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Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); UTRA repeater conformance testing (3GPP TS 25.143 version 14.0.0 Release 14)



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## 1 Scope

The present document specifies the Radio Frequency (RF) test methods and Minimum Requirements for UTRA FDD Repeaters. These have been derived from, and are consistent with the UTRA FDD Repeater specifications defined in TS 25.106.

This document establishes the minimum RF characteristics of the UTRA FDD Repeater.

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

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- 3GPP TS 25.104: "UTRA(BS) FDD; Radio transmission and Reception". [1] 3GPP TS 25.942: "RF system scenarios". [2] [3] 3GPP TS 25.113: "Base station EMC". [4] ITU-R recommendation SM.329: "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain ". ITU-T recommendation O.153: "Basic parameters for the measurement of error performance at bit [5] rates below the primary rate". IEC 60721-3-3 (1994): "Classification of environmental conditions - Part 3: Classification of [6] groups of environmental parameters and their severities – Section 3: Stationary use at weather protected locations". [7] IEC 60721-3-4 (1995): "Classification of environmental conditions - Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities - Section 4: Stationary use at non-weather protected locations". IEC 60068-2-1 (1990): "Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests. Tests A: Cold". [8] [9] IEC 60068-2-2 (1974): "Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests. Tests B: Dry heat". [10] IEC 60068-2-6 (1995): "Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests – Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)". [11] 3GPP TS 25.141: "Base station conformance testing (FDD)". 3GPP TS 25.106: "UTRA Repeater; Radio transmission and reception". [12] 3GPP TS 36.143: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); FDD repeater [13] conformance testing" CEPT ECC Decision (13)03, "The harmonised use of the frequency band 1452-1492 MHz for [14] Mobile/Fixed Communications Networks Supplemental Downlink (MFCN SDL)". 3GPP TS 36.104: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) [15] radio transmission and reception".

# 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

**Donor coupling loss:** is the coupling loss between the repeater and the donor base station.

**Down-link:** signal path where base station transmits and mobile receives

**Maximum output power, Pmax:** This is the mean power level per carrier measured at the antenna connector of the Repeater in specified reference condition.

**Operating band:** the frequency range in which UTRA FDD operates, that is defined with a specific set of technical requirements.

NOTE 1: The operating band(s) for an UTRA Repeater is declared by the manufacturer according to the designations in clause 4.1, Table 4.1.

NOTE 2: Unless specified, operating band refers to the uplink operating band and downlink operating band.

**Pass band:** the pass band is the frequency range in which the Repeater operates in with operational configuration. This frequency range can correspond to one or several consecutive nominal 5 MHz channels. If they are not consecutive each subset of channels shall be considered as an individual pass band. A repeater can have one or several pass bands.

**Repeater:** a device that receives, amplifies and transmits the radiated or conducted RF carrier both in the down-link direction (from the base station to the mobile area) and in the up-link direction (from the mobile to the base station). In operating bands specified with only down-link or up-link, only the up-link or down-link as specified for the operating band is repeated.

**Up-link:** signal path where mobile transmits and base station receives.

## 3.2 (void)

## 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

BS Base Transceiver Station

CW Continuous Wave (unmodulated signal)

DL Down Link (forward link)
DTT Digital Terrestrial Television
EIRP Effective Isotropic Radiated Power

EVM Error Vector Magnitude FDD Frequency Division Duplex

FFS For Further Study

IMT2000 International Mobile Telecommunication-2000 ITU International Telecommunication Union

MS Mobile Station

RCDE Relative Code Domain Error

RF Radio Frequency
RSS Root Sum of the Squares
TDD Time Division Duplex

UARFCN UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

UL Up Link (reverse link)

UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunication System

UTRA Universal Terrestrial Radio Access

WCDMA Wide band Code Division Multiple Access

# 4 Frequency bands and channel arrangement

# 4.1 Frequency bands

a) A UTRA/FDD Repeater is designed to operate in one or several pass bands within either of the following operating bands;

Table 4.1: Frequency bands

| Operating | UL Frequencies              | DL frequencies              |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Band      | UE transmit, Node B receive | UE receive, Node B transmit |
|           | 1920 – 1980 MHz             | 2110 -2170 MHz              |
| II        | 1850 -1910 MHz              | 1930 -1990 MHz              |
| III       | 1710 – 1785 MHz             | 1805 – 1880 MHz             |
| IV        | 1710 – 1755 MHz             | 2110 – 2155 MHz             |
| V         | 824 – 849MHz                | 869 – 894MHz                |
| VI        | 830 – 840 MHz               | 875 – 885 MHz               |
| VII       | 2500 – 2570 MHz             | 2620 – 2690 MHz             |
| VIII      | 880 – 915 MHz               | 925 – 960 MHz               |
| IX        | 1749.9 – 1784.9 MHz         | 1844.9 – 1879.9 MHz         |
| X         | 1710 – 1770 MHz             | 2110 – 2170 MHz             |
| XI        | 1427.9 – 1452.9 MHz         | 1475.9 – 1500.9 MHz         |
| XII       | 698 - 716 MHz               | 728 - 746 MHz               |
| XIII      | 777 - 787 MHz               | 746 - 756 MHz               |
| XIV       | 788 - 798 MHz               | 758 - 768 MHz               |
| XV        | Reserved                    | Reserved                    |
| XVI       | Reserved                    | Reserved                    |
| XVII      | Reserved                    | Reserved                    |
| XVII      | Reserved                    | Reserved                    |
| XIX       | 830 – 845 MHz               | 875 -890 MHz                |
| XX        | 832 – 862 MHz               | 791 – 821 MHz               |
| XXI       | 1447.9 – 1462.9 MHz         | 1495.9 – 1510.9 MHz         |
| XXII      | 3410 – 3490 MHz             | 3510 – 3590 MHz             |
| XXV       | 1850 – 1915 MHz             | 1930 – 1995 MHz             |
| XXVI      | 814 – 849 MHz               | 859 – 894 MHz               |
| XXXII     | N/A                         | 1452 – 1496 MHz             |

b) Deployment in other frequency bands is not precluded.

# 4.2 TX – RX frequency separation

a) A UTRA/FDD repeaters is designed to operate with the following TX to RX frequency separation

| Operating Band | TX-RX frequency separation |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| I              | 190 MHz                    |
| II             | 80 MHz                     |
| III            | 95 MHz                     |
| IV             | 400 MHz                    |
| V              | 45 MHz                     |
| VI             | 45 MHz                     |
| VII            | 120 MHz                    |
| VIII           | 45 MHz                     |
| IX             | 95 MHz                     |
| X              | 400 MHz                    |
| XI             | 48 MHz                     |
| XII            | 30 MHz                     |
| XIII           | 31 MHz                     |
| XIV            | 30 MHz                     |
| XIX            | 45 MHz                     |
| XX             | 41 MHz                     |
| XXI            | 48 MHz                     |
| XXII           | 100 MHz                    |
| XXV            | 80 MHz                     |
| XXVI           | 45 MHz                     |

Table 4.2: TX-RX frequency separation

- b) A UTRA/FDD Repeater can support both fixed and variable up-link to down-link frequency separation.
- c) The use of other up-link to down-link frequency separations in existing or other frequency bands shall not be precluded.

## 4.3 Channel arrangement

## 4.3.1 Channel spacing

The nominal channel spacing is 5 MHz, but this can be adjusted to optimise performance in a particular deployment scenario.

## 4.3.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 200 kHz for all bands, which means that the centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 200 kHz. In addition a number of additional centre frequencies are specified according to the table 4.4, which means that the centre frequencies for these channels are shifted 100 kHz relative to the general raster.

#### 4.3.3 Channel number

The carrier frequency is designated by the UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (UARFCN).

For each operating band, the UARFCN values are defined as follows.

 $\label{eq:Uplink: VU} Uplink: \qquad \qquad N_U = 5 * (F_{UL} - F_{UL\_Offset}), \quad \text{for the carrier frequency range } F_{UL\_low} \leq F_{UL\_high}$ 

Downlink:  $N_D = 5 * (F_{DL} - F_{DL\_Offset})$ , for the carrier frequency range  $F_{DL\_low} \le F_{DL} \le F_{DL\_high}$ 

For each operating Band,  $F_{UL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{UL\_low}$ ,  $F_{UL\_high}$ ,  $F_{DL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{DL\_low}$  and  $\Box$   $F_{DL\_high}$  are defined in Table 4.3 for the general UARFCN. For the additional UARFCN,  $F_{UL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{DL\_Offset}$  and the specific  $F_{UL}$  and  $F_{DL}$  are defined in Table 4.4.

Table 4.3: UARFCN definition (general)

|       | UPLINK (UL) UE transmit, Node B receive |                     | DOWNLINK (DL) UE receive, Node B transmit |                  | nsmit               |                          |
|-------|---|---------------------|---|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Band  | UARFCN                                  |                     | uency (F <sub>∪</sub> L)                  | UARFCN           | Carrier free        | uency (F <sub>DL</sub> ) |
|       | formula offset                          | range               |   | formula offset   |                     | [MHz]                    |
|       | Ful_Offset [MHz]                        | F <sub>UL_low</sub> | Ful_high                                  | FDL_Offset [MHz] | F <sub>DL_low</sub> | F <sub>DL_high</sub>     |
| I     | 0                                       | 1922.4              | 1977.6                                    | 0                | 2112.4              | 2167.6                   |
| ll l  | 0                                       | 1852.4              | 1907.6                                    | 0                | 1932.4              | 1987.6                   |
| III   | 1525                                    | 1712.4              | 1782.6                                    | 1575             | 1807.4              | 1877.6                   |
| IV    | 1450                                    | 1712.4              | 1752.6                                    | 1805             | 2112.4              | 2152.6                   |
| V     | 0                                       | 826.4               | 846.6                                     | 0                | 871.4               | 891.6                    |
| VI    | 0                                       | 832.4               | 837.6                                     | 0                | 877.4               | 882.6                    |
| VII   | 2100                                    | 2502.4              | 2567.6                                    | 2175             | 2622.4              | 2687.6                   |
| VIII  | 340                                     | 882.4               | 912.6                                     | 340              | 927.4               | 957.6                    |
| IX    | 0                                       | 1752.4              | 1782.4                                    | 0                | 1847.4              | 1877.4                   |
| Х     | 1135                                    | 1712.4              | 1767.6                                    | 1490             | 2112.4              | 2167.6                   |
| XI    | 733                                     | 1430.4              | 1450,4                                    | 736              | 1478.4              | 1498.4                   |
| XII   | -22                                     | 700.4               | 713.6                                     | -37              | 730.4               | 743.6                    |
| XIII  | 21                                      | 779.4               | 784.6                                     | -55              | 748.4               | 753.6                    |
| XIV   | 12                                      | 790.4               | 795.6                                     | -63              | 760.4               | 765.6                    |
| XIX   | 770                                     | 832.4               | 842.6                                     | 735              | 877.4               | 887.6                    |
| XX    | -23                                     | 834.4               | 859.6                                     | -109             | 793.4               | 818.6                    |
| XXI   | 1358                                    | 1450.4              | 1460.4                                    | 1326             | 1498.4              | 1508.4                   |
| XXII  | 2525                                    | 3412.4              | 3487.6                                    | 2580             | 3512.4              | 3587.6                   |
| XXV   | 875                                     | 1852.4              | 1912.6                                    | 910              | 1932.4              | 1992.6                   |
| XXVI  | -291                                    | 816.4               | 846.6                                     | -291             | 861.4               | 891.6                    |
| XXXII | -                                       | N/A                 | N/A                                       | 131              | 1454.4              | 1493.6                   |

**Table 4.4: UARFCN definition (additional channels)** 

|      | UPLINK (UL)      |                         | DOWNLINK (DL)    |                         |  |
|------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--|
|      | UE transi        | nit, Node B receive     | UE receiv        | ve, Node B transmit     |  |
| Band | UARFCN           | Carrier frequency [MHz] | UARFCN           | Carrier frequency [MHz] |  |
|      | formula offset   | (F∪L)                   | formula offset   | (F <sub>DL</sub> )      |  |
|      | Ful_Offset [MHz] |                         | FDL_Offset [MHz] |                         |  |
| I    | -                | -                       | -                | -                       |  |
|      | 1850.1           | 1852.5, 1857.5, 1862.5, | 1850.1           | 1932.5, 1937.5, 1942.5, |  |
| l II |                  | 1867.5, 1872.5, 1877.5, |                  | 1947.5, 1952.5, 1957.5, |  |
| "    |                  | 1882.5, 1887.5, 1892.5, |                  | 1962.5, 1967.5, 1972.5, |  |
|      |                  | 1897.5, 1902.5, 1907.5  |                  | 1977.5, 1982.5, 1987.5  |  |
| III  | -                | -                       | •                | -                       |  |
| IV   | 1380.1           | 1712.5, 1717.5, 1722.5, | 1735.1           | 2112.5, 2117.5, 2122.5, |  |
|      |                  | 1727.5, 1732.5, 1737.5  |                  | 2127.5, 2132.5, 2137.5, |  |
|      |                  | 1742.5, 1747.5, 1752.5  |                  | 2142.5, 2147.5, 2152.5  |  |
| V    | 670.1            | 826.5, 827.5, 831.5,    | 670.1            | 871.5, 872.5, 876.5,    |  |
|      |                  | 832.5, 837.5, 842.5     |                  | 877.5, 882.5, 887.5     |  |
| VI   | 670.1            | 832.5, 837.5            | 670.1            | 877.5, 882.5            |  |
|      |                  |                         |                  |                         |  |
| VII  | 2030.1           | 2502.5, 2507.5, 2512.5, | 2105.1           | 2622.5, 2627.5, 2632.5, |  |
|      |                  | 2517.5, 2522.5, 2527.5, |                  | 2637.5, 2642.5, 2647.5, |  |
|      |                  | 2532.5, 2537.5, 2542.5, |                  | 2652.5, 2657.5, 2662.5, |  |
|      |                  | 2547.5, 2552.5, 2557.5, |                  | 2667.5, 2672.5, 2677.5, |  |
|      |                  | 2562.5, 2567.5          |                  | 2682.5, 2687.5          |  |
| VIII | -                | -                       |                  | -                       |  |

| IX    | -      | -                       | -      | -                           |
|-------|--------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| Х     | 1075.1 | 1712.5, 1717.5, 1722.5, | 1430.1 | 2112.5, 2117.5, 2122.5,     |
|       |        | 1727.5, 1732.5, 1737.5, |        | 2127.5, 2132.5, 2137.5,     |
|       |        | 1742.5, 1747.5, 1752.5, |        | 2142.5, 2147.5, 2152.5,     |
|       |        | 1757.5, 1762.5, 1767.5  |        | 2157.5, 2162.5, 2167.5      |
| XI    | -      | -                       | -      | -                           |
| XII   | -39.9  | 700.5, 701.5, 706.5,    | -54.9  | 730.5, 731.5, 736.5, 737.5, |
|       |        | 707.5, 712.5, 713.5     |        | 742.5, 743.5                |
| XIII  | 11.1   | 779.5, 784.5            | -64.9  | 748.5, 753.5                |
| XIV   | 2.1    | 790.5, 795.5            | -72.9  | 760.5, 765.5                |
| XIX   | 755.1  | 832.5, 837.5, 842.5     | 720.1  | 877.5, 882.5, 887.5         |
| XX    | -      | -                       | -      | -                           |
| XXI   | -      | -                       | -      | -                           |
| XXII  | -      | -                       | -      | -                           |
| XXV   | 810.1  | 1852.5, 1857.5, 1862.5, | 845.1  | 1932.5, 1937.5, 1942.5,     |
|       |        | 1867.5, 1872.5, 1877.5, |        | 1947.5, 1952.5, 1957.5,     |
|       |        | 1882.5, 1887.5, 1892.5, |        | 1962.5, 1967.5, 1972.5,     |
|       |        | 1897.5, 1902.5, 1907.5, |        | 1977.5, 1982.5, 1987.5,     |
|       |        | 1912.5                  |        | 1992.5                      |
| XXVI  | -325.9 | 816.5, 821.5, 826.5,    | -325.9 | 861.5, 866.5, 871.5, 872.5, |
|       |        | 827.5, 831.5, 832.5,    |        | 876.5, 877.5, 881.5, 882.5, |
|       |        | 836.5, 837.5, 841.5,    |        | 886.5, 887.5, 891.5         |
|       |        | 842.5, 846.5            |        |                             |
| XXXII | -      | -                       | 87.1   | 1454.5, 1459.5, 1464.5,     |
|       |        |                         |        | 1469.5, 1474.5, 1479.5,     |
|       |        |                         |        | 1484.5, 1489.5              |

## 5 General test conditions and declarations

This specification applies only to UTRA/FDD Repeater.

The requirements of this clause apply to all applicable tests in this specification. Many of the tests in this specification measure a parameter relative to a value, that is not fully specified in the UTRA specifications. For these tests, the Minimum Requirement is determined relative to a nominal value specified by the manufacturer.

Some requirements for the Repeater may be regional as listed in subclause 5.6.

When specified in a test, the manufacturer shall declare the nominal value of a parameter, or whether an option is supported.

Schematic drawings for the individual measurement set-up can be found in the Annex.

## 5.1 Acceptable uncertainty of Test System

The maximum acceptable uncertainty of the Test System is specified below for each test, where appropriate. The Test System shall enable the stimulus signals in the test case to be adjusted to within the specified tolerance, and the equipment under test to be measured with an uncertainty not exceeding the specified values. All tolerances and uncertainties are absolute values, and are valid for a confidence level of 95 %, unless otherwise stated.

A confidence level of 95% is the measurement uncertainty tolerance interval for a specific measurement that contains 95% of the performance of a population of test equipment.

For RF test it should be noted that the uncertainties in subclause 5.1 apply to the Test System operating into a nominal 50 ohm load and do not include system effects due to mismatch between the DUT and the Test System.

#### 5.1.1 Measurements of test environments

The measurement accuracy of the Repeater test environments defined in Subclause 5.4, Test environments shall be.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Pressure:} & \pm 5 \text{ kPa.} \\ \text{Temperature:} & \pm 2 \text{ degrees.} \\ \text{Relative Humidity:} & \pm 5 \%. \\ \text{DC Voltage:} & \pm 1,0 \%. \\ \text{AC Voltage:} & \pm 1,5 \%. \\ \text{Vibration:} & 10 \%. \\ \text{Vibration frequency:} & 0,1 \text{ Hz.} \end{array}$ 

The above values shall apply unless the test environment is otherwise controlled and the specification for the control of the test environment specifies the uncertainty for the parameter.

# 5.1.2 Measurements of Repeater

**Table 5.1: Maximum Test System Uncertainty** 

| Subclause   | Maximum Test System Uncertainty   | Range over which Test System Uncertainty applies                   |
|---|---|--|
| 6.1 Maximum output power                              | ±0,7 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz  |  |
| 7 Fraguency arror                                     | ±1.0 dB, 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz<br>±12 Hz  | Management requite of 1 500 Hz                                     |
| 7 Frequency error 8 Out of band gain                  |   | Measurement results of ± 500 Hz                                    |
| 8 Out of band gain                                    | ±0,5 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz<br>±0,8 dB, 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 19,0 GHz   |  |
|   | Calibration of test set-up shall be made without D.U.T. in order to achieve the accuracy  |  |
| 9.1.2 Operating band                                  | ±1,5 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz  |  |
| unwanted emissions (except 9.1.3)                     | ±1,8 dB, 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz  |  |
|   | Due to carrier leakage for measurements specified in a 1MHz bandwidth close to the carrier (4 MHz to  |  |
|   | 8 MHz), integration of the measurement using several narrower bandwidth measurements may be necessary in order to achieve the above accuracy. |  |
|   | The interference from the signal generator ACLR shall be minimum 10 dB below that of a Base Station according toTS25.141                      |  |
| 9.1.3 Protection of BS receiver in the operating band | for results > -60 dBm ±2,0 dB<br>for results < -60 dBm ±3,0 dB  |  |
| 9.2 Spurious emissions                                | In UTRA and coexistence receive bands:<br>for results > -60 dBm ±2,0 dB<br>for results < -60 dBm ±3,0 dB                                      |  |
|   | Outside above range:<br>emission power<br>f ≤ 2,2 GHz ±1,5 dB;  |  |
|   | 2,2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz ±2,0 dB;<br>4 GHz < f ≤ 19 GHz ±4,0 dB.   |  |
|   | The interference from the signal generator ACLR shall be minimum 10 dB below that of a Base Station according toTS25.141                      |  |
| 10.1 Error vector magnitude                           | ± 2,5 % (single code applied)   | Measurement results from 12,5% to 22,5% at signal power = P_max    |
|   | (±2,5 % measurement error for single code).   | - 3dB to P_max - 18 dB   |
|   | 5,0 % EVM in the stimulus signal (single code) will shift the EVM maximum value 0,7% to 18,2%. (RSS repeater EVM and Stimulus EVM.)           |  |
| 10.2 Peak code domain error                           | ±1,1dB  | Measurement results from – 36 dB to – 30 dB, at signal power =     |
|   | Formula: RSS measurement error and impedance mismatch error   | P_max - 3 dB to P_max - 18 dB                                      |
|   | (using ±1,0 dB measurement error and ±0,5 dB impedance mismatch error (stimulus side) assuming 14 dB return loss)                             |  |
| 10.3 Relative Code Domain Error                       | 1.7 dB  | Measurements in the range -18 to -<br>21 dB at signal power = Pmax |
|   | Formula: Linear addition of the stimulus relative error power, analyser relative error power and  |  |
|   | repeater relative error power.normalised to repeater relative error power and expressed in dB.  |  |
|   | -27dB RCDE in the stimulus signal and -27dB RCDE from the analyser and -21 dB repeater minimum requirement is assumed.                        |  |
| 11 Input intermodulation Characteristics              | ±1,2 dB   |  |
|   | Formula: RSS CW1 level error, 2 x CW2 level error, and measurement error (using all errors = ±0,5 dB)   |  |

| 12 Output Intermodulation              | ±2,1 dB Spectrum emission  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  | Formula: RSS 2x Interference signal level error and Spectrum emission measurement level error. (1 dB interference signal level error is assumed.)  |  |
|  | Due to carrier leakage for measurements specified in a 1MHz bandwidth close to the carrier (4 MHz to 8 MHz), integration of the measurement using several narrower bandwidth measurements may be necessary in order to achieve the above accuracy. |  |
|  | The interference from the signal generator ACLR shall be minimum 10 dB below that of a Base Station  |  |
|  | For spurious emission:   |  |
|  | In UTRA and coexistence receive bands: for results > -60 dBm ±2,0 dB for results < -60 dBm ±3,0 dB   |  |
|  | Outside above range:<br>emission power<br>f ≤ 2,2 GHz ±1,5 dB;   |  |
|  | 2,2 GHz < f ≤ 4 GHz ±2,0 dB;<br>4 GHz < f ≤ 19 GHz ±4,0 dB.  |  |
|  | The interference signal must have a spurious emission level at least 10 dB below the spurious levels required in 9.2.  |  |
| 13 Adjacent Channel<br>Rejection Ratio | ±0,7 dB  |  |

## 5.2 Repeater test tolerances (informative)

The Test Tolerances defined in this subclause have been used to relax the Minimum Requirements in this specification to derive the Test Requirements.

The Test Tolerances are derived from Test System uncertainties, regulatory requirements and criticality to system performance. As a result, the Test Tolerances may sometimes be set to zero.

The test tolerances should not be modified for any reason e.g. to take account of commonly known test system errors (such as mismatch, cable loss, etc.)

**Table 5.2: Test Tolerance** 

| Subclause  | Test Tolerance (Note 1)                                    | Notes  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 6.1 Maximum output power   | 0,7 dB   |  |  |  |  |
| 9.1.2 Operating band unwanted emissions  | 1,5 dB   | 0 dB test tolerance for the additional Band II, IV, V, X, XII, XIII and XIV requirements |  |  |  |
| 9.2 Spurious emissions   | 0 dB   |  |  |  |  |
| 7 Frequency error  | 12 Hz  |  |  |  |  |
| 10.1 Error vector magnitude  | 0 %  | Target value is shifted due to stimulus EVM  |  |  |  |
| 10.2 Peak code domain error  | 1,1 dB   |  |  |  |  |
| 10.3 Relative Code Domain Error  | 1,7 dB   |  |  |  |  |
| 8 Out of band gain   | 0,5dB  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 Input intermodulation Characteristics   | 1,2dB  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 Output intermodulation  | 1,5 dB for spectrum emission<br>0 dB for spurious emission |  |  |  |  |
| 13 Adjacent Channel Rejection Ratio  | 0,7 dB   |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE 1: Unless otherwise stated, The Test Tolerances are applied to the DUT Minimum Requirement. See |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE 1: Unless otherwise stated, The Test Tolerances are applied to the DUT Minimum Requirement. See Annex B.

## 5.3 Interpretation of measurement results

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared – without any modification – against the Test Requirements as defined by the share risk principle.

The share risk principle is defined in ETR 273 Part 1 sub-part 2 section 6.5.

The actual measurement uncertainty of the Test System for the measurement of each parameter shall be included in the test report.

The recorded value for the Test System uncertainty shall be, for each measurement, equal to or lower than the appropriate figure in subclause 5.1 of this specification.

If the Test System for a test is known to have a measurement uncertainty greater than that specified in subclause 5.1, it is still permitted to use this apparatus provided that an adjustment is made as follows.

Any additional uncertainty in the Test System over and above that specified in subclause 5.1 shall be used to tighten the Test Requirement-making the test harder to pass. (For some tests e.g. receiver test, this may require modification of stimulus signals). This procedure will ensure that a Test System not compliant with subclause 5.1does not increase the chance of passing a device under test where that device would otherwise have failed the test if a Test System compliant with subclause 5.1 had been used.

## 5.4 Test Environment

For each test in the present document, the environmental conditions under which the Repeater is to be tested are defined.

#### 5.4.1 Normal test environment

When a normal test environment is specified for a test, the test should be performed within the minimum and maximum limits of the conditions stated in Table 5.3.

Table 5.3: Limits of conditions for Normal Test Environment

| Condition           | Minimum                                  | Maximum |
|---------------------|--|---------|
| Barometric pressure | 86 kPa                                   | 106 kPa |
| Temperature         | 15°C                                     | 30°C    |
| Relative Humidity   | 20 %                                     | 85 %    |
| Power supply        | Nominal, as declared by the manufacturer |         |
| Vibration           | Negligible                               |         |

The ranges of barometric pressure, temperature and humidity represent the maximum variation expected in the uncontrolled environment of a test laboratory. If it is not possible to maintain these parameters within the specified limits, the actual values shall be recorded in the test report.

NOTE: This may, for instance, be the case for measurements of radiated emissions performed on an open field test site.

## 5.4.2 Extreme test environment

The manufacturer shall declare one of the following:

- 1) the equipment class for the equipment under test, as defined in the IEC 60 721-3-3 [6];
- 2) the equipment class for the equipment under test, as defined in the IEC 60 721-3-4 [7];
- 3) the equipment that does not comply to the mentioned classes, the relevant classes from IEC 60 721 [6], [7] documentation for Temperature, Humidity and Vibration shall be declared.

NOTE: Reduced functionality for conditions that fall out side of the standard operational conditions are not tested in the present document. These may be stated and tested separately.

## 5.4.2.1 Extreme temperature

When an extreme temperature test environment is specified for a test, the test shall be performed at the standard minimum and maximum operating temperatures defined by the manufacturer's declaration for the equipment under test.

#### **Minimum temperature:**

The test shall be performed with the environment test equipment and methods including the required environmental phenomena into the equipment, conforming to the test procedure of IEC 60 068-2-1 [8].

#### **Maximum temperature:**

The test shall be performed with the environmental test equipment and methods including the required environmental phenomena into the equipment, conforming to the test procedure of IEC 60 068-2-2 [9].

NOTE: It is recommended that the equipment is made fully operational prior to the equipment being taken to its lower operating temperature.

#### 5.4.3 Vibration

When vibration conditions are specified for a test, the test shall be performed while the equipment is subjected to a vibration sequence as defined by the manufacturer's declaration for the equipment under test. This shall use the environmental test equipment and methods of inducing the required environmental phenomena in to the equipment, conforming to the test procedure of IEC 60 068-2-6 [10]. Other environmental conditions shall be within the ranges specified in subclause 5.4.1.

NOTE: The higher levels of vibration may induce undue physical stress in to equipment after a prolonged series of tests. The testing body should only vibrate the equipment during the RF measurement process.

## 5.4.4 Power supply

When extreme power supply conditions are specified for a test, the test shall be performed at the standard upper and lower limits of operating voltage defined by manufacturer's declaration for the equipment under test.

#### **Upper voltage limit:**

The equipment shall be supplied with a voltage equal to the upper limit declared by the manufacturer (as measured at the input terminals to the equipment). The tests shall be carried out at the steady state minimum and maximum temperature limits declared by the manufacturer for the equipment, to the methods described in IEC 60 068-2-1 [8] Test Ab/Ad and IEC 60 068-2-2 [9] Test Bb/Bd: Dry Heat.

#### Lower voltage limit:

The equipment shall be supplied with a voltage equal to the lower limit declared by the manufacturer (as measured at the input terminals to the equipment). The tests shall be carried out at the steady state minimum and maximum temperature limits declared by the manufacturer for the equipment, to the methods described in IEC 60 068-2-1 [8] Test Ab/Ad and IEC 60 068-2-2 [9] Test Bb/Bd: Dry Heat.

## 5.5 Selection of configurations for testing

Most tests in the present document are only performed for a subset of the possible combinations of test conditions. For instance:

- only one RF channel may be specified to be tested;
- only one timeslot may be specified to be tested.

When a test is performed by a test laboratory, the choice of which combinations are to be tested shall be specified by the laboratory. The laboratory may consult with operators, the manufacturer or other bodies.

When a test is performed by a manufacturer, the choice of which combinations are to be tested may be specified by an operator.

# 5.6 Regional requirements

Some requirements in TS 25.143 may only apply in certain regions. Table 5.4 lists all requirements that may be applied differently in different regions.

Table 5.4: List of regional requirements

| Sub-<br>clause | Requirement   | Comments   |  |
|----------------|---|--|--|
| number         |   |  |  |
| 4.1            | Frequency bands   | Some bands may be applied regionally.  |  |
| 4.2            | TX – RX frequency separation  | The requirement is applied according to what frequency bands in clause 4.1 that are supported by the Repeater.   |  |
| 4.3            | Channel arrangement   | The requirement is applied according to what frequency bands in clause 4.1 that are supported by the Repeater.   |  |
| 6.1            | Maximum output power  | In certain regions, the minimum requirement for normal conditions may apply also for some conditions outside the ranges of conditions defined as normal.   |  |
| 9.1.2          | Operating band unwanted emissions   | The mask specified may be mandatory in certain regions. In other regions this mask may not be applied. Additional spectrum protection may apply regionally.  |  |
| 9.2.2.1        | Spurious emissions (Category A)   | These requirements shall be met in cases where Category A limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], are applied.   |  |
| 9.2.2.2        | Spurious emissions (Category B)   | These requirements shall be met in cases where Category B limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], are applied.   |  |
| 9.2.2.4        | Spurious emissions: Co-existence with other systems in the same geographical area                       | These requirements may apply in geographic areas in which both UTRA FDD Repeater and GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850 and/or UTRA FDD operating in another frequency band are deployed.                          |  |
| 9.2.2.5        | Spurious emissions: Co-existence with co-located and co-sited base stations                             | These requirements may be applied for the protection of other BS receivers when GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850 and/or UTRA FDD BS operating in another frequency band are co-located with a UTRA FDD Repeater. |  |
| 9.2.2.6        | Spurious emissions: Co-existence with PHS   | This requirement may be applied for the protection of PHS in geographic areas in which both PHS and UTRA FDD Repeaters are deployed.   |  |
| 9.2.2.7.1      | Spurious emissions: Co-existence with UTRA TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD -Operation in the same geographic area | This requirement may be applied for the protection of UTRA UE in geographic areas in which both UTRA TDD BS and UTRA FDD Repeaters are deployed.   |  |
| 9.2.2.7.2      | Spurious emissions: Co-existence with UTRA TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD – Co-location                          | This requirement may be applied for the protection of UTRA TDD BS receivers when UTRA TDD BS and UTRA FDD Repeaters are co-located.  |  |
| 9.2.2.9        | Spurious emissions: Protection of public safety operations  | of This requirement shall be applied to Repeater operating in Bands XIII and XIV to ensure that appropriate interference protection is provided to 700 MHz public safety operations.                             |  |
| 11.2.2         | Input intermodulation: Co-location with BS in other systems   | The requirement may be applied when GSM 900, DCS 1800, PCS1900, GSM850 and/or UTRA FDD BS operating in another frequency band and UTRA-FDD Repeaters are co-located.   |  |
| 11.2.3         | Input Intermodulation: Co-<br>existence with other systems  | These requirements may apply in geographic areas in which both UTRA FDD Repeater and GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850 and/or UTRA FDD operating in another frequency band are deployed.                          |  |

## 5.7 Test Models

The set-up of physical channels for the Repeater tests shall be according to one of the test models described in TS 25.141 [11]. A reference to the applicable test model in TS 25.141 is made for each test in Table 5.5 by referring to the test model number as it appears in TS 25.141.

These test models shall be used in the tests of both the up-link and the down-link directions of the Repeater unless otherwise stated.

Table 5.5: List of the applicable test models

| Test model number in TS 25.141 | Requirement                | Comments |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Test Model 1                   | Repeater output power      |          |
| Test Model 1                   | Out of band emission       |          |
| Test Model 1                   | Spurious emission          |          |
| Test Model 1                   | Error vector magnitude     |          |
| Test Model 3                   | Peak code domain error     |          |
| Test Model 6                   | Relative code domain error |          |

## 5.8 Format and interpretation of tests

Each test in the following clauses has a standard format:

#### X Title

All tests are applicable to all equipment within the scope of the present document, unless otherwise stated.

#### X.1 Definition and applicability

This subclause gives the general definition of the parameter under consideration and specifies whether the test is applicable to all equipment or only to a certain subset.

#### X.2 Minimum Requirements

This subclause is an informative copy of the Minimum Requirement defined by the core specification.

In addition, this subclause contains the reference to the subclause to the 3GPP reference (or core) specification which defines the Minimum Requirement.

#### X.3 Test purpose

This subclause defines the purpose of the test.

#### X.4 Method of test

#### X.4.1 Initial conditions

This subclause defines the initial conditions for each test, including the basic measurement set-up.

#### X.4.2 Procedure

This subclause describes the steps necessary to perform the test and provides further details of the test definition like point of access (e.g. antenna port), domain (e.g. frequency-span), range, weighting (e.g. bandwidth), and algorithms (e.g. averaging).

#### X.5 Test Requirements

This subclause defines the pass/fail criteria for the equipment under test. See subclause 5.3 Interpretation of measurement results.

## 5.9 Repeater configurations

## 5.9.1 Power supply options

If the repeater is supplied with a number of different power supply configurations, it may not be necessary to test RF parameters for each of the power supply options, provided that it can be demonstrated that the range of conditions over which the equipment is tested is at least as great as the range of conditions due to any of the power supply configurations.

## 5.9.2 Combining of Repeaters

If the repeater is intended for combination with additional apparatus connected to a repeater port and this combination is supplied as a system, the combination of repeater together with the additional apparatus shall also fulfil the repeater requirements. E.g. if the repeater is intended for combination such that multiple repeaters amplify the same signals into the same ports the combination shall also fulfil the repeater requirements.

An example of such a configuration is shown in figure 5.1

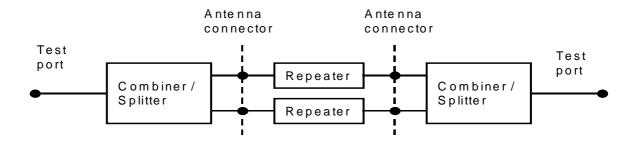


Figure 5.1: Example of repeater configuration

## 6 Output power

Maximum output power, Pmax, of the Repeater is the mean power level per carrier at maximum Repeater gain that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector.

## 6.1 Maximum output power

## 6.1.1 Definition and applicability

Maximum output power, Pmax, of the Repeater is the mean power level per carrier measured at the antenna connector in specified reference condition.

## 6.1.2 Minimum Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1, the Repeater maximum output power shall remain within limits specified in Table 6.1 relative to the manufacturer's rated output power.

Table 6.1: Repeater output power; normal conditions

| Rated output power | Limit           |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| P ≥ 43 dBm         | +2 dB and -2 dB |
| 39 ≤ P < 43 dBm    | +2 dB and -2 dB |
| 31 ≤ P < 39 dBm    | +2 dB and -2 dB |
| P < 31 dBm         | +3 dB and -3 dB |

In extreme conditions as specified in section 5.4.2 and 5.4.4, the Repeater maximum output power shall remain within limits specified in Table 6.2 relative to the manufacturer's rated output power.

Table 6.2: Repeater output power; extreme conditions

| Rated output power | Limit               |  |
|--------------------|---------------------|--|
| P ≥ 43 dBm         | +2,5 dB and -2,5 dB |  |
| 39 ≤ P < 43 dBm    | +2,5 dB and -2,5 dB |  |
| 31 ≤ P < 39 dBm    | +2,5 dB and -2,5 dB |  |
| P < 31 dBm         | +4 dB and -4 dB     |  |

In certain regions, the minimum requirement for normal conditions may apply also for some conditions outside the ranges defined for the Normal test environment in subclause 5.4.1.

## 6.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the Repeater maximum output power is within the limit specified in 6.1.2.

#### 6 1 4 Method of test

#### 6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

- 1) Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.
- 2) Connect the signal generator equipment to the Repeater input port.
- 3) Connect the power measuring equipment to the Repeater output port.

#### 6.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the signal generator to transmit a signal modulated with a combination of PCCPCH, SCCPCH and Dedicated Physical Channels specified as test model 1 in TS 25.141.
- 2) Adjust the input power to the Repeater to create the maximum nominal Repeater output power at maximum gain.
- 3) Measure the mean power at the RF output port over a certain slot.
- 4) Increase the power with 10 dB compare to the level obtained in step 2.
- 5) Measure the mean power at the RF output port over a certain slot.

In addition, on one UARFCN only, the test shall be performed under extreme power supply as defined in subclause 5.4.4

NOTE: Tests under extreme power supply also test extreme temperature.

## 6.1.5 Test Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1, the Repeater maximum output power shall remain within limits specified in Table 6.3 relative to the manufacturer's rated output power.

Table 6.3: Repeater output power; normal conditions

| Rated output power | Carrier frequency     | Limit               |  |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|
| P ≥ 43 dBm         | f ≤ 3,0 GHz           | +2,7 dB and -2,7 dB |  |
| F ≥ 43 UBIII       | 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz | +3,0 dB and -3,0 dB |  |
| 39 ≤ P < 43 dBm    | f ≤ 3,0 GHz           | +2,7 dB and -2,7 dB |  |
| 39 ≤ P < 43 ubiii  | 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz | +3,0 dB and -3,0 dB |  |
| 31 ≤ P < 39 dBm    | f ≤ 3,0 GHz           | +2,7 dB and -2,7 dB |  |
| 31 ≥ P < 39 dBill  | 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz | +3,0 dB and -3,0 dB |  |
| P < 31 dBm         | f ≤ 3,0 GHz           | +3,7 dB and -3,7 dB |  |
| F < 31 UBIII       | 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz | +4,0 dB and -4,0 dB |  |

In extreme conditions as specified in section 5.4.2 and 5.4.4, the Repeater maximum output power shall remain within limits specified in Table 6.4 relative to the manufacturer's rated output power.

Table 6.4: Repeater output power; extreme conditions

| Rated output power | Carrier frequency     | Limit               |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| P ≥ 43 dBm         | f ≤ 3,0 GHz           | +3,2 dB and -3,2 dB |
| P ≥ 43 UBIII       | 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz | +3,5 dB and -3,5 dB |
| 39 ≤ P < 43 dBm    | f ≤ 3,0 GHz           | +3,2 dB and -3,2 dB |
| 39 ≤ P < 43 dBm    | 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz | +3,5 dB and -3,5 dB |
| 31 ≤ P < 39 dBm    | f ≤ 3,0 GHz           | +3,2 dB and -3,2 dB |
| 31 ≥ F < 39 uBill  | 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz | +3,5 dB and -3,5 dB |
| P < 31 dBm         | f ≤ 3,0 GHz           | +4,7 dB and -4,7 dB |
| F < 31 UBIII       | 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz | +5,0 dB and -5,0 dB |

In certain regions, the minimum requirement for normal conditions may apply also for some conditions outside the ranges defined for the Normal test environment in subclause 5.4.1.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in subclause 5.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in Annex B.

## 7 Frequency stability

Frequency error is the measure of the difference between the frequency of the received signal and the frequency of the re-transmitted signal.

## 7.1 Definition and applicability

The frequency stability is a measure of the frequency deviation of the output signal with respect to the input signal. The test shall address the uplink and the downlink path of the Repeater.

## 7.2 Minimum Requirement

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the frequency deviation shall be within  $\pm$  0,01 ppm.

## 7.3 Test purpose

To verify that the Frequency Error is within the limit specified in 7.2.

## 7.4 Method of test

## 7.4.1 Initial conditions

- 1) Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.
- 2) Connect the cw signal generator equipment to the Repeater input port.
- 3) Connect the frequency counter to the Repeater output port. Both the signal generator and the frequency counter shall use the same reference frequency.
- 4) Adjust the input power to the Repeater to create the maximum nominal Repeater output power as declared by the manufacturer at maximum gain.

#### 7.4.2 Procedure

Measure the frequency error for both paths uplink and downlink of the Repeater.

## 7.5 Test requirements

The measurement result of 7.4.2 shall not exceed:

 $|f_{IN} - f_{OUT}| \le (f_{OUT} * 0.01 \text{ ppm}) + 12 \text{ Hz}$ 

# 8 Out of band gain

## 8.1 Definitions and applicability

Out of band gain refers to the gain of the Repeater immediately outside the pass band. The measurements shall apply to both paths uplink and downlink of the Repeater.

## 8.2 Minimum Requirements

The intended use of a repeater in a system is to amplify the in band signals and not to amplify the out of band emission of the donor base station.

In the intended application of the repeater, the out of band gain is less than the donor coupling loss.

The repeater minimum donor coupling loss shall be declared by the manufacturer. This is this the minimum required attenuation between the donor BS and the repeater for proper repeater operation.

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the gain outside the pass band shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 8.1, where:

- f\_offset is the distance from the centre frequency of the first or last 5 MHz channel within the pass band.

Table 8.1: Out of band gain limits 1

| Frequency offset from the carrier frequency, f_offset | Maximum gain |
|---|--------------|
| 2,7 ≤ f_offset < 3,5 MHz                              | 60 dB        |
| 3,5 ≤ f_offset < 7,5 MHz                              | 45 dB        |
| 7,5 ≤ f_offset < 12,5 MHz                             | 45 dB        |
| 12,5 MHz ≤ f_offset                                   | 35 dB        |

For 12,5 MHz ≤ f\_offset the out of band gain shall not exceed the maximum gain of table 8.2 or the maximum gain stated in table 8.1 whichever is lower.

Table 8.2: Out of band gain limits 2

| Repeater maximum output   | •  |  |
|---|--|--|
| power as in 9.1.1.1   |  |  |
| P < 31 dBm  | Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss |  |
| 31 dBm ≤ P < 43 dBm   | Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss |  |
| P ≥ 43 dBm Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss − (P-43dE |  |  |
| Note: The out of band gain is considered with 12,5 MHz ≤ f_offset   |  |  |

## 8.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the Repeater meets the out of band gain requirements as specified in TS 25.106.

## 8.4 Method of test

#### 8.4.1 Initial conditions

Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.

The test shall be performed with an offset between CW-signal and the first or last 5 MHz channel within the pass band of 2,7 MHz, 3 MHz, 3,5 MHz, 5 MHz, 7,5 MHz, 10 MHz, 12,5 MHz, 15 MHz and 20 MHz, excluding other pass bands. In addition the test shall also be performed for all harmonic frequencies of the repeaters pass band up to 12,75 GHz, for operating bands  $f \le 3,0$ GHz, or up to the 5<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL or UL operating band, for operating bands f > 3,0GHz.

#### 8.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the Repeater to maximum gain.
- 2) Set the signal generator to generate a CW-signal, applied to the input port of the Repeater. The power level of the RF input signal shall be at least 5 dB below the power level which, when applied within the pass band, would produce the maximum rated output power, as declared by the manufacturer. This is to ensure that the equipment is operating in the linear output range.
- 3) The average output power in each case shall be measured using a spectrum analyser connected to the output port of the Repeater and the net gain shall be recorded compared to table 8.3 or table 8.4 whichever is lower.
- 4) With the same input power as in step 1) set the repeater gain to the minimum specified by the manufacturer.
- 5) The average output power in each case shall be measured using a spectrum analyser connected to the output port of the Repeater and the net gain shall be recorded and compared to table 8.3 or table 8.4 whichever is lower.

## 8.5 Test requirements

Table 8.3: Out of band gain limits

| Frequency offset from the carrier frequency, f_offset | Maximum gain |
|---|--------------|
| 2,7 ≤ f_offset < 3,5 MHz                              | 60,5 dB      |
| 3,5 ≤ f_offset < 7,5 MHz                              | 45,5 dB      |
| 7,5 ≤ f_offset < 12,5 MHz                             | 45,5 dB      |
| 12,5 MHz ≤ f_offset                                   | 35,5 dB      |

Table 8.4: Out of band gain limits 2

| Repeater maximum output power as in 9.1.1.1                              | Carrier frequency     | Maximum gain  |  |
|--|-----------------------|---|--|
| P < 31 dBm   | f ≤ 3,0 GHz           | Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss + 0,5 dB             |  |
| 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling          |                       | Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss + 0,8 dB             |  |
| 31 dBm ≤ P < 43 dBm  | f ≤ 3,0 GHz           | Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss + 0,5 dB             |  |
| 3,0 GHz < $f \le 4,2$ GHz Out of band gain $\le$ minimum donor coupling  |                       | Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss + 0,8 dB             |  |
| $f \le 3.0 \text{ GHz}$ Out of band gain $\le$ minimum donor coupling lo |                       | Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss – (P-43dBm) + 0,5 dB |  |
| P ≥ 43 dBm   | 3,0 GHz < f ≤ 4,2 GHz | Out of band gain ≤ minimum donor coupling loss – (P-43dBm) + 0,8 dB |  |
| NOTE: The donor coupling loss is considered with 12,5 MHz ≤ f_offset     |                       |   |  |

## 9 Unwanted emission

Unwanted emissions consist of out-of-band emissions and spurious emissions [4]. Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the pass band bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter, but excluding spurious emissions. Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions.

The out-of-band emissions requirement for repeater is specified both in terms operating band unwanted emissions and protection of the BS receiver in the operating band. The Operating band unwanted emissions define all unwanted emissions in the repeater operating band plus the frequency ranges 10 MHz above and 10 MHz below that band. Unwanted emissions outside of this frequency range are limited by a spurious emissions requirement.

## 9.1 Out of band emission

## 9.1.1 Void

## 9.1.2 Operating band unwanted emissions

## 9.1.2.1 Definitions and applicability

Operating band unwanted emissions comprise an emission mask applied outside the repeater passband and a general requirement applied outside the mask but inside the frequency range of the operating band unwanted emissions.

The general operating band unwanted emissions limits are given in table 9.0.

Table 9.0: General operating band unwanted emissions requirements

| Frequency range of operating band | Category A | Category B | Measurement bandwidth | Notes |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------------------|-------|
| ≤ 1 GHz                           | -13 dBm    | -16 dBm    | 100 kHz               | 1,2   |
| ≥ 1 GHz                           | -13 dBm    | -15 dBm    | 1 MHz                 | 2,3   |

NOTE 1: Bandwidth as in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], s4.1

NOTE 2: Limit based on ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], s4.3 and Annex 7

NOTE 3: Bandwidth as in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], s4.1. Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329 [4], s2.5 table 1

The masks defined in Table 9.1, Table 9.2, Table 9.3, and Table 9.4 below may be mandatory in certain regions. In other regions this mask may not be applied.

## 9.1.2.2 Minimum Requirements

For regions where this clause applies, the requirement shall be met by a repeater's RF-signal output at maximum gain with WCDMA signals in the pass band of the Repeater, at levels that produce the maximum rated output power per channel. In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 emissions shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 9.1, Table 9.2, Table 9.3, and Table 9.4 for the appropriate Repeater maximum output power, in the frequency range from  $\Delta f = 2.5$  MHz to  $\Delta f_{max}$  from the 5 MHz channel, where:

- Δf is the separation between the centre frequency of first or last 5 MHz channel used in the pass band and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f\_offset is the separation between the centre frequency of first or last 5 MHz channel in the pass band and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f\_offset<sub>max</sub> is 12,5 MHz.
- $\Delta f_{max}$  is equal to  $f_{offset_{max}}$  minus half of the bandwidth of the measurement filter.

To select the table of the maximum level for the spectrum emission mask test, use the maximum output power as defined in subclause 3.1 Definition. If one channel is used for the spectrum emission mask test use this power for the selection. If two channels are used for the spectrum emission mask test use the power of one of these.

Table 9.1: Emission mask values, maximum output power P ≥ 43 dBm

| Frequency<br>offset of<br>measurement<br>filter -3dB<br>point, Δf | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Minimum requirement<br>(Note 3)   | Measurement<br>bandwidth<br>(Note 2) |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| 2,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2,7 MHz  | 2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz                                    | -14 dBm + ΔP  | 30 kHz                               |
| 2,7 MHz ≤ Δf < 3,5 MHz  | 2,715MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>3,515MHz                                 | $-14dBm-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f\_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$ | 30 kHz                               |
| (Note 1)  | 3,515MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>4,0MHz                                   | -26 dBm + ΔP  | 30 kHz                               |
| 3,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 7,5 MHz  | 4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz                                       | -13 dBm + ΔP  | 1 MHz                                |
| 7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq$ f max                                | 8,0 MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>f_offset <sub>max</sub>                   | -13 dBm   | 1 MHz                                |

#### NOTE 3:

- for carrier frequency  $f \le 3.0 \text{GHz}$ :  $\Box \Delta P = 0 \text{dB}$ ;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f  $\leq$  4,2GHz:  $\Delta P = 0.3dB$

Table 9.2: Emission mask values, maximum output power 39 ≤ P < 43 dBm

| Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Minimum requirement<br>(Note 3)   | Measurement<br>bandwidth<br>(Note 2) |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| 2,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2,7<br>MHz                             | 2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz                                    | -14 dBm + ΔP  | 30 kHz                               |
| $2,7 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 3,5 \text{ MHz}$     | 2,715MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>3,515MHz                                 | $-14dBm-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f\_offset}{MHz}-2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$ | 30 kHz                               |
| (Note 1)  | 3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz                                      | -26 dBm + ΔP  | 30 kHz                               |
| $3,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 7,5 $ MHz            | 4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz                                       | -13 dBm + ΔP  | 1 MHz                                |
| 7,5 MHz ≤ Δf ≤ f max                                  | 8,0MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset <sub>max</sub>                       | P – 56 dB   | 1 MHz                                |

#### NOTE 3:

- for carrier frequency  $f \le 3,0GHz$ : □  $\Delta P = 0dB$ ;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz:  $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

Table 9.3: Emission mask values, maximum output power 31 ≤ P < 39 dBm

| Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB | Frequency offset of<br>measurement filter centre<br>frequency, f_offset | Minimum requirement<br>(Note 3)   | Measurement bandwidth (Note 2) |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------|
| point,∆f                                    |   |   |                                |
| 2,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f < 2,7$ MHz           | 2,515MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>2,715MHz                                       | P − 53 dB + ∆P  | 30 kHz                         |
| $2.7 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 3.5 $ MHz  | 2,715MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>3,515MHz                                       | $P - 53dB - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f\_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$ | 30 kHz                         |
| (Note 1)                                    | 3,515MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>4,0MHz   | P – 65 dB + ΔP  | 30 kHz                         |
| 3,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 7,5<br>MHz                   | 4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz   | P – 52 dB + ΔP  | 1 MHz                          |
| 7,5 MHz ≤ Δf ≤ f max                        | 8,0MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>f_offset <sub>max</sub>                          | P – 56 dB   | 1 MHz                          |

#### NOTE 3:

- for carrier frequency  $f \le 3,0GHz$ :  $\triangle P = 0dB$ ;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz:  $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

Table 9.4: Emission mask values, maximum output power P < 31 dBm

| Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Minimum requirement   | Measureme<br>nt<br>bandwidth<br>(Note 2) |
|---|---|---|--|
| $2,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 2,7$ MHz             | 2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz                                    | -22 dBm + ΔP  | 30 kHz                                   |
| 2,7 MHz ≤ Δf < 3,5<br>MHz                             | 2,715MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>3,515MHz                                 | $-22dBm-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f\_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$ | 30 kHz                                   |
| (Note 1)  | 3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz                                      | -34 dBm + ΔP  | 30 kHz                                   |
| 3,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 7,5<br>MHz                             | 4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz                                       | -21 dBm + ΔP  | 1 MHz                                    |
| 7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq f_{max}$                  | $8.0MHz \le f\_offset < f\_offset_{max}$                          | -25 dBm   | 1 MHz                                    |

#### NOTE 3

- for carrier frequency  $f \le 3.0GHz$ :  $\triangle P = 0dB$ ;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz:  $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

For operation in band II, IV, V, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XXV and XXVI, the applicable additional requirement in Tables 9.4A, 9.4B or 9.4C apply in addition to the minimum requirements in Tables 9.1 to 9.4.

Table 9.4A: Additional emission mask values for Bands II, IV, X, XXV

| Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f      | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Additional requirement | Measurement bandwidth (Note 2) |
|--|---|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2.5 MHz ≤ Δf < 3.5 MHz                                     | 2.515MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>3.515MHz                                 | -15 dBm                | 30 kHz                         |
| $3.5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{\text{max}}$ | 4.0MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>f_offset <sub>max</sub>                    | -13 dBm                | 1 MHz                          |

Table 9.4B: Additional emission mask values for Band V and XXVI

| Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f    | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Additional requirement | Measurement bandwidth (Note 2) |
|--|---|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| $2.5 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < 3.5 \text{ MHz}$         | 2.515MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>3.515MHz                                 | -15 dBm                | 30 kHz                         |
| $3.5 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le \Delta f_{\text{max}}$ | 3.55MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>f_offset <sub>max</sub>                   | -13 dBm                | 100 kHz                        |

Table 9.4C: Additional emission mask values for Bands XII, XIII, XIV

| Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f      | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Additional requirement | Measurement<br>bandwidth<br>(Note 2) |
|--|---|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| $2.5 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < 2.6 \text{ MHz}$           | 2.515MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>2.615MHz                                 | -13 dBm                | 30 kHz                               |
| $2.6 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{\text{max}}$ | 2.65MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>f_offset <sub>max</sub>                   | -13 dBm                | 100 kHz                              |

In certain regions the following requirement may apply for protection of DTT. For UTRA Repeater operating in Band XX, the level of emissions in the band 470-790 MHz, measured in an 8MHz filter bandwidth on centre frequencies  $F_{\rm filter}$  according to Table 9.4D, shall not exceed the maximum emission level  $P_{\rm EM,N}$  declared by the manufacturer.

Table 9.4.D: Declared emissions levels for protection of DTT

| Filter centre frequency, Ffilter                                    | Measurement bandwidth | Declared emission level [dBm] |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| $F_{\text{filter}} = 8*N + 306 \text{ (MHz)};$<br>$21 \le N \le 60$ | 8 MHz                 | P <sub>EM,N</sub>             |

NOTE: The regional requirement is defined in terms of EIRP (effective isotropic radiated power), which is dependent on both the repeater emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the repeater needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. Compliance with the regional requirement can be determined using the method outlined in TS 25.104 [1] Annex D.

In certain regions, the following requirements may apply to UTRA repeaters operating in Band XXXII within 1452-1492 MHz. The level of unwanted emissions, measured on centre frequencies f\_offset with filter bandwidth, according to Table 9.4E shall neither exceed the maximum emission level  $P_{EM,B32,a}$ ,  $P_{EM,B32,b}$  nor  $P_{EM,B32,c}$  declared by the manufacturer.

Table 9.4E: Declared operating band XXXII unwanted emission within 1452-1492 MHz

| bandwidth |
|-----------|
|           |
| 5 MHz     |
| 5 MHz     |
| 5 MHz     |
|           |

NOTE 1: f\_offset<sub>max, B32</sub> denotes the frequency difference between the lower channel carrier frequency and 1454.5 MHz, and the frequency difference between the upper channel carrier frequency and 1489.5 MHz for the set channel position.

NOTE: The regional requirement, included in [14], is defined in terms of EIRP per antenna, which is dependent on both the repeater emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the base station needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. The assessment of the EIRP level is described in Annex H of TS36.104 [15].

In certain regions, the following requirement may apply to UTRA repeaters operating in Band XXXII within 1452-1492 MHz for the protection of services in spectrum adjacent to the frequency range 1452-1492 MHz. The level of emissions, measured on centre frequencies  $F_{\text{filter}}$  with filter bandwidth according to Table 9.4F shall neither exceed the maximum emission level  $P_{\text{EM},B32,d}$  nor  $P_{\text{EM},B32,e}$  declared by the manufacturer. This requirement applies in the frequency range 1429-1518 MHz even though part of the range falls in the spurious domain.

Table 9.4F: Operating band XXXII declared emission outside 1452-1492 MHz

| Filter centre frequency, F <sub>filter</sub>  | Declared emission level [dBm] | Measurement bandwidth |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1429.5 MHz ≤ F <sub>filter</sub> ≤ 1448.5 MHz | P <sub>EM,B32,d</sub>         | 1 MHz                 |
| F <sub>filter</sub> = 1450.5 MHz              | P <sub>EM,B32,e</sub>         | 3 MHz                 |
| F <sub>filter</sub> = 1493.5 MHz              | P <sub>EM,B32,e</sub>         | 3 MHz                 |
| 1495.5 MHz ≤ F <sub>filter</sub> ≤ 1517.5 MHz | P <sub>EM,B32,d</sub>         | 1 MHz                 |

NOTE: The regional requirement, included in [14], is defined in terms of EIRP, which is dependent on both the repeater emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the base station needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. The assessment of the EIRP level is described in Annex H of TS36.104 [15].

Note for Tables 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.4A, 9.4B and 9.4C:

NOTE 1: This frequency range ensures that the range of values of f\_offset is continuous.

NOTE 2 As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth can be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### 9.1.2.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the Repeater meet the spectrum emission requirements as specified in TS 25.106.

#### 9.1.2.4 Method of test

#### 9.1.2.4.1 Initial conditions

A measurement set-up is shown in annex A

1) Connect a signal generator to the input port of the Repeater for tests of repeaters with a pass band corresponding to one 5 MHz channel. If the pass band corresponds to two or more 5 MHz carriers, two signal generators with a

- combining circuit or one signal generator with the ability to generate several WCDMA carriers is connected to the input. The signals shall be de-correlated as described in TS25.141 [11], clause 6.1.1.6.3 of equal power.
- 2) Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 4,0 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement bandwidth.
- 3) Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4,0 MHz and ( $\Delta$ fmax 500 kHz) shall use a 1 MHz measurement bandwidth. The 1MHz measurement bandwidth may be calculated by integrating multiple 50 kHz or narrower filter measurements.
- 4) Detection mode: True RMS.

#### 9.1.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Set the Repeater to maximum gain.
- 2) Set the signal generator(s) to generate signal(s) in accordance to test model 1, TS 25.141 subclause 6.2.1.1.1, at level(s) which produce the manufacturer specified maximum output power at maximum gain.
- 3) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.
- 4) Increase the power with 10 dB compare to the level obtained in step 2.
- 5) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.
- 6) If the pass band corresponds to more than two consecutive nominal 5 MHz channels, repeat step 2) to 5) with any combination of two WCDMA modulated signals of equal power in the repeaters pass band.
- 7) Switch of the signal generator.
- 8) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.

## 9.1.2.5 Test requirements

The measurement result of step 3 and 5 of 9.1.4.2 shall not exceed the maximum level specified in tables 9.5 to 9.8 for the appropriate Repeater maximum output power.

Table 9.5: Emission mask values, maximum output power P ≥ 43 dBm

| Frequency offset of measurement      | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre | Test requirement Band<br>(Note 1)  | Measurement bandwidth |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|
| filter -3dB point, Δf                |   |  | 00111                 |
| 2,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2,7<br>MHz            | 2,515MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>2,715MHz             | -12,5 dBm + ∆P   | 30 kHz                |
| 2,7 MHz ≤ Δf < 3,5<br>MHz            | 2,715MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>3,515MHz             | $-12,5$ dBm $-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f\_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)$ dB + $\Delta P$ | 30 kHz                |
|                                      | 3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz                  | -24,5 dBm + ΔP   | 30 kHz                |
| 3,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 7,5<br>MHz            | 4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>8,0MHz                | -11,5 dBm + ΔP   | 1 MHz                 |
| 7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq f_{max}$ | 8,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset <sub>max</sub>  | -11,5 dBm  | 1 MHz                 |

NOTE 1:

- for carrier frequency  $f \le 3,0GHz$ : □  $\Delta P = 0dB$ ;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz:  $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

Table 9.6: Emission mask values, maximum output power 39 ≤ P < 43 dBm

| Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf                            | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Test requirement Band<br>(Note 1)   | Measurement<br>bandwidth |
|--|---|---|--------------------------|
| $2,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 2,7 $ MHz                                       | 2,515MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>2,715MHz                                 | -12,5 dBm + ΔP  | 30 kHz                   |
| $\begin{array}{c} 2,7 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 3,5 \\ \text{MHz} \end{array}$ | 2,715MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>3,515MHz                                 | $-12,5$ dBm $-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 2,715\right)$ dB + $\Delta P$ | 30 kHz                   |
|  | 3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz                                      | -24,5 dBm + ΔP  | 30 kHz                   |
| 3,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 7,5<br>MHz  | 4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz                                       | -11,5 dBm + ΔP  | 1 MHz                    |
| 7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq f_{max}$   | 8,0MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset <sub>max</sub>                       | P – 54,5 dB   | 1 MHz                    |

## NOTE 1:

- for carrier frequency  $f \le 3,0GHz$ :  $\Box \Delta P = 0dB$ ;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz:  $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

Table 9.7: Emission mask values, maximum output power 31 ≤ P < 39 dBm

| Frequency offset<br>of measurement<br>filter -3dB point,∆f                       | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Test requirement Band<br>(Note 1)   | Measurement bandwidth |
|--|---|---|-----------------------|
| $2,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 2,7$ MHz  | 2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz                                    | P – 51,5 dB + ΔP  | 30 kHz                |
| $\begin{array}{c} 2,7 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 3,5 \\ \text{MHz} \end{array}$ | 2,715MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>3,515MHz                                 | $P - 51,5dB - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f\_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$ | 30 kHz                |
|  | 3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz                                      | P – 63,5 dB + ΔP  | 30 kHz                |
| $3,5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 7,5 $ MHz                                       | 4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz                                       | P – 50,5 dB + ΔP  | 1 MHz                 |
| 7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq f_{max}$   | $8,0MHz \le f\_offset < f\_offset_{max}$                          | P – 54,5 dB   | 1 MHz                 |

#### NOTE 1:

- for carrier frequency f ≤ 3,0GHz:  $\Box$   $\Delta$ P = 0dB;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz:  $\Box \Delta P$  = 0.3dB

Table 9.8: Emission mask values, maximum output power P < 31 dBm

| Frequency<br>offset of<br>measurement<br>filter -3dB point,<br>Δf | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Test requirement Band<br>(Note 1)   | Measuremen<br>t bandwidth |
|---|---|---|---------------------------|
| 2,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2,7 MHz  | 2,515MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>2,715MHz                                 | -20,5 dBm + ΔP  | 30 kHz                    |
| 2,7 MHz ≤ Δf <<br>3,5 MHz   | 2,715MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>3,515MHz                                 | $-20,5dBm-15 \cdot \left(\frac{f\_offset}{MHz} - 2,715\right)dB + \Delta P$ | 30 kHz                    |
|   | $3,515MHz \le f\_offset < 4,0MHz$                                 | -32,5 dBm + ΔP  | 30 kHz                    |
| 3,5 MHz ≤ Δf < 7,5 MHz  | 4,0 MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz                                       | -19,5 dBm + ∆P  | 1 MHz                     |
| 7,5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq f$                                    | $8.0MHz \le f\_offset < f\_offset_{max}$                          | -23,5 dBm   | 1 MHz                     |

NOTE 1:

- for carrier frequency f ≤ 3,0GHz:  $\Box$   $\Delta$ P = 0dB;
- for carrier frequency 3,0GHz < f ≤ 4,2GHz:  $\Box \Delta P = 0.3dB$

For operation in band II, IV, V, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XXV, and XXVI the applicable additional requirement in Tables 9.8A, 9.8B or 9.8C apply in addition to the minimum requirements in Tables 9.5 to 9.8.

Table 9.8A: Additional emission mask values for Bands II, IV, X, XXV

| Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf      | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Additional requirement | Measurement<br>bandwidth |
|--|---|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 2.5 MHz ≤ Δf <<br>3.5 MHz                                  | 2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 3.515MHz                                    | -15 dBm                | 30 kHz                   |
| $3.5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{\text{max}}$ | 4.0MHz ≤ f_offset <<br>f_offset <sub>max</sub>                    | -13 dBm                | 1 MHz                    |

Table 9.8B: Additional emission mask values for Band V and XXVI

| Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Additional requirement | Measurement bandwidth |
|--|---|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2.5 MHz ≤ Δf <                                     | 2.515MHz ≤ f_offset <   | -15 dBm                | 30 kHz                |
| 3.5 MHz  | 3.515MHz  |                        |                       |
| $3.5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f \leq$               | 3.55MHz ≤ f_offset <  | -13 dBm                | 100 kHz               |
| $\Delta f_{max}$                                   | f_offset <sub>max</sub>   |                        |                       |

Table 9.8C: Additional emission mask values for Bands XII, XIII, XIV

| Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, | Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Additional requirement | Measurement bandwidth |
|--|---|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2.5 MHz ≤ Δf < 2.6 MHz                             | 2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2.615MHz                                    | -13 dBm                | 30 kHz                |
| 2.6 MHz < Δf <                                     | 2.65MHz ≤ f offset <  | -13 dBm                | 100 kHz               |
| Δf <sub>max</sub>                                  | f_offset <sub>max</sub>   |                        |                       |

Table 9.8D: Declared emissions levels for protection of DTT

| Filter centre frequency, Filter                                     | Measurement<br>bandwidth | Declared emission level [dBm] |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| $F_{\text{filter}} = 8*N + 306 \text{ (MHz)};$<br>$21 \le N \le 60$ | 8 MHz                    | Р <sub>ЕМ,</sub> N            |

Table 9.8E: Declared operating band XXXII unwanted emission within 1452-1492 MHz

| Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset | Declared emission level [dBm] | Measurement bandwidth |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 5 MHz   | P <sub>EM,B32,a</sub>         | 5 MHz                 |
| 10 MHz  | P <sub>EM,B32,b</sub>         | 5 MHz                 |
| 15 MHz ≤ f_offset ≤ f_offset <sub>max, B32</sub>                  | P <sub>EM,B32,c</sub>         | 5 MHz                 |
|   | 1144 1 .                      |                       |

NOTE 1: f\_offset<sub>max, B32</sub> denotes the frequency difference between the lower channel carrier frequency and 1454.5 MHz, and the frequency difference between the upper channel carrier frequency and 1489.5 MHz for the set channel position.

Table 9.4F: Operating band XXXII declared emission outside 1452-1492 MHz

| Filter centre frequency, Ffilter              | Declared emission level [dBm] | Measurement bandwidth |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1429.5 MHz ≤ F <sub>filter</sub> ≤ 1448.5 MHz | P <sub>EM,B32,d</sub>         | 1 MHz                 |
| $F_{filter} = 1450.5 \text{ MHz}$             | P <sub>EM,B32,e</sub>         | 3 MHz                 |
| F <sub>filter</sub> = 1493.5 MHz              | P <sub>EM,B32,e</sub>         | 3 MHz                 |
| 1495.5 MHz ≤ F <sub>filter</sub> ≤ 1517.5 MHz | P <sub>EM,B32,d</sub>         | 1 MHz                 |

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test is defined in subclause 5.2 and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance is given in Annex B.

## 9.1.3 Protection of BS receiver in the operating band

This requirement shall be applied for the protection of UTRA-FDD BS receivers in geographic areas in which UTRA-FDD Repeater and UTRA-FDD BS are deployed.

The requirement applies at frequencies that are more than 10 MHz below or more than 10 MHz above the repeater pass band.

### 9.1.3.1 Minimum Requirement

This requirement applies to the uplink of the repeater, at maximum gain.

In the up-link direction of the Repeater the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.11A: Uplink operating band unwanted emission limits for protection of UTRA FDD BS receiver

| Maximum<br>Level | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Note |
|------------------|--------------------------|------|
| -53 dBm          | 100 kHz                  |      |

NOTE 1: These requirements in Table 9.11A for the up link direction of the Repeater reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology and are based on a coupling loss of 73 dB between a Repeater and a UTRA FDD BS receiver.

NOTE 2: The requirements shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

NOTE 3: The protection of R-GSM is for further study.

## 9.1.4 Co-existence with services in adjacent frequency bands

This requirement may be applied for the protection in bands adjacent to bands I or VII, as defined in clause 4.1 in geographic areas in which both an adjacent band service and UTRA are deployed.

The requirement applies only to the down-link direction of the repeater.

### 9.1.4.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.20: UTRA Repeater down-link spurious emissions limits for protection of adjacent band services

| Operating<br>Band | Band          | Maximum Level                | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Note |
|-------------------|---------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| I                 | 2100-2105 MHz | -30 + 3.4 (f - 2100 MHz) dBm | 1 MHz                    |      |
|                   | 2175-2180 MHz | -30 + 3.4 (2180 MHz - f) dBm | 1 MHz                    |      |
| VII               | 2610-2615 MHz | -30 + 3.4 (f - 2610 MHz) dBm | 1 MHz                    |      |
|                   | 2695-2700 MHz | -30 + 3.4 (2700 MHz - f) dBm | 1 MHz                    |      |

# 9.2 Spurious emissions

## 9.2.1 Definition and applicability

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions. This is measured at the Repeater output port.

The requirements of either subclause 9.2.2.1 or subclause 9.2.2.2 shall apply whatever the type of Repeater considered (one or several pass bands). It applies for all configurations foreseen by the manufacturer's specification.

The spurious emission limits apply from 9 kHz to 12.75 GHz (or above, as indicated in Table 9.9 and 9.10), excluding the frequency range from 10 MHz below the lowest frequency of the repeaters operating band up to 10 MHz above the highest frequency of the repeaters operating band. Exceptions are the requirement in Table 9.17 and 9.21 that apply also closer than 10 MHz from repeaters operating band.

Unless otherwise stated, all requirements are measured as mean power (RMS).

For repeaters capable of supporting both UTRA and E-UTRA, conformance to the UTRA spurious emission requirements can also be demonstrated using E-UTRA spurious emission test methods as described in TS 36.143 [13].

## 9.2.2 Minimum Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the following requirements shall be met.

## 9.2.2.1 Spurious emission (Category A)

The following requirements shall be met in cases where Category A limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], are applied.

At maximum Repeater gain, with WCDMA signals in the pass band of the Repeater, at levels that produce the maximum rated output power per channel, the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits specified in Table 9.9.

When the power in all channels is increased by 10 dB the requirements shall still be met.

The requirement shall apply both with or without an input signal applied.

Table 9.9: Up-link and down-link: General spurious emissions limits, Category A

| Band  | Maximum level | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Notes          |
|---|---------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| 9kHz – 150kHz   |               | 1 kHz                    | Note 1         |
| 150kHz – 30MHz  |               | 10 kHz                   | Note 1         |
| 30MHz – 1GHz  |               | 100 kHz                  | Note 1         |
| 1GHz – 12,75 GHz  |               | 1 MHz                    | Note 2         |
| 12.75 GHz – 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL or UL operating band for DL or UL spurious emissions, respectively | -13 dBm       | 1 MHz                    | Note 2, Note 3 |

NOTE 1: Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329 [4], s4.1

NOTE 2: Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329 [4], s2.5 table 1

NOTE 3: Applies only for Band XXII

### 9.2.2.2 Spurious emission (Category B)

The following requirements shall be met in cases where Category B limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], are applied.

At maximum Repeater gain, with WCDMA signals in the pass band of the Repeater, at levels that produce the maximum rated power output per channel, the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits specified in Tables 9.10 and 9.10A depending on the declared operating band for the down- and up-link.

When the power in all channels is increased by 10 dB the requirements shall still be met.

The requirement shall apply both with or without an input signal applied.

Table 9.10: General spurious emissions limits (Category B)

| Band  | Maximum<br>Level | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Note           |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| 9 kHz ↔ 150 kHz                             | -36 dBm          | 1 kHz                    | Note 1         |
| 150 kHz ↔ 30 MHz                            | -36 dBm          | 10 kHz                   | Note 1         |
| 30 MHz ↔ 1 GHz                              | -36 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | Note 1         |
| 1 GHz ↔ 12.75 GHz                           | -30 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | Note 2         |
| 12.75 GHz - 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic of the | -30 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | Note 2, Note 3 |
| upper frequency edge of the DL or           |                  |                          |                |
| UL operating band for DL or UL              |                  |                          |                |
| spurious emissions, respectively            |                  |                          |                |

NOTE 1: Bandwidth as in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], s4.1

NOTE 2: Bandwidth as in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [4], s4.1. Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329 [4], s2.5 table 1

NOTE 3: Applies only for Band XXII

Table 9.10A: (Void)

Table 9.10B: (void)

Table 9.10C: (void)

Table 9.10D: (void)

Table 9.10E: (void)

Table 9.10F: (void)

### 9.2.2.3 Void

## 9.2.2.4 Co-existence with other systems in the same geographical area

These requirements may be applied for the protection of UE, MS and/or BS operating in other frequency bands in the same geographical area. The requirements may apply in geographic areas in which both UTRA FDD Repeater and a system operating in another frequency band than the FDD operating band are deployed. The system operating in the other frequency band may be GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850, E-UTRA FDD and/or UTRA FDD.

### 9.2.2.4.1 Minimum Requirements

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits of Table 9.13 for a UTRA FDD Repeater where requirements for co-existence with the system listed in the first column apply.

Table 9.13: UTRA Repeater up-link and down-link spurious emissions limits in geographic coverage area of systems operating in other frequency bands

| System type<br>operating in<br>the same<br>geographical<br>area | Band for<br>co-<br>existence<br>requirement | Maximum<br>Level | Measurement<br>Bandwidth |   |
|---|---|------------------|--------------------------|---|
| GSM900  | 921 – 960<br>MHz                            | -57 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII.  |
|   | 876 – 915<br>MHz                            | -61 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.  |
| DCS1800   | 1805 – 1880<br>MHz                          | -47 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III.   |
|   | 1710 – 1785<br>MHz                          | -61 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.   |
| PCS1900   | 1930 – 1990<br>MHz                          | -47 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in frequency band II or band XXV.  |
|   | 1850 – 1910<br>MHz                          | -61 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in frequency band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 9.1.3.   |
| GSM850 or<br>CDMA850  | 869 – 894<br>MHz                            | -57 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in frequency band V or XXVI.   |
|   | 824 – 849<br>MHz                            | -61 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in frequency band V or XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 9.1.3.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band I or   | 2110 – 2170<br>MHz                          | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 1  | 1920 – 1980<br>MHz                          | -49 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band II or  | 1930 – 1990<br>MHz                          | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 2  | 1850 – 1910<br>MHz                          | -49 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band III or   | 1805 – 1880<br>MHz                          | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 3  | 1710 – 1785<br>MHz                          | -49 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to the uplink of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IX in the frequency range from 1749,9 MHz to 1784,9 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band IV or  | 2110 – 2155<br>MHz                          | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 4  | 1710 – 1755<br>MHz                          | -49 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band V or   | 869 – 894<br>MHz                            | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or band XXVI.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 5  | 824 – 849<br>MHz                            | -49 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or band XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band VI or XIX                                      | 860 – 890<br>MHz                            | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, VI, XIX, XX or XXVI.  |
| or E-UTRA<br>Band 6, 18 or                                      | 815 – 830<br>MHz                            | -49 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, VI, XIX, XX or XXVI.  |
| 19  | 830 – 845<br>MHz                            | -49 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI or XIX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, XX or XXVI.   |
|   | 2620 – 2690<br>MHz                          | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII.   |

| UTRA FDD<br>Band VII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 7 | 2500 – 2570<br>MHz      | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.   |
|---|-------------------------|---------|-------|---|
| UTRA FDD<br>Band VIII or                    | 925 – 960<br>MHz        | -52 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 8                            | 880 – 915<br>MHz        | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band IX or                      | 1844.9 –<br>1879.9 MHz  | -52 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 9                            | 1749. 9 –<br>1784.9 MHz | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band X or                       | 2110 – 2170<br>MHz      | -52 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 10                           | 1710 – 1770<br>MHz      | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. This requirement does not apply to the uplink of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV in the frequency range from 1710 MHz to 1755 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XI or XXI                  | 1475.9 –<br>1510.9 MHz  | -52 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI, band XXI or band XXXII.  |
| or E-UTRA<br>Band 11 or 21                  | 1427.9 –<br>1447.9 MHz  | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. For UTRA repeaters operating in band XXXII, this requirement applies for carriers allocated within 1475.9MHz and 1495.9MHz.  |
|   | 1447.9 -<br>1462.9 MHz  | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. For UTRA repeaters operating in band XXXII, this requirement applies for carriers allocated within 1475.9MHz and 1495.9MHz.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XII or                     | 728 - 746<br>MHz        | -52 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 12                           | 698 - 716<br>MHz        | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XIII or                    | 746 - 756<br>MHz        | -52 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 13                           | 777 - 787<br>MHz        | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XIV or                     | 758 - 768<br>MHz        | -52 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 14                           | 788 - 798<br>MHz        | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 17                           | 734 - 746<br>MHz        | -52 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII.   |
|   | 704 - 716<br>MHz        | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XX or                      | 791 - 821<br>MHz        | -52 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 20                           | 832 - 862<br>MHz        | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XXII or                    | 3510 - 3590<br>MHz      | -52 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 22                           | 3410 - 3490<br>MHz      | -49 dBm | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3.  |

| E LIEDA  | 0400 0000              | 50 -ID  | 4 MH I- |  |
|--|------------------------|---------|---------|--|
| E-UTRA<br>Band 23                              | 2180 - 2200<br>MHz     | -52 dBm | 1 MHz   |  |
|  | 2000 - 2020<br>MHz     | -49 dBm | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, where the limits are defined separately.  |
|  | 2000 – 2010<br>MHz     | -30 dBm | 1 MHz   | This requirement only applies to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV. This requirement  |
|  | 2010 – 2020<br>MHz     | -49 dBm | 1 MHz   | applies starting 5 MHz above the band XXV DL operating band.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 24                              | 525 – 1559<br>MHz      | -52 dBm | 1 MHz   |  |
|  | 1626.5 –<br>1660.5 MHz | -49 dBm | 1 MHz   |  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XXV or                        | 1930 - 1995<br>MHz     | -52 dBm | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD repeater operating in band II or band XXV.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 25                              | 1850 - 1915<br>MHz     | -49 dBm | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD repeater operating in band XXV since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. For UTRA FDD repeater operating in band II, it applies for 1910 MHz to 1915 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 9.1.3. |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XXVI or                       | 859 - 894<br>MHz       | -52 dBm | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD repeater operating in band V or band XXVI.   |
| E-UTRA Band<br>26                              | 814 - 849<br>MHz       | -49 dBm | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to the UL of the UTRA FDD repeater operating in band XXVI since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3. For UTRA FDD repeater operating in band V, it applies for 814 MHz to 824 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 9.1.3.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 27                              | 852 - 869<br>MHz       | -52 dBm | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD repeater operating in band V or band XXVI.   |
|  | 807 - 824<br>MHz       | -49 dBm | 1 MHz   | For UTRA FDD repeater operating in band XXVI, it applies for 807 MHz to 814 MHz, while the rest is covered in subclause 9.1.3.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 28                              | 758 - 803<br>MHz       | -52 dBm | 1 MHz   |  |
|  | 703 - 748<br>MHz       | -49 dBm | 1 MHz   |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 29                              | 717 – 728<br>MHz       | -52 dBm | 1 MHz   |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 30                              | 2350 - 2360<br>MHz     | -52 dBm | 1 MHz   |  |
|  | 2305 - 2315<br>MHz     | -49 dBm | 1 MHz   |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 31                              | 462.5 –<br>467.5 MHz   | -52 dBm | 1 MHz   |  |
|  | 452.5 –<br>457.5 MHz   | -49 dBm | 1 MHz   |  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XXXII or<br>E-UTRA Band<br>32 | 1452 – 1496<br>MHz     | -52 dBm | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA repeater operating in Band XI, XXI, or XXXII   |

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeaters operating band (see Table 4.1). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

### 9.2.2.5 Co-existence with co-located and co-sited base stations

These requirements may be applied for the protection of other BS receivers when GSM900 and/or DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850, E-UTRA FDD and/or UTRA FDD BS are co-located with a UTRA FDD Repeater.

### 9.2.2.5.1 Minimum Requirements

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits of Table 9.14 for a UTRA FDD Repeater where requirements for co-location with the Base Station listed in the first column apply.

Table 9.14: UTRA Repeater up-link and down-link spurious emissions limits for Repeater co-located with Base Stations

| Type of co-located Base Station             | Band for co-location requirement | Maximum<br>Level | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Note   |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| GSM900                                      | 876 – 915 MHz                    | -98 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 75dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
| DCS1800                                     | 1710 – 1785 MHz                  | -98 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 75dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.  |
| PCS1900                                     | 1850 – 1910 MHz                  | -98 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 75dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
| GSM850 or<br>CDMA850                        | 824 – 849 MHz                    | -98 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or band XXVI. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 75dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band I or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 1   | 1920 – 1980 MHz                  | -96 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band II or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 2  | 1850 – 1910 MHz                  | -96 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band III or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 3 | 1710 – 1785 MHz                  | -96 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.  This requirement does not apply to the uplink of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IX in the frequency Range from 1749,9 MHz to 1784,9 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between base station and the repeater UL transmit port. |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band IV or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 4  | 1710 – 1755 MHz                  | -96 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band V or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 5   | 824 – 849 MHz                    | -96 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or band XXVI. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band VI or<br>XIX or            | 815 – 830 MHz                    | -96 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, VI, XIX, XX or XXVI.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 6, 18<br>or 19               | 830 – 845 MHz                    | -96 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI or XIX. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port. This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, XX or XXVI.   |

| UTRA FDD<br>Band VII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 7                    | 2500 – 2570 MHz     | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
|--|---------------------|---------|---------|--|
| UTRA FDD<br>Band VIII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 8                   | 880 – 915 MHz       | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band IX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 9                     | 1749.9 – 1784.9 MHz | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band X or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 10                     | 1710 – 1770 MHz     | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band X. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.  This requirement does not apply to the uplink of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV in the frequency range from 1710 MHz to 1755 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 9.1.3, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between base station and the repeater UL transmit port. |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XI or<br>XXI or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 11 or<br>21 | 1427.9 – 1447.9 MHz | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port. This requirement applies only for operation between 1475.9 MHz and 1495.9 MHz for UTRA FDD repeater operating in band XXXII.  |
|  | 1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the up-link of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXI. The sub-clause 9.1.3requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port. This requirement applies only for operation between 1475.9 MHz and 1495.9 MHz for UTRA FDD repeater operating in band XXXII.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 12                   | 698 - 716 MHz       | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XIII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 13                  | 777 - 787 MHz       | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XIV<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 14                   | 788 - 798 MHz       | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 17  | 704 – 716 MHz       | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.   |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 20                    | 832 – 862 MHz       | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.  |

| UTRA FDD<br>Band XXII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 22 | 3410 - 3490 MHz     | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.  |
|---|---------------------|---------|---------|--|
| E UTRA<br>Band 23                             | 2000 - 2020 MHz     | -96 dBm | 100 kHz |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 24                             | 1626.5 - 1660.5 MHz | -96 dBm | 100 kHz |  |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XXV<br>or E UTRA<br>Band 25  | 1850 - 1915 MHz     | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXV. The sub-clause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II, it applies fro 1910MHz to 1915MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 9.1.3, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.          |
| UTRA FDD<br>Band XXVI<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 26 | 814 – 849 MHz       | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI. The subclause 9.1.3 requirement applies, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, it applies from 814 MHz to 824MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 9.1.3, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port. |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 27                             | 807 – 824 MHz       | -96 dBm | 100 kHz | For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI, this requirement applies from 807 MHz to 814MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 9.1.3, but requires a 73dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater UL transmit port.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 28                             | 703 – 748 MHz       | -96 dBm | 100 kHz |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 30                             | 2305 – 2315 MHz     | -96 dBm | 100 kHz |  |
| E.UTRA<br>Band 31                             | 452.5 – 457.5 MHz   | -96 dBm | 100 kHz |  |

NOTE 1: The co-location requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeater operating band (see Table 4.1). The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB UTRA Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [2].

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

### 9.2.2.6 Co-existence with PHS

This requirement may be applied for the protection of PHS in geographic areas in which both PHS and UTRA-FDD Repeaters are deployed. This requirement is also applicable at specified frequencies falling between 12,5 MHz below the centre frequency of the first 5 MHz channel or more than 12,5 MHz above the centre frequency of the last 5 MHz channel in the pass band.

#### 9.2.2.6.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.17: UTRA Repeater Spurious up-link and down-link emissions limits for in geographic coverage area of PHS

| Band                | Maximum<br>Level | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Note |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------|
| 1884,5 – 1915,7 MHz | -41 dBm          | 300 kHz                  |      |

### 9.2.2.7 Co-existence with UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD

### 9.2.2.7.1 Operation in the same geographic area

This requirement may be applied to geographic areas in which both UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD and UTRA-FDD Repeaters are deployed.

### 9.2.2.7.1.1 Minimum requirement

In the down-link direction of the Repeater the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.18: UTRA Repeater down-link spurious emissions limits in geographic coverage area of UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD

| System type operating in the same geographical area | Band for co-existence requirement | Maximum<br>Level | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Note   |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 33               | 1900 - 1920 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 34               | 2010 - 2025 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |
| UTRA TDD Band d) or<br>E-UTRA Band 38               | 2570 - 2620 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |
| UTRA TDD Band f) or<br>E-UTRA Band 39               | 1880 – 1920 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | Applicable in China  |
| UTRA TDD in Band e) or<br>E-UTRA Band 40            | 2300 – 2400 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |
| E-UTRA Band 41                                      | 2496 – 2690 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |
| E-UTRA Band 42                                      | 3400 – 3600 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII. |
| E-UTRA Band 43                                      | 3600 – 3800 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |
| E-UTRA Band 44                                      | 703 – 803 MHz                     | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeaters operating band (see Table 4.1). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.

In the up-link direction of the Repeater the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 9.18A: UTRA Repeater up-link spurious emissions limits in geographic coverage area of UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD

| System type operating in the same geographical area | Band for co-existence requirement | Maximum<br>Level | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Note   |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 33               | 1900 - 1920 MHz                   | -53 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement is applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, band II or band XXV.              |
|   | 1900 - 1920 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I band II or band XXV.                |
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 34               | 2010 - 2025 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |
| UTRA TDD Band d) or<br>E-UTRA Band 38               | 2570 - 2620 MHz                   | -53 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | This requirement is applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII.                                 |
|   | 2570 - 2620 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII.                                  |
| UTRA TDD Band f) or<br>E-UTRA Band 39               | 1880 – 1920 MHz                   | -53 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | Applicable in China. This requirement is applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV. |
|   | 1880 – 1920 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | Applicable in China. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV.  |
| UTRA TDD in Band e) or<br>E-UTRA Band 40            | 2300 – 2400 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |
| E-UTRA Band 41                                      | 2496 - 2690 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |
| E-UTRA Band 42                                      | 3400 – 3600 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.                                 |
| E-UTRA Band 43                                      | 3600 – 3800 MHz                   | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |
| E-UTRA Band 44                                      | 703 – 803 MHz                     | -52 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |  |

NOTE 3: The co-existence requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeaters operating band (see Table 4.1). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.

NOTE 4: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

NOTE 1: The requirements of -53dBm/100kHz in Table 9.18 and in Table 9.18A, which are respectively for the down link and up link direction of the Repeater reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology and are based on a coupling loss of 73 dB between a Repeater and a UTRA TDD BS receiver.

NOTE 2: The requirements shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

### 9.2.2.7.2 Co-located Repeaters and UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD base stations

This requirement may be applied for the protection of UTRA-TDD BS receivers when UTRA-TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD BS and UTRA-FDD Repeater are co-located.

#### 9.2.2.7.2.1 Minimum requirement

In the down-link direction of the Repeater the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.19: UTRA Repeater down-link spurious emissions limits for protection of co-located UTRA TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD BS receiver

| Type of co-located Base Station       | Band for co-location requirement | Maximum<br>Level | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Note  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---|
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 33 | 1900 - 1920 MHz                  | - 86 dBm         | 1 MHz                    |   |
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 34 | 2010 - 2025 MHz                  | - 86 dBm         | 1 MHz                    |   |
| UTRA TDD Band d) or<br>E-UTRA Band 38 | 2570 - 2620 MHz                  | - 86 dBm         | 1 MHz                    |   |
| UTRA TDD Band f) or<br>E-UTRA Band 39 | 1880 - 1920MHz                   | -86 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | Applicable in China   |
| UTRA TDD Band e) or<br>E-UTRA Band 40 | 2300 - 2400MHz                   | -86 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |   |
| E-UTRA Band 41                        | 2496 - 2690 MHz                  | -86 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement<br>does not apply to E-<br>UTRA FDD Repeater<br>operating in band VII. |
| E-UTRA Band 42                        | 3400 - 3600 MHz                  | -86 dBm          | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.            |
| E-UTRA Band 43                        | 3600 - 3800 MHz                  | -86 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |   |
| E-UTRA Band 44                        | 703 – 803 MHz                    | -86 dBm          | 1 MHz                    |   |

NOTE 1: The co-location requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeaters operating band (see Table 4.1). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.

In the up-link direction of the Repeater the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 9.19A: UTRA Repeater up-link spurious emissions limits for protection of co-located UTRA TDD and/or E-UTRA TDD BS receiver

| Type of co-located Base                  | Band for co-location |         |           |  |  |
|--|----------------------|---------|-----------|--|--|
| Station                                  | requirement          | Level   | Bandwidth |  |  |
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 33    | 1900 - 1920 MHz      | -53 dBm | 100 kHz   | This requirement is applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, band II or band XXV.              |  |
|  | 1900 - 1920 MHz      | -86 dBm | 1 MHz     | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, band II or band XXV.               |  |
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 34    | 2010 - 2025 MHz      | -83 dBm | 100 kHz   | This requirement is applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I.                                   |  |
|  | 2010 - 2025 MHz      | -86 dBm | 1 MHz     | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I                                     |  |
| UTRA TDD Band d) or<br>E-UTRA Band 38    | 2570 - 2620 MHz      | -53 dBm | 100 kHz   | This requirement is applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII.                                 |  |
|  | 2570 - 2620 MHz      | -86 dBm | 1 MHz     | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII.                                  |  |
| UTRA TDD Band f) or<br>E-UTRA Band 39    | 1880 – 1920 MHz      | -53 dBm | 100 kHz   | Applicable in China. This requirement is applied only to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV. |  |
|  | 1880 – 1920 MHz      | -86 dBm | 1 MHz     | Applicable in China. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV.  |  |
| UTRA TDD in Band e) or<br>E-UTRA Band 40 | 2300 – 2400 MHz      | -86 dBm | 1 MHz     |  |  |
| E-UTRA Band 41                           | 2496 - 2690 MHz      | -86 dBm | 1 MHz     | This requirement does not apply to E-UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII.                                |  |
| E-UTRA Band 42                           | 3400 – 3600 MHz      | -86 dBm | 1 MHz     | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.                                 |  |
| E-UTRA Band 43                           | 3600 – 3800 MHz      | -86 dBm | 1 MHz     |  |  |
| E-UTRA Band 44                           | 703 – 803 MHz        | -86 dBm | 1 MHz     |  |  |

NOTE 4: The co-location requirements do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the repeaters operating band (see Table 4.1). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.

NOTE 5: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-location requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

- NOTE 1: The requirements of -53dBm/100kHz in Table 9.19 and Table 9.19A, which are respectively for the down link and up link direction of the Repeater reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology and are based on a coupling loss of 73 dB between a Repeater and a UTRA TDD BS receiver.
- NOTE 2: The requirements of -83dBm/100kHz in Table 9.19A for the up link direction of the Repeater reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology and are based on a coupling loss of 43 dB between a Repeater and a UTRA TDD BS receiver.
- NOTE 3: The requirements shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

### 9.2.2.8 (Void)

### 9.2.2.9 Protection of public safety operations

This requirement shall be applied to Repeater operating in Bands XIII and XIV to ensure that appropriate interference protection is provided to 700 MHz public safety operations. This requirement is also applicable at specified frequencies falling between 12.5 MHz below the first carrier frequency used and 12.5 MHz above the last carrier frequency used.

#### 9.2.2.9.1 Minimum Requirement

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 9.21: Spurious emissions limits for the up-link and down-link of UTRA Repeater for protection of 700 MHz public safety operations

| Operating Band | Band          | Maximum<br>Level | Measurement Bandwidth | Note |
|----------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------|------|
| XIII           | 763 - 775 MHz | -46 dBm          | 6.25 kHz              |      |
| XIII           | 793 - 805 MHz | -46 dBm          | 6.25 kHz              |      |
| XIV            | 769 - 775 MHz | -46 dBm          | 6.25 kHz              |      |
| XIV            | 799 - 805 MHz | -46 dBm          | 6.25 kHz              |      |

This requirement shall be applied to repeaters operating in Band XXVI to ensure that appropriate interference protection is provided to 800 MHz public safety operations. This requirement is also applicable at specified frequencies falling between 12.5 MHz below the first carrier frequency used and 12.5 MHz above the last carrier frequency used.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 6.16A: Spurious emissions limits for the up-link and down-link of UTRA Repeater for protection of 800 MHz public safety operations

| Operating Band | Band          | Maximum<br>Level | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Note   |
|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| XXVI           | 851 - 859 MHz | -13 dBm          | 100 kHz                  | Applicable for offsets > 37.5kHz from the channel edge |

# 9.2.3 Test purpose

This test measure conducted spurious emission from the Repeater transmitter antenna connector, while the Repeater is in operation.

### 9.2.4 Method of test

#### 9.2.4.1 Initial conditions

A measurement set-up is shown in annex A.

- 1) Connect a signal generator to the input port of the Repeater for tests of repeaters with apass band corresponding to one 5 MHz channel. If the pass band corresponds to two or more 5 MHz carriers, two signal generators with a combining circuit or one signal generator with the ability to generate several WCDMA carriers is connected to the input. The signals shall be de-correlated as described in TS25.141 [11], clause 6.1.1.6.3 of equal power.
- 2) Detection mode: True RMS.

#### 9.2.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Set the Repeater to maximum gain.
- 2) Set the signal generator(s) to generate signal(s) in accordance to test model 1, TS 25.141 subclause 6.2.1.1.1, at level(s) which produce the manufacturer specified maximum output power at maximum gain.
- 3) The detecting device shall be configured with a measurement bandwidth as stated in the tables.
- 4) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.
- 5) Increase the input power with 10 dB compare to the level obtained in step 2.
- 6) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.
- 7) If the pass band corresponds to more than two consecutive nominal 5 MHz channels, repeat step 2) to 6) with any combination of two WCDMA modulated signals of equal power in the repeaters pass band.
- 8) Switch of the signal generator.
- 9) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.

## 9.2.5 Test requirements

In all measurements, the requirements according to subclause 9.2.2 shall be fulfilled.

# 10 Modulation accuracy

In this section the procedure for testing the modulation accuracy of Repeaters is defined. This test includes EVM and peak code domain error.

# 10.1 Error vector magnitude

In this section the procedure for testing the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) of Repeaters is defined.

## 10.1.1 Definition and applicability

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the theoretical waveform and a modified version of the measured waveform. The modification is done according to annex E of TS25.141. This difference is called the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the modified mean reference signal power expressed as a %. The measurement interval is one power control group (timeslot).

## 10.1.2 Minimum Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the Error Vector Magnitude shall not be worse than 12,5 % as defined in TS25.106.

## 10.1.3 Test purpose

To verify that the EVM is within the limit specified in 10.1.2 after the signal passed through the Repeater...

#### 10.1.4 Method of test

#### 10.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.

The test is based upon the test for the base station. Test model 1 as described in TS25.141 is used for the definition of the signal to test on. A signal generator providing the required signals is connected to the input of the Repeater. The Repeater is set to operate at full gain. The signal level is adjusted to the equivalent level to obtain the nominal output power as declared by the manufacturer. A signal analyser connected to the output is used to measure the EVM value.

#### 10.1.4.2 Procedure

The test has to be performed in the uplink and the downlink path of the Repeater. The EVM has to be measured according to Annex E of TS25.141

#### 10.1.4.3 Stimulus EVM effect

The stimulus signal generator EVM will RSS with the tested repeater EVM. The target for the recorded value is adjusted accordingly in the test requirements.

### 10.1.5 Test requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1, the Error Vector Magnitude, as defined in TS25.106, shall not exceed 13,2%.

### 10.2 Peak code domain error

In this section the procedure for testing the Peak Code Domain Error of Repeaters is defined.

## 10.2.1 Definition and applicability

The Peak Code Domain Error is computed by projecting the error vector onto the code domain at a specific spreading factor. The Code Domain Error for every code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that code, to the mean power of the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The Peak Code Domain Error is defined as the maximum value for the Code Domain Error for all codes. The measurement interval is one power control group (timeslot).

## 10.2.2 Minimum Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the peak code domain error shall not exceed -35 dB at spreading factor 256 as defined in TS25.106.

## 10.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that the peak code domain error is within the limit specified in 10.2.2 after the signal passed through the Repeater.

### 10.2.4 Method of test

#### 10.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.

The test is based upon the test for the base station. Test model 3 as described in TS25.141 is used for the definition of the signal to test on. A signal generator providing the required signals is connected to the input of the Repeater. The spreading factor of the signal generator is set to 256. The Repeater is set to operate at full gain. The signal level is adjusted to the equivalent level to obtain the nominal output power as declared by the manufacturer. A signal analyser connected to the output is used to measure the peak code domain error value.

#### 10.2.4.2 Procedure

The test has to be performed in the uplink and the downlink path of the Repeater. The peak code domain error as described in TS25.141 Annex E has to be measured.

## 10.2.5 Test requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the peak code domain error shall not exceed -33,9 dB at spreading factor 256 as defined in TS25.106.

# 10.3 Relative Code Domain Error (RCDE) for 64QAM modulation

## 10.3.1 Definition and applicability

The Relative Code Domain Error is computed by projecting the error vector (as defined in 10.1) onto the code domain at a specified spreading factor. Only the active code channels in the composite reference waveform are considered for this requirement. The Relative Code Domain Error for every active code is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the error projection onto that code, to the mean power of the active code in the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The measurement interval is one frame.

The requirement for Relative Code Domain Error is only applicable for Repeater supporting 64QAM modulated codes.

See TS25.141 [11] Annex E for further details.

## 10.3.2 Minimum requirement

The average Relative Code Domain Error for 64QAM modulated codes shall not exceed -21 dB at spreading factor 16.

## 10.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the peak code domain error is within the limit specified in 10.3.2 after the signal passed through the Repeater.

### 10.3.4 Method of test

#### 10.3.4.1 Initial conditions

Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.

The test is based upon the test for the base station. Test model 6 as described in TS25.141 is used for the definition of the signal to test on. A signal generator providing the required signals is connected to the input of the Repeater. The spreading factor of the signal generator is set to 16. The Repeater is set to operate at full gain. The signal level is adjusted to the equivalent level to obtain the nominal output power as declared by the manufacturer. A signal analyser connected to the output is used to measure the peak code domain error value.

#### 10.3.4.2 Procedure

The test has to be performed in the uplink and the downlink path of the Repeater. The relative code domain error as described in TS25.141 Annex E has to be measured.

## 10.3.5 Test requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the relative code domain error shall not exceed -19.3 dB at spreading factor 16 as defined in TS25.106.

# 11 Input intermodulation

The input intermodulation is a measure of the capability of the Repeater to inhibit the generation of interference in the pass band, in the presence of interfering signals on frequencies other than the pass band.

# 11.1 Definition and applicability

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the Repeater to maintain the wanted frequency free of internally created interference.

The test requirements in Tables 11.2 may be applied for the protection of FDD Repeater input when GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850, E-UTRA FDD and/or UTRA FDD BS are co-located with a UTRA FDD Repeater.

The additional test requirements in Tables 11.2AA may be applied for the protection of FDD Repeater input when a UTRA TDD BS is co-located with a UTRA FDD Repeater.

This test applies to uplink and downlink path of the Repeater.

## 11.2 Minimum Requirements

## 11.2.1 General requirement

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.1: General input intermodulation requirement

|   | f_offset | Interfering Signal<br>Levels | Type of signals | Measurement bandwidth |
|---|----------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| ĺ | 3,5 MHz  | -40 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |

For the parameters specified in table 11.1, the power in the pass band shall not increase by more than 10 dB at the output of the Repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

## 11.2.2 Co-location with BS in other systems

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.2: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in other systems

| Co-located other systems  | Frequency of interfering signals | Interfering<br>Signal<br>Levels | Type of signals  | Measurement bandwidth | Note  |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---|
| GSM900  | 921 – 960 MHz                    | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.            |
| DCS1800   | 1805 – 1880 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.             |
| PCS1900   | 1930 – 1990 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |
| GSM850 or<br>CDMA850  | 869 – 894 MHz                    | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.       |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band I or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 1                         | 2110 – 2170 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.               |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band II or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 2                        | 1930 – 1990 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band III or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 3                       | 1805 – 1880 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band IV or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 4                        | 2110 – 2155 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.     |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band V or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 5                         | 869 – 894 MHz                    | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or band XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VI or<br>XIX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 6, 18<br>or 19 | 860 – 890 MHz                    | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI, XIX, or XXVI since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 7                       | 2620 – 2690 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.             |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VIII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 8                      | 925 – 960 MHz                    | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.            |

| UTRA-FDD<br>Band IX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 9                     | 1844.9 – 1879.9<br>MHz | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers             | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
|--|------------------------|---------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band X or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 10                     | 2110 – 2170 MHz        | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers             | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XI or<br>XXI or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 11 or<br>21 | 1475.9 – 1510.9<br>MHz | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers             | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI or band XXI, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXXII, between 1475.9 MHz and 1496 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between base station and the repeater DL receive port. |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 12                   | 728 - 746 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers             | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XIII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 13                  | 746 - 756 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers                | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XIV or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 14                   | 758 - 768 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers             | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 17  | 734 - 746 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers             | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 20                    | 791 - 821 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers             | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 22                  | 3510 - 3590 MHz        | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers                | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |
| E-UTRA   | 2180 - 2200 MHz        | +16 dBm | 2 CW                         | 1 MHz |  |
| Band 23<br>E-UTRA  | 1525 – 1559 MHz        | +16 dBm | carriers<br>2 CW             | 1 MHz |  |
| Band 24<br>UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXV<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 25        | 1930 - 1995 MHz        | +16 dBm | carriers<br>2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II, it applies from 1990MHz to 1995MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |

| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXVI<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 26  | 859 - 894 MHz     | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, it applies from 859 MHz to 869 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. |
|--|-------------------|---------|------------------|-------|--|
| E-UTRA<br>Band 27                              | 852 - 869 MHz     | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI, it applies from 852 MHz to 859 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 28                              | 758 - 803 MHz     | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 29                              | 717 - 728 MHz     | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 30                              | 2350 - 2360 MHz   | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 31                              | 462.5 – 467.5 MHz | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXXII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 32 | 1452 - 1496 MHz   | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI, XXI or XXXII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |

- NOTE 1: The co-location requirements in the table 11.2 do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the table 11.2. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [2]
- NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 11.2AA: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in UTRA and E-UTRA TDD systems

| Co-located other systems              | Frequency of<br>interfering signals | Interfering<br>Signal Levels | Type of signals | Measurement bandwidth |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 33 | 1900 - 1920 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 34 | 2010 – 2025 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| UTRA-TDD Band d) or<br>E-UTRA Band 38 | 2570 – 2620 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| UTRA TDD Band f) or<br>E-UTRA Band 39 | 1880 - 1920MHz                      | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| UTRA TDD Band e) or<br>E-UTRA Band 40 | 2300 - 2400MHz                      | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| E-UTRA Band 41                        | 2496 - 2690 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| E-UTRA Band 42                        | 3400 - 3600 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| E-UTRA Band 43                        | 3600 - 3800 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| E-UTRA Band 44                        | 703 - 803 MHz                       | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |

NOTE 1: The co-location requirements in Table 11.2AA do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the Table 11.2AA. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [2]

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

For the parameters specified in table 11.2 and 11.2AA, the power in the pass band shall not increase with more than 10 dB at the output of the repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

## 11.2.3 Co-existence with other systems

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.2A: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in other systems

| Co-<br>existence<br>with other              | Frequency of interfering signals | Interfering<br>Signal<br>Levels | Type of signals  | Measurement bandwidth | Note   |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|
| systems<br>GSM900                           | 876 – 915 MHz                    | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW             | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is   |
|   |                                  |                                 | carriers         |                       | already covered by the requirement in sub-<br>clause 11.2.1.   |
| DCS1800                                     | 1710 – 1785 MHz                  | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.                          |
| PCS1900                                     | 1850 – 1910 MHz                  | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.              |
| GSM850 or<br>CDMA850                        | 824 – 849 MHz                    | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or band XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.              |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band I or<br>E-UTRA             | 1920 – 1980 MHz                  | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause                                   |
| Band 1                                      | 4050 4040111                     | 45 15                           | 0.011            | 4 5 41 2              | 11.2.1.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band II or<br>E-UTRA            | 1850 – 1910 MHz                  | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.              |
| Band 2<br>UTRA-FDD                          | 1710 – 1785 MHz                  | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW             | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD  |
| Band III or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 3             |                                  |                                 | carriers         |                       | Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD                                    | 1710 – 1755 MHz                  | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW             | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD  |
| Band IV or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 4              |                                  |                                 | carriers         |                       | Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band V or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 5   | 824 – 849 MHz                    | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or band XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.              |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VI or<br>XIX or            | 815 – 845 MHz                    | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI or band XIX, since it is already covered by the requirement in                                 |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 6, 18<br>or 19               |                                  |                                 |                  |                       | sub-clause 11.2.1. This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or XX.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 7 | 2500 – 2570 MHz                  | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.                          |
| UTRA-FDD                                    | 880 – 915 MHz                    | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW             | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD  |
| Band VIII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 8            |                                  |                                 | carriers         |                       | Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band IX or<br>E-UTRA            | 1749,9 – 1784,9<br>MHz           | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-                            |
| Band 9 UTRA-FDD Band X or E-UTRA Band 10    | 1710 – 1770 MHz                  | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz                 | clause 11.2.1.  This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1. |
|   | 1427.9 – 1447.9<br>MHz           | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.                           |

| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XI or<br>XXI or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 11 or<br>21 | 1447.9 - 1462.9<br>MHz | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXI, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXXII, it applies from 1447.9 MHz to 1452 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1. |
|--|------------------------|---------|------------------|---------|--|
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 12                   | 698 - 716 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XIII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 13                  |                        | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XIV or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 14                   |                        | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 17  | 704 - 716 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 20                    | 832 - 862 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 22                  | 3410-3490 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 23  | 2000 - 2020 MHz        | -15 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz   |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 24  | 1626.5 – 1660.5<br>MHz | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz   |  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXV<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 25                   | 1850-1915 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II, it applies from 1910MHz to 1915MHz, while the rest is covered in subclause 11.2.1.         |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXVI<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 26                  | 814 - 849 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz   | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, it applies from 814MHz to 824 MHz, while the rest is covered in subclause 11.2.1.          |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 27  | 807 - 824 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz   | For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI, this requirement applies from 807MHz to 814 MHz, while the rest is covered in subclause 11.2.1.  |
| E-UTRA   | 703 - 748 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW             | 1 MHz   |  |
| Band 28  | 2205 2245 MILI-        | 1E 4D~  | carriers         | 1 NALI- |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 30  | 2305 - 2315 MHz        | -15 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz   |  |
| E-UTRA   | 452.5 – 457.5 MHz      | -15 dBm | 2 CW             | 1 MHz   |  |
| Band 31  |                        |         | carriers         |         |  |

Band 31 | carriers |

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements in Table 11.2A do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-existence requirement in the Table 11.2A. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-existence

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 11.2AAA: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in UTRA and E-UTRA TDD systems

| Co-existence<br>with other<br>systems | Frequency of interfering signals | Interfering<br>Signal<br>Levels | Type of signals | Measurement bandwidth | Note   |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| UTRA TDD                              | 1900 – 1920                      | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA        |
| Band a) or                            | MHz                              |                                 | carriers        |                       | FDD Repeater operating in band I, band II or   |
| E-UTRA                                |                                  |                                 |                 |                       | band XXV.                                      |
| Band 33                               |                                  |                                 |                 |                       |  |
| UTRA TDD                              | 2010 – 2025                      | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 |  |
| Band a) or                            | MHz                              |                                 | carriers        |                       |  |
| E-UTRA                                |                                  |                                 |                 |                       |  |
| Band 34                               | 0570 0000                        | 45 15                           | 0.014           | 4 8 41 1              |  |
| UTRA-TDD                              | 2570 - 2620<br>MHz               | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA        |
| Band d) and or                        | IVII IZ                          |                                 | Carriers        |                       | FDD Repeater operating in band VII.            |
| E-UTRA TDD                            |                                  |                                 |                 |                       |  |
| Band 38                               | 1880 - 1920MHz                   | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 | Analia da la in Ohio a                         |
| UTRA TDD                              | 1000 - 192010172                 | -13 ubili                       | carriers        | I IVITZ               | Applicable in China.                           |
| Band f) or<br>E-UTRA                  |                                  |                                 | oamoio          |                       | This requirement does not apply to UTRA        |
| Band 39                               |                                  |                                 |                 |                       | FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV. |
| UTRA TDD                              | 2300 - 2400MHz                   | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 | AAV.   |
| Band e) or                            | 2000 210011112                   | 10 dBiii                        | carriers        | 1 1011 12             |  |
| E-UTRA                                |                                  |                                 |                 |                       |  |
| Band 40                               |                                  |                                 |                 |                       |  |
| E-UTRA                                | 2496 - 2690                      | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 |  |
| Band 41                               | MHz                              |                                 | carriers        |                       |  |
| E-UTRA                                | 3400 - 3600                      | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA        |
| Band 42                               | MHz                              |                                 | carriers        |                       | FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.           |
| E-UTRA                                | 3600 - 3800                      | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 |  |
| Band 43                               | MHz                              |                                 | carriers        |                       |  |
| E-UTRA                                | 703 - 803 MHz                    | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 |  |
| Band 44                               |                                  |                                 | carriers        |                       |  |

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements in Table 11.2AAA do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the Table 11.2AAA. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [5]

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

For the parameters specified in table 11.2A and table 11.2AAA, the power in the pass band shall not increase with more than 10 dB at the output of the repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

## 11.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify that the Repeater meets the intermodulation characteristics requirements as specified in TS 25.106, subclause 11.1.

### 11.4 Method of test

### 11.4.1 Initial conditions

- 1) Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.
- 2) Set the Repeater to maximum gain.
- 3) Connect two signal generators with a combining circuit or one signal generator with the ability to generate several CW carriers to the input.

4) Connect a spectrum analyser to the output of the Repeater. Set the resolution bandwidth to 1 MHz in the centre of the pass band. Set averaging to 1 second or more.

### 11.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Adjust the frequency of the input signals, either below or above the pass band, so that the lowest order intermodulation product is positioned in the centre of the pass band, according to subclause 11.2.
- 2) Take the measurement of the rise of the output signal.
- 3) Repeat the measurement for the opposite path of the Repeater.

## 11.5 Test requirements

## 11.5.1 Mandatory requirement

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.3: Input intermodulation requirement

| f_offset | Interfering Signal<br>Levels | Type of signals | Measurement bandwidth |
|----------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 3,5 MHz  | -40 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |

For the parameters specified in table 11.3, the power in the pass band shall not increase by more than 11,2 dB at the output of the Repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

## 11.5.2 Co-location with BS in other systems

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.4: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in other systems

| Co-located other systems  | Frequency of interfering signals | Interfering<br>Signal<br>Levels | Type of signals  | Measurement bandwidth | Note   |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|
| GSM900  | 921 – 960 MHz                    | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.            |
| DCS1800   | 1805 – 1880 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.             |
| PCS1900   | 1930 – 1990 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. |
| GSM850 or<br>CDMA850  |                                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.       |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band I or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 1                         | 2110 – 2170 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.              |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band II or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 2                        | 1930 – 1990 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band III or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 3                       | 1805 – 1880 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band IV or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 4                        | 2110 – 2155 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.    |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band V or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 5                         | 869 – 894 MHz                    | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.       |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VI or<br>XIX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 6, 18<br>or 19 | 860 – 890 MHz                    | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI, XIX or XXVI since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 7                       | 2620 – 2690 MHz                  | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.             |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VIII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 8                      | 925 – 960 MHz                    | +16 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.            |

| UTRA-FDD<br>Band IX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 9                     | 1844.9 – 1879.9<br>MHz | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
|--|------------------------|---------|------------------|-------|--|
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band X or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 10                     | 2110 – 2170 MHz        | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XI or<br>XXI or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 11 or<br>21 | 1475.9 – 1510.9<br>MHz | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI or band XXI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXXII, between 1475.9 MHz and 1496 MHz, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires 86dB coupling loss between base station and the repeater DL receive port. |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 12                   | 728 - 746 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XIII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 13                  | 746 - 756 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XIV<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 14                   | 758 - 768 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 17  | 734 - 746 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 20                    | 791 - 821 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 22                  | 3510-3590 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 23  | 2180 - 2200 MHz        | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 24  | 1626.5 – 1660.5<br>MHz | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXV<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 25                   | 1930-1995 MHz          | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II, it applies from 1990MHz to 1995MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |

| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXVI<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 26  | 859 - 894 MHz        | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, it applies from 859 MHz to 869 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port. |
|--|----------------------|---------|------------------|-------|---|
| E-UTRA<br>Band 27                              | 852 - 869 MHz        | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI, it applies from 852 MHz to 859 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 28                              | 758 - 803 MHz        | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI, it applies from 852 MHz to 859 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 29                              | 717 - 728 MHz        | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 30                              | 2350 - 2360 MHz      | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 31                              | 462.5 – 467.5<br>MHz | +16 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXXII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 32 | 1452 - 1496 MHz      | +16 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI, XXI or XXXII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1, but requires a 86dB coupling loss between BS and the repeater DL receive port.  |

NOTE 1: The co-location requirements in the table 11.4 do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the table 11.4. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [2].

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 11.4AA: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in UTRA and E-UTRA TDD bands

| Co-located other systems              | Frequency of<br>interfering signals | Interfering<br>Signal Levels | Type of signals | Measurement bandwidth |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 33 | 1900 - 1920 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| UTRA TDD Band a) or<br>E-UTRA Band 34 | 2010 – 2025 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| UTRA-TDD Band d) or<br>E-UTRA Band 38 | 2570 – 2620 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| UTRA TDD Band f) or<br>E-UTRA Band 39 | 1880 - 1920MHz                      | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| UTRA TDD Band e) or<br>E-UTRA Band 40 | 2300 - 2400MHz                      | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| E-UTRA Band 41                        | 2496 - 2690 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| E-UTRA Band 42                        | 3400 - 3600 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| E-UTRA Band 43                        | 3600 - 3800 MHz                     | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |
| E-UTRA Band 43                        | 703 - 803 MHz                       | +16 dBm                      | 2 CW carriers   | 1 MHz                 |

NOTE 1: The co-location requirements in Table 11.4AA do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the Table 11.4AA. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [2].

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

For the parameters specified in table 11.4 and in table 11.4AA, the power in the pass band shall not increase with more than 11,2 dB at the output of the repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

## 11.5.3 Co-existence with other systems

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1 the intermodulation performance should be met when the following signals are applied to the Repeater:

Table 11.4A: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in other systems

| Co-<br>existence<br>with other<br>systems                       | Frequency of<br>interfering<br>signals | Interfering<br>Signal<br>Levels | Type of signals  | Measurement<br>bandwidth | Note   |
|---|--|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| GSM900  | 876 – 915 MHz                          | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.  |
| DCS1800   | 1710 – 1785 MHz                        | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.   |
| PCS1900   | 1850 – 1910 MHz                        | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
| GSM850 or<br>CDMA850  | 824 – 849 MHz                          | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or band XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band I or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 1                       | 1920 – 1980 MHz                        | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band I, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band II or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 2                      | 1850 – 1910 MHz                        | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II or band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band III or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 3                     | 1710 – 1785 MHz                        | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band IV or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 4                      | 1710 – 1755 MHz                        | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band V or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 5                       | 824 – 849 MHz                          | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or band XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VI or<br>XIX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 6, 18,<br>19 | 815 – 845 MHz                          | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VI or band XIX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1. This requirement does not apply to the UL of UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V or XX. |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 7                     | 2500 – 2570 MHz                        | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band VIII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 8                    | 880 – 915 MHz                          | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band VIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band IX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 9                      | 1749,9 – 1784,9<br>MHz                 | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band III or band IX, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band X or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 10                      | 1710 – 1770 MHz                        | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band IV or band X, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 11.2.1.   |
|   | 1427.9 – 1447.9<br>MHz                 | -15 dBm                         | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz                    | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.  |

| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XI or<br>XXI<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 11 or<br>21 | 1447.9 - 1462.9<br>MHz | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXXII, it applies from 1447.5 MHz to 1452 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1. |
|--|------------------------|---------|------------------|-------|---|
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 12                   | 698 - 716 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XIII or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 13                  | 777 - 787 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XIV or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 14                   |                        | -15 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XIV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.  |
| E UTRA<br>Band 17  | 704 - 716 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.  |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XX or<br>E-UTRA<br>Band 20                    | 832 - 862 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XX, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXII<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 22                  | 3410 - 3490 MHz        | -15 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXII, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1.   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 23  | 2000 - 2020 MHz        | -15 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 24  | 1626.5 – 1660.5<br>MHz | -15 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |   |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXV<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 25                   | 1850 - 1915 MHz        | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXV, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band II, it applies from 1910MHz to 1915MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1.        |
| UTRA-FDD<br>Band XXVI<br>or E-UTRA<br>Band 26                  | 814 - 849 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | This requirement does not apply to UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 11.2.1. For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band V, it applies from 814MHz to 824 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1.         |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 27  | 807 - 824 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz | For UTRA FDD Repeater operating in band XXVI, this requirement applies from 807MHz to 814 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 11.2.1.  |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 28  | 703 - 748 MHz          | -15 dBm | 2 CW carriers    | 1 MHz |   |
| E-UTRA<br>Band 30  | 2305 - 2315 MHz        | -15 dBm | 2 CW<br>carriers | 1 MHz |   |
| E-UTRA   | 452.5 – 457.5          | -15 dBm | 2 CW             | 1 MHz |   |
| Band 31  | MHz                    |         | carriers         |       |   |

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements in Table 11.4A do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-existence requirement in the Table 11.4A. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-existence.

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

Table 11.4AAA: Input intermodulation requirements for interfering signals in UTRA and E-UTRA TDD systems

| Co-existence with other | Frequency of interfering | Interfering<br>Signal | Type of signals | Measurement bandwidth | Note   |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| systems                 | signals                  | Levels                |                 |                       |  |
| UTRA TDD                | 1900 – 1920              | -15 dBm               | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA      |
| Band a) or              | MHz                      |                       | carriers        |                       | FDD Repeater operating in band I, band II or |
| E-UTRA                  |                          |                       |                 |                       | band XXV.                                    |
| Band 33                 |                          |                       |                 |                       |  |
| UTRA TDD                | 2010 – 2025              | -15 dBm               | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 |  |
| Band a) or              | MHz                      |                       | carriers        |                       |  |
| E-UTRA                  |                          |                       |                 |                       |  |
| Band 34                 |                          |                       |                 |                       |  |
| UTRA-TDD                | 2570 - 2620              | -15 dBm               | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA      |
| Band d) and or          | MHz                      |                       | carriers        |                       | FDD Repeater operating in band VII.          |
| E-UTRA TDD              |                          |                       |                 |                       |  |
| Band 38                 |                          |                       |                 |                       |  |
| UTRA TDD                | 1880 - 1920MHz           | -15 dBm               | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 | Applicable in China.                         |
| Band f) or              |                          |                       | carriers        |                       | This requirement does not apply to UTRA      |
| E-UTRA                  |                          |                       |                 |                       | FDD Repeater operating in band II or band    |
| Band 39                 |                          |                       |                 |                       | XXV.   |
| UTRA TDD                | 2300 - 2400MHz           | -15 dBm               | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 |  |
| Band e) or              |                          |                       | carriers        |                       |  |
| E-UTRA                  |                          |                       |                 |                       |  |
| Band 40                 | 0.400 0000               | 45 15                 | 0.0147          | 4.541.1               |  |
| E-UTRA                  | 2496 - 2690              | -15 dBm               | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 |  |
| Band 41                 | MHz                      | 45.15                 | carriers        | 4.541.1               | T  |
| E-UTRA                  | 3400 - 3600              | -15 dBm               | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 | This requirement does not apply to UTRA      |
| Band 42                 | MHz                      | 45 15                 | carriers        | 4 8 41 1              | FDD Repeater operating in band XXII.         |
| E-UTRA                  | 3600 - 3800              | -15 dBm               | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 |  |
| Band 43                 | MHz                      | 45 15                 | carriers        | 4 8 41 1              |  |
| E-UTRA                  | 703 - 803 MHz            | -15 dBm               | 2 CW            | 1 MHz                 |  |
| Band 44                 |                          |                       | carriers        |                       |  |

NOTE 1: The co-existence requirements in Table 11.4AAA do not apply when the repeaters pass band frequency range is adjacent to the frequency range of the co-location requirement in the Table 11.4AAA. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB Repeater-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [5]

NOTE 2: The table above assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

For the parameters specified in table 11.4A and table 11.4AAA, the power in the pass band shall not increase with more than 11,2 dB at the output of the repeater as measured in the centre of the pass band, compared to the level obtained without interfering signals applied.

## 12 Output intermodulation

The output intermodulation requirement is a measure of the ability of the repeater to inhibit the generation of intermodulation products signals created by the presence of an interfering signal reaching the repeater via the output port.

#### 12.1 Definition and applicability

The output intermodulation level is the power of the intermodulation products when a WCDMA modulated interference signal is injected into the output port at a level of 30 dB lower than that of the wanted signal. The frequency of the interference signal shall be  $\pm 5$  MHz,  $\pm 10$  MHz and  $\pm 15$  MHz offset from the wanted signal, but within the frequency band allocated for UTRA FDD downlink as specified in subclause 4.1.

The requirement is applicable for downlink signals.

The normative reference for this requirement is in TS25.106 [12] section 12.

#### 12.2 Minimum requirement

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1, the output intermodulation level shall not exceed the out of band emission or the spurious emission requirements of section 9.1 and 9.2.

#### 12.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify the ability of the repeater to restrict the generation of intermodulation products in the presence of a subject signal on the repeater input and output ports, and an interfering signal applied at the repeater output port.

#### 12.4 Method of test

#### 12.4.1 Initial conditions

- 1) Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.
- 2) Connect a signal generator to the input port of the Repeater for tests of repeaters with a pass band corresponding to one 5 MHz channel. Connect a signal generator to the circulator on the output port and make sure the signal generator power is directed to the repeater output port.
- 3) Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 2,515 MHz and 4,0 MHz shall use a 30 kHz measurement bandwidth.
- 4) Measurements with an offset from the carrier centre frequency between 4,0 MHz and ( $\Delta$ fmax 500 kHz) shall use a 1 MHz measurement bandwidth. The 1MHz measurement bandwidth may be calculated by integrating multiple 50 kHz or narrower filter measurements
- 5) Detection mode: True RMS.

#### 12.4.2 Procedures

- 1) Set the Repeater to maximum gain.
- 2) Set the signal generator at the repeater input port (subject signal) to generate a signal in accordance to test model 1, TS 25.141 subclause 6.1.1.1, at the level which produce the manufacturer specified maximum output power at maximum gain.
- 3) Set the signal generator at the repeater output port (interference signal) to generate a signal in accordance to test model 1, TS 25.141 subclause 6.1.1.1, at the level producing signal power corresponding to 30 dB below the manufacturer specified maximum output power at the repeater output port with the specified frequency offset from the wanted signal.
- 4) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value. Measurements in the band of the interfering signal shall be excluded. The measurements can be limited to the power of all third and fifth order intermodulation products.
- 5) Repeat from clause 3 until interference signals  $\pm 5$  MHz,  $\pm 10$  MHz and  $\pm 15$  MHz frequency offset from the wanted signal has been tested. Note that interfering signals outside the UTRA-FDD allocated frequency band, as specifies in section 4.1. need not be tested.

#### 12.5 Test requirements

In all measurements, the requirements according to sections 9.1.1.5 and the downlink requirements in section 9.2.2.1 or 9.2.2.2 shall be fulfilled.

## 13 Adjacent Channel Rejection Ratio (ACRR)

#### 13.1 Definitions and applicability

Adjacent Channel Rejection Ratio (ACRR) is the ratio of the RRC weighted gain per carrier of the repeater in the pass band to the RRC weighted gain of the repeater on an adjacent channel.

The requirement shall apply to the uplink and downlink of Repeater where the donor link is maintained via antennas (over the air Repeater).

#### 13.2 Minimum Requirements

In normal conditions the ACRR shall be higher than the value specified in the Table 13.1.

**ACRR limit** Repeater maximum Channel offset from the centre output power as in frequency of the first or last 5 MHz 9.1.1 channel within the pass band.  $P \ge 31 dBm$ 5 MHz 33dB  $P \ge 31 dBm$ 10 MHz 33dB P < 31 dBm 5 MHz 20dB P < 31 dBm 10 MHz 20dB

Table 13.1: Repeater ACRR

#### 13.3 Test purpose

To verify that the Repeater ACRR requirement shall be met as specified in subclause 13.1.

#### 13.4 Method of test

#### 13.4.1 Initial conditions

- 1) Set-up the equipment as shown in annex A.
- 2) Connect the signal generator equipment to the Repeater input port.
- 3) Connect the power measuring equipment to the Repeater output port.
- 4) The measurement device characteristics shall be:
  - measurement filter bandwidth: defined in subclause 13.1;
  - detection mode: true RMS voltage or true average power.

#### 13.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the signal generator to transmit a signal modulated with a combination of PCCPCH, SCCPCH and Dedicated Physical Channels specified as test model 1 in TS 25.141 at the first or last 5 MHz channel within the pass band.
- 2) Adjust the input power to the Repeater to create the maximum nominal Repeater output power at maximum gain
- 3) Measure the RRC filtered mean power at the RF output port over a certain slot.
- 4) Set the signal generator to transmit the same signal and the same input power at one of the channel offsets according to Table 13.1.

- 5) Measure the RRC filtered mean power at the RF output port over a certain slot.
- 6) Calculate the ratio of the measured power in the pass band to the measured power at the channel offset.
- 7) Repeat step 4) to 6) until all channel offsets in Table 13.1 are measured.

## 13.4.3 Test Requirements

In normal conditions as specified in section 5.4.1, the ACRR shall be higher than the value specified in the Table 13.2.

Table 13.2: Repeater ACRR

| Repeater maximum output power as in 9.1.1.1 | Channel offset from the centre frequency of the first or last 5 MHz channel within the pass band. | ACRR limit |
|---|---|------------|
| P ≥ 31 dBm                                  | 5 MHz   | 32,3dB     |
| P ≥ 31 dBm                                  | 10 MHz  | 32,3dB     |
| P < 31 dBm                                  | 5 MHz   | 19,3dB     |
| P < 31 dBm                                  | 10 MHz  | 19,3dB     |

# Annex A (informative): Repeater measurement system set-up

Example of measurement system set-ups are attached below as an informative annex.

## A.1 Maximum output power

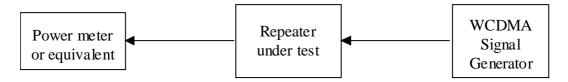


Figure A.1: Measuring system set-up for maximum output power.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

## A.2 Frequency stability

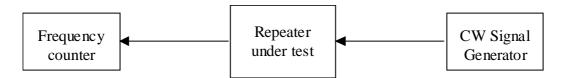


Figure A.2: Measurement system set-up for RF frequency stability.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

# A.3 Out of band gain

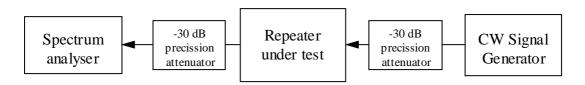


Figure A.3: Measuring system set-up for out of band gain.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

## A.4 Unwanted emission: Spectrum emission mask

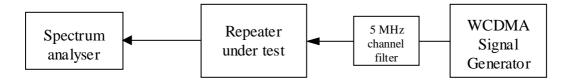


Figure A.4: Measuring system Set-up for unwanted emission: spectrum emission mask.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

### A.5 Unwanted emission: Spurious emission

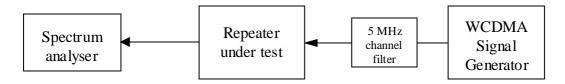


Figure A.5: Measuring system set-up for unwanted emission: spurious emission.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

## A.6 Modulation Accuracy: Error Vector Magnitude

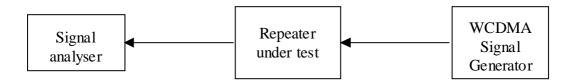


Figure A.6: Measuring system set-up for modulation accuracy: error vector magnitude.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

# A.7 Modulation Accuracy: Peak Code Domain Error Error and Relative Coder Domain Error

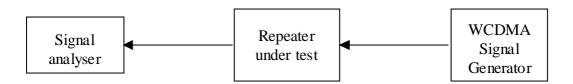


Figure A.7: Measuring system set-up for modulation accuracy: peak code domain error and relative code domain error.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

# A.8 Input inter modulation

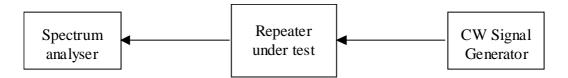


Figure A.8: Measuring system set-up for input intermodulation.

### A.9 Output Intermodulation

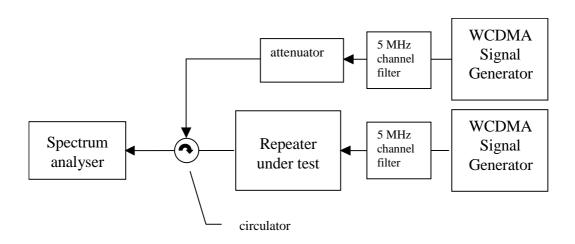


Figure A.9: Measuring system set-up for Output Intermodulation.

Note that a repeater is a bi-directional device. The signal generator may need protection.

The 5 MHz channel filter is only required if the WCDMA signal generator does not fulfil the unwanted emission requirement for base stations (TS25.141 [11], section 6.5) with at least 10 dB margin in the described set-up.

# Annex B (informative): Derivation of Test Requirements

The Test Requirements in this specification have been calculated by relaxing the Minimum Requirements of the core specification using the Test Tolerances defined in subclause 5.2. When the Test Tolerance is zero, the Test Requirement will be the same as the Minimum Requirement. When the Test Tolerance is non-zero, the Test Requirements will differ from the Minimum Requirements, and the formula used for this relaxation is given in table B.1.

**Table B.1: Derivation of Test Requirements** 

| Clause<br>number | Title                             | Minimum Requirement in TS 25.106                     | Test<br>Tolerance<br>(TT)  | Test Requirement in TS 25.143   |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| 6.1              | Maximum output power              | In normal conditions Table 6.1                       | 0,7 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz;   | Formula:<br>Upper limit + TT<br>Lower limit – TT  |
|                  |                                   |  | 1,0 dB,<br>3,0 GHz <<br>f ≤ 4,2GHz   | In normal conditions refer to Table 6.3   |
|                  |                                   | In extreme conditions Tabel 6.2                      |  | In extreme conditions refer to Table 6.4  |
| 9.1.2            | Operating band unwanted emissions | Tables 9.1, 9.2, 9.3 and 9.4: "Maximum level" = X dB | 1,5 dB, f ≤ 3,0 GHz; (0 dB for the additional Band II, IV, V, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XXV and XXVI requirements)  1,8 dB, 3,0 GHz < | Formula: Maximum level + TT  Refer to tables 9.5, 9.6, 9.7 and 9.8  Tables 9.8A to 9.8F applies with TT = 0.                                      |
| 7                | Frequency stability               | 7.1 minimum requirement                              | f ≤ 4,2GHz<br>12 Hz  | Formula:  |
|                  |                                   | <b>,</b>   |  | Relative error + TT   |
| 8                | Out of Band Gain                  | Table 8.1: Out of band gain                          | 0,5 dB, f ≤  | Refer to 7.5 Test requirements Formula:   |
|                  | Cut of Buria Cum                  | limits   | 3,0 GHz;   | Maximum level + TT  |
|                  |                                   |  | 0,8 dB,<br>3,0 GHz <<br>f ≤ 4,2GHz   | Refer to table 8.2  |
| 9.2              | Spurious emissions                | Tables 9.5, to 9.15                                  | 0 dB   |   |
| 10.1             | Error Vector<br>Magnitude         | 10.1.1 Minimum requirement                           | 0 %  | Formula: RSS Stimulus EVM and Repeater EVM to get target EVM  |
|                  |                                   |  |  | Refer to 10.1.5 Test requirements   |
| 10.2             | Peak code domain error            | 10.2.1 Minimum requirement                           | 1,1 dB   | Formula:  Maximum error + TT  Refer to 10.2.5 Test  |
| 10.3             | Relative code domain error        | 10.3.1 Minimum requirement                           | 1,7 dB   | requirements Formula: Maximum error + TT  |
|                  |                                   |  |  | Formula for linear offset: Linear addition of relative error power from measurement system and repater  Formula TT: Offset – minimum requirement. |
|                  |                                   |  |  | Refer to 10.3.5 Test requirements   |
| 11               | Input intermodulation             | 11.5 Minimum requirements, and Tables 11.1 and 11.2  | 1,2 dB   | Maximum in-band power increase + TT   |
|                  |                                   |  |  | Refer to 11.5 Test requirements.  |

| 12 | Output          | 12.1 Minimum requirements | 1,5 dB for | Maximum level + TT                        |
|----|-----------------|---------------------------|------------|---|
|    | intermodulation |                           | operating  |   |
|    |                 |                           | band       | Refer to tables 9.5 to 9.19               |
|    |                 |                           | unwanted   |   |
|    |                 |                           | emission   | (Tables 9.8A to 9.8F applies with TT = 0) |
|    |                 |                           | (0 dB for  | ,   |
|    |                 |                           | the        |   |
|    |                 |                           | additional |   |
|    |                 |                           | Band II,   |   |
|    |                 |                           | IV, V, X,  |   |
|    |                 |                           | XII, XIII, |   |
|    |                 |                           | XIV, XXV   |   |
|    |                 |                           | and XXVI   |   |
|    |                 |                           | require-   |   |
|    |                 |                           | ments)     |   |
|    |                 |                           | 0 dB for   |   |
|    |                 |                           | spurious   |   |
|    |                 |                           | emissions  |   |

# Annex C (informative): Acceptable uncertainty of Test Equipment

This informative annex specifies the critical parameters of the components of an overall Test System (e.g. signal generators, signal analysers etc.) which are necessary when assembling a Test System which complies with subclause 5.1 Acceptable uncertainty of Test System. These Test Equipment parameters are fundamental to the accuracy of the overall Test System and are unlikely to be improved upon through System Calibration.

**Table C.1: Equipment accuracy** 

| Test  | Equipment accuracy        | Test condition   |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| 6.1 Maximum output power                          | Not critical              |  |
| 9.1 Spectrum emission mask                        | Not critical              |  |
| 9.2 Spurious emissions                            | Not critical              |  |
| 11 Input intermodulation (interferer requirement) | Not critical              |  |
| 7 Frequency error                                 | ±10 Hz + timebase = 12 Hz | Range 0 to 500 Hz. (This is to allow for UE range that at 0,1 PPM is larger than BTS). |
| 10.1 Error vector magnitude                       | ±2,5 % (for single code)  | P_Max-3 to P_Max – 18 dB<br>Applies for reading from 10% to 25%.                       |
| 10.2 Peak code domain error                       |                           |  |
| 10.3 Relative code domain error                   |                           |  |
| 8 Out of band gain                                |                           |  |
| 11 Input intermodulation                          |                           |  |
| Characteristics                                   |                           |  |
| 12 Output intermodulation                         |                           |  |

# Annex D (informative): Change History

| TSG            | Doc                    | CR         | R | Title  | Cat    | Curr   | New    | Work Item            |
|----------------|------------------------|------------|---|--|--------|--------|--------|----------------------|
| RP-31          |                        |            |   | Rel-7 version created from v6.4.0  |        |        | 7.0.0  |                      |
| RP-31          | RP-060100              | 0053       | 2 | Introduction of operating band III to IX requirements in 25.143  | В      | 6.3.0  | 7.0.0  | TEI7                 |
| RP-31          | RP-060110              | 0054       |   | Correction of spurious emissions for coexistence with GSM900 in same geographic area   | F      | 6.3.0  | 7.0.0  | RinImp-UMTS900       |
| RP-33          | RP-060520              | 0057       | 1 | Clean up of Spurious emissions   | Α      | 7.0.0  | 7.1.0  | TEI5                 |
| RP-33          | RP-060521              | 0060       | 1 | New UTRA Repeater up-link spurious emissions limits for co-existence/co-location with TDD  | Α      | 7.0.0  | 7.1.0  | TEI5                 |
| RP-34          | RP-060811              | 0063       | 1 | Corrections to input intermodulation   | Α      | 7.1.0  | 7.2.0  | TEI5                 |
| RP-36          | RP-070370              | 0067       |   | Category B spurious emission limits for UTRA Repeater  | Α      | 7.2.0  | 7.3.0  | TEI4                 |
| RP-36          | RP-070373              |            |   | Introduction of operating band X into the repeater specification   | В      | 7.2.0  | 7.3.0  | TEI7                 |
| RP-39          | RP-080126              |            |   | Introduction of UMTS1500 requirements  | В      | 7.3.0  | 8.0.0  | RinImp8-<br>UMTS1500 |
| RP-42          | RP-080943              | 71         | 1 | Introduction of operating band unwanted emission   | F      | 8.0.0  | 8.1.0  | TEI8                 |
| RP-44          | RP-080555              | 72         |   | Spurious emission testing for repeater capable of UTRA and E-EUTRA   | F      | 8.1.0  | 8.2.0  | TEI8                 |
| RP-44          | RP-080555              |            |   | Clean up   | F      | 8.1.0  | 8.2.0  | TEI8                 |
| RP-44          | RP-080555              |            |   |  | F      | 8.1.0  | 8.2.0  | TEI8                 |
| RP-45          | RP-080819              |            |   | Introduction of band XII, XIII, XIV  | F      | 8.2.0  | 8.3.0  | TEI8                 |
| RP-45          | RP-080819              |            |   | Operating band unwanted emissions test tolerance correction  |        | 8.2.0  | 8.3.0  | TEI8                 |
| RP-45          | RP-080819              | 77         |   | CR to limit the scope to FDD only to 25.143  | F      | 8.2.0  | 8.3.0  | TEI8                 |
| RP-46          | RP-091277              | 078        |   |  | F      | 8.3.0  | 8.4.0  | TEI8                 |
| RP-46          | RP-091281              | 079        |   | Editorial corrections to 25.143  | F      | 8.3.0  | 8.4.0  | TEI8                 |
| RP-49          | RP-100913              | 083        | 2 | Automatic upgrade from previous Release RCDE for 64QAM modulated codes for FDD Repeater  | Α      | 9.0.0  | 9.0.0  | TEI7                 |
| RP-49          | RP-100925              | 080        |   |  | F      | 9.0.0  | 9.1.0  | TEI9                 |
| RP-50          | RP-101336              | 088        |   | Protection of cdma and E-UTRA bands  | Α      | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0  | TEI8                 |
| RP-50          | RP-101337              | 090        |   | Removal of brackets  | Α      | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0  | TEI8                 |
|                |                        |            |   | Remove test settings for unwanted emissions from   |        |        |        |                      |
| RP-50          | RP-101347              | 084        |   | Corrections to the symbols and abbreviations   | F      | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0  | TEI9                 |
| RP-50          | RP-101347              | 085        |   | Co-existence with services in adjacent frequency   | F      | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0  | TEI9                 |
| RP-50          | RP-101347              | 086        |   |  | F      | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0  | TEI9                 |
| RP-50<br>RP-51 | RP-101347              | 091        |   | Editorial correction to TS 25.143 Inclusion of E-UTRA TDD text to co-location on 25.143  | F<br>F | 9.1.0  | 9.2.0  | TEI10                |
| RP-51<br>RP-55 | RP-110352<br>RP-120303 | 092<br>095 | 1 |  | В      | 9.2.0  | 10.0.0 | TEI10<br>TEI10       |
| RP-55          | RP-120303              | 096        | 1 |  | В      | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 | TEI10                |
| RP-55          | RP-120303              | 097        | 1 |  | В      | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 | TEI10                |
| RP-56          | RP-120783              | 099        | 2 | Update of the Definition clause with repeaters operating band definition and introduction of minor editorial changes for better alignment with BS core specification | F      | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 | TEI10                |
| RP-56          | RP-120765              | 104        |   | Additional spurious emissions requirements for PHS   | Α      | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 | TEI8                 |
| RP-57          | RP-121313              | 105        | 2 | Introduction of missing Spurious Emission and Input Intermodulation protection limits towards E-UTRA FDD Band 24   | F      | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 | TEI10                |

| RP-57 | RP-121312 | 109  | 1 | Repeater test uncertainties for UTRA bands above 3 GHz  | F | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 | RInImp8-<br>UMTSLTE3500   |
|-------|-----------|------|---|---|---|--------|--------|---|
| SP-57 | -         | -    | - | Update to Rel-11 version (MCC)  | - | 10.3.0 | 11.0.0 | -   |
| RP-58 | RP-121867 | 0113 |   | Introduction of Spurious Emission limits and Input Intermodulation requirements towards missing UTRA and E-UTRA TDD frequency bands                 | Α | 11.0.0 | 11.1.0 | TEI10   |
| RP-58 | RP-121867 | 0114 |   | Introduction of a Note on non deployment of operating bands with overlapping frequency ranges for the tables for Input Intermodulation requirements | Α | 11.0.0 | 11.1.0 | TEI10   |
| RP-58 | RP-121858 | 0115 |   | Modifications of frequency ranges for E-UTRA<br>Band 6, 18, 19 in the Tables for Spurious Emission<br>limits and Input Intermodulation requirements | Α | 11.0.0 | 11.1.0 | RInImp9-<br>UMTSLTE800  |
| RP-58 | RP-121867 | 0118 |   | The special cases for protection of UTRA Band III and Band X in co-existence and co-location with UTRA Repeaters                                    | Α | 11.0.0 | 11.1.0 | TEI10   |
| SP-65 | -         | -    | - | Update to Rel-12 version (MCC)  | - | 11.1.0 | 12.0.0 |   |
| RP-66 | RP-142154 | 121  |   | Update with regard to operating bands of TS25.143   | F | 12.0.0 | 12.1.0 | LTE_UTRA_SDL_B<br>andL-Perf,<br>LTE450_Brazil-Perf,<br>LTE_WCS_band-<br>Perf,<br>LTE_DL_FDD700-<br>Perf,<br>LTE_APAC700-<br>Perf, LTE_e850_LB-<br>Perf,E850_UB-Perf |
| SP-70 | -         | -    | - | Update to Rel-13 version (MCC)  | - | 12.1.0 | 13.0.0 |   |
| RP-75 | -         | -    | - | Update to Rel-14 version (MCC)  | - | 13.0.0 | 14.0.0 |   |

# History

|         | Document history |             |  |  |  |  |
|---------|------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| V14.0.0 | April 2017       | Publication |  |  |  |  |
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