channel Number			1				
BW <sub>channel</sub>	MHz		10				
OCNG Pattern defined in A.3.2.2.2							
in 3GPP TS 36.133 (OP.2 TDD)			OP.2 TDD				
PBCH_RA	dB						
PBCH_RB	dB						
PSS_RA	dB						
SSS_RA	dB						
PCFICH_RB	dB						
PHICH_RA	dB						
PHICH_RB	dB		0				
PDCCH_RA	dB						
PDCCH_RB	dB						
PDSCH_RA	dB						
PDSCH_RB	dB						
OCNG_RA <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB						
B <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB						
$N_{oc}^{\rm Note 2}$	dBm/15 kHz		-100				
$\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}$	dB	-Infinity	16	-4			
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s}/\mathbf{I}_{ot}$	dB	-Infinity	16	-4			
RSRP <sup>Note 3</sup>	dBm/15 kHz	-Infinity	-84	-104			
SCH_RP <sup>Note 3</sup>	dBm/15 kHz	-Infinity	-84	-104			
lo Note 3	dBm/9 MHz	-72.22	-56.11	-70.76			
Propagation Condition			ETU70 (Note 4)				
Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols. OCNG patterns are specified in annex A 3.2 of 3GPP TS 36.133.							
Note 2: Interference from other cell	s and noise source	es not specified in	the test is assume	d to be constant			
over subcarriers and time a	and shall be model	ed as AWGN of a	ppropriate power f	or $N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ to be			
Note 4: ETU70 propagation condition			PP TS 36.101.				

## TableA.8.29: Cell Specific parameters for correct reporting of E-UTRAN TDD neighbours in fading propagation condition (cell # 2)

### A.8.6.2.2 Test Requirements

If the UE needs compressed mode to perform E-UTRAN measurements:

The UE shall send one Event 3C triggered measurement report for cell 2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 2.65 seconds from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall send one Event 3B triggered measurement report for cell 2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 480 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

If the UE does not need compressed mode to perform E-UTRAN measurements:

The UE shall send one Event 3C triggered measurement report for cell 2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 480 ms from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall send one Event 3B triggered measurement report for cell 2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 480 ms from the beginning of time period T3.

The UE shall not send event triggered measurement reports, as long as the reporting criteria are not fulfilled.

The rate of correct events observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

NOTE: The actual overall delays measured in the test may be up to 2 x TTI<sub>UL DCCH</sub> higher than the measurement reporting delays above because of TTI insertion uncertainty of the measurement report in the UL DCCH.

### A.8.7 Combined Interfrequency and E-UTRAN measurements

# A.8.7.1 Correct reporting of E-UTRA FDD neighbours in fading propagation condition

#### A.8.7.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter frequency and E-UTRAN FDD measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.3 and 8.1.2.6. The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode for inter-frequency or inter-RAT E-UTRAN FDD measurements. In case a UE is not requiring compressed mode for inter-frequency measurements no compressed mode pattern with measurement purpose "FDD measurement" should be sent and in case a UE is not requiring compressed mode pattern with measurement purpose "E-UTRAN measurements no compressed mode pattern with measurement purpose "E-UTRAN measurements" should be sent for the parameters specified in table A8.30.

The test consists of two successive time periods, with time durations T1 and T2. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.30, A.8.31 and A.8.32 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2B and 3A shall be used.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode Interfrequency measurements		DL compressed mode reference pattern 2, set 5	Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns. As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
E-UTRAN measurement		DL compressed mode reference pattern 2, set 5	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		E-UTRAN RSRP	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) used frequency	dB	-9	Ec/N0 threshold for Event 2b and 3a
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) used for a not used frequency	dB	-18	Ec/IN0 threshold for Event 2b
Threshold other system	dBm	-96	Absolute E-UTRA RSRP threshold for event 3a.
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		Total 24 FDD neighbours 8 on frequency Channel 2	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
T1	S	≥1	
T2	S	10	

## Table A.8.30: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		Cel	2		
		T1	T2	T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nnel 1	Chanr	nel 2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	10	-1(	0		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12	-12	2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-'	12	-1:	2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	15	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 1	N/A			
OCNS		No	te 2	-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB		0	-Infinity	-1.8		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-	70	-7(	0		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-'	13	-Infinity	-14		
Propagation Condition		AWGN Case 5 as specified in A of TS25.101					

# TableA.8.31: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

# Table A.8.32: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of E-UTRAN FDD neighbours in fading propagation condition (cell 3)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 3		
		T1	T2	
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1		
BW <sub>channel</sub>	MHz	10		
OCNG Pattern defined in A.3.2.1.2 in 3GPP TS 36.133 (OP.2 FDD)		OP.2	FDD	
PBCH_RA	dB			
PBCH_RB	dB			
PSS_RA	dB			
SSS_RA	dB			
PCFICH_RB	dB			
PHICH_RA	dB	_		
PHICH_RB	dB	0		
PDCCH_RA	dB			
PDCCH_RB	dB			
PDSCH_RA	dB			
PDSCH_RB	dB			
OCNG_RA <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB			
OCNG_RB <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB			
Note 2	dBm/15 kHz	-98	3	
$\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}$	dB	-Infinity	13	
$\hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot}$	dB	-Infinity	13	
RSRP <sup>Note 3</sup>	dBm/15 kHz	-Infinity	-85	

SCH_RP	SCH_RP <sup>Note 3</sup>		-Infinity	-85			
lo Note 3		dBm/9 MH	-70.22	-57.01			
Propagat	ion Condition		ETU70 (	Note 4)			
Note 1:	Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols. OCNG patterns are specified in annex A 3.2 of 3GPP TS 36.133.						
Note 2:							
Note 3:	fulfilled.						
Note 4:	ETU70 propagation condition	ons are specified ir	Annex B.2 of 3GPP TS 36	.101.			

#### A.8.7.1.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall send one Event 2B triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 5.14 s from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall send one Event 3A triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 8.23 s from the beginning of time period T2.

NOTE: The delay for interfrequency cell detection is equal to:

$$T_{\text{identify, inter}} = T_{\text{basic identify FDD, inter}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{Measurement Period, Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \text{ ms} = 5143 \text{ ms}$$

where:

 $T_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}}$  is specified in 8.1.2.3.2 as 300 ms

T<sub>Measurement Period, Inter</sub> is specified in 8.1.2.3.2 as 480 ms

and

 $T_{Inter}$  is specified in 8.1.2.3.2 as 6 gaps of length 7 slots each, 28 ms

NOTE: The delay for interRAT cell detection is equal to:

 $T_{\text{Identify,E-UTRAN}} = N_{freq,E-UTRA} \cdot T_{\text{Basic_Identify_E-UTRAN}} \cdot \frac{480}{T_{\text{E-UTRAN}}} \quad ms = 8229 \text{ ms}$ 

where:

T<sub>Basic Identify E-UTRAN</sub> is specified in 8.1.2.6 as 480 ms

and

T<sub>E-UTRAN</sub> is specified in 8.1.2.6 as 6 gaps of length 7 slots each, 28 ms

# A.8.7.2 Correct reporting of E-UTRA TDD neighbours in fading propagation condition

#### A.8.7.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE makes correct reporting of an event when doing inter frequency and E-UTRAN TDD measurements. The test will partly verify the requirements in section 8.1.2.3 and 8.1.2.6. The requirements are also applicable for a UE not requiring compressed mode for inter-frequency or inter-RAT E-UTRAN TDD measurements. In case a UE is not requiring compressed mode for inter-frequency measurements no compressed

mode pattern with measurement purpose "FDD measurement" should be sent and in case a UE is not requiring compressed mode for inter-RAT E-UTRAN measurements no compressed mode pattern with measurement purpose "E-UTRAN measurements" should be sent for the parameters specified in table A8.33.

The test consists of two successive time periods, with time durations T1 and T2. The test parameters are given in tables A.8.33, A.8.34 and A.8.35 below. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that event-triggered reporting with Event 2B and 3A shall be used.

### Table A.8.33: General test parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Compressed mode Interfrequency measurements		DL compressed mode reference pattern 2, set 5	Only applicable for UE requiring compressed mode patterns. As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
E-UTRAN measurement		DL compressed mode reference pattern 2, set 5	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
Active cell		Cell 1	
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		E-UTRAN RSRP	
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) used frequency	dB	-9	Ec/N0 threshold for Event 2b and 3a
Absolute Threshold (Ec/N0) used for a not used frequency	dB	-18	Ec/IN0 threshold for Event 2b
Threshold other system	dBm	-96	Absolute E-UTRA RSRP threshold for event 3a.
Time to Trigger	ms	0	
Filter coefficient		0	
Monitored cell list size		Total 24 FDD neighbours 8 on frequency Channel 2	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.
T1	S	≥1	
T2	S	10	

Parameter	Unit	Ce	Cell 1		2		
		T1	T2	T1	T2		
UTRA RF Channel Number		Char	nnel 1	Chanr	nel 2		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	10	-1(	0		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-	12	-12	2		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-'	12	-12	2		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-*	15	-15	5		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	No	te 1	N/A			
OCNS		No	te 2	-0.941			
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB		0	-Infinity	-1.8		
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-7	70	-70	0		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13		-Infinity	-14		
Propagation Condition		AW	/GN	Case 5 as specif of TS2			
Image: Note 1:       The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop         Note 2:       The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to lor							

# TableA.8.31: Cell Specific parameters for Correct reporting of neighbours in Fading propagation condition

# Table A.8.32: Cell specific test parameters for Correct reporting of E-UTRAN TDD neighbours in fading propagation condition (cell 3)

Parameter	Unit	Cell	3		
		T1	T2		
E-UTRA RF Channel Number		1			
BW <sub>channel</sub>	MHz	10			
OCNG Pattern defined in A.3.2.2.2 in 3GPP TS 36.133 (OP.2 TDD)		OP.2 TDD			
PBCH_RA	dB				
PBCH_RB	dB				
PSS_RA	dB				
SSS_RA	dB				
PCFICH_RB	dB				
PHICH_RA	dB				
PHICH_RB	dB	0			
PDCCH_RA	dB				
PDCCH_RB	dB				
PDSCH_RA	dB				
PDSCH_RB	dB				
OCNG_RA <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB				
OCNG_RB <sup>Note 1</sup>	dB				
N <sub>oc</sub> Note 2	dBm/15 kHz	-98	3		
$\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}$	dB	-Infinity 13			
$\hat{\mathbf{E}}_{s}/\mathbf{I}_{ot}$	dB	-Infinity 13			
RSRP <sup>Note 3</sup>	dBm/15 kHz	-Infinity	-85		

SCH_RP	SCH_RP <sup>Note 3</sup>		-Infinity	-85			
lo Note 3		dBm/9 MHz	-70.22	-57.01			
Propagat	ion Condition		ETU70 (	Note 4)			
Note 1:	Note 1: OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols. OCNG patterns are specified in annex A 3.2 of 3GPP TS 36.133.						
Note 2:							
Note 3:	fulfilled.						
Note 4:	ETU70 propagation condition	ons are specified ir	n Annex B.2 of 3GPP TS 36.	101.			

### A.8.7.2.2 Test Requirements

The UE shall send one Event 2B triggered measurement report for Cell2, with a measurement reporting delay less than 5.14 s from the beginning of time period T2.

The UE shall send one Event 3A triggered measurement report for Cell3, with a measurement reporting delay less than 8.23 s from the beginning of time period T2.

NOTE: The delay for interfrequency cell detection is equal to:

$$T_{\text{identify, inter}} = T_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}} \cdot \frac{I_{\text{Measurement Period, Inter}}}{T_{\text{Inter}}} \cdot N_{Freq} \text{ ms} = 5143 \text{ ms}$$

where:

 $T_{\text{basic identify FDD,inter}}$  is specified in 8.1.2.3.2 as 300 ms

 $T_{\rm Measurement\ Period,\ Inter}$  is specified in 8.1.2.3.2 as 480 ms

and

 $T_{Inter}$  is specified in 8.1.2.3.2 as 6 gaps of length 7 slots each, 28 ms

NOTE: The delay for interRAT cell detection is equal to:

 $T_{\text{Identify,E-UTRAN}} = N_{freq,E-UTRA} \cdot T_{\text{Basic_Identify_E-UTRAN}} \cdot \frac{480}{T_{\text{E-UTRAN}}} \quad ms = 8229 \text{ ms}$ 

where:

T<sub>Basic Identify E-UTRAN</sub> is specified in 8.1.2.6 as 480 ms

and

T<sub>E-UTRAN</sub> is specified in 8.1.2.6 as 6 gaps of length 7 slots each, 28 ms

### A.9 Measurement Performance Requirements

Unless explicitly stated:

- Reported measurements shall be within defined range in 90 % of the cases.
- Measurement channel is 12.2 kbps as defined in TS 25.101 annex A, sub-clause A.3.1. This measurement channel is used both in active cell and cells to be measured.

- Physical channels used as defined in TS 25.101 annex C.
- Cell 1 is the active cell when in CELL\_DCH state.
- Single task reporting.
- Power control is active.

### A.9.1 Measurement Performance for UE

### A.9.1.1 CPICH RSCP

### A.9.1.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH RSCP measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.1.

### A.9.1.1.1.1 Intra frequency test parameters

In this case all cells are on the same frequency. Both CPICH RSCP intra frequency absolute and relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in Table A.9.1.

			Test 1		Test 2		Test 3		
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Channel number			Char		Channel 1		Channel 1		
	H_Ec/lor	dB		0	-10			-10	
	CH_Ec/lor	dB		2		2		2	
	 I_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	2	-1	2	
PICH	I_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	5	-1	5	
DPC	H_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-	-15	-	-15	-	
OCN	S_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	
	Band I, IV, VI, X,						-97	.47	
	XI, XIX, XXI								
	Band II, V, VII							.47	
loc	Band XXV, XXVI	dBm/3,84 MHz	-77	.54	-59	.98	-93.97 (	Note 3)	
	Band III, VIII, XII,	,				00100		47	
	XIII, XIV, XX, XXII						-94.47		
	Band IX (Note 2)						-96.47		
Îc	band ix (Note 2)	dB	4	0	9	0	0	-6.53	
	Band I, IV, VI, X,	30	•		0	•	-		
	XI, XIX, XXI						-107.47	-114.0	
	Band II, V, VII	dBm	-83.5		-60.98		-105.47	-112	
CPICH	Band XXV, XXVI						-103.97	-110.5	
RSCP, Note 1				-87.5		-69.88	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	
	Band III, VIII, XII,								
	XIII, XIV, XX,						-104.47	-111	
	XXII Band IX (Note 2)						-106.47	-113	
	Band IX (Note 2) Band I, IV, VI, X,							-113	
	XI, XIX, XXI						-9	94	
	Band II, V, VII							2	
	Band XXV, XXVI		_		-50		-90.5 (	-	
Io, Note 1	Band III, VIII, XII,	dBm/3,84 MHz	-7	<b>′</b> 1				1010 0/	
	XIII, XIV, XX,							91	
	XXII								
	Band IX (Note 2)							93	
	ion condition	-		GN		'GN		GN	
	HRSCP and lo leve		ulated from	n other par	ameters fo	or information	on purpose	s. They	
	ot settable paramete		d Davad IV		(				
	ne UE which support rmance requirements					s, me mea	surement		
	est parameter is mo					assigned	LITRA char	nnel is	
within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies. Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2									
	3 shall be set within 5								

### Table A.9.1: CPICH RSCP Intra frequency test parameters

#### A.9.1.1.1.2 Inter frequency test parameters

In this case both cells are on different frequencies and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in TS 25.101 annex A.5, Set 1 of Table A.22. . CPICH RSCP inter frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in Table A.9.2.

	Parameter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	Test 2		
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2		
UTR	A RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2		
	CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-'	10		
	PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-*	12		
	SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-*	12		
	PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-*	15		
	DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-	-15	-		
	OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94		
loc	Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX,	dBm/3,84	-60.00	-60.00	-84.00	-94.46		
	XXI	MHz						
	Band II, V, VII				-82.00	-92.46		
	Band XXV, XXVI				-80.5	-90.96		
					(Note 3)	(Note 3)		
	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII				-81.00	-91.46		
	Band IX (Note 2)				-83.00	-93.46		
	Îor/loc	dB	9.54	9.54	0	-9.54		
CPICH RSCP,	Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI	dBm	-60.46	-60.46	-94.0	-114.0		
Note 1	Band II, V, VII				-92.0	-112.0		
	Band XXV, XXVI				-90.5	-110.5		
					(Note 3)	(Note 3)		
	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV,				-91.0	-111.0		
	XX, XXII Band IX (Note 2)				-93.0	-113.0		
Io, Note 1	Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX,	dBm/3,84	-50.00	-50.00	-81.0	-94.0		
,	XXI	MHz	00100	00.00	0.110	0.110		
	Band II, V, VII				-79.0	-92.0		
	Band XXV, XXVI				-77.5	-90.5		
					(Note 3)	(Note 3)		
	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV,				-78.0	-91.0		
	XX, XXII							
	Band IX (Note 2)				-80.0	-93.0		
	ropagation condition	-	AW			/GN		
	CPICH RSCP and lo levels ha				eters for inf	formation		
	ourposes. They are not settab							
	For the UE which supports bo							
	measurement performance re							
	The test parameter is modified							
	UTRA channel is within 869-8	94 IVIAZ for		i supports bo	un Band V a	and Band		
	XXVI operating frequencies. be done sequentially. Test 1	ahall ha dar	o first After	toot 1 hoo ho		d toot		
	be done sequentially. Test 1 barameters for test 2 shall be							
	barameters for test 2 shall be	Set within 5	Seconds so I	inal UE does	not loose t			
1								

Table A.9.2: CPICH RSCP	Inter free	quency t	ests	parameters
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### A.9.1.1.2 Test Requirements

The CPICH RSCP measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.1.

### A.9.1.2 CPICH Ec/lo

### A.9.1.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the CPICH Ec/Io measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.2.

#### A.9.1.2.1.1 Intra frequency test parameters

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Both CPICH Ec/Io absolute and relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in Table A.9.3

nnel number Ec/lor _Ec/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor	Unit dB dB dB dB dB	-1 -1	0	<b>Cell 1</b> Char -1 -1	0	Cell 1 Char	Cell 2 inel 1
Ec/lor _Ec/lor c/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor	dB dB dB	-1 -1 -1	0	-1	0		nel 1
_Ec/lor c/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor	dB dB dB	-1 -1	2		-		
Ec/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor	dB dB	-1		-1	2	-1	0
Ec/lor Ec/lor Ec/lor	dB		2		2	-1	2
Ec/lor Ec/lor			۷	-1	2	-1	2
Ec/lor		-1	5		5	-1	5
	dB	-15	-	-15	-	-6	-
	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-1.11	-0.94	.2.56	-0.94
loc Band I, IV, VI, X, XI,XIX, XXI Band II, V, VII Band XXV, XXVI Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII Band IX (Note 2)		-56.98		-89.07		-94.98 -92.98 -91.48 (Note 3) -91.98 -93.98	
	dB	3.0	3.0	-2.9	-2.9	-9.0	-9.0
	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0
CPICH Ec/lo, Note 1Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXIBand II, V, VIIBand XXV, XXVIBand III, V, VIIBand III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXIIBand IX (Note 2)		-14.0 -14.0			36	-ç -ç -90.5 (  -ç	94 92 Note 3) 91
condition	-	AW	GN	AW	'GN	AW	GN
<ul> <li>NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/Io and Io levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.</li> <li>NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.</li> <li>NOTE 3: The test parameter is modified by -1.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.</li> <li>Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests</li> </ul>							
setta UE v ance t para	ble paramete which support requirement ameter is mo 94 MHz for th quentially. Te	ble parameters themselves. which supports both Band III an requirements for Band III shall ameter is modified by -1.5 dB w 94 MHz for the UE which support quentially. Test 1 shall be done	ble parameters themselves. which supports both Band III and Band IX requirements for Band III shall apply to the ameter is modified by -1.5 dB when the ca 94 MHz for the UE which supports both B quentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After	ble parameters themselves. which supports both Band III and Band IX operating requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-ba ameter is modified by -1.5 dB when the carrier frequ 94 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and quentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has	ble parameters themselves. which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencie requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE. ameter is modified by -1.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the 94 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXV quentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been exect	ble parameters themselves. which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the mean requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE. ameter is modified by -1.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the assigned 94 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating quentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test p	ble parameters themselves. which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE. ameter is modified by -1.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA cha 94 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequenci

Table A.9.3: CPICH Ec/lo Intra frequency test parameters

### A.9.1.2.1.2 Inter frequency test parameters

In this case both cells are in different frequency and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in TS 25.101 annex A.5, Set 1 of Table A.22. CPICH Ec/Io inter frequency relative accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in Table A.9.4.

	Parameter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Test 2		Tes	st 3
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
U	TRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
	CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	0	-1	0	-1	0
F	PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	12	-1	2
	SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	2	-1	12	-1	2
	PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-1	5	-1	15	-1	5
	DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-
	OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI						-94.46	-94.46
	Band II, V, VII	dBm/					-92.46	-92.46
loc	Band XXV, XXVI	3,84	-52.22	-52.22	-87.27	-87.27	-90.96	-90.96
100		MHz	02.22	02.22	07.27	01.21	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII						-91.46	-91.46
	Band IX (Note 2)						-93.46	-93.46
	Îor/loc	dB	-1.75	-1.75	-4.7	-4.7	-9.54	-9.54
CP	ICH Ec/Io, Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0
	Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI						-94	-94
1.0	Band II, V, VII						-92.0	-92.0
lo, Note	Band XXV, XXVI	dBm/3,	-50	-50	-86	-86	-90.5	-90.5
1	,	84 MHz	00	00	00	00	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII						-91.0	-91.0
	Band IX (Note 2)						-93	-93
	pagation condition	-	AW			/GN		'GN
NOTE	E 1: CPICH Ec/lo and				other parame	eters for infor	mation purpo	ses. They
	are not settable							
NOTE							e measureme	nt
NOTE	performance req							shannal ia
	E 3: The test parame within 869-894 M							
Tests	shall be done sequer							
10515								
I	2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.							

Table A.9.4: CPICH Ec/lo Inter frequency tests parameters

### A.9.1.2.2 Test Requirements

The CPICH Ec/Io measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.2. In case of the absolute intra - frequency CPICH\_Ec/Io measurement and relative inter-frequency CPICH\_Ec/Io measurement accuracy test cases the effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (-99 dBm for frequency bands I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX and XXI; -98 dBm for frequency band IX, -97dBm for frequency bands II, V and VII; -95.5dBm for frequency band XXV and XXVI; and -96dBm for frequency band III) shall be added into the required accuracy. The test requirements for the absolute intra -frequency CPICH\_Ec/Io measurement are defined in Section 9.1.2 as shown in Table A.9.4A. The test requirements for the relative inter-frequency CPICH\_Ec/Io measurement are defined in Section 9.1.2 as shown in Table A.9.4B.

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		Accuracy [dB]	Accuracy [dB]					
Parameter	Unit	Normal condition	Extreme condition	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]				
CPICH Ec/lo	٩Þ	-2.71.5 for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo -3.22 for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo < -14 -4.23 for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo < -16	-4.23	-9487(Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -9285 (Band II, V, VII) -90.583.5 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 2)) -9184 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) 9386 (Band IX (Note 1))				
	dB —	$\pm$ 1.5 for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $\pm$ 2 for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo < -14 $\pm$ 3 for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo < -16	± 3	-8750(Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -8550 (Band II, V, VII) -83.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 2)) -8450 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -8650 (Band IX (Note 1))				
NOTE1: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE								
NOTE 2: The test parameter is modified by -1.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies								

#### Table A.9.4A: CPICH\_Ec/lo Intra-frequency absolute accuracy

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#### Table A.9.4B: CPICH\_Ec/lo Inter frequency relative accuracy

		Accuracy [dB]		Conditions	
Parameter Uni		Normal condition Extre		lo [dBm]	
	٩Ŀ	$\pm 2.7$ for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $\pm 3.2$ for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -14 $\pm 4.2$ for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $<$ -16	± 4.2	-9487(Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -9285 (Band II, V, VII) -90.584.5 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 2)) -9184 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -9386 (Band IX (Note 1))	
CPICH_Ec/lo dB		$\pm$ 1.5 for -14 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo $\pm$ 2 for -16 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo < -14 $\pm$ 3 for -20 $\leq$ CPICH Ec/lo < -16	± 3	-8750 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -8550 (Band II, V, VII) -83.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 2)) -8450 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -8650 (Band IX (Note 1))	
NOTE 1: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.					
NOTE 2: The test parameter is modified by -1.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.					

### A.9.1.3 UTRA Carrier RSSI

### A.9.1.3.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.3. In this case all cells are in different frequencies and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in TS 25.101 annex A.5, Set 1 of Table A.22. UTRA Carrier RSSI accuracy requirements are tested by using test parameters in Table A.9.5 for absolute accuracy and Table A.9.5.1 for relative accuracy. In the relative accuracy test, UTRA carrier RSSI measurements of neighbour cell 2 and neighbour cell 3 are reported to serving cell 1.

	Parameter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2	Tes	st 3
	Falametei		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 2
	CPICH_Ec/lor		-1	0	-10		-10	
P	CCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		-1	12	-12	
	SCH_Ec/lor	dB		2		12		2
	PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-	5		15		5
	DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-	-6	-	-6	-
(	OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94
	Band I, IV,VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI						-94.46	-94.46
	Band II, V, VII	dBm/					-92.46	-92.46
loc	Band XXV, XXVI	3,84	-52.22	-52.22	-70.27	-70.27	-90.96	-90.96
		MHz	0	0		10.21	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII						-91.46	-91.46
	Band IX (Note 2)						-93.46	-93.46
	Îor/loc	dB	-1.75	-1.75	-4.7	-4.7	-9.54	-9.54
CPI	CH Ec/lo, Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0
	Band I, IV,VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI						-94	-94
10	Band II, V, VII	dBm/					-92	-92
lo, Note	Band XXV, XXVI	3,84	-50	-50	-69	-69	-90.5	-90.5
1		MHz	-50	-50	-09	-09	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
	Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII						-91	-91
	Band IX (Note 2)						-93	-93
Prop	agation condition	-	AW	GN	AW	/GN	AW	'GN
NOTE 1	I: CPICH Ec/lo and I	o levels l	nave been ca	Iculated from	other param	eters for infor	mation purpo	ses. They
	are not settable pa							
NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement								
performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE. NOTE 3: The test parameter is modified by -1.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.								
Tests s	Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose the Cell 2 in between the tests.							

Table A.9.5: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency absolute accuracy test parameters
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Parameter	ameter Unit		it Test 1		Test 2			Test 3			
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
UTRA RF Channel		Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channe	
number		1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB		-10			-10			-10		
PCCPCH Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12		-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB		-12			-12			-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB		-15			-15			-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-	-	-6	-	-	-6	-	-	
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	-1.11	-0.94	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-0.94	-2.56	-0.94	-0.94	
loc Band I, IV,VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-52.23	-52.23	-71.23	-91.27	-91.27	-81.27	-94.45	-94.45	-75.45	
Band II, V, VII								-92.45	-92.45	-73.45	
Band XXV, XXVI								-90.95 (Note 3)	-90.95 (Note 3)	-71.95 (Note 3	
Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV,								-91.45	-91.45	-72.45	
XX, XXII Band IX (Note 3)								-93.45	-93.45	-74.45	
Îor/loc	dB	-1.75	-1.75	-1.75	-4.7	-4.7	-4.7	-9.54	-9.54	-9.54	
CPICH Ec/lo, Note 1	dBm	-14.0	-14.0	-14.0	-16.0	-16.0	-16.0	-20.0	-20.0	-20.0	
lo, Band I, Note 1 IV,VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-50 (Note 2)	-50	-69	-90 (Note 2)	-90	-80	-94 (Note 2)	-94	-75	
Band II, V, VII								-92 (Note 2)	-92	-73	
Band XXV, XXVI								-90.5 (Note 2, 3)	-90.5 (Note 3)	-71.5 (Note 3	
Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII								-91 (Note 2)	-91	-72	
Band IX (Note 3) Propagation conc						AWGN		-93 (Note 2)	-93	-74	

#### Table A.9.5.1: UTRA Carrier RSSI Inter frequency relative accuracy test parameters

NOTE 1: CPICH Ec/lo and lo levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

NOTE 2: Io levels are not reported by the UE on cell 1.

NOTE 3: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.

NOTE 4: The test parameter is modified by -1.5 dB when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

Tests shall be done sequentially. Test 1 shall be done first. After test 1 has been executed test parameters for tests 2 and 3 shall be set within 5 seconds so that UE does not loose Cell 2 or Cell 3 in between the tests.

### A.9.1.3.2 Test Requirements

The UTRA Carrier RSSI measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.3. The effect of assumed thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver (-99 dBm for frequency bands I, IV,VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI; -98 dBm for frequency band IX; -97dBm for frequency bands II,V, VII; -95.5dBm for frequency band XXV, XXVI; and -96dBm for frequency band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) shall be added into the required accuracy defined in Section 9.1.3 as shown in Table A.9.5A and in Table A.9.5A1.

Accuracy [dB] Conditions Extreme Parameter Unit lo [dBm/3,84 MHz] Normal condition condition -94...-70 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -92...-70 (Band II, V, VII) dBm ±4 (Note 1) ±7 (Note 1) -90.5...-70 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3)) **UTRA** Carrier -91...-70 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, RSSI XX, XXII) -93...-70 (Band IX (Note 2)) dBm ±6 ± 9 -70...-50 NOTE 1: Impact from RF noise floor is test case dependent and has not been considered. Noise floor shall be considered in RAN WG5 test case. NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE. The condition is -92...-70 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA NOTE 3: channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

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		Accurac	cy [dB]	Conditions	
Parameter	Unit	Normal condition	Extreme condition	lo [dBm/3,84 MHz]	
UTRA Carrier RSSI	dBm	± 7 (Note 1)	± 11(Note 1)	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -9250 (Band II, V, VII) -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3)) -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))	
<ul> <li>NOTE 1: Impact from RF noise floor is test case dependent and has not been considered. Noise floor shall be considered in RAN WG5 test case.</li> <li>NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.</li> <li>NOTE 3: The condition is -9250 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA</li> </ul>					
channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.					

### A.9.1.3A GSM Carrier RSSI

### A.9.1.3A.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the GSM Carrier RSSI measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.4.

In the test in Cell\_DCH state compressed mode with purpose "GSM Carrier RSSI Measurement" is applied to measure on GSM. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in TS 25.101 annex A.5. Table A.9.5AA defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers on the UMTS FDD cell, where the requirement is applicable. In the measurement control information it is indicated to the UE that periodic reporting of the GSM RSSI measurement.

The limits of the GSM test parameters are defined in [21].

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Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - GSM carrier RSSI measurement		Compressed mode reference pattern 2 Set 2	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		GSM Carrier RSSI	
BSIC verification required		Not required	
Monitored cell list size		6 GSM neighbours including ARFCN 1	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode patterns starts.

#### Table A.9.5AA: General GSM Carrier RSSI test parameters

### Table A.9.5B: Cell specific GSM Carrier RSSI test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel number	-	Channel 1
Îor/loc	dB	-1
loc	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-70
Propagation condition	-	AWGN

### A.9.1.3A.2 Test Requirements

The GSM Carrier RSSI measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.4.

The rate of correct measurements observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

### A.9.1.3B Transport channel BLER

NOTE: This section is included for consistency with numbering in section 9, currently no test covering requirements in sections 9.1.5 exists.

### A.9.1.3C UE transmitted power

### A.9.1.3C.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE transmitted power measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.6.

The test parameters are given in Table A.9.5C and A.9.5D below. In the measurement control information it shall be indicated to the UE that periodic reporting of the UE transmitted power measurement shall be used.

Table A.9.5C: General test parameters for UE transr	nitted power
-----------------------------------------------------	--------------

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		Off	

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Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3
OCNS	dB	-5.2
$\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$	dB	0
I <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13
Propagation Condition		AWGN

Table A.9.5D: Cell Specific parameters for UE transmitted power

#### A.9.1.3C.1.1 Test procedure

- 1) Set the UE power and Maximum allowed UL TX power to the maximum power for that UE power class.
- 2) Send continuously during the entire test Up power control commands to the UE.
- 3) Check the UE reported value
- 4) Map the UE reported value to accuracy requirement and define the test limits
- 5) Measure the output power of the UE. The output power shall be averaged over one timeslot.
- 6) Check that measured power is within the defined limits.
- 7) Decrease the Maximum allowed UL TX power with 1 dB and signal the new value to the UE.
- 8) Repeat from step 3) until the entire specified range for the UE transmitted power measurement has been tested, i.e. the accuracy requirement for the UE transmitted power measurement is specified 10dB below the maximum power for the UE power class.

### A.9.1.3C.2 Test Requirements

The UE transmitted power measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.6.

The rate of correct measurements observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

### A.9.1.4 SFN-CFN observed time difference

#### A.9.1.4.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.7.

#### A.9.1.4.1.1 Intra frequency test parameters

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table A.9.6 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Range 1         Io         dBm/3,84 MHz         -9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XIX, XIX, XIX, X	Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
PCCPCH_Ec/lor         dB         -12         -12           SCH_Ec/lor         dB         -12         -12           PICH_Ec/lor         dB         -15         -15           DPCH_Ec/lor         dB         -15         -15           OCNS         dB         -1.11         -1.11           lor/loc         dB         10.5         10.5           loc         dBm/3,84 MHz         lo -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1         lo -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1           Range 1         lo         dBm/3,84 MHz         -9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XI)         -9470 (Band I, IV, VII, X, XIX)           -90.570 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band XXV, XXVI         -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI           (Note 3))         -9170 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)           -9370 (Band II, V, VI, X, XI)         -9450 (Band II, V, VII, X, XIV, XIV, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9450 (Band II, V, VII, X, XIV, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9450 (Band II, V, VII, X, XI, XIV, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9450 (Band II, V, VII, X, XX, XIV, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9450 (Band II, V, VII, X, XX, XXII)         -9450 (Band II, V, VII, X, XX, XXII)           -90.550 (Band II, V, VII)         -9550 (Band II, V, VII, X, XX, XXII)	UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 1
SCH_Ec/lor         dB         -12         -12           PICH_Ec/lor         dB         -15         -15           DPCH_Ec/lor         dB         -15         -15           OCNS         dB         -11         -111           ior/loc         dB         10.5         10.5           Ioc         dBm/3,84 MHz <i>Io</i> -13.7 <i>dB</i> = <i>Ioc</i> , Note 1 <i>Io</i> -13.7 <i>dB</i> = <i>Ioc</i> , Note 1           Range 1         Io         dBm/3,84 MHz         -9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX)         -9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI)           -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)           -9170 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9170 (Band II, VIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9170 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9370 (Band II, VIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9450 (Band II, VIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9250 (Band II, VIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9250 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9250 (Band II, VIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9250 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9250 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9250 (Band II, VII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9250 (Band II, VIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9250 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX,	CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-10	-10
PICH_Ec/lor         dB         -15         -15           DPCH_Ec/lor         dB         -15         -15           OCNS         dB         -1.11         -1.11           Îor/loc         dB         10.5         10.5           loc         dBm/3,84 MHz         lo -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1         lo -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1           Range 1         lo         dBm/3,84 MHz         -9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XII)         -9470 (Band II, V, VII)           -9270 (Band XV, XXI)         -9270 (Band XV, XXVI (Note 3))         -9270 (Band XV, XXVI (Note 3))         -9270 (Band XV, XXVI (Note 3))           -9170 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9170 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9170 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9370 (Band II, VV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXII)         -9170 (Band II, VV, VI, X, XIX, XXII)         -9170 (Band IX (Note 2))           -9350 (Band II, VV, VI, X, XI, XXII)         -9350 (Band II, VV, VI, X, XIX, XXII)         -9450 (Band II, VV, VI, X, XIX, XXII)           -9250 (Band II, VV, VI, X, XIX, XXII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII, X, XIX, XXII)         -9450 (Band II, V, VII, X, XIX, XXII)           -90.550 (Band II, VV, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII, X, XIX, XXII)         -9150 (Band II, V, VII, X, XIX, XXII)           -9150 (Band II, VIII, XIII,	PCCPCH Ec/lor		dB	-12	-12
DPCH_Ec/lor         dB         -15         -15           OCNS         dB         -1.11         -1.11           Îor/loc         dB         10.5         10.5           Ioc         dBm/3,84 MHz <i>lo</i> -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1 <i>lo</i> -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1           Range 1         Io         dBm/3,84 MHz         -9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX)         -9470 (Band I, IV, VII, X, XI, XIX)           -9270 (Band II, V, VII)           -90.570 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)           -9370 (Band II, V, VII)         -9370 (Band II, V, VII)         -9170 (Band II, V, VII, XX, XII)         VIV, XX, XXII)           Range 2         -9450 (Band I, V, VI, X, XI, XII)         -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9370 (Band II, V, VII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9250 (Band II, V, VII)           -90.550 (Band II, V, VII)         -9150 (Band II, V, VII)         -9150 (Band II, V, VII)         -9150 (Band II, V, VII)           -9150 (Band II, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band II, V, VII)	—		dB	-12	-12
OCNS         dB         -1.11         -1.11           Îor/loc         dB         10.5         10.5           loc         dBm/3,84 MHz         lo -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1         lo -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1           Range 1         lo         dBm/3,84 MHz         -9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XIX)         -9470(Band I, IV, VI, X, XIX, XIX)           -9270 (Band I, V, VII)         -9270 (Band I, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)           -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3))         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XII, XIII, XIIX, XXXI)         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XII, XIII, -9250 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XXI)         -9150 (Band II, V, VI, X, XII, XIII, -90.550 (Band II, V, VI, X, XIX, XII)           Range 2         -9450 (Band II, V, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band II, V, VI, X, XIX, XII)           -9250 (Band II, V, VI, X, XII, XIII, -9250 (Band II, V, VI, X, XIX, XII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VI, X, XIX, XIX)           -90.550 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIIX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XII, XIII, XIIX, XII)           -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIIX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII	PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15
Ior/loc         dB         10.5         10.5           Ioc         dBm/ 3,84 MHz <i>lo</i> -13.7 <i>dB</i> = <i>loc</i> , Note 1 <i>lo</i> -13.7 <i>dB</i> = <i>loc</i> , Note 1 <i>lo</i> -13.7 <i>dB</i> = <i>loc</i> , Note 1           Range 1         Io         dBm/3,84 MHz         -9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XIX, XIX)         -9470(Band I, IV, VI, X, XIX, XIX)           -9270 (Band II, V, VII)           -90.570 (Band III, VIII, XII, XII, XIX)         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XII, XIX)         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXI)           -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9370 (Band II, V, VI, X, XI, XIX)         -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))           -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX)           -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)           -9250 (Band III, V, VII, XII, XIX, XIX)         -9450 (Band III, V, VII)           -90.550 (Band III, V, VII, XII, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band III, V, VII)           -90.550 (Band III, V, VII, XII, XIX, XXI)         -9150 (Band III, V, VII, XII, XIX, XXI)           -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XII, XII, XII, XII, XII	DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15
Inc         dBm/ 3,84 MHz <i>Io</i> -13.7 dB = <i>Ioc</i> , Note 1 <i>Io</i> -13.7 dB = <i>Ioc</i> , Note 1           Range 1         Io         dBm/3,84 MHz         -9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XII, XIX, XXI)         -9470(Band I, IV, VI, X, XII, XII, XIX, XXI)           -9270 (Band II, V, VII)           -90.570 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XII, XIII, XII, X	OCNS		dB	-1.11	-1.11
Range 1         Io         dBm/3,84 MHz         -9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9470(Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)           -9270 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)           -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3))         -9170 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3))         -9170 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3))           -9170 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           Range 2         -9370 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9370 (Band II, V, VI, X, XI, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)           -9250 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)           -90.550 (Band I, V, VII)         -9250 (Band I, V, VII)           -9150 (Band I, V, VII)         -9250 (Band I, V, VII)           -9150 (Band II, V, VII, X, XI, VIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band II, V, VII)           -9150 (Band II, V, VII, X, XI, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band II, V, VII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9150 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9150 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9150 (Band IX (Note 2))           -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -915	Îor/loc		dB	10.5	10.5
XIX, XXI)       XIX, XXI)       XIX, XXI)         -9270 (Band II, V, VII)       -9270 (Band II, V, VII)       -9270 (Band XXV, XXVI)         -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI)       (Note 3))       (Note 3))         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)       -9170 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9370 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)       -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))       -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XII)       -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XII)       -9450 (Band I, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)       -9250 (Band II, V, VII)       -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -90.550 (Band III, V, VII)       -9250 (Band II, V, VII)       -9250 (Band XXV, XXVI         (Note 4))       (Note 4))       (Note 4))       (Note 4))         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)       -9350 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9350 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)       -9350 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9350 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)       -9350 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9350 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)       -9350 (Band IIX (Note 2))         -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))       -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9350 (B	loc		dBm/ 3,84 MHz	<i>Io -13.7 dB = loc,</i> Note 1	<i>Io -13.7 dB = loc,</i> Note 1
Range 2         -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3))         -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3))         -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3))           Range 2         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))           -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)           -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))           -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))           Propagation condition         -         AWGN	Range 1	lo	dBm/3,84 MHz	• • • • • • • • • •	-9470(Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)
Range 2         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))           -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)           -9250 (Band I, V, VII)         -9250 (Band I, V, VII)         -9250 (Band I, V, VII)           -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))         -9150 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))         -9150 (Band XXV, XXII)           -9150 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band II, VIII, XII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9150 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9150 (Band II, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))           Propagation condition         -         AWGN         -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))					-9270 (Band II, V, VII) -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI
XIV, XX, XXII)         XIV, XX, XXII)           Range 2         -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))           -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)           -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)           -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))         -90.550 (Band XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))           -9150 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9350 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           Propagation condition         -         AWGN           NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	( //
Range 2         -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9370 (Band IX (Note 2))           -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)           -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)           -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))         -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))         -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))           -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           Propagation condition         -         AWGN           VOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the				-9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII,	-9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII,
Range 2         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XIX, XXI)         -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XIX, XXI)           -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)           -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))         -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))         -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))           -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           Propagation condition         -         AWGN           VOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the				,	,
XIX, XXI)         XIX, XXI)         XIX, XXI)           -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -9250 (Band II, V, VII)           -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))         -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))         -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))           -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)           -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))           Propagation condition         -         AWGN           NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the					-9370 (Band IX (Note 2))
-9250 (Band II, V, VII)       -9250 (Band II, V, VII)         -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))       -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4))         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII)       -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIV, XX, XXII)         Propagation condition       -         -9250 (Band IX (Note 2))       -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         Propagation condition       -         -90.550 (Band IX (Note 2))       -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -90.550 (Band IX (Note 2))       -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -90.550 (Band II (III) (III	Range 2			-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI,	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI,
Propagation condition       -         Propagation condition       -         Propagation condition       -         Propagation condition       -         AWGN         OTE 1:       Ioc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density Io at receiver input and the					
Image: Note 4)       (Note 4))       (Note 4))         -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XII, XII, XII, XI					
-9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XII, XII, XII, XII, XII				-90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI	-90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI
XIV, XX, XXII)       XIV, XX, XXII)         Propagation condition       -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         Propagation condition       -         AWGN         NOTE 1:       loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the				(Note 4))	(Note 4))
-9350 (Band IX (Note 2))         -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))           Propagation condition         -         AWGN           NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the				-9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII,	-9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII,
Propagation condition - AWGN NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the				XIV, XX, XXII)	XIV, XX, XXII)
NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the				-9350 (Band IX (Note 2))	-9350 (Band IX (Note 2))
NOTE 1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the	Propagation condition		-		
קבטוובנו א ומטנטר 101/100.					
NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement					

#### Table A.9.6: SFN-CFN observed time difference Intra frequency test parameters

performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.
 NOTE 3: The condition is -92...-70 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.
 NOTE 4: The condition is -92...-50 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

### A.9.1.4.1.2 Inter frequency test parameters

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this test case both cells are in different frequency and compressed mode is applied. The gap length is 7, detailed definition is in TS 25.101 annex A.5, Set 1 of Table A.22. Table A.9.7 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirement is applicable.

Paramet	er	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2			
UTRA RF Channel number			Channel 1	Channel 2			
CPICH_Ec/lor		dB	-10	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor		dB	-12	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15			
DPCH_Ec/lor		dB	-15	-15			
OCNS		dB	-1.11	-1.11			
Îor/loc		dB	10.1	10.1			
loc		dBm/ 3,84 MHz	<i>Io -10.6 dB = loc,</i> Note 1	<i>Io -10.6 dB = loc,</i> Note 1			
Range 1	lo	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)	-9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)			
			-9270 (Band II, V, VII)	-9270 (Band II, V, VII)			
			-90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI	-90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI			
			(Note 3))	(Note 3))			
			-9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII,	-9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII,			
			XIV, XX, XXII)	XIV, XX, XXII)			
			-9370 (Band IX (Note 2))	-9370 (Band IX (Note 2))			
Range 2			-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI,	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI,			
			XIX, XXI)	XIX, XXI)			
			-9250 (Band II, V, VII)	-9250 (Band II, V, VII)			
			-90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI	-90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI			
			(Note 4))	(Note 4))			
			-9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII,	-9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII,			
			XIV, XX, XXII)	XIV, XX, XXII)			
			-9350 (Band IX (Note 2))	-9350 (Band IX (Note 2))			
Propagation condition -			AWGN				
NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted in each carrier frequency according the total signal power spectral density <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the geometry factor <i>lor/loc</i> .							
NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement							
performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.							
NOTE 3: The condition is -9270 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is							

within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies. NOTE 4: The condition is -92...-50 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

#### Table A.9.7: SFN-CFN observed time difference Inter frequency tests parameters

A.9.1.4.2 Test Requirements

The SFN-CFN observed time difference measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.7.

### A.9.1.5 SFN-SFN observed time difference

#### A.9.1.5.1 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1

#### A.9.1.5.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.8.1.

During the test the timing difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from 0...9830399 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table A.9.8 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

#### Unit Cell 1 Parameter Cell 2 UTRA RF Channel number Channel 1 Channel 1 CPICH\_Ec/lor dB -10 -10 PCCPCH\_Ec/lor dB -12 -12 SCH\_Ec/lor -12 -12 dB PICH\_Ec/lor dB -15 -15 S-CCPCH\_Ec/lor -12 dB -12 OCNS -1.29 -1.29 dB 10.5 10.5 Îor/loc dB dBm/ 3,84 MHz *Io -13.7 dB = loc,* Note 1 *Io -13.7 dB = loc,* Note 1 loc -94...-70 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, -94...-70 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XIX. XXI) XI. XIX. XXI) -92...-70 (Band II, V, VII) -92...-70 (Band II, V, VII) -90.5...-70 (Band XXV, XXVI -90.5...-70 (Band XXV, XXVI Range 1 (Note 3)) (Note 3)) -91...-70 (Band III, VIII, XII, -91...-70 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -93...-70 (Band IX (Note 2)) -93...-70 (Band IX (Note 2)) dBm/3.84 MHz lo -94...-50 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, -94...-50 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XIX, XXI) XI, XIX, XXI) -92...-50 (Band II, V, VII) -92...-50 (Band II, V, VII) -90.5...-50 (Band XXV, XXVI -90.5...-50 (Band XXV, XXVI Range 2 (Note 4)) (Note 4)) -91...-50 (Band III, VIII, XII, -91...-50 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -93...-50 (Band IX (Note 2)) -93...-50 (Band IX (Note 2)) Propagation condition AWGN loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the NOTE 1: geometry factor *Îor/loc*. NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE. NOTE 3: The condition is -92...-70 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is

#### Table A.9.8: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 Intra frequency test parameters

NOTE 3: The condition is -92...-70 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.
 NOTE 4: The condition is -92...-50 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

# A.9.1.5.1.2 Test Requirements

The SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.8.1

# A.9.1.5.2 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 without IPDL period active

### A.9.1.5.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy without IPDL period active is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.8.2.

During the test the time difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to value from -1279.75 to 1280 chips.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table A.9.9 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Paramete	er	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
UTRA RF Ch	UTRA RF Channel		Channel 1	Channel 1
number				
CPICH_Ec	/lor	dB	-10	-10
PCCPCH_E	c/lor	dB	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/I	or	dB	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/I	or	dB	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/	lor	dB	-15	-15
OCNS		dB	-1.11	-1.11
Îor/loc		dB	10.5	10.5
loc		dBm/ 3,84 MHz	<i>Io -13.7 dB = loc,</i> Note 1	<i>Io -13.7 dB = loc,</i> Note 1
CPICH_Ec/lo,	Note 2	dB	-13.2	-13.2
Range 1	lo	dBm/3,84 MHz	-9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)	-9470 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI)
Range 2			XIX, XXI) -9270 (Band II, V, VII) -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4)) -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -9370 (Band IX (Note 3)) -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -9250 (Band II, V, VII) -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 5)) -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -9350 (Band IX (Note 3))	XIX, XXI) -9270 (Band II, V, VII) -90.570 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 4)) -9170 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -9370 (Band IX (Note 3)) -9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -9250 (Band II, V, VII) -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 5)) -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -9350 (Band IX (Note 3))
<ul> <li>NOTE 1: <i>Ioc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density <i>Io</i> at receiver input and the geometry factor <i>Îor/Ioc</i>.</li> <li>NOTE 2: Io and CPICH Ec/Io levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.</li> <li>NOTE 3: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.</li> <li>NOTE 4: The condition is -9270 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is</li> </ul>				

## Table A.9.9: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 Intra frequency test parameters

NOTE 4: The condition is -92...-70 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.
 NOTE 5: The condition is -92...-50 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.

## A.9.1.5.2.2 Test Requirements

The SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.8.2

# A.9.1.5.3 SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 with IPDL period active

### A.9.1.5.3.1 Test Purpose and Environment

This requirement is valid only for UEs supporting IPDL measurements.

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.8.2.

During the test the time difference between Cell 1 and 2 shall be set according to the assistance data defined in table A.9.10A.

In this case all cells are in the same frequency. Table A.9.10 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Parameter	Unit	Ce	ll 1	Ce	ell 2
Time		No idle period	Idle period in Cell 1	No idle period	Idle period in Cell 1
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1	Channel 1
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	-10	-10
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	-12
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	-12	-12
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-15	-15
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	-	-
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11	-0.94	-0.94
Îor/loc	dB	10.5	-24.5	-6	-6
loc	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-80			
lo, Note 1	dBm/3,84 MHz	-69.04	-79.01	-69.04	-79.01
CPICH_Ec/lo, Note 1	dB	-10.46	-35.49	-26.96	-16.99
Propagation condition -			AW	GN	
NOTE 1: Io and CPICH Ec/Io levels have been calculated from other parameters for information purposes. They are is not settable parameters themselves.					

## Table A.9.10: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 Intra frequency test parameters

When verifying the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 intra frequency measurement accuracy with IPDL period active the idle period parameters in table A.9.10A shall be used.

### Table A.9.10A: SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 assistance data test parameters

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1
Search Window Size	Chips	80
IP_Status	-	Continuous
IP_Spacing	Frames	10
IP_Lenght	Symbols	10
IP_Offset	frame	NA
Seed	integer	13
Burst_Start		NA
Burst_Length		NA
Burst_Freq		NA

NOTE: The total signal power spectral density *Io* will change only downwards during BS transmission gap.

## A.9.1.5.3.2 Test Requirements

The SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.8.2

# A.9.1.6 UE Rx-Tx time difference

# A.9.1.6.1 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1

### A.9.1.6.1.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.9.1

The connection is started using cell 1, then cell 2 is added to the active set so that cell 1 is the timing reference. During the test the downlink DPCH time difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to any value from -148 to 148 chips.

Table A.9.11 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2		
UTRA RF Channel number		Channel 1	Channel 1		
Downlink DPCH timing	Chips	Timing reference	From reference timing -148		
			to reference timing+148		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15		
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15		
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11		
Îor/loc	dB	10.5	10.5		
loc	dBm/3,84 MHz	lo -13.7 dB = loc, Note 1	Io-13.7 dB = Ioc, Note 1		
lo	dBm/3,84 MHz	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -9250 (Band II, V, VII) -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3)) -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -9250 (Band II, V, VII) -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI (Note 3)) -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))		
Propagation condition	-		/GN		
<ul> <li>NOTE 1: <i>loc</i> level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density <i>lo</i> at receiver input and the geometry factor <i>lor/loc</i>.</li> <li>NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.</li> </ul>					
NOTE 3: The condition is -9250 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.					

Table A.9.11: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 intra frequency test parameters

## A.9.1.6.1.2 Test Requirements

The UE Rx-Tx time difference type 1 measurement accuracy measured for cell 2 shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.9.1.

# A.9.1.6.2 UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2

### A.9.1.6.2.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 measurement accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.9.2.

The connection is started using cell 1, then cell 2 is added to the active set so that cell 1 is the timing reference.During the test the downlink DPCH time difference between Cell 1 and 2 can be set to any value from -148 to 148 chips.

Table A.9.12 defines the limits of signal strengths and code powers, where the requirements are applicable.

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
UTRA RF Channel number	FRA RF Channel number Channel 1		Channel 1	
Downlink DPCH timing	Chips	Timing reference	From reference timing -148 to reference timing+148	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	-15	
OCNS	dB	-1.11	-1.11	
Îor/loc	dB	10.5	10.5	
loc	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	lo -10.9 dB = loc, Note 1	lo-13.7 dB = loc, Note 1	
lo	dBm/ 3,84 MHz	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -9250 (Band II, V, VII) -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI) -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))	-9450 (Band I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI) -9250 (Band II, V, VII) -90.550 (Band XXV, XXVI) -9150 (Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII) -9350 (Band IX (Note 2))	
Propagation condition	-	AW	GN	
<ul> <li>NOTE1: loc level shall be adjusted according the total signal power spectral density lo at receiver input and the geometry factor îor/loc.</li> <li>NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the measurement performance requirements for Band III shall apply to the multi-band UE.</li> <li>NOTE 3: The condition is -9250 dBm/3.84 MHz when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.</li> </ul>				

Table A.9.12: UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 intra frequency test parameters

### A.9.1.6.2.2 Test Requirements

The UE Rx-Tx time difference type 2 measurement accuracy measured for cell 2 shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.9.2.

A.9.1.7 (void)

A.9.1.8 (void)

Table A.9.13: (void)

### Table A.9.14: (void)

# A.9.1.9 UE Transmission Power Headroom

## A.9.1.9.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the UE transmission power headroom measurement report accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.13.4.

The test parameters are given in Table A.9.15A and Table A.9.15B. In the Scheduling Information configuration for the E-DCH, it shall be indicated to the UE that it shall periodically report Scheduling Information, which contains UPH measurement every E-DCH TTI. During the test the system simulator shall not send any scheduling grant to the UE. An HSDPA radio bearer shall be configured.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DL DCH configuration		DL Reference Measurement Channel	As specified in TS 25.101 section
		12.2 kbps	A.3.1
E-DCH TTI	ms	10	
E-DCH configuration		10 ms TTI E-DCH Transport Block	Table 0 in TS 25.321 section B.3
		Size	
DL Power Control		Off	
Active cell		Cell1	
$\beta_{ec}/\beta_{c}$		5/15	
$\beta_{ed\_ref}/\beta_{c}$		5/15	
A <sub>hs</sub>		5/15	$\Delta_{ACK} = \Delta_{NACK} = \Delta_{CQI}$
Reference E-TFCI index		0	Table 0 in TS 25.321 section B.3

Table A.9.15A: General test parameters for UE transmission power headroom

### Table A.9.15B: Cell Specific parameters for UE transmission power headroom

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12	
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15	
DPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-10	
HS-SCCH_Ec/lor	dB	-8	
HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor	dB	-3	
E-AGCH_Ec/lo	dB	DTX	
E-HICH_Ec/lo	dB	DTX	
E-RGCH_Ec/lo	dB	DTX	
OCNS	dB	Note 1	
Î <sub>or</sub>	dBm/3,84 MHz	-70	
Note 1: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to I <sub>or</sub> .			

### A.9.1.9.1.1 Test Procedure

- 1) Set the maximum allowed uplink transmit power ( $P_{max}$ ) to the maximum power for that UE power class.
- 2) Use uplink power control commands to set the UE DPCCH power to a level (*P*) where the UE power headroom is at least 31dB.
- 3) Measure the power transmitted by the UE on DPCCH every time slot. The DPCCH output power shall be averaged over 100 ms.
- 4) The total measured output power of the UE shall be averaged over 100 ms.
- 5) Estimate the reference UE transmission power headroom as the difference between the maximum allowed uplink transmit power ( $P_{max}$ ) and the average DPCCH power measured in step 3.
- 6) Check the UE reported value of UE transmission power headroom.
- 7) Check the accuracy limits according to table 9.34B for the total output power measured in step 4).
- 8) The difference between the reported UPH in step 6) and estimated reference UPH in step 5) shall be within the accuracy limits obtained in step 7).
- 9) Increase the variable *P* by 1 dB.
- 10) Repeat from step 2) until the UPH is tested over the entire dynamic range.

## A.9.1.9.2 Test Requirements

The UE transmission power headroom measurement report accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.13.4.

The rate of correct measurements observed during repeated tests shall be at least 90%.

# A.9.1.10 E-UTRAN FDD RSRP absolute accuracy

## A.9.1.10.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the E-UTRAN FDD RSRP measurement absolute accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.4a.

The test is carried out in Cell\_DCH state using a compressed mode pattern with purpose "E-UTRAN Measurement". The compressed mode pattern repeats every 80 ms and uses a gap length of 10 slots. Further details are found in TS 25.101 annex A.5.

Tables A.9.1.10.1-1 and A.9.1.10.1-2 define the limits of signal strengths and code powers on the UTRA FDD cell where the requirement is applicable. In the measurement control information periodic reporting of E-UTRAN FDD RSRP is indicated to the UE. The E-UTRAN FDD test parameters are given in Table A.9.1.10.1-3.

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - E-UTRAN measurement		Compressed mode reference pattern 2 Set 5	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		E-UTRAN FDD RSRP	
Monitored cell list size		1 E-UTRAN FDD neighbour cell	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.

Table A.9.1.10.1-1: General UTRAN test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSRP measurements

# Table A.9.1.10.1-2: Cell specific UTRAN test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSRP measurements

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1		
UTRA RF Channel number	-	Channel 1		
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10		
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12		
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15		
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1		
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2		
Îor/loc	dB	-1		
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70		
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13.54		
Propagation condition	-	AWGN		
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.				
	Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the			
total power from the cel	I to be equal to lor.			

			Test 1	Test 2
Pa	arameter	Unit	Cell 2	Cell 2
BW <sub>channel</sub>		MHz	10	10
Measurement ba	andwidth	$n_{PRB}$	22—27	22—27
	H/PHICH Reference nannel as defined in .2.1		R.6 FDD	R.6 FDD
OCNG Pattern a A.3.2.1.2	as defined in TS 36.133		OP.2 FDD	OP.2 FDD
PBCH_RA PBCH_RB				
PSS_RA				
SSS_RA				
PCFICH_RB				
PHICH_RA PHICH RB		dB	0	0
PDCCH_RA			Ū	C C
PDCCH_RB				
	2DCCH_RB 2DSCH_RA 2DSCH RB			
OCNG_RA <sup>Note1</sup>				
OCNG_RB <sup>Note1</sup>	-			
	Bands 1, 4, 6, 10, 11, 18, 19, 21, 23 and 24.			-117
$N_{_{oc}}$ Note2	Bands 2, 5, 7, 26 and 27 (Note 5)			-115
IV <sub>oc</sub>	Band 25	dBm/15 kHz	-88.65	-113.5
	Band 28			-115.5
	Bands 3, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20 and 22			-114
	Band 9			-116
$\hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot}$		dB	10	-4
57 01	Bands 1, 4, 6, 10, 11, 18, 19, 21, 23 and 24.			-121
	Bands 2, 5, 7, 26 and 27 (Note 5)			-119
RSRP <sup>Note3</sup>	Band 25	dBm/15 kHz	-78.65	-117.5
	Band 28			-119.5
	Bands 3, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20 and 22			-118
	Band 9			-120
	Bands 1, 4, 6, 10, 11, 18, 19, 21, 23 and 24.			-87.76
Noto3	Bands 2, 5, 7, 26 and 27 (Note 5)			-85.76
lo <sup>Note3</sup>	Band 25	dBm/9 MHz	-49.5	-84.26
	Band 28			-86.26
	Bands 3, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20 and 22			-84.76
	Band 9			-86.76
$\hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc}$		dB	10	-4
Propagation con		-	AWGN	AWGN
	NG shall be used such smitted power spectra			
Note 2: Inte to b	rference from other ce e constant over subca	ells and noise sour arriers and time an	rces not specified in t	he test is assumed
	ropriate power for $N_c$			
Note 3: RSRP and lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.				
nois	RP minimum requirem	tenna port.		
	Band 26, the tests sha dwidth within 865-894		vith the assigned E-U	TRA channel

# Table A.9.1.10.1-3: E-UTRAN FDD RSRP test parameters

# A.9.1.10.2 Test Requirements

The E-UTRAN FDD RSRP absolute measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.4a.

# A.9.1.11 E-UTRAN TDD RSRP Absolute Accuracy

# A.9.1.11.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the E-UTRAN TDD RSRP measurement absolute accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.4a.

The test is carried out in Cell\_DCH state using a compressed mode pattern with purpose "E-UTRAN Measurement". The compressed mode pattern repeats every 80 ms and uses a gap length of 10 slots. Further details are found in table A.22 in annex A.5 of 3GPP TS 25.101.

Tables A.9.1.11.1-1 and A.9.1.11.1-2 define the limits of signal strengths and code powers on the UTRA FDD cell where the requirement is applicable. In the measurement control information periodic reporting of E-UTRAN TDD RSRP is indicated to the UE. The E-UTRAN TDD test parameters are given in Table A.9.1.11.1-3.

### Table A.9.1.11.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSRP absolute accuracy tests

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in 3GPP TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - E-UTRAN measurement		Compressed mode reference pattern 2 Set 5	As specified in table A.22 3GPP TS 25.101 section A.5
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		E-UTRAN TDD RSRP	
Monitored cell list size		1 E-UTRAN TDD neighbour cell	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.

# Table A.9.1.11.1-2: UTRAN FDD cell specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSRP absolute accuracy tests

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			
UTRA RF Channel number	-	Channel 1			
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2			
Îor/loc	dB	-1			
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70			
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13.54			
Propagation condition	-	AWGN			
Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.					
Note 2: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the					
total power from the cell to be equal to lor.					

Р	arameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
			Cell 2	Cell 2
E-UTRA RF Ch	annel Number	NAL I-	1	1
BW <sub>channel</sub>	ne configuration <sup>Note1</sup>	MHz	10 6	10
Special Subilan	configuration <sup>Note1</sup>		0 1	<u>6</u> 1
			-	
Measurement b		n <sub>PRB</sub>	22—27	22—27
measurement c TS 36.133 A.3.1			R.6 TDD	R.6 TDD
OCNG Pattern a A.3.2.2.2	as defined in TS 36.133		OP.2 TDD	OP.2 TDD
PBCH_RA				
PBCH_RB				
PSS_RA				
SSS_RA				
PCFICH_RB				
PHICH_RA				
	PHICH_RB		0	0
	PDCCH_RA			
PDCCH_RB				
PDSCH_RA				
PDSCH_RB				
OCNG_RA <sup>Note2</sup>				
OCNG_RB <sup>Note2</sup>	1			
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ Note3	Bands 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40	dBm/15 kHz	-88.65	-117
	Bands 42 and 43 Bands 41 and 44			-116 -115
<u> </u>	Danus 41 anu 44			-115
$\hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot}$		dB	10	-4
RSRP <sup>Note4</sup>	Bands 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40	dBm/15 kHz	-78.65	-121
	Bands 42 and 43			-120
	Bands 41 and 44			-119
lo <sup>Note4</sup>	Bands 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40	dBm/9 MHz	-49.5	-87.76
-	Bands 42 and 43			-86.76
	Bands 41 and 44	İ		-85.76
$\hat{E}_s / N_{oc}$		dB	10	-4
Propagation cor	ndition	-	AWGN	AWGN
	cial subframe and uplink-	downlink configurati		
36.211 Note 2: OCNG s spectra	•	oth cells are fully allo all OFDM symbols.	ocated and a constant to	otal transmitted power
over su	bcarriers and time and s	hall be modelled as	AWGN of appropriate p	ower for $N_{_{oc}}$ to be
not set Note 5: RSRP n	and lo levels have been d table parameters themse ninimum requirements ar ar antenna port.	lves.		

# Table A.9.1.11.1-3: E-UTRAN TDD cell specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSRP absolute accuracy tests

# A.9.1.11.2 Test Requirements

The E-UTRAN TDD RSRP absolute measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.4a.

# A.9.1.12 E-UTRA FDD RSRQ absolute accuracy

# A.9.1.12.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the E-UTRAN FDD RSRQ measurement absolute accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.4b.

The test is carried out in Cell\_DCH state using a compressed mode pattern with purpose "E-UTRAN Measurement". The compressed mode pattern repeats every 80 ms and uses a gap length of 10 slots. Further details are found in TS 25.101 annex A.5.

Tables A.9.1.12.1-1 and A.9.1.12.1-2 define the limits of signal strengths and code powers on the UTRA FDD cell where the requirement is applicable. In the measurement control information periodic reporting of E-UTRAN RSRQ is indicated to the UE. The E-UTRAN FDD test parameters are given in Table A.9.1.12.1-3.

### Table A.9.1.12.1-1: General UTRAN test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSRQ measurements

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - E-UTRAN measurement		Compressed mode reference pattern 2 Set 5	As specified in table A.22 TS 25.101 section A.5
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		E-UTRAN FDD RSRQ	
Monitored cell list size		1 E-UTRAN FDD neighbour cell	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.

### Table A.9.1.12.1-2: Cell specific UTRAN test parameters for E-UTRAN FDD RSRQ measurements

	Parameter	Unit	Cell 1			
UTRA	RF Channel number	-	Channel 1			
	CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10			
F	PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
	SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12			
	PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15			
	DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1			
	OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2			
	Îor/loc	dB	-1			
	loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70			
	CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13.54			
Pro	pagation condition	-	AWGN			
Note 1:	Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.					
Note 2:			ed shall make the			
	total power from the cel	I to be equal to lor.				

Baramatar	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Parameter		Cell 2	Cell 2	Cell 2

# Table A.9.1.12.1-3: E-UTRAN FDD RSRQ test parameters

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BW <sub>channel</sub>		MHz	10	10	10
Measurement bandwidth		n <sub>PRB</sub>	22—27	22—27	22—27
PDCCH/PCFICH/PHICH Reference		FKD			
measurement channel as defined in TS			R.6 FDD	R.6 FDD	R.6 FDD
36.133 A.3.1.2.1					
	as defined in TS 36.133		OP.2 FDD	OP.2 FDD	OP.2 FDD
A.3.2.1.2			0	0	01.12.1.2.2
PBCH_RA PBCH_RB		-			
PSS_RA					
SSS_RA					
PCFICH_RB					
PHICH_RA					
PHICH_RB		dB	0	0	0
PDCCH_RA					
PDCCH_RB PDSCH_RA		-			
PDSCH_RA		-			
OCNG_RA <sup>Note1</sup>		1			
OCNG_RB <sup>Note1</sup>		1			
	Bands 1, 4, 6, 10, 11,				4 1 2 - 2
	18, 19, 21, 23 and 24.				-119.50
	Bands 2, 5, 7, 26 and	] ]			-117.50
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ Note2	27 (Note 5)	<u>.</u>			
1 v oc	Band 25	dBm/15 kHz	-80	-104.70	-116
	Band 28 Bands 3, 8, 12, 13, 14,	4		-	-118
	17, 20 and 22				-116.50
Band 9		-			-118.50
$\hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot}$	•	dB	-1.75	-4.0	-4.0
$E_s / I_{ot}$		uБ	-1.75	-4.0	-4.0
	Bands 1, 4, 6, 10, 11,		-81.75		-123.50
	18, 19, 21, 23 and 24. Bands 2, 5, 7, 26 and	-			
	27 (Note 5)				-121.50
RSRP <sup>Note3</sup>	Band 25	dBm/15 kHz		-108.70	-120
	Band 28				-122
	Bands 3, 8, 12, 13, 14,				-120.50
	17, 20 and 22	4			
	Band 9 Bands 1, 4, 6, 10, 11,				-122.50
	18, 19, 21, 23 and 24.				
	Bands 2, 5, 7, 25, 26,	1			
RSRQ <sup>Note3</sup>	27 and 28	dB	-14.76	-16.25	-16.25
	Bands 3, 8, 12, 13, 14,				
	17, 20 and 22	4			
	Band 9 Bands 1, 4, 6, 10, 11,				
	18, 19, 21, 23 and 24.				-90.26
	Bands 2, 5, 7, 26 and	1			00.00
Netro	27 (Note 5)	1			-88.26
lo <sup>Note3</sup>	Band 25	dBm/9 MHz	-50	-75.46	-86.76
	Band 28	4			-88.76
	Bands 3, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20 and 22				-87.26
	Band 9	4			-89.26
			4.75	4.2	
$\hat{E}_s / N_{oc}$		dB	-1.75	-4.0	-4.0
$E_s/N_{oc}$	Propagation condition		AWGN	AWGN	

Note 2: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for  $N_{oc}$  to be fulfilled.

Note 3: RSRQ, RSRP and lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable

parameters themselves. Note 4: RSRP and RSRQ minimum requirements are specified assuming independent interference and noise at each receiver antenna port.

Note 5: For Band 26, the tests shall be performed with the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth within 865-894

# A.9.1.12.2 Test Requirements

The E-UTRAN FDD RSRQ absolute measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.4b.

# A.9.1.13 E-UTRAN TDD RSRQ Absolute Accuracy

# A.9.1.13.1 Test Purpose and Environment

The purpose of this test is to verify that the E-UTRAN TDD RSRQ measurement absolute accuracy is within the specified limits. This test will verify the requirements in section 9.1.4b.

The test is carried out in Cell\_DCH state using a compressed mode pattern with purpose "E-UTRAN Measurement". The compressed mode pattern repeats every 80 ms and uses a gap length of 10 slots. Further details are found in table A.22 in annex A.5 of 3GPP TS 25.101.

Tables A.9.1.13.1-1 and A.9.1.13.1-2 define the limits of signal strengths and code powers on the UTRA FDD cell where the requirement is applicable. In the measurement control information periodic reporting of E-UTRAN TDD RSRQ is indicated to the UE. The E-UTRAN TDD test parameters are given in Table A.9.1.13.1-3.

#### Table A.9.1.13.1-1: General test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSRQ absolute accuracy tests

Parameter	Unit	Value	Comment
DCH parameters		DL Reference Measurement Channel 12.2 kbps	As specified in 3GPP TS 25.101 section A.3.1
Power Control		On	
Target quality value on DTCH	BLER	0.01	
Compressed mode patterns - E-UTRAN measurement		Compressed mode reference pattern 2 Set 5	As specified in table A.22 3GPP TS 25.101 section A.5
Inter-RAT measurement quantity		E-UTRAN TDD RSRQ	
Monitored cell list size		1 E-UTRAN TDD neighbour cell	Measurement control information is sent before the compressed mode pattern starts.

# Table A.9.1.13.1-2: UTRAN FDD cell specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSRQ absolute accuracy tests

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1				
UTRA RF Channel number	-	Channel 1				
CPICH_Ec/lor	dB	-10				
PCCPCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				
SCH_Ec/lor	dB	-12				
PICH_Ec/lor	dB	-15				
DCH_Ec/lor	dB	Note 1				
OCNS_Ec/lor	dB	Note 2				
Îor/loc	dB	-1				
loc	dBm/ 3.84 MHz	-70				
CPICH_Ec/lo	dB	-13.54				
Propagation condition	- AWGN					
Note 1: The DPCH level is cont	Note 1: The DPCH level is controlled by the power control loop.					
Note 2: The power of the OCNS		ed shall make the				
total power from the cel	I to be equal to lor.					

Parameter E-UTRA RF Channel Number		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
		0	Cell 2	Cell 2	Cell 2
	nannel Number		1	1	1
BW <sub>channel</sub>	51-4-4	MHz	10	10	10
Special subframe configuration Note1			6	6	6
Uplink-downlin	k configuration Note1		1	1	1
Measurement l	bandwidth	n <sub>PRB</sub>	22—27	22—27	22—27
measurement of	CH/PHICH Reference channel as defined in		R.6 TDD	R.6 TDD	R.6 TDD
3GPP TS 36.1					
OCNG Pattern 36.133 A.3.2.2	as defined in 3GPP TS .2.		OP.2 TDD	OP.2 TDD	OP.2 TDD
PBCH_RA					
PBCH_RB					
PSS_RA					
SSS_RA					
PCFICH_RB					
PHICH_RA					
PHICH_RB		dB	0	0	0
PDCCH RA			v	5	U
PDCCH_RB					
PDSCH_RA					
PDSCH_RB					
OCNG_RA <sup>Note2</sup>					
OCNG_RB <sup>Note2</sup>					
Bands 33, 34, 35					440.50
N Note3	36, 37, 38, 39 and		-80		-119.50
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ Note3	40 Bondo 42 and 42	dBm/15 kHz		-104.70	440.50
	Bands 42 and 43			-	-118.50
	Bands 41 and 44				-117.50
$\hat{E}_{s}/I_{ot}$		dB	-1.75	-4.0	-4.0
	Bands 33, 34, 35,				
	36, 37, 38, 39 and				-123.50
RSRP <sup>Note4</sup>	40	dBm/15 kHz	-81.75	-108.70	
	Bands 42 and 43		00		-122.50
	Bands 41 and 44				-121.50
					121.00
	Bands 33, 34, 35,				
RSRQ <sup>Note4</sup>	36, 37, 38, 39, 40,	dB	-14.76	-16.25	-16. 25
	42, 43 and 44				
	Bands 33, 34, 35,				
	36, 37, 38, 39 and				-90.26
lo <sup>Note4</sup>	40	dDm /0 Militz	50	75 46	-30.20
10	Bands 42 and 43	dBm/9 MHz	-50	-75.46	-89.26
$\hat{\mathbf{r}}$ / $\mathbf{v}$	Bands 41 and 44				-88.26
$\hat{E}_s / N_{oc}$		dB	-1.75	-4.0	-4.0
Propagation co	ondition	-	AWGN	AWGN	AWGN

# Table A.9.1.13.1-3: E-UTRAN TDD cell specific test parameters for E-UTRAN TDD RSRQ absolute accuracy tests

Note 1: For special subframe and uplink-downlink configurations see Tables 4.2-1 and 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211.

Note 2: OCNG shall be used such that both cells are fully allocated and a constant total transmitted power spectral density is achieved for all OFDM symbols.

Note 3: Interference from other cells and noise sources not specified in the test is assumed to be constant over subcarriers and time and shall be modelled as AWGN of appropriate power for  $N_{oc}$  to be fulfilled.

Note 4: RSRQ, RSRP and lo levels have been derived from other parameters for information purposes. They are not settable parameters themselves.

Note 5: RSRP and RSRQ minimum requirements are specified assuming independent interference and noise at each receiver antenna port.

# A.9.1.13.2 Test Requirements

The E-UTRAN TDD RSRQ absolute measurement accuracy shall meet the requirements in section 9.1.4b.

# Annex B (normative): Conditions for RRM requirements applicability for operating bands

# B.1. Conditions for Idle mode tasks

# B.1.1. Conditions for measurements of inter-RAT E-UTRA cells

This section defines the inter-RAT E-UTRA RSRP, RSRP Ês/Iot, SCH\_RP and SCH Ês/Iot applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for measurements of inter-RAT E-UTRA cells are defined in Table B.1.1-1

Table B.1.1-1. Conditions for measurements of inter-RAT E-UTRA cells
----------------------------------------------------------------------

Parameter				Conditions	S			
	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	
	1, 4, 6, 10, 11, 18, 19,	9, 42, 43	2, 5, 7, 27, 41, 44	3, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20, 22	25	26	28	
	21, 23, 24, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40							
RSRP  <sub>dBm</sub> ≥	-124 dBm	-123 dBm	-122 dBm	-121 dBm	-120.5dBm	-121.5 dBm(Note 1)	-122.5 dBm	
SCH_RP  <sub>dBm</sub> ≥	-124 dBm	-123 dBm	-122 dBm	-121 dBm	-120.5dBm	-121.5 dBm(Note 1)	-122.5 dBm	
RSRP Ês/lot≥				-4 dB				
SCH Ês/lot ≥		-4 dB						
	ondition is -12 894 MHz	2 dBm wher	the carrier fre	equency of the ass	igned E-UTRA	A channel bandw	idth is within	

# **B.2.** Conditions for UE Measurements Procedures

# B.2.1. Conditions for E-UTRAN measurements

This section defines the E-UTRAN RSRP, RSRP Ês/Iot, SCH\_RP and SCH RP/Iot applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for E-UTRAN measurements are defined in Table B.2.1-1.

Parameter				Conditions				
	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	
	1, 4, 6, 10, 11, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40	9, 42, 43	2, 5, 7, 27, 41, 44	3, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20, 22	25	26	28	
RSRP  <sub>dBm</sub> ≥	-125 dBm	-124 dBm	-123 dBm	-122 dBm	-121.5dBm	-122.5 dBm (Note 1)	-123.5dBm	
SCH_RP  <sub>dBm</sub> ≥	-125 dBm	-124 dBm	-123 dBm	-122 dBm	-121.5dBm	-122.5 dBm (Note 1)	-123.5dBm	
RSRP Ês/lot≥		-4 dB						
SCH RP/lot ≥	-4 dB							
	ondition is -123 d 865-894 MHz	Bm when th	e carrier frequ	uency of the as	ssigned E-UTF	RA channel ba	ndwidth is	

Table B.2.1-1. Conditions for E-UTRAN measurements

# B.3. Conditions for Measurement Performance for UE

# B.3.1. Conditions for intra frequency CPICH RSCP measurements accuracy

This section defines the intra frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for measurements accuracy of intra-frequency CPICH RSRP are defined in Table B.3.1-1

Table B.3.1-1. Conditions for measurements of intra-frequency CPICH RSRP

Parameter		Conditions						
	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands			
	I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI	IX	II, V, VII	III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII	XXV, XXVI			
CPICH	-114 dBm	-113 dBm	-112 dBm	-111 dBm	-110.5dBm			
RSCP1  <sub>dBm</sub> ≥					(Note 1)			
Note 1: The condition is -112 dBm when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.								

# B.3.2. Conditions for intra frequency CPICH RSCP relative measurements accuracy

This section defines the intra frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for relative measurements accuracy of intra-frequency CPICH RSRP are defined in Table B.3.2-1

Parameter	Conditions							
	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands			
	I, IV, VI, X, XI, XIX, XXI	IX	II, V, VII	III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV, XX, XXII	ΧΧΥ, ΧΧΥΙ			
CPICH	-114 dBm	-113 dBm	-112 dBm	-111 dBm	-110.5dBm			
RSCP1,2  <sub>dBm</sub> ≥					(Note 1)			
Note 1: The condition is -112 dBm when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz for the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies.								

Table B.3.2-1. Conditions for relative measurements of intra-frequency CPICH RSRP

# B.3.3. Conditions for inter frequency CPICH RSCP relative measurements accuracy

This section defines the inter frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for relative measurements accuracy of inter-frequency CPICH RSRP are defined in Table B.3.2-1

# B.3.4. Conditions for intra frequency CPICH Ec/lo measurements accuracy

This section defines the intra frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for measurements accuracy of intra-frequency CPICH Ec/Io are defined in Table B.3.1-1

# B.3.5. Conditions for intra frequency CPICH Ec/lo relative measurements accuracy

This section defines the intra frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band. The conditions for measurements accuracy of intra-frequency CPICH Ec/Io are defined in Table B.3.2-1

# B.3.6. Conditions for inter frequency CPICH Ec/lo measurements accuracy

This section defines the inter frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band. The conditions for measurements accuracy of inter-frequency CPICH Ec/Io are defined in Table B.3.1-1

# B.3.7. Conditions for inter frequency CPICH Ec/lo relative measurements accuracy

This section defines the inter frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band. The conditions for measurements accuracy of inter-frequency CPICH Ec/Io are defined in Table B.3.2-1

# B.3.8. Conditions for intra frequency SFN-SFN observed time difference

This section defines the intra frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for intra-frequency SFN-SFN observed time difference are defined in Table B.3.2-1

# B.3.9. Conditions for inter frequency SFN-SFN observed time difference

This section defines the inter frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for inter-frequency SFN-SFN observed time difference are defined in Table B.3.2-1

# B.3.10. Conditions for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1

This section defines the CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for SFN-SFN observed time difference type 1 are defined in Table B.3.2-1

# B.3.11. Conditions for intra frequency SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 without or with IPDL period active

This section defines the intra frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for intra-frequency SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 without or with IPDL period active are defined in Table B.3.2-1

# B.3.12. Conditions for inter frequency SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2

This section defines the inter frequency CPICH RSRP applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for inter-frequency SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 without or with IPDL period active are defined in Table B.3.2-1

# B.4. Conditions for UTRAN Connected mode mobility

# B.4.1. Conditions for identification of a new CGI of inter-RAT E-UTRA cell with autonomous gaps

This section defines the E-UTRAN SCH\_RP|dBm and SCH  $\hat{E}s$ /Iot applicable for a corresponding operating band.

The conditions for E-UTRAN measurements are defined in Table B.4.1-1

# Table B.4.1-1. Conditions for identification of a new CGI of inter-RAT E-UTRA cell with autonomous gaps

Parameters		Conditions							
	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands	Bands		
	1, 4, 6, 10,	9, 42, 43	2, 5, 7, 27,	3, 8, 12,	25	26	28		
	11, 18, 19,		41, 44	13, 14, 17,					
	21, 23, 24,			20, 22					
	33, 34, 35,			-					
	36, 37, 38,								
	39, 40								
SCH_RP  <sub>dBm</sub> ≥	-125 dBm	-124 dBm	-123 dBm	-122 dBm	-121.5	-122.5	-123.5		
-					dBm	(Note 1)	dBm		
SCH Ês/lot≥	SCH Ês/lot≥ -4 dB								
Note 1: The condition is -123 dBm when the carrier frequency of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth is									
within 865-894 MHz									

# Annex C (informative): Change History

TSG	Doc	CR	R	Title	Cat	Curr	New	Work Item
RP-				Rel-8 version created based on			8.0.0	
37		0040		v7.9.0	_			
RP-	RP-	0916		Introduction of UMTS1500	В	7.9.0	8.0.0	RInImp8-UMTS1500
37 RP-	070658 RP-	0922		requirements (Rel-8) Title change for test case in Annex	А	8.0.0	8.1.0	TEI6
38	070933	0322		A.5.4.4		0.0.0	0.1.0	
RP-	RP-	0925	1	Removal of square brackets in cell	А	8.0.0	8.1.0	TEI6
38	070933			identification test case				
RP-	RP-	0919	1	Addition of E-DPCCH boosting to	А	8.0.0	8.1.0	RANimp-
38	070934	0000		ETFC restriction requirements	•	0.4.0		16QamUplink
RP- 39	RP- 080119	0929		Correction to Annex A.5.5.4	A	8.1.0	8.2.0	TEI6
RP-	RP-	0926		Introduction of UMTS700	В	8.1.0	8.2.0	RInImp8-UMTS700
39	080124	0020		requirements		0.1.0	0.2.0	
RP-	RP-	0936		Correction to A.5.5.4 and A.5.6.3	А	8.2.0	8.3.0	TEI6
40	080321							
RP-	RP-	0937		Updates of TS25.133 to include	В	8.2.0	8.3.0	LTE-RF
40	080325			requirements for UTRA to E-				
RP-	RP-	941	1	UTRA mobility Updates of TS25.133 requirements for	F	8.3.0	8.4.0	LTE-RF
41	080637	941	1	UTRA to E-UTRA mobility	Г	0.3.0	0.4.0	
RP-	RP-	946		Updates of TS25.133 to include	F	8.3.0	8.4.0	LTE-RF
41	080637			requirements for UTRA to E-UTRA mobility				
RP-	RP-	943		Modification of new cell identification	А	8.3.0	8.4.0	RANimp-CPC
41	080626			time (intra-frequency) when UE DRX is enabled				
RP-	RP-	953		Correction of UTRAN to GSM relection	А	8.3.0	8.4.0	TEI6
41	080630			Scenario 3	_			
RP- 41	RP- 080627	947	1	Performance requirements for mobility for Enhanced Uplink for CELL_FACH	В	8.3.0	8.4.0	RANimp-UplinkEnhState
00	DD	0.45		state and Enhanced UE DRX	-	0.0.0	0.4.0	TEI8
RP- 41	RP- 080627	945		RRC re-establishment requirements	F	8.3.0	8.4.0	1 = 10
RP-	RP-	962	1	E-UTRA Changes for 25.133	F	8.4.0	8.5.0	LTE-RF
42	080938	001				01110	0.0.0	
RP-	RP-	959		UE Transmission Power	F	8.4.0	8.5.0	RANimp-
42	080947			Headroom definition for E-DCH in				UplinkEnhState
		0.00		CELL_FACH	-	0.4.0	0.5.0	DANE HODOOH
RP-	RP- 080949	960	1	UE interruption time requirement	В	8.4.0	8.5.0	RANimp-HSDSCH
42	080949			for Enhanced Serving Cell Change Procedure				
RP-	RP-	958	2	Introduction of UE Measurement	В	8.4.0	8.5.0	TEI8
42	081102	000	-	Capability for frequency adjacent		0.110	0.0.0	1210
				to intra-frequency				
RP-	RP-	968		Correction to RRM PRACH test	А	8.5.0	8.6.0	TEI6
43	090167			case "Correct behaviour when				
				reaching maximum transmit power"				
RP-	RP-	977		Correction to RRM E-TFC	А	8.5.0	8.6.0	TEI6
43	090167	511		restriction test cases A.6.6.1.1 and	~	0.0.0	0.0.0	
				A.6.6.1.2				
RP-	RP-	969	1	Test case of UTRA FDD-E-UTRA	F	8.5.0	8.6.0	LTE-RF
43	090189			FDD cell reselection when E-				
		0.05		UTRA FDD is of higher priority	_	0.5.0	0.0.0	
RP-	RP- 090190	965	1	E-UTRA Changes for 25.133	F	8.5.0	8.6.0	LTE-RF
43	090190					1		

RP-	RP-	971	2	25.133 CR measurement rule for	F	8.5.0	8.6.0	TEI8
43	090190			absolute priority based inter- frequency cells.				
RP- 43	RP- 090196	964		Testcase for Enhanced Serving HS-DSCH cell change	F	8.5.0	8.6.0	RANimp-HSDSCH
RP-	RP-	973		Correction to mobility	F	8.5.0	8.6.0	RANimp-DRX
43	090196	975		requirements for enhanced UE DRX		0.5.0	0.0.0	KANIIIIp-DKA
RP-	RP-	974		Initial E-TFC restriction for	F	8.5.0	8.6.0	RANimp-
43	090196			enhanced uplink in cell FACH				UplinkEnhState
RP-	RP-	979	3	Addition of UTRA FDD-E-UTRA	F	8.5.0	8.6.0	LTE-RF
43	090370			FDD cell reselection test case when E-UTRA FDD is of lower priority				
RP-	RP-	984		UTRA FDD-E-UTRA FDD/ TDD	F	8.6.0	8.7.0	LTE-RF
44	090546	001		handover test cases	•	0.0.0	0.7.0	
RP-	RP-	988		UTRAN FDD - E-UTRAN Cell Search	F	8.6.0	8.7.0	LTE-RF
44	090546	300		Test Cases	1	0.0.0	0.7.0	
RP-	RP-	981		Alignment of E-UTRA RRM reselection	F	8.6.0	070	LTE-RF
44	090551	901		testcases with core requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091091)	F	8.6.0	8.7.0	
RP-	RP-	985		E-UTRA Changes for 25.133	F	8.6.0	8.7.0	LTE-RF
44	090551	000		goo to: _ottoo	<b>.</b>	0.0.0	0.7.0	
RP-	RP-	987		Correction to UE measurement	F	8.6.0	8.7.0	TEI8
44	090555	907		requirements on a frequency adjacent to intra-frequency		0.0.0	0.7.0	
RP-	RP-	983	1	Test case for UE measurement	F	8.6.0	8.7.0	TEI8
44	090555		-	capability on a frequency adjacent to intra-frequency				
RP-	RP-	982		Correction of initial E-TFC restriction	F	8.6.0	8.7.0	RANimp-
44	090557			for E-DCH in CELL_FACH state and Idle mode (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis: R4-091052)				UplinkEnhState
RP-	RP-	986		E-UTRA Changes for 25.133	А	8.7.0	9.0.0	LTE-RF
44	090551	000				00	0.0.0	21210
RP- 44	RP- 090559	980		Introduction of Extended UMTS800 requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091056)	В	8.7.0	9.0.0	RInImp9-UMTSLTE800
RP-	RP-	993	1	25.133 Rel-8 CR Clarification of	А	9.0.0	9.1.0	TEI8
45	090827	000		NRPM computation when MIMO or			0.1.0	1210
-10	000027			DC-HSDPA is configured				
RP-	RP-	995		Corrections of Combined	А	9.0.0	9.1.0	LTE-RF
45	090817			Interfrequency and GSM measurements				
RP- 45	RP- 090817	1005	1	E-UTRA Changes for 25.133	A	9.0.0	9.1.0	LTE-RF
RP- 45	RP- 090831	1003		UTRAN FDD- E-UTRAN FDD Handover to Unknown Target Cell Test Cases	A	9.0.0	9.1.0	LTE-RF
RP-	RP-	1009		UTRAN FDD- E-UTRAN FDD	А	9.0.0	9.1.0	LTE-RF
45	090831	1000		Handover to Unknown Target Cell	~		0.1.0	
		000		Test Cases	-	0.0.0	0.1.5	
RP-	RP-	996		Addition of Band 18 and 19/ XIX into	F	9.0.0	9.1.0	RInImp9-UMTSLTE800
45	090826			some parts of the specification Introduction of Extended UMTS1500				
				requirements for TS25.133 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis				
RP-46	RP-091286	1010		in R4-093627)	В	9.1.0	9.2.0	UMTSLTE1500
				Clarification of NRPM computation when DC-HSDPA and MIMO is				
RP-46	RP-091290	1013		configured (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-094060)	в	9.1.0	9.2.0	RANimp-DC_MIMO
				RRM requirements for DC-HSUPA				
RP-46	RP-091288	1014		(Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-094073)	в	9.1.0	9.2.0	RANimp-DC_HSUPA
10	001200		1	Corrections to Enhanced Serving HS-	-	0.1.0	0.2.0	
RP-46	RP-091283	1017	1	DSCH cell change test case UTRAN FDD E-UTRAN TDD RSRQ	Α	9.1.0	9.2.0	RANimp-HSDSCH
RP-46	RP-091273	1018	1	Measurement Accuracy Tests	F	9.1.0	9.2.0	LTE-RF
PD /6	PD.001290	1020		Measurement requirements of	P	010	020	RANimp- MultiBand DC HSDRA
RP-46	RP-091289	1020		secondary carrier for DB-DC-HSDPA	В	9.1.0	9.2.0	MultiBand_DC_HSDPA

				UE capabilities for support of event				
				triggering and reporting criteria for DC-				
RP-46	RP-091288	1021		HŠUPA	В	9.1.0	9.2.0	RANimp-DC_HSUPA
RP-46	RP-091288	1022	1	UL interruption time requirements for DC-HSUPA	в	9.1.0	9.2.0	RANimp-DC_HSUPA
RP-46	RP-091271	1025		E-UTRA Changes for 25.133	F	9.1.0	9.2.0	LTE-RF
-				UTRAN E-UTRAN FDD RSRP				
RP-46	RP-091273	1026		Measurement Accuracy Tests	F	9.1.0	9.2.0	LTE-RF
				UTRAN FDD E-UTRAN TDD RSRP				
RP-46	RP-091273	1027		Measurement Accuracy Tests	F	9.1.0	9.2.0	LTE-RF
				UTRAN E-UTRAN FDD RSRQ				
RP-46	RP-091273	1028		Measurement Accuracy Tests	F	9.1.0	9.2.0	LTE-RF
RP-46	RP-091281	1030	1	Editorial corrections for TS25.133	А	9.1.0	9.2.0	TEI8
RP-47	RP-100254	1033	2	UE measurement capability requirements in Idle and Connected	A	9.2.0	9.3.0	LTE-RF
RP-47	RP-100254	1048		Cell search requirement for UTRA to E-UTRA HO to unknown target cell	A	9.2.0	9.3.0	LTE-RF
RP-47	RP-100254	1039		Correction to Cell Reselection Requirements	A	9.2.0	9.3.0	LTE-RF
RP-47	RP-100260	1036		Corrections on RRM parameters for	A	9.2.0	9.3.0	TEI8
				Bands XII, XIII, XIV				
RP-47	RP-100263	1037		Introduction of UMTS in 800 MHz for	В	9.2.0	9.3.0	RInImp9-
				Europe requirements in TS 25.133				UMTSLTE800EU
RP-47	RP-100267	1046		Correction to UL interruptime requirement for DC-HSUPA	F	9.2.0	9.3.0	RANimp-DC_HSUPA
RP-47	RP-100267	1034r1		ETFC Restriction for DC-HSUPA	В	9.2.0	9.3.0	RANimp-DC_HSUPA
RP-47	RP-100266	1049		Introduction of requirements for HNB inbound mobility	В	9.2.0	9.3.0	EHNB-RAN2
RP-48	RP-100623	1059		RRC procedure delay for UTRA to E- UTRA HO	A	9.3.0	9.4.0	LTE-RF
RP-48	RP-100623	1061	1	Unknown target cell search requirements for UTRA to E-UTRA HO test cases	A	9.3.0	9.4.0	LTE-RF
RP-48	RP-100623	1057	1	Correction of UTRAN-E-UTRAN Cell Re-selection Requirements	A	9.3.0	9.4.0	LTE-RF
RP-48	RP-100627	1054	1	Introduction of HNB test cases	F	9.3.0	9.4.0	EHNB-RAN2

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RP-49	RP-100921	1065	1	Clarification of primary uplink frequency and secondary uplink frequency	F	9.4.0	9.5.0	4C_HSDPA-Core
RP-49	RP-100924	1066		Introduction of intrafrequency HNB test case	F	9.4.0	9.5.0	EHNB-RAN2
RP-50	RP-101353	1070	1	25.133 CR introduction of UE RRM	В	9.5.0	9.6.0	4C_HSDPA-Core
RP-50	RP-101355	1071	2	requirements for 4C-HSDPA Interfrequency detected set for UMTS introduction in 25.133	В	9.5.0	9.6.0	Interf_dset_meas_UMTS
RP-51	RP-110339	1084	1	Cell identity change time and rearrangement of Time periods for UTRA-EUTRA reselection Test case A.4.5.1	A	10.0.0	10.1.0	LTE-RF
RP-51	RP-110408	1085	1	Requirements for Minimization of Drive Tests (MDT) in UMTS	В	10.0.0		MDT_UMTSLTE-Core
RP-51	RP-110342	1088	-	Correction of inter-frequency measurement accuracy test cases	A	10.0.0	10.1.0	TEI9
RP-52	RP-110778	1112	1	Cell Reselection Requirements for Higher Priority Layer	F	10.1.0	10.2.0	TEI10
RP-52	RP-110804	1099		Expanded 1900 MHz addition to 25.133	В	10.1.0	10.2.0	E1900-Core
RP-52	RP-110796	1101		Simplification of frequency dependent requirements in 25.133	F	10.1.0	10.2.0	TEI10
RP-52	RP-110794	1104		Measurement Reporting Criteria Requirements in CELL_DCH	А	10.1.0	10.2.0	TEI9
RP-52	RP-110803	1110		CR Timestamp accuracy requirements for MDT	В	10.1.0	10.2.0	MDT_UMTSLTE-Core
RP-52	RP-110790	1109		Inter-RAT E-UTRAN cell SI acquisition requirement	A	10.1.0	10.2.0	EHNB
RP-53	RP-111246	1115	1	Thresholds and margins for reporting of neighbour cells in RRM tests	A	10.2.0	10.3.0	LTE-RF
RP-53	RP-111246	1118		A.8.6.1, A.8.6.2 Thresholds and margins for reporting of neighbour cells in RRM tests	A	10.2.0	10.3.0	LTE-RF
RP-53	RP-111246	1127		A.8.7.1, A.8.7.2 Thresholds and margins for reporting of neighbour cells in RRM tests	A	10.2.0	10.3.0	LTE-RF
RP-53	RP-111249	1124		A.5.4a, A.5.4b Editorial corrections for 25.133 (Rel- 10)	A	10.2.0	10.3.0	LTE-RF
RP-53	RP-111249	1130		Specify Es/Noc in RRM tests A 4.5.1 and A 4.5.2	A	10.2.0	10.3.0	LTE-RF
RP-53	RP-111250	1144		Correction to inter-RAT signal levels for band 17	A	10.2.0	10.3.0	TEI8
RP-53	RP-111255	1140		Add Band XXII for LTE/UMTS 3500 (FDD) to TS 25.133	В	10.2.0	10.3.0	RInImp8-UMTSLTE3500
RP-53	RP-111255	1141		Add Band 42/43 for LTE/UMTS 3500 (FDD) to TS 25.133	В	10.2.0	10.3.0	RInImp8-UMTSLTE3500
RP-53	RP-111263	1120	3	Correction to cell reselection requirements for higher priority layer	F	10.2.0	10.3.0	TEI10
RP-53	RP-111263	1139		Correction to measurement reporting requirements	F	10.2.0	10.3.0	TEI10
RP-54	RP-111735	1145		Correction to event triggered reporting	F	10.3.0	10.4.0	TEI10
RP-54	RP-111690	1148	1	Test case for Inter-frequency detected set without compressed mode	F	10.3.0	10.4.0	TEI10
RP-54	RP-111690	1149	1	Test case for Inter-frequency detected set with compressed mode	F	10.3.0	10.4.0	TEI10
RP-54	RP-111690	1150	1	Test case for enhanced Inter- frequency measurements	F	10.3.0	10.4.0	TEI10
RP-54				UE CPICH measurement requirements for inter frequency detected set without compressed				
RP-54	RP-111690 RP-111734	1153 1155		mode Simplification of operating bands	F	10.3.0 10.3.0	10.4.0	TEI10 TEI10
RP-54	RP-111734	1157		Missing bands for test cases	F	10.3.0	10.4.0	TEI10
RP-54		4450	4	Optional faster higher priority	-	40.0.0	40.40	TEMO
RP-55	RP-111690 RP-120304	1158 1160	1	reselection Inter-RAT E-UTRA RSRP, RSRQ Test	F F	10.3.0 10.4.0	10.4.0 10.5.0	TEI10 TEI10
RP-55	RP-120307	1168	1	cases band dependency Introduction of Band 26/XXVI to TS	В	10.4.0	11.0.0	e850_UB-Perf
RP-56	RP-120781	1170		25.133 Inter-RAT E-UTRA RSRP, RSRQ	A	11.0.0	11.1.0	TEI10
RP-56	RP-120786	1173		band 41 side conditions change Requirements for transport format	В	11.0.0	11.1.0	8C-HSDPA-core
				combination selection for 8C-HSDPA				

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RP-56	RP-120767	1181		Correction on idle state RSRP filter requirement on inter-RAT measurement from UTRAN to E- UTRAN	A	11.0.0	11.1.0	TEI8
RP-56	RP-120771	1186		Radio conditions for SI acquisition in UTRA FDD	A	11.0.0	11.1.0	TEI9
RP-56	RP-120794	1187		Introduction of Band 28	В	11.0.0	11.1.0	LTE_APAC700-Perf
RP-56	RP-120795	1188	1	Clarification of cell FACH measurement requirements	F	11.0.0	11.1.0	TEI11
RP-56	RP-120794	1189		Introduction of Band 44	В	11.0.0	11.1.0	LTE_APAC700-Perf
RP-56	RP-120792	1190		Introduction of E850_LB (Band 27) to TS 25.133	В	11.0.0	11.1.0	LTE_e850_LB-Perf
RP-57	RP-121294	1198		Duration of Time period T1 in Test Cases A.8.7.1 and A.8.7.2.	A	11.1.0	11.2.0	LTE-RF
RP-57	RP-121297	1200		Radio conditions for PBCH reading in Inter-RAT E-UTRA FDD	A	11.1.0	11.2.0	EHNB-RAN2
RP-57	RP-121319	1203		Introduction of absolute priority cell reselection and 2nd DRX cycle in CELL_FACH	В	11.1.0	11.2.0	Cell_FACH_enh-Core
RP-57	RP-121313	1209		Handover Requirements for UTRA FDD to E-UTRA for 25.133 Rel-11	A	11.1.0	11.2.0	LTE-RF
RP-57	RP-121313	1211		Reference correction	А	11.1.0	11.2.0	TEI10

# History

	Document history							
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