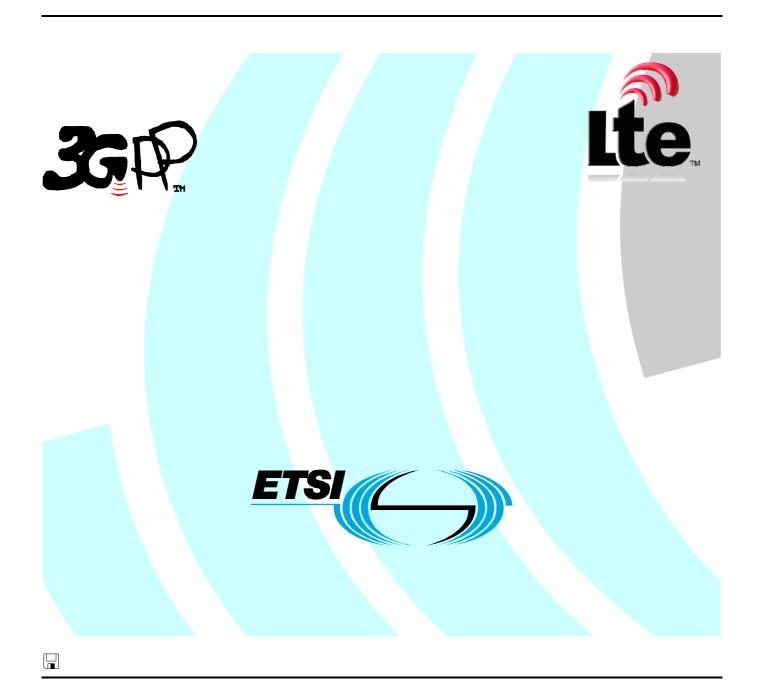
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1 Scope

This 3GPP Technical Specification (TS) specifies:

- 1. The interactions between the HSS (Home Subscriber Server) and the CSCF (Call Session Control Functions), referred to as the Cx interface.
- 2. The interactions between the CSCF and the SLF (Server Locator Function), referred to as the Dx interface.

The IP Multimedia (IM) Subsystem stage 2 is specified in 3GPP TS 23.228 [1] and the signalling flows for the IP multimedia call control based on SIP and SDP are specified in 3GPP TS 24.228 [2].

This document addresses the signalling flows for Cx and Dx interfaces.

This document also addresses how the functionality of Px interface is accomplished.

The Presence Service Stage 2 description (architecture and functional solution) is specified in 3GPP TS 23.141 [10].

2	References
[1]	3GPP TS 23.228: "IP Multimedia (IM) Subsystem – Stage 2"
[2]	3GPP TS 24.228: "Signalling flows for the IP multimedia call control based on SIP and SDP"
[3]	3GPP TS 33.203: "Access security for IP-based services"
[4]	3GPP TS 23.002: "Network architecture"
[5]	3GPP TS 29.229: "Cx Interface based on Diameter – Protocol details"
[6]	3GPP TS 23.218: "IP Multimedia (IM) Session Handling; IP Multimedia (IM) call model"
[7]	IETF RFC 2045 "Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part One: Format of Internet Message Bodies"
[8]	3GPP TS 24.229: "IP Multimedia Call Control Protocol based on SIP and SDP" – stage 3
[9]	IETF RFC 3588 "Diameter Base Protocol"
[10]	3GPP TS 23.141: "Presence Service; Architecture and Functional Description"
[11]	IETF RFC 3261 "SIP: Session Initiation Protocol"
[12]	IETF RFC 4566 "SDP: Session Description Protocol"
[13]	IEEE 1003.1-2004, Part 1: Base Definitions
[14]	IETF RFC 2486 "The Network Access Identifier"
[15]	IETF RFC 3966 "The tel URI for Telephone Numbers"
[16]	IETF RFC 2617 "HTTP Authentication: Basic and Digest Access Authentication"
[17]	3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification"
[18]	3GPP TS 23.008: "Organization of subscriber data"
[19]	3GPP TS 23.380: "IMS Restoration Procedures"
[20]	IETF draft-dawes-sipping-debug-02 (August 2010): "Private Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Debugging".
[21]	IETF RFC 4005: "Diameter Network Access Server Application"

[22] IETF RFC 4412: "Communications Resource Priority for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)"

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

Common Part (of a user profile): Contains Initial Filter Criteria instances that should be evaluated both for registered and unregistered Public User Identities, or for unregistered Public Service Identities in the S-CSCF.

Complete user profile: Contains the Initial Filter Criteria instances of all three different user profile parts; registered part, unregistered part and common part.

Distinct Public Service Identity: An individual Public Service Identity that is stored in the HSS as such.

IP Multimedia session: IP Multimedia session and IP Multimedia call are treated as equivalent in this specification.

Authentication pending flag: A flag that indicates that the authentication of a Public User Identity - Private User Identity pair is pending and waiting for confirmation.

Charging information: Data that is sent in the Charging-Information AVP.

Implicitly registered Public User Identity set: A set of Public User Identities, which are registered and de-registered simultaneously when any of the Public User Identities belonging to that set is registered or de-registered.

Not Registered State: Public Identity is not Registered and has no S-CSCF assigned.

Private Identity: Either a Private User Identity or a Private Service Identity.

Public Identity: Either a Public User Identity or a Public Service Identity.

Registered Part (of a user profile): Contains Initial Filter Criteria instances that should be evaluated only for registered Public User Identities in the S-CSCF. iFCs from the registered part need not be evaluated when the Public Identity is unregistered.

Registered State: Public User Identity is Registered at the request of the user and has an S-CSCF assigned.

Unregistered part (of a user profile): Contains Initial Filter Criteria instances that should be evaluated only for unregistered Public Identities in the S-CSCF. iFCs from the unregistered part need not be evaluated when the Public User Identity is registered.

Unregistered State: Public Identity is not Registered but has a serving S-CSCF assigned to execute Unregistered state services as a consequence of a terminating request, or an originating request from an AS on behalf of a user, or there is an S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored.

User information: The user related data that the S-CSCF requests from the HSS or HSS pushes to the S-CSCF, e.g. user profile and charging information.

User profile: Data that is sent in the User-Data AVP.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AVP Attribute Value Pair

C Conditional

CSCF Call Session Control Function
GIBA GPRS-IMS-Bundled-Authentication

HSS Home Subscriber Server IE Information Element

IP Internet Protocol
I-CSCF Interrogating CSCF
IM IP Multimedia

IMS IP Multimedia Subsystem

M Mandatory

NASS Network Attachment SubSystem

O Optional P-CSCF Proxy CSCF

SIP Session Initiation Protocol SLF Server Locator Function

S-CSCF Serving CSCF

4 Main Concept

This document presents the Cx interface related functional requirements of the communicating entities.

It gives a functional classification of the procedures and describes the procedures and message parameters.

Error handling flows, protocol version identification, etc. procedures are also included.

5 General Architecture

This clause further specifies the architectural assumptions associated with the Cx reference point, building on 3GPP TS 23.228 [1] and also the Px reference point building upon 3GPP TS 23.141 [10].

5.1 Functional requirements of network entities

5.1.1 Functional requirements of P-CSCF

There is no requirement for the interaction between the P-CSCF and the HSS.

5.1.2 Functional requirements of I-CSCF

The I-CSCF communicates with the HSS over the Cx interface.

For functionality of the I-CSCF refer to 3GPP TS 23.002 [4].

5.1.3 Functional requirements of S-CSCF

The S-CSCF communicates with the HSS over the Cx interface.

For functionality of the S-CSCF refer to 3GPP TS 23.002 [4].

5.1.4 Functional requirements of HSS

The HSS communicates with the I-CSCF and the S-CSCF over the Cx interface.

For functionality of the HSS refer to 3GPP TS 23.002 [4].

5.1.5 Functional classification of Cx interface procedures

Operations on the Cx interface are classified in functional groups:

- 1. Location management procedures
 - The operations regarding registration and de-registration.

- Location retrieval operation.
- 2. User data handling procedures
 - The download of user information during registration and to support recovery mechanisms.
 - Operations to support the updating of user data and recovery mechanisms.
- 3. User authentication procedures
- 4. IMS Restoration Procedures (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [19]) to support S-CSCF service interruption

5.1.6 Functional Requirements of the Presentity Presence Proxy

The interaction between the Presentity Presence Proxy and the HSS, referred to as the Px interface, is handled using the mechanisms defined for the Cx interface.

6 Procedure Descriptions

In the tables that describe the Information Elements transported by each command, each Information Element is marked as (M) Mandatory, (C) Conditional or (O) Optional.

- A mandatory Information Element shall always be present in the command. If this Information Element is absent, an application error occurs at the receiver and an answer message shall be sent back to the originator of the request with the Result-Code set to DIAMETER_MISSING_AVP. This message shall also include a Failed-AVP AVP containing the missing Information Element i.e. the corresponding Diameter AVP defined by the AVP Code and the other fields set as expected for this Information Element.
- A conditional Information Element (marked as (C) in the table) shall be present in the command if certain conditions are fulfilled.
 - If the receiver detects that those conditions are fulfilled and the Information Element is absent, an application error occurs and an answer message shall be sent back to the originator of the request with the Result-Code set to DIAMETER_MISSING_AVP. This message shall also include a Failed-AVP AVP containing the missing Information Element i.e. the corresponding Diameter AVP defined by the AVP Code and the other fields set as expected for this Information Element.
 - If those conditions are not fulfilled, the Information Element shall be absent. If however this Information Element appears in the message, it shall not cause an application error and it may be ignored by the receiver if this is not explicitly defined as an error case. Otherwise, an application error occurs at the receiver and an answer message with the Result-Code set to DIAMETER_AVP_NOT_ALLOWED shall be sent back to the originator of the request. A Failed-AVP AVP containing a copy of the corresponding Diameter AVP shall be included in this message.
- An optional Information Element (marked as (O) in the table) may be present or absent in the command, at the discretion of the application at the sending entity. Absence or presence of this Information Element shall not cause an application error and may be ignored by the receiver.

When a procedure is required to determine whether two S-CSCF names are equal, the rules for SIP URI comparison specified in RFC 3261 chapter 19.1.4 shall apply.

When a procedure is required to determine the Public Identity used for an identity lookup in HSS and SLF, the HSS and SLF shall derive the Public Identity from the SIP URI or Tel URI contained in the Public-Identity AVP, if not already in canonical form as per 3GPP TS 23.003 [17], as described below:

- If the Public-Identity AVP contains a SIP URI, the HSS and SLF shall follow rules for conversion of SIP URI into canonical form as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [11] chapter 10.3.
- If the Public-Identity AVP contains a Tel URI in E.164 format, the HSS and SLF shall remove visual separators and remove all URI parameters.

Private User

Information

(See 7.13)

UAR Flags

(See 7.19)

Identity (See 7.3) Routing User-Name

Destination-

Destination-

UAR-Flags

Host,

Realm

M

С

Unknown permanent failure error codes shall be treated in the same way as DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. For unknown transient failure error codes the request may be repeated, or handled in the same way as DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY.

6.1 Location management procedures

6.1.1 User registration status query

This procedure is used between the I-CSCF and the HSS during SIP registrations. The procedure is invoked by the I-CSCF, corresponds to the combination of the functional level operations Cx-Query and Cx-Select-Pull (see 3GPP TS 23.228 [1]) and is used:

- To authorize the registration of the distinct Public User Identity, checking multimedia subsystem access permissions and roaming agreements.
- To perform a first security check, determining whether the distinct Public User Identity in the message is associated with the Private User Identity sent in the message.
- To obtain either the S-CSCF where the distinct Public User Identity is registered or unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is a S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored), or the list of capabilities that the S-CSCF has to support.

This procedure is mapped to the commands User-Authorization-Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.1.1.1 and 6.1.1.2 detail the involved information elements.

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Public User Identity (See 7.2) Distinct	Public-Identity	M	Public User Identity to be registered
Visited Network Identifier (See 7.1)	Visited- Network- Identifier	M	Identifier that allows the home network to identify the visited network
Type of Authorization (See 7.14)	User- Authorization- Type	С	Type of authorization requested by the I-CSCF. If the request corresponds to a de-registration, i.e. Expires field or expires parameter in Contact field in the REGISTER method is equal to zero, this AVP shall be present in the command and the value shall be set to DE-REGISTRATION. If the request corresponds to an initial registration or a re-registration, i.e. Expires field or expires parameter in Contact field in the REGISTER method is not equal to zero then this AVP may be absent from the

Private User Identity

command. If present its value shall be set to REGISTRATION.

cannot be contacted and a new S-CSCF needs to be selected

be present in the command and the value shall be set to

based on the Diameter routing table in the I-CSCF

If the request corresponds to an initial registration or a re-registration and the I-CSCF explicitly queries the S-CSCF capabilities, then this AVP shall

REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES. The I-CSCF shall use this value when the S-CSCF currently assigned to the Public User Identity in the HSS,

If the I-CSCF knows HSS name Destination-Host AVP shall be present in

the command. Otherwise, only Destination-Realm AVP shall be present

and the command shall be routed to the next Diameter node, e.g. SLF,

This Information Element contains a set of indications. See 7.19 for the

Table 6.1.1.1: User registration status query

content of the information element.

Table 6.1.1.2: User registration status response

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Result (See 7.6)	Result-Code / Experimental- Result	М	Result of the operation. Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter Base Protocol. Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP.
S-CSCF capabilities (See 7.5)	Server- Capabilities	0	Required capabilities of the S-CSCF to be assigned to the IMS Subscription.
S-CSCF Name (See 7.4)	Server-Name	С	Name of the assigned S-CSCF.

6.1.1.1 Detailed behaviour

The HSS shall, in the following order (if there is an error in any of the following steps the HSS shall stop processing and return the corresponding error code, see 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]):

- 1. Check that the Private User Identity and the Public User Identity exists in the HSS. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 2. Check that the Public User Identity matches a distinct Public User Identity in the HSS. If it doesn't, the Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 3. Check that the Public User Identity received in the request is associated with the Private User Identity received in the request. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR _IDENTITIES_DONT_MATCH.
- 4. Check whether the Public User Identity received in the request is barred from the establishment of multimedia sessions.
 - If it is an IMS Emergency Registration (by checking the UAR Flags) or the Public User Identity received in the request is not barred, continue to step 5.
 - Otherwise, the HSS shall check whether there are other non-barred Public User Identities to be implicitly registered with that one.
 - If so, continue to step 5.
 - If not, Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_AUTHORIZATION_REJECTED.
- 5. Check the User-Authorization-Type received in the request:
 - If it is REGISTRATION or if User-Authorization-Type is absent from the request, the HSS shall check whether the UAR Flags indicate that this is an IMS Emergency Registration:
 - If it is not, and the Public User Identity is allowed to roam in the visited network (if not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR _ROAMING_NOT_ALLOWED) and authorized to register (if not Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_AUTHORIZATION_REJECTED) then continue to step 6.
 - If it is an IMS Emergency Registration, authorization shall be granted and the HSS shall not perform any check regarding roaming. Continue to step 6.
 - If it is DE_REGISTRATION, the HSS may not perform any check regarding roaming. Continue to step 6.
 - If it is REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES, the HSS shall check whether the UAR Flags indicate that this is an IMS Emergency Registration:
 - If it is not, and the Public User Identity is allowed to roam in the visited network (if not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR _ROAMING_NOT_ALLOWED) and authorized to register (if not Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_AUTHORIZATION_REJECTED). The HSS shall

return the Server-Capabilities AVP, which enables the I-CSCF to select an S-CSCF. If an S-CSCF is already assigned in the HSS and IMS Restoration Procedures are supported in the HSS, the HSS shall allow overwriting of the S-CSCF name in the next SAR request.. The returned capabilities must satisfy all the requirements of all the service profiles associated with the IMS Subscription. The Server-Capabilities AVP may be absent, to indicate to the I-CSCF that it can select any available S-CSCF. Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF name. Stop processing.

- If it is an IMS Emergency Registration, authorization shall be granted and the HSS shall not perform any check regarding roaming. The HSS shall return the Server-Capabilities AVP, which enables the I-CSCF to select an S-CSCF. The returned capabilities must satisfy all the requirements of all the service profiles associated with the IMS Subscription. The Server-Capabilities AVP may be absent, to indicate to the I-CSCF that it can select any available S-CSCF. Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF name. Stop processing.
- 6. Check the state of the Public User Identity received in the request:
 - If it is registered, the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name. No S-CSCF capabilities shall be present in the response. If User-Authorization-Type is equal to REGISTRATION or is absent, Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUBSEQUENT_REGISTRATION. If User-Authorization-Type is equal to DE-REGISTRATION, Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
 - If it is unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is an S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) and User-Authorization-Type is equal to DE-REGISTRATION, the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name and the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. If the User-Authorization-Type is equal to REGISTRATION or is absent, then the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name and the Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_SUBSEQUENT_REGISTRATION. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF capabilities.
 - If it is not registered yet, the HSS shall check the value of User-Authorization-Type received in the request:
 - If the value of User-Authorization-Type is DE_REGISTRATION, then the HSS shall not return any S-CSCF name or S-CSCF capabilities. The HSS shall set the Experimental-Result-Code to DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITY_NOT_REGISTERED in the response.
 - If the value of User-Authorization-Type is REGISTRATION or is absent, then the HSS shall check if there is at least one Public User Identity within the IMS Subscription with an S-CSCF name assigned.
 - If there is at least one Public User Identity within the IMS Subscription that is registered, the HSS shall return the S-CSCF name assigned for that Public User Identity and Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_SUBSEQUENT_REGISTRATION. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF capabilities.
 - If there is at least one Public User Identity within the IMS Subscription that is unregistered (i.e registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is an S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored), then the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name and the Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_SUBSEQUENT_REGISTRATION. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF capabilities.
 - If there is no identity of the user within the same IMS Subscription that is registered or unregistered, the HSS shall check if there is an S-CSCF name stored for the user (e.g. the user is being authenticated by the S-CSCF as indicated by the Authentication pending flag). If it is, the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name and Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_SUBSEQUENT_REGISTRATION. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF capabilities.
 - If there is not any Public User Identity within the IMS Subscription with an S-CSCF name assigned, then the HSS shall return the Server-Capabilities AVP, which enables the I-CSCF to select an S-CSCF. The returned capabilities shall satisfy all the requirements of all the service profiles associated with the IMS Subscription. The Server-Capabilities AVP may be absent, to indicate to the I-CSCF that it may select any available S-CSCF. Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_FIRST_REGISTRATION. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF name.

If the HSS cannot fulfil received request, e.g. due to database error, it shall set Result-Code to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. No S-CSCF name or S-CSCF capabilities shall be present in the response.

6.1.2 S-CSCF registration/deregistration notification

This procedure is used between the S-CSCF and the HSS. The procedure is invoked by the S-CSCF, corresponds to the combination of the operations Cx-Put and Cx-Pull (see 3GPP TS 23.228 [1]) and is used:

- To assign an S-CSCF to a Public Identity, or to clear the name of the S-CSCF assigned to one or more Public Identities.
- To download from HSS the relevant user information for the S-CSCF.
- To backup and retrieve the S-CSCF Restoration Information (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [19]) in the HSS.

This procedure is mapped to the commands Server-Assignment-Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.1.2.1 and 6.1.2.2 describe the involved information elements.

Table 6.1.2.1: S-CSCF registration/deregistration notification request

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Public User Identity / Public Service Identity (See 7.2 and 7.2a)	Public-Identity	С	Public Identity or list of Public Identities. One and only one Public Identity shall be present if the Server-Assignment-Type is any value other than TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION, USER_DEREGISTRATION, DEREGISTRATION_TOO_MUCH_DATA, TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME, USER_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME or ADMINISTRATIVE_DEREGISTRATION. If Server-Assignment-Type indicates deregistration of some type and Private Identity is not present in the request, at least one Public Identity shall be present.
S-CSCF Name (See 7.4)	Server-Name	М	Name of the S-CSCF.
Private User Identity / Private Service Identity (See 7.3 and 7.3a)	User-Name	С	Private Identity. It shall be present if it is available when the S-CSCF issues the request. It may be absent during the initiation of a session to an unregistered Public Identity. In such situation, Server-Assignment-Type shall contain the value UNREGISTERED_USER. In case of de-registration, Server-Assignment-Type equal to TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION, ADMINISTRATIVE_DEREGISTRATION, DEREGISTRATION_TOO_MUCH_DATA or TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME if no Public-Identity AVPs are present then User-Name AVP shall be present.
Server Assignment Type (See 7.8)	Server- Assignment- Type	М	Type of update that the S-CSCF requests in the HSS (e.g. de-registration). See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5] for all the possible values.
User Data Already Available (See 7.16)	User-Data- Already- Available	M	This indicates if the user profile is already available in the S-CSCF. In the case where Server-Assignment-Type is not equal to NO_ASSIGNMENT, REGISTRATION, RE_REGISTRATION or UNREGISTERED_USER, the HSS shall not use User Data Already Available when processing the request.
Routing Information (See 7.13)	Destination- Host	С	If the S-CSCF knows the HSS name, the Destination-Host AVP shall be present in the command. This information is available if the request belongs to an already existing registration, e.g. in case of the re-registration, where the HSS name is stored in the S-CSCF. The HSS name is obtained from the Origin-Host AVP, which is received from the HSS, e.g. included in the MAA command. This information may not be available if the command is sent as a consequence of a session termination for an unregistered Public Identity. In this case the Destination-Host AVP is not present and the command is routed to the next Diameter node, e.g. SLF, based on the Diameter routing table in the S-CSCF.
Wildcarded Public Identity (See 7.2b)	Wildcarded- Public Identity	0	If the request refers to a Wildcarded PSI or Wildcarded Public User Identity, and the Server-Asignment-Type is set to UNREGISTERED_USER, NO_ASSIGNMENT, TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME, ADMINISTRATIVE_DEREGISTRATION, DEREGISTRATION_TOO_MUCH_DATA or TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION, the S-CSCF may include the corresponding Wildcarded PSI or Wildcarded Public User Identity in this information element. If this element is present, it should be used by the HSS to identify the identity affected by the request. If that is the case, the terms Public Identity or Public Service Identity in the detailed behaviour refer to the Wildcarded PSI.
S-CSCF Restoration Information (See 7.21)	SCSCF- Restoration- Info	С	When the S-CSCF supports IMS Restoration Procedures, if Server-Assignment-Type is REGISTRATION or RE_REGISTRATION, and any of the related restoration information changed compared to the previous one, the S-CSCF shall send this information element to the HSS. This information allows a later retrieval in case of an S-CSCF service interruption.

Multiple-	Multiple-	С	When the S-CSCF supports IMS Restoration Procedures, if Server-
Registration-	Registration-		Assignment-Type is REGISTRATION and the registration is a multiple
Indication	Indication		registration, and the Public User Identity is not stored as registered with the
(See 7.23)			Private User Identity as in the request in the S-CSCF, the S-CSCF shall
			send this information element to the HSS.
Session-	Session-	0	This information element shall indicate the session's priority to the HSS. If it
Priority	Priority		is not included, the request shall be treated as normal.
(See 7.24)	,		•

Table 6.1.2.2: S-CSCF registration/deregistration notification response

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Private User Identity / Private Service Identity (See 7.3 and 7.3a)	User-Name	С	Private Identity. It shall be present if it is available when the HSS sends the response. It may be absent in the following error case: when the Server-Assignment-Type of the request is UNREGISTERED_USER and the received Public Identity is not known by the HSS.
Registration result (See 7.6)	Result-Code / Experimental- Result	М	Result of registration. Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter Base Protocol. Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP.
User Profile (See 7.7)	User-Data	С	Relevant user profile. It shall be present when Server-Assignment-Type in the request is equal to NO_ASSIGNMENT, REGISTRATION, RE_REGISTRATION or UNREGISTERED_USER according to the rules defined in section 6.6. If the S-CSCF receives more data than it is prepared to accept, it shall perform the de-registration of the Private Identity with Server-Assignment-Type set to DEREGISTRATION_TOO_MUCH_DATA and send back a SIP 3xx or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response, which shall trigger the selection of a new S-CSCF by the I-CSCF, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [8].
Charging Information (See 7.12)	Charging- Information	С	Addresses of the charging functions. It shall be present when the User-Data AVP is sent to the S-CSCF. When this parameter is included, either the Primary-Charging-Collection-Function-Name AVP or the Primary-Event-Charging-Function-Name AVP shall be included. All other elements shall be included if they are available.
Associated Private Identities	Associated- Identities	0	This AVP contains all Private Identities, which belong to the same IMS subscription as the Private Identity or Public Identity received in the SAR command. If the IMS subscription contains only single Private Identity this AVP shall not be present.
Loose-Route Indication	Loose-Route- Indication	С	This AVP indicates to the S-CSCF that loose-route mechanism shall be applied to the public identities contained in the user profile received from the HSS. If the loose-route mechanim is required, this AVP shall be present and set to LOOSE_ROUTE_REQUIRED. If the Loose-Route mechanism is not required, this AVP may be either absent or present. If present, it shall be set to LOOSE_ROUTE_NOT_REQUIRED.
S-CSCF Restoration Information (See 7.21)	SCSCF- Restoration- Info	С	This information shall be present if it was stored by the S-CSCF in the HSS and Server-Assignment-Type is either UNREGISTERED_USER or NO_ASSIGNMENT. This information shall also be present if it was stored by the S-CSCF in the HSS and the SAR indicates it is related to a multiple registration and Server-Assignment-Type is REGISTRATION.
Associated Registered Private Identities (See 7.22)	Associated- Registered- Identities	С	This AVP contains all Private Identities that were registered with the Public Identity received in the SAR command. The HSS shall send this information element if the IMS Restoration Procedures are supported and the value of Server-Assignment-Type in the request is REGISTRATION or RE_REGISTRATION and there are other Private Identities different from the Private Identity received in the SAR command being registered with the Public Identity received in the SAR command. Otherwise, this AVP shall not be present.
S-CSCF Name (See 7.4)	Server-Name	С	Name of the assigned S-CSCF. This AVP shall be present, if the requesting S-CSCF name is different from the previously assigned S-CSCF name stored in the HSS.

6.1.2.1 Detailed behaviour

On registering/deregistering a Public Identity the S-CSCF shall inform the HSS. The same procedure is used by the S-CSCF to get the user information which contains the user profile and the charging information. The relevant user profile downloaded is described in more detailed in sections 6.5.1 and 6.6.

The Public-Identity AVP and User-Data AVPs in this command pair shall contain only one type of identities i.e. either only Public User Identities, or only Public Service Identities. User initiated Rregistration/deregistration procedures (i.e. server-assignment-type is set to RE_REGISTRATION, USER_DEREGISTRATION, etc.) shall only be allowed for distinct Public User Identities.

The HSS holds information about the state of registration of all the identities related to an IMS Subscription. The S-CSCF uses this procedure to update such states. For Shared Public User Identities, the S-CSCF shall initiate this procedure towards the HSS for each Private User Identity undergoing a Registration or Deregistration related to the Shared Public User Identity. For implicitly registered identities, the rules defined in Section 6.5.1 shall apply.

When the request message was received because of a terminating session request, the HSS may prioritise the received request message according to priority level received within the Session-Priority AVP.

The HSS shall, in the following order (in case of an error in any of the steps the HSS shall stop processing and return the corresponding error code, see 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]):

- 1. Check that the Public Identity and Private Identity exist in the HSS. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER ERROR USER UNKNOWN.
- 2. The HSS may check whether the Private and Public Identities received in the request are associated in the HSS. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITIES_DONT_MATCH.
- 3. If more than one Public-Identity AVP is present and the Server-Assignment-Type is one of the values defined in Table 6.1.2.1 as applying for only one identity, then the Result Code shall be set to DIAMETER AVP OCCURS TOO MANY TIMES and no user information shall be returned.
- 4. The HSS shall check the Public Identity type received in the request.
 - If the identity in the request is a distinct Public User Identity, continue in step 5, otherwise the HSS shall check the server-assignment-type:

If it indicates REGISTRATION, RE_REGISTRATION, USER_DEREGISTRATION, USER_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME, AUTHENTICATION_FAILURE or AUTHENTICATION_TIMEOUT, Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IN_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE.

- If the identity in the request is a Public Service Identity, then check if the PSI Activation State for that identity is active. If not, then the response shall contain Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 5. Check the Server Assignment Type value received in the request:
 - If it indicates REGISTRATION or RE_REGISTRATION, the HSS shall check whether the Public Identity is assigned for the S-CSCF requesting the data.

If there is already an S-CSCF assigned to the user and the requesting S-CSCF is not the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF and IMS restoration procedures are not supported, the HSS shall include the name of the previously assigned S-CSCF in the response message and the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER ERROR IDENTITY ALREADY REGISTERED.

If there is already an S-CSCF assigned to the user and the requesting S-CSCF is not the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF and and IMS restoration procedures are supported, and there was a previous UAR or LIR request for REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES, the HSS shall store the S-CSCF name.

If there is no S-CSCF assigned to the user or the the requesting S-CSCF is the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF stored in the HSS, the HSS shall download the relevant user information taking into consideration the value set in the User-Data-Already-Available AVP (see sub-clause 6.6). The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS and the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public User Identity as registered (if not already registered). If the S-CSCF Restoration Information is included in the request and

the HSS implements IMS Restoration procedures, and if it is RE_REGISTRATION, the HSS shall store this information. If the Public User Identity's authentication pending flag which is specific for the Private User Identity is set, the HSS shall clear it. If there are multiple Private User Identities, which belong to the served IMS subscription the Associated-Identities AVP should be added to the answer message and it shall contain all Private User Identities associated to the IMS subscription. If the loose-route mechanism is required for the registered Public User Identities, the Loose-Route-Indication AVP shall be added to the answer message. If there are multiple Private User Identities being registered with the Public Identity received in the request message, and the IMS Restoration Procedures are supported in the HSS, the Associated-Registered-Identities AVP shall be added to the answer message and it shall contain all Private User Identities being registered with the Public Identity.

If it is REGISTRATION and the HSS implements IMS Restoration procedures, if multiple registration indication is included in the request and the Public User Identity is stored as registered in the HSS, and there is restoration information related to the Private User Identity, the HSS shall not overwrite the stored S-CSCF Restoration Information, instead, it shall send the stored S-CSCF restoration information together with the user profile in the SAA. The result code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IN_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE. Otherwise, the HSS shall store the received S-CSCF restoration information. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER SUCCESS.

- If it indicates UNREGISTERED_USER, the HSS shall check whether the Public Identity is assigned for the S-CSCF requesting the data.

If there is already an S-CSCF assigned to the user and the requesting S-CSCF is not the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF and IMS restoration procedures are not supported, the HSS shall include the name of the previously assigned S-CSCF in the response message and the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER ERROR IDENTITY ALREADY REGISTERED.

If there is already an S-CSCF assigned to the user and the requesting S-CSCF is not the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF and and IMS restoration procedures are supported, and there was a previous UAR or LIR request for REGISTRATION AND CAPABILITIES, the HSS shall store the S-CSCF name.

If there is no S-CSCF assigned to the user or the the requesting S-CSCF is the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF stored in the HSS, the HSS shall store the S-CSCF name.

If the registration state of the Public Identity is not registered, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public Identity as unregistered, i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request and download the relevant user information. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. If there are multiple Private User Identities associated to the Public User Identity in the HSS, the HSS shall arbitrarily select one of the Private User Identities and put it into the response message.

If the registration state of the Public Identity is registered and IMS restoration procedures are not supported, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public identity as unregistered and download the relevant user information. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. If there are multiple Private User Identities associated to the Public User Identity in the HSS, the HSS shall arbitrarily select one of the Private User Identities and put it into the response message.

If the registration state of the Public Identity is registered and IMS restoration procedures are supported, the HSS shall include in the response all S-CSCF Restoration Information related with the Public User Identity. If there is S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with several Private User Identities, the HSS shall include all the S-CSCF Restoration Information groups in the response. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IN_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE.

If there are multiple Private User Identities, which belong to the served IMS subscription the Associated-Identities AVP should be added to the answer message and it shall contain all Private User Identities associated to the IMS subscription.

If the HSS sends a wildcarded identity in the response or the S-CSCF receives a wildcarded identity from the I-CSCF, the S-CSCF may do the wildcard matching using the wildcarded identity received in this first Server-Assignment-Answer or from the I-CSCF and omit the Server-Assignment-Request for subsequent requests matching the same wildcarded identity.

- If it indicates TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION, USER_DEREGISTRATION, DEREGISTRATION_TOO_MUCH_DATA or ADMINISTRATIVE_DEREGISTRATION, the HSS shall check the registration state for all the Public Identities in the request. If the request did not contain Public

Identities the HSS shall check the registration state of the Public Identities associated with the Private Identity identified in the request. For each Public Identity;-

- if the registration state of the Public User Identity is Registered, the HSS shall check if the Public User Identity is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities.
 - If the Public User Identity is currently registered with only one Private User Identity, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public User Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name and any S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with the Public User Identity.
 - If the Public User Identity is currently registered with more than one Private User Identity, the HSS shall keep the registration state of the Public User Identity as Registered and retain the S-CSCF name associated with the Public User Identity. The HSS shall remove any S-CSCF Restoration Information associated to the registration of this Public User Identity with this Private User Identity.
- if the registration state of the Public Identity is Unregistered, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name associated with the Public Identity.

The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS

- If it indicates TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME or USER_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME the HSS decides whether to keep the S-CSCF name associated to the Private User Identity stored or not for all the Public User Identities that the S-CSCF indicated in the request. If no Public User Identity is present in the request, the Private User Identity shall be present.
 - If the HSS decides to keep the S-CSCF name stored the HSS shall keep the S-CSCF name stored for all the Public User Identities associated to the Private User Identity. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.

The HSS shall check if each Public User Identity in the request is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities. If the request did not contain Public User Identities the HSS shall check if each Public User Identity associated with the Private User Identity in the request is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities. For each Public User Identity;-

- If only one Private User Identity associated with the Public User Identity is currently registered with the Public User Identity, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public User Identity to Unregistered and clear any S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with the Public User Identity
- If more than one Private User Identity that shares that Public User Identity is currently registered with the Public User Identity the HSS shall keep the registration state of the Public User Identity as Registered. The HSS shall remove any S-CSCF Restoration Information associated to the registration of this Public User Identity with the Private User Identity in the request.
- If the HSS decides not to keep the S-CSCF name the Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS_SERVER_NAME_NOT_STORED.

The HSS shall check if each Public User Identity in the request is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities. If the request did not contain Public User Identities the HSS shall check if each Public User Identity associated with the Private User Identity in the request is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities. For each Public User Identity;-

- If only one Private User Identity associated with the Public User Identity is currently registered with the Public User Identity, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public User Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name associated with Public User Identity.
- If more than one Private User Identity that shares that Public User Identity is currently registered with the Public User Identity the HSS shall keep the registration state of the Public User Identity as Registered.
- If it indicates NO_ASSIGNMENT, the HSS checks whether the Public Identity is assigned for the S-CSCF requesting the data. If the requesting S-CSCF is not the same as the assigned S-CSCF and there was no previous UAR request for REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES, the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY, otherwise the HSS shall download the relevant user information and the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER SUCCESS. If relevant S-CSCF Restoration Information is

stored in the HSS and IMS Restoration Procedures are supported, it shall be added to the answer message. If there is S-CSCF Restoration Information associated with several Private User Identities, the HSS shall include all the S-CSCF Restoration Information groups in the response. If there are multiple Private User Identities, which belong to the served IMS subscription the Associated-Identities AVP should be added to the answer message and it shall contain all Private User Identities associated to the IMS subscription.

NOTE: the check for previous UAR request for registration and capabilities is needed since an S-CSCF supporting restoration procedures can receive a user initiated de-registration for a Public Identity for which it does not have any registration data (see 3GPP TS 23.380 [19]). In such case, the S-CSCF indicates NO_ASSIGNMENT in Server-Assignment-Type to retrieve any possible restoration information from the HSS.

- If it indicates AUTHENTICATION_FAILURE (e.g. there is a mismatch in IP-address secure binding information) or AUTHENTICATION_TIMEOUT (e.g. no response to Digest challenge), the HSS shall keep the registration state of the Public User Identity. The HSS shall check the registration state for the Public User Identity in the request and only if the registration state of the Public User Identity is Not Registered, the HSS shall clear the S-CSCF name associated with the Public User Identity.

If the Public User Identity's authentication pending flag which is specific for the Private User Identity is set, the HSS shall clear it. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.

If the HSS cannot fulfil the received request, e.g. due to database error, it shall set the Result-Code to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. The HSS shall not modify any registration state nor download any Public Identity information to the S-CSCF.

See chapter 8.1.2 and 8.1.3 for the description of the handling of the error situations: reception of an S-CSCF name different from the one stored in the HSS and reception of a Server-Assignment-Type value not compatible with the registration state of the Public Identity.

6.1.3 Network initiated de-registration by the HSS, administrative

In case of network initiated de-registration of by the HSS, the HSS change the state of the Public Identities to Not Registered and send a notification to the S-CSCF indicating the identities that shall be de-registered. The procedure is invoked by the HSS, corresponds to the functional level operation Cx-Deregister (see 3GPP TS 23.228 [1]).

This procedure is mapped to the commands Registration-Termination-Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.1.3.1 and 6.1.3.2 describe the involved information elements.

Table 6.1.3.1: Network Initiated Deregistration by HSS request

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Public User Identity / Public Service Identity (See 7.2 and 7.2a)	Public-Identity	С	It contains the list of Public Identities that are de-registered, in the form of SIP URL or TEL URL. Public-Identity AVP shall be present if the de-registration reason code is NEW_SERVER_ASSIGNED. It may be present with the other reason codes.
Private User Identity / Private Service Identity (See 7.3 and 7.3a)	User-Name	M	It contains the Private Identity in the form of a NAI. The HSS shall always send a Private Identity that is known to the S-CSCF based on an earlier SAR/SAA procedure.
Reason for de- registration (See 7.11)	Deregistration- Reason	M	The HSS shall send to the S-CSCF a reason for the de-registration. The de-registration reason is composed of two parts: one textual message (if available) that is intended to be forwarded to the user that is de-registered, and one reason code (see 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]) that determines the behaviour of the S-CSCF.
Routing Information (See 7.13)	Destination- Host	M	It contains the name of the S-CSCF which originated the last update of the name of the multimedia server stored in the HSS for a given IMS Subscription. The address of the S-CSCF is the same as the Origin-Host AVP in the message sent from the S-CSCF.
Associated Private Identities	Associated- Identities	0	This AVP contains Private Identities, which belong to the same IMS subscription as the Private Identity in the User-Name AVP and should be de-registered together with that one. If the IMS subscription contains only a single Private Identity, this AVP shall not be present.

Table 6.1.3.2: Network Initiated Deregistration by HSS response

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Result (See 7.6)	Result-Code / Experimental- Result	М	This information element indicates the result of de-registration. Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter Base Protocol. Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP.
Associated Private Identities	Associated- Identities	С	This AVP shall be present if the S-CSCF de-registered more than one Private Identity with the request. It contains all Private Identities that have been deregistered together with the one in the User-Name AVP of the request.

6.1.3.1 Detailed behaviour

The HSS shall de-register the affected identities and invoke this procedure to inform the S-CSCF. The S-CSCF shall remove all the information stored in the S-CSCF for the affected identities.

The HSS may de-register:

- One Public Identity or a list of Public Identities. HSS may include all Public User Identities associated with the User-Name AVP to the request. This option is applicable with all reason codes.
- One or more Private Identities of the IMS Subscription with all associated Public Identities. No Public-Identity AVPs shall be present in this case. This option is applicable with reason codes PERMANENT_TERMINATION, SERVER_CHANGE, and REMOVE_S-CSCF.
- All Public Service Identities that match a Wildcarded Public Service Identity. In this case the HSS may send one of the Public Service Identities that was received in the Server Assignment Request for that Wildcarded Public Service Identity and the associated Private Service Identity.

- A Wildcarded Public User Identity. In this case the HSS shall send a distinct Public User Identity that belongs to the same implicit registration set as the Wildcarded Public User Identity and the associated Private User Identity.

The HSS shall send in the Deregistration-Reason AVP the reason for the de-registration, composed by a textual message (if available) aimed for the user and a reason code that determines the action the S-CSCF has to perform. The possible reason codes are:

- PERMANENT_TERMINATION: The HSS indicates to the S-CSCF that the S-CSCF will no longer be assigned to the Public Identity and associated implicitly registered Public Identities for the Private Indentity(ies) indicated in the request (e.g. due to an IMS subscription modification or a removal of IP-address secure binding information when GIBA is used).

The HSS shall check the registration state of the Public Identities. If no Public Identities are involved, the HSS shall check the registration state of the Public Identities associated with the Private User Identity identified. For each Public Identity:

- If the registration state of the Public Identity is Registered, the HSS shall check if the Public User Identity is currently registered with one or more Private User Identities.
 - If the Public User Identity is currently registered with only one Private User Identity, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public User Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name associated with the Public User Identity. The S-CSCF initiates the de-registration of the Public User Identity.
 - If the Public User Identity is currently registered with more than one Private User Identity, the HSS shall keep the registration state of the Public User Identity as Registered and retain the S-CSCF name associated with the Public User Identity. The S-CSCF initiates the de-registration of the Public User Identity.
- If the registration state of the Public Identity is Unregistered, the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name associated with the Public Identity.
- NEW_SERVER_ASSIGNED: The HSS indicates to the S-CSCF that a new S-CSCF has been allocated to the IMS Subscription e.g. because the previous assigned S-CSCF was unavailable during a registration procedure. The S-CSCF shall remove all information for all of the Public Identities indicated in the request.
- SERVER_CHANGE: The HSS indicates to the S-CSCF that the de-registration is requested to force the selection of new S-CSCF to assign to the IMS Subscription (e.g. when the S-CSCF capabilities are changed in the HSS or when the S-CSCF indicates that it has not enough memory for the updated User Profile). The HSS shall set the registration state to "Not Registered" and clear the S-CSCF name for all of the Public Identities affected by the request. If the S-CSCF does not indicate in the response all the Private Identities that were in the request, the HSS shall repeat this request for each of the remaining Private Identities in the IMS Subscription that are known to the S-CSCF. The S-CSCF should start the network initiated de-registration towards the user, i.e. all registrations within the IMS Subscription are de-registered and the user is asked to re-register to all existing registrations.
- REMOVE_S-CSCF: The HSS indicates to the S-CSCF that the S-CSCF will no longer be assigned to an unregistered Public Identity(ies) (i.e registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is a S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) for a given IMS Subscription. For each Public Identity contained within the request the HSS shall set the registration state of the Public Identity to Not Registered and clear the S-CSCF name associated with the Public Identity. The S-CSCF shall remove all information related to the Public User Identity contained within the request.

The detailed de-registration procedures performed by the S-CSCF for each reason code are described in the 3GPP TS 24.229 [8].

6.1.4 User location query

This procedure is used between the I-CSCF and the HSS to obtain the name of the S-CSCF assigned to a Public Identity, or the name of the AS hosting a PSI for direct routing. The procedure is invoked by the I-CSCF, is performed per Public Identity, and corresponds to the functional level operation Cx-Location-Query (see 3GPP TS 23.228 [1]).

This procedure is mapped to the commands Location Info Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.1.4.1 and 6.1.4.2 detail the involved information elements.

Table 6.1.4.1: User Location query

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Public User Identity / Public Service Identity (See 7.2 and 7.2a)	Public-Identity	M	Public Identity
Routing information (See 7.13)	Destination- Host, Destination- Realm	С	If the I-CSCF knows HSS name Destination-Host AVP shall be present in the command. Otherwise, only Destination-Realm AVP shall be present and the command shall be routed to the next Diameter node, e.g. SLF, based on the Diameter routing table in the I-CSCF.
Originating Request (See 7.18)	Originating- Request	0	It indicates that the request is related to an originating SIP message.
Type of Authorization (See 7.14)	User- Authorization- Type	С	This information element shall be present and set to REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES by the I-CSCF if IMS Restoration Procedures are supported and the S-CSCF currently assigned to the Public User Identity in the HSS cannot be contacted.
Session Priority (See 7.24)	Session- Priority	0	This information element shall indicate the session's priority to the HSS. If it is not included, the request shall be treated as normal.

Table 6.1.4.2: User Location response

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Result (See 7.6)	Result-Code / Experimental- Result	M	Result of the operation. Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter Base Protocol. Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP.
S-CSCF Name / AS name (See 7.4 and 7.4a)	Server-Name	С	Name of the assigned S-CSCF for basic IMS routing or the name of the AS for direct routing.
S-CSCF capabilities (See 7.5)	Server- Capabilities	0	It contains the information to help the I-CSCF in the selection of the S-CSCF.
Wildcarded Public Identity (See 7.2b)	Wildcarded- Public Identity	0	If the requests refers to a Wildcarded PSI or Wildcarded Public User Identity (the Public Identity in the request matches a Wildcarded PSI or Wildcarded Public User Identity in the HSS), the HSS shall include the corresponding Wildcarded Public Identity in this information element.

6.1.4.1 Detailed behaviour

The HSS may prioritise the received request message according to priority level received within the Session-Priority AVP.

The HSS shall, in the following order (if an error occurs in any of the steps the HSS shall stop processing and return the corresponding error code, see 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]):

- 1. Check that the Public Identity is known. If not the Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 2. Check the type of the Public Identity contained in the request:
 - If this is a Public User Identity, continue to step 2a.
 - If this is a Public Service Identity:

- Check if the PSI Activation State for that identity is active. If not, then the response shall contain Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- Check if the name of the AS hosting the Public Service Identity is stored in the HSS and that the request does not contain the Originating-Request AVP. If this is the case the HSS shall return the AS name and the Result-Code AVP shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS. Otherwise, continue to step 2a.
- 2a. Check if User-Authorization-Type was received in the request, and if the value is REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES:
 - If it is, then the HSS shall return the Server-Capabilities AVP and allow overwriting of the S-CSCF name in the next SAR request, which enables the I-CSCF to select an S-CSCF. The returned capabilities must satisfy all the requirements of all the service profiles associated with the IMS Subscription. The Server-Capabilities AVP may be absent, to indicate to the I-CSCF that it can select any available S-CSCF. Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER SUCCESS. The HSS shall not return any S-CSCF name. Stop processing.
 - Otherwise, continue to step 3.
- 3. Check the state of the Public Identity received in the request, and where necessary, check if the Public Identity has terminating services related to the unregistered state.
 - If it is registered, the HSS shall return the stored S-CSCF name. The Server-Name AVP shall contain the SIP URI of the server. The Server-Capabilities AVP shall not be present. The Result-Code AVP shall be set to DIAMETER SUCCESS.
 - If it is unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is a S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) the HSS shall return the S-CSCF name assigned for that Public Identity. The Server-Name AVP shall contain the SIP URI of the server. The Server-Capabilities AVP shall not be present. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
 - If it is not registered, but either it has terminating services related to unregistered state or the request contains the Originating-Request AVP, the HSS shall check if there is at least one Public Identity within the IMS Subscription with an S-CSCF name assigned:
 - If this is the case the HSS shall return the S-CSCF name assigned for that Public Identity. The Server-Name AVP shall contain the SIP URI of the server. The Server-Capabilities AVP shall not be present. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
 - If there is not any S-CSCF name assigned to a Public Identity within the IMS Subscription, the HSS may return information about the required S-CSCF capabilities, which enables the I-CSCF to select an S-CSCF. The Server-Capabilities AVP may be present. The HSS shall send the same server capability set that is sent in the user registration status response during the registration. If Server-Capabilities AVP is not present, the I-CSCF shall understand that any S-CSCF is suitable for the IMS Subscription. The Server-Name AVP shall not be present. The Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER UNREGISTERED SERVICE.
 - If it is not registered or unregistered, and the Public Identity has no terminating services related to the unregistered state and the request does not contain the Originating-Request AVP, the response shall contain Experimental-Result-Code set to DIAMETER ERROR IDENTITY NOT REGISTERED.

If the HSS cannot fulfil the received request, e.g. due to database error, it shall set Result-Code to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. No S-CSCF name or S-CSCF capabilities shall be present in the response.

6.2 User data handling procedures

6.2.1 User Profile download

As part of the registration procedure (3GPP TS 23.228 [1]) S-CSCF obtains user data and service related information by means of the Cx-Put Resp operation (see 6.1.2).

6.2.2 HSS initiated update of User Profile

This procedure is initiated by the HSS to update user profile information and/or charging information and/or SIP Digest authentication information in the S-CSCF. This procedure corresponds to the functional level operation Cx-Update_Subscr_Data (see 3GPP TS 23.228 [1]).

This procedure is mapped to the commands Push-Profile-Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.2.2.1 and 6.2.2.2 describe the involved information elements.

Table 6.2.2.1: User Profile Update request

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Private User Identity / Private Service Identity (See 7.3 and 7.3a)	User-Name	M	Private Identity. The HSS shall always send a Private Identity that is known to the S-CSCF based on an earlier SAR/SAA procedure.
User profile (See 7.7)	User-Data	С	Updated user profile (see sections 6.5.2.1 and 6.6.1), with the format defined in chapter 7.7. It shall be present if the user profile is changed in the HSS. If the User-Data AVP is not present, the SIP-Auth-Data-Item or Charging-Information AVP shall be present.
Authentication Data (See 7.9)	SIP-Auth- Data-Item	С	SIP Digest authentication information. It shall be present if the used authentication scheme is SIP Digest and when password change has occurred in the HSS. If the SIP-Auth-Data-Item AVP is not present, the Charging-Information or User-Data AVP shall be present. See Table 6.3.6 for the contents of this information element.
Charging Information (See 7.12)	Charging- Information	С	Addresses of the charging functions. It shall be present if the charging addresses are changed in the HSS. If the Charging-Information AVP is not present, the SIP-Auth-Data-Item or User-Data AVP shall be present. When this parameter is included, either the Primary-Charging-Collection-Function-Name AVP or the Primary-Event-Charging-Function-Name AVP shall be included. All other charging information shall be included if it is available.
Routing Information (See 7.13)	Destination- Host	M	It contains the name of the S-CSCF which originated the last update of the name of the multimedia server stored in the HSS for a given IMS Subscription. The address of the S-CSCF is the same as the Origin-Host AVP in the message sent from the S-CSCF.

Table 6.2.2.2: User Profile Update response

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Result (See 7.6)	Result-Code / Experimental-	М	This information element indicates the result of the update of User Profile in the S-CSCF.
(Result		Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter Base Protocol.
			Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP.

6.2.2.1 Detailed behaviour

The HSS shall make use of this procedure to update the relevant user information to the S-CSCF. The user information contains the user profile. See chapters 6.5.2.1 and 6.6.1 for the rules of user profile updating. If there are multiple registered Private User Identities associated to the Public User Identity in the HSS, the HSS shall send only single request and select arbitrarily one of the Private User Identities and put it into the request. For updates of the profile of a

Wildcarded Public Identity, the HSS shall send only one single request. That request shall contain the Wildcarded Public Identity (content within the Identity tag in the XML data shall be ignored by the S-CSCF).

The Charging-Information AVP and/or the User-Data AVP shall be present in the request. If the User-Data AVP is present in the request, the S-CSCF shall overwrite, for the Public Identities indicated in the User profile included in the request, current information with the information received from the HSS, except in the error situations detailed in table 6.2.2.1.1. If the Charging-Information AVP is present in the request, the S-CSCF shall replace the existing charging information with the information received from the HSS.

The SIP-Auth-Data-Item AVP shall be present if the command is sent in order to update SIP Digest authentication information due to a password change.

If the S-CSCF receives data that it can not recognise, unsupported user data in a part of the request where it may not be ignored or more data than it can accept, it shall return the corresponding error code to the HSS as indicated in table 6.2.2.1.1. The S-CSCF shall not overwrite the data that it already has to give service to the IMS Subscription. The HSS shall initiate a network-initiated de-registration procedure towards the S-CSCF with Deregistration-Reason set to SERVER_CHANGE, which will trigger the assignment of a new S-CSCF.

If the HSS receives DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN from the S-CSCF in the Push-Profile-Answer, then the HSS shall re-send the request using another arbitrarily selected registered Private Identity (if any). If restoration procedures are not supported, the HSS shall set the unknown Private User Identity's registration status to "not registered"; this will allow the synchronization of the registration status in HSS and S-CSCF.

NOTE: If restoration procedures are supported, restoration procedures will ensure synchronization of the registration status in HSS and S-CSCF, i.e. the S-CSCF can either immediately retrieve the S-CSCF restoration information for the registered Public User Identity (sending SAR with Server Assignment Type set to NO_ASSIGNMENT), or wait for reception of a SIP request.

Table 6.2.2.1.1 details the valid result codes that the S-CSCF can return in the response.

Result-Code AVP value Condition DIAMETER SUCCESS The request succeeded. DIAMETER ERROR NOT SUPPORTED USER DATA The request failed. The S-CSCF informs the HSS that the received user information contained information. which was not recognised or supported by the S-CSCF due to unsupported S-CSCF capabilities. DIAMETER ERROR USER UNKNOWN The request failed because the Private Identity is not found in S-CSCF. DIAMETER ERROR TOO MUCH DATA The request failed. The S-CSCF informs to the HSS that it tried to push too much data into the S-CSCF. DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY The request failed.

Table 6.2.2.1.1: User profile response valid result codes

6.3 Authentication procedures

This procedure is used between the S-CSCF and the HSS to exchange information to support the authentication between the end user and the home IMS network. The procedure is invoked by the S-CSCF, corresponds to the combination of the operations Cx-AV-Req and Cx-AV-Req-Resp (see 3GPP TS 33.203 [3]) and is used:

- To retrieve authentication vectors from the HSS.
- To resolve synchronization failures between the sequence numbers in the UE and the HSS for authentication schemes that support this capability (e.g. IMS-AKA).
- To promote the result of the NASS-level authentication to the IMS level.
- To_retrieve the IP-address secure binding information for GPRS-IMS-Bundled Authentication (GIBA) from the HSS.

This procedure is mapped to the commands Multimedia-Auth-Request/Answer in the Diameter application specified in 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]. Tables 6.3.1through 6.3.7 detail the involved information elements. Tables 6.3.1, 6.3.2 and 6.3.4 are common to all authentication schemes; Tables 6.3.3 and 6.3.5 are specific to IMS-AKA authentication; Tables 6.3.6 and 6.3.7 are specific to SIP Digest Authentication, when utilized. Table 6.3.8 is specific to NASS Bundled authentication, when utilized. Table 6.3.9 is specific to GPRS-IMS-Bundled Authentication (GIBA), when utilized.

Table 6.3.1: Authentication Request

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Public User Identity (See 7.2)	Public-Identity	M	This information element contains the Distinct Public User Identity of the user
Private User Identity (See 7.3)	User-Name	M	This information element contains the Private User Identity
Number Authentication Items (See 7.10)	SIP-Number- Auth-Items	M	This information element indicates the number of authentication vectors requested. Certain authentication schemes do not support more than one set of authentication vectors (e.g. SIP Digest, GIBA).
Authentication Data (See 7.9)	SIP-Auth- Data-Item	M	See Tables 6.3.2 and 6.3.3 for the contents of this information element. The content shown in table 6.3.2 shall be used for a normal authentication request; the content shown in table 6.3.3 shall only be used for an IMS-AKA authentication request after synchronization failure.
S-CSCF Name (See 7.4)	Server-Name	М	This information element contains the name (SIP URL) of the S-CSCF.
Routing Information (See 7.13)	Destination- Host	С	If the S-CSCF knows the HSS name this AVP shall be present. This information is available if the MAR belongs to an already existing registration, e.g. in case of the re-registration, where the HSS name is stored in the S-CSCF. The HSS name is obtained from the Origin-Host AVP, which is received from the HSS, e.g. included in the MAA command. This information may not be available if the command is sent in case of the initial registration. In this case the Destination-Host AVP is not present and the command is routed to the next Diameter node, e.g. SLF, based on the Diameter routing table in the client.

Table 6.3.2: Authentication Data content - Request

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Authentication Scheme (See 7.9.2)	SIP- Authentication- Scheme	M	This information element indicates the authentication scheme. It shall contain: - "Digest-AKAv1-MD5" if the S-CSCF knows that IMS-AKA is to be used. - "SIP Digest" if the S-CSCF knows that SIP Digest is to be used. - "NASS-Bundled" if the S-CSCF knows that NASS Bundled authentication is to be used. - "Early-IMS-Security" if the S-CSCF knows that GPRS-IMS-Bundled Authentication is to be used. - "Unknown" if the S-CSCF can not know the authentication scheme at this point.
Authentication Context (See 7.9.7)	SIP- Authentication- Context	С	It shall contain authentication-related information relevant for performing the authentication. When Authentication Scheme contains "Digest-AKAv1-MD5", this AVP is not used and shall be missing.

Table 6.3.3: Authentication Data content - Request: Synchronization Failure for IMS-AKA

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Authentication	SIP-	M	Authentication scheme. It shall contain "Digest-AKAv1-MD5".
Scheme	Authentication-		
(See 7.9.2)	Scheme		
Authorization	SIP-	М	It shall contain the concatenation of RAND, as sent to the terminal, and
Information (See 7.9.4)	Authorization		AUTS, as received from the terminal. RAND and AUTS shall both be binary encoded. See 3GPP TS 33.203 [3] for further details about RAND and
(See 7.9.4)			AUTS.

Table 6.3.4: Authentication Request Response

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
User Identity (See 7.2)	Public- Identity	С	Public User Identity. It shall be present when the result is DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
Private User Identity (See 7.3)	User-Name	С	Private User Identity. It shall be present when the result is DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
Number Authentication Items (See 7.10)	SIP-Number- Auth-Items	С	This AVP indicates the number of authentication vectors delivered in the Authentication Data information element. It shall be present when the result is DIAMETER_SUCCESS. For SIP Digest, NASS Bundled authentication and GIBA this AVP shall be set to a value of 1.
Authentication Data (See 7.9)	SIP-Auth- Data-Item	С	If the SIP-Number-Auth-Items AVP is equal to zero or it is not present, then this AVP shall not be present. See Table 6.3.5 for the contents of this information element for IMS-AKA. See Table 6.3.6 for the contents of this information element for SIP Digest. See Table 6.3.8 for the contents of this information element for NASS Bundled authentication. See Table 6.3.9 for the contents of this information element for GIBA.
Result (See 7.6)	Result-Code / Experimental- Result	M	Result of the operation. Result-Code AVP shall be used for errors defined in the Diameter Base Protocol. Experimental-Result AVP shall be used for Cx/Dx errors. This is a grouped AVP which contains the 3GPP Vendor ID in the Vendor-Id AVP, and the error code in the Experimental-Result-Code AVP.

Table 6.3.5: Authentication Data content – Response for IMS-AKA

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Item Number (See 7.9.1)	SIP-Item- Number	С	This information element shall be present in a SIP-Auth-Data-Item grouped AVP in circumstances where there are multiple occurrences of SIP-Auth-Data-Item AVPs, and the order in which they should be processed is significant. In this scenario, SIP-Auth-Data-Item AVPs with a low SIP-Item-Number value should be processed before SIP-Auth-Data-Items AVPs with a high SIP-Item-Number value.
Authentication Scheme (See 7.9.2)	SIP- Authentication- Scheme	M	Authentication scheme. It shall contain "Digest-AKAv1-MD5".
Authentication Information (See 7.9.3)	SIP- Authenticate	M	It shall contain, binary encoded, the concatenation of the authentication challenge RAND and the token AUTN. See 3GPP TS 33.203 [3] for further details about RAND and AUTN.
Authorization Information (See 7.9.4)	SIP- Authorization	М	It shall contain, binary encoded, the expected response XRES. See 3GPP TS 33.203 [3] for further details about XRES.
Confidentiality Key (See 7.9.5)	Confidentiality- Key	0	This information element, if present, shall contain the confidentiality key. It shall be binary encoded.
Integrity Key (See 7.9.6)	Integrity-Key	М	This information element shall contain the integrity key. It shall be binary encoded.

Table 6.3.6: Authentication Data content – Response for SIP Digest

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Authentication Scheme (See 7.9.2)	SIP- Authentication- Scheme	M	This information element indicates the authentication scheme. It shall contain "SIP Digest".
Digest Authenticate (See 7.9.8)	SIP-Digest- Authenticate	М	See Table 6.3.7 for contents of this information element.

Table 6.3.7: Digest Authenticate content - Response for SIP Digest

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Digest Realm (See 7.9.8.1)	Digest-Realm	M	This information element corresponds to the realm parameter as defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16].
Digest Algorithm (See 7.9.8.3)	Digest- Algorithm	0	This information element contains the algorithm as defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. If this information element is not present, then "MD5" is assumed. If this information element is present it shall contain "MD5".
Digest QoP (See 7.9.8.4)	Digest-QoP	М	This information element contains the qop as defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. This information element shall be set to a value of "auth" by the HSS.
Digest HA1 (See 7.9.8.5)	Digest-HA1	М	This information element contains the H(A1) as defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16].

Table 6.3.8: Authentication Data content – Response for NASS-Bundled Authentication

Information element name	Mapping to Diameter AVP	Cat.	Description
Authentication	SIP-	М	Authentication scheme. It shall contain "NASS-Bundled".
Scheme	Authentication-		
(See 7.9.2)	Scheme		
Line Identifier	Line-Identifier	М	This information element contains fixed broadband access line identifier
(See 7.9.9)			associated to the user. This information element can be repeated.

Table 6.3.9: Authentication Data content – Response for GPRS-IMS-Bundled Authentication

Information	Mapping to	Cat.	Description
element name	Diameter AVP		
Authentication Scheme (See 7.9.2)	SIP- Authentication- Scheme	M	Authentication scheme. For GPRS-IMS-Bundled Authentication it shall contain "Early-IMS-Security"
User IPv4 Address	Framed-IP- Address	С	If the IP Address of the User is an IPv4 address, this AVP shall be included. For a description of the AVP see IETF RFC 4005 [21].
User IPv6 Prefix	Framed-IPv6- Prefix	С	If the IP Address of the User is an IPv6 address, this AVP shall be included. For a description of the AVP see IETF RFC 4005 [21].
Framed Interface Id	Framed- Interface-Id	С	If and only if the IP Address of the User is an IPv6 address and the Framed-IPv6-Prefix AVP alone is not unique for the user this AVP shall be included. For a description of the AVP see IETF RFC 4005 [21].

6.3.1 Detailed behaviour

The HSS shall, in the following order (in case of an error in any of the steps the HSS shall stop processing and return the corresponding error code, see 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]):

- 1. Check that the Private User Identity and the Public User Identity exist in the HSS. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 2. Check that the Public User Identity matches a distinct Public User Identity in the HSS. If it doesn't, the Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_USER_UNKNOWN.
- 3. Check whether the Private and Public User Identities in the request are associated in the HSS. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITIES_DONT_MATCH.
- 4. Check the authentication scheme indicated in the request, and
 - if it is "Unknown", check the authentication scheme stored in HSS. If it is neither NASS-Bundled authentication nor SIP Digest authentication, Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_AUTH_SCHEME_UNSUPPORTED.
 - if not, check that the authentication scheme indicated in the request is supported. If not Experimental-Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_ERROR_AUTH_SCHEME_UNSUPPORTED.

This step is only applicable for IMS-AKA authentication. If the request indicates there is a synchronization failure, the HSS shall compare the S-CSCF name received in the request to the S-CSCF name stored in the HSS:

- If they are identical the HSS shall process AUTS as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [3] and return the requested authentication information. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.
- 5. Check the registration status of the Public User Identity received in the request:
 - If it is registered, the HSS shall compare the S-CSCF name received in the request to the S-CSCF name stored in the HSS:
 - If they are different, the HSS shall store the S-CSCF name. The HSS shall download SIP-Auth-Data-Item stored up to a maximum specified in SIP-Number-Auth-Items received in the command Multimedia-Auth-Request. If authentication scheme is neither NASS-Bundled nor GIBA, the HSS shall set the Public User Identity's authentication pending flag which is specific to the Private User Identity received in the request. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER SUCCESS.
 - If they are identical, the HSS shall download SIP-Auth-Data-Item stored up to a maximum specified in SIP-Number-Auth-Items received in the command Multimedia-Auth-Request. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER SUCCESS.
 - If it is unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is an S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) or not registered, the HSS shall compare the S-CSCF name received in the request to the S-CSCF name stored in the HSS:
 - If they are different or if there is no S-CSCF name stored in the HSS for any Public User Identity of the IMS subscription, the HSS shall store the S-CSCF name. The HSS shall download SIP-Auth-Data-Item stored up to a maximum specified in SIP-Number-Auth-Items received in the command Multimedia-Auth-Request. If authentication scheme is neither NASS-Bundled nor GIBA, the HSS shall set the Public User Identity's authentication pending flag which is specific to the Private User Identity which was received in the request. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER SUCCESS.
 - If they are identical, the HSS shall download SIP-Auth-Data-Item stored up to a maximum specified in SIP-Number-Auth-Items received in the command Multimedia-Auth-Request. If authentication scheme is neither NASS-Bundled nor GIBA, the HSS shall set the Public User Identity's authentication pending flag which is specific to the Private User Identity that was received in the request. The Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_SUCCESS.

Exceptions to the cases specified here shall be treated by HSS as error situations, the Result-Code shall be set to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. No authentication information shall be returned.

6.4 User identity to HSS resolution

The User identity to HSS resolution mechanism enables the I-CSCF and the S-CSCF to find the identity of the HSS, that holds the subscriber data for a given Public Identity when multiple and separately addressable HSSs have been deployed by the network operator. The resolution mechanism is not required in networks that utilise a single HSS. An example for a single HSS solution is server farm architecture.

The resolution mechanism described in 3GPP TS 23.228 [1] shall use a Subscription Locator Function (SLF) or a Diameter Proxy Agent.

The I-CSCF and the S-CSCF accesses the SLF via the Dx interface. The Dx interface shall always be used in conjunction with the Cx interface. The Dx interface shall be based on Diameter. The SLF functionality shall use the routing mechanism provided by an enhanced Diameter redirect agent.

The SLF or the Diameter Proxy Agent shall be able to determine the HSS identity.

To get the HSS identity the I-CSCF and the S-CSCF shall send the Cx request normally destined to the HSS to a preconfigured Diameter address/name.

- If this Cx Request is received by an SLF (acting as a Diameter redirect agent), the SLF shall determine the HSS identity and sends to the I-CSCF or S-CSCF a notification of redirection towards the HSS identity, in response to the Cx request. Multiple HSS identities may be included in the response, as specified in IETF RFC 3588 [9]. In such a case, the I-CSCF or the S-CSCF shall send the Cx Request to the first HSS identity in the ordered list

received in the Cx Response from the SLF. If the I-CSCF or S-CSCF does not receive a successful response to the Cx Request, the I-CSCF or S-CSCF shall send a Cx Request to the next HSS identity in the ordered list. This procedure shall be repeated until a successful response from an HSS is received.

- If this Cx Request is received by the Diameter Proxy Agent, the Diameter Proxy Agent shall determine the HSS identity and shall forward the Cx request directly to the HSS. The I-CSCF and S-CSCF shall determine the HSS identity from the response to the Cx request received from the HSS.

While the I-CSCF is stateless, the S-CSCF shall store the HSS identity/name/Realm, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.228 [1] and shall use it in further Cx requests associated to the same IMS Public Identity.

In networks where the use of the user identity to HSS resolution mechanism is required, each I-CSCF and S-CSCF shall be configured with the address/name of the SLF or the Diameter Proxy Agent to enable use of these resolution mechanisms.

6.5 Implicit registration

Implicit registration is the mechanism by which a user is allowed to register simultaneously more than one of his/her Public User Identities. The HSS knows the identities that are to be implicitly registered when it receives the indication of the registration of an individual identity.

What follows is an extension of the affected basic procedures.

6.5.1 S-CSCF initiated procedures

The result of the S-CSCF initiated procedures affects all the Public User Identities that are configured in the HSS to be in the same implicitly registered Public User Identity set with the targeted individual Public User Identity. Where the S-CSCF initiated procedure affects the Registration state of the targeted Public User Identity, the Registration states of the Public User Identities in the associated implicitly registered Public User Identity set are affected in the same way.

6.5.1.1 Registration

The notification of a registration of a Public User Identity implies the registration of the corresponding implicitly registered Public User Identity set. The user information downloaded in the response contains the Public User Identities of the implicitly registered Public User Identity set with the associated service profiles. This allows the S-CSCF to know which Public User Identities belong to the implicitly registered Public User Identity set. The S-CSCF shall take from the set of implicitly registered Public User Identities the first identity which is not barred, and use this as the default Public User Identity. The default Public User Identity shall be a distinct Public User Identity.

6.5.1.2 De-registration

The de-registration of a Public User Identity implies the de-registration of the corresponding implicitly registered Public User Identity set, both in the HSS and in the S-CSCF. The S-CSCF shall include in the request a single Public User Identity to deregister all the Public User Identities that belong to the corresponding implicitly registered Public User Identity set.

The de-registration of a Private User Identity implies the de-registration of all the corresponding Public User Identities, both in the HSS and in the S-CSCF.

6.5.1.3 Authentication

Setting the authentication pending flag for a Public User Identity implies setting the authentication pending flag for each corresponding implicitly registered Public User Identity in the HSS.

6.5.1.4 Downloading the user profile

If the S-CSCF requests to download a user profile from HSS, the user profile in the response shall contain the Public User Identities of the corresponding implicitly registered Public User Identity set with the associated service profiles.

6.5.1.5 Initiation of a session to a non-registered user

The change of a Public User Identity to the Unregistered state due to the initiation of a session from/to a Public Identity that was in Not Registered state and the opposite change from Unregistered state to Not Registered state implies the same change for all the Public User Identities in the same Implicit Registration Set.

6.5.2 HSS initiated procedures

6.5.2.1 Update of User Profile

A request sent by the HSS to update the user profile shall include only the Public User Identities of the implicitly registered Public User Identity set, with the associated service profiles (even if not updated). If other Public User Identities not associated with the implicitly registered Public User Identity set are affected, they shall be downloaded in separate commands.

This procedure shall be used by the HSS to add a newly provisioned or Not Registered Public User Identity or Identities to an existing implicitly registered Public User Identity set that is in the state Registered or Unregistered. The added Public User Identity gets the registration state of the set it is added to.

The HSS shall use this procedure if a Public User Identity or Identities are removed from the implicitly registered Public User Identity set that is in a state Registered or Unregistered. In practise, this is done by sending a PPR for the set without the removed identities. The S-CSCF shall remove all information stored in the S-CSCF for the removed identities.

The HSS shall not use this procedure if there is no Public User Identities left in the implicitly registered Public User Identity set after the removal. In that case HSS shall use the RTR command instead.

The HSS shall not use this procedure to change the default Public User Identity of the implicitly registered Public User Identity set that is in a state Registered. In that case the HSS shall use the RTR command to de-register the Public User Identity set.

Moving of a Public User Identity or Identities from one implicitly registered Public User Identity set to another set shall be done in two steps: First the identity or identities are removed from the "old" set as described above, then the identity or identities are added to the "new" set as described above.

6.5.2.2 De-registration

A request sent by the HSS to de-register any of the identities included in an implicitly registered Public User Identity set shall affect all the Public User Identities of the deregistered set.

The de-registration of a Private User Identity implies the de-registration of all the corresponding Public User Identities, both in the HSS and in the S-CSCF.

6.5.2.3 Update of the Charging information

A request sent by the HSS to update the charging information shall include the Private User Identity for whom the charging information changed.

6.6 Download of the Relevant User Profile

The download of the relevant user profile from the HSS to the S-CSCF depends on whether the user profile is already stored in the S-CSCF. If the SiFC feature is supported by the HSS and S-CSCF, the HSS shall download the identifiers of the shared iFC sets. If either the HSS or the S-CSCF does not support the SiFC feature, the HSS shall download the complete iFCs, and SiFC identifiers shall not be downloaded by the HSS. The SiFC feature is defined in 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].

If User-Data-Already-Available is set to USER_DATA_NOT_AVAILABLE the HSS shall download the requested user profile. If the Public User Identity in the request is included in an implicitly registered Public User Identity set, the HSS shall include in the response the service profiles associated with all Public User Identities within the implicitly registered Public User Identity set to which the received Public User Identity belongs.

If User-Data-Already-Available is set to USER_DATA_ALREADY_AVAILABLE, the HSS should not return any user profile data. The HSS may override User-Data-Already-Available set to USER_DATA_ALREADY_AVAILABLE and download the user profile.

6.6.1 HSS initiated update of User Profile

The request to update the user profile in the S-CSCF includes only the Public User Identities of the implicitly registered Public User Identity set with the associated service profiles. See 6.5.2.1.

If the Public Identity is registered or unregistered (i.e. registered as a consequence of an originating or terminating request or there is a S-CSCF keeping the user profile stored) and there are changes in the user profile, the HSS should immediately push the complete user profile to the S-CSCF.

6.6.2 S-CSCF operation

At deregistration of a Public User Identity, the S-CSCF shall store the user information if it sends Server-Assignment-Request command including Server-Assignment-Type AVP set to value USER_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME or TIMEOUT_DEREGISTRATION_STORE_SERVER_NAME and the HSS responds with DIAMETER_SUCCESS. Otherwise the S-CSCF shall not keep user information.

6.7 S-CSCF Assignment

The list of mandatory and optional capabilities received by an I-CSCF from the HSS allows operators to distribute users between S-CSCFs, depending on the different capabilities (features, role, etc.) that each S-CSCF may have. Alternatively, an operator has the possibility to steer users to certain S-CSCFs.

The operator shall define (possibly based on the functionality offered by each S-CSCF installed in the network) the exact meaning of the mandatory and optional capabilities. It is a configuration task for the operator to ensure that the I-CSCF has a correct record of the capabilities of each S-CSCF available in his network. The I-CSCF does not need to know the semantic of the capabilities received from the HSS. This semantic is exclusively an operator issue.

As a first choice, the I-CSCF shall select an S-CSCF that has all the mandatory and optional capabilities for the user. Only if that is not possible shall the I-CSCF apply a 'best-fit' algorithm. If more than one S-CSCF is identified that supports all mandatory capabilities the I-CSCF may then consider optional capabilities in selecting a specific S-CSCF. The 'best-fit' algorithm is implementation dependent and out of the scope of this specification.

It is the responsibility of the operator to ensure that there are S-CSCFs which have mandatory capabilities indicated by the HSS for any given user. However, configuration errors may occur. If such errors occur and they prevent the I-CSCF from selecting an S-CSCF which meets the mandatory capabilities indicated by the HSS, the I-CSCF shall inform the operator via the O&M subsystem.

As an alternative to selecting an S-CSCF based on the list of capabilities received from the HSS, it is possible to steer users to certain S-CSCFs. To do this, the operator may include one or more S-CSCF names as part of the capabilities of the user profile. The reason for the selection (e.g. all the users belonging to the same company/group could be in the same S-CSCF to implement a VPN service) and the method of selection are operator issues and out of the scope of this specification. If this alternative is chosen, the HSS shall include Server-Name AVPs in the Server-Capabilities AVP and should not include Mandatory-Capability AVPs or Optional-Capability AVPs in the Server-Capabilities AVP, and the I-CSCF when receiving Server-Name AVPs within the Server-Capabilities AVP shall discard any Mandatory-Capability AVP and any Optional-Capability AVP received within the Server-Capabilities AVP.

The following table is a guideline for operators that records S-CSCF capabilities that need to be supported by an S-CSCF in order to serve a user or a service (identified by a Public User Identity or Public Service Identity), that cannot be served by an S-CSCF which is only compliant to a previous 3GPP release.

Table 6.7: Guidelines for S-CSCF Capabilities

Capability	Mandatory or Optional (note)	Description
Support of "Wildcarded PSI"	M	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of Wildcarded PSIs.
Support of "OrigUnreg SPT"	М	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall be able to process iFCs with a Session Case "Originating_Unregistered" received from the HSS in the user profile.
Support of "OrigCDIV SPT"	М	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall be able to process iFCs with a Session Case "Originating_CDIV" received from the HSS in the user profile.
Support of "Shared iFC sets"	0	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF may support the "SiFC" feature defined in the 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].
Support of "Display Name"	0	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF may support the handling of "Display Name". The behaviour of the S-CSCF related to this missing data is the same as if the HSS did not send the Display Name.
Support of "Alias"	0	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF may support the "AliasInd" feature defined in 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].
Support of "SIP Digest Authentication"	M	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of SIP Digest Authentication.
Support of "NASS Bundled Authentication"	M	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of NASS Bundled Authentication.
Support of "Wildcarded IMPUs"	M	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the handling of Wildcarded Public User Identities.
Support of "Loose-Route "	M	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the loose-route mechanism.
Support of "Service Level Trace"	M	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support the Service Level Trace mechanism.
Support of "Priority Service"	M	This capability indicates that the S-CSCF shall support the Service Priority Level indication. See IETF RFC 4412 [22] and 3GPP TS 24.229 [8].
Support of "Early IMS Security"	M	This capability indicates that the assigned S-CSCF shall support GIBA.
given user. The I-CSCF shall no of a S-CSCF not supporting this	ot select an S-CSC capability would l	bility that shall be supported by the assigned S-CSCF for a CF that does not meet a mandatory capability. The selection ead to an unspecified network behaviour. y that may be supported by the assigned S-CSCF for a
given user. The selection of a S	-CSCF that would	not support this capability will not significantly affect the

network behaviour.

7 Information element contents

7.1 Visited Network Identifier

This information element contains the domain name of the visited network.

7.2 Public User Identity

This information element contains the Public User Identity. For definition of a Public User Identity, see 3GPP TS 23.003 [17].

When GPRS-IMS-Bundled Authentication (GIBA) is used, a Temporary Public User Identity is derived from the IMSI used for bearer network access according to the rules in 3GPP TS 23.003 [17].

7.2a Public Service Identity

This information element contains a Public Service Identity (PSI) that is hosted by an application server. For definition of a PSI, see 3GPP TS 23.003 [17].

7.2b Wildcarded Public Identity

This information element contains a Wildcarded PSI that is hosted by an application server. For definition of a Wildcarded PSI, see 3GPP TS 23.003 [17].

7.2c Void

7.3 Private User Identity

This information element contains the Private User Identity. For definition of a Private User Identity, see 3GPP TS 23.003 [17].

When GPRS-IMS-Bundled Authentication (GIBA) is used, the Private User Identity is derived from the IMSI as specified in 3GPP TS 33.203 [3].

7.3a Private Service Identity

This information element contains the Private Service Identity. For definition of a Private Service Identity, see 3GPP TS 23.003 [17].

7.4 S-CSCF Name

This information element contains the S-CSCF Name of the S-CSCF assigned to an IMS Subscription. For definition of a S-CSCF Name, see 3GPP TS 23.008 [18].

7.4a AS Name

This information element contains the AS Name of the AS hosting a Public Service Identity. For definition of AS Name, see 3GPP TS 23.008 [18].

7.5 S-CSCF Capabilities

This information element carries information to assist the I-CSCF during the process of selecting an S-CSCF for a certain IMS Subscription.

7.6 Result

This information element contains result of an operation. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5] for the possible values.

7.7 User Profile

This information element contains the user profile in XML format. The user profile XML shall be valid against the user profile XML schema defined in Annex E.

Annex B specifies the UML logical model of the user profile downloaded via the Cx interface.

Annex D contains and informative, high level representation, of the wire representation of user profile data.

7.8 Server Assignment Type

Indicates the type of server assignment. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5] for the list of existing values.

7.9 Authentication Data

This information element is composed of the following sub-elements.

7.9.1 Item Number

This information element indicates the order in which the authentication vectors are to be consumed.

7.9.2 Authentication Scheme

This information element contains the authentication scheme, which is used to encode the authentication parameters.

7.9.3 Authentication Information

This information element is used to convey the challenge and authentication token user during the authentication procedure. See 3GPP TS 33.203 [3] for details.

7.9.4 Authorization Information

This information element is used, in an authentication request, to indicate a failure of synchronization. In a response, it is used to convey the expected response to the challenge used to authenticate the user. See 3GPP TS 33.203 [3].

7.9.5 Confidentiality Key

This information element contains the confidentiality key. See 3GPP TS 33.203 [3].

7.9.6 Integrity Key

This information element contains the integrity key. See 3GPP TS 33.203 [3].

7.9.7 Authentication Context

This information element contains authentication-related information relevant for performing the authentication but that is not part of the SIP authentication headers. Some mechanisms (e.g. PGP, digest with quality of protection set to authint defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16], digest with predictive nonces or sip access digest) request that part or the whole SIP request (e.g. the SIP method) is passed to the entity performing the authentication. In such cases the SIPAuthentication-Context AVP shall be carrying such information.

7.9.8 Digest Authenticate

This information element is composed of the following sub-elements.

7.9.8.1 Digest Realm

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, and corresponds to the realm parameter as defined in IETF RFC 3261 [11]. This information element is used to convey the realm to the S-CSCF during the SIP Digest authentication procedure.

7.9.8.2 Void

7.9.8.3 Digest Algorithm

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16].

7.9.8.4 Digest QoP

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16]. It provides the Quality of Protection indication and has an effect on the digest computation.

7.9.8.5 Digest HA1

This information element is part of the Digest authentication challenge, defined in IETF RFC 2617 [16].

7.9.9 Line Identifier

This information element contains the line identifier of the user's network termination.

7.10 Number Authentication Items

This information element contains the number of authentication vectors requested or delivered.

7.11 Reason for de-registration

This information element contains the reason for a de-registration procedure.

7.12 Charging information

Addresses of the charging functions. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].

7.13 Routing information

Information to route requests.

7.14 Type of authorization

Type of authorization requested by the I-CSCF. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5] for a list of values.

7.15 Void

Void

7.16 User Data Already Available

This information element indicates to the HSS if the user profile is already available in the S-CSCF. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5] for a list of values.

7.17 Associated Private Identities

This information element indicates to the S-CSCF the Private Identities, which belong to the same IMS Subscription as the Private Identity received in the request command. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].

7.18 Originating-Request

This information element indicates to the HSS that the request is related to an originating SIP message. See 3GPP 29.229 [5].

7.19 User Authorization Request Flags

This information element carries the following indication (see 3GPP 29.229 [5] for coding details):

- IMS Emergency Registration.

7.20 Loose-Route Indication

This information element indicates to the S-CSCF that the loose-route mechanism shall be applied to the public identities contained in the user profile received from the HSS. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]. This information is static data for the duration of the subscription or the validity of the IMS identity. Modification of this data result in Network Initiated Deregistration (SERVER_CHANGE); see section 6.1.3.1.

7.21 S-CSCF Restoration Information

This information element contains information for the S-CSCF to handle traffic for a registered user. It is associated with the Private User Identity and the Implicit Registration Set that is affected by the SAR request. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5] for the contents of this information element.

7.22 Associated Registered Private Identities

This information element indicates to the S-CSCF the Registered Private Identities, which were registered with the Public Identity received in the request command. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].

7.23 Multiple Registration Indication

This information element indicates to the HSS that this is related to a multiple registration. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].

7.24 Session-Priority

This information element indicates the session's priority level to the HSS. See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].

8 Error handling procedures

8.1 Registration error cases

This section describes the handling of error cases, which can occur during the registration process. If the new and previously assigned S-CSCF names sent in the Multimedia-Auth-Request command are different and the Multimedia-Auth-Request is not indicating synchronisation failure (i.e. the request does not contain auts parameter), then the HSS shall overwrite the S-CSCF name.

If the new and previously assigned S-CSCF names sent in a command other than the Multimedia-Auth-Request command are different and there was no previous UAR or LIR request for REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES, then the HSS shall not overwrite the S-CSCF name; instead it shall send a response to the S-CSCF indicating an error.

8.1.1 Cancellation of the old S-CSCF

It is possible that in certain situations the HSS receives a Multimedia-Auth-Request (MAR) command including a S-CSCF name, which is not the same as the previously assigned S-CSCF for the user. This can happen e.g. in case the new S-CSCF is selected due to a failure in the re-registration if the previously assigned S-CSCF does not respond to REGISTER message sent from the I-CSCF after a timeout.

In this case, the new S-CSCF is assigned for the user and if registrations in the previously assigned S-CSCF exist for the user, these registrations in the old S-CSCF are handled locally in the old S-CSCF, e.g. re-registration timers in the old S-CSCF shall cancel the registrations. Additionally, the HSS should de-register the registrations in the old S-CSCF by using the Registration-Termination-Request command. In this case, the HSS shall first check whether the deregistration is really required by comparing the Diameter client address of the newly assigned S-CSCF received in the MAR command to the Diameter client address stored in the HSS. If the Diameter client addresses match, the deregistration shall not be initiated. Otherwise the deregistration should be initiated for all the Public User Identities associated to the same Private User Identity, and if there is a Public User Identity shared by multiple Private User Identities, then the Registration-Termination-Request shall also be sent for all those Private User Identities. It shall be done in the following order:

- 1. Deregistration-Reason AVP value set to NEW_SERVER_ASSIGNED, for the Public User Identity, which is registered in the new S-CSCF.
- 2. Deregistration-Reason AVP value set to SERVER_CHANGE, for the user Public User Identities, which are not registered in the new S-CSCF.

8.1.2 Error in S-CSCF name

If the S-CSCF name sent in the Server-Assignment-Request command and the previously assigned S-CSCF name stored in the HSS are different and there was no previous UAR or LIR request for

REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES, then, the HSS shall not overwrite the S-CSCF name. If the Server Assignment Type indicates NO_ASSIGNMENT, the HSS shall send a response to the S-CSCF with Result-Code value set to DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY. For all other Server Assignment Types, the HSS shall send a response to the S-CSCF with Experimental-Result-Code value set to

DIAMETER_ERROR_IDENTITY_ALREADY_REGISTERED.

If the S-CSCF name sent in the Server-Assignment-Request command and the previously assigned S-CSCF name stored in the HSS are different and IMS Restoration Procedures are supported and there was a previous UAR or LIR request for REGISTRATION_AND_CAPABILITIES, then the HSS shall allow overwriting of the S-CSCF name and proceed with the processing of the SAR command as defined in section 6.1.2.

8.1.3 Error in S-CSCF assignment type

If the Server-Assignment-Type in the Server-Assignment-Request command sent by the S-CSCF to the HSS is not allowed (i.e if the Server-Assignment-Type is not applicable based on the user state or it is not applicable based on the user identity type), the HSS shall send a response to the S-CSCF with the Experimental-Result-Code value set to DIAMETER_ERROR_IN_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE.

9 Protocol version identification

See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].

10 Operational Aspects

See 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].

Annex A (normative): Mapping of Cx operations and terminology to Diameter

A.1 Introduction

This appendix gives mappings from Cx to Diameter protocol elements. Diameter protocol elements are defined in 3GPP TS 29.229 [5].

A.2 Cx message to Diameter command mapping

The following table defines the mapping between stage 2 operations and Diameter commands:

Table A.2.1: Cx message to Diameter command mapping

Cx message	Source	Destination	Command-Name	Abbreviation
Cx-Query + Cx-Select-Pull	I-CSCF	HSS	User-Authorization-Request	UAR
Cx-Query Resp + Cx-Select-Pull	HSS	I-CSCF	User-Authorization-Answer	UAA
Resp				
Cx-Put + Cx-Pull	S-CSCF	HSS	Server-Assignment-Request	SAR
Cx-Put Resp + Cx-Pull Resp	HSS	S-CSCF	Server-Assignment-Answer	SAA
Cx-Location-Query	I-CSCF	HSS	Location-Info-Request	LIR
Cx-Location-Query Resp	HSS	I-CSCF	Location-Info-Answer	LIA
Cx-AuthDataReq	S-CSCF	HSS	Multimedia-Authentication-	MAR
			Request	
Cx-AuthDataResp	HSS	S-CSCF	Multimedia-Authentication-Answer	MAA
Cx-Deregister	HSS	S-CSCF	Registration-Termination-Request	RTR
Cx-Deregister Resp	S-CSCF	HSS	Registration-Termination-Answer	RTA
Cx-Update_Subscr_Data	HSS	S-CSCF	Push-Profile-Request	PPR
Cx-Update_Subscr_Data Resp	S-CSCF	HSS	Push-Profile-Answer	PPA

A.3 Cx message parameters to Diameter AVP mapping

The following table gives an overview about the mapping:

Table A.3.1: Cx message parameters to Diameter AVP mapping

Cx parameter	AVP Name
Visited Network Identifier	Visited-Network-Identifier
Public Identity	Public-Identity
Private Identity	User-Name
S-CSCF Name	0 N
AS Name	Server-Name
S-CSCF capabilities	Server-Capabilities
	Result-Code
Result	Experimental-Result-Code
User profile	User-Data
Server Assignment Type	Server-Assignment-Type
Authentication data	SIP-Auth-Data-Item
Item Number	SIP-Item-Number
Authentication Scheme	SIP-Authentication-
	Scheme
Authentication Information	SIP-Authenticate
Authorization Information	SIP-Authorization
Confidentiality Key	Confidentiality-Key
Integrity Key	Integrity-Key
Number Authentication Items	SIP-Number-Auth-Items
Reason for de-registration	Deregistration-Reason
Charging Information	Charging-Information
Routing Information	Destination-Host
Type of Authorization	Authorization-Type
Associated Private	Associated-Identities
Identities	
Digest Authenticate	SIP-Digest-Authenticate
Digest Realm	Digest-Realm
Digest Algorithm	Digest-Algorithm
Digest QoP	Digest-QoP
Digest HA1	Digest-HA1
Line Identifier	Line-Identifier
Wildcarded Public Identity	Wildcarded-Public Identity
Loose-Route Indication	Loose-Route-Indication
S-CSCF Restoration	SCSCF-Restoration-Info
Information	
Multiple Registration	Multiple-Registration-
Indication	Indication

A.4 Message flows

The following message flows give examples regarding which Diameter messages shall be sent in scenarios described in 3GPP TS 23.228 [1].

A.4.1 Registration- user not registered

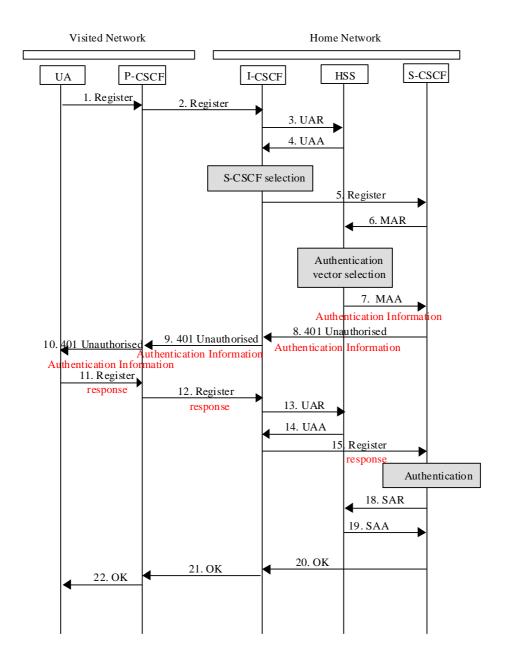


Figure A.4.1.1: Registration – user not registered

A.4.2 Registration – user currently registered

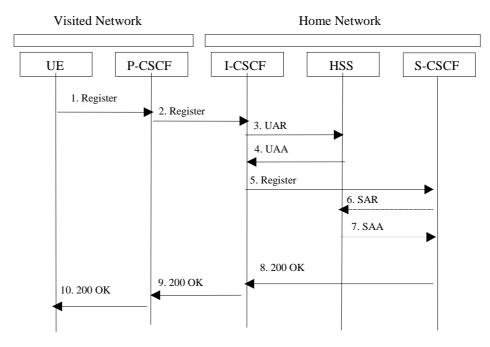


Figure A.4.2.1: Re-registration

A.4.3 UE initiated de-registration

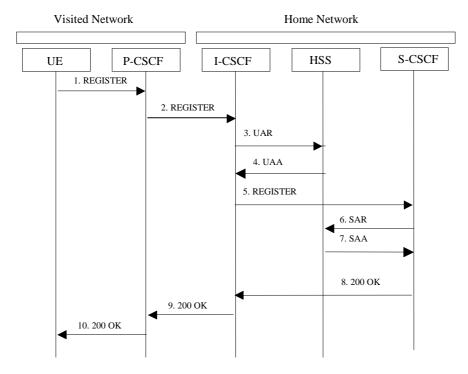


Figure A.4.3.1: UE initiated de-registration

A.4.4 Network initiated de-registration

A.4.4.1 Registration timeout

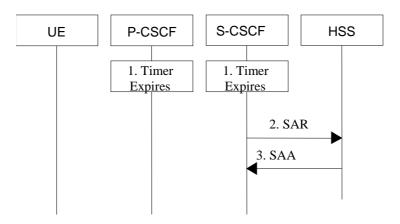


Figure A.4.4.1.1: Network initiated de-registration – registration timeout

A.4.4.2 Administrative de-registration

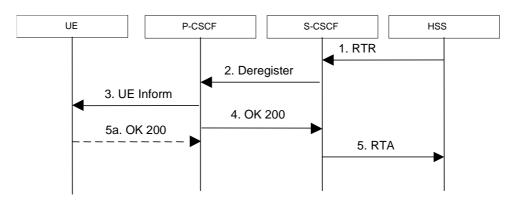


Figure A.4.4.2.1: Network initiated de-registration – administrative de-registration

A.4.4.3 De-registration initiated by service platform

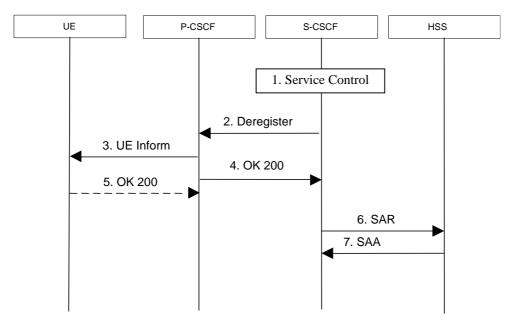


Figure A.4.4.3.1: Network initiated de-registration – initiated by service platform

A.4.5 UE Terminating SIP session set-up

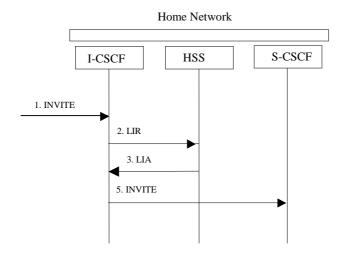


Figure A.4.5.1: UE Terminating SIP session set-up

A.4.6 Initiation of a session to a non-registered user

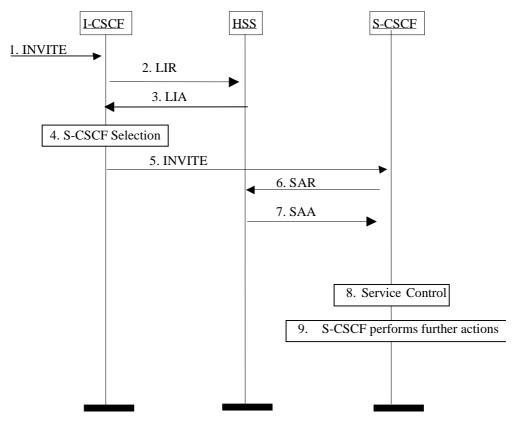


Figure A.4.6.1: Initiation of a session to a non-registered user

A.4.6a AS originating session on behalf of a non-registered user

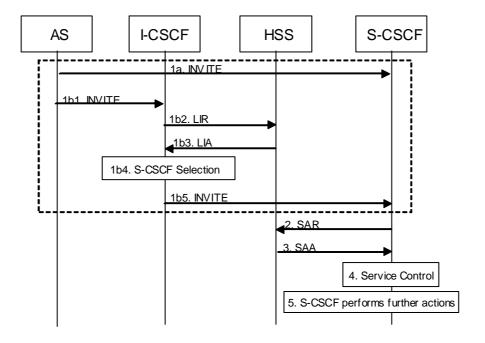


Figure A.4.6a.1: AS originating session on behalf of a non-registered user

A.4.7 User Profile update

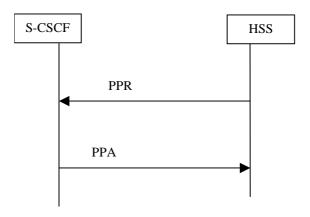


Figure A.4.7.1: User profile update

Annex B (informative): User profile UML model

The purpose of this UML model is to define in an abstract level the structure of the user profile downloaded over the Cx interface and describe the purpose of the different information classes included in the user profile.

B.1 General description

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of the user profile, which is downloaded from HSS to S-CSCF:

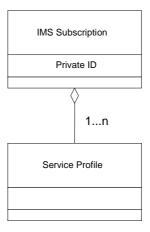


Figure B.1.1: User Profile

IMS Subscription class contains as a parameter the private user identity of the user in NAI format.

Each instance of the IMS Subscription class contains one or several instances of the class Service Profile.

B.2 Service profile

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of the Service Profile class:

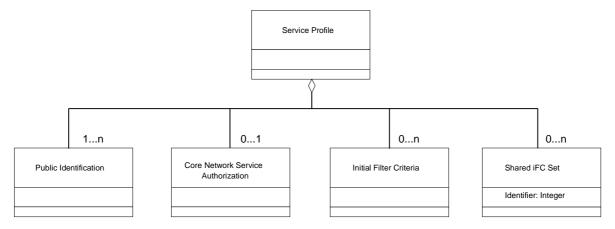


Figure B.2.1: Service Profile

Each instance of the Service Profile class consists of one or several instances of the class Public Identification. Public Identification class contains the Public Identities associated with that service profile. The information in the Core

Network Service Authorization, Initial Filter Criteria, and Shared iFC Set classes apply to all Public Identification instances, which are included in one Service profile class.

Each instance of the Service Profile class contains zero or one instance of the class Core Network Service Authorization. If no instance of the class Core Network Service Authorization is present, no filtering related to subscribed media or restriction on IMS Communication Service Identifiers applies in S-CSCF.

Each instance of the class Service Profile contains zero or several instances of the class Initial Filter Criteria.

Each instance of the class Service Profile contains zero or more instances of the class Shared iFC Set. A Shared iFC Set points to a set of Initial Filter Criteria locally administered and stored at the S-CSCF. Shared iFC Sets may be shared by several Service Profiles.

B.2.1 Public Identification

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of Public Identification class:

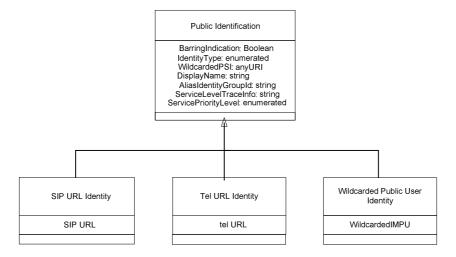


Figure B.2.1.1: Public Identification

Public Identification class can contain either SIP URL Identity, i.e. SIP URL, or Tel URL Identity class, i.e. tel URL, or Wildcarded Public User Identity.

The attribute BarringIndication is of type Boolean. If it is absent, or if it is present and set to FALSE, the S-CSCF shall not restrict the use of that public user identity in any IMS communications. If it is present and set to TRUE, the S-CSCF shall prevent that public identity from being used in any IMS communication except registrations and re-registrations, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [8].

The attribute IdentityType indicates if the identity is a Public User Identity, a distinct Public Service Identity, a Public Service Identity matching a Wildcarded Public Service Identity, a Public User Identity matching a Wildcarded Public User Identity or a Wildcarded Public User Identity. If the identity type is not present, it is assumed to be Public User Identity.

The attribute WildcardedPSI shall be present and contain the Wildcarded Public Service Identity that matched the Public Service Identity if the identity is a Public Service Identity matching a Wildcarded Public Service Identity. This Wildcarded Public Service identity shall be sent as stored in the HSS, that is, including the delimiter described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [17].

The attribute DisplayName allows a name to be associated with a Public Identity.

The attribute AliasIdentityGroupID indicates the alias group to which the Public User Identity belongs. If the "AliasInd" feature is supported, all Public User Identities shall have an AliasIdentityGroupID allocated. Within an IMS subscription Public User Identities that have the same AliasIdentityGroupID allocated shall not be in different implicit registration sets and shall share their service profile, and shall be regarded aliases of each other. If the "AliasInd" feature is not supported, all Public User Identities within an IMS subscription that are within the same implicit registration set and share their service profile shall be regarded aliases of each other.

The attribute ServiceLevelTraceInfo provides the Service Level Tracing Information that is related to the Public User Identity. If the ServiceLevelTraceInfo is present, service level tracing shall be enabled in the S-CSCF for the related Public User Identity according to the configuration data received. If the ServiceLevelTraceInfo is not present, service level tracing is disabled in the S-CSCF for the related Public User Identity.

The attribute ServicePriorityLevel provides the Priority Level allowed for the Public User Identity, which can be used by the S-CSCF and other network elements for Priority Service.

B.2.1A Core Network Service Authorization

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of Core Network Service Authorization class:

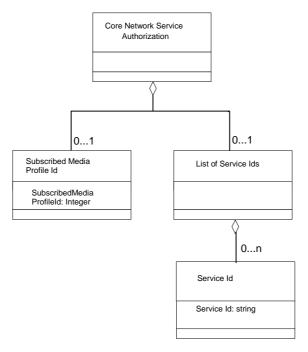


Figure B.2.1A.1: Core Network Service Authorization

Each instance of the Core Network Service Authorization class contains zero or one instance of the class Subscribed Media Profile Id. If no instance of the class Subscribed Media Profile Id is present, no filtering related to subscribed media applies in S-CSCF. The Subscribed Media Profile Id is of type Integer and identifies a media profile in the S-CSCF for the authorization of media parameters.

Each instance of the Core Network Service Authorization class contains zero or one instance of the class List of Service Ids. If no instance of the class List of Service Ids is present, no restriction on IMS Communication Service Identifiers related applies in S-CSCF. Each instance of the class List of Service Ids contains zero or more instances of the class Service Id. The Service Id is of type String and identifies an IMS Communication Service Identifier that the subscriber is authorized to use.

B.2.2 Initial Filter Criteria

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of Initial Filter Criteria class:

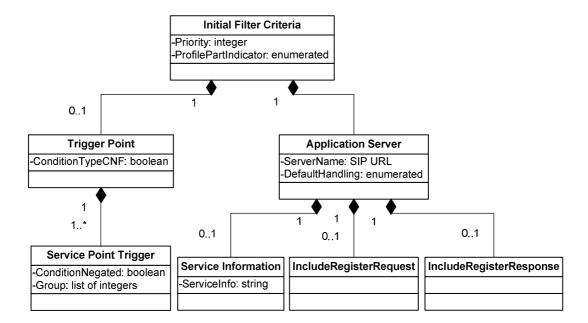


Figure B.2.2.1.1: Initial Filter Criteria

Each instance of the Initial Filter Criteria class is composed of zero or one instance of a Trigger Point class and one instance of an Application Server class. Priority indicates the priority of the Filter Criteria. The higher the Priority Number the lower the priority of the Filter Criteria is; i.e., a Filter Criteria with a higher value of Priority Number shall be assessed after the Filter Criteria with a smaller Priority Number have been assessed. The same priority shall not be assigned to more than one initial Filter Criterion.

ProfilePartIndicator attribute is an enumerated type, with possible values "REGISTERED and UNREGISTERED, indicating if the iFC is a part of the registered or unregistered user profile. If ProfilePartIndicator is missing from the iFC, the iFC is considered to be relevant to both the registered and unregistered parts of the user profile, i.e. belongs to the common part of the user profile.

Trigger Point class describes the trigger points that should be checked in order to find out if the indicated Application Server should be contacted or not. Each TriggerPoint is a boolean expression in Conjunctive or Disjunctive Normal form (CNF of DNF). The absence of Trigger Point instance will indicate an unconditional triggering to Application Server.

The attribute ConditionTypeCNF attribute defines how the set of SPTs are expressed, i.e. either an Ored set of ANDed sets of SPT statements or an ANDed set of Ored sets of statements. Individual SPT statements can also be negated. These combinations are termed, respectively, Disjunctive Normal Form (DNF) and Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) for the SPT (see Annex C). Both DNF and CNF forms can be used. ConditionTypeCNF is a boolean that is TRUE when the Trigger Point associated with the FilterCriteria is a boolean expression in Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) and FALSE if the Trigger Point is expressed in Disjunctive Normal Form (DNF) (see Annex C).

Each Trigger Point is composed by 1 to n instances of the class Service Point Trigger.

Application Server class defines the application server, which is contacted, if the trigger points are met. Server Name is the SIP URL of the application server to contact. Default Handling determines whether the dialog should be released if the Application Server could not be reached or not; it is of type enumerated and can take the values: SESSION_CONTINUED or SESSION_TERMINATED.

The Application Server class contains zero or one instance of the Service Information class, zero or one instance of the Include Register Response class. The Service Information class allows to download to S-CSCF information that is to be transferred transparently to an Application Server when the trigger points of a filter criterion are satisfied. ServiceInformation is a string conveying that information. See 3GPP TS 23.218 [7] for a description of the use of this information element. The Include Register Request class indicates to the S-CSCF that the incoming SIP REGISTER request is to be transferred to an Application Server when the trigger points of a filter criterion are satisfied. See 3GPP TS 23.218 [7] for a description of the use of this information element. The Include Register Response class indicates to the S-CSCF that the final SIP response to the incoming SIP REGISTER request is to be transferred to an Application Server when the trigger points of a filter criterion are satisfied. See 3GPP TS 23.218 [7] for a description of the use of this information element.

B.2.3 Service Point Trigger

The following picture gives an outline of the UML model of Service Point Trigger class:

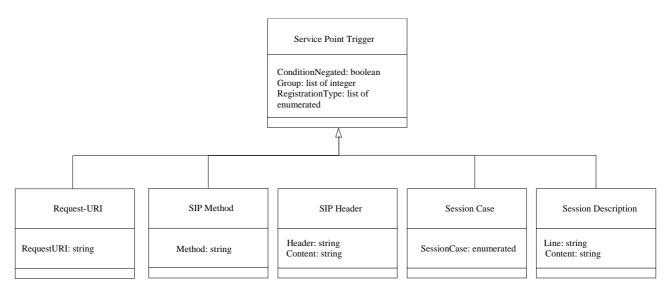


Figure B.2.3.1: Service Point Trigger

The attribute Group of the class Service Point Trigger allows the grouping of SPTs that will configure the sub-expressions inside a CNF or DNF expression. For instance, in the following CNF expression (A+B).(C+D), A+B and C+D would correspond to different groups.

In CNF, the attribute Group identifies the ORed sets of SPT instances. If the SPT belongs to different ORed sets, SPT can have more than one Group values assigned. At least one Group must be assigned for each SPT.

In DNF, the attribute Group identifies the ANDed sets of SPT instances. If the SPT belongs to different ANDed sets, SPT can have more than one Group values assigned. At least one Group must be assigned for each SPI.

The attribute ConditionNegated of the class Service Point Trigger defines whether the individual SPT instance is negated (i.e. NOT logical expression).

The attribute RegistrationType of the class Service Point Trigger is relevant only to the SIP Method SPT with a value of "REGISTER" and its' support is optional in the HSS and in the S-CSCF. The RegistrationType may contain a list of values that define whether the SPT matches to REGISTER messages that are related to initial registrations, reregistrations, and/or de-registrations. If RegistrationTypes are given, the SIP Method SPT with a value of "REGISTER" shall match if any of the RegistrationTypes match and the S-CSCF supports the RegistrationType attribute. If the SIP Method SPT contains value "REGISTER", and no RegistrationType is given, or if the S-CSCF does not support the RegistrationType attribute, the SIP Method SPT matches to all REGISTER messages. The attribute RegistrationType may be discarded if it is present in an SPT other than SIP Method with value "REGISTER".

Request-URI class defines SPT for the Request-URI. Request-URI contains attribute RequestURI.

SIP Method class defines SPT for the SIP method. SIP Method contains attribute Method which holds the name of any SIP method.

SIP Header class defines SPT for the presence or absence of any SIP header or for the content of any SIP header. SIP Header contains attribute Header which identifies the SIP Header, which is the SPT, and the Content attribute defines the value of the SIP Header if required.

The absence of the Content attribute and ConditionNegated = TRUE indicates that the SPT is the absence of a determined SIP header.

Session Case class represents an enumerated type, with possible values "Originating", "Terminating_Registered", "Terminating_Unregistered", "Originating_CDIV" indicating whether the filter should be

used by the S-CSCF handling the Originating, Terminating for a registered end user, Terminating for an unregistered end user, Originating for an unregistered end user, or Originating after Call Diversion services.

Session Description Information class defines SPT for the content of any SDP field within the body of a SIP Method. The Line attribute identifies the line inside the session description. Content is a string defining the content of the line identified by Line.

Annex C (informative): Conjunctive and Disjunctive Normal Form

A Trigger Point expression is constructed out of atomic expressions (i.e. Service Point Trigger) linked by Boolean operators AND, OR and NOT. Any logical expression constructed in that way can be transformed to forms called Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) and Disjunctive Normal Form (DNF).

A Boolean expression is said to be in Conjunctive Normal Form if it is expressed as a conjunction of disjunctions of literals (positive or negative atoms), i.e. as an AND of clauses, each of which is the OR of one of more atomic expressions.

Taking as an example the following trigger:

```
Method = "INVITE" OR Method = "MESSAGE" OR (Method="SUBSCRIBE" AND NOT Header = "from" Content = "joe")
```

The trigger can be split into the following atomic expressions:

```
Method="INVITE"

Method="MESSAGE"

Method="SUBSCRIBE"

NOT header="from" Content ="joe"
```

Grouping the atomic expressions, the CNF expression equivalent to the previous example looks like:

```
(Method="INVITE" OR Method = "MESSAGE" OR Method="SUBSCRIBE") AND (Method="INVITE" OR Method = "MESSAGE" OR (NOT Header = "from" Content = "joe"))
```

This result in two "OR" groups linked by "AND" (CNF):

```
(Method="INVITE" OR Method = "MESSAGE" OR Method="SUBSCRIBE")

(Method="INVITE" OR Method = "MESSAGE" OR (NOT Header = "from" Content = "joe"))
```

The XML representation of the trigger is:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<IMSSubscription xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</pre>
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="CxDataType.xsd">
        <PrivateID>IMPI1@homedomain.com</PrivateID>
        <ServiceProfile>
                <PublicIdentity>
                         <BarringIndication>1</BarringIndication>
                         <Identity> sip:IMPU1@homedomain.com </Identity>
                 </PublicIdentity>
                 <PublicIdentity>
                         <Identity> sip:IMPU2@homedomain.com </Identity>
                 </PublicIdentity>
                 <InitialFilterCriteria>
                         <Priority>0</Priority>
                         <TriggerPoint>
                                 <\!\!ConditionTypeCNF\!\!>\!\!1<\!\!/ConditionTypeCNF\!\!>
                                  <SPT>
                                          <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                                          <Group>0</Group>
```

<Method>INVITE</Method>

```
</SPT>
                              <SPT>
                                      <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                                      <Group>0</Group>
                                      <Method>MESSAGE</Method>
                              </SPT>
                              <SPT>
                                      <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                                      <Group>0</Group>
                                      <Method>SUBSCRIBE</Method>
                              </SPT>
                              <SPT>
                                      <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                                      <Group>1</Group>
                                      <Method>INVITE</Method>
                              </SPT>
                              <SPT>
                                      <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                                      <Group>1</Group>
                                      <Method>MESSAGE</Method>
                              </SPT>
                              <SPT>
                                      <ConditionNegated>1</ConditionNegated>
                                      <Group>1</Group>
                                      <SIPHeader>
                                              <Header>From</Header>
                                             <Content>"joe"</Content>
                                      </SIPHeader>
                              </SPT>
                       </TriggerPoint>
                       <ApplicationServer>
                              <ServerName>sip:AS1@homedomain.com/ServerName>
                              <DefaultHandling>0</DefaultHandling>
                       </ApplicationServer>
               InitialFilterCriteria>
       </ServiceProfile>
</IMSSubscription>
```

A Boolean expression is said to be in Disjunctive Normal Form if it is expressed as a disjunction of conjunctions of literals (positive or negative atoms), i.e. as an OR of clauses, each of which is the AND of one of more atomic expressions.

The previous example is already in DNF, composed by the following groups:

```
<PublicIdentity>
                       <Identity> sip:IMPU2@homedomain.com </Identity>
               </PublicIdentity>
               <InitialFilterCriteria>
                       <Priority>0</Priority>
                       <TriggerPoint>
                               <ConditionTypeCNF>0</ConditionTypeCNF>
                               <SPT>
                                       <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                                       <Group>0</Group>
                                       <Method>INVITE</Method>
                               </SPT>
                               <SPT>
                                       <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                                       <Group>1</Group>
                                       <Method>MESSAGE</Method>
                               </SPT>
                               <SPT>
                                       <ConditionNegated>0</ConditionNegated>
                                       <Group>2</Group>
                                       <Method>SUBSCRIBE</Method>
                               </SPT>
                               <SPT>
                                       <ConditionNegated>1</ConditionNegated>
                                       <Group>2</Group>
                                       <SIPHeader>
                                              <Header>From</Header>
                                              <Content>"joe"</Content>
                                       </SIPHeader>
                               </SPT>
                       </TriggerPoint>
                       <ApplicationServer>
                               <ServerName>sip:AS1@homedomain.com/ServerName>
                               <DefaultHandling index="0">0</DefaultHandling>
                       </ApplicationServer>
               InitialFilterCriteria>
        </ServiceProfile>
</IMSSubscription>
```

Annex D (informative): High-level format for the User Profile

The way the information shall be transferred through the Cx interface can be seen from a high-level point of view in the following picture:

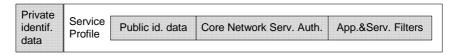


Figure D.1: Example of in-line format of user profile

If more than one service profile is created, for example to assign a different set of filters to public identifiers 1 and 2 and public identity 3, the information shall be packaged in the following way:



Figure D.2: Example of in-line format of user profile

Annex E (normative): XML schema for the Cx interface user profile

The file CxDataType_Rel8.xsd, attached to this specification, contains the XML schema for the user profile that is sent over the Cx interface. The user profile XML schema defines that are used in the user profile XML. The data that is allowed to be sent in the user profile may vary depending on the features supported by the Diameter end points, see 3GPP TS 29.229 [5]. The user profile XML schema file is intended to be used by an XML parser. The version of the Cx application sending the user profile XML shall be the same as the version of the sent user profile XML and thus it implies the version of the user profile XML schema to be used to validate it.

Table E.1 describes the data types and the dependencies among them that configure the user profile XML schema.

Table E.1: XML schema for the Cx interface user profile: simple data types

Data type	Tag	Base type	Comments
tPriority	Priority	integer	>= 0
tProfilePartIndicator	ProfilePartIndicator	enumerated	Possible values: 0 (REGISTERED) 1 (UNREGISTERED)
tSharedIFCSetID	SharedIFCSetID	integer	>= 0
tGroupID	Group	integer	>= 0
tRegistrationType	RegistrationType	enumerated	Possible values: 0 (INITIAL_REGISTRATION) 1 (RE-REGISTRATION) 2 (DE-REGISTRATION)
tDefaultHandling	DefaultHandling	enumerated	Possible values: 0 (SESSION_CONTINUED) 1 (SESSION_TERMINATED)
tDirectionOfRequest	SessionCase	enumerated	Possible values: 0 (ORIGINATING_SESSION) 1 TERMINATING_REGISTERED 2 (TERMINATING_UNREGISTERED) 3 (ORIGINATING_UNREGISTERED) 4 (ORIGINATING_CDIV)
tPrivateID	PrivateID	anyURI	Syntax described in IETF RFC 2486 [14]
tSIP_URL	Identity	anyURI	Syntax described in IETF RFC 3261 [11]
tTEL_URL	Identity	anyURI	Syntax described in IETF RFC 3966 [15]
tldentity	Identity	(union)	Union of tSIP_URL, and tTEL_URL and tWildcardedIMPU
tldentityType	IdentityType	enumerated	Possible values: 0 (PUBLIC_USER_IDENTITY) 1 (DISTINCT_PSI) 2 (WILDCARDED_PSI) 3 (WILDCARDED_IMPU) (See Note 1) 4 (IMPU_WILDCARD) (See Note 1)
tServiceInfo	ServiceInfo	string	
tString	RequestURI, Method, Header, Content, Line	string	
tBool	ConditionTypeCNF, ConditionNegated, BarringIndication	boolean	Possible values: 0 (false) 1 (true)
tSubscribedMediaProfil eld	SubscribedMediaProfi leld	integer	>=0
tDisplayName	DisplayName	string	
tAliasIdentityGroupID	AliasIdentityGroupID	string	
tServiceLevelTraceInfo	ServiceLevelTraceInf o	string	Syntax described in clause 14 within IETF draft-dawes-sipping-debug [20]
tServicePriorityLevel	ServicePriorityLevel	enumerated	Possible values: 0 (Highest priority) 1 2 3 4 (Lowest priority)

NOTE 1: IMPU_WILDCARD indicates that the content of the identity in the "Identity" tag is a Wildcarded Public User Identity, while WILDCARDED_IMPU indicates that it is a specific Public User Identity matching a Wildcarded Public User Identity.

Table E.2: XML schema for the Cx interface user profile: complex data types

Doto typo	Tag			Compound of	
Data type	ray		Tag	Type	Cardinality
tIMSSubscription	IMSSubscription	Private		tPrivateID	1
eassenpasin	in Coaboon paion	Service		tServiceProfile	(1 to n)
tServiceProfile	ServiceProfile	Publicle		tPublicIdentity	(1 to n)
		InitialFi	IterCriteria	tInitialFilterCriteria	, ,
			etworkServicesAut	CoreNetworkServicesAuthori	(0 to n) (0 to 1)
		horizati		zation	(0 10 1)
		Extensi		tServiceProfileExtension	(0 to 1)
tServiceProfileExtension	Extension	Shared	IFCSetID	tSharedIFCSetID	(0 to n)
tCoreNetworkServicesAu	CoreNetworkServi	Subscri	bedMediaProfileId	tSubscribedMediaProfileId	(0 to 1)
thorization	cesAuthorization				
		Extensi	on	tCNServicesAuthorizationExt	(0 to 1)
tPublicIdentity	PublicIdentity	Parring	Indication	ension tBool	(0 to 1)
trublicidentity	Publicidentity	Identity	Indication	tldentity	1
		Extensi		tPublicIdentityExtension	(0 to 1)
tInitialFilterCriteria	InitialFilterCriteria	Priority	011	tPriority	1
		Trigger	Point	tTrigger	(0 to 1)
			tionServer	tApplicationServer	1
			PartIndicator	tProfilePartIndicator	(0 to 1)
tTrigger	TriggerPoint	Conditi	onTypeCNF	tBool	1
		SPT		tSePoTri	(1 to n)
tSePoTri	SPT		onNegated	tBool	(0 to 1)
		Group	D (11D)	tGroupID	(1 to n
		<u> </u>	RequestURI	tString	1
		e of	Method SIPHeader	tString tHeader	1
		Choice	SessionCase	tDirectionOfRequest	1
		S.	SessionDescripti	tSessionDescription	1
			on	toessionDescription	'
		Extensi		tSePoTriExtension	(0 to 1)
tSePoTriExtension	Extension		ationType	tRegistrationType	(0 to 2)
tHeader	SIPHeader	Header		tString	1
		Conten	t	tString	(0 to 1)
tSessionDescription	SessionDescriptio	Line		tString	1
	n	Conten		tString	(0 to 1)
tApplicationServer	ApplicationServer	Server		tSIP_URL	1 (2 (4)
			Handling	tDefaultHandling	(0 to 1)
		Service Extensi		tServiceInfo tApplicationServerExtension	(0 to 1) (0 to 1)
tApplicationServerExtens	Extension		RegisterRequest	tIncludeRegisterRequest	(0 to 1)
ion	Exterior		RegisterRespons	tIncludeRegisterResponse	(0 to 1)
		е		interest and the second	(0.10.1)
tIncludeRegisterRequest	IncludeRegisterRe	(NOTE	2)	(NOTE 2)	(0 to 1)
	quest				
tIncludeRegisterResp	tIncludeRegister	(NOTE	(2)	(NOTE 2)	(0 to 1)
onse	Response				
tPublicIdentityExtensio	Extension	Identity		tldentityType	(0 to 1)
n		Wildca	rdedPSI	anyURI (NOTE 3)	(0 to 1)
		Extens		tPublicIdentityExtension2	(0 to 1)
tPublicIdentityExtensio	Extension		yName	tDisplayName	(0 to 1)
n2			entityGroupID	tAliasIdentityGroupID	(0 to 1)
		Extens		tPublicIdentityExtension3	(0 to 1)
tPublicIdentityExtensio	Extension	Wildca	rdedIMPU	anyURI (NOTE 3)	(0 to 1)
n3		Service	eLevelTraceInfo	tServiceLevelTraceInfo	(0 to 1)
		Service	ePriorityLevel	ServicePriorityLevel	(0 to 1)
tCNServicesAuthorizat ionExtension	Extension	ListOfS	Servicelds	tListOfServiceIds	(0 to 1)
tListOfServiceIds	ListOfServiceIds	Service	eld	tString	(0 to n)

NOTE 1: "n" shall be interpreted as non-bounded.

NOTE 2: empty cells shall be interpreted as complex XML elements without defined content.

NOTE 3: the syntax of Wildcarded Public User Identity and Wildcarded Service Identity shall be as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [17]

Annex F (normative): Definition of parameters for service point trigger matching

Table F.1 defines the parameters that are transported in the user profile XML.

Table F.1: Definition of parameters in the user profile XML

Tag	Description
SIPHeader	A SIP Header SPT shall be evaluated separately against each header instance within the SIP message. The SIP Header SPT matches if at least one header occurrence matches the SPT.
Header (of SIPHeader)	Header tag shall include a regular expression in a form of Extended Regular Expressions (ERE) as defined in chapter 9 in IEEE 1003.1-2004 Part 1 [13]. The regular expression shall be matched against the header-name of the SIP header. For definition of header and header-name, see IETF RFC 3261 [11]. Before matching the header-name to the pattern, all SWSs shall be removed from the header-name and all LWSs in the header-name shall be reduced to a single white space character (SP). For definition of SWS and LWS, see IETF RFC 3261 [11].
Content (of SIPHeader)	Content tag shall include a regular expression in a form of Extended Regular Expressions (ERE) as defined in chapter 9 in IEEE 1003.1-2004 Part 1 [13]. The regular expression shall be matched against the header-value of the SIP header. For definition of header and header-value, see IETF RFC 3261 [11]. If the SIP header contains several header-values in a commaseparated list, each of the header-value shall be matched against the pattern for the Content separately. Before matching the header-value to the pattern, all SWSs shall be removed from the header-value and all LWSs in the header-value shall be reduced to a single white space character (SP). For definition of SWS and LWS, see IETF RFC 3261 [11].
SessionDescription	A Session Description SPT shall be evaluated separately against each SDP field instance within the SIP message. The Session Description SPT matches if at least one field occurrence matches the SPT.
Line (of SessionDescription)	Line tag shall include a regular expression in a form of Extended Regular Expressions (ERE) as defined in chapter 9 in IEEE 1003.1-2004 Part 1 [13]. The regular expression shall be matched against the type of the field inside the session description. For definition of type, see chapter 6 in IETF RFC 4566 [12].
Content (of SessionDescription)	Content tag shall include a regular expression in a form of Extended Regular Expressions (ERE) as defined in chapter 9 in IEEE 1003.1-2004 Part 1 [13]. The regular expression shall be matched against the value of the field inside the session description. For definition of value, see chapter 6 in IETF RFC 4566 [12].

Annex G (informative): Change history

	Change history								
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New		
Jun 2002	CN#16	NP-020264			Version 2.0.0 approved at CN#16	2.0.0	5.0.0		
Sep 2002	CN#17	NP-020449	001	2	Clarification of implicit registration	5.0.0	5.1.0		
Sep 2002	CN#17	NP-020449	002	1	Clarification of user registration status query	5.0.0	5.1.0		
Sep 2002	CN#17	NP-020449	003	1	Clarification of HSS initiated update of user profile	5.0.0	5.1.0		
Sep 2002	CN#17	NP-020449	004	2	Clarification of MAR command	5.0.0	5.1.0		
Sep 2002	CN#17	NP-020449	005	1	Conditionality of the SIP-Auth-Data-Item in MAA command	5.0.0	5.1.0		
Dec 2002	CN#18	NP-020587	800	2	Rejection of registration of a Temporary Public Identity without active implicit registration	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002	CN#18	NP-020587	010	-	Removal of upper bounds in Cx i/f user profile	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002		NP-020587	011	-	S-CSCF Assignment	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002	CN#18	NP-020587	012	-	NAS-Session-Key AVPs in MAA command	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002	CN#18	NP-020587	013	1	Correction to detailed behaviour of user registration status query	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002	CN#18	NP-020587	014	1	Removing the DDF dependencies from Cx interface	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002	CN#18	NP-020587	015	1	Clarification of SERVER_CHANGE de-registration reason code	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002		NP-020589		1	Clarification of User-Authorization-Type AVP usage within the UAR	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002		NP-020587	017	1	Correction to HSS initiated update of user profile	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002		NP-020588		-	Correction in charging information	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002		NP-020590		1	Error handling in S-CSCF when receiving too much data	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002		NP-020587	021	1	Re-allocation of S-CSCF	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Dec 2002		NP-020591	022	<u> </u>	Correction of the SPI	5.1.0	5.2.0		
Mar 2003		NP-030101	025	1	Clarification of service profile download at service profile modification	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003	CN#19	NP-030101	028	-	Filter ID field removal in InitialFilterCriteria class	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003		NP-030101	030	1	Clarification of IMPU barring handling	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003		NP-030101	032	1	The default public user identity in the Server-Assignment-Answer	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003		NP-030101	034	2	Corrections to service profile	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003		NP-030101	034	3	Handling of non supported data in the S-CSCF when the profile is	5.2.0	5.3.0		
					being updated				
Mar 2003		NP-030101	024	1	Clarification of the HSS behaviour in REGISTRATION and DE_REGISTRATION procedures at IMPU checking time.	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003		NP-030101	027	-	Deletion of Annex F	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003		NP-030101		-	Clarification of User-Authorization-Type AVP usage within UAR	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003		NP-030101	031	1	Update TS 29.228 after Diameter has become RFC	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003		NP-030101	033	1	Replacement of the NAS-Session-Key AVP	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003	CN#19	NP-030101	035	2	Clarification on Re-allocation of S-CSCF	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003	CN#19	NP-030101	038	1	Change of SPI to SPT	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003		NP-030101	040	1	Definition of the Subscribed Media Profile Identifier	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Mar 2003	CN#19	NP-030101	026		Error in definition of Service Point of Interest class	5.2.0	5.3.0		
Jun 2003	CN#20	NP-030215	043	-	Correct use of the Result-Code AVP	5.3.0	5.4.0		
Jun 2003	CN#20	NP-030215	044	1	Conditionality of User-Name AVP in Server-Assignment-Answer	5.3.0	5.4.0		
Jun 2003	CN#20	NP-030215	045	2	Corrections to the base 64 encoding examples	5.3.0	5.4.0		
Jun 2003	CN#20	NP-030215	046	1	Deregistration of implicitly registered public user identities	5.3.0	5.4.0		
Jun 2003	CN#20	NP-030215	047	-	Clarification on the Server-Assignment-Type NO_ASSIGNMENT	5.3.0	5.4.0		
Jun 2003	CN#20	NP-030215	048	1	Incorrect use of result-code	5.3.0	5.4.0		
Jun 2003	CN#20	NP-030215	049	1	Misalignment in the Public-User-Identity IE	5.3.0	5.4.0		
Jun 2003		NP-030215		1	Duplicated Destination-Host AVP within MAR command code	5.3.0	5.4.0		
Sep 2003		NP-030383		3	Error in S-CSCF Assignment Type	5.4.0	5.5.0		
Sep 2003	_	NP-030383		2	Mistakes in the XML schema of 29.228-540	5.4.0	5.5.0		
Sep 2003		NP-030383		1	Extensibility of the public identity structure in the XML schema	5.4.0	5.5.0		
Sep 2003		NP-030394		2	Introduction of Presence Stage 3 (Px) to the Cx interface	5.5.0	6.0.0		
Sep 2003		NP-030394		-	Sharing public identities across multiple UEs	5.5.0	6.0.0		
Dec 2003		NP-030585		3	Conditions for inclusion of Charging Information	6.0.0	6.1.0		
Dec 2003		NP-030500		1	MAR in synchronisation failure case	6.0.0	6.1.0		
Dec 2003	_	NP-030500	_	1	The S-CSCF name needs to be checked always in MAR	6.0.0	6.1.0		
Dec 2003		NP-030500		-	Conditional AVPs in answer commands	6.0.0	6.1.0		
Dec 2003	_	NP-030500	065	1	Server-Assignment-Request	6.0.0	6.1.0		
Dec 2003		NP-030500		- 1	Determination of User-Authorization-Type AVP based on	6.0.0	6.1.0		
					registration expiration				
Dec 2003	CN#22	NP-030500	069	2	Not registered state after deregistration with S-CSCF deleted at the HSS	6.0.0	6.1.0		
Dec 2003	CN#22	NP-030500	071	-	The extensibility of the XML schema	6.0.0	6.1.0		
Dec 2003	CN#22	İ		l _	Reference [9] updated	6.0.0	6.1.0		

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Mar 2004		NP-040046	077	1	Clarification on S-CSCF-Name comparison	6.1.0	6.2.0
Mar 2004		NP-040055	081	-	Error for missing identification in SAR command	6.1.0	6.2.0
Mar 2004	CN#23	NP-040046	085	1	Conditions for inclusion of Public Identity in SAR	6.1.0	6.2.0
Mar 2004	CN#23	NP-040046	087	1	Correction to sending the Charging-Information AVP	6.1.0	6.2.0
Mar 2004	CN#23	NP-040046	089	-	Correction to User-Authorization-Answer	6.1.0	6.2.0
Mar 2004	CN#23	NP-040046	091	-	Default handling of error cases during IMS registration	6.1.0	6.2.0
Jun 2004	CN#24	NP-040215	097	2	Update of the charging addresses from HSS	6.2.0	6.3.0
Jun 2004	CN#24	NP-040215	095	1	Content of the User Profile	6.2.0	6.3.0
Jun 2004		NP-040215	099	-	Correction of SessionCase attribute ambiguity	6.2.0	6.3.0
Sep 2004		NP-040416	109	1	LIR and services related to unregistered state	6.3.0	6.4.0
Sep 2004		NP-040401	121	2	Triggering initial REGISTER messages	6.3.0	6.4.0
Sep 2004		NP-040401	118	1	XML versioning	6.3.0	6.4.0
Sep 2004		NP-040401	122	1	Optimization of User Profile Download	6.3.0	6.4.0
Sep 2004		NP-040396	124	2	Simplification of the User Profile Split concept	6.3.0	6.4.0
		NP-040416	120	3		6.3.0	6.4.0
Sep 2004					Use of regular expressions		
Dec 2004		NP-040523	138	1	HSS initiated deregistration with "not registered" registration state	6.4.0	6.5.0
Dec 2004	CN#26	NP-040530	140	1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	6.4.0	6.5.0
-	0111100	115 0 10 500			termination		
Dec 2004	CN#26	NP-040523	142	2	HSS initiated deregistration using the network initiated de-	6.4.0	6.5.0
					registration procedure		
Dec 2004		NP-040530	146	1	Clarification of R6 authentication scheme	6.4.0	6.5.0
Dec 2004		NP-040523	150	-	Regular Expressions	6.4.0	6.5.0
Dec 2004		NP-040530	155	-	Correction to XML Root Element	6.4.0	6.5.0
Dec 2004		NP-040530	156	1	Modification of User-Data-Already-Available in SAR command.	6.4.0	6.5.0
Dec 2004		NP-040523	159	2	Handling of Information Element marked as (M), (C) or (O)	6.4.0	6.5.0
Mar 2005	CN#27	NP-050030	166	-	Avoiding undesired deregistration	6.5.0	6.6.0
Mar 2005		NP-050030	168	1	Correction to authentication procedures in not registered case	6.5.0	6.6.0
Mar 2005		NP-050037	170	3	Clarification of behaviour for Shared Public User Identities	6.5.0	6.6.0
Mar 2005		NP-050037	172	-	Distribution of Cipher Key and Integrity Key	6.5.0	6.6.0
Apr 2005	OIVIIZI	141 000007	172		Editorial correction on figure figure A.4.1.1 and on clauses: 6.1.4.1,	6.6.0	6.6.1
Apr 2000					6.2.2, B.2.1 and 6.2.1.1	0.0.0	0.0.1
Jun 2005	CT#28	CP-050086	181	_	TEL-URI reference correction	6.6.1	6.7.0
Jun 2005		CP-050086	183	_		6.6.1	6.7.0
				-	Clarification on Server Capabilities		
Jun 2005		CP-050086	185	-	Incorrect Implementation of CR172	6.6.1	6.7.0
Jun 2005		CP-050081	188	1	Clarification of the content of SIP-Authentication-Context	6.6.1	6.7.0
Jun 2005		CP-050086	192	-	Syntax correction for XML	6.6.1	6.7.0
Sep 2005	CT#29	CP-050422	196	-	Authentication Registration with synchronization failure, Data	6.7.0	6.8.0
_					requested from HSS		
Sep 2005	CT#29	CP-050296	200		Correction to XML Schema for SharedIFCSet	6.7.0	6.8.0
Sep 2005	CT#29	CP-050440	202	2	Private identities on the Cx	6.7.0	6.8.0
Sep 2005	CT#29	CP-050282	204	1	Charging-Information correction	6.7.0	6.8.0
Sep 2005		CP-050296	207	1	Corrections to UAR and LIR for shared public identities	6.7.0	6.8.0
Sep 2005	CT#29	CP-050422	208	1	Behaviour of the Implicit Registration Set for the Unregistered state	6.7.0	6.8.0
Sep 2005		CP-050296	210	-	Change of stage 2 reference from Release 5 to Release 6	6.7.0	6.8.0
Sep 2005	CT#29	CP-050294	211	-	PSI Activation	6.7.0	6.8.0
Sep 2005		CP-050271		2	Removal of redundant restrictions for one Public User Identity in	6.7.0	6.8.0
					SAR		
Sep 2005	CT#29	CP-050296	216	-	Error code clean up	6.7.0	6.8.0
Sep 2005		CP-050296	217	1	Clarification of User Profile update	6.7.0	6.8.0
Dec 2005		CP-050604	198	5	XML syntax correction	6.8.0	6.9.0
Dec 2005		CP-050611	220	1	PSI impacts on the Cx Interface	6.8.0	6.9.0
Dec 2005		CP-050611	221	3	Routing for PSIs Matching a Wildcarded PSI	6.8.0	6.9.0
Dec 2005		CP-050611	222	2	Removal of overhead in Private Identities handling in RTR	6.8.0	6.9.0
		CP-050611 CP-050605		2			
Dec 2005			229		Use-Data description corrections	6.8.0	6.9.0
Dec 2005		CP-050605	232	2	S-CSCF assignment checking for notregistered state	6.8.0	6.9.0
Dec 2005		CP-050605	236	4	RTR correction	6.8.0	6.9.0
Dec 2005		CP-050605	238	1	PPR correction	6.8.0	6.9.0
Dec 2005		CP-050611	239	1	Private User Id in RTR	6.8.0	6.9.0
Dec 2005		CP-050611	246	1	Server capabilities associations with features	6.8.0	6.9.0
Dec 2005	CT#30				Rel-7 version was created because of ETSI TISPAN references.	6.9.0	7.0.0
	CT#31	CP-060084	0243	1	SPT for mobile orig unregistered	7.0.0	7.1.0
Mar 2006	0.70.			2	Removal of the terms Mobile Originated and Mobile Terminated	7.0.0	7.1.0
		CP-060159	0247				7.1.0
Mar 2006	CT#31	CP-060159 CP-060154		-		7.0.0	7.1.0
Mar 2006 Mar 2006	CT#31 CT#31	CP-060154	0254		Alignment of Annex E with .xsd file		
Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006	CT#31 CT#31 CT#31	CP-060154 CP-060154	0254 0256	-	Alignment of Annex E with .xsd file Incorrect implementation of CR 0198	7.0.0	7.1.0
Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006	CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31	CP-060154 CP-060154 CP-060065	0254 0256 0260	- - 2	Alignment of Annex E with .xsd file Incorrect implementation of CR 0198 Handling of unknown errors	7.0.0 7.0.0	7.1.0 7.1.0
Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006	CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31	CP-060154 CP-060154 CP-060065 CP-060154	0254 0256 0260 0263	-	Alignment of Annex E with .xsd file Incorrect implementation of CR 0198 Handling of unknown errors Private User ID in PPR and RTR	7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0	7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0
Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006	CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31	CP-060154 CP-060154 CP-060065 CP-060154 CP-060065	0254 0256 0260 0263 0269	- 2 2	Alignment of Annex E with .xsd file Incorrect implementation of CR 0198 Handling of unknown errors Private User ID in PPR and RTR Message flow correction	7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0	7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0
Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006	CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31	CP-060154 CP-060154 CP-060065 CP-060154 CP-060065 CP-060065	0254 0256 0260 0263 0269 0274	- 2 2 -	Alignment of Annex E with .xsd file Incorrect implementation of CR 0198 Handling of unknown errors Private User ID in PPR and RTR Message flow correction Default public-id and PPR	7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0	7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0
Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Jun 2006	CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#32	CP-060154 CP-060154 CP-060065 CP-060065 CP-060065 CP-060302	0254 0256 0260 0263 0269 0274 0285	- 2 2 - -	Alignment of Annex E with .xsd file Incorrect implementation of CR 0198 Handling of unknown errors Private User ID in PPR and RTR Message flow correction Default public-id and PPR S-CSCF reselection removal	7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.1.0	7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.2.0
Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Jun 2006 Jun 2006	CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#32 CT#32	CP-060154 CP-060154 CP-060065 CP-060154 CP-060065 CP-060065 CP-060302 CP-060308	0254 0256 0260 0263 0269 0274 0285 0290	- 2 2 - - - 3	Alignment of Annex E with .xsd file Incorrect implementation of CR 0198 Handling of unknown errors Private User ID in PPR and RTR Message flow correction Default public-id and PPR S-CSCF reselection removal Correction of the normative text in the table 6.7	7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.1.0 7.1.0	7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.2.0 7.2.0
Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Mar 2006 Jun 2006	CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#31 CT#32 CT#32 CT#32	CP-060154 CP-060154 CP-060065 CP-060065 CP-060065 CP-060302	0254 0256 0260 0263 0269 0274 0285 0290 0292	- 2 2 - -	Alignment of Annex E with .xsd file Incorrect implementation of CR 0198 Handling of unknown errors Private User ID in PPR and RTR Message flow correction Default public-id and PPR S-CSCF reselection removal	7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.0.0 7.1.0	7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.1.0 7.2.0

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Sep 2006 CT433 CP-690471 CO99 1 Default Public User ID either SIP URI or tel URI 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CT433 CP-690471 3004 1 Barning Indication for public user identity or control. 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CT433 CP-600471 3004 1 Barning Indication for public user identity or correction. 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CT433 CP-604171 3015 1 Registration or correction. 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CT433 CP-604171 3015 3 Sep 2006 7433 CP-604161 317 2 Allowing a Display Name to be associated with a Public Identity. 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CT434 CP-606553 3025 1 SDP reference correction 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CT444 CP-606563 3025 1 SDP reference correction 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CT444 CP-606563 3027 1 Correction of Private Identity description in SAR 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CT443 CP-606563 3027 1 Correction of Private Identi								
Sep 2006 CTR43 CP-669417 (3006) 2 Deletion of description about Authentication-Data-Hem 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CTR43 CP-0699417 (3014) AS originating requests on behalf of a user 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CTR43 CP-060417 (3014) AS originating requests on behalf of a user 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CTR43 CP-060417 (3017) Lipidate of the Table 6.7° Guidelines for S-CSCF Capabilities 7.20 7.30 Dec 2006 CTR43 CP-060566 (3025) 1. New message flow about AS originating session 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CTR44 CP-060566 (3026) 1. New message flow about AS originating session 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CTR45 CP-060566 (3032) 3. Correction of error code in SAA 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CTR46 CP-060566 (3038) 3. Correction of error code in SAA 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CTR49 CP-060566 (3038) 3. William code in the SAA 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CTR49 CP-060735 (3034) 3. Clarification regarding URI Lance and Calculation o	Sep 2006	CT#33	CP-060417		-	Default Public User ID either SIP URI or tel URI		7.3.0
Sep 2006 CT833 CP660391 331 I Registration message frow correction 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CT833 CP660411 3314 A Songraphing requested on behalf of a user 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CT833 CP606411 3317 2.00 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CT834 CP606533 3025 1 SUP Foreignee correction 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CT834 CP605563 3025 1 No message frow about AS originating session 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CT834 CP605560 3032 1 No message frow about AS originating session 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CT834 CP605563 3032 1 Correction of Private Identity associated in Section In Section 1 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CT834 CP605603 3033 1 Circulated Plant Associated Plant A					1	Ů ,		
Sep 2006 CTR33 CP606417 (0.314) A. Sorignating requests on behalf of a user 7.20 7.30 Sep 2006 CTR33 CP606417 (0.320) Update of the Table 6.7 "Guidelines for S-CSCF Capabilities" 7.20 7.30 Dep 2006 CTR34 CP606566 (0.326) 1. New message flow about AS originating session 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CTR34 CP606566 (0.327) 1. New message flow about AS originating session 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CTR34 CP606566 (0.327) 1. New message flow about AS originating session 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CTR34 CP606566 (0.332) 1. September of the Table As originating session 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CTR34 CP606555 (0.333) 3. Correction of error code in SAA 7.30 7.40 Dec 2006 CTR34 CP606555 (0.338) 3. Wilding and the September of Se								
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Sep 2006 CT#3 CP-06047 0320 - Update of the Table 6.7 "Guidelines for S-CSCF Capabilities" 7.20 7.30 7.40								
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Mar 2009 CT#43 CP-090023 0435 1 Priority Service 8.4.0 8.5.0 Mar 2009 CT#43 CP-090026 0436 1 Multiple Registrations in Registration 8.4.0 8.5.0 Mar 2009 CT#43 CP-090036 0440 2 HSS Addresses 8.4.0 8.5.0 Mar 2009 CT#43 CP-090025 0441 1 Loose Route Indication 8.4.0 8.5.0 Mar 2009 CT#43 CP-090028 0442 2 Support for GPRS IMS Bundled Authentication (GIBA) in Cx 8.4.0 8.5.0 Sep 2009 CT#45 CP-090728 0447 1 Incorrect CR implementation 8.5.0 8.6.0 8.5.0 Dec 2009 CT#46 0452 1 Unregistered user clarification 8.6.0 8.7.0 Dec 2009 CT#46 0456 2 Session-Priority AVP 8.6.0 8.7.0 Dec 2009 CT#46 0457 2 HSS behaviour after PPA with unknown user 8.6.0 8.7.0 Dec 2009	Dec 2008	CT#42	CP-080708	0434	2	S-CSCF and AS procedures with Enhanced Filter Criteria	8.3.0	8.4.0
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Mar 2010 CT#47 CP-100031 0468 1 Wildcarded Public Identity 9.0.0 9.1.0 Mar 2010 CT#47 CP-100033 0470 1 Priority service attribute 9.0.0 9.1.0 Mar 2010 CT#47 CP-100033 0474 1 User-Auth-Type not checked 9.0.0 9.1.0		CT#47	CP-100033	0462		Default IMPU	9.0.0	
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Mar 2010 CT#47 CP-100033 0474 1 User-Auth-Type not checked 9.0.0 9.1.0 Mar 2010 CT#47 CP-100033 0476 1 GIBA is not allowed when auth. Scheme is Unknown 9.0.0 9.1.0					1		9.0.0	9.1.0
Mar 2010 CT#47 CP-100033 0476 1 GIBA is not allowed when auth. Scheme is Unknown 9.0.0 9.1.0					1	User-Auth-Type not checked	9.0.0	
	Mar 2010	CT#47	CP-100033	0476	1	GIBA is not allowed when auth. Scheme is Unknown	9.0.0	9.1.0

Mar 2010	CT#47	CP-100042	0477	2	Clarification on the use of User-Data-Already-Available	9.0.0	9.1.0
Mar 2010	CT#47	CP-100015	0482		Server Capabilities	9.0.0	9.1.0
Mar 2010	CT#47	CP-100031	0466		RTR for wildcarded public user identity	9.0.0	9.1.0
May 2010					Xml-file corrected	9.1.0	9.1.1
Jun 2010	CT#49	CP-100412	0484	3	Table not aligned with XML schema for wildcarded identities	9.1.1	9.2.0
Jun 2010	CT#49	CP-100412	0487	3	SAR with NO_ASSIGNMENT correction	9.1.1	9.2.0
Jun 2010	CT#49	CP-100412	0489	2	Update of IETF Reference	9.1.1	9.2.0

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History

	Document history						
V9.0.0	January 2010	Publication					
V9.1.0	April 2010	Publication					
V9.1.1	June 2010	Publication					
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