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Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); 3GPP Evolved Packet System (EPS); Evolved General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) Tunnelling Protocol for Control plane (GTPv2-C); Stage 3 (3GPP TS 29.274 version 10.2.1 Release 10)



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# 1 Scope

The present document specifies the stage 3 of the control plane of the GPRS Tunnelling Protocol, Version 2 for Evolved Packet System interfaces (GTPv2-C).

In this document, unless otherwise specified, the S2b, S5 and S8 interfaces refer always to the GTP-based S2b, S5 and S8 interfaces respectively .

GTPv2-C shall be used across the following EPC signalling interfaces: S3, S4, S5, S8, S10, S11 and S16.

GTPv2-C shall be used across the Sm and Sn interfaces for MBMS in EPS.

GTPv2-C based protocols shall also be used across Sv (3GPP TS 29.280 [15]) and S101 (3GPP TS 29.276 [14]) interfaces.

The procedures supported between the ePDG and the PGW on the S2b interface are specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].

# 2 References

[13]

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

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Keiease as tr	ne present aocument.
[1]	3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
[2]	3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".
[3]	3GPP TS 23.401: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) enhancements for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) access".
[4]	3GPP TS 29.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); GPRS Tunnelling Protocol (GTP) across the Gn and Gp interface".
[5]	3GPP TS 24.008: "Mobile radio interface Layer 3 specification; Core network protocols; Stage 3".
[6]	IETF RFC 791 (STD 0005): "Internet Protocol", J. Postel.
[7]	IETF RFC 768 (STD 0006): "User Datagram Protocol", J. Postel.
[8]	3GPP TS 32.251: "Telecommunication Management; Charging Management; Packet Switched (PS) domain charging.
[9]	3GPP TS 32.298: "Telecommunication Management; Charging Management; Charging Data Record (CDR) parameter classification.
[10]	3GPP TS 36.413: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); S1 Application Protocol (S1AP)".
[11]	3GPP TS 33.102: "3G security; Security architecture".
[12]	3GPP TS 33.401: "3GPP System Architecture Evolution (SAE); Security architecture".

3GPP TS 29.281: "GPRS Tunnelling Protocol User Plane (GTPv1-U)".

[14]	3GPP TS 29.276: "Optimized Handover Procedures and Protocols between E-UTRAN Access and cdma2000 HRPD Access – Stage 3".
[15]	3GPP TS 29.280: "3GPP EPS Sv interface (MME to MSC) for SRVCC".
[16]	IETF RFC 2460: "Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) Specification".
[17]	3GPP TS 23.007: "Restoration procedures".
[18]	3GPP TS 32.422: "Telecommunication management; Subscriber and equipment trace; Trace control and configuration management".
[19]	3GPP TS 36.300: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); Overall description; Stage 2".
[20]	3GPP TS 36.414: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); S1 data transport".
[21]	3GPP TS 23.272: "Circuit switched fallback in Evolved Packet System; Stage 2".
[22]	3GPP TS 29.118: "Mobility Management Entity (MME) - Visitor Location Register (VLR) SGs interface specification".
[23]	3GPP TS 24.301: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for Evolved Packet".
[24]	void
[25]	ITU-T Recommendation E.164: "The international public telecommunication numbering plan".
[26]	3GPP TS 29.275: "Proxy Mobile IPv6 (PMIPv6) based Mobility and Tunnelling protocols; Stage 3".
[27]	3GPP TS 44.018: "Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification; Radio Resource Control Protocol".
[28]	$3\mbox{GPP TS}$ $48.008$ : "Mobile-services Switching Centre - Base Station System (MSC-BSS) interface; Layer 3 specification".
[29]	3GPP TS 29.212: "Policy and charging control over Gx reference point".
[30]	3GPP TS 24.007: "Mobile radio interface signalling layer 3; General aspects".
[31]	IETF RFC 1035:"Domain Names - Implementation and Specification".
[32]	3GPP TS 29.303: "Domain Name System Procedures; Stage 3".
[33]	3GPP TS 25.413: "UTRAN Iu Interface RANAP Signalling".
[34]	3GPP TS 48.018: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Base Station System (BSS) - Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN); BSS GPRS Protocol (BSSGP)".
[35]	3GPP TS 23.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Service description; Stage 2".
[36]	3GPP TS 32.295: "Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) transfer".
[37]	3GPP TS 23.246: "Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS); Architecture and functional description".
[38]	3GPP TS 29.061: "Interworking beween the Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) supporting Packet Based Services and Packet Data Networks (PDN) ".
[39]	IETF RFC 3588: "Diameter Base Protocol ".
[40]	IETF RFC 4607: "Source-Specific Multicast for IP".
[41]	3GPP TS 29.002: "Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification".

[42]	3GPP TS 29.010: "Information element mapping between Mobile Station - Base Station System and BSS - Mobile-services Switching Centre (MS - BSS - MSC) Signalling procedures and the Mobile Application Part (MAP)".
[43]	3GPP TS 23.216: "Single Radio Voice Call Continuity (SRVCC); Stage 2".
[44]	3GPP TS 32.423: " Telecommunication management; Subscriber and equipment trace: Trace data definition and management".
[45]	3GPP TS 23.402: "Architecture enhancements for non-3GPP accesses.
[46]	3GPP TR 25.999: "HSPA Evolution (FDD)".

# 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

**GTP-PDU:** GTP Protocol Data Unit is either a GTP-C Message or a GTP-U Message. GTP-U Message may be either a signalling message across the user plane tunnel, or a G-PDU (see clause 6).

- **Signalling Message**: any GTP-PDU (GTP-C or GTP-U) except the G-PDU.
- G-PDU: GTP user plane message, which carries the original packet (payload). G-PDU consists of GTP-U
  header and a T-PDU.
- **T-PDU:** original packet, for example an IP datagram, from an UE or a network node in an external packet data network. A T-PDU is the payload that is tunnelled in the GTP-U tunnel.
- **GTP-C Message:** GTP control plane message type of a GTP-PDU. GTP-C message consists of GTP-C header, which is followed by zero or more information elements.
- **GTP-U Message:** GTP user plane message. The user plane messages are used to carry user data packets, and also signalling messages e.g. for path management and error indication. Therefore, GTP-U message consists of GTP-U header, which is followed by either a T-PDU, or zero or more information elements.

GTP Tunnel: A GTP tunnel is a communication tunnel between two GTP nodes (see subclause 4.1 "GTP Tunnel").

**Tunnel Endpoint:** A tunnel endpoint is identified with a TEID, an IP address and a UDP port number (see subclause 4.1 "GTP Tunnel").

**Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (TEID):** unambiguously identifies a tunnel endpoint in scope of a path (see subclause 4.1 "GTP Tunnel").

# 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

S1-U Interface between SGW and eNodeB X2 Interface between eNodeBs

## 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

AMBR Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate

APN Access Point Name

APN-NI Access Point Name Network Identifier
APN-OI Access Point Name Operator Identifier

EBI EPS Bearer ID eNodeB Evolved Node B EPC Evolved Packet Core

ePDG Evolved Packet Data Gateway EPS Evolved Packet System

F-TEID Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier

G-PDU GTP-U non-signalling PDU
GPRS General Packet Radio Service
GTP GPRS Tunnelling Protocol
GTP-PDU GTP-C PDU or GTP-U PDU
GTPv2-C GTP version 2, control plane
GTPv2-U GTP version 2, user plane

IMSI International Mobile Subscriber Identity

IP Internet Protocol
LBI Linked Bearer identity

L1 Layer 1
L2 Layer 2
LGW Local Gateway
LIPA Local IP Access

MBMS Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service

MEI Mobile Equipment Identity
MSISDN Mobile Subscriber ISDN Number

PAA PDN Address Allocation PCO Protocol Configuration Options

PDU Protocol Data Unit

PDN Packet Data Network or Public Data Network

PGW PDN Gateway

PTI Procedure Transaction Id
QoS Quality of Service
RAT Radio Access Type

RIM RAN Information Management

SGW Serving Gateway

TEID Tunnel Endpoint Identifier

TEID-C Tunnel Endpoint Identifier, control plane
TEID-U Tunnel Endpoint Identifier, user plane

TFT Traffic Flow Template
TLIV Type Length Instance Value
UDP User Datagram Protocol
ULI User Location Information

## 4 General

### 4.1 GTP Tunnel

GTP tunnels are used between two nodes communicating over a GTP based interface, to separate traffic into different communication flows.

A GTP tunnel is identified in each node with a TEID, an IP address and a UDP port number. The receiving end side of a GTP tunnel locally assigns the TEID value the transmitting side has to use. The TEID values are exchanged between tunnel endpoints using GTP-C or S1-MME messages.

The criteria defining when the same or different GTP tunnels shall be used between the two nodes differs between the control and the user plane, and also between interfaces.

For the control plane, for each end-point of a GTP-C tunnel:

- The TEID-C shall be unique per PDN-Connection on GTP based S2b, S5 and S8 interfaces. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to all bearers associated to the PDN-Connection. A TEID-C on the S2b/S5/S8 interface shall be released after all its associated EPS bearers are deleted.
- There shall be only one pair of TEID-Cs per UE on each of the S3, S10 and the S16 interfaces. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to the same UE operation. A TEID-C on the S3/S10/S16 interface shall be released after its associated UE context is removed or the UE is detached.
- There shall be only one pair of TEID-C per UE over the S11 and the S4 interfaces. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to the same UE operation. A TEID-C on the S11/S4 interface shall be released after all its associated EPS bearers are deleted.
- There shall be only one pair of TEID-C per MBMS Bearer Service (i.e. per TMGI and, if provided, MBMS Flow Identifier) over the Sm and Sn interfaces respectively. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to the same MBMS Bearer Service. A TEID-C on the Sm/Sn interface shall be released after the MBMS Bearer Session is stopped.

For GTP-U, a TEID-U is used according to 3GPP TS 29.281 [13].

NOTE: GTP-U is based on GTP version 1 (GTPv1).

### 4.2 Protocol stack

#### 4.2.0 General

The protocol stack for GTPv2 shall be as depicted in Figure 4.2.0-1.

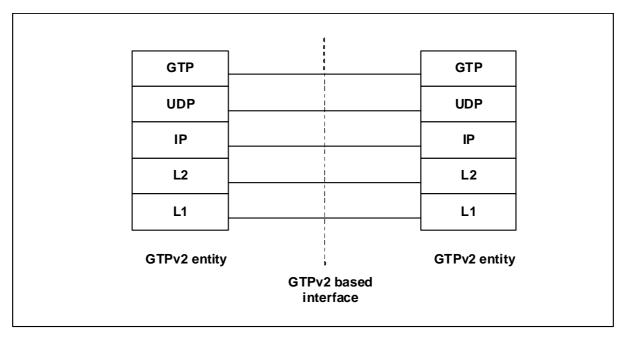


Figure 4.2.0-1: GTPv2 stack

The GTPv2 headers are specified in the respective clauses of this specification.

The source and destination IP addresses and UDP ports used for each GTP-C message depend on the role that the message plays in a message exchange. A message can be an Initial message, or a Triggered message, or a Triggered message to Triggered message. An Initial message is sent to a peer GTP entity with a sequence number chosen by the sending entity (see subclause 7.6). A Triggered message is sent in response to an Initial message. Triggered Reply message may be sent in response to a Triggered message. See subclause 7.6 for the sequence number usage.

Typically, a Request message is an Initial message, but a Request message may be a Triggered messages in certain procedures where they are triggered by an Initial Command message. See subclause 4.2.5 for classification of the Initial messages and their possible Triggered messages, as well as cases where there are Triggered Reply messages to the Triggered messages.

Piggybacking is an optional feature. If the feature is supported, then the piggybacking of the initial messages on triggered response messages for EUTRAN Initial Attach and UE-requested PDN Connectivity procedures shall be implemented as per Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. When piggybacking is used, a common IP header and a common UDP header shall be used for the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message as depicted in Figure 4.2.0-2. Immediately following the triggered response message is the piggybacked initial message, following which no additional information shall be present. The subclause 5.5 specifies the usage of piggybacking-specific fields in the GTP-C header.

IP header	UDP header	Triggered response message (P=1)	Piggybacked initial message (P=0)
		,	,

Figure 4.2.0-2: Packet Format for the Piggybacking of messages

## 4.2.1 UDP header and port numbers

## 4.2.1.0 General

A User Datagram Protocol (UDP) compliant with IETF RFC 768 [7] shall be used.

## 4.2.1.1 Initial Messages

The UDP Destination Port number for GTPv2 Initial messages shall be 2123. It is the registered port number for GTP-C.

The UDP Source Port for a GTPv2 Initial message is a locally allocated port number at the sending GTP entity.

If GTPv2 and GTP' v2 modules are using the same IP address for sending messages, the implementation shall ensure that while some source port number is used by GTPv2 messages, the same source port number shall not be used by GTP' v2 messages. Otherwise, the IP interface may have difficulty to delivering a response message to the right protocol entity.

#### 4.2.1.2 Triggered Messages

The UDP Destination Port value of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be the value of the UDP Source Port of the corresponding message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of the SGSN pool scenario.

The UDP Source Port of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be the value from the UDP Destination Port of the corresponding message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of the SGSN pool scenario.

In the SGSN pool scenario, if the Identification Request or the Context Request messages have been forwarded by another SGSN in the pool, the UDP Destination Port for the Identification Response or the Context Response message shall be determined in the following way. The value from the information element "UDP Source Port Number", which was sent in the corresponding forwarded request, shall be copied into the UDP Destination Port field. The UDP Source Port for the Identification Response or the Context Response message may be a locally allocated port number at the sending GTP entity.

#### 4.2.1.3 Piggybacked Messages

A piggybacked initial message is carried as a concatenation after a triggered response message and they share a common UDP header (see Figure 4.2.0-2).

The UDP Destination port for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the port number used for the triggered response message.

The UDP Source port for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the port number used for the triggered response message.

#### 4.2.2 IP header and IP addresses

#### 4.2.2.1 Initial Messages

The IP Destination Address of a GTPv2 Initial message shall be an IP address of the destination GTPv2 entity.

During the network triggered service restoration procedure (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), if an MME/S4-SGSN sends Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication message to the SGW, then the destination address for this message shall be the source IP address of the Downlink Data Notification message received earlier.

The IP Source Address of a GTPv2 Initial message shall be an IP address of the source GTPv2 entity from which the Initial message is originating.

#### 4.2.2.2 Triggered Messages

The IP Destination Address of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be copied from the IP Source Address of the message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of the SGSN pool scenario.

The IP Source Address of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be copied from the IP destination address of the message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of SGSN pool scenario.

In the SGSN pool scenario, if the Identification Request or the Context Request messages have been forwarded by another SGSN in the pool, the IP Source address for the Identification Response or the Context Response messages shall be locally allocated by the sending GTP entity. The IP Destination Address for the Identification Response or Context Response messages shall be determined in the following way. The value from the information element "Address for Control Plane", which was sent in the corresponding Identification Request message; or the value from the information element "S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane", which was sent in the corresponding Context Request message, shall be copied into the IP Destination Address field.

## 4.2.2.3 Piggybacked Messages

A piggybacked initial message is carried as a concatenation after a triggered response message and they share a common IP header (see Figure 4.2.0-2).

The IP Source Address for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the IP Address used for the triggered response message.

The IP Destination Address for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the IP Address used for the triggered response message.

## 4.2.3 Layer 2

Typically Ethernet should be used as a Layer 2 protocol, but operators may use any other technology.

## 4.2.4 Layer 1

Operators may use any appropriate Layer 1 technology.

# 4.2.5 Messages with GTPv2 defined replies: Classification of Initial and Triggered Messages

NOTE1: Other clauses of this specification and Stage 2 documents define in detail when a reply message is expected in an end-to-end procedure. Reply messages are triggered messages.

The expected reply to a Request message is a Triggered message and the reply has the same message name as the Request but with "Response" replacing "Request". If a Request message is a reply to a Command message, then the Request message is a Triggered message; otherwise the Request message is an Initial message. Responses do not have replies except when a "Context Acknowledge" is required as a reply to "Context Response" message as specified in relevant Stage 2 procedures. Context Acknowledge is always triggered message and does not have a reply.

NOTE2: The "Context Acknowledge" message is sent only if the "Context Response" message is received with the acceptance cause.

A message whose name ends in "Command" is always an initial message. If a "Command" message fails, the name of the reply message is constructed by replacing "Command" with "Failure Indication". Apart from "Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication" message, a "Failure Indication" is a Triggered message. The "Failure Indication" message does not have a reply. If a "Command" message is successful, its reply will be a Request as specified in relevant Stage 2 procedures.

A message whose name ends in "Notification" is always an Initial message, The expected Triggered message in reply has the same message name but with "Acknowledge" replacing "Notification", except for the case of the message "Downlink Data Notification" which has the reply "Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge" and "PGW Resart Notification" which has the reply "PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge". An "Acknowledge" message does not have a reply.

CS Paging Indication, Stop Paging Indication, RAN Information Relay, Configuration Transfer Tunnel, Trace Session Activation, Trace Session Deactivation, and Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication messages are Initial messages that do not have a reply.

A Version Not Supported Indication message is a Triggered message.

## 4.3 Transmission Order and Bit Definitions

The messages in this document shall be transmitted in network octet order starting with octet 1 with the Most Significant Bit sent first.

The most significant bit of an octet in a GTP message is bit 8. If a value in a GTP message spans several octets and nothing else is stated, the most significant bit is bit 8 of the octet with the lowest number.

## 5 GTP Header for Control Plane

## 5.1 General format

Control Plane GTP uses a variable length header. Control Plane GTP header length shall be a multiple of 4 octets. Figure 5.1-1 illustrates the format of the GTPv2-C Header.

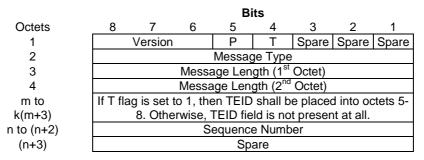


Figure 5.1-1: General format of GTPv2 Header for Control Plane

#### Where:

- if T = 0, TEID field is not present, k = 0, m = 0 and n = 5;
- if T = 1, TEID field is present, k = 1, m = 5 and n = 9.

The usage of GTPv2-C header across the EPC specific interfaces is defined in the subclause 5.5 "Usage of the GTPv2-C Header". Octet 1 bits shall be coded as follows:

- Bits 6-8 represent the Version field.
- Bit 5 represents the Piggybacking flag (P).
- Bit 4 represents the TEID flag (T).
- Bits 3-1 are spare, the sender shall set them to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore them.

## 5.2 Control Plane GTP Extension Header

The legacy Extension Header mechanism is not used for the GTP version 2 control plane (GTPv2-C). Future extensions will be implemented by adding Information Elements in the message body if new parameters are needed.

# 5.3 GTP-C header for Echo and Version Not Supported messages

The GTPv2-C message header for the Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication messages shall not contain the TEID field, but shall contain the Sequence Number fields, followed by one spare octet as depicted in figure 5.3-1. The spare bits shall be set to zero by the sender and ignored by the receiver. For the Version Not Supported Indication message header, the Sequence Number may be set to any number and shall be ignored by the receiver.

	Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1 [	,	Version	l	Р	T=0	Spare	Spare	Spare
2	Message Type							
3	Message Length (1 <sup>st</sup> Octet)							
4	Message Length (2 <sup>nd</sup> Octet)							
5	Sequence Number (1 <sup>st</sup> Octet)							
6	Sequence Number (2 <sup>nd</sup> Octet)							
7	7 Sequence Number (3 <sup>rd</sup> Octet)							
8	Spare							

Figure 5.3-1: The format of Echo and Version Not Supported messages Header

# 5.4 EPC specific GTP-C header

Apart from the Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication messages, the GTP-C message header shall contain the TEID and Sequence Number fields followed by one spare octet. A typical GTP-C header is depicted in figure 5.4-1. The spare bits shall be set to zero by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

	Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1		Version		Р	T=1	Spare	Spare	Spare
2				Messag				
3				age Len				
4	Message Length (2 <sup>nd</sup> Octet)							
5	Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (1st Octet)							
6	Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (2 <sup>nd</sup> Octet)							
7	Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (3 <sup>rd</sup> Octet)							
8	Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (4 <sup>th</sup> Octet)							
9	Sequence Number (1 <sup>st</sup> Octet)							
10	Sequence Number (2 <sup>nd</sup> Octet)							
11	Sequence Number (3 <sup>rd</sup> Octet)							
12		Spare						

Figure 5.4-1: The format of EPC specific GTPv2 Control Plane message Header

# 5.5 Usage of the GTPv2-C Header

## 5.5.1 General

The format of the GTPv2-C header is specified in subclause 5.1 "General format". The usage of the GTP-C header across e.g. S101 (3GPP TS 29.276 [14]) and Sv (3GPP TS 29.280 [15]) interfaces are defined in their respective specifications.

The usage of the GTPv2-C header for EPC specific interfaces shall be as defined below.

The first octet of the header shall be used is the following way:

- Bits 8 to 6, which represent the GTP-C version, shall be set to decimal 2 ("010").
- Bit 5 represents a "P" flag. If the "P" flag is set to "0", no piggybacked message shall be present. If the "P" flag is set to "1", then another GTPv2-C message with its own header and body shall be present at the end of the current message.

When present, a piggybacked message shall have its "P" flag set to "0" in its own header. If a Create Session Response message (as part of EUTRAN initial attach or UE-requested PDN connectivity procedure) has the "P" flag set to "1", then a Create Bearer Request message shall be present as the piggybacked message. As a response to the Create Bearer Request message, if the Create Bearer Response has the "P" flag set to "1", then a Modify Bearer Request (as part of EUTRAN initial attach or UE-requested PDN connectivity procedure) shall be present as the piggybacked message. A Create Bearer Response with "P" flag set to "1" shall not be sent

unless a Create Session Response with "P" flag set to "1" has been received for the same procedure. Apart from Create Session Response and Create Bearer Response messages, all the EPC specific messages shall have the "P" flag set to "0".

- Bit 4 represents a "T" flag, which indicates if TEID field is present in the GTP-C header or not. If the "T" flag is set to 0, then the TEID field shall not be present in the GTP-C header. If the "T" flag is set to 1, then the TEID field shall immediately follow the Length field, in octets 5 to 8. Apart from the Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication messages, in all EPC specific messages the value of the "T" flag shall be set to "1".
- Bit 3 is a spare bit. The sending entity shall set it to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore it.
- Bit 2 is a spare bit. The sending entity shall set it to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore it.
- Bit 1 is a spare bit. The sending entity shall set it to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore it.

The usage of the fields in octets 2 - n of the header shall be as specified below.

- Octet 2 represents the Message type field, which shall be set to the unique value for each type of control plane message. Message type values are specified in Table 6.1-1 "Message types for GTPv2".
- Octets 3 to 4 represent the Length field. This field shall indicate the length of the message in octets excluding the mandatory part of the GTP-C header (the first 4 octets). The TEID (if present) and the Sequence Number shall be included in the length count. The format of the Length field is specified in subclause 8.2 "Information Element Format".
- A piggybacked initial message and the preceding triggered response message present in the common IP/UDP packet shall have their own length and sequence number in their respective GTP-C headers. The overall length of the IP/UDP packet shall indicate the total length of the two GTP-C messages.
- For EPC specific interfaces, T=1, and therefore octets 5 to 8 represent the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (TEID) field. This field shall unambiguously identify a tunnel endpoint in the receiving GTP-C entity. The Tunnel Endpoint Identifier is set by the sending entity to the value provided by the corresponding receiving entity. If a peer's TEID is not available the TEID field shall be present in a GTPv2-C header, but its value shall be set to "0", as specified in subclause 5.5.2 "Conditions for sending TEID=0 in GTPv2-C header").
- Downlink Data Notification, Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge and Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication messages sent on S11/S4 as part of the Network Triggered Service Restoration procedure (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]).
- Octets 9 to 11 represent GTP Sequence Number field.

# 5.5.2 Conditions for sending TEID=0 in GTPv2-C header

If a peer's TEID is not available, the TEID field still shall be present in the header and its value shall be set to "0" in the following messages:

- Create Session Request message on S2b/S5/S8
- Create Session Request message on S4/S11, if for a given UE, the SGSN/MME has not yet obtained the Control TEID of the SGW.
- Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message on S4/S11, if the SGW selected by the MME/S4-SGSN for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW used as anchor.
- Identification Request/Response messages.
- Forward Relocation Request message.
- Context Request message.
- Relocation Cancel Request message except for the case where the old SGSN/MME has already been assigned the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Control Plane of the new SGSN/MME.
- Delete PDN Connection Set Request/Response messages.

- Configuration Transfer Tunnel message.
- RAN Information Relay message.
- If a node receives a message for which it has no context, it shall respond with "Context not found" Cause in the corresponding response message to the sender. The TEID used in the GTPv2-C header in the response message shall be set to zero.
- MBMS Session Start Request message.
- PGW Restart Notification / PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge messages.

NOTE: The Change Notification Request/Response messages are also sent on the TEID zero. These messages are not listed in the procedures above because the peer"s node TEID is available.

# 5.6 Format of the GTPv2-C Message

The GTP-C header may be followed by subsequent information elements dependent on the type of control plane message.

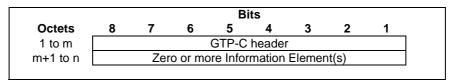


Figure 5.6-1: GTP-C Header followed by subsequent Information Elements

# 6 GTP-C Message Types and Message Formats

# 6.0 General

A GTP-C message is sent across a GTP control plane tunnel. In a message, the GTP-C header is followed by zero or more information elements. The GTP-C messages are used for the control plane path management, for the control plane tunnel management and for mobility management.

A T-PDU is an original packet, for example an IP datagram, from an UE, or from a network node in an external packet data network.

# 6.1 Message Format and Type values

## 6.1.0 Message Type

GTP defines a set of messages between two associated EPC network elements. The messages to be used shall be as defined in Table 6.1-1.

Table 6.1-1: Message types for GTPv2

Message Type value (Decimal)	Message	Reference	Initial	Triggered
0	Reserved			
1	Echo Request		Χ	
2	Echo Response			X
3	Version Not Supported Indication			X
4 to 24	Reserved for S101 interface	TS 29.276 [14]		
25 to 31	Reserved for Sv interface SGSN/MME/ePDG to PGW (S4/S11, S5/S8, S2b)	TS 29.280 [15]		
32	Create Session Request		Х	
33	Create Session Response			Χ
36	Delete Session Request		Χ	
37	Delete Session Response			Х
	SGSN/MME to PGW (S4/S11, S5/S8)			
34	Modify Bearer Request		Χ	
35	Modify Bearer Response			Χ
38	Change Notification Request		Χ	
39	Change Notification Response			Χ
40 to 63	For future use			
164	Resume Notification		Χ	
165	Resume Acknowledge			X
	Messages without explicit response			
64	Modify Bearer Command (MME/SGSN/ePDG to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8, S2b)		Х	
65	Modify Bearer Failure Indication (PGW to MME/SGSN/ePDG – S5/S8, S11/S4, S2b)			X
66	Delete Bearer Command (MME/SGSN to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8)		Х	
67	Delete Bearer Failure Indication (PGW to MME/SGSN – S5/S8, S11/S4))			Х
68	Bearer Resource Command		Х	
69	(MME/SGSN to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8)  Bearer Resource Failure Indication (PGW to MME/SGSN – S5/S8, S11/S4)			X
70	Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication (SGSN/MME to SGW – S4/S11)		Х	
71	Trace Session Activation		Х	
72	(MME/SGSN/ePDG to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8, S2b)  Trace Session Deactivation		Х	
73	(MME/SGSN/ePDG to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8, S2b) Stop Paging Indication		Х	
74 to 94	(SGW to MME/SGSN – S11/S4) For future use			
	PGW to SGSN/MME/ePDG (S5/S8, S4/S11, S2b)			
95	Create Bearer Request		Χ	Х
96	Create Bearer Response			Х
97	Update Bearer Request		Χ	Χ
98	Update Bearer Response			X
99	Delete Bearer Request		Χ	X
100	Delete Bearer Response PGW to MME, MME to PGW, SGW to PGW, SGW to MME,			X
101	PGW to ePDG, ePDG to PGW (S5/S8, S11, S2b)		Х	
101	Delete PDN Connection Set Request Delete PDN Connection Set Response		^	X
102 103 to 127	For future use			^
100 10 121	MME to MME, SGSN to MME, MME to SGSN, SGSN to SGSN (S3/S10/S16)			
128	Identification Request		Х	
129	Identification Response		^	X
130	Context Request		Х	^
131	Context Response		^	X
132	Context Response  Context Acknowledge			X
133	Forward Relocation Request		Х	
134	Forward Relocation Response			X

Message Type	Message	Reference	Initial	Triggered
value (Decimal) 135	Forward Relocation Complete Notification		X	
136	Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge			X
137	Forward Access Context Notification		Х	Λ
138	Forward Access Context Notification			Χ
139	Relocation Cancel Request		Х	Λ
140	Relocation Cancel Response			Х
141	Configuration Transfer Tunnel		Х	
142 to 148	For future use			
152	RAN Information Relay		Х	
102	SGSN to MME, MME to SGSN (S3)			
149	Detach Notification		Х	
150	Detach Acknowledge			Х
151	CS Paging Indication		Х	·
153	Alert MME Notification		X	
154	Alert MME Acknowledge			Χ
155	UE Activity Notification		Х	<u> </u>
156	UE Activity Acknowledge			Х
157 to 159	For future use			
	SGSN/MME to SGW, SGSN to MME (S4/S11/S3) SGSN to SGSN (S16), SGW to PGW (S5/S8)			
162	Suspend Notification		Х	
163	Suspend Acknowledge			Х
	SGSN/MME to SGW (S4/S11)			
160	Create Forwarding Tunnel Request		Х	
161	Create Forwarding Tunnel Response			Х
166	Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request		Х	
167	Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response			X
168	Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request		Х	
169	Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response			Χ
170	Release Access Bearers Request		Х	
171	Release Access Bearers Response			Х
172 to 175	For future use			
	SGW to SGSN/MME (S4/S11)			
176	Downlink Data Notification		Х	
177	Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge			Χ
179	PGW Restart Notification		Х	
180	PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge			Х
	SGW to SGSN (S4)			
178	Reserved. Allocated in earlier version of the specification.			
181 to 199	For future use			
	SGW to PGW, PGW to SGW (S5/S8)			
200	Update PDN Connection Set Request		Х	
201	Update PDN Connection Set Response			Χ
202 to 210	For future use			
	MME to SGW (S11)			
211	Modify Access Bearers Request		Χ	
212	Modify Access Bearers Response			Χ
213 to 230	For future use			
	MBMS GW to MME/SGSN (Sm/Sn)			
231	MBMS Session Start Request		Х	
232	MBMS Session Start Response			Χ
233	MBMS Session Update Request		Х	
234	MBMS Session Update Response			X
235	MBMS Session Stop Request		X	
236	MBMS Session Stop Response			X
237 to 239	For future use			
	Other			
240 to 255	For future use		<u> </u>	

## 6.1.1 Presence requirements of Information Elements

There are four different presence requirements (Mandatory, Conditional, Optional, or Conditional-Optional) for an IE within a given GTP-PDU:

- Mandatory means that the IE shall be included by the sending side, and that the receiver diagnoses a "Mandatory IE missing" error, when detecting that the IE is not present. A response including a "Mandatory IE missing" cause, shall include the type of the missing IE.

#### Conditional means:

- that the IE shall be included by sending entity if the conditions specified in the relevant protocol specification are met;
- the receiver shall check the conditions as specified in the corresponding message type description, based on the parameter combination in the message and/or on the state of the receiving node, to infer if a conditional IE shall be expected. Only if a receiver has sufficient information the following applies. A conditional IE, which is absolutely necessary for the receiving entity to complete the procedure, is missing, then the receiver shall abort the procedure.

#### - Conditional-Optional means:

- that the IE shall be included by the up-to-date sending entity, if the conditions specified in the relevant protocol specification are met. An entity, which is at an earlier version of the protocol and therefore is not up-to-date, obviously cannot send such new IE.
- the receiver need not check the presence of the IE in the message. If the receiver checks the presence of the Conditional-Optional IE, then the IE's absence shall not trigger any of the error handling procedures. The handling of an absence or erroneous such IEs shall be treated as Optional IEs as specified in subclause 7.7 "Error Handling".

#### Optional means:

- that the IE shall be included as a service option. Therefore, the IE may be included or not in a message. The handling of an absent optional IE, or an erroneous optional IE is specified in subclause 7.7 "Error Handling".

For conditional IEs, the clause describing the GTP-PDU explicitly defines the conditions under which the inclusion of each IE becomes mandatory or optional for that particular GTP-PDU. These conditions shall be defined so that the presence of a conditional IE only becomes mandatory if it is critical for the receiving entity. The definition might reference other protocol specifications for final terms used as part of the condition.

For grouped IEs, the presence requirement of the embedded IE shall follow the rules:

- The grouped IE is Mandatory within a given message: the presence requirements of individual embedded IEs are as stated within the Mandatory grouped IE for the given message.
- The grouped IE is Conditional within a given message: if the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Mandatory or Conditional, this embedded IE is viewed as Conditional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Conditional-Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver.
- The grouped IE is Conditional-Optional within a given message: if the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Mandatory or Conditional, this embedded IE is viewed as Conditional-Optional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Conditional-Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver.
- The grouped IE is Optional within a given message: all embedded IEs in the grouped IE are viewed as Optional IEs by the receiver.

In all of the above cases, appropriate error handling as described in subclause 7.7 shall be applied for protocol errors of the embedded IEs.

Only the Cause information element shall be included in the response if the Cause contains a value that indicates that the request is not accepted.

The following are exceptions:

- Optionally, the Protocol Configuration Options, Recovery and Local Distinguished Name (LDN) information elements may be included.
- For the rejection response of a Forward Relocation Request, the Forward Relocation Response message may also include an F-Cause IE as specified in clause 7.3.2.
- A Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge (with or) without an indication of success may also include a DL low priority traffic Throttling IE. The PGW Back-Off Time IE may also be returned when rejecting a Create Session Request with the cause "APN Congestion".
- Failure Indication type messages do not have "Accept" types of cause values i.e. all used values indicate the rejection, therefore the preceding rules do not apply. For Failure Indication type of triggered messages, some of the Mandatory information elements, other than the Cause IE, may not be included if they are not available.

## 6.1.2 Grouped Information Elements

Information elements can contain other IEs. This type of IE is called "Grouped IEs".

Grouped IEs have a length value in the TLIV encoding, which includes the added length of all the embedded IEs. Overall coding of a grouped information element with 4 octets long IE header is defined in subclause 8.2 "Information Element Format". Each information element within a grouped IE also shall also contain 4 octets long IE header.

Grouped IEs are not marked by any flag or limited to a specific range of IE type values. The clause describing an IE in this specification shall explicitly state if it is grouped.

NOTE 1: Each entry into each Grouped IE creates a new scope level. Exit from the grouped IE closes the scope level. The GTPv2 message level is the top most scope. This is analogous to the local scope of a subroutine/function.

If more than one grouped information elements of the same type, but for a different purpose are sent with a message, these IEs shall have different Instance values.

If more than one grouped information elements of the same type and for the same purpose are sent with a message, these IEs shall have exactly the same Instance value to represent a list.

NOTE 2: For instance, all "Bearer Contexts Modified" IEs of the type "Bearer Context" in a "Modify Bearer Response" message shall have the Instance value of 0, while all "Bearer Contexts Marked for Removal" IEs of the type "Bearer Context" in the same message shall have the Instance value of 1.

#### 6.1.3 Information Element instance

Every GTPv2 message and grouped IE within a message in this specification has a column documenting the instance value of each IE.

When a GTPv2 message is encoded for use the instance value of each included IE is encoded in the Instance field of the IE for the message scope. See clause 7 and subclause 8.2 for details of that encoding.

An Information Element in an encoded GTPv2 message or encoded grouped IE is identified by the pair of IE Type and Instance values and described by a specific row in the corresponding tables in subclauses of 7 in the present document.

If several Information Elements with the same Type and Instance values are included in an encoded GTPv2 message, they represent a list for the corresponding IE name and row identified in the message grammar in subclauses of clause 7.

If several Information Elements with the same Type and Instance values are included in an encoded grouped IE, they represent a list for the corresponding IE name and row identified in the grouped IE grammar in subclauses of clause 7.

In tables in this document the instance value for "Private Extension" is marked as VS (Vendor Specific). While an instance value must be encoded by the sender the value can be Vendor and even Private Extension specific.

The same IE name might be used in different messages (on the top level or within grouped IEs) in this specification. The instance value and name of an IE is only meaningful within the scope of the message definition. The combination of Type value and Instance value uniquely identifies a specific row in a message description table.

## 6.2 Message Granularity

The GTPv2-C messages shall be sent per UE on the S3, S10 and S16 interfaces.

The GTPv2-C messages shall be sent per PDN-Connection on the S2b, S4, S11, S5 and S8 interfaces apart from the following exclusion.

The following GTPv2-C messages are sent per UE on the S4 and S11 interfaces:

- Downlink Data Notification / Acknowledge / Failure Indication;
- Stop Paging Indication;
- Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response;
- Delete Session Request during TAU/RAU/Handover/SRNS Relocation Cancel Using S4/Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure with SGW change/S1 based handover cancel procedure with SGW change;
- Delete Bearer Request during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure if ISR is being deactivated.
- Release Access Bearers Request/Response;
- Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response;
- Trace Session Activation;
- Trace Session Deactivation;
- Create Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response.

The following GTPv2-C messages are sent per UE on the S11 interface:

- Modify Access Bearers Request/Response.

# 7 GTP-C messages

# 7.1 Path Management Messages

#### 7.1.0 General

Three path management messages are specified for GTP-C: Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication.

The usage of Echo Request / Response procedure is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

## 7.1.1 Echo Request

Table 7.1.1-1 specifies the information elements included in the Echo Request message.

The Recovery information element contains the local Restart Counter, which is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17])

The optional Private Extension contains vendor or operator specific information.

Table 7.1.1-1: Information Elements in Echo Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Recovery	M		Recovery	0
Sending Node Features		This IE shall be sent towards a peer node on any GTPv2 interface if the sending node supports at least one feature on this interface or if the sending node supports at least one feature and does not know the interface type towards the peer node. This IE may be present otherwise.	Node Features	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

## 7.1.2 Echo Response

Table 7.1.2-1 specifies the information elements included in the Echo Response message.

The Recovery information element contains the local Restart Counter, which is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17])

The optional Private Extension contains vendor or operator specific information.

Table 7.1.2-1: Information Elements in Echo Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Recovery	М		Recovery	0
Sending Node Features	СО	This IE shall be sent towards a peer node on any GTPv2 interface if the sending node supports at least one feature on this interface or if the sending node supports at least one feature and does not know the interface type towards the peer node. This IE may be present otherwise.	Node Features	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

## 7.1.3 Version Not Supported Indication

This message contains only the GTPv2 header and indicates the latest GTP version that the sending entity supports.

# 7.2 Tunnel Management Messages

#### 7.2.0 General

A node shall include the Recovery information element if it is in contact with the peer for the first time or the node has restarted recently and the new Restart Counter value has not yet been indicated to the peer. The peer receiving the Recovery information element shall handle it as when an Echo Response message is received but shall consider the rest of the message in accordance with the message semantics and parameters.

## 7.2.1 Create Session Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME/S4-SGSN to SGW and from SGW to PGW, and from ePDG to the PGW (see Table 6.1-1).

The Create Session Request message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- E-UTRAN Initial Attach
- UE requested PDN connectivity

The message shall also be sent on S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- PDP Context Activation

The message shall also be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change
- S1/X2-based handover with SGW change
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- 3G Gn/Gp SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- Gn/Gp SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update procedure

and on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- Routing Area Update with MME interaction and with SGW change
- Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN Routing Area Update
- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update using S4 with SGW change
- Iu mode RA Update Procedure using S4 with SGW change
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- Serving RNS relocation using S4 with SGW change
- Combined hard handover and SRNS relocation using S4 with SGW change
- Combined Cell / URA update and SRNS relocation using S4 with SGW change
- Enhanced serving RNS relocation with SGW relocation

and on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- Initial Attach with GTP on S2b
- UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b
- Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b

If the new Create Session Request message is received by the SGW with TEID 0 in the header for an existing active PDN connection context (the existing PDN connection context is identified with the tuple [IMSI, EPS Bearer ID], whereas IMSI shall be replaced by ME Identity for emergency attached UE without UICC or authenticated IMSI), this Create Session Request message shall be treated as a request for a new session. The existing PDN connection context should be deleted locally, before a new session is created.

If the new Create Session Request message is received by the PGW with TEID 0 in the header for an existing PDN connection context (the existing PDN connection context is identified with the triplet [IMSI, EPS Bearer ID, Interface type], whereas applicable Interface type here is S2b ePDG GTP-C interface or S5/S8 SGW GTP-C interface and IMSI shall be replaced by ME Identity for emergency attached UE without UICC or authenticated IMSI), this Create Session Request message shall be treated as a request for a new session. The existing PDN connection context should be deleted locally, before a new session is created.

NOTE: With GTP based S2b, the EPS Bearer IDs assigned for specific UE over S2b between an ePDG and PGW are independent of the EPS Bearer IDs assigned for the same UE over S5/S8 and may overlap in value (see 3GPP TS 23.402 [45] subcaluse 4.6.2).

Table 7.2.1-1: Information Elements in a Create Session Request

Information elements	P	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI	С	The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S4/S11 interface, and on S5/S8 interface if provided by the MME/SGSN, except for the case:  - If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.	IMSI	0
		The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S4/S11 interface, and on S5/S8 interface if provided by the MME/SGSN, but not used as an identifier  - if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.		
		The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S2b interface.		
MSISDN	С	For an E-UTRAN Initial Attach the IE shall be included when used on the S11 interface, if provided in the subscription data from the HSS.  For a PDP Context Activation procedure the IE shall be included when used on the S4 interface, if provided in the subscription data from the HSS.  The IE shall be included for the case of a UE Requested PDN Connectivity, if the MME has it stored for that UE. It shall be included when used on the S5/S8 interfaces if provided by the MME/SGSN.  The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface during an Attach with GTP on S2b and a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, if provided by the HSS/AAA.	MSISDN	0
ME Identity (MEI)		The MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S11/S4 interface:  - If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless  - If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated  For all other cases the MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S11/S4 interface if it is available.  If the SGW receives this IE, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface.	MEI	0
User Location Information (ULI)		This IE shall be included on the S11 interface for E-UTRAN Initial Attach and UE-requested PDN Connectivity procedures. It shall include ECGI&TAI. The MME/SGSN shall also include it on the S11/S4 interface for TAU/RAU/X2-Handover/Enhanced SRNS Relocation procedure if the PGW has requested location information change reporting and MME/SGSN support location information change reporting. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from MME/SGSN.  This IE shall also be included on the S4 and S5/S8 interfaces for PDP Context Activation procedure. It shall include either the CGI or SAI or RAI.	ULI	0
Serving Network		This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a PDP Context Activation, a UE requested PDN connectivity, an Attach with GTP on S2b, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b and a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b.	Serving Network	0
RAT Type		This IE shall be included on S4/S11 for RAU/TAU/Handover with SGW relocation procedures.  This IE shall be set to the 3GPP access type or to the value matching the characteristics of the non-3GPP access the	RAT Type	0

UE is using to attach to the EPS.	
The ePDG may use the access technology type of the untrusted non-3GPP access network if it is able to acquire it; otherwise it shall indicate Virtual as the RAT Type.	
See NOTE 3, NOTE 4.	

Is set to 1.  Applicable flags are:  S5/SS Protocol Type: This flag shall be used on the S1/SA interfaces.  Dual Address Bearer Flag: This flag shall be used on the S2b, S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces and shall be set to 1 when the PDN Type, determined based on the S2b, S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces and shall be set to 1 when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IPv4/G and IS OSNs without the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectively or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over form non-SQPP access.  This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP p Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S1 interface for a TAURAU procedure with SGW relocation. Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S1 interface on a S4/S0 supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME: SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.40 [13]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 not yellocation.  Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSNMME supports location info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  F-TEID or GRE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN con	Indication Flags	С	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags	Indication	0
Se/S8 Protocol Type: This flag shall be used on the S11/S4 interfaces and set according to the protocol chosen to be used on the S5/S8 interfaces.  Dual Address Bearer Flag: This flag shall be used on the S2b, S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces and shall be set to 1 when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IP/446 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Advisition procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over for mon-3GPP access. This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP in Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAURAI procedure with SGW relocation is requested by the UE.  Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAURAI procedure with SGW relocation. Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  Direct Tunnel Flag; This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/SGW support by piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane POP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity p	indication riags			Indication	
the \$11/\$4 interfaces and set according to the protocol chosen to be used on the \$5/\$8 interfaces.  Dual Address Bearer Flag: This flag shall be used on the \$2b, \$11/\$4 and \$5/\$8 interfaces and shall be set to 1 when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IP-44% and all \$65Ns which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$11/\$4 and \$5/\$8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over from non-3GPP access. This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$2b interface during a 1+andover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on \$25 and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$4/\$11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with \$6W relocation in At2-based handovers with \$6W relocation, Enhanced \$8NS Relocation with \$6W relocation, Enhanced \$100 the \$4/\$11 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be used on the \$4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MMF; \$6W support piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of \$6PP TS 2.3.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on \$5/\$8 only when both the MME and the \$6W support piggybacking.  Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and set if the \$6SSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$4/\$11 and \$5/\$8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  F-TEID or GNE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attac					
protocol chosen to be used on the S5/SB interfaces.  Dual Address Bearer Flag: This flag shall be used on the S2b, S11/S4 and S5/SB interfaces and shall be set to 1 when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IP4-W6 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  Handower Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/SB interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over for mon-3GPP access. This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation is requested by the UE.  Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  Direct Tunnel Flag; This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  Pignybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/SGW supports the pignybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support pignybacking.  Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane or PCV Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  Access Point Name  (APN)  Access Point Name  C This IE shall be sent on the S11 / S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is se					
interfaces.  - Dual Address Bearer Flag: This flag shall be used on the S2b, S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces and shall be set to 1 when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IP-44-6 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over from non-3GPP access.  This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation in AZ-based handovers with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation, Enhanced span shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/ SGW supports be piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports Cost Information Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F					
- Dual Address Bearer Flag: This flag shall be used on the S2b, S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces and shall be set to 1 when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IP4-We and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over from non-3GPP access.  This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation and the SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of SGPP TS 23,401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S6/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Piggybacking.  - Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S6 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - Unautherticated IMS1: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDMP Context Activation and the UE requested P			•		
on the \$2b, \$11,54 and \$5/\$8 interfaces and shall be set to 1 when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IP44/6 and all \$GSNs which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$11/54 and \$5/\$8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over from non-3GPP access.  This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on \$2b and IP address preservation in dication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$4/\$11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation.  - Direct Turnnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the \$4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Turnnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 on the MME/SGW supports the piggybacking leature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on SS/S8 only when both the MME/SGW supports the piggybacking leature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on SS/S8 only when both the MME/SGW and the SGSN/MME support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports be sold in for Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports piggybacking.  - PiggyBacking support sold interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports piggybacking.  - Countrol Plane PDP Context A			interfaces.		
be set to 1 when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IPV4v6 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connectivity or aPDP Context is handed-over from non-SGPP access.  This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation. Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation in Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation. Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation. In Stage St					
on UE request and subscription record, is set to IPA446 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S1154 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed over from non-3GPP access.  This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 fi Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MMIE/SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MMIE and the SGW support priggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane  PGW S5/S8 Address for Control Plane  C This IE shall be sent on the S11 / S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to 10" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  APN 0					
IPv4v6 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPD P Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over from non-3GPP access.  This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/ SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of SGPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on SS/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking used as described in Annex F of SGPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on SS/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, SS/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, SS/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and SS/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane  C This IE shall be sent on the S11/S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity proc					
handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator.  - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context is handed-over from non-3GPP access.  This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of SGPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  - Sender F-TEID for Control Plane  - PGW SS/S8 Address for Control Plane  - PGW					
the operator.  - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over from non-3GPP access.  This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated MSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMS1 present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane  - GW S5/S8 Address - Control Plane - CT This IE shall be sent on the S11/S4 interfaces. The TEID F-TEID 1 or GRE Key is set to '0' in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  - Access Point Name (APN) - APN 0					
- Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or a PDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over from non-3GPP access.  This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23-401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane PMP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  Access Point Name (APN)  Access Point Name (APN)  This IE shall be sent on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode.  O This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode.					
the \$11/54 and \$5/58 interface during an E- UTRAN Initial Altach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed- over from non-3GPP access. This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on \$2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$4/\$11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with \$GW relocation, Enhanced \$RNS Relocation with \$GW relocation and X2-based handovers with \$GW relocation and the SGW support is gashall be set to 1 on \$5/58 only when both the MME SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on \$5/58 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and set if the \$GSNMME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and set if the \$GSSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$4/\$11 and \$5/\$8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  - Verification of the Second of the			the operator.		
the \$11/54 and \$5/58 interface during an E- UTRAN Initial Altach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed- over from non-3GPP access. This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on \$2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$4/\$11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with \$GW relocation, Enhanced \$RNS Relocation with \$GW relocation and X2-based handovers with \$GW relocation and the SGW support is gashall be set to 1 on \$5/58 only when both the MME SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on \$5/58 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and set if the \$GSNMME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on \$4/\$11, \$5/\$8 and set if the \$GSSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$4/\$11 and \$5/\$8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  - Verification of the Second of the			- Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on		
Connectivity or aPDP Context is handed- over from non-3GPP access. This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation. Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/ SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 (3). This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane P PGW S5/S8 Address for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane or PMIP  Access Point Name (APN)  M  APN  O  This IE shall be sent on the S11 / S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  Access Point Name (APN)  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode.					
if the PDN connection/PDP context is handed- over from non-3GPP access. This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with CTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the \$4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation. Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/ SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S6 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane Or Control Plane Or GRE Key is set to 10' in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  Access Point Name (APN)  - Chis IE shall be sent on the S11 / S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to 10' in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.					
over from non-3GPP access. This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation. Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/ SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on SS/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane  PGW S5/S8 Address of the Sex System of the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  Access Point Name (APN)  APN 0  Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8  Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8					
This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/ SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane  Control Plane  C This IE shall be sent on the S11 / S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  Access Point Name  (APN)  ACSES Point Name  (APN)  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8  Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8					
during à Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/ SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2 CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting. See NOTE 2 Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane PGW S5/S8 Address for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane or PMIP  ACCESS Point Name (APN)  ACESS Point Name (APN)  APN  O Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8  Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8  Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8  Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8  Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8					
preservation is requested by the UE.  Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/ SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane  Control Plane  PGW S5/S8 Address for Control Plane or PMIP  PGW S5/S8 Address for Control Plane or PMIP  Cont			during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP		
- Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/ SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports SGS Information Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane or PMIP  - PGW S5/S8 Address or CT This IE shall be sent on the S11 / S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  - Access Point Name (M (APN)  - CT This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8  - Selection Mode (C)  - This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8					
the S4/S11 interface for a TAÜ/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane PGW S5/S8 Address for Control Plane or PMIP  Time Is shall be sent on the S11 / S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  ACESS Point Name (APN)  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode			preservation is requested by the UE.		
the S4/S11 interface for a TAÜ/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. See NOTE2.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting. See NOTE 2.  - Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Sender F-TEID for Control Plane PGW S5/S8 Address for Control Plane or PMIP  Time Is shall be sent on the S11 / S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures.  ACESS Point Name (APN)  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode  C This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 Selection Mode			- Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on		
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	Selection wode		interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a PDP Context	Selection Mode	U

		Activation and a UE requested PDN connectivity.		
		rectivation and a GE requested 1 DIV confidentity.		
		This IE shall be included on the S2b interface for an Initial		
		Attach with GTP on S2b and a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b.		
		Additional Forward on 625.		
		It shall indicate whether a subscribed APN or a non		
		subscribed APN chosen by the MME/SGSN/ePDG was		
	00	selected. When available, this IE shall be sent by the MME/SGSN on		
	CO	the S11/S4 interface during TAU/RAU/HO with SGW		
		relocation.		
PDN Type	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8	PDN Type	0
		interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a PDP Context		
		Activation and a UE requested PDN connectivity. This IE shall be set to IPv4, IPv6 or IPv4v6. This is based		
		on the UE request and the subscription record retrieved		
		from the HSS (for MME see 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], clause		
		5.3.1.1, and for SGSN see 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], clause		
		9.2.1). See NOTE 1.		
	С	This IE shall be included the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a PDP Context		
		Activation, a UE requested PDN connectivity, an Attach		
		with GTP on S2b, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional		
		PDN with GTP on S2b and a Handover to Untrusted Non-		
		3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b. For PMIP-based		
		S5/S8, this IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interfaces for TAU/RAU/Handover cases involving SGW		
		relocation.		
		The PDN type field in the PAA shall be set to IPv4, or IPv6		
		or IPv4v6 by MME, based on the UE request and the		
		subscription record retrieved from the HSS.		
		For static IP address assignment (for MME see 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], clause 5.3.1.1, for SGSN see 3GPP TS 23.060		
		[35], clause 9.2.1, and for ePDG see 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]		
PDN Address		subclause 4.7.3), the MME/SGSN/ePDG shall set the IPv4	PAA	_
Allocation (PAA)		address and/or IPv6 prefix length and IPv6 prefix and	PAA	0
		Interface Identifier based on the subscribed values		
		received from HSS, if available. The value of PDN Type field shall be consistent with the value of the PDN Type IE,		
		if present in this message.		
		For a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with		
		GTP on S2b, the ePDG shall set the IPv4 address and/or		
		IPv6 prefix length and IPv6 prefix and Interface Identifier		
		based on the IP address(es) received from the UE.  If static IP address assignment is not used, and for		
		scenarios other than a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP		
		IP Access with GTP on S2b, the IPv4 address shall be set		
		to 0.0.0.0, and/or the IPv6 Prefix Length and IPv6 prefix		
	00	and Interface Identifier shall all be set to zero.  This IE shall be sent by the MME/SGSN on S11/S4		
	CO	interface during TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation.		
Maximum APN	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8	APN Restriction	0
Restriction		interfaces in the E-UTRAN initial attach, PDP Context		-
		Activation and UE Requested PDN connectivity		
		procedures. This IE denotes the most stringent restriction as required		
		by any already active bearer context. If there are no		
		already active bearer contexts, this value is set to the least		
		restrictive type.		
Aggregate Maximum	С	This IE represents the APN-AMBR. It shall be included on	AMBR	0
Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)		the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, UE requested PDN connectivity, the PDP		
		Context Activation procedure using S4, the PS mobility		
		from the Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN/MME procedures,		
		Attach with GTP on S2b and a UE initiated Connectivity to		
Linked EDO Decree 15		Additional PDN with GTP on S2b.	ED:	_
Linked EPS Bearer ID	С	This IE shall be included on S4/S11 in RAU/TAU/HO	EBI	0

		except in the Gn/Gp SGSN to MME/S4-SGSN RAU/TAU/HO procedures with SGW change to identify the		
		default bearer of the PDN Connection		
Protocol	С	This IE is not applicable to TAU/RAU/Handover. If	PCO	0
Configuration Options		MME/SGSN receives PCO from UE (during the attach		
(PCO)		procedures), the MME/SGSN shall forward the PCO IE to		
		SGW. The SGW shall also forward it to PGW.		
Bearer Contexts to be	M	Several IEs with the same type and instance value shall be	Bearer Context	0
created		included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces as necessary		
		to represent a list of Bearers. One single IE shall be		
		included on the S2b interface.		
		One bearer shall be included for an E-UTRAN Initial		
		Attach, a PDP Context Activation, a UE requested PDN		
		Connectivity, an Attach with GTP on S2b, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b and a		
		Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on		
		S2b.		
		One or more bearers shall be included for a		
		Handover/TAU/RAU with an SGW change.		
Bearer Contexts to be	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interfaces for the	Bearer Context	1
removed		TAU/RAU/Handover cases where any of the bearers	Boaror Comox	
101110104		existing before the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure will be		
		deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover		
		procedure.		
		For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and		
		instance value shall be included.		
Trace Information	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an	Trace Information	0
		SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S2b		
		interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS		
		32.422 [18].		
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b	Recovery	0
		interfaces if contacting the peer node for the first time.		
MME-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface	FQ-CSID	0
		and shall be forwarded by an SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces		
0014 50 0015		according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	E0 001B	
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces	FQ-CSID	1
anno fo cein	С	according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	2
ePDG-FQ-CSID		This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	2
UE Time Zone	CO	This IE shall be included by the MME over S11 during	UE Time Zone	0
OL TIME ZONE		Initial Attach, UE Requested PDN Connectivity procedure.	OL TIME ZONE	U
		Thinday Maori, OE Hoquested I BIV Commodivity procedure.		
		This IE shall be included by the SGSN over S4 during PDP		
		Context Activation procedure.		
		·		
		This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN over S11/S4		
		TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW relocation.		
	С	If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW		
		across S5/S8 interface.		_
User CSG	CO	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface for E-	UCI	0
Information (UCI)		UTRAN Initial Attach, UE-requested PDN Connectivity and		
		PDP Context Activation using S4 procedures if the UE is		
		accessed via CSG cell or hybrid cell. The MME/SGSN		
		shall also include it for TAU/RAU/Handover procedures if		
		the PGW has requested CSG info reporting and MME/SGSN support CSG info reporting. The SGW shall		
		include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the User CSG		
		information from MME/SGSN.		
Charging	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b	Charging	0
Characteristics		interfaces according to 3GPP TS 32.251 [8]	Characteristics	J
MME/S4-SGSN LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the MME to the SGW on the	Local	0
		S11 interface and by the S4-SGSN to the SGW on the S4	Distinguished	Ĭ
		interface (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating	Name (LDN)	
		the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	,	
SGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the PGW on the	Local	1
		S5/S8 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when	Distinguished	
		communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Name (LDN)	
	_			

ePDG LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the ePDG to the PGW on the	Local	2
		S2b interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when	Distinguished	
		contacting the peer node for the first time.	Name (LDN)	
Signalling Priority	CO	The SGSN/MME shall include this IE on the S4/S11	Signalling Priority	0
Indication		interface if the UE indicates low access priority when	Indication	
		requesting to establish the PDN connection.		
		The SGW shall forward this IE in the Create Session		
		Request message on the S5/S8 interfaces if received from		
		the MME/SGSN.		
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b	Private Extension	VS
		interfaces.		

- NOTE 1: The conditional PDN Type IE is redundant on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces (as the PAA IE contains exactly the same field). The receiver may ignore it. This IE is never sent on the S2b interface.
- NOTE 2: 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication and/or CSG Change Reporting Support Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers to MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication.

NOTE3: The methods that the ePDG may use to acquire the RAT type of the untrusted non-3GPP IP access network are not specified in this release.

NOTE4: The PDN-GW can be informed about the type of access network used by the UE over several reference points, see 3GPP TS 29.212 [30] for the mapping between the code values for the different access network types.

Table 7.2.1-2: Bearer Context to be created within Create Session Request

Octet 1	Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n			
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields			
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.	
elements					
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0	
TFT	0	This IE may be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces.	Bearer TFT	0	
S1-U eNodeB F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S11 interface for X2-based handover with SGW relocation.	F-TEID	0	
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used.	F-TEID	1	
S5/S8-U SGW F- TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 interface for an "eUTRAN Initial Attach", a "PDP Context Activation" or a "UE Requested PDN Connectivity".	F-TEID	2	
S5/S8-U PGW F- TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 and S11 interfaces for the TAU/RAU/Handover cases when the GTP-based S5/S8 is used.	F-TEID	3	
S12 RNC F-TEID	CO	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is used in the Enhanced serving RNS relocation with SGW relocation procedure.	F-TEID	4	
S2b-U ePDG F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S2b interface for an Attach with GTP on S2b, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b and a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b.	F-TEID	5	
Bearer Level QoS	М		Bearer QoS	0	

Table 7.2.1-3: Bearer Context to be removed within Create Session Request

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.			
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0			
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used. See NOTE 1.	F-TEID	0			
NOTE 1: The conditional S4-U SGSN F-TEID IE is redundant.							

## 7.2.2 Create Session Response

The Create Session Response message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME, and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- E-UTRAN Initial Attach
- UE requested PDN connectivity

The message shall also be sent on S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN, and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- PDP Context Activation

The message shall also be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update procedure with SGW change
- S1/X2-based handover with SGW change
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- 3G Gn/Gp SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- Gn/Gp SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update procedure

and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the procedures:

- Routing Area Update with MME interaction and with SGW change
- Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN Routing Area Update
- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update using S4 with SGW change
- Iu mode RA Update Procedure using S4 with SGW change
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- Serving RNS relocation using S4 with SGW change
- Combined hard handover and SRNS relocation using S4 with SGW change
- Combined Cell / URA update and SRNS relocation using S4 with SGW change
- Enhanced serving RNS relocation with SGW relocation

and on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of the procedures:

- Initial Attach with GTP on S2b

- UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b
- Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b

If handling of default bearer fails, then cause at the message level shall be a failure cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "New PDN type due to network preference".
- "New PDN type due to single address bearer only".
- "Missing or unknown APN".
- "GRE key not found".
- "Preferred PDN type not supported".
- "All dynamic addresses are occupied".
- "UE context without TFT already activated".
- "Remote peer not responding".
- "Semantic error in the TFT operation".
- "Syntactic error in the TFT operation".
- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "User authentication failed".
- "APN access denied no subscription".
- "APN Restriction type incompatibility with currently active PDN Connection".
- "Version not supported by next peer".
- "Denied in RAT".
- "Protocol type not supported".
- "APN congestion".

Table 7.2.2-1: Information Elements in a Create Session Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М	See NOTE2.	Cause	0
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information Reporting Action		This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	CSG Information Reporting Action	0
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	С	This IE shall be sent on the S11/S4 interfaces. For the S5/S8/S2b interfaces it is not needed because its content would be identical to the IE PGW S5/S8/S2b F-TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface.	F-TEID	0
PGW S5/S8/S2b F- TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface	C	PGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interfaces during the Initial Attach, UE requested PDN connectivity and PDP Context Activation procedures.  If SGW receives this IE it shall forward the IE to MME/S4-SGSN on S11/S4 interaface.  This IE shall include the TEID in the GTP based S5/S8 case and the GRE key in the PMIP based S5/S8 case. In PMIP based S5/S8 case, same IP address is used for both control plane and the user plane communication.  PGW shall include this IE on the S2b interface during the Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b and Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b procedures.	F-TEID	1
PDN Address Allocation (PAA)	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces for the E-UTRAN initial attach, PDP Context Activation, UE requested PDN connectivity, Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b and Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b procedures.  The PDN type field in the PAA shall be set to IPv4, or IPv6 or IPv4v6 by the PGW.  For the interfaces other than S2b, if the DHCPv4 is used for IPv4 address allocation, the IPv4 address field shall be set to 0.0.0.0.	PAA	0
APN Restriction	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces in the E-UTRAN initial attach, PDP Context Activation and UE Requested PDN connectivity procedures.  This IE shall also be included on S4/S11 during the Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN/MME RAU/TAU procedures.  This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context.	APN Restriction	0
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	С	This IE represents the APN-AMBR. It shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces if the received APN-AMBR has been modified by the PCRF.	AMBR	0
Linked EPS Bearer ID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4/S11 interfaces during Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME RAU/TAU procedure to identify the default bearer the PGW selects for the PDN Connection.	EBI	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	С	This IE is not applicable for TAU/RAU/Handover. If PGW decides to return PCO to the UE, PGW shall send PCO to SGW. If SGW receives the PCO IE, SGW shall forward it to MME/SGSN.	PCO	0
Bearer Contexts created	M	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts sent in request message. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. One single IE	Bearer Context	0

	1	1	T T	
		shall be included on the S2b interface.		
		One bearer shall be included for E-UTRAN Initial Attach,		
		PDP Context Activation or UE Requested PDN		
		Connectivity , Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated		
		Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, and		
		Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on		
		S2b.		
		One or more created bearers shall be included for a		
		Handover/TAU/RAU with an SGW change. See NOTE 2.		
Bearer Contexts	С	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be	Bearer Context	1
marked for removal		removed that were sent in the Create Session Request		
		message.		
		For each of those bearers an IE with the same type and		
		instance value shall be included on the S4/S11 interfaces.		
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b	Recovery	0
receivery	~	interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	recovery	
Charging Gateway	С	When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is	FQDN	0
Name		configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5	FQDN	U
ivairie		interface.		
01		See NOTE 1.	ID Address	_
Charging Gateway	С	When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is	IP Address	0
Address		configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5		
		interface. See NOTE 1.		
PGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and	FQ-CSID	0
		S2b interfaces and, when received from S5/S8 be		
		forwarded by the SGW on the S11 interface according to		
		the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S11 interface	FQ-CSID	1
		according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		
SGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the MME/SGSN	Local	0
		on the S11/S4 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]),	Distinguished	
		when contacting the peer node for the first time.	Name (LDN)	
PGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally included by the PGW on the S5/S8	Local	1
		and S2b interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when	Distinguished	-
		contacting the peer node for the first time.	Name (LDN)	
SGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the MME/SGSN	Local	0
OOW LDIV	~	on the S11/S4 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]),	Distinguished	0
		when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first	Name (LDN)	
		time.	IName (LDIN)	
PGW LDN		This IE is optionally included by the PGW on the S5/S8	Local	1
PGW LDN	0			ı
		interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when	Distinguished	
DOM D. L. OKT	_	communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Name (LDN)	_
PGW Back-Off Time	O	This IE may be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11	EPC Timer	0
		interfaces when the PDN GW rejects the Create Session		
		Request with the cause "APN congestion". It indicates the		
		time during which the MME or S4-SGSN should refrain		
		from sending subsequent PDN connection establishment		
		requests to the PGW for the congested APN for services		
		other than Service Users/emergency services.		
	<u>L</u>	See NOTE 3.		
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b	Private Extension	VS
		interfaces.		
NOTE4. Dath Chare		Catoway Name and Charging Catoway Address shall not be	:	

NOTE1: Both Charging Gateway Name and Charging Gateway Address shall not be included at the same time. When both are available, the operator configures a preferred value.

NOTE2: If the SGW cannot accept any of the "Bearer Context Created" IEs within Create Session Request message, the SGW shall send the Create Session Response with appropriate reject Cause value.

NOTE 3: The last received value of the PGW Back-Off Time IE shall supersede any previous values received from that PGW and for this APN in the MME/SGSN.

Table 7.2.2-2: Bearer Context Created within Create Session Response

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0
Cause	М	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, it gives information on the reason. (NOTE1, NOTE2)	Cause	0
TFT	0	This IE may be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces.	Bearer TFT	0
S1-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S11 interface if the S1-U interface is used.	F-TEID	0
S4-U SGW F-TEID		This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used.	F-TEID	1
S5/S8-U PGW F- TEID	С	For GTP-based S5/S8, this User Plane IE shall be included on S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces during the "eUTRAN Initial Attach", a "PDP Context Activation" or a "UE Requested PDN Connectivity".	F-TEID	2
S12 SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is used.	F-TEID	3
S2b-U PGW F-TEID	С	This IE (for user plane) shall be included on the S2b interface during the Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, and Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b.	F-TEID	4
Bearer Level QoS	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces if the received QoS parameters have been modified.	Bearer QoS	0
Charging Id		This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 interface for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a PDP Context Activation and a UE requested PDN connectivity.  If the S5/S8 interface is GTP, this IE may be included on the S4 interface, in order to support CAMEL charging at	Charging Id	0
		the SGSN, for a PDP Context Activation, inter S4-SGSN RAU with SGW change and Gn/Gp to S4-SGSN RAU.		
Bearer Flags		Applicable flags are: - PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression): this flag may be set on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces.	Bearer Flags	0
TS 23.060 handover initiates the one after the message, the bearers with but with different accepted by Modify Bearers also for the separate procession.  NOTE2: According relocation initiate only (including the Response)	[35], (NOT) Create of the Single of the Sing	PP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.5.1.2.2 "S1-based handorduring the handover procedure with an SGW change, excepted addresses X2 based HO with SGW change case), the target Session Request/Response and Modify Bearer Request/Response of these bearers. The SGW hower "Bearer Context Created" IEs within Create Session Response to Cause values. Bearers that were not accepted by the SGW cition value in the Cause IE. The target MME/S4-SGSN shall as to the target SGW within the "Bearer Context to be removed accepted bearers. MME/S4-SGSN should remove all of the larget (e.g. an MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Dear PP TS 23.401 [3] subclause 5.5.1.1.3, "X2-based handover and the X2-handover procedure with an SGW change, the target Create Session Request/Response procedure. The SGW shall and the SGW shall allocate the SGW shall allocate the SGW shall allocate the SGW shall allocate the DLS accepted by the SGW) with a "Bearer Context Created" age (this table), but with different Cause values. Bearers that have an appropriate rejection value in the Cause IE, The MMI paraccepted bearers by separate procedures as well	t in the case of X2- rget MME/S4-SGS Response procedu reate Session Rec ver shall return all nse message (this shall have an send these non- ed" IE in a subsequ S5/S8 SGW F-TEII non-accepted bear activation procedur with Serving GW get MME/S4-SGSN all return all bearer IE within Create Se t were not accepte	. N ures quest table), uent Ds rers by re). N shall rs ession d by

remove these non-accepted bearers by separate procedures as well.

Table 7.2.2-3: Bearer Context marked for removal within a Create Session Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0
Cause		This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives the information on the reason.	Cause	0

### 7.2.3 Create Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW and from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN, and from PGW to ePDG (see Table 6.1-1).

The Create Bearer Request message shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the Dedicated Bearer Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure or the Network Requested Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of the Dedicated S2b bearer activation with GTP on S2b.

Table 7.2.3-1: Information Elements in a Create Bearer Request

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Procedure Transaction Id (PTI)	С	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces when the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure or Secondary PDP Context Activation Procedure.  The PTI shall be the same as the one used in the corresponding Bearer Resource Command.	PTI	0
Linked Bearer Identity (LBI)	М	This IE shall be included to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN connection.	EBI	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces.	PCO	0
Bearer Contexts	М	Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	0
PGW-FQ-CSID	C	This IE shall be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and S2b interfaces and, when received from S5/S8 be forwarded by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information Reporting Action	CO	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	CSG Information Reporting Action	0
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

NOTE: In the case that the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure or Secondary PDP Context Activation Procedure, then there will be only one instance of the Bearer Contexts IE in the Create Bearer Request.

Table 7.2.3-2: Bearer Context within Create Bearer Request

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	M	This IE shall be set to 0.	EBI	0
TFT	М	This IE can contain both uplink and downlink packet filters to be sent to the UE or the ePDG. Downlink packet filters are also used by SGW for PMIP based S5/8 interfaces.	Bearer TFT	0
S1-U SGW F-TEID	O	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if the S1-U interface is used.	F-TEID	0
S5/8-U PGW F-TEID	O	This IE shall be sent on the S4, S5/S8 and S11 interfaces for GTP-based S5/S8 interface. The MME/SGSN shall ignore the IE on S11/S4 for PMIP-based S5/S8 interface.	F-TEID	1
S12 SGW F-TEID	O	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is used.	F-TEID	2
S4-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used.	F-TEID	3
S2b-U PGW F-TEID	С	This IE (for user plane) shall be sent on the S2b interface.	F-TEID	4
Bearer Level QoS	М		Bearer QoS	0
Charging Id	0	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface.  If the S5/S8 interface is GTP, this IE may be sent on the S4 interface, in order to support CAMEL charging at the SGSN.	Charging Id	0
Bearer Flags	0	Applicable flags are: - PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression) : this flag may be set on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces	Bearer Flags	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist.	PCO	0

# 7.2.4 Create Bearer Response

The Create Bearer Response message shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW, and on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the Dedicated Bearer Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW and on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure or the Network Requested Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of the Dedicated S2b bearer activation with GTP on S2b.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "Context not found".
- "Semantic error in the TFT operation".
- "Syntactic error in the TFT operation".
- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Service not supported".
- "Unable to page UE".

- "UE not responding".
- "Unable to page UE due to Suspension".
- "UE refuses".
- "Denied in RAT".
- "UE context without TFT already activated".

Table 7.2.4-1: Information Elements in a Create Bearer Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Bearer Contexts	М	Several IEs with this type and instance value shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
MME-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interfaceand shall be forwarded by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interfaceand shall be forwarded by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
ePDG-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	2
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	С	If the UE includes the PCO IE, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the PCO IE included by the UE. If the SGW receives PCO from MME/SGSN, SGW shall forward it to the PGW.	PCO	0
UE Time Zone	O CO	This IE is optionally included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.  The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN.	UE Time Zone	0
User Location Information (ULI)	O CO	This IE is optionally included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.  The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN.	ULI	0
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.4-2: Bearer Context within Create Bearer Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0
Cause	М	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, it gives information on the reason.	Cause	0
S1-U eNodeB F-TEID	C	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if the S1-U interface is used.	F-TEID	0
S1-U SGW F-TEID	O	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request.	F-TEID	1
S5/8-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interfaces.	F-TEID	2
S5/8-U PGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interfaces. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request.	F-TEID	3
S12 RNC F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is used.	F-TEID	4
S12 SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request.	F-TEID	5
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used.	F-TEID	6
S4-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request.	F-TEID	7
S2b-U ePDG F-TEID	O	This IE shall be sent on the S2b interface.	F-TEID	8
S2b-U PGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S2b interface. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request.	F-TEID	9
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	CO	If the UE includes the PCO IE in the corresponding Activate dedicated EPS bearer context accept message, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the PCO IE included by the UE. If the SGW receives PCO from MME/SGSN, SGW shall forward it to the PGW. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist.	PCO	0

### 7.2.5 Bearer Resource Command

A Bearer Resource Command message shall be sent from a MME to a SGW and forwarded to PGW as a part of the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure or UE requested bearer resource modification procedure (which is used also for a dedicated bearer deactivation).

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by a SGSN to a SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by a SGW to a PGW as part of the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure, or secondary PDP context activation procedure.

Table 7.2.5-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.2.5-1: Information Elements in a Bearer Resource Command

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI)	М		EBI	0
Procedure Transaction Id (PTI)	М		PTI	0
Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS)	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the "Requested New QoS"/"Required QoS" is included in the corresponding NAS message (see section 9.5.10 and section 9.5.15a in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]) or the "Required traffic flow QoS" is included in the corresponding NAS message (see section 8.3.8 and section 8.3.10 in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]). If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW across S5/S8 interface.	Flow QoS	0
Traffic Aggregate Description (TAD)	М	The TAD consists of the description of the packet filter(s) for a traffic flow aggregate.	TAD	0
RAT Type	С	This IE shall be included for MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure and Secondary PDP context activation procedure.	RAT Type	0
Serving Network	0	This IE may be included in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure.	Serving Network	0
User Location Information (ULI)	0	This IE may be included in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure.	ULI	0
EPS Bearer ID	С	This IE indicates the EPS Bearer that needs to be modified. It shall be included for MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure. For EUTRAN this IE shall be present if it is triggered by the NAS Bearer Resource Modification Request message and its value shall be set to the value of the "EPS bearer identity for packet filter" IE received in that NAS message.	EBI	1
Indication Flags	0	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.  Applicable flags:  - Change Reporting Support Indication: this flag may be included in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: this flag may be included in the MS initiated PDP Context Modification procedure.	Indication	0
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct tunnel is not established in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure	F-TEID	0
S12 RNC F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct tunnel flag is set to 1 in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure.	F-TEID	1
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	0		PCO	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

NOTE: Depending on the protocol type on the S5/S8 interface, the SGW or the PGW will determine if the UE is requesting an Allocation/Modification operation of bearer resources for a traffic flow aggregate based on the TFT operation code and the packet filter ID value in the Traffic Aggregate (TAD) IE and/or the presence of the EPS Bearer ID IE.

#### 7.2.6 Bearer Resource Failure Indication

A Bearer Resource Failure Indication shall be sent by the PGW to an SGW and forwarded to the MME to indicate failure of the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure or UE requested bearer resource modification procedure.

The message shall also be sent by a PGW to an SGW and forwarded to an SGSN as part of the failure of an MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure or secondary PDP context activation procedure.

Table 7.2.6-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "User authentication failed".
- "Semantic error in the TAD operation".
- "Syntactic error in the TAD operation".
- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Collision with network initiated request".
- "Service denied".
- "Bearer handling not supported".

Table 7.2.6-1: Information Elements in a Bearer Resource Failure Indication

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	M		Cause	0
Linked EPS Bearer ID	М	See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements".	EBI	0
Procedure Transaction ID (PTI)	М	See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements".	PTI	0
Recovery	0		Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

## 7.2.7 Modify Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME/S4-SGSN to SGW and/or from SGW to PGW (see Table 6.1-1).

The Modify Bearer Request message shall only be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change
- UE triggered Service Request
- S1-based Handover
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN Initial Attach
- UE requested PDN connectivity
- 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- X2-based handover without SGW relocation

It shall also only be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- Routeing Area Update with MME interaction and without SGW change
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover

- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover
- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update to S4 SGSNs without SGW change
- Iu mode RA Update Procedure without SGW change
- Serving RNS Relocation Procedure
- Combined Hard Handover and SRNS Relocation Procedure
- Combined Cell / URA Update and SRNS Relocation Procedure
- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation without SGW relocation
- UE Initiated Service Request Procedure
- Iu mode to A/Gb mode Intra SGSN Change
- A/Gb mode to Iu mode Intra SGSN Change
- Iu mode to A/Gb mode Inter-SGSN Change
- A/Gb mode to Iu mode Inter-SGSN Change
- Paging Response with no established user plane on S4
- PDP Context Activation Procedure

only on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- RAB Assignment Procedure
- SRVCC from E-UTRAN to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support procedures and SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support.

and only on the S5/S8 interfaces by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update procedure with SGW change
- Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN Routing Area Update
- X2 based handover with SGW relocation
- Gn/Gp SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update
- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation
- Routeing Area Update with MME interaction and with SGW change
- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update using S4 with SGW change
- Iu mode RA Update Procedure using S4 with SGW change

This message can be used as an implicit resume of the suspended bearers in the SGW and in the PGW (see 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] sections 6.2.2.1 and 6.3.2.1, 3GPP TS 23.272 [21] sections 6.3, 6.5 and 7.4).

Table 7.2.7-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
ME Identity (MEI)	С	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interfaces for the Gn/Gp SGSN to MME TAU.	MEI	0
User Location Information (ULI)	С	The MME/SGSN shall include this IE for TAU/RAU/Handover procedures if the PGW has requested location information change reporting and MME/SGSN support location information change reporting.  An MME/SGSN which supports location information change shall include this IE for UE-initiated Service Request procedure if the PGW has requested location information change reporting and the UE"s location info has changed.  The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from MME/SGSN.  This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface for a	ULI	0
		TAU/RAU/Handover with MME/SGSN change without SGW change procedure, if the level of support (User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) changes the MME shall include the ECGI/TAI in the ULI, the SGSN shall include the CGI/SAI in the ULI.  The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from MME/SGSN.		
Serving Network	СО	This IE shall be included on S11/S4 interface for a TAU/RAU/handover if Serving Network is changed. This IE shall be included on S11/S4 interface for a TAU/RAU when UE was ISR activated which is indicated by ISRAU flag.  This IE shall be included on S11/S4 interface for UE triggered Service Request when UE is ISR activated.	Serving Network	0
		This IE shall be included on S5/S8 if receives this IE from MME/SGSN.		
RAT Type	СО	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface for a TAU with anSGSN interaction, UE triggered Service Request or an I-RAT Handover.  This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface for a RAU with MME interaction, a RAU with an SGSN change, a UE Initiated Service Request or an I-RAT Handover.  This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface if the RAT type changes.  If SGW receives this IE from MME/SGSN during a TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change procedure, the SGW shall forward it across S5/S8 interface to PGW.  The IE shall be sent on the S11/S4 interface for an inter MM TAU or inter SGSN RAU when UE was ISR activated which is indicated by ISRAU flag.  If ISR is active, this IE shall also be included on the S11 interface in the S11-U GTP-U tunner setup procedure during an intra-MME intra-SGW TAU procedure.	RAT Type	0
Indication Flags	С	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.  Applicable flags are:  - ISRAI: This flag shall be used on S4/S11 interface and set to 1 if the ISR is established between the MME and the S4 SGSN.  - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or for a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or a PDP Context Activation procedure, if the PDN connection/PDP context is handed-over from non-3GPP access.  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the	Indication	0

S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used.  - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting. This flag should be ignored by SGW if no message is sent
on S5/S8. See NOTE 4.  - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change
Reporting. This flag shall be ignored by SGW if no message is sent on S5/S8. See NOTE 4.  - Change F-TEID support Indication: This flag shall
be used on S4/S11 for an IDLE state UE initiated TAU/RAU procedure and set to 1 to allow the SGW changing the GTP-U F-TEID.

Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	С	This IE shall be sent on the S11 and S4 interfaces for a TAU/RAU/ Handover with MME/SGSN change and without any SGW change.	F-TEID	0
		This IE shall be sent on the S5 and S8 interfaces for a TAU/RAU/Handover with a SGW change.		
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)		The APN-AMBR shall be sent for the PS mobility from the Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN/MME procedures	AMBR	0
Delay Downlink Packet Notification		This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface for a UE triggered Service Request.	Delay Value	0
Request	СО	This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface for a UE triggered Service Request.		
Bearer Contexts to be modified	С	This IE shall be sent on the S4/S11 interface and S5/S8 interface except on the S5/S8 interface for a UE triggered Service Request.  When Handover Indication flag is set to 1 (i.e., for	Bearer Context	0
		EUTRAN Initial Attach or UE Requested PDN Connectivity when the UE comes from non-3GPP access), the PGW shall ignore this IE. See NOTE 1.		
		Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers to be modified.  During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW		
		change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer Contexts to be modified and also Bearer Contexts to be removed) into the list of 'Bearer Contexts to be modified'		
		IEs, which are then sent on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW (see NOTE 2).		
Bearer Contexts to be removed	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 and S11 interfaces for the TAU/RAU/Handover and Service Request procedures where any of the bearers existing before the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure and Service Request	Bearer Context	1
		procedures will be deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure and Service Request procedures. (NOTE 3)		
		For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value, shall be included.		
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
UE Time Zone	СО	This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN on the S11/S4 interfaces if the UE Time Zone has changed in the case of TAU/RAU/Handover.	UE Time Zone	0
	С	If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW across S5/S8 interface.		
MME-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by MME on S11 and shall be forwarded by SGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by SGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
User CSG Information (UCI)	СО	The MME/SGSN shall include this IE for TAU/RAU/Handover procedures and UE-initiated Service	UCI	0
		Request procedure if the PGW has requested CSG Info reporting and the MME/SGSN support the CSG information reporting. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the User CSG Information from MME/SGSN.		
MME/S4-SGSN LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the MME to the SGW on the S11 interface and by the SGSN to the SGW on the S4 interface (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	0
SGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the PGW on the S5/S8 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), for inter-SGW mobity, when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	1
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
NOTE1: This require	mos	t is introduced for bookwards compatibility recessors. If Boors		difical

NOTE1: This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.

Reporting Support Indication.

NOTE2:	According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified' IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.
NOTE3:	The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). Therefore, the SGW will not delete these bearers during the ongoing TAU/RAU/Handover procedure (without an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change except for an X2-Handover) and a Service Request procedure.
NOTE 4:	3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication and/or CSG Change Reporting Support Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers to MS Info Change

Table 7.2.7-2: Bearer Context to be modified within Modify Bearer Request

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements	L.,			_
EPS Bearer ID	M		EBI	0
S1 eNodeB F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if the S1-U is	F-TEID	0
		being used:		
		- for an eUTRAN initial attach		
		- a UE triggered Service Request		
		- in all S1-U GTP-U tunnel setup procedure during a		
		TAU procedure (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23])		
		/handover cases.		
		If an MME is aware that the eNodeB supports both IP		
		address types, the MME shall send both IP addresses		
		within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included,		
		then the SGW shall assume that the eNodeB does not		
		support the other IP address type.		
S5/8-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interfaces for a	F-TEID	1
		Handover or a TAU/RAU with a SGW change.		
S12 RNC F-TEID	С	If available, this IE shall be included if the message is sent	F-TEID	2
		on the S4 interface if S12 interface is being used. If an S4-		
		SGSN is aware that the RNC supports both IP address		
		types, the S4-SGSN shall send both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included, then the		
		SGW shall assume that the RNC does not support the		
		other IP address type.		
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	If available, this IE shall be included if the message is sent	F-TEID	3
C. S GGGITT TEID	Ĭ	on the S4 interface, if S4-U is being used. If an S4-SGSN	1 1210	
		supports both IP address types, the S4-SGSN shall send		
		both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP		
		address is included, then the SGW shall assume that the		
		S4-SGSN does not support the other IP address type.		

Table 7.2.7-3: Bearer Context to be removed within Modify Bearer Request

-				
Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0

**ETSI** 

### 7.2.8 Modify Bearer Response

The Modify Bearer Response message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change
- UE triggered Service Request
- S1-based Handover
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN Initial Attach
- UE requested PDN connectivity
- 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- X2-based handover without SGW relocation

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- Routeing Area Update with MME interaction and without SGW change
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover
- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update to S4 SGSNs without SGW change
- Iu mode RA Update Procedure without SGW change
- Serving RNS Relocation Procedure
- Combined Hard Handover and SRNS Relocation Procedure
- Combined Cell / URA Update and SRNS Relocation Procedure
- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation without SGW relocation
- UE Initiated Service Request Procedure
- Iu mode to A/Gb mode Intra SGSN Change
- A/Gb mode to Iu mode Intra SGSN Change
- Iu mode to A/Gb mode Inter-SGSN Change
- A/Gb mode to Iu mode Inter-SGSN Change
- Paging Response with no established user plane on S4
- PDP Context Activation Procedure

on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of:

- RAB Assignment Procedure

and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW to the SGW as part of:

- Tracking Area Update procedure with SGW change
- Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN Routing Area Update

- X2 based handover with SGW relocation
- Gn/Gp SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update
- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation
- Routeing Area Update with MME interaction and with SGW change
- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update using S4 with SGW change
- Iu mode RA Update Procedure using S4 with SGW change

If handling of default bearer fails, then Cause at the message level shall be a failure cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "Context not found".
- "Service not supported".

Table 7.2.8-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
MSISDN	С	This IE shall be included on S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW if it is stored in its UE context and if this message is triggered due to TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation.	MSISDN	0
Linked EPS Bearer ID	С	This IE shall be sent on S5/S8 when the UE moves from a Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN or MME to identify the default bearer the PGW selects for the PDN Connection. This IE shall also be sent by SGW on S11, S4 during Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME HO procedures to identify the default bearer the PGW selects for the PDN Connection.	EBI	0
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	С	This IE shall be included in the PS mobility from Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN/MME procedures if the received APN-AMBR has been modified by the PCRF.	AMBR	0
APN Restriction	С	This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context. This IE shall be included over S5/S8 interfaces, and shall be forwarded over S11/S4 interfaces during Gn/Gp SGSN to MME/S4-SGSN handover procedures. This IE shall also be included on S5/S8 interfaces during the Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN/MME RAU/TAU procedures.  The target MME or SGSN determines the Maximum APN Restriction using the APN Restriction.	APN Restriction	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		If SGW receives this IE from PGW on GTP or PMIP based S5/S8, the SGW shall forward PCO to MME/S4-SGSN during Inter RAT handover from the UTRAN or from the GERAN to the E-UTRAN. See NOTE 2.	PCO	0
Bearer Contexts modified	С	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be modified that were sent in Modify Bearer Request message. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of the Bearers which are modified.	Bearer Context	0
Bearer Contexts marked for removal	С	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be removed sent in the Modify Bearer Request message. Shall be included if request message contained Bearer Contexts to be removed.  For each of those bearers an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included.	Bearer Context	1
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information Reporting Action	СО	This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field if the location CSG Info change reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.	CSG Information Reporting Action	0
Charging Gateway Name	С	When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5 interface during SGW relocation and when the UE moves from Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME. See NOTE 1.	FQDN	0
Charging Gateway Address	С	When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5 interface during SGW relocation and when the UE moves from Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME. See NOTE 1.	IP Address	0
PGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by PGW on S5/S8and shall be forwarded by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID		This IE shall be included by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
SGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the MME/SGSN on the S11/S4 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	0

PGW LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the PGW to the SGW on the	Local	1
		S5/S8 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when	Distinguished	
		communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Name	
		·	(LDN)Name	
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
NOTE 1: Both Charg	ing (	Sateway Name and Charging Gateway Address shall not be	included at the sam	e
time. When	both	are available, the operator configures a preferred value.		
NOTE 2: If MME rece	eives	the IE, but no NAS message is sent, MME discards the IE.		

Table 7.2.8-2: Bearer Context modified within Modify Bearer Response

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0
Cause	М	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0
S1 SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be used on the S11 interface, if the S1 interface is used. See NOTE 1	F-TEID	0
S12 SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is being used. See NOTE 1	F-TEID	1
S4-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be present if used on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is being used. See NOTE 1	F-TEID	2
Charging ID		This IE shall be present on the S5/S8 interface if this message is triggered due to one of the following procedures:  - TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation  - TAU/RAU/HO from Gn/Gp SGSN to MME/S4-SGSN  If S5/S8 interface is GTP, this IE may be sent on the S4 interface, in order to support CAMEL charging at the SGSN, for the following procedures:  - inter-SGSN RAU/Handover/SRNS Relocation without SGW change.  - inter-SGSN Handover/SRNS Relocation with SGW change.	Charging ID	0
Bearer Flags	СО	Applicable flags are: - PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression): This flag shall be sent on the S5/S8 and the S4 interfaces at S4-SGSN relocation.	Bearer Flags	0
UTRAN Ini SGW F-TE During Har than the or	tial A ID sh ndove ne us	not change its F-TEID for a given interface during the Hando ttach, UE Requested PDN connectivity and PDP Context Act hall be same for S1-U, S4-U and S12.  For and Service Request the target eNodeB/RNC/SGSN may used by the source eNodeB/RNC/SGSN. In order to support sucontain both an IPv4 address and an IPv6 address (see also	tivation procedures use a different IP ty ich a scenario, the	. The pe SGW

Table 7.2.8-3: Bearer Context marked for removal within Modify Bearer Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n			
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields			
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.	
EPS Bearer ID	M		EBI	0	
Cause	М	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0	

### 7.2.9 Delete Session Request and Delete Bearer Request

#### 7.2.9.1 Delete Session Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME/S4-SGSN to SGW, from SGW to PGW and from ePDG to PGW (see Table 6.1-1).

A Delete Session Request message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- EUTRAN Initial Attach
- UE, HSS or MME Initiated Detach
- UE or MME Requested PDN Disconnection

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of

- MS, HLR or SGSN initiated detach procedure
- Combined GPRS/IMSI Attach
- MS and SGSN Initiated PDN connection Deactivation Procedure using S4

On the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update with SGW Change
- S1 Based Handover with SGW Change
- X2 Based Handover with SGW Relocation
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- Inter RAT handover cancel with SGW change
- MME to 3G Gn/Gp SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- MME to SGSN Routing Area Update
- E-UTRAN to Gn/Gp SGSN Inter RAT handover
- S1 Based handover cancel with SGW change
- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access

And on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of

- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation using S4
- Routing Area Update with SGW change
- SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update with SGW change
- SRNS Relocation Cancel Procedure Using S4
- Inter RAT with SGW change handover cancel
- Serving RNS relocation with SGW change
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Routeing Area Update
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Serving RNS Relocation Procedures
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN PS handover Procedures

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of procedures:

- UE/ePDG Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b
- UE Requested PDN Disconnection with GTP on S2b
- HSS/AAA Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b

This message may also be sent on S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW:

- If Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge message with Context not found cause value is received.

If there are any procedure collisions, the Delete Session Request shall have precedence over any other Tunnel Management message.

During the handover procedure the Delete Session Request message shall not release the indirect data forwarding tunnels.

Possible Cause values are:

- "ISR deactivation ".

Table 7.2.9.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.2.9.1-1: Information Elements in a Delete Session Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	С	If ISR is being de-activated, the Cause IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface and its value shall indicate that the SGW shall delete the bearer resources by sending Delete Bearer Request to the MME/SGSN on which ISR was activated with Cause value "ISR deactivation".	Cause	0
Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI)	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected unless in the handover/TAU/RAU with SGW relocation procedures.	EBI	0
User Location Information (ULI)	CO	The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on the S4/S11 interface for the Detach procedure if the PGW has requested location information change reporting and MME/SGSN support location information change reporting. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from MME/SGSN.  The MME shall include this IE on the S4/S11 interface for the UE or MME Requested PDN Disconnection procedure if the PGW has requested location information change reporting and the MME support location information change reporting.  The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from the MME.	ULI	0
Indication Flags	С	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.  Applicable flags:  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set over S4/S11 interface if the SGW needs to forward the Delete Session Request message to the PGW. This flag shall not be set if the ISR associated GTP entity sends this message to the SGW in the Detach procedure. This flag shall also not be set to 1 in the SRNS Relocation Cancel Using S4 (6.9.2.2.4a in 3GPP TS 23.060 [4]), Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure with SGW change TAU with Serving GW change, Gn/Gb based RAU (see 5.5.2.5, 5.3.3.1, D.3.5 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], respectively), S1 Based handover Cancel procedure with SGW change.  - Scope Indication: if request corresponds to TAU/RAU/Handover/SRNS Relocation Cancel Using S4, Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure with SGW change, S1 Based handover Cancel procedure with SGW change, then this bit shall be set on the S4/S11 interface.	Indication	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	С	If the UE includes the PCO IE, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the PCO IE included by the UE.  If SGW receives the PCO IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW.	PCO	0
Originating Node	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ISR associated GTP entities send this message to the SGW in Detach procedure to denote the type of the node originating the message. If this IE is included in the Delete Session Request message, the SGW in ISR activated state deactivates ISR after receiving the first Delete Session Request message from the MME/SGSN, releases the Originating Node related EPS Bearer contexts information in the PDN Connection identified by the LBI. The SGW shall forward the Delete Session Request message to the PGW after receiving both of the messages	Node Type	0

		sent from the MME and the SGSN for the same PDN Connection.		
	CO	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ISR associated GTP entity sends this message to the SGW in TAU/RAU/HO with SGW change procedure to denote the		
		type of the node originating the message.		
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	0	This IE may be included on the S4/S11 interfaces. If the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane is received by the SGW, the SGW shall only accept the Delete Session Request message when the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane in this message is the same as the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane that was last received in either the Create Session Request message or the Modify Bearer Request message on the given interface. If the ISR is activated, two F-TEIDs exist: one for the MME and the other for the SGSN. See NOTE 2.	F-TEID	0
UE Time Zone		This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface, if the UE Time Zone has changed.  The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN, and if the Operation Indication bit received from the MME/SGSN is set to 1.	UE Time Zone	0
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b	Private Extension	VS
		interfaces.		

NOTE 1: For the Indication Flags, the combination (Operation Indication, Scope Indication) = 1,1 shall be considered an error if received.

NOTE 2: Following an inter RAT TAU/RAU failure, the target MME/SGSN may mistakenly initiate the implicit detach procedure while the UE is managed by the other MME/SGSN. In this case, the SGW will reject the Delete Session Request message with the cause "Invalid peer".

### 7.2.9.2 Delete Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW, from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN and from PGW to ePDG (see Table 6.1-1).

A Delete Bearer Request message shall be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces as part of the following procedures:

- PGW or MME initiated bearer deactivation procedures,
- UE requested Bearer Resource Modification,
- MS and SGSN Initiated Bearer Deactivation procedure using S4 or
- PGW initiated bearer deactivation procedure using S4.

In the above cases, this Request is sent by the PGW to the SGW and shall be forwarded to the MME or S4-SGSN.

The message shall also be sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGW to the SGSN/MME to delete the bearer resources on the other ISR associated CN node if the ISRAI flag is not set in the Modify Bearer Request message.

The message shall also be sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGW to the SGSN/MME to delete the bearer resources on the other ISR associated CN node in the TAU/RAU/Handover procedures if the ISR related Cause IE is included in the Delete Session Request message.

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of PGW Initiated Bearer Resource Allocation Deactivation procedure with GTP on S2b.

The message may also be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/S4 SGSN when the SGW receives the Error Indication from PGW for the default bearer as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Possible Cause values are:

- "RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP",

- "ISR deactivation",
- "Access changed from Non-3GPP to 3GPP",
- "Reactivation requested",
- "PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed".

Table 7.2.9.2-1 specifies the presence of IEs in this message.

Table 7.2.9.2-1: Information Elements in a Delete Bearer Request

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Linked EPS Bearer ID	С	If the request corresponds to the bearer deactivation	EBI	0
(LBI)		procedure in case all bearers belonging to a PDN		
		connection shall be released, then this IE shall be included		
		on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces to indicate the		
		default bearer associated with the PDN being		
		disconnected.		
		This IE shall be included only when the EPS Bearer ID is		
		not present in the message.		
	CO	During a TAU/RAU/HO, if the Cause value is set to "ISR		
		deactivation", an SGW shall send all LBIs for a given UE		
		with the message on S4/S11 interface. All LBI IEs shall		
		have the same type and instance value to represent a list		
		of IEs (see NOTE 1).		
EPS Bearer IDs	С	This IE shall be used on S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces	EBI	1
		for bearers different from the default one, i.e., for dedicated		
		bearers. In this case at least one dedicated bearer shall be		
		included.		
		Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be		
		included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.		
Failed Bearer	0	This IE may be included on the S5/S8 and S11 interfaces if	Bearer Context	0
Contexts		the request corresponds to MME initiated bearer		
		deactivation procedure. This IE shall contain the list of		
		failed bearers if partial Bearer Contexts included in the		
		Delete Bearer Command message could not be deleted.		
Procedure	С	If the request corresponds to UE requested bearer	PTI	0
Transaction Id (PTI)		resource modification procedure for an E-UTRAN, this IE		
,		shall be included on the S5/S8 and S11 interfaces.		
Protocol	С	PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	PCO	0
<b>Configuration Options</b>		IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available.		
(PCO)		If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to		
( /		SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface.		
PGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and	FQ-CSID	0
		S2b interfaces, and when received from S5/S8 be		
		forwarded by the SGW on the S11 interface according to		
		the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S11 interface	FQ-CSID	1
		according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		-
Cause	С	This IE shall be sent on S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces if the	Cause	0
		message is caused by a handover without optimization		
		occuring from 3GPP to non-3GPP. In this case the Cause		
		value shall be set to "RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-		
		3GPP".		
		This IE shall also be sent on S11/S4 interfaces when the		
		SGW requests to delete all bearer contexts for the given		
		UE in an MME or S4-SGSN due to ISR deactivation, and		
		the Cause value shall be set to "ISR deactivation".".		
		This IE shall be sent on the S2b interface if the message is		
		caused by handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP. In this case		
		the Cause value shall be set to "Access changed from		
		Non-3GPP to 3GPP".		
	0	This IE may be sent by a PGW on S5/S8 during PGW		
		initiated PDN connection deactivation procedures with		
		values of "Reactivation requested" or " PDN reconnection		
	L	to this APN disallowed " (see section 8.4 for details).		
	CO	The IE shall be relayed by the SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN		
	L	if received from the PGW.		
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b	Private Extension	VS
		interfaces.		
NOTE 1: If the SGW	has	sent multiple LBIs to MME/SGSN, but have received only on	e I BI within the De	lete

NOTE 1: If the SGW has sent multiple LBIs to MME/SGSN, but have received only one LBI within the Delete Bearer Response message, this indicates that the MME/SGSN is pre Rel-10. In such case, the SGW shall send separate individual Delete Bearer Request message(s) for each of remaining LBIs.

NOTE: In the case that the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure for an E-UTRAN, then there will be only one instance of the EPS Bearer IDs IE in the Delete Bearer Request.

Table 7.2.9.2-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Request

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)						
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n	Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields						
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.				
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0				
Cause	М	This IE shall indicate the reason of the unsuccessful handling of the bearer.	Cause	0				
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist.	PCO	0				

### 7.2.10 Delete Session Response and Delete Bearer Response

#### 7.2.10.1 Delete Session Response

A Delete Session Response message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the following procedures:

- EUTRAN Initial Attach
- UE, HSS or MME Initiated Detach
- UE or MME Requested PDN Disconnection

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- MS, HLR or SGSN initiated detach procedure
- Combined GPRS/IMSI Attach
- MS and SGSN Initiated Default Bearer Deactivation Procedure using S4

On the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update with SGW Change
- S1 Based Handover with SGW Change
- X2 Based Handover with SGW Relocation
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- Inter RAT handover cancel with SGW change
- MME to 3G Gn/Gp SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- MME to SGSN Routing Area Update
- E-UTRAN to Gn/Gp SGSN Inter RAT handover
- S1 Based handover cancel with SGW change
- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access

And on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the procedures:

- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation using S4
- Routing Area Update with SGW change
- SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update with SGW change
- Serving RNS relocation with SGW change
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Routeing Area Update
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Serving RNS Relocation Procedures
- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN PS handover Procedures

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of procedures:

- UE/ePDG Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b
- UE Requested PDN Disconnection with GTP on S2b
- HSS/AAA Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b

This message may also be sent on S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW:

- If Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge message with Context not found cause value is received.

The sending entity shall include Cause IE in the Delete Session Response message. The IE indicates if the peer has deleted the bearer, or not.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Context not found".
- "Invalid peer".

Table 7.2.10.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.2.10.1-1: Information Elements in a Delete Session Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available. If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface.	PCO	0
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

#### 7.2.10.2 Delete Bearer Response

The Delete Bearer Response shall be sent as a response of Delete Bearer Request.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".

- "Context not found".

Table 7.2.10.2-1: Information Elements in Delete Bearer Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI)	С	If the response corresponds to the bearer deactivation procedure in case all the bearers associated with the default bearer of a PDN connection shall be released, this IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected.  During a TAU/RAU/HO, if an MME/SGSN has received a Delete Bearer Request message with Cause value "ISR deactivation" and multiple LBIs, the MME/SGSN shall	EBI	0
		include all these LBIs in the response message on S4/S11 interface. All LBI IEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of IEs.		
Bearer Contexts	С	It shall be used on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be included.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.  Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present.	Bearer Context	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
MME-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
ePDG-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	2
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.	PCO	0
		This IE is optionally included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.		
UE Time Zone		The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN.	UE Time Zone	0
User Location Information (ULI)		This IE is optionally included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.  The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN.	ULI	0
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.10.2-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields	Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.			
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0			
Cause	М	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0			
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)		An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist.	PCO	0			

## 7.2.11 Downlink Data Notification messages

#### 7.2.11.1 Downlink Data Notification

A Downlink Data Notification message shall be sent:

- on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as a part of the network triggered service request procedure;
- on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of Paging with no established user plane on S4, SGW triggered paging with S4;
- on S11/S4 interface by SGW to MME/S4-SGSN if the SGW has received an Error Indication (see 3GPP TS 29.281 [13]) from eNodeB/RNC across S1-U/S12 interface. Respective SGW and MME/S4-SGSN functionality is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].
- on the S11/S4 interface by SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]).

Table 7.2.11.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.2.11.1-1: Information Elements in a Downlink Data Notification

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	0	If SGW receives an Error Indication from eNodeB/RNC, the SGW may send the Cause IE with value "Error Indication received from RNC/eNodeB" to MME/S4-SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	Cause	0
EPS Bearer ID	CO	This IE shall be included on the S11 and S4 interfaces and shall be set as follows:  - If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of downlink data packets at the SGW, the SGW shall include the EPS Bearer ID stored in the EPS bearer context of the bearer on which the downlink data packet was received; - If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the receipt of an Error Indication from the eNodeB or RNC, the SGW shall include the EPS Bearer ID stored in the EPS bearer context of the bearer for which the Error Indication was received; - If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the EPS Bearer ID present in the control plane signalling.  (See 3GPP TS 23.401[3], section 5.3.4.3).  More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple bearers having received downlink data packets or being signalled in the received control plane message.  See NOTE 1.	EBI	0
Allocation/Retention Priority	СО	This IE shall be included on the S11 and S4 interfaces and shall be set as follows:  - If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of downlink data packets at the SGW, the SGW shall include the ARP stored in the EPS bearer context of the bearer on which the downlink data packet was received; - If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the receipt of an Error Indication from the eNodeB or RNC, the SGW shall include the ARP stored in the EPS bearer context of the bearer for which the Error Indication was received If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the ARP if present in the control plane signalling. If the ARP is not present in the control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the ARP in the stored EPS bearer context.  (See 3GPP TS 23.401[3], section 5.3.4.3). If multiple EPS Bearers IDs are reported in the message, the SGW shall include the ARP associated with the bearer with the highest priority (i.e. the lowest ARP value). See NOTE 1.	ARP	0
IMSI	СО	This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]).	IMSI	0
Private Extension	0	10 20.00 [17]).	Private Extension	VS
	of thi	s parameter at the S4-SGSN is not specified in this release.	-	

## 7.2.11.2 Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge

A Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge shall be sent from a MME/SGSN to a SGW in response to Downlink Data Notification with an indication of success, or failure when MME/SGSN has reachability or abnormal conditions.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Unable to page UE".
- "Context not found".
- "Unable to page UE due to Suspension".
- "UE already re-attached".

Table 7.2.11.2-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.2.11.2-1: Information Elements in a Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Cause	M		Cause	0
Data Notification Delay	С	The MME/SGSN shall include an adaptive delay indication to the SGW to delay the number of Data Notification indications, if the rate of Downlink Data Notification event occurrence in the MME/SGSN becomes significant (as configured by the operator) and the MME/SGSN's load exceeds an operator configured value.	Delay Value	0
Recovery	C	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
DL low priority traffic Throttling	0	The MME/SGSN may send this IE to the SGW to request the SGW to reduce the number of Downlink Data Notification requests it sends for downlink low priority traffic received for UEs in idle mode served by that MME/SGSN in proportion to the Throttling Factor and during the Throttling Delay.	Throttling	0
IMCI	00	See NOTE 1, NOTE 2, NOTE 3.	IMCI	_
IMSI	C	3GPP TS 23.007 [17] specifies conditions for sending this IE on the S11/S4 interface as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure, if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature.	IMSI	0
Private Extension	0	d value of the Throttling Feeter and Throttling Delay shall aw	Private Extension	

- NOTE 1: The last received value of the Throttling Factor and Throttling Delay shall supersede any previous values received from that MME/SGSN. The reception of a Throttling Delay shall restart the SGW timer associated with that MME/SGSN. The SGW shall determine whether a bearer is for low priority traffic or not on the basis of the bearer's ARP priority level and operator policy (i.e. operator's configuration in the SGW of the ARP priority levels to be considered as prioritary or non-prioritary traffic).
- NOTE 2: For instance, if the DL low priority traffic Throttling IE indicates a Throttling Factor of 40% and a Throttling Delay of 180 seconds, the SGW drops by 40% the number of Downlink Data Notification requests it sends for downlink low priority traffic received for UEs in idle mode served by that MME/SGSN, during a period of 180 seconds.
- NOTE 3: The DL low priority traffic Throttling IE may be present whatever the value of the Cause IE.

### 7.2.11.3 Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication

A Downlink Data Notification Failure indication shall be sent from an MME/SGSN to a SGW indicating that the UE did not respond to paging. It shall also be sent in the case that the UE responded to the page with a Service Request but that the MME has rejected the request by sending a Service Reject to the UE. It may happen, for example, because the requested service is not supported or there is a bearer context mismatch.

This message should not be used after an MME/SGSN successfully receives the Service Request message from the UE in the Network Triggered Service Request procedure as defined in the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

NOTE: Either the Modify Bearer Request message or the Delete Bearer Command message is used by the MME/SGSN to indicate a possible failure case after an MME/SGSN successfully receives the Service Request message from the UE.

Possible Cause values are:

- "UE not responding".
- "Service denied".
- "UE already re-attached".

Table 7.2.11.3-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.2.11.3-1: Information Elements in a Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Originating Node		This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ISR associated GTP entities i.e. MME, S4-SGSN, send this message to the SGW during the Network Triggered Service Request procedure to denote the type of the node originating the message.	Node Type	0
IMSI	СО	3GPP TS 23.007 [17] specifies conditions for sending this IE on the S11/S4 interface as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure, if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature.	IMSI	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

## 7.2.12 Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

The Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message is sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGSN/MME to the SGW to delete the Indirect Forwarding Tunnels in the Source SGW/Target SGW as part of the following procedures:

- S1-based handover
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover
- MME to 3G SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- Inter RAT handover Cancel
- S1-based handover Cancel
- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access

Table 7.2.12-1: Information Element in Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Private Extension	0	Vendor or operator specific information	Private Extension	VS

## 7.2.13 Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

The Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response message is sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGW to the SGSN/MME as part of the following procedures:

- S1-based handover
- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover

- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover
- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover
- MME to 3G SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure
- Inter RAT handover Cancel
- S1-based handover Cancel
- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially"
- "Context not found".

Table 7.2.13-1: Information Element in Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause		This IE shall indicate if the deletion of indirect tunnel is successful, and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

# 7.2.14 Modify Bearer Command and Failure Indication

#### 7.2.14.1 Modify Bearer Command

The Modify Bearer Command shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure or SQCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the HSS Initiated subscribed QoS modification procedure or SQCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.

It shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of the HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure.

Table 7.2.14.1-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Command

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
APN-Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	М	This IE shall contain the APN-AMBR value received by the MME/SGSN/ePDG from the HSS.	AMBR	0
Bearer Context	М	Only one IE with this type and instance value shall be included and this shall represent the Default Bearer.	Bearer Context	0
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.14.1-2: Bearer Context within Modify Bearer Command

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
elements						
EPS Bearer ID	M	This IE shall contain the default bearer ID.	EBI	0		
Bearer Level QoS		Mandatory if other parameters than the APN-AMBR have	Bearer QoS	0		
		been changed				
	CO	This IE shall also be included when QCI and ARP have not				
		been changed and if the SQCI flag is set to 1 in the				
		Context Response message.				

#### 7.2.14.2 Modify Bearer Failure Indication

The Modify Bearer Failure Indication shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of failure of HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure.

It shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of failure of HSS Initiated subscribed QoS modification.

It shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of failure of HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure.

Cause IE indicates that an EPS bearer has not been updated in the PGW.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Context not found"
- "Service denied".

Table 7.2.14.2-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Failure Indication

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Recovery		This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

## 7.2.15 Update Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW and/or from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN, and/or from PGW to ePDG (see Table 6.1-1).

For GTP based S5/S8, the Update Bearer Request shall be sent by the PGW to the SGW and forwarded to the MME as part of the following procedures:

- PGW Initiated Bearer Modification with Bearer QoS Update
- HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification
- PGW Initiated Bearer Modification without Bearer QoS Update
- UE Request Bearer Resource Modification procedure

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the following procedures:

- PGW Initiated EPS Bearer Modification

- Execution part of MS-Initiated EPS Bearer Modification
- SGSN-Initiated EPS Bearer Modification Procedure using S4

and on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of the following procedures:

- PGW Initiated Bearer Modification
- HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification

For PMIP based S5/S8, the Update Bearer Request shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN.

Table 7.2.15-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.2.15-1: Information Elements in an Update Bearer Request

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Bearer Contexts	М	This IE shall contain contexts related to bearers that need QoS/TFT modification. Several IEs with this type and	Bearer Context	0
		instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.		
		If there is no QoS/TFT modification, only one IE with this		
		type and instance value shall be included.		
Procedure	С	If the request corresponds to UE requested bearer	PTI	0
Transaction Id (PTI)		resource modification procedure for an E-UTRAN or MS		
		initiated EPS bearer modification procedure, this IE shall		
		be included. PTI shall be the same as the one used in the		
		corresponding Bearer Resource Command		
Protocol	С	PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	PCO	0
Configuration Options	~	IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available.	1 00	U
(PCO)		If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to		
( /		SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface.		
		A DALL A A A D D	AMPR	
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	М	APN-AMBR	AMBR	0
Change Reporting	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11	Change Reporting	0
Action		interfaces with the appropriate Action field If the location	Action	
		Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped		
		for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.		
CSG Information	CO	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11	CSG Information	0
Reporting Action		interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the CSG Info	Reporting Action	
		reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.		
PGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by PGW on the S5/S8 and S2b	FQ-CSID	0
1 0W-1 Q-001D	"	interfaces, and when received from S5/S8 be forwarded	1 Q-001D	U
		by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP		
		TS 23.007 [17].		
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by SGW on S11 according to the	FQ-CSID	1
		requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].		
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b	Private Extension	VS
		interfaces.		

NOTE: In the case that the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure for an E-UTRAN or MS initiated EPS bearer modification procedure, then there will be only one instance of the Bearer Contexts IE in the Update Bearer Request.

Table 7.2.15-2: Bearer Context within Update Bearer Request

Octet 1	Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3	Length = n			
Octet 4	Spare and Instance fields			
Information elements	P	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	M		EBI	0
TFT	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces if message relates to Bearer Modification and TFT change.	Bearer TFT	0
Bearer Level QoS	C	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces if QoS modification is requested	Bearer QoS	0
Bearer Flags	0	Applicable flags: PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression): this flag may be set on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces.	Bearer Flags	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	СО	PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist. If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface.	PCO	0

## 7.2.16 Update Bearer Response

An Update Bearer Response shall be sent from a MME/SGSN to a SGW and forwarded to the PGW as a response to an Update Bearer Request message.

Table 7.2.16-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Cause IE indicates if an EPS bearer has been modified in the MME/SGSN or not. The EPS Bearer has not been modified in the MME if the Cause IE value differs from "Request accepted" or "Request accepted partially". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially"
- "Context not found"
- "Semantic error in the TFT operation".
- "Syntactic error in the TFT operation".
- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".
- "Denied in RAT".
- "UE refuses".
- "UE context without TFT already activated".
- "Unable to page UE".
- "UE not responding".
- "Unable to page UE due to Suspension".

Table 7.2.16-1: Information Elements in an Update Bearer Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Bearer Contexts	М	This IE shall contain contexts related to bearers for which QoS/TFT modification was requested. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers	Bearer Context	0
Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	СО	An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.  If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.	PCO	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
MME-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by MME on S11and shall be forwarded by SGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
ePDG-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	2
Indication Flags	0	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.  Applicable flags: Direct Tunnel Flag: this flag may be included on the S4 interface if the Direct Tunnel is used.	Indication	0
UE Time Zone		This IE is optionally included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.  The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN.	UE Time Zone	0
User Location Information (ULI)	O CO	This IE is optionally included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface.  The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN.	ULI	0
Private Extension	0	This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2b interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.16-2: Bearer Context within Update Bearer Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
elements						
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0		
Cause	М	This IE Indicates if the bearer handling was successful,	Cause	0		
		and if not, gives information on the reason.				
S4-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct	F-TEID	0		
		tunnel is not established.				
S12 RNC F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct	F-TEID	1		
		tunnel flag is set to 1.				
Protocol	CO	An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such	PCO	0		
Configuration Options		information was received from the UE. This bearer level IE				
(PCO)		takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if				
		they both exist.				

#### 7.2.17 Delete Bearer Command and Failure Indication

#### 7.2.17.1 Delete Bearer Command

A Delete Bearer Command message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as a part of the eNodeB requested bearer release or MME-Initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the MS and SGSN Initiated Bearer Deactivation procedure using S4.

Table 7.2.17.1-1: Information Elements in Delete Bearer Command

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Bearer Contexts		This IE shall be used to indicate dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers	Bearer Context	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.17.1-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Command

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0		
Bearer Flags	СО	Applicable flags are:  - VB (Voice Bearer) indicator shall be set to indicate a voice bearer for PS-to-CS SRVCC handover.	Bearer Flags	0		

#### 7.2.17.2 Delete Bearer Failure Indication

A Delete Bearer Failure Indication shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of failure of eNodeB requested bearer release or MME Initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of failure of MS and SGSN Initiated Bearer Deactivation procedure using S4.

This message shall be sent back if all the bearers included in the Delete Bearer Command message could not be deleted.

Cause IE indicates that an EPS bearer has not been deleted in the PGW.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Context not found"

Table 7.2.17.2-1: Information Elements in a Delete Bearer Failure Indication

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	M		Cause	0
Bearer Context		This IE shall contain the list of failed bearers. See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements".	Bearer Context	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included If contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.17.2-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Failure Indication

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
elements						
EPS Bearer ID	М	See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements".	EBI	0		
Cause	М	This IE shall indicate the reason of the unsuccessful handling of the bearer.	Cause	0		

### 7.2.18 Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

The Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message shall be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the MME/SGSN to the SGW as part of the Handover procedures.

Table 7.2.18-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.2.18-1: Information Elements in a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI	С	This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN if the SGW that the MME/SGSN selects for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW already in use for the UE as the anchor point.  See NOTE1.	IMSI	0
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	С	This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN if the SGW that the MME/SGSN selects for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW already in use for the UE as the anchor point.  See NOTE1.	F-TEID	0
Bearer Contexts	М	Several IEs with this type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers	Bearer Context	0
Recovery	СО	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

NOTE 1: The SGW which is hosting the UE's bearer(s) is considered as the (local) anchor point. Unlike the PGW, the SGW may change due to mobility between eNodeBs, or E-UTRAN and GERAN/UTRAN supported with S4 based architecture. In these cases the new SGW where the UE's bearer(s) are moved, becomes the new local anchor point. A source MME/SGSN may select an SGW for indirect data forwarding which is different than the source (anchor) SGW. Similarly, a target MME/SGSN may select an SGW for indirect data forwarding which is different than the target (anchor) SGW.

Table 7.2.18-2: Bearer Context within Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

Octet 1	Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0
eNodeB F-TEID for DL data forwarding	This targ mes	get eNodeB F-TEID.  It is IE shall be present in the message sent from the get MME to the target SGW, or shall be included in the ssage sent from the source SGSN/MME to the source W if the eNodeB F-TEID for DL data forwarding is uded in the Forward Relocation Response message.	F-TEID	0
SGW F-TEID for DL	C Targ	get SGW F-TEID	F-TEID	1
data forwarding	sour DL o Res that	IE shall be present in the message sent from the rce MME/SGSN to the source SGW if SGW F-TEID for data forwarding is included in the Forward Relocation sponse message. This F-TEID is assigned by the SGW the target MME/SGSN selects for indirect data varding.		
SGSN F-TEID for DL		get SGSN F-TEID	F-TEID	2
data forwarding	targ GEF prod the for I Reld CO This sour Use inclu	IE shall be present in the message sent from the let SGSN to the target SGW in E-UTRAN to RAN/UTRAN inter RAT handover with SGW relocation cedure, or shall be included in the message sent from source MME to the source SGW if the SGSN F-TEID DL data forwarding is included in the Forwarding ocation Response message.  IE shall also be present in the message sent from the roce MME to the source SGW if the SGSN Address for er Traffic and the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Data II are uded in the GTPv1 Forward Relocation Response is sage as specified in D.3.7 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].		
RNC F-TEID for DL		get RNC F-TEID	F-TEID	3
data forwarding	This targ intershall shall sha	IE shall be present in the message sent from the let SGSN to the target SGW in E-UTRAN to UTRAN or RAT handover with SGW relocation procedure, or ll be included in the message sent from the source is to the source SGW if the RNC F-TEID for DL data varding is included in the Forwarding Relocation sponse message.  Is IE shall also be present in the message sent from the roce MME to the source SGW if the RNC IP address in TEID are included in the RAB Setup Information where the Additional RAB Setup Information in the GTPv1 warding Relocation Response message as specified in .3 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].		
eNodeB F-TEID for UL data forwarding	If average sent the from TEII	get eNodeB F-TEID. vailable this IE may be present in the message, which is t during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the target MME to target SGW, or may be included in the message sent in the source MME to the source SGW if the eNodeB F-D for data UL forwarding is included in the Forward ocation Response message.	F-TEID	4
SGW F-TEID for UL data forwarding	O Targ If av sent the inclu This	get SGW F-TEID vailable this IE may be present in the message, which is t during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the source MME to source SGW if SGW F-TEID for UL data forwarding is uded in the Forward Relocation Response message. s F-TEID is assigned by the SGW that the target MME ects for indirect data forwarding.	F-TEID	5

### 7.2.19 Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

A Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response message shall be sent by the SGW to the MME/SGSN as a response to a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message.

Table 7.2.19-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

The Cause value indicates if the Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnels has been created in the SGW or not. No Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnels have been created in the SGW if the Cause differs from "Request accepted" or "Request accepted partially". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "Data forwarding not supported".
- "Context not found".

Table 7.2.19-1: Information Elements in a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	С	This IE shall be included by an SGW if the SGW receives a Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE from an MME/SGSN in a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message.  See also NOTE 1 in Table 7.2.18-1.	F-TEID	0
Bearer Contexts	М	Several IEs with this type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers	Bearer Context	0
Recovery	СО	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.19-2: Bearer Context within Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)			
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n			
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields			
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.	
elements					
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0	
Cause	M	This IE shall indicate if the tunnel setup was successful,	Cause	0	
		and if not, gives information on the reason.			
S1-U SGW F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included in the response sent from the	F-TEID	0	
for DL data		source SGW to the source MME.			
forwarding					
S12 SGW F-TEID for	С	S12 usage only.	F-TEID	1	
DL data forwarding		This IE shall be included in the response sent from the			
		source SGW to the source SGSN.			
S4-U SGW F-TEID	С	S4-U usage only.	F-TEID	2	
for DL data		This IE shall be included in the response sent from the			
forwarding		source SGW to the source SGSN.			
SGW F-TEID for DL	С	This IE shall be included in the response message sent	F-TEID	3	
data forwarding		from the target SGW to the target MME/SGSN.			
S1-U SGW F-TEID	0	If available this IE may be included in the response sent	F-TEID	4	
for UL data		during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the source SGW to the			
forwarding		source MME.			
SGW F-TEID for UL	0	If available this IE may be included in the response	F-TEID	5	
data forwarding		message sent during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the target			
		SGW to the target MME.			
		varding if the SGW does not have enough information to deci		TEID	
		1-U, S12, S4-U and SGW to include in the message, it may in			
		varding if the SGW does not have enough information to deci		TEID	
instance fro	m S	1-U and SGW to include in the message, it may include both	of them.		

### 7.2.20 Void

### 7.2.21 Release Access Bearers Request

The Release Access Bearers Request message shall sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the S1 release procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- RAB release using S4
- Iu Release using S4
- READY to STANDBY transition within the network

Table 7.2.21-1: Information Element in Release Access Bearers Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
List of RABs	С	Shall be present on S4 interface when this message is used to release a subset of all active RABs according to the RAB release procedure.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of RABs to be released.	EBI	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

#### 7.2.22 Release Access Bearers Response

The Release Access Bearers Response message is sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the S1 release procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the procedures:

- RAB release using S4
- Iu Release using S4
- READY to STANDBY transition within the network

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "Context not found".

Table 7.2.22-1: Information Element in Release Access Bearers Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Recovery	0	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

#### 7.2.23 Stop Paging Indication

A Stop Paging Indication message shall be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/SGSN as a part of the network triggered service request procedure.

Table 7.2.23-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.2.23-1: Information Elements in a Stop Paging Indication

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

## 7.2.24 Modify Access Bearers Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME to SGW (see Table 6.1-1).

If both the SGW and the MME support the MABR feature (see subclause 8.83), an MME may send a Modify Access Bearer Request message on the S11 interface to an SGW as part of the following procedures:

- UE triggered Service Request if there is no suspended bearer for that UE,
- S1-based Handover without SGW relocation,
- X2-based handover without SGW relocation,
- Inter-MME E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change;

if all the following conditions are fulfilled:

- the RAT type has not changed;

- the MME does not need to send UE's location and/or User CSG information or/and UE Time Zone to the PDN GW;
- the MME does not need to send an MME-FQ-CSID as per the requirements specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17];
- ISR is not activated, if the Modify Access Bearers Request is sent as part of a UE triggered Service Request;
- ISR was not activated in the old MME which is indicated by the ISRAU flag in the Context Response, if the Modify Access Bearers Request is sent as part of an Inter-MME E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW change.

The Modify Access Bearers Request message may modify S1-U bearers of all the PDN connections of the UE. Support of this message is optional for the MME and SGW.

Table 7.2.24-1: Information Elements in a Modify Access Bearers Request

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Indication Flags	С	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.  Applicable flags are:  - ISRAI: This flag shall be set to 1 if ISR is established between the MME and the S4 SGSN for an S1-based Handover without SGW relocation and for an X2-based Handover without SGW relocation.  - Change F-TEID support Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 for an IDLE state UE initiated TAU procedure to allow the SGW changing the GTP-U F-TEID.	Indication	0
Sender F-TEID for Control Plane	С	This IE shall be sent for a TAU/Handover with MME change and without any SGW change.	F-TEID	0
Delay Downlink Packet Notification Request	С	This IE shall be sent for a UE triggered Service Request.	Delay Value	0
Bearer Contexts to be modified	С	Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers to be modified.	Bearer Context	0
Bearer Contexts to be removed	С	This IE shall be included for the TAU/Handover and Service Request procedures where any of the bearers existing before the TAU/Handover procedure and Service Request procedures will be deactivated as consequence of the TAU/Handover procedure and Service Request procedures.  For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value, shall be included.	Bearer Context	1
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.24-2: Bearer Context to be modified within Modify Access Bearers Request

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
elements						
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0		
S1-U eNodeB F-TEID	C	This IE shall be sent for	F-TEID	0		
		- a UE triggered Service Request				
		- S1-based Handover without SGW relocation				
		- X2-based handover without SGW relocation				
		<ul> <li>in S1-U GTP-U tunnel setup procedure during an Inter-MME E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change procedure (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]).</li> </ul>				
		If an MME is aware that the eNodeB supports both IP address types, the MME shall send both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included, then the SGW shall assume that the eNodeB does not support the other IP address type.				

Table 7.2.24-3: Bearer Context to be removed within Modify Access Bearers Request

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0

### 7.2.25 Modify Access Bearers Response

If an SGW supports the MABR feature (see subclause 8.83), the SGW shall send a Modify Access Bearers Response message on the S11 interface to an MME as a response to a Modify Access Bearers Request message.

If handling of all default bearers to be modified fails, then Cause at the message level shall be a failure cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "Context not found".
- "Unexpected repeated IE".
- "Service not supported".
- "Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers"

The SGW shall send the cause value "Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers" if

- it can not serve the MME Request without corresponding S5/S8 signalling, or without corresponding Gxc signalling when PMIP is used over the S5/S8 interface, or
- if there are suspended non-GBR bearers for that UE in the SGW (NOTE 3).

Upon receipt of that cause value, the MME shall repeat its request using Modify Bearer Request message per PDN connection.

- NOTE 1: This cause value is introduced for forward compatibility between an MME implementing this version of the specification and an SGW implementing a more recent version requiring the SGW to send S5/S8 signalling.
- NOTE 2: During an Inter-MME Intra-SGW handover/TAU, if the SGW, PGW and the old MME support the partial failure handling feature but the new MME doesn't, the SGW needs to inform the PGW about the change of FQ-CSID (see subclause 16.2.5 of 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]). If the SGW receives a Modify Access Bearers Request from the new MME, it can force the MME to send individual Modify Bearer Request message per PDN connection by returning the cause value "Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers".
- NOTE 3: There may be some suspended non-GBR bearers in the SGW during an Inter-MME Intra-SGW Tracking Area Update without SGW Change when the UE is coming back to E-UTRAN via a different MME than the MME serving the UE before the CSFB or SRVCC call.

Table 7.2.25-1: Information Elements in a Modify Access Bearers Response

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Cause	М		Cause	0
Bearer Contexts modified	C	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be modified that were sent in Modify Access Bearers Request message. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of the Bearers which are modified.	Bearer Context	0
Bearer Contexts marked for removal	С	EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be removed that were sent in the Modify Access Bearers Request message. Shall be included if request message contained Bearer Contexts to be removed. For each of those bearers an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included.	Bearer Context	1
Recovery	C	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.2.25-2: Bearer Context modified within Modify Access Bearers Response

Octets 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octets 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
elements						
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0		
Cause	М	This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful,	Cause	0		
		and if not, gives information on the reason.				
S1 SGW F-TEID	М	The SGW may change the GTP-U F-TEID value if the	F-TEID	0		
		'Change F-TEID support Indication' flag was set to 1 in the				
		Modify Access Bearers Request. Otherwise, the SGW				
		shall return the currently allocated GTP-U F-TEID value.				
		See NOTE 1.				

NOTE 1: The SGW shall not change its F-TEID for a given interface during the Handover, Service Request.

During Handover and Service Request the target eNodeB may use a different IP type than the one used by the source eNodeB. In order to support such a scenario, the SGW F-TEID should contain both an IPv4 address and an IPv6 address (see also subclause 8.22 "F-TEID").

Table 7.2.25-3: Bearer Context marked for removal within Modify Access Bearers Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n				
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields				
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.		
EPS Bearer ID	М		EBI	0		
Cause		This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason.	Cause	0		

# 7.3 Mobility Management Messages

#### 7.3.1 Forward Relocation Request

A Forward Relocation Request message shall be sent from the source MME to the target MME over S10 interface as part of S1-based handover relocation procedure from the source MME to the target SGSN, or from the source SGSN to the target MME over S3 interface as part of Inter RAT handover and combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedures, or from source SGSN to the target SGSN over S16 interface as part of SRNS Relocation and PS handover procedures.

A Forward Relocation Request message shall also be sent from the source MME to the target SGSN over S3 interface as part of SRVCC from E-UTRAN to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support procedures and from source SGSN to the target SGSN over S16 interface as part of SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support.

Forward Relocation procedure across S10 interface (when  $K_{ASME}$  is taken into use) shall be performed according to the Rules on Concurrent Running of Security Procedures, which are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

Table 7.3.1-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.1-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI	С	The IMSI shall be included in the message except for the case:	IMSI	0
		If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.		
		The IMSI shall be included in the message but not used as an identifier		
		<ul> <li>if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.</li> </ul>		
Sender's F-TEID for	М	This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control	F-TEID	0
Control Plane		plane message which is chosen by the source MME/SGSN.		
		This information shall be used by the target MME/SGSN to the source MME/SGSN when sending Forward Relocation		
		Response message, Forward Access Context		
		Acknowledge message and Forward Relocation Complete Notification message.		
MME/SGSN UE EPS	М	Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be	PDN Connection	0
PDN Connections		included as necessary to represent a list of PDN Connections		
SGW S11/S4 IP	М	Commodicate	F-TEID	1
Address and TEID for Control Plane				
SGW node name	С	This IE shall be included if the source MME or SGSN has	FQDN	0
MME/SGSN UE MM Context	М	the source SGW FQDN.	MM Context	0
Indication Flags	С	<ul> <li>This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1.         <ul> <li>Direct Forwarding Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 if direct forwarding is supported in the S1 based handover procedure. This flag shall not be set to 1 if the message is used for other handover procedures.</li> <li>Idle mode Signalling Reduction Supported Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source MME/SGSN and associated SGW are capable to establish ISR for the UE.</li> <li>Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.</li> <li>Change Reporting support indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports Location Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE1.</li> <li>CSG Change Reporting Support Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE1.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Indication	0
E-UTRAN Transparent Container	С	This IE shall be included if the message is used for UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN inter RAT handover procedure, intra RAT handover procedure and 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure.	F-Container	0
UTRAN Transparent Container	С	This IE shall be included if the message is used for PS handover to UTRAN Iu mode procedures, SRNS relocation procedure and E-TURAN to UTRAN inter RAT handover procedure.	F-Container	1

Target Identification	С	This IE shall be included if the message is used for SRNS relocation procedure and handover to UTRAN/E-UTRAN	Target Identification	0
HRPD access node	С	procedures. This IE shall be included only if the HRPD pre registration	IP-Address	0
S101 IP address		was performed at the source MME		
1xIWS S102 IP	С	This IE shall be included only if the 1xRTT CS fallback pre	IP-Address	1
address		registration was performed at the source MME		
RAN Cause	С	This IE is the information from the source eNodeB, the	F-Cause	0
		source MME shall include this IE in the message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.		
RANAP Cause	С	This IE is the information from the source RNC, the source	F-Cause	1
		SGSN shall include this IE in the message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.	. 3445	
BSS Container	С	This IE shall be included if the message is used for PS handover to GERAN A/Gb mode and E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode inter RAT handover procedure.	F-Container	2
Source Identification	С	This IE shall be included on the S16 interface if the	Source	0
		message is used for PS handover from GERAN/UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode.	Identification	O
BSSGP Cause	С	This IE is the information from source BSS, the source SGSN shall include this IE in the message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.	F-Cause	2
Selected PLMN ID	С	The old MME/SGSN shall include this IE if the selected PLMN identity is available. The Selected PLMN ID IE indicates the core network operator selected for the UE in a shared network.	Selected PLMN ID	0
Recovery	С	If contacting the peer for the first time	Recovery	0
Trace Information	С	This IE shall be included when session trace is active for this IMSI/IMEI.	Trace Information	0
Subscribed RFSP Index	СО	This IE shall be included during inter-MME/SGSN mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN receives it from an HSS.	RFSP Index	0
RFSP Index in Use	СО	This IE shall be included only during inter-MME/SGSN mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN supports the feature.	RFSP Index	1
CSG ID	СО	This IE shall be included if the source MME/SGSN receives it from the source eNodeB/RNC	CSG ID	0
CSG Membership Indication	СО	This IE shall be included if the source MME/SGSN when the CSG access mode received from the source eNodeB/RNC indicates the target cell is a hybrid cell	CMI	0
UE Time Zone	СО	When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN.	UE Time Zone	0
UE Time Zone Serving Network			UE Time Zone Serving Network	0
		MME/S4-SGSN. This IE shall be included to indicate the current Serving		
Serving Network	СО	MME/S4-SGSN. This IE shall be included to indicate the current Serving Network. This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer	Serving Network  Local  Distinguished	0

NOTE 1: 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication and/or CSG Change Reporting Support Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers to MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication.

The PDN Connection grouped IE shall be coded as depicted in Table 7.3.1-2.

Table 7.3.1-2: MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Forward Relocation Request

Octet 1		PDN Connection IE Type = 109 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
APN	М		APN	0
APN Restriction	С	This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context. The target MME or SGSN determines the Maximum APN Restriction using the APN Restriction. If available, the source MME/S4SGSN shall include this IE.	APN Restriction	0
Selection Mode	СО	When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN	Selection Mode	0
IPv4 Address	С	This IE shall not be included if no IPv4 Address is assigned. See NOTE 1.	IP Address	0
IPv6 Address	С	This IE shall not be included if no IPv6 Address is assigned.	IP Address	1
Linked EPS Bearer ID	М	This IE identifies the default bearer of the PDN Connection.	EBI	0
PGW S5/S8 IP Address for Control Plane or PMIP	М	This IE shall include the TEID in the GTP based S5/S8 case and the GRE key in the PMIP based S5/S8 case.	F-TEID	0
PGW node name	С	This IE shall be included if the source MME or SGSN has the PGW FQDN.	FQDN	0
Bearer Contexts	С	Several IEs with this type and instance values may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	0
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	М		AMBR	0
Charging characteristics	С	This IE shall be present if charging characteristics was supplied by the HSS to the MME/SGSN as a part of subscription information.	Charging characteristics	0
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN.	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information Reporting Action		This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN.	CSG Information Reporting Action	0
Signalling Priority Indication		The source SGSN/MME shall include this IE if the UE indicated low access priority when establishing the PDN connection.	Signalling Priority Indication	0
PGW during	g "eL	4 address allocation, if the MME/S4-SGSN receives the PDI JTRAN Initial Attach", "PDP Context Activation", "UE request 4-SGSN shall include this IPv4 address "0.0.0.0".		

The Bearer Context grouped IE shall be coded as depicted in Table 7.3.1-3.

Table 7.3.1-3: Bearer Context within MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Forward Relocation Request

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)	Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)				
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields					
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.			
elements							
EPS Bearer ID	Μ		EBI	0			
TFT	O	This IE shall be present if a TFT is defined for this bearer.	Bearer TFT	0			
SGW S1/S4/S12 IP	M		F-TEID	0			
Address and TEID for							
user plane							
PGW S5/S8 IP	С	This IE shall be present for GTP based S5/S8	F-TEID	1			
Address and TEID for							
user plane							
Bearer Level QoS	Μ		Bearer Level QoS	0			
BSS Container	CO	The MME/S4 SGSN shall include the Packet Flow ID,	F-Container	0			
		Radio Priority, SAPI, PS Handover XID parameters in the					
		TAU/RAU/Handover procedure, if available.					
Transaction Identifier	С	This IE shall be sent over S3/S10/S16 if the UE supports	TI	0			
		A/Gb and/or lu mode.					

### 7.3.2 Forward Relocation Response

A Forward Relocation Response message shall be sent as a response to Forward Relocation Request during S1-based handover procedure, Inter RAT handover procedures, SRNS Relocation procedure and PS handover procedures.

Table 7.3.2-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Cause IE indicates if the relocation has been accepted, or not. The relocation has not been accepted by the target MME/SGSN if the Cause IE value differs from "Request accepted". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Relocation failure".

Table 7.3.2-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Sender's F-TEID for Control Plane	C	If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted", the target MME/SGSN shall include this IE in Forward Relocation Response message.  This information shall be used by the source MME/SGSN to the target MME/SGSN when sending Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge message and Forward Access Context Notification message.	F-TEID	0
Indication Flags	С	This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1. SGW Change Indication:  - This flag shall be set to 1 if the target MME/SGSN has selected a new SGW.	Indication	0
List of Set-up Bearers	С	The list of set-up Bearers IE contains the EPS bearer Identifiers of the Bearers that were successfully allocated in the target system during a handover procedure. This IE shall be included if the source and target access type is EUTRAN and the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted".  See NOTE 1.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	0
List of Set-up RABs	C	The list of set-up RABs IE contains the RAB Identifiers of the RABs that were successfully allocated in the target system. This IE shall be included if the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted" and  - If the source access type is UTRAN and the target access type is E-UTRAN/UTRAN  - If the source access type is E-UTRAN and the target access type is UTRAN  See NOTE 1.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	1
List of Set-up PFCs	0	The list of set-up PFCs IE contains the Packet Flow Identifies of the PFCs that were successfully allocated in the target system during a PS handover to/from GERAN or inter RAT handover to/from GERAN. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted", this IE may be included.  See NOTE 1.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	2
eNodeB Cause	С	This IE is included if cause value is contained in S1-AP message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.	F-Cause	0
RANAP Cause	С	This IE is included if cause value is contained in RANAP message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.	F-Cause	1
E-UTRAN Transparent Container	С	This IE is conditionally included only during a handover to E-UTRAN and contains the radio-related and core network information. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted", this IE shall be included.	F-Container	0
UTRAN Transparent Container	С	This IE is conditionally included only during a handover to UTRAN and contains the radio-related and core network information. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted", this IE shall be included.	F-Container	1
BSS Container	С	This IE is conditionally included only during a handover to GERAN and contains the radio-related and core network information. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted", this IE shall be included.	F-Container	2
BSSGP Cause	С	For handover to GERAN, if a cause value is received from the Target BSC, the BSSGP Cause IE shall be included	F-Cause	2

MME/S4 SCSN LDN   O This IE is optionally sont by the MME/S4 SCSN to the poor   Local			and shall be sent to the cause value received from the target BSC. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP.		
MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	MME/S4-SGSN LDN		TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer	Distinguished	0
Private Extension O Private Extension V	Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

NOTE 1: In the Forward Relocation Request message, the inclusion of "RAN Cause" indicates that the source access type is E-UTRAN. In the Forward Relocation Request message, the inclusion of "RANAP Cause" indicates that the source access type is UTRAN. In the Forward Relocation Request message, the inclusion of "BSSGP Cause" indicates that the source access type is GERAN.

Bearer Context IE in this message is specified in Table 7.3.2-2, the source system shall use this IE for data forwarding in handover.

Octet 1 Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) Octets 2 and 3 Length = nOctet 4 Spare and Instance fields Information **Condition / Comment** IE Type Ins. elements **EPS Bearer ID** This IE shall be included if the message is used for S1-EBI 0 Based handover procedure. This IE shall be included if the message is used for SRNS relocation procedure and Inter RAT handover to/from lu mode procedures. Packet Flow ID This IE shall be included if the message is used for PS Packet Flow ID 0 handover and Inter RAT handover to/from A/Gb mode procedures eNodeB F-TEID for This IE shall be included for the message sent from the F-TEID 0 target MME, if the DL Transport Layer Address and DL DL data forwarding GTP TEID are included in the "SAE Bearers Admitted List" of the S1AP: HANDOVER REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE and direct forwarding or indirect forwarding without SGW change is applied. eNodeB F-TEID for This IE may be included for the message sent from the F-TEID 1 target MME during the intra-EUTRAN HO, if the UL UL data forwarding Transport Layer Address and UL GTP TEID are included in the "SAE Bearers Admitted List" of the S1AP: HANDOVER REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE and direct forwarding or indirect forwarding without SGW change is applied. SGW F-TEID for DL This SGW F-TEID shall be included for indirect data F-TEID 2 forwarding data forwarding This RNC F-TEID shall be included in the message sent RNC F-TEID for DL F-TEID 3 data forwarding from SGSN, if the target system decides using RNC F-TEID for data forwarding. SGSN F-TEID for DL This SGSN F-TEID shall be included in the message sent F-TEID 4 data forwarding from SGSN, if the target system decides using SGSN F-TEID for data forwarding. SGW F-TEID for UL If available this SGW F-TEID may be included for indirect F-TEID 5 data forwarding data forwarding during the intra-EUTRAN HO.

Table 7.3.2-2: Bearer Context

#### 7.3.3 Forward Relocation Complete Notification

A Forward Relocation Complete Notification message shall be sent to the source MME/SGSN to indicate the handover has been successfully finished.

Table 7.3.3-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.3-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Complete Notification

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Indication Flags		This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1. Idle mode Signalling Reduction Activation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 if the message is used for inter RAT handover and the UE has ISR capability. This flag is set to indicate to the source MME/SGSN whether it shall maintain the UE's context and whether it shall activate ISR.	Indication	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

#### 7.3.4 Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge

A Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to Forward Relocation Complete Notification during inter eNodeB handover with MME relocation procedure, SRNS Relocation with SGSN change procedures using S4 or Inter RAT Handover with MME/S4 SGSN interaction procedures.

Table 7.3.4-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.3.4-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Cause	M		Cause	0
Recovery	0		Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.3.5 Context Request

The new MME/SGSN shall send the Context Request message to the old MME/SGSN on S3/S16/S10 interface as a part of TAU/RAU procedure to get the MM and EPS bearer Contexts for the UE.

If the sending/new node is a MME, it shall include in the Context Request message:

- the GUTI IE and Complete TAU Request Message IE if the GUTI received from UE indicates the old node is a MME.
- the RAI IE and the P-TMSI IE, which are derived from the GUTI received from UE, and the P-TMSI Signature that was received intact from the UE, if the GUTI indicates the old node is an SGSN.

If the sending/new node is an SGSN, it shall include RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE in the Context Request message. If the receiving/old node is an MME, it shall construct GUTI according to the RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE (see the mapping relationship between RAI, P-TMSI, P-TMSI signature and GUTI defined in 3GPP TS23.003[2]), and find UE context via this GUTI.

The new MME differentiates the type of the old node as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. If the old node is an SGSN, the GUTI shall be mapped to RAI and P-TMSI by the new MME; if the old node is a MME, the new MME include GUTI IE and Complete TAU Request Message IE in the Context Request message. The Mapping between temporary and area identities is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

The Target PLMN ID IE shall be used in old SGSN/MME in order to decide whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed to new SGSN/MME or not. Distribution and use of authentication vectors between different serving network domains are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

Table 7.3.5-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.5-1: Information Elements in a Context Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI	С	IMSI shall be included if the UE has been successfully authenticated.	IMSI	0
GUTI	С	The New MME shall include this IE over S10 interface.	GUTI	0
Routeing Area Identity(RAI)	С	This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface, if the GUTI indicates the old node is an SGSN, the new MME maps this IE from GUTI.		0
Packet TMSI(P-TMSI)	С	This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface. For the S3 interface, if sent by the MME, this IE is derived by the MME from the GUTI received from the UE.	P-TMSI	0
P-TMSI Signature	С	This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface if it is received from the.	P-TMSI Signature	0
Complete TAU request message	С	The new MME shall include this IE, and the old MME may use this IE for integrity check.	Complete Request Message	0
S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane	С	This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control plane message which is chosen by the new MME/SGSN. In case of SGSN pool, the IPv4 or the IPv6 address field shall be set to the same value of the Source IP address of the IP packet carrying this message, and the relaying SGSN shall not change the content of this IE when sending it to the old SGSN.	F-TEID	0
UDP Source Port Number	С	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool as the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the UDP Source Port number of the received message in this parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN. The old SGSN shall use this UDP port as the UDP destination port of the Context Response message.	Port Number	0
RAT Type	С	The RAT Type indicates the Radio Access Technology which is used in the new system.	RAT Type	0
Indication	0	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.  Applicable Flags are:  - The MS Validated indicates that the new system has successfully authenticated the UE, or the new system has validated the integrity protection of the TAU request message.	Indication	0
Hop Counter	0	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall decrement the Hop Counter if this IE is present in the received message; otherwise, the SGSN may include a Hop Counter with a value of max-1, and may relay the message to the old SGSN.	Hop Counter	0
Target PLMN ID		If available, this IE shall be included in order to allow old MME/SGSN to make a judgment whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed or not.	Serving Network	0
MME/S4-SGSN LDN	0	This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Distinguished Name (LDN)	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

## 7.3.6 Context Response

A Context Response message shall be sent as a response to a previous Context Request message during TAU/RAU procedure.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "IMSI not known"
- "P-TMSI Signature mismatch"

- "User authentication failed"

Table 7.3.6-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.6-1: Information Elements in a Context Response

MME/SGSN UE MM C TI Context R MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections Si in C Control Plane SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane SGW node name C TI th W Indication Flags C TI Id	The IMSI shall be included in the message except for the case:  - If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.  The IMSI shall be included in the message but not used as an identifier  - if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.  This IE shall be included if the Cause IE has the value "Request Accepted ".  This IE shall be included if there is at least a PDN connection for this UE on the sending MME/SGSN.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of PDN connections.  This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control plane message which is chosen by the old MME/SGSN.	Cause IMSI  MM Context  PDN Connection	0 0
MME/SGSN UE MM C TI Context R MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections C TI Control Plane SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane SGW node name C TI th W Indication Flags C TI Id	First IE shall be included if the Cause IE has the value "Request Accepted ".  This IE shall be included if there is at least a PDN connection for this UE on the sending MME/SGSN.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of PDN connections.  This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control	IMSI  MM Context	0
MME/SGSN UE MM C TI R MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections C Si in C C Sender F-TEID for C TI PDI Address and TEID for Control Plane SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane SGW node name C TI the W Indication Flags C TI Id	First IE shall be included if the Cause IE has the value "Request Accepted ".  This IE shall be included if there is at least a PDN connection for this UE on the sending MME/SGSN.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of PDN connections.  This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control	MM Context	0
MME/SGSN UE MM C TI Context R MME/SGSN UE EPS C TI PDN Connections Si in C Sender F-TEID for C TI Control Plane SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane SGW node name C Ti th W Indication Flags C Ti	an identifier  - if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.  This IE shall be included if the Cause IE has the value " Request Accepted ".  This IE shall be included if there is at least a PDN connection for this UE on the sending MME/SGSN.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of PDN connections.  This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control	MM Context	
Context R MME/SGSN UE EPS C TI PDN Connections CO Sender F-TEID for COntrol Plane SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane SGW node name C TI th W Indication Flags C Ti	Request Accepted ".  This IE shall be included if there is at least a PDN connection for this UE on the sending MME/SGSN.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of PDN Connections.  This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control		
Context R MME/SGSN UE EPS C TI PDN Connections CO Sender F-TEID for COntrol Plane SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane SGW node name C TI th W Indication Flags C Ti	Request Accepted ".  This IE shall be included if there is at least a PDN connection for this UE on the sending MME/SGSN.  Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of PDN Connections.  This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control	PDN Connection	0
PDN Connections  Solin C Sender F-TEID for C Control Plane SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for C Control Plane SGW node name C Indication Flags C Id	connection for this UE on the sending MME/SGSN. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of PDN Connections.  This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control	FDIA COIIIIeCtion	U
Control Plane pl SGW S11/S4 IP C TI Address and TEID for Control Plane SGW node name C TI th w. Indication Flags C TI			
SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane SGW node name C Ti th w. Indication Flags C Ti		F-TEID	0
SGW node name C Ti th w. Indication Flags C Ti Id	This IE shall be included if a SGW is being used by the old MME/SGSN.	F-TEID	1
Indication Flags C TI	This IE shall be included if the source MME or SGSN has he source SGW FQDN. This IE identifies the SGW that was used by the old MME/SGSN.	FQDN	0
Id	This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1.	Indication	0
С	dle mode Signalling Reduction Supported Indication:  This flag shall be set to 1 if the Cause IE value indicates "Request accepted" and the old system (including old MME/SGSN and the associated SGW) has the ISR capability.  Jnauthenticated IMSI:  This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.  Change Reporting support indication flag:  This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports Location Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE1.  CSG Change Reporting support indication flag:  This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE1.  SRAU:  This flag shall be set to 1 on S10/S16 interface if the ISR is activated for the UE before the UE moving to the new SGSN/MME.		
	This IE shall be included when session trace is active for his IMSI/IMEI.	Trace Information	0
HRPD access node C TI	This IN SIMBLE.  This IE shall be included only if the HRPD pre registration was performed at the old MME	IP-Address	0
1xIWS S102 IP C TI		IP-Address	1
Subscribed RFSP CO TI	This IE shall be included only if the 1xRTT CS fallback pre	RFSP Index	0
RFSP Index in Use CO TI	egistration was performed at the old MME  This IE shall be included only if the 1xRTTCS fallback pre egistration was performed at the old MME  This IE shall be included only during inter-MME/SGSN mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN receives it rom an HSS.	l	

		mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN supports the feature.		
UE Time Zone		When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN.	UE Time Zone	0
MME/S4-SGSN LDN		This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time.	Local Distinguished Name (LDN)	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

NOTE1: 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication and/or CSG Change Reporting Support Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers to MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication.

Table 7.3.6-2: MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Context Response

Octet 1		PDN Connection IE Type = 109 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
APN	М		APN	0
APN Restriction	С	This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context. The target MME or SGSN determines the Maximum APN Restriction using the APN Restriction. If available, the source MME/S4 SGSN shall include this IE.	APN Restriction	0
Selection Mode	СО	When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN	Selection Mode	0
IPv4 Address	С	This IE shall not be included if no IPv4 Address is assigned. See NOTE 1.	IP Address	0
IPv6 Address	С	This IE shall not be included if no IPv6 Address is assigned.	IP Address	1
Linked EPS Bearer ID	М	This IE identifies the default bearer of the PDN Connection.	EBI	0
PGW S5/S8 IP Address for Control Plane or PMIP	М	This IE shall include the TEID in the GTP based S5/S8 case and the GRE key in the PMIP based S5/S8 case.	F-TEID	0
PGW node name	С	This IE shall be included if the source MME or SGSN has the PGW FQDN.	FQDN	0
Bearer Contexts	М	Several IEs with this type and instance values may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.	Bearer Context	0
Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR)	М		AMBR	0
Charging characteristics	С	This IE shall be present if charging characteristics was supplied by the HSS to the MME/SGSN as a part of subscription information.	Charging characteristics	0
Change Reporting Action	С	This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN.	Change Reporting Action	0
CSG Information Reporting Action	СО	This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN.	CSG Information Reporting Action	0
Indication flags	СО	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.  Applicable flags:  - Subscribed QoS Change Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 if the subscribed QoS profile of the related PDN connection has changed in the old MME/SGSN when the UE is in ECM-IDLE state and ISR is activated.	Indication	0
Signalling Priority Indication		The source SGSN/MME shall include this IE if the UE indicated low access priority when establishing the PDN connection.	Signalling Priority Indication	0
PGW during	g "eL	4 address allocation, if the MME/S4-SGSN receives the PDI JTRAN Initial Attach", "PDP Context Activation", "UE request 4-SGSN shall include this IPv4 address "0.0.0.0".		

The Bearer Context shall be coded as depicted in Table 7.3.6-3.

Table 7.3.6-3: Bearer Context within MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Context Response

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93					
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n					
Octet 4		Sparae and Instance fields	Sparae and Instance fields				
Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.			
elements							
EPS Bearer ID	M		EBI	0			
TFT	C	This IE shall be present if a TFT is defined for this bearer.	Bearer TFT	0			
SGW S1/S4/S12 IP	M		F-TEID	0			
Address and TEID for							
user plane							
PGW S5/S8 IP	C	This IE shall only be included for GTP based S5/S8.	F-TEID	1			
Address and TEID for							
user plane							
Bearer Level QoS	M		Bearer Level QoS	0			
BSS Container	CO	The MME/S4 SGSN shall include the Packet Flow ID,	F-Container	0			
		Radio Priority, SAPI, PS Handover XID parameters in the					
		TAU/RAU/Handover procedure, if available.					
Transaction Identifier	С	This IE shall be sent over S3/S10/S16 if the UE supports	TI	0			
		A/Gb and/or lu mode.					

### 7.3.7 Context Acknowledge

A Context Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a previous Context Response message, only if the previous Context Response message is received with the acceptance cause.

Possible cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "User authentication failed".

Table 7.3.7-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.7-1: Information Elements in a Context Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Indication flags	C	This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.  Applicable Flags are: SGWCI:  - SGW change indication indicates a new SGW has been selected. The old MME/old SGSN marks in its context that the information in the GWs and the HSS are invalid.  ISRAI:  - This flag indicates to the old system that it shall maintain the UE's contexts. This flag shall be set to 1 if the Cause IE value indicates "Request accepted" and ISR is activated as specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].  See NOTE1.	Indication	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
	icatio	on Flags, the combination (SGWCI, ISRAI) = 1,1 shall be con		

#### 7.3.8 Identification Request

If the UE identifies itself with temporary identity and it has changed SGSN/MME since detach in Attach procedure, the new MME/SGSN shall send an Identification Request message to the old SGSN/MME over S3, S16 or S10 interface to request IMSI.

Table 7.3.8-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

If the sending node is a MME, it shall include in the Identification Request message:

- the GUTI IE and Complete Attach Request Message IE if the GUTI received from UE indicates the old node is a MME.
- the RAI P-TMSI, which was derived from the GUTI received from UE, and the P-TMSI Signature that was received intact from the UE, if the GUTI indicates the old node is an SGSN.

If the sending/new node is an SGSN, it shall include RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE in the Identification Request message. If the receiving node is an MME, it shall construct GUTI according to the RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE (see the mapping relationship between RAI, P-TMSI, P-TMSI signature and GUTI defined in 3GPP TS23.003[2]), and find UE context via this GUTI.

The new MME differentiates the type of the old node as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. If the old node is an SGSN, the GUTI shall be mapped to RAI and P-TMSI by the new MME; if the old node is a MME, the new MME include GUTI IE and Complete Attach Request Message IE in the Identification Request message. The Mapping between temporary and area identities is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

The GUTI IE shall not coexist with any of the RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE in an Identification Request message. If this occurs, the receiving node shall return a corresponding cause value in the response message.

The Target PLMN ID IE shall be used in old SGSN/MME in order to decide whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed to new SGSN/MME or not. Distribution and use of authentication vectors between different serving network domains are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

Table 7.3.8-1: Information Elements in an Identification Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
GUTI	C	The new MME shall include this IE over S10 interface.	GUTI	0
Routeing Area Identity(RAI)	С	This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface, if the GUTI received from the UE indicates the old node is an SGSN, the new MME maps this IE from GUTI.	ULI for RAI	0
Packet TMSI(P-TMSI)		This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface. For the S3 interface, if sent by the MME, this IE is derived by the MME from the GUTI received from the UE.	P-TMSI	0
P-TMSI Signature	С	This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface, if it is received from the UE.	P-TMSI Signature	0
Complete Attach Request Message	С	The new MME shall include this IE over S10 interface, and the old MME may use this IE for integrity check.	Complete Request Message	0
Address for Control Plane	0	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the old IP address of the received message in this optional parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN.	IP Address	0
UDP Source Port Number	С	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool as the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the UDP Source Port number of the received message in this parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN. The old SGSN shall use this UDP port as the UDP destination port of the Identification Response message.	Port Number	0
Hop Counter	0	If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall decrement the Hop Counter if this IE is present in the received message; otherwise, the SGSN may include a Hop Counter with a value of max-1, and may relay the message to the old SGSN.	Hop Counter	0
Target PLMN ID	СО	If available, this IE shall be included in order to allow old MME/SGSN to make a judgment whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed or not.	Serving Network	0
Private Extension	0	None	Private Extension	VS

# 7.3.9 Identification Response

The old SGSN/MME shall send an Identification Response message to the new MME/SGSN as a response to a previous Identification Request message over S3/S10/S16 interface.

Table 7.3.9-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

For Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes, if an old SGSN within an SGSN pool receives an Identification Request message that contains the optional parameter Address for Control Plane, the old SGSN shall use this address as destination IP address of the Identification Response message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "P-TMSI Signature mismatch"
- "User authentication failed"

Only the Cause information element shall be included in the response if the Cause contains another value than "Request accepted".

Table 7.3.9-1: Information Elements in an Identification Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
	N 4		0	_
Cause	М		Cause	0
IMSI	С	This IE shall be included if the Cause contains the value	IMSI	0
		"Request accepted".		
MME/SGSN UE MM	С	This IE shall be included if Attach Request is integrity	MM Context	0
Context		protected		
Trace Information	CO	This IE shall be included when session trace is active for	Trace Information	0
		this IMSI/IMEI.		
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

#### 7.3.10 Forward Access Context Notification

A Forward Access Context Notification message shall be sent from the Old SGSN to the New SGSN over the S16 interface to forward the RNC contexts to the target system, or sent from the Old MME to the New MME over the S10 interface to forward the RNC/eNodeB contexts to the target system.

When the old SGSN receives the RANAP message Forward SRNS Context, the old SGSN shall send a Forward Access Context Notification message to the new SGSN. The new SGSN shall forward the message to the target RNC using the corresponding RANAP message.

When the old SGSN receives a BSSGP message PS handover Required and the acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer Context or when "delivery order" is set in the Bearer Context QoS profile, the old SGSN shall send a Forward Access Context Notification message with the PDU Number IE to the new SGSN. The new SGSN shall forward the message to the target RNC/ target BSS using the corresponding RANAP message only for PS handover to Iu mode.

When the old SGSN receives a BSSGP message PS handover Required from source BSS/RNC for PS handover to A/Gb mode, the value part of RAB Context IE shall be empty according to its defined minimum length.

Table 7.3.10-1 specifics the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.10-1: Information Elements in a Forward Access Context Notification

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
RAB Contexts	С	This IE shall be included for S16 only. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers.  For each RAB context in the received RANAP message, the old SGSN shall include this IE in the message.	RAB Context	0
Source RNC PDCP context Info	С	If available, the old SGSN shall include an Source RNC PDCP context info in the message.	Source RNC PDCP context Info	0
PDU Numbers	С	This IE only applies to S16. The old SGSN shall include this IE in the message if the acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer Context or when "delivery order" is set in the Bearer Context QoS profile in A/Gb mode to Iu/A/Gb mode PS handover.	PDU Numbers	0
E-UTRAN Transparent Container	С	This IE shall be included over S10 to contain the eNodeB Status Transfer Transparent Container IE specified in S1-AP.	F-Container	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.3.11 Forward Access Context Acknowledge

A Forward Access Context Acknowledge message shall be sent to the old MME/SGSN as a response to Forward Access Context Notification.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.3.11-1 specifics the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.11-1: Information Elements in a Forward Access Context Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	M		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

#### 7.3.12 Detach Notification

A Detach Notification message shall be sent from an MME to the associated SGSN, or from an SGSN to the associated MME as a part of Detach procedure if the ISR is activated between the MME and SGSN for the UE.

Possible Cause values are:

- "Local Detach".
- "Complete Detach".

A Detach Notification message shall also be sent from an SGSN to the associated MME as a part of Detach procedure if the ISR is activated between the MME and SGSN for the UE.

Possible Cause values are:

- "IMSI Detach only".

"Local Detach" indicates that this detach is local to the MME/SGSN and so the associated SGSN/MME registration where the ISR is activated shall not be detached. The MME/SGSN that receives this message including this Cause value of "Local Detach" only deactivates the ISR. This Cause value shall be included in the procedures:

- MME/SGSN-initiated Detach Procedure in case of implicit detach.

"Complete Detach" indicates both the MME registration and the SGSN registration that the ISR is activated for, shall be detached. This "Complete Detach" Cause value shall be included in the procedures:

- UE-initiated Detach Procedure.
- MME/SGSN-initiated Detach Procedure in case of explicit detach.

For the purpose of SGs handling, the SGSN shall include Detach Type in the Detach Notification message for "Complete Detach" when the UE is combined IMSI/EPS attached and the ISR is activated.

Possible Detach Type values are:

- "PS Detach".
- "Combined PS/CS Detach".

"PS Detach" indicates that the MME shall perform explicit IMSI detach from EPS service as specified in section 5.4, 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]. "Combined PS/CS detach" indicates that the MME shall perform explicit IMSI detach from non-EPS service as specified in section 5.5, 3GPP TS 29.118 [22].

"IMSI Detach only" indicates that combined IMSI/EPS attached UE initiates IMSI only GPRS detach from non-GPRS service as specified in section 4.7.4.1, 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], and both the SGSN/MME registration shall be remained. The MME shall perform explicit IMSI detach from non-EPS service for the SGs handling purpose, which is specified in section 5.5, 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]. This "IMSI Detach only" Cause value shall be included in the procedures:

- UE-initiated Detach Procedure for GERAN/UTRAN for "IMSI Detach only".

Table 7.3.12-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.12-1: Information Elements in a Detach Notification

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Detach Type		This IE shall be included by SGSN when the Cause indicates "Complete Detach" for the combined IMSI/EPS attached UE.	Detach Type	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

#### 7.3.13 Detach Acknowledge

A Detach Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a Detach Notification message during Detach procedure.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.3.13-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.13-1: Information Elements in a Detach Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Recovery	0		Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.3.14 Change Notification Request

3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and 3GPP TS 23.060 [4] specify that if PGW has requested ECGI/TAI/CGI/SAI/RAI Change Reporting and if MME/S4-SGSN supports the feature, then MME/S4-SGSN shall send the Change Notification Request message on the S11/S4 interface to the SGW. If SGW supports the feature, the SGW forwards the message on the GTP based S5/S8 interface to the PGW as part of location dependent charging related procedures.

The TEID value used in this message shall be zero.

Table 7.3.14-1: Information Element in Change Notification

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
IMSI	М		IMSI	0
RAT Type	М		RAT Type	0
User Location	С	The SGSN shall include the User Location Information IE if	ULI	0
Information (ULI)		the MS is located in a RAT Type of GERAN, UTRAN or		
		GAN and shall include the CGI, SAI and/or RAI.		
	CO	The MME shall include the User Location Information IE if		
		the UE is located in a RAT Type of E-UTRAN and shall		
		include the ECGI and/or TAI.		
User CSG	CO	The SGSN/MME shall include the User CSG Information	UCI	0
Information (UCI)		IE if the MS is located in the CSG cell or the hybrid cell and		
		the P-GW decides to receive the CSG Information.		
PGW S5/S8 GTP-C	С	This IE shall be sent on S4.	IP Address	0
IP Address	CO	This IE shall be sent on S11.		
LBI	CO	This IE, identifying the PDN connection, shall be sent by	EBI	0
		the MME/SGSN on S11/S4.		
		If the SGW receives this IE, it shall forward it to the PGW		
		on S5/S8.		
Private Extension	0	Vendor or operator specific information	Private Extension	VS

### 7.3.15 Change Notification Response

The Change Notification Response message may be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/SGSN and is sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of location dependent charging related procedures to acknowledge the receipt of a Change Notification Request.

If SGW does not support the feature (see subclause 7.3.14 "Change Notification Request"), SGW may silently discard Change Notification Request message from MME/SGSN. If the MME/SGSN does not receive Change Notification Response, the MME/SGSN may either send Change Notification Request to the same SGW next time UE location changes, or not (marking SGW as not supporting the feature).

The Cause value indicates whether or not the Change Notification Request was received correctly. Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".
- "Request accepted partially".
- "IMSI not known".

The TEID value used in this message shall be zero.

If the IMSI is unknown for the receiving GTP-C entity, then the message shall be silently discarded and no further processing of the IEs shall continue.

If the MME/SGSN receives Change Notification Response containing a Cause value of "IMSI not known" and CS bit set to 1, this indicates that the associated PDN connection does not exist within the PGW. The Change Reporting mechanism shall be stopped in the receiving SGSN/MME for all Bearers of the associated PDN connection. The SGSN/MME shall then initiate PDN disconnection for all of these PDN Connection .

If the PDN Connection associated of the Change Notification Request message received by the SGW does not exist within the SGW, the SGW shall return Change Notification Response with the CS bit set to 0 to the MME/SGSN. The Change Reporting mechanism shall be stopped in the receiving SGSN/MME for all Bearers of the associated PDN connection, and the MME/SGSN shall then locally delete the PDN connection and release all associated resources.

If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be stopped or modified for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME, then the PGW shall include the Change Reporting Action IE in the message and shall set the value of the Action field appropriately.

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
IMSI	М		IMSI	0
Cause	М		Cause	0
Change Reporting	С	This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field If	Change Reporting	0
Action		the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started	Action	
		or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.		
CSG Information		This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field if	CSG Information	0
Reporting Action		the location CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started	Reporting Action	
		or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME.		
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

Table 7.3.15-1: Information Element in Change Notification Response

## 7.3.16 Relocation Cancel Request

A Relocation Cancel Request message shall be sent from the source MME/SGSN to the target MME/SGSN on S3/S10/S16 interface as part of the Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure/S1 Based handover Cancel procedure and on the S16 interface as part of the SRNS Relocation Cancel Procedure. Table 7.3.16-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.16-1: Information Elements in Relocation Cancel Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI	М		IMSI	0
RANAP Cause		This IE shall be present in the case of SRNS relocation cancel procedure. It shall contain the cause value received from the source RNC in the Relocation Cancel message received over the lu interface.	F-Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.3.17 Relocation Cancel Response

A Relocation Cancel Response message shall be sent as a response to a previous Relocation Cancel Request message during the Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure/S1 Based handover Cancel procedure/SRNS Relocation Cancel Procedure.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "IMSI not known".

Table 7.3.17-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.17-1: Information Elements in Relocation Cancel Response** 

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	M		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.3.18 Configuration Transfer Tunnel

A Configuration Transfer Tunnel message shall be used to tunnel eNodeB Configuration Transfer messages from a source MME to a target MME over the S10 interface. The purpose of the eNodeB Direct Configuration Transfer is to transfer information from an eNodeB to another eNodeB in unacknowledged mode (see 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]).

Table 7.3.18-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.18-1: Information Elements in a Configuration Transfer Tunnel Message

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
E-UTRAN Transparent Container	М	This IE shall contain the SON transfer IE.	F-Container	0
Target eNodeB ID	М	This IE shall contain the ID of the target eNodeB	Target Identification	0

## 7.3.19 RAN Information Relay

The RAN Information Relay message shall be sent on S3 interface between SGSN and MME to transfer the RAN information received by an SGSN from BSS or RNS (or GERAN Iu mode) or by an MME from eNodeB. The procedures are specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

This message shall also be sent on S16 interface to transfer the RAN information between GERAN or GERAN Iu mode or UTRAN.

For handling of protocol errors the RAN Information Relay message is treated as a Response message.

Table 7.3.19-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.3.19-1: Information Elements in a RAN Information Relay

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
BSS Container	M	All information elements from the RIM messages, starting from and including the BSSGP "PDU type", shall be contained within the BSS Container and forwarded to the destination MME/SGSN in the RAN Information Relay message.	F-Container	0
RIM Routing Address	С	This IE shall be included if the RIM Routing Address information is included in the message sent from the source RAN node. This IE identifies the destination RAN node where the RAN Information needs to be relayed to. It contains:  - the destination RNC Identity when the target is GERAN Iu mode or UTRAN; or  - the destination Cell Identity when the target is GERAN; or  - the Target eNodeB ID when the target is E-UTRAN.	Target Identification	0
Private Extension	0	None	Private Extension	VS

## 7.4 CS Fallback and SRVCC related messages

#### 7.4.1 Suspend Notification

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the 1xRTT CS fallback procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the SGSN to the MME, on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the SRVCC procedures in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] or the CS fallback from E-UTRAN access to UTRAN/GERAN CS domain access related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S16 interface as per the inter-SGSN suspend procedures in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S16, the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to GERAN without DTM support procedure in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the CS fallback from E-UTRAN to GERAN CS domain related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

After receiving a Suspend Notification message, the SGW/PGW marks all the non-GBR bearers as suspended status. The PGW should discard packets it receives for the suspended UE.

Table 7.4.1-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Private Extension VS

Р Condition / Comment Information **IE Type** Ins. elements IMSI This IE shall be included only on the S11 interface. IMSI 0 Routeing Area This IE shall be included only on the S3 interface. **ULI for RAI** 0 Identity(RAI) See NOTE 1. CO This IE shall be included on the S16 interface. CO This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface to Linked Bearer Identity EBI 0 (LBI) indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN Packet TMSI(P-TMSI) This IE shall be included only on the S3 interface. P-TMSI 0 See NOTE 1. CO This IE shall be included on the S16 interface.

**Table 7.4.1-1: Information Element in Suspend Notification** 

NOTE 1: The MME can not suspend the bearers after receving the Suspend Notification message from the SGSN, the GUTI can not be derived from the P-TMSI and RAI pair as the P-TMSI Signature is not included in the message. The MME shall still reply the Suspend Acknowledge to the SGSN. Suspend procedure on MME, SGW and PGW are triggered by the S1 UE Context Release message sent from the eNodeB to the MME. Refer to section 6.3 and section 7.4 in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21] for detail.

## 7.4.2 Suspend Acknowledge

Private Extension

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the 1xRTT CS fallback procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME to the SGSN, on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to SGW as part of the SRVCC procedures in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] or the CS fallback from E-UTRAN access to UTRAN/GERAN CS domain access related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S16 interface as per the inter-SGSN suspend procedures in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S16, the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to GERAN without DTM support procedure in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the CS fallback from E-UTRAN to GERAN CS domain related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

For backward compatibility, if the IMSI IE is missing in the Suspend Notification message that is received on the S11 interface, the cause value "Mandatory IE missing" shall be used.

Table 7.4.2-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.4.2-1: Information Element in Suspend Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

#### 7.4.3 Resume Notification

The Resume Notification message should be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and forwarded on the S5/S8 by the SGW to the PGW as part of the resume procedure returning back to E-UTRAN in the case of CS fallback or SRVCC.

Private Extension

VS

The Resume Notification message should also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and forwarded on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the resume procedure returning from SRVCC to HSPA if there is no Modify Bearer Request message sent to the SGW and PGW as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

After receiving a Resume Notification message, the SGW/PGW clears suspended status for all the non-GBR bearers. The PGW shall forward packets it receives for the UE.

Table 7.4.3-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Condition / Comment** Information **IE Type** Ins. elements **IMSI** М IMSI 0 Linked Bearer Identity CO This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface to EBI 0 (LBI) indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN connection. Private Extension 0 Private Extension VS

Table 7.4.3-1: Information Element in Resume Notification

#### 7.4.4 Resume Acknowledge

The Resume Acknowledge message should be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 by the PGW to the SGW as part of the resume procedure returning back to E-UTRAN in the case of CS fallback or SRVCC.

The Resume Acknowledge message should also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the resume procedure returning from SRVCC to HSPA if there is no Modify Bearer Request message sent to the SGW and PGW as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.4.4-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Information elements

Se M Condition / Comment E Type Ins.

Cause 0

Table 7.4.4-1: Information Element in Resume Acknowledge

## 7.4.5 CS Paging Indication

0

Cause

Private Extension

The CS Paging Indication shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME to the associated SGSN when ISR is activated as part of mobile terminated CS services. The MME gets the related information from SGsAP-PAGING-REQUEST message as specified in 3GPP TS29.118 [21]. Table 7.4.5-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.4.5-1: Information Element in CS Paging Indication

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
IMSI	M		IMSI	0
VLR Name	М		FQDN	0
TMSI	0		TMSI	0
Location area	0		ULI	0
identifier				
Global CN-Id	0		Global CN-Id	0
Channel needed	0		Channel needed	0
eMLPP Priority	0		eMLPP Priority	0
Service Indicator	СО	This IE shall be sent if the service type for the paging is available.	Service Indicator	0
Private Extension	0	ачанало.	Private Extension	VS

#### 7.4.6 Alert MME Notification

An Alert MME Notification message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME to the associated SGSN as part of an SGs Non-EPS alert procedure (see 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]) when ISR is activated, except under the conditions specified in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21], to request to receive a notification when any activity from the UE is detected.

Table 7.4.6-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.4.6-1: Information Element in Alert MME Notification** 

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.4.7 Alert MME Acknowledge

An Alert MME Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to an Alert MME Notification message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

NOTE: An SGSN implemented according to an earlier version of the specification will silently discard the Alert MME Notification message. An MME which does not receive an Alert MME Acknowledge message may not send further Alert MME Notification message to this SGSN.

Table 7.4.7-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.4.7-1: Information Elements in Alert MME Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

## 7.4.8 UE Activity Notification

A UE Activity Notification message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the SGSN to the associated MME as part of an SGs Non-EPS alert procedure (see 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]) when ISR is activated, except under the conditions specified in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21], to indicate that activity from a UE has been detected. Table 7.4.8-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.4.8-1: Information Element in UE Activity Notification

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.4.9 UE Activity Acknowledge

A UE Activity Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a UE Activity Notification message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.4.9-1 specifics the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.4.z-1: Information Elements in UE Activity Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

# 7.5 Non-3GPP access related messages

### 7.5.1 Create Forwarding Tunnel Request

A Create Forwarding Tunnel Request message shall be sent by a MME to a Serving GW as a part of the MME configures resources for indirect data forwarding during active handover procedure from E-UTRAN to CDMA 2000 HRPD access.

Table 7.5.1-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.5.1-1: Information Elements in a Create Forwarding Tunnel Request

Information elements	P	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info	M	The MME shall include the forwarding Infomation for all PDN connections of the UE requesting data forwarding towards the HSGW in the message as S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info information elements. For each of those PDN Connections, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included.  The Serving GW shall forward downlink data to the HSGW via the GRE tunnel identified by the HSGW Address and HSGW GRE Key included in this information element when it receives downlink data forwarded from the eNodeB belonging to the corresponding EPS bearers of the PDN connection.	S103PDF	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

# 7.5.2 Create Forwarding Tunnel Response

A Create Forwarding Tunnel Response message shall be sent by a Serving GW to a MME as a response to a Create Forwarding Tunnel Request message.

Table 7.5.2-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

The Cause value indicates if Data Forwarding Resources has been created in the Serving GW or not. Data Forwarding Resources have not been created in the Serving GW if the Cause differs from "Request accepted". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Only the Cause IE shall be included in the response if the Cause IE contains another value than "Request accepted".

Table 7.5.2-1: Information Elements in a Create Forwarding Tunnel Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
S1-U Data Forwarding Info	С	S1-U Data Forwarding Info shall be included in the message if the Cause contains the value "Request accepted". For each EPS bearer requesting data forwarding which is included in the S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info fields of corresponding Create Forwarding Tunnel Request message, the Serving GW shall assign a Serving GW S1-U Address and Serving GW S1-U TEID pair and included it in the response message as S1-U Data Forwarding Info information element. For each of those EPS bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. The eNodeB shall forward downlink data of the EPS bearer to the Serving GW via the GTP-U tunnel identified by the Serving GW S1-U Address and Serving GW S1-U TEID.		0
Private Extension	0	_	Private Extension	VS

# 7.6 Reliable Delivery of Signalling Messages

Retransmission requirements in the current subclause do not apply to the Initial messages that do not have Triggered messages.

Reliable delivery in GTPv2 messages is accomplished by retransmission of these messages. A message shall be retransmitted if and only if a reply is expected for that message and the reply has not yet been received. There may be limits placed on the total number of retransmissions to avoid network overload.

Initial messages and their Triggered messages, as well as Triggered messages and their Triggered Reply messages are matched based on the Sequence Number and the IP address and port rules in subclause 4.2 "Protocol stack". Therefore, an Initial message and its Triggered message, as well as a Triggered message and its Triggered Reply message shall have the same sequence Number. A retransmitted GTPv2 message (an Initial or a Triggered) has the exact same GTPv2 message content, including the GTP header, UDP ports, source and destination IP addresses as the originally transmitted GTPv2 message.

For each triplet of local IP address, local UDP port and remote peer's IP address a GTP entity maintains a sending queue with signalling messages to be sent to that peer. The message at the front of the queue shall be sent with a Sequence Number, and if the message has an expected reply, it shall be held in a list until a reply is received or until the GTP entity has ceased retransmission of that message. The Sequence Number shall be unique for each outstanding Initial message sourced from the same IP/UDP endpoint. A node running GTP may have several outstanding messages waiting for replies. Not counting retransmissions, a single GTP message with an expected reply shall be answered with a single GTP reply, regardless whether it is per UE, per APN, or per bearer

A piggybacked initial message (such as a Create Bearer Request message or Modify Bearer Request message) shall contain a Sequence Number that is assigned by sending GTP entity and the message shall be held in a list until a response is received. The response message to a piggybacked initial message may arrive without piggybacking (e.g., Create Bearer Response at PGW).

The Sequence Number in the GTP header of the triggered response message shall be copied from the respective request message.

If a request message (e.g., Create Session Request) triggers piggybacking (i.e., Create Bearer Request piggybacked on Create Session Response), re-transmission of the request message shall also trigger piggybacking. A Sequence Number used for a Command message and its Triggered messages, as well as respective Triggered Reply message shall be the same as in the Command message and shall have the most significant bit set to 1. This setting of the most significant bit of the Sequence Number is done to avoid potential clashes between the Sequence Number selected for a Command message, and the Sequence Number selected by a GTPv2 peer for a Request message, which was not triggered by a Command message.

A Sequence Number used for a Request message, which was not triggered by a Command message shall have the most significant bit set to 0.

A timer, denoted T3-RESPONSE, shall be started when a signalling message (for which a reply is expected) is sent. A signalling message or the triggered message has probably been lost if a reply has not been received before the T3-RESPONSE timer expires.

Once the T3-RESPONSE timer expires, the message corresponding to the T3-RESPONSE timer is then retransmitted if the total number of retry attempts is less than N3-REQUESTS times. The expiry of the timer for piggybacked request messages shall result in re-transmission of the original IP/UDP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message. T3-RESPONSE timer and N3-REQUESTS counter setting is implementation dependent. That is, the timers and counters may be configurable per procedure. Multileg communications (e.g. Create Session Requests and Responses) however require longer timer values and possibly a higher number of retransmission attempts compared to single leg communication.

All received GTPv2 messages with an expected reply shall be replied to and all reply messages associated with a certain message shall always include the same information. Duplicated reply messages shall be discarded by the receiver unless the reply needs a reply. A received reply message without a matching outstanding message that is waiting for a reply should be discarded.

If a GTPv2 node is not successful with the transfer of a non-Echo signalling message, e.g. a Create Bearer Request message, it shall inform the upper layer of the unsuccessful transfer so that the controlling upper entity may take the necessary measures.

## 7.7 Error Handling

### 7.7.0 Handling Piggybacked Messages

For piggybacked initial messages, the following general rule shall apply: the triggered response message carrying the piggybacked message shall be processed first, according to the following sections. Subsequently, the piggybacked initial message shall be processed independently. If the processing of dedicated bearer activation message results in an error, this shall not affect the default bearer establishment. If the default bearer establishment fails, the dedicated bearer activation related message shall be discarded.

#### 7.7.1 Protocol Errors

A protocol error is defined as a message or an Information Element received from a peer entity with unknown type, or if it is unexpected, or if it has an erroneous content.

The term silently discarded is used in the following subclauses to mean that the receiving GTP entity's implementation shall discard such a message without further processing, or that the receiving GTP entity discards such an IE and continues processing the message. The conditions for the receiving GTP entity to silently discard an IE are specified in the subsequent subclauses.

The handling of unknown, unexpected or erroneous GTP messages and IEs shall provide for the forward compatibility of GTP. Therefore, the sending GTP entity shall be able to safely include in a message a new conditional-optional or an optional IE. Such an IE may also have a new type value. Any legacy receiving GTP entity shall, however, silently discard such an IE and continue processing the message.

If a protocol error is detected by the receiving GTP entity, it should log the event including the erroneous message and may include the error in a statistical counter.

An information element with "Mandatory" in the "Presence requirement" column of a message definition shall always be present in that message.

An information element with "Conditional" in the "Presence requirement" column of a message definition shall be sent when the conditions detailed in the "Presence requirement" are met.

The Version Not Supported Indication message shall be considered as a Triggered message as specified in subclause 4.2.5 "Messages with GTPv2 defined replies: Classification of Initial and Triggered Messages".

The receiving GTP entity shall apply the error handling specified in the subsequent subclauses in decreasing priority.

If the received erroneous message is a reply to an outstanding GTP message, the GTP transaction layer shall stop retransmissions and notify the GTP application layer of the error even if the reply is silently discarded.

#### 7.7.2 Different GTP Versions

If a GTP entity receives a message of an unsupported GTP version, it shall return a Version Not Supported Indication message and discard the received message.

### 7.7.3 GTP Message of Invalid Length

If a GTP entity receives a message, which is too short to contain the respective GTPv2 header, the GTP-PDU shall be silently discarded.

Apart from a piggybacked GTP message, if a GTP entity receives a Request message within an IP/UDP packet of a length that is inconsistent with the value specified in the Length field of the GTP header, then the receiving GTP entity should log the error and shall send the Response message with Cause IE value set to "Invalid Length".

Apart from a piggybacked GTP message, if a GTP entity receives a Response message within an IP/UDP packet of a length that is inconsistent with the value specified in the Length field of the GTP header, then the receiving GTP entity should log the error and shall silently discard the message.

If a GTP entity receives two GTP messages (triggered response message and a piggybacked initial message) within an IP/UDP packet of a length that is inconsistent with the total length of the two concatenated messages as indicated by Length fields of the GTP headers, then the receiving GTP entity should log the error and return an appropriate Response message with Cause IE value set to "Invalid overall length of the triggered response message and a piggybacked initial message". That is:

- for a Create Session Response message together with a piggybacked Create Bearer Request message, a Create Bearer Response message should be returned with the above Cause value.
- for a Create Bearer Response message together with a piggybacked Modify Bearer Request message, a Modify Bearer Response message should be returned with the above Cause value.

### 7.7.4 Unknown GTP Message

If a GTP entity receives a message with an unknown Message Type value, it shall silently discard the message.

# 7.7.5 Unexpected GTP Message

If a GTP entity receives an unexpected initial message (see subclause 4.2 "Protocol stack"), it shall be silently discard the message and shall log an error.

If a GTP entity receives an unexpected triggered message (see subclause 4.2 "Protocol stack"), it shall discard the message and may log an error.

# 7.7.6 Missing Information Elements

A GTP entity shall check if all mandatory IEs are present in the received Request message. If one or more mandatory information elements are missing, the GTP entity should log the error and shall send a Response message with Cause IE value set to "Mandatory IE missing" together with the type and instance of the missing mandatory IE.

If a GTP entity receives a Response message with Cause IE value set to "Mandatory IE missing", it shall notify its upper layer.

A GTP entity shall check if all mandatory IEs are present in the received Response message. If one or more mandatory information elements are missing, the GTP entity shall notify the upper layer and should log the error.

A GTP entity shall check if conditional information elements are present in the received message, if possible (i.e. if the receiving entity has sufficient information available to check if the respective conditions were met).

When possible, a GTP entity shall check if all conditional IEs are present in the received Request message. If one or more conditional information elements are missing, GTP entity should log the error and shall send a Response message with Cause IE value set to "Conditional IE missing" together with the type and instance of the missing conditional IE.

When possible, a GTP entity shall check if all conditional IEs are present in the received Response message. If one or more conditional information elements are missing, GTP entity shall notify the upper layer and should log the error.

If the Indication IE is applicable for the message as a conditional IE and if it is not present, the GTP entity shall not reject the message unless there are other reasons to reject the message.

If the Indication IE is applicable for the message as conditional IE and if it is present with the value of all the applicable flags set to "0", the GTP entity shall not reject the message unless there are other reasons to reject the message.

Absence of an optional information element shall not trigger any of the error handling processes.

### 7.7.7 Invalid Length Information Element

An information element has invalid length when the actual length of the IE is different from the value of the Length field in the IE header.

If a GTP message contains more than one information elements and one or more of them have invalid length, the receiving GTP entity can detect which of the IEs have invalid length only in the following cases:

- If the Length value in the IE header is greater than the overall length of the message;
- If the invalid length IE is the last one in the message.

If a receiving GTP entity detects information element with invalid length in a Request message, it shall send an appropriate error response with Cause IE value set to "Invalid length" together with the type and instance of the offending IE.

Other Length field handling cases are specified below:

- If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the fixed length IE are consistent, but the length is greater than that expected by the fixed number of octets, then the extra octets shall be discarded.
- If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the fixed length IE are consistent, but the length is less than that expected by the fixed number of octets, this shall be considered an error, IE shall be discarded and if the IE was received as a Mandatory IE or a verifiable Conditional IE in a Request message, an appropriate error response with Cause IE value set to "Invalid length" together with the type and instance of the offending IE shall be returned to the sender.
- If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the extendable length IE are consistent, but the length is greater than that expected by the fixed number of octets preceding the extended field(s), then the extra unknown octets shall be discarded.
- If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the extendable length IE are consistent, but the length is less than that expected by the fixed number of octets preceding the extended field(s), this shall be considered an error, IE shall be discarded and if the IE was received as a Mandatory IE or a verifiable Conditional IE in a Request message, an appropriate error response with Cause IE value set to "Invalid length" together with the type and instance of the offending IE shall be returned to the sender.

# 7.7.8 Semantically incorrect Information Element

The receiver of a GTP signalling message Request including a mandatory or a verifiable conditional information element with a semantically invalid Value shall discard the request, should log the error, and shall send a response with Cause set to "Mandatory IE incorrect" together with a type and instance of the offending IE.

The receiver of a GTP signalling message Response including a mandatory or a verifiable conditional information element with a semantically invalid Value shall notify the upper layer that a message with this sequence number has been received and should log the error.

If a GTP entity receives an information element with a value which is shown as reserved, it shall treat that information element as invalid and should log the error. If the invalid IE is received in a Request, and it is a mandatory IE or a

verifiable conditional IE, the GTP entity shall send a response with Cause set to "Mandatory IE incorrect" together with a type and instance of the offending IE.

The principle is: the use of reserved values invokes error handling; the use of spare values can be silently discarded and so in the case of IEs with spare values used, processing shall be continued ignoring the spare values.

The receiver of a GTP signalling message including an optional information element with a Value that is not in the range defined for this information element value shall discard this IE, but shall treat the rest of the message as if this IE was absent and continue processing. The receiver shall not check the content of an information element field that is defined as 'spare'.

All semantically incorrect optional information elements in a GTP signalling message shall be treated as not present in the message.

### 7.7.9 Unknown or unexpected Information Element

The receiver of a GTP message including an unexpected information element with known Type value, but with the instance value that is not defined for this message shall discard the IE and log an error. The receiver shall process the message.

An information element with a Type value which is defined in section 8.1 of the present specification but whose Instance Value is not expected in the received GTP signalling message according to the grammar defined in section 7 of the present specification shall be silently discarded (skipped) and the rest of the message processed as if this information element was not present.

NOTE: An Information Element in an encoded GTPv2 message or grouped IE is identified by the pair of IE Type and Instance value.

### 7.7.10 Repeated Information Elements

An Information Element is repeated if there is more than one IE with the same IE Type and Instance in the scope of the GTP message (scope of the grouped IE). Such an IE is a member in a list.

If an information element is repeated in a GTP signalling message in which repetition of the information element is not specified, only the contents of the information element appearing first shall be handled and all subsequent repetitions of the information element shall be ignored. When repetition of information elements is specified, only the contents of specified repeated information elements shall be handled and all subsequent repetitions of the information element shall be ignored.

# 7.7.11 TFT Error Handling

TFT related error handling for EUTRAN is specified in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and for UTRAN/GERAN in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

### 7.8 Path Failure

Restoration and Recovery procedures are specified generally in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] and a path failure may initiate recovery procedures.

Path failure is detected only by using Echo Request / Response messages in the following way. A peer's IP address specific counter shall be reset each time an Echo Response message is received from that peer's IP address and incremented when the T3-RESPONSE timer expires for an Echo Request message sent to that peer's IP address. The path shall be considered to be down if the counter exceeds N3-REQUESTS. In this case, the GTP entity may notify the Operation and Maintenance network element. GTP shall also notify the upper layer of the path failure, so that PDN connections or PDP contexts associated with this peer's IP address may be deleted.

### 7.9 Restoration and Recovery

#### 7.9.0 General

Restoration and Recovery procedures are specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

### 7.9.1 Delete PDN Connection Set Request

This message may be sent on the S2b, S5, S8, or S11 interfaces as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Table 7.9.1-1: Information Elements in a Delete PDN Connection Set Request

Information elements	P	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
MME-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included when a MME reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear.	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included when a SGW reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear.	FQ-CSID	1
PGW-FQ-CSID	С	Shall be included when a PGW reports a partial fault. More than one FQ-CSID may appear	FQ-CSID	2
ePDG-FQ-CSID	С	This IE shall be included when an ePDG reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear.	FQ-CSID	3
Private Extension	0	NoneThis IE may be sent on the S2b, S5, S8 and S11 interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

TEID of 0 shall be used for the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

Only one type of FQ-CSID shall be included in each Delete PDN Connection Set Request, A mix of different types, such as SGW-FQ-CSID and PGW-FQ-CSID shall not be used. A combined node, such as a collocated PGW/SGW, shall send separate Delete PDN Connection Set Request for the PGW role and one for the SGW role if a partial fault impacts more than one role.

# 7.9.2 Delete PDN Connection Set Response

This message is sent as a response to the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

Table 7.9.2: Information Elements in a Delete PDN Connection Set Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	M		Cause	0
Private Extension		This IE may be sent on the S2b, S5, S8 and S11 interfaces.	Private Extension	VS

TEID of 0 shall be used for the Delete PDN Connection Set Response.

The following Cause values are defined:

- "Request Accepted"
- "Request rejected"
- "System failure".
- "Mandatory IE incorrect".
- "Conditional IE missing".
- "Invalid message format".

"Request Accepted" indicates the receiving node was capable of storing a CSID value for each PDN connection for the type of node (MME,SGW,PGW or ePDG) in the Delete PDN Connection Set Request and has marked, or will mark immediately, the PDN connections for deletion as per 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. "Request Accepted" shall be returned even if there are no PDN connections that match.

"Request rejected" shall be used when the receiver of the Delete PDN Connection Set Request is not capable of storing at least one CSID value per PDN connection for the type of node (MME, SGW, PGW or ePDG) received in the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

The SGW shall respond to the Delete PDN Connection Set Request independently, i.e. without waiting for replies.

### 7.9.3 Update PDN Connection Set Request

The SGW shall send this message to the PGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in TS 23.007 [17].

Table 7.9.3-1: Information Elements in a Update PDN Connection Set Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
MME-FQ-CSID		This IE shall be included for MME relocation without SGW relocation per 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
SGW-FQ-CSID	_	This IE shall be included for MME relocation without SGW relocation per 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	1
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.9.4 Update PDN Connection Set Response

This message is sent by the PGW to the SGW on S5/S8 in response to the Update PDN Connection Set Request message.

Table 7.9.4-1: Information Elements in a Update PDN Connection Set Response

Information elements	Ρ	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	M		Cause	0
PGW-FQ-CSID		This IE shall be included for MME relocation without SGW relocation per 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].	FQ-CSID	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

The following Cause values are defined:

- "Request accepted"
- "Request rejected"
- "System failure".
- "Mandatory IE missing".
- "Invalid message format".

#### 7.9.5 PGW Restart Notification

The direction of this message shall be from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN (see Table 6.1-1).

If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support the PRN feature (see subclause 8.83), a PGW Restart Notification shall be sent when the SGW detect the peer PGW has restarted as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Table 7.9.5-1 specifies the presence of IEs in this message.

Table 7.9.5-1: Information Elements in PGW Restart Notification

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
PGW S5/S8 IP	М		IP Address	0
Address for Control				
Plane or PMIP				
SGW S11/S4 IP	М		IP Address	1
Address for Control				
Plane				
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.9.6 PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge

The PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge shall be sent as a response of PGW Restart Notification to indicate that the MME/S4-SGSN deletes all the relevant PDN connections as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] if the Cause IE includes an acceptance cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.9.6-1: Information Elements in PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.10 Fallback to GTPv1 mechanism

An EPC entity shall assume that each GTP processing node that it is about to communicate with is GTPv2 capable. Before the first GTP tunnel is setup for a given UE/node, the EPC node shall always send a version 2 (GTPv2) message to a peer node. As an exception, during an inter-SGSN handover, even if the target SGSN is GTPv2 capable, the source SGSN shall send a GTPv1 message "Forward Relocation Request" to the target SGSN if the PDP Context(s) for this UE were established to GGSN(s).

A GTPv2 entity shall fallback to GTPv1 only if either

a "Version Not Supported" message in GTPv1 format as specified in 3GPP TS 29.060 [4] is received from the peer node (this indicates that the peer GTP entity does not support GTPv2), or if a GTPv2 message is received with Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1".

If a GTPv1 "Version Not Supported" message in received, a GTPv2 entity may fallback to GTPv1. 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (see annex D) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] specify GTP version usage during the mobility between a UTRAN/GERAN and an E-UTRAN.

A GTPv2 entity may receive a GTPv2 message with a Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1" in the following cases:

- an S4 SGSN receives the Cause code "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over S16 interface. When an UE has activated a PDP context via S4 SGSN to GGSN and inter-SGSN RAU is underway, the old S4 SGSN shall include the Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over S16 interface. In this case, the new S4 SGSN shall abort the ongoing GTPv2 procedure and send a GTPv1 "SGSN Context Request" message to the old S4 SGSN. The fallback to GTPv1 is performed only for this UE in the current procedure.

An MME receives the Cause code "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over the S3 interface. When an UE has active PDP context(s) via an S4 SGSN and a TAU is underway, the old S4 SGSN may include the Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over the S3 interface. In this case, the MME shall abort the ongoing GTPv2 procedure and should send a GTPv1 "SGSN Context Request" message to the old S4 SGSN. The fallback to GTPv1 is performed only for this UE.

Fallback to GTPv1 shall not occur on already established GTP tunnels without change of the peer nodes of the communication bearer.

If a GTPv2 entity does not support GTPv1 and receives a GTPv1 message, it shall silently discard the message.

### 7.11 Fallback to GTPv0

Fallback from GTPv2 to GTPv0 shall not be supported. Therefore, GTPv2 entity should not listen to the well-known GTPv0 port 3386. If GTPv2 entity listens to the GTPv0 port, the entity shall silently discard any received GTPv0 message.

### 7.12 Trace Management Messages

#### 7.12.1 Trace Session Activation

The Trace Session Activation message shall be sent on S11/S4 by the MME/SGSN to the SGW, on S2b by the ePDG to the PGW, and on S5/S8 by the SGW to the PGW when session trace is activated for a particular IMSI or IMEI for a UE that is attached and active or attached and idle.

Table 7.12.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.12.1-1: Information Elements in a Trace Session Activation

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI	М		IMSI	0
Trace Information	М		Trace Information	0
ME Identity (MEI)		The MME shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE, if available.	MEI	0

### 7.12.2 Trace Session Deactivation

The Trace Session Deactivation message shall be sent on S11/S4 by the MME/SGSN to the SGW, on S2b by the ePDG to the PGW, and on S5/S8 by the SGW to the PGW when session trace is deactivated for a particular IMSI or IMEI for a UE that is attached and active or attached and idle.

Table 7.12.2-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.12.2-1: Information Elements in a Trace Session Deactivation

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Trace Reference	М		Trace Reference	0

# 7.13 MBMS Messages

### 7.13.1 MBMS Session Start Request

The MBMS Session Start Request message shall be sent on the Sm/Sn interface by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37].

Table 7.13.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.13.1-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Start Request

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Sender F-TEID for	М		F-TEID	0
Control Plane				
Temporary Mobile	М		TMGI	0
Group Identity (TMGI)				
MBMS Session	М		MBMS Session	0
Duration			Duration	
MBMS Service Area	М		MBMS Service	0
			Area	
MBMS Session	С	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Session	0
Identifier		by the BM-SC.	Identifier	
MBMS Flow Identifier	С	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Flow	0
		by the BM-SC.	Identifier	
QoS profile	М	See NOTE 1.	Bearer QoS	0
MBMS IP Multicast	М		MBMS IP	0
Distribution			Multicast	
			Distribution	
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first	Recovery	0
		time.		
MBMS Time to Data	CO	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is received	MBMS Time to	0
Transfer		from the BM-SC.	Data Transfer	
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
NOTE 1: The MME s	hall i	gnore the ARP in this IE as specified in Section 6.3.2 of 3GI	•	

NOTE 1: The MME shall ignore the ARP in this IE as specified in Section 6.3.2 of 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. The uplink GBR and uplink MBR shall be ignored by MME/SGSN as specified in Section 20.5 of 3GPP TS 29.061 [38].

### 7.13.2 MBMS Session Start Response

The MBMS Session Start Response message shall be sent as a response to the MBMS Session Start Request message on the Sm/Sn interface by the MME/SGSN to the MBMS GW.

Table 7.13.2-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.13.2-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Start Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Course	0
	+		Cause	
Sender F-TEID for	M		F-TEID	0
Control Plane				
MBMS Distribution	С	This IE shall be included on the Sn interface.	MBMS	0
Acknowledge			Distribution	
			Acknowledge	
Sn-U SGSN F-TEID	С	This IE shall be included on the Sn interface if some RNCs	F-TEID	1
		have not accepted IP multicast distribution.		
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first	Recovery	0
-		time.		
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

# 7.13.3 MBMS Session Update Request

The MBMS Session Update Request message shall be sent on the Sm/Sn interface by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37].

Table 7.13.3-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.13.3-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Update Request

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements	_	This IF shall be forevered at a MMAF/COCNLifet is more ideal	MDMC Comics	
MBMS Service Area	С	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Service	0
		by the BM-SC.	Area	
Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI)	M		TMGI	0
Sender F-TEID for	0		F-TEID	0
Control Plane				
MBMS Session	М		MBMS Session	0
Duration			Duration	
QoS profile	Μ	See NOTE 1.	Bearer QoS	0
MBMS Session	C	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Session	0
Identifier		by the BM-SC.	Identifier	
MBMS Flow Identifier	С	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Flow	0
		by the BM-SC.	Identifier	
MBMS Time to Data	CO	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Time to	0
Transfer		by the BM-SC.	Data Transfer	
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS
NOTE 1: The MME s	hall i	gnore the ARP in this IE as specified in Section 6.3.2 of 3GI	PP TS 23.246 [37].	The

NOTE 1: The MME shall ignore the ARP in this IE as specified in Section 6.3.2 of 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. The uplink GBR and uplink MBR shall be ignored by MME/SGSN as specified in Section 20.5 of 3GPP TS 29.061 [38].

### 7.13.4 MBMS Session Update Response

The MBMS Session Update Response message shall be sent as a response to the MBMS Session Update Request message on the Sm/Sn interface by the MME/SGSN to the MBMS GW.

Table 7.13.4-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.13.4-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Update Response

Information	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
elements				
Cause	М		Cause	0
MBMS Distribution	С	This IE shall be included on the Sn interface if service area	MBMS	0
Acknowledge		is changed.	Distribution	
			Acknowledge	
Sn-U SGSN F-TEID		This IE shall be included on the Sn interface if any of the newly added RNCs have not accepted IP multicast distribution.	F-TEID	0
Recovery	С	This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time.	Recovery	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.13.5 MBMS Session Stop Request

The MBMS Session Stop Request message shall be sent on the Sm/Sn interface by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37].

Table 7.13.5-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Table 7.13.5-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Stop Request

Info specified in Table 8.4-1.rmation elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
MBMS Flow Identifier	С	This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided	MBMS Flow	0
		by the BM-SC.	Identifier	
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 7.13.6 MBMS Session Stop Response

The MBMS Session Stop Response message shall be sent as a response to the MBMS Session Stop Request message on the Sm/Sn interface by the MME/SGSN to the MBMS GW.

Table 7.13.6-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.13.6-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Stop Response

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М		Cause	0
Private Extension	0		Private Extension	VS

### 8 GTP-C Information Elements

# 8.1 Information Element Types

A GTP control plane (signalling) message may contain several information elements. In order to have forward compatible type definitions for the GTPv2 information elements, all of them shall be TLIV (Type, Length, Instance, Value) coded. GTPv2 information element type values are specified in the Table 8.1-1. The last column of this table indicates whether the information element is:

- Fixed Length: the IE has a fixed set of fields, and a fixed number of octets.
- Variable Length: the IE has a fixed set of fields, and has a variable number of octets. For example, the last octets may be numbered similar to "5 to (n+4)". In this example, if the value of the length field, n, is 0, then the last field is not present.
- Extendable: the IE has a variable number of fields, and has a variable number of octets.

  The last fields are typically specified with the statement: "These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified". The legacy receiving entity shall ignore the unknown octets.

In order to improve the efficiency of troubleshooting, it is recommended that the information elements should be arranged in the signalling messages as well as in the grouped IEs, according to the order the information elements are listed in the message definition table or grouped IE definition table in section 7. However the receiving entity shall be prepared to handle the messages with information elements in any order.

Within information elements, certain fields may be described as spare. These bits shall be transmitted with the value set to 0. To allow for future features, the receiver shall not evaluate these bits. GTPv2-C information elements that have similar semantics in GTPv1-C shall be converted into GTPv1-C format, as specified in TS 29.060 [4], before sending them to a pre-R8 GSN.

Table 8.1-1: Information Element types for GTPv2

IE Type value (Decimal)	Information elements	Comment / Reference
0	Reserved	
1	International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)	Variable Length / 8.3
2	Cause	Variable Length / 8.4
3	Recovery (Restart Counter)	Variable Length / 8.5
4 to 50 51 to 70	Reserved for S101 interface Reserved for Sv interface	Extendable / See 3GPP TS 29.276 [14] Extendable / See 3GPP TS 29.280 [15]
71	Access Point Name (APN)	Variable Length / 8.6
72	Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR)	Fixed Length / 8.7
73	EPS Bearer ID (EBI)	Extendable / 8.8
74	IP Address	Variable Length / 8.9
75	Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI)	Variable Length / 8.10
76	MSISDN	Variable Length / 8.11
77	Indication	Extendable / 8.12
78	Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)	Variable Length / 8.13
79	PDN Address Allocation (PAA)	Variable Length / 8.14
80	Bearer Level Quality of Service (Bearer QoS)	Extendable / 8.15
81	Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS)	Extendable / 8.16
82	RAT Type	Extendable / 8.17
83	Serving Network	Extendable / 8.18
84	EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT)	Variable Length / 8.19
85 86	Traffic Aggregation Description (TAD) User Location Information (ULI)	Variable Length / 8.20
87	Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (F-TEID)	Variable Length / 8.21 Extendable / 8.22
88	TMSI	Variable Length / 8.23
89	Global CN-Id	Variable Length / 8.24
90	S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info (S103PDF)	Variable Length / 8.25
91	S1-U Data Forwarding Info (S1UDF)	Variable Length/ 8.26
92	Delay Value	Extendable / 8.27
93	Bearer Context	Extendable / 8.28
94	Charging ID	Extendable / 8.29
95	Charging Characteristics	Extendable / 8.30
96	Trace Information	Extendable / 8.31
97	Bearer Flags	Extendable / 8.32
98	Reserved	
99	PDN Type	Extendable / 8.34
100	Procedure Transaction ID	Extendable / 8.35
101 102	DRX Parameter	Variable Length/ 8.36
102	Reserved MM Context (GSM Key and Triplets)	Extendable / 8.38
104	MM Context (UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets)	Extendable / 8.38
105	MM Context (GSM Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets)	Extendable / 8.38
106	MM Context (UMTS Key and Quintuplets)	Extendable / 8.38
107	MM Context (EPS Security Context, Quadruplets and Quintuplets)	Extendable / 8.38
	MM Context (UMTS Key, Quadruplets and Quintuplets)	Extendable / 8.38
109	PDN Connection	Extendable / 8.39
110	PDU Numbers	Extendable / 8.40
111	P-TMSI	Variable Length / 8.41
112	P-TMSI Signature	Variable Length / 8.42
113	Hop Counter	Extendable / 8.43
114	UE Time Zone	Variable Length / 8.44
115	Trace Reference	Fixed Length / 8.45
116	Complete Request Message	Variable Length / 8.46
117	GUTI E Container	Variable Length / 8.47
118 119	F-Container F-Cause	Variable Length / 8.48 Variable Length / 8.49
120	F-Cause   Selected PLMN ID	Variable Length / 8.49
121	Target Identification	Variable Length / 8.50
122	Reserved	Valiable Length / 0.01
123	Packet Flow ID	Variable Length / 853
124	RAB Context	Fixed Length / 8.54
125	Source RNC PDCP Context Info	Variable Length / 8.55
126	UDP Source Port Number	Extendable / 8.56
127	APN Restriction	Extendable / 8.57
128	Selection Mode	Extendable / 8.58
129	Source Identification	Variable Length / 8.59
130	Reserved	
131	Change Reporting Action	Variable Length / 8.61
132	Fully Qualified PDN Connection Set Identifier (FQ-CSID)	Variable Length / 8.62
133	Channel needed	Extendable / 8.63

IE Type value (Decimal)	Information elements	Comment / Reference
134	eMLPP Priority	Extendable / 8.64
135	Node Type	Extendable / 8.65
136	Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)	Variable Length / 8.66
137	Transaction Identifier (TI)	Variable Length / 8.68
138	MBMS Session Duration	Extendable / 8.69
139	MBMS Service Area	Extendable / 8.70
140	MBMS Session Identifier	Extendable / 8.71
141	MBMS Flow Identifier	Extendable / 8.72
142	MBMS IP Multicast Distribution	Extendable / 8.73
143	MBMS Distribution Acknowledge	Extendable / 8.74
144	RFSP Index	Fixed Length / 8.77
145	User CSG Information (UCI)	Extendable / 8.75
146	CSG Information Reporting Action	Extendable / 8.76
147	CSG ID	Extendable / 8.78
148	CSG Membership Indication (CMI)	Extendable / 8.79
149	Service indicator	Fixed Length / 8.80
150	Detach Type	Fixed Length / 8.81
151	Local Distiguished Name (LDN)	Variable / 8.82
152	Node Features	Extendable / 8.83
153	MBMS Time to Data Transfer	Extendable / 8.84
154	Throttling	Extendable / 8.85
155	Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP)	Extendable / 8.86
156	EPC Timer	Extendable / 8.87
157	Signalling Priority Indication	Extendable / 8.88
158	Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI)	Extendable / 8.89
159 to 254	Spare. For future use.	FFS
255	Private Extension	Variable Length / 8.67

### 8.2 Information Element Format

Figure 8.2-1 depicts the format of an information element.

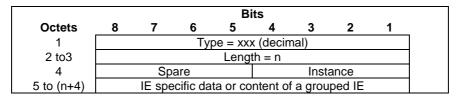


Figure 8.2-1: Information Element Format

An IE has the following mandatory fields:

- Type field: This field indicates the type of Information Element. The valid values of the IE type are defined in clause 8.1.
- Length: This field contains the length of the information element excluding the first four octets, which are common for all information elements (Type, Length and the contents of octet 4) and is denoted "n" in Figure 8.2-1. For all the length fields, bit 8 of the lowest numbered octet is the most significant bit and bit 1 of the highest numbered octet is the least significant bit.
- Instance: This field shall be used to differentiate amongst different parameters in one specific message which use the same information element type (see also subclause 6.1.3 "Information Element Instance").

An IE is said to be TLIV (Type, Length, Instance, Value) encoded.

# 8.3 International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)

International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the IMSI into the Value field of the IMSI IE. IMSI is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

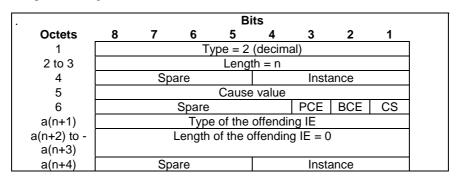
		Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 1 (decimal)										
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance					
5		Numbe	r digit 2			Numbe	er digit 1					
6		Numbe	r digit 4			Numbe	er digit 3					
	_			•				•				
n+4		Numbe	r digit m	1	N	lumber	digit m-1	•				

Figure 8.3-1: IMSI

Octets 5 to (n+4) represent the IMSI value in international number format as described in ITU-T Rec E.164 [25], encoded as TBCD digits, i.e. digits from 0 through 9 are encoded "0000" to "1001". When there is an odd number of digits, bits 8 to 5 of the last octet are encoded with the filler "1111". The maximum number of digits is 15.

### 8.4 Cause

Cause IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.4-1.



1) Figure 8.4-1: Cause

Cause is a variable length IE, which may have either of the following two lengths values:

- If n = 2, a = 0 and the Cause IE shall be 6 octets long. Therefore, octets "a(n+1) to a(n+4)" will not be present.
- If n = 6, a = 1 and the Cause IE will be 10 octets long.

For PMIP based S5/S8, the SGW/MAG shall do the mapping between GTPv2 Cause IE and respective PMIPv6 IE as specified in 3GPP TS 29.275 [26].

The following bits within Octet 6 indicate:

- Bits 8 to 4: Spare, for future use and set to zero
- Bit 1 CS (Cause Source): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the corresponding error cause is originated by the remote node (i.e., the MME/SGSN to a PGW, or the PGW to an MME/SGSN). This bit is set to 0 to denote that the corresponding error cause is originated by the node sending the message.

The CS should be set to 1 by the SGW when the SGW relay a response message with cause value from the MME/SGSN to the PGW or from the PGW to the MME/SGSN. For PMIP based S5/S8, the SGW shall set the CS bit to 1 when the SGW/MAG relay a response message with the cause value from the PGW/LMA to the MME/SGSN.

- Bit 2 BCE (Bearer Context IE Error): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the corresponding rejection cause is due to the error in the Bearer Context IE. This bit shall be discarded if the cause value is one of Acceptance cause value as given in table 8.4-1.
- Bit 3 PCE (PDN Connection IE Error): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the corresponding rejection cause is due to the error in the PDN Connection IE. This bit shall be discarded if the cause value is one of Acceptance cause value as given in table 8.4-1.

The Cause value shall be included in a response message. In a response message, the Cause value indicates the acceptance or the rejection of the corresponding request message. The Cause value indicates the explicit reason for the rejection.

If the rejection is due to a mandatory IE or a verifiable conditional IE is faulty or missing, the offending IE shall be included within an additional field "a(n+1) to a(n+4)". Only Type and Instance fields of the offending IE that caused the rejection have a meaning. The length in the Octet 8-9 and spare bits in the Octet 10 shall be set to "0". In this case, the value of "n" shall be "6". Otherwise, the value of "n" is equal to "2".

The Cause may also be included in the request message. In a request message, the Cause value indicates the reason for the request.

"Request accepted" is returned when the GTPv2 entity has accepted a control plane request.

"Invalid Reply from remote peer" is used by the SGW for the messages spanning through two interfaces. This cause value is returned by the SGW to the MME/SGSN or PGW in a reply message where the corresponding reply message on S5/S8 or S11/S4 from the PGW or MME/SGSN is not decoded as valid.

"Temporarily rejected due to handover procedure in progress" is used by the MME for the dedicated bearer related procedure initiated by the PGW. When the X2 based handover with/without SGW change or S1 based handover with/without SGW and/or MME change is in progress, the MME may receive Create / Update / Delete Bearer request message for the dedicated bearer creation, modification or deletion initiated by the PGW. If the handover procedure results in the SGW and/or MME change, then the dedicated bearer related procedure can not be handled temporarily by the MME till the handover procedure is completed. In that case the MME shall reject the dedicated bearer related procedure with this rejection cause.

The usage of "Fallback to GTPv1" is specified in subclause 7.10 "Fallback to GTPv1 mechanism".

In the PGW initiated PDN connection deactivation procedure, the PGW may include the Cause IE in the Delete Bearer Request with values "RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP", "Reactivation requested" or "Reactivation disallowed to APN". For "Reactivation requested", "PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed", the MME/S4-SGSN uses this to map to a NAS cause code.

- GTPv2 cause "Reactivation requested" for PDN connection deactivation shall be mapped to the corresponding NAS cause value with the same name (see 3GPP TS 24.008 [5] and 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]) in the NAS bearer context deactivation procedure, for the last PDN connection in E-UTRAN, "Reactivation requested" shall be mapped to "re-attach required" in the NAS detach type IE.
- GTPv2 cause "PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed" for PDN connection deactivation should be mapped to an implementation specific NAS cause value indicating to the UE that the APN is not currently available, for the last PDN connection in E-UTRAN, NAS detach type IE should be set to "re-attach not required".

"APN Congestion" is used by the PGW and it indicates that the PGW has detected congestion for the requested APN and performs overload control for that APN which does not allow the PDN connection to be established.

"UE already re-attached" is used by MME/S4-SGSN for the network triggered service restoration procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. The MME/S4-SGSN may send the Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge or Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication with this cause as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure.

The listed cause values for rejection response message descriptions in clause 7 are not meant to be exhaustive lists. Therefore a GTPv2 node shall use the most appropriate matching rejection response cause value that is listed in Table 8.4-1.

If a Bearer Resource Command message is related to an established PDN connection for LIPA, the LGW shall reject the Bearer Resource Command with the cause value of "Bearer handling not supported". The MME/S4-SGSN uses this to map to the corresponding NAS cause value with the same name (see 3GPP TS 24.008 [5] and 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]).

Table 8.4-1: Cause values

Message Type	Cause value (decimal)	Meaning
	0	Reserved. Shall not be sent and if received the Cause shall be treated as an invalid IE
Request / Initial	1	Reserved
message	2	Local Detach
	3	Complete Detach
	4	RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP
	5	ISR deactivation
	6	Error Indication received from RNC/eNodeB
ŀ	7	IMSI Detach Only
ŀ	8	Reactivation Requested
ŀ	9	PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed
	10	Access changed from Non-3GPP to 3GPP
	11 to 15	Spare. This value range shall be used by Cause values in an initial/request
	11 to 15	message. See NOTE 5.
Accontance in a	16	Request accepted
Acceptance in a	17	Request accepted partially
Response /	18	New PDN type due to network preference
triggered message. See	19	New PDN type due to single address bearer only
NOTE 1.	20 to -63	Spare. This value range shall be used by Cause values in an acceptance
NOTE 1.		response/triggered message
Rejection in a	64	Context Not Found
Response /	65	Invalid Message Format
triggered	66	Version not supported by next peer
message. See	67	Invalid length
NOTE 1.	68	Service not supported
	69	Mandatory IE incorrect
	70	Mandatory IE missing
	71	Shall not be used. See NOTE 2 and NOTE 3.
	72	System failure
	73	No resources available
	74	Semantic error in the TFT operation
	75	Syntactic error in the TFT operation
	76	Semantic errors in packet filter(s)
	77	Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)
	78	Missing or unknown APN
ŀ	79	Shall not be used. See NOTE 2 and NOTE 3.
	80	GRE key not found
	81	Relocation failure
	82	Denied in RAT
	83	Preferred PDN type not supported
ŀ	84	All dynamic addresses are occupied
ŀ	85	UE context without TFT already activated. See NOTE 6.
	86	Protocol type not supported
ŀ	87	UE not responding. See NOTE 7.
ł	88	UE refuses
	89	Service denied. See NOTE 7.
	90	Unable to page UE
}	91	No memory available
}	92	User authentication failed
}	93	
-	93 94	APN access denied – no subscription  Request rejected (reason not specified)
-		
-	95	P-TMSI Signature mismatch
}	96	IMSI not known
	97	Semantic error in the TAD operation
	98	Syntactic error in the TAD operation
	99	Shall not be used. See NOTE 2 and NOTE 3.
	100	Remote peer not responding
	101	Collision with network initiated request
	102	Unable to page UE due to Suspension
	103	Conditional IE missing
	104	APN Restriction type Incompatible with currently active PDN connection
	105	Invalid overall length of the triggered response message and a piggybacked initial

		message
	106	Data forwarding not supported
	107	Invalid reply from remote peer
	108	Fallback to GTPv1
	109	Invalid peer
	110	Temporarily rejected due to handover procedure in progress
	111	Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers
	112	Request rejected for a PMIPv6 reason (see 3GPP TS 29.275 [26]).
	113	APN Congestion
	114	Bearer handling not supported
	115	UE already re-attached. See NOTE 7.
	116 to 239	Spare. For future use in a triggered/response message See NOTE 4.
Request / Initial	240 to 255	Spare. For future use in an initial/request message. See NOTE 5.
message		

- NOTE 1: The listed cause values for rejection in a response/triggered message can be also used for request message is triggered by a command message.
- NOTE 2: Subclause 7.7.8 "Semantically incorrect Information Element" specifies quite strict handling of the reserved values and therefore this table shall not contain any reserved values.
- NOTE 3: This value was used in earlier versions of the spec. If received, it shall be interpreted as unspecified rejection cause. Unspecified/unrecognized rejection cause shall be treated in the same ways as the cause value 94 "Request rejected (reason not specified)".
- NOTE 4: This value is or may be used in the newer versions of the spec. If the receiver cannot comprehend the value, it shall be interpreted as unspecified rejection cause. Unspecified/unrecognized rejection cause shall be treated in the same ways as the cause value 94 "Request rejected (reason not specified)".
- NOTE 5: This value is or may be used in the newer versions of the spec. If the receiver cannot comprehend the value, it shall be interpreted as an unspecified request/initial message cause. Unspecified/unrecognized cause handling in a request/initial message shall be implementation dependent (e.g. may be ignored).
- NOTE 6: This Cause value is only used over the S4 interface.
- NOTE 7: This cause value may also be used by a Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication, which is an initial message.

### 8.5 Recovery (Restart Counter)

Recovery IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.5-1.

In the first release of GTPv2 spec n = 1. That is, the overall length of the IE is 5 octets. In future releases of the spec additional octets may be specified.

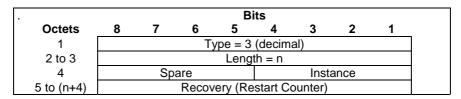


Figure 8.5-1: Recovery (Restart Counter)

# 8.6 Access Point Name (APN)

Access Point Name (APN) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the APN into the Value field of the APN IE.

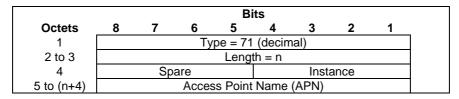


Figure 8.6-1: Access Point Name (APN)

The encoding the APN field follows 3GPP TS 23.003 [2] subclause 9.1. The content of the APN field shall be the full APN with both the APN Network Identifier and APN Operator Identifier being present as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2] subclauses 9.1.1 and 9.1.2, 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] Annex A and 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] subclauses 4.3.8.1.

NOTE: The APN field is not encoded as a dotted string as commonly used in documentation.

# 8.7 Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR)

Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the AMBR into the Value field of the AMBR (APN-AMBR) IE.

AMBR is defined in clause 9.9.4.2 of 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], but shall be formatted as shown in Figure 8.7-1 as Unsigned32 binary integer values in kbps (1000 bits per second).

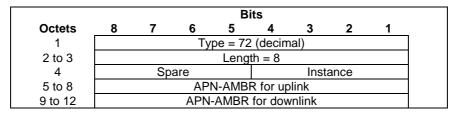


Figure 8.7-1: Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR)

# 8.8 EPS Bearer ID (EBI)

EPS Bearer ID (EBI) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.8-1.

The overall length of the IE is 5 octets. In future releases of the spec additional octets may be specified and new semantic for the spare bits may be defined.

		Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
1		Type = 73 (decimal)											
2 to 3				Leng	th = n								
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance						
5	Spa	Spare (all bits set to 0) EPS Bearer ID (EBI)											
6 to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified					

Figure 8.8-1: EPS Bearer ID (EBI)

The coding of EBI field and its value range is specified in 3GPP TS 24.007 [30], subclause 11.2.3.1.5, bits 5 to 8.

### 8.9 IP Address

IP Address is coded as depicted in Figure 8.9-1. The Length field may have only two values (4 or 16) that determine if the Value field contains IPv4 or IPv6 address.

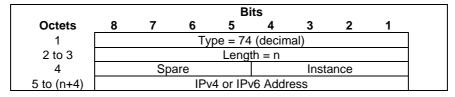


Figure 8.9-1: IP address

# 8.10 Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI)

Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.10-1.. MEI is defined in clause 6.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1			Ту	pe = 75	(decim	nal)					
2 to 3				Leng	th = n						
4		Spare Instance									
5 to (n+4)		N	∕lobile E	Equipme	ent (ME	) Identit	У				

Figure 8.10-1: Mobile Equipment (ME) Identity (MEI)

The ME Identity field contains either the IMEI or the IMEISV as defined in clause 6.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. It is encoded as specified in clause 7.7.53 of 3GPP TS 29.060 [4], beginning with octet 4 of Figure 7.7.53.1.

The IMEI(SV) digits are encoded using BCD coding where IMEI is 15 BCD digits and IMEISV is 16 BCD digits. For IMEI, bits 5 to 8 of the last octet shall be filled with an end mark coded as '1111'.

#### 8.11 MSISDN

MSISDN is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the MSISDN into the Value field of the MSISDN IE. MSISDN is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

		Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1		Type = 76 (decimal)									
2 to 3		Length = n									
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance				
5		Numbe	r digit 2			Numbe	er digit 1				
6		Numbe	r digit 4			Numbe	er digit 3				
n+4		Numbe	r digit m	1	١	lumber	digit m-1				

Figure 8.11-1: MSISDN

Octets 5 to (n+4) represent the MSISDN value is in international number format as described in ITU-T Rec E.164 [25] and 3GPP TS 29.002 [41]. MSISDN value contains only the actual MSISDN number (does not contain the "nature of address indicator" octet, which indicates "international number" as in 3GPP TS 29.002 [41]) and is encoded as TBCD digits, i.e. digits from 0 through 9 are encoded "0000" to "1001". When there is an odd number of digits, bits 8 to 5 of the last octet are encoded with the filler "1111".

#### 8.12 Indication

Indication is coded as depicted in Figure 8.12-1.

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1			Ty	pe = 77	(decim	al)					
2 to 3				Leng	th = n						
4		Sp	are			Insta	ance				
5	DAF	DTF	HI	DFI	OI	ISRSI	ISRAI	SGW			
								CI			
6	SQCI	UIMSI	CFSI	CRSI	Р	PT	SI	MSV			
7	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	ISRA	CCRS			
	-	-	-	-	-	-	J	I			
8 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified			

Figure 8.12-1: Indication

For each message the applicable flags of the Indication IE shall be clearly specified in the individual message sub clause. The remaining flags of the Indication IE not so indicated shall be discarded by the receiver.

The receiver shall consider the value of the applicable flags as "0", if the Indication IE is applicable for the message but not included in the message by the sender.

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 DAF (Dual Address Bearer Flag): This bit shall be set when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IPv4v6 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to are Release 8 or above supporting dual addressing, which is determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator..
- Bit 7 DTF (Direct Tunnel Flag): This bit shall be set when the UE is in UTRAN/GERAN network and Direct Tunnel is selected
- Bit 6 HI (Handover Indication): If this bit is set to 1 over S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces, it shall indicate that a UE handover from a non-3GPP access to a 3GPP access system. This bit is applicable during the E-UTRAN Initial Attach procedure, PDP Context Activation procedure or during the UE requested PDN connectivity procedure. If this bit is set to 1 over GTP based S2b interface, it shall indicate the UE handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP Access system and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.
- Bit 5 DFI (Direct Forwarding Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the direct forwarding between the source eNodeB and the target eNodeB during the S1 based handover procedure is applied.
- Bit 4 OI (Operation Indication):
  - If this bit is set to 1, it shall denote that the receiving SGW of a "Create Session Request" shall send a Modify Bearer Request immediately to the PGW. This allows the SGW to differentiate if the "Create Session Request" received on S4/S11 interface belongs to a TAU/RAU with an SGW relocation (OI = 1), or X2-based handover with SGW relocation (OI = 1) or S1-based handover with SGW relocation (OI = 0).
  - It shall be set to 1 on S4/S11 interface if the SGW needs to forward the Delete Session Request message to PGW.
- Bit 3 ISRSI (Idle mode Signalling Reduction Supported Indication): If this is set to 1, it shall indicate that the old/source SGSN/MME and the associated SGW are capable to activate ISR.
- Bit 2 ISRAI (Idle mode Signalling Reduction Activation Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the ISR is established between the MME and the S4 SGSN during a TAU/RAU without an SGW change procedure or during an Inter RAT handover without an SGW change procedure. The SGW shall retain the resources for the other CN node that has its bearer resources on the SGW reserved. The old/source SGSN/MME shall maintain the UE's contexts and activate ISR.
- Bit 1 SGWCI (SGW Change Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the target MME/SGSN has selected a new SGW during a TAU/RAU or handover with an SGW change procedure.

#### The following bits within Octet 6 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 SQCI (Subscribed QoS Change Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the subscribed QoS profile of the related PDN connection has changed in the old MME/SGSN when the UE is in ECM-IDLE state and ISR is activated. The new MME/SGSN shall trigger the Subscribed QoS Modification procedure. See 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], clause 5.3.9.2.
- Bit 7 UIMSI (Unauthenticated IMSI): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for emergency attached UE.
- Bit 6 CFSI (Change F-TEID support indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the SGW can change the assigned GTP-U F-TEID in the current procedure. The MME/SGSN shall include this flag in the Modify Bearer Request message sent to the SGW in the Idle state UE initiated TAU/RAU procedure. The SGW shall include the new F-TEID in the Modify Bearer Response message if the CFSI flag is received in the corresponding Request message and the SGW needs to modify the GTP-U F-TEID.
- Bit 5 CRSI (Change Reporting support indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the MME/S4 SGSN supporting Location Change Reporting mechanism.
- Bit 4 PS (Piggybacking Supported). This bit denotes whether the MME/SGW support piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. If set to 1, it indicates that the node is capable of processing two different GTP-C messages appearing back to back in a single UDP payload.

- Bit 3 PT (Protocol Type) If this bit set to 1, it shall indicate that the protocol type for the S5/S8 interface is PMIP; this bit is set to 0 to indicate that the protocol type for the S5/S8 interface is GTP.
- Bit 2 SI (Scope Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that all bearer resources of the UE shall be released by the SGW. This flag is set in messages during TAU/RAU/Handover/SRNS Relocation Cancel Using S4/Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure with SGW change/S1 Based handover Cancel procedure with SGW change.
- Bit 1 MSV (MS Validated): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the new MME/SGSN has successfully authenticated the UE.

The following bits within Octet 7shall indicate:

- Bit 8 to 3 Spare, for future use and set to zero.
- Bit 1 CCRSI (CSG Change Reporting support indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the MME/S4 SGSN support CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism.
- Bit 2 ISRAU (ISR is activated for the UE): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that ISR is activated for the UE before the UE moving to the new SGSN/MME.

# 8.13 Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)

Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the PCO into the Value field of the PCO IE. The detailed coding of the PCO field from octets 5 to (n+4) shall be specified as per clause 10.5.6.3 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], starting with octet 3.

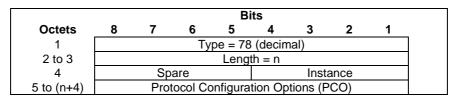


Figure 8.13-1: Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)

# 8.14 PDN Address Allocation (PAA)

The PDN Address Allocation is coded as depicted in Figure 8.14-1.

NOTE: The Prefix Length within PAA IE has a fixed value of /64.

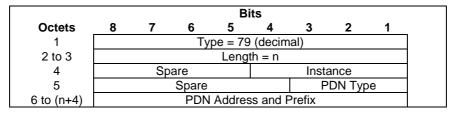


Figure 8.14-1: PDN Address Allocation (PAA)

Table 8.14-1: PDN Address Allocation

PDN type value (octet 5) Bits 3 2 1 0 0 1 IPv4 0 1 0 IPv6 0 1 1 IPv4v6

Bits 8-4 of octet 5 are spare and shall be coded as zero.

PDN Address and Prefix (octet 6 to n+4)

If PDN type value indicates IPv4, an IPv4 address is present in the PDN Address and Prefix from octet 6 to octet 9. Bit 8 of octet 6 represents the most significant bit of the IPv4 address and bit 1 of octet 9 the least significant bit.

If PDN type value indicates IPv6, octet 6 contains the IPv6 Prefix Length. Octets 7 through 22 contain an IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier. Bit 8 of octet 7 represents the most significant bit of the IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier and bit 1 of octet 22 the least significant bit.

If PDN type value indicates IPv4v6, octet 6 contains the IPv6 Prefix Length. Octets 7 through 22 contain an IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier. Bit 8 of octet 7 represents the most significant bit of the IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier and bit 1 of octet 22 the least significant bit. Octets 23 through 26 contain an IPv4 address. Bit 8 of octet 23 represents the most significant bit of the IPv4 address and bit 1 of octet 26 the least significant bit.

# 8.15 Bearer Quality of Service (Bearer QoS)

Bearer Quality of Service (Bearer QoS) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the Bearer I QoS into the Value field of the Bearer QoS IE.

				В	its				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1			Ту	pe = 80	) (decim	nal)			
2-3				Leng	th = n				
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance		
5	Spare	PCI		F	L_		Spare	PVI	
6				Label	(QCI)				
7 to 11			Maxim	num bit	rate for	uplink			
12 to 16			Maximu	ım bit ra	ate for c	downlinl	<		
17 to 21		Guaranteed bit rate for uplink							
22 to 26		Guaranteed bit rate for downlink							
27 to (n+4)	These	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	citly spec	cified	

Figure 8.15-1: Bearer Level Quality of Service (Bearer QoS)

Octet 5 represents the Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP) parameter. The meaning and value range of the parameters within the ARP are defined in 3GPP TS 29.212 [29]. The bits within the ARP octet are:

- Bit 1 PVI (Pre-emption Vulnerability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.47 Pre-emption-Vulnerability AVP.
- Bit 2 spare
- Bits 3 to 6 PL (Priority Level): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.45 ARP-Value AVP. PL encodes each priority level defined for the ARP-Value AVP as the binary value of the priority level.
- Bit 7 PCI (Pre-emption Capability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.46 Pre-emption-Capability AVP.
- Bit 8 spare.

QCI, Maximum bit rate for uplink, Maximum bit rate for downlink, Guaranteed bit rate for uplink and Guaranteed bit rate for downlink are specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

The UL/DL MBR and GBR fields are encoded as kilobits per second (1 kbps = 1000 bps) in binary value. For non-GBR bearers, both the UL/DL MBR and GBR should be set to zero.

NOTE: The encoding in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] is different from the encoding here.

# 8.16 Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS)

Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the Flow QoS into the Value field of the Flow QoS IE.

				В	its					
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1			Ту	pe = 81	(decim	nal)				
2 to 3				Leng	th = n					
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance			
5					(QCI)					
6 to 10			Maxin	num bit	rate for	uplink				
11 to 15		Maximum bit rate for downlink								
16 to 20		Guaranteed bit rate for uplink								
21 to 25		Guaranteed bit rate for downlink								
26 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spec	ified		

Figure 8.16-1: Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS)

QCI, Maximum bit rate for uplink, Maximum bit rate for downlink, Guaranteed bit rate for uplink and Guaranteed bit rate for downlink are specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

The UL/DL MBR and GBR fields are encoded as kilobits per second (1 kbps = 1000 bps) in binary value. For non-GBR bearers, both the UL/DL MBR and GBR should be set to zero.

NOTE: The encoding in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] is different from the encoding here.

# 8.17 RAT Type

RAT Type is coded as depicted in Figure 8.17-1.

				В	its					
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1			Ty	pe = 82	2 (decin	nal)				
2 to 3				Leng	th = n					
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance			
5		RAT Type								
6 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified		

Figure 8.17-1: RAT Type

Table 8.17-1: RAT Type values

RAT Types	Values (Decimal)
<reserved></reserved>	0
UTRAN	1
GERAN	2
WLAN	3
GAN	4
HSPA Evolution	5
EUTRAN	6
Virtual	7
<spare></spare>	8-255

NOTE: For S4-SGSN, currently it is only possible to detect the difference between GERAN and UTRAN when GERAN Gb mode is used. If GERAN Iu mode is used, then an S4-SGSN may not be able to detect the difference between GERAN and UTRAN. Across the Gb interface, the SGSN may also not be able to detect the difference between GERAN and GAN. If S4-SGSN cannot detect that the HSPA Evolution 3GPP TR 25.999 [46] network is behind the Iu interface, the S4-SGSN will send the "UTRAN" RAT Type.

# 8.18 Serving Network

Serving Network is coded as depicted in Figure 8.18-1.

				В	its						
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1			Ту	pe = 83	3 (decin	nal)					
2 to 3		Length = n									
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance				
5		MCC	digit 2			MCC digit 1					
6		MNC digit 3 MCC digit 3									
7		MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1				
8 to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spec	cified			

Figure 8.18-1: Serving Network

If an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

This IE contains the serving network provided by the MME, S4-SGSN or ePDG.

# 8.19 EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT)

EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the EPS Bearer Level TFT into the Value field of the EPS Bearer Level TFT IE. The detailed coding of the EPS Bearer Level TFT IE is specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.6.12, beginning with octet 3.

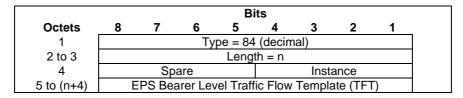


Figure 8.19-1: EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT)

# 8.20 Traffic Aggregate Description (TAD)

The Traffic Aggregate Description IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.20-1. The detailed coding of Traffic Aggregate Description is specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.6.12, beginning with octet 3..

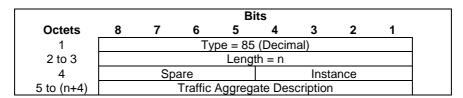


Figure 8.20-1 Traffic Aggregate Description

# 8.21 User Location Information (ULI)

User Location Information (ULI) is a variable length IE that is coded as depicted in Figure 8.21-1. The CGI, SAI, RAI, TAI, ECGI and LAI identity types are defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

				Bi	ts					
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1			Ty	/pe = 86	(decim	al)				
2 to 3				Lengt	h = n					
4		Sp	are			Insta	ance			
5	Spa	are	LAI	ECGI	TAI	RAI	SAI	CGI		
a to a+6				C	GI					
b to b+6				S	41					
c to c+6				R.	ΑI					
d to d+4				T/	41					
e to e+6		ECGI								
f to f+4		LAI								
g to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/aı	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified		

Figure 8.21-1: User Location Information

The ULI IE shall contain only one identity of the same type (e.g. more than one CGI cannot be included), but ULI IE may contain more than one identity of a different type (e.g. ECGI and TAI). The flags LAI, ECGI, TAI, RAI, SAI and CGI in octet 5 indicate if the corresponding type shall be present in a respective field or not. If one of these flags is set to "0", the corresponding field shall not be present at all. If more than one identity of different type is present, then they shall be sorted in the following order: CGI, SAI, RAI, TAI, ECGI, LAI.

The following subclauses specify the coding of the fields representing different identities.

For each identity, if an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then "MNC digit 3" field of corresponding location shall be coded as "1111".

### 8.21.1 CGI field

The coding of CGI (Cell Global Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.1-1. Only zero or one CGI field shall be present in ULI IE.

				В	its				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
а		MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1		
a+1		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3				
a+2		MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1		
a+3 to a+4			Locati	on Are	a Code	(LAC)			
a+5 to a+6			(	Cell Ide	ntity (C	I)			

Figure 8.21.1-1: CGI field

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet a+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet a+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Cell Identity (CI) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet a+5 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet a+6 the least significant bit. The coding of the cell identity is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

#### 8.21.2 SAI field

The coding of SAI (Service Area Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.2-1. Only zero or one SAI field shall be present in ULI IE.

				В	its			
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
b		MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1	
b+1		MNC	digit 3			MCC	digit 3	
b+2		MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1	
b+3 to b+4			Locati	ion Area	a Code	(LAC)		
b+5 to b+6		•	Servi	ce Area	Code	(SAC)		•

Figure 8.21.2-1: SAI field

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet b+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet b+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Service Area Code (SAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet b+5 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet b+6 the least significant bit. The SAC is defined by the operator. See 3GPP TS 23.003 [2] section 12.5 for more information.

#### 8.21.3 RAI field

The coding of RAI (Routing Area Identity) is depicted in Figure 8.21.3-1. Only zero or one RAI field shall be present in ULITE.

				В	its				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
С		MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1		
c+1		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3				
c+2		MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1		
c+3 to c+4	•	Location Area Code (LAC)							
c+5 to c+6	•	•	Routi	ng Area	Code	(RAC)		•	

Figure 8.21.3-1: RAI field

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet c+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet c+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Routing Area Code (RAC) consists of 2 octets. Only Octet c+5 contains the RAC. Octet c+6 is coded as all 1's (11111111). The RAC is defined by the operator.

#### 8.21.4 TAI field

The coding of TAI (Tracking Area Identity) is depicted in Figure 8.21.4-1. Only zero or one TAI field shall be present in ULI IE.

				В	its				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
d		MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1		
d+1		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3				
d+2		MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1		
d+3 to d+4			Tracki	ng Are	a Code	(TAC)			

Figure 8.21.4-1: TAI

The Tracking Area Code (TAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet d+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet d+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the tracking area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

#### 8.21.5 ECGI field

The coding of ECGI (E-UTRAN Cell Global Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.5-1. Only zero or one ECGI field shall be present in ULI IE.

_				В	its		•	
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
е		MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1	
e+1		MNC	digit 3			MCC	digit 3	
e+2		MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1	
e+3		Sp	are			Е	CI	
e+4 to e+6			ECI (E-I	UTRAN	Cell lo	dentifier	)	

Figure 8.21.5-1: ECGI field

The E-UTRAN Cell Identifier (ECI) consists of 28 bits. The ECI field shall start with Bit 4 of octet e+3, which is the most significant bit. Bit 1 of Octet e+6 is the least significant bit. The coding of the E-UTRAN cell identifier is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

#### 8.21.6 LAI field

The coding of LAI (Location Area Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.6-1.

				В	its			
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
f		MCC	digit 2					
f+1		MNC	digit 3					
f+2		MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1	
f+3 to f+4			Locati	on Are	a Code	(LAC)		

Figure 8.21.6-1: LAI field

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet f+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet f+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

# 8.22 Fully Qualified TEID (F-TEID)

Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (F-TEID) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.22-1.

		Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1		Type = 87 (decimal)									
2to 3		Length = n									
4		Spare Instance									
5	V4	V6			Interfac	се Туре	!				
6 to 9		TEID / GRE Key									
m to (m+3)		IPv4 address									
p to (p+15)		IPv6 address									
k to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified			

Figure 8.22-1: Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (F-TEID)

The following flags are coded within Octet 5:

- Bit 8 V4: If this bit is set to "1", then IPv4 address field exists in the F-TEID, otherwise the IPv4 address field is not present at all.
- Bit 7 V6: If this bit is set to "1", then IPv6 address field exists in the F-TEID, otherwise the IPv6 address field is not present at all.

At least one of V4 and V6 shall be set to "1", and both may be set to "1".

- Bit 6 to Bit 1 Interface Type: This 6 bit wide integer can take the following values representing interface type and endpoint:
  - 0: S1-U eNodeB GTP-U interface
  - 1: S1-U SGW GTP-U interface
  - 2: S12 RNC GTP-U interface
  - 3: S12 SGW GTP-U interface
  - 4: S5/S8 SGW GTP-U interface
  - 5: S5/S8 PGW GTP-U interface

- 6: S5/S8 SGW GTP-C interface
- 7: S5/S8 PGW GTP-C interface
- 8: S5/S8 SGW PMIPv6 interface (the 32 bit GRE key is encoded in 32 bit TEID field and since alternate CoA is not used the control plane and user plane addresses are the same for PMIPv6)
- 9: S5/S8 PGW PMIPv6 interface (the 32 bit GRE key is encoded in 32 bit TEID field and the control plane and user plane addresses are the same for PMIPv6)
- 10: S11 MME GTP-C interface
- 11: S11/S4 SGW GTP-C interface
- 12: S10 MME GTP-C interface
- 13: S3 MME GTP-C interface
- 14: S3 SGSN GTP-C interface
- 15: S4 SGSN GTP-U interface
- 16: S4 SGW GTP-U interface
- 17: S4 SGSN GTP-C interface
- 18: S16 SGSN GTP-C interface
- 19: eNodeB GTP-U interface for DL data forwarding
- 20: eNodeB GTP-U interface for UL data forwarding
- 21: RNC GTP-U interface for data forwarding
- 22: SGSN GTP-U interface for data forwarding
- 23: SGW GTP-U interface for DL data forwarding
- 24: Sm MBMS GW GTP-C interface
- 25: Sn MBMS GW GTP-C interface
- 26: Sm MME GTP-C interface
- 27: Sn SGSN GTP-C interface
- 28: SGW GTP-U interface for UL data forwarding
- 29: Sn SGSN GTP-U interface
- 30: S2b ePDG GTP-C interface
- 31: S2b-U ePDG GTP-U interface
- 32: S2b PGW GTP-C interface
- 33: S2b-U PGW GTP-U interface

Other values of "Interface Type" are spare and reserved for future use.

"Interface type" values with bit "6" set to 1 shall only be used between Rel-10 onwards GTPv2-C nodes.

NOTE: "Interface type" IE is defined with 5 bits only in the earlier releases of this specification, thus pre-Rel-10 GTPv2-C nodes can ignore bit "6" which is marked as "Spare" in earlier releases, allowing backward compatibility.

Octet 6 to 9 (TEID/GRE field) represent either a TEID or a GRE key. If both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are present in F-TEID IE, then the TEID value shall be shared by both addresses.

Octets "m to (m+3)" and/or "p to (p+15)" (IPv4 address / IPv6 address fields), if present, contain respective address values.

### 8.23 TMSI

The TMSI, unambiguously associated with a given UE and Location area, is given by:

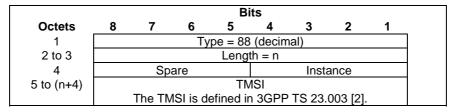


Figure 8.23-1: TMSI

#### 8.24 Global CN-Id

The Global CN-Id is coded as depicted in Figure 8.24-1.

		Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1		Type = 89 (decimal)									
2 to 3		Length = n									
4		Sp	are		Instance						
5		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1						
6		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3						
7		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1						
8 to (n+4)		CN-ld									
, ,		The CN	l-ld is d	efined i	n 3GPF	TS 23	.003 [2]				

Figure 8.24-1: Global CN-Id

If an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

# 8.25 S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info (S103PDF)

The HSGW Address and GRE Key identify a GRE Tunnel towards a HSGW over S103 interface for a specific PDN connection of the UE. The EPS Bearer IDs specify the EPS Bearers which require data forwarding that belonging to this PDN connection. The number of EPS bearer Ids included is specified by the value of EPS Bearer ID Number.

The spare bits indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

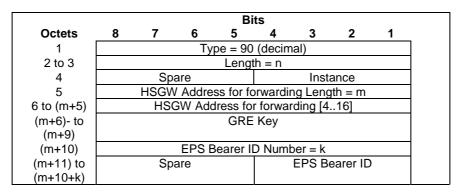


Figure 8.25-1: S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info

# 8.26 S1-U Data Forwarding (S1UDF)

The Serving GW Address and Serving GW S1-U TEID consist the S1-U Tunnel information allocated by the Serving GW for an EPS Bearer identified by the EPS Bearer ID which requires data forwarding during active handover from E-UTRAN Access to cdma2000 HRPD Access.

The spare bits indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

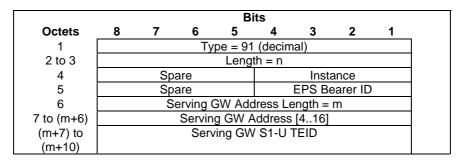


Figure 8.26-1: S1-U Data Forwarding Info

# 8.27 Delay Value

Delay Value is coded as depicted in Figure 8.27-1.

		Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1		Type = 92 (decimal)									
2 to 3		Length = n									
4		Spare Instance									
5	Delay	Delay Value in integer multiples of 50 millisecs, or zero									
6 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified			

Figure 8.27-1: Delay Value

Delay Value is set to zero in order to clear a previously set delay condition.

### 8.28 Bearer Context

Bearer Context is a grouped IE containing a number of other IEs. Which of those IEs are mandatory, optional or conditional and the conditions that apply are GTP message specific, and described in the corresponding subclause under clause 7.

Bearer Context may be repeated within a message with exactly the same Type and Instance values to represent a list of Bearer Contexts.

Bearer Context is coded as depicted in Table 8.28-1.

Table 8.28-1: Bearer Context Grouped Type

Octet 1		Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal)		
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n		
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields		
Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
		5-column format in order to match the format used in subcla	•	where

# 8.29 Charging ID

The Charging ID is coded as depicted in Figure 8.29-1. It is defined in 3GPP TS 32.251[8].

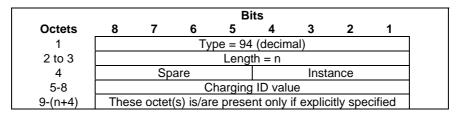


Figure 8.29-1: Charging ID

# 8.30 Charging Characteristics

The charging characteristics information element is defined in 3GPP TS 32.251 [8] and is a way of informing both the SGW and PGW of the rules for producing charging information based on operator configured triggers. For the encoding of this information element see 3GPP TS 32.298 [9].

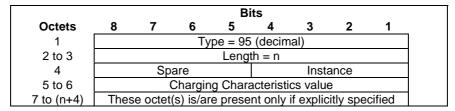


Figure 8.30-1: Charging Characteristics

### 8.31 Trace Information

Trace Information is coded as depicted in Figure 8.31-1. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18] for details on trace related information.

	Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 96(decimal)										
2 to 3		Length = n										
4		Spare Instance										
5		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1							
6		MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3							
7		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1							
8 to10				Trad	ce ID							
11 to 19			T	riggerir	ng Even	ts						
20 to 21		List of NE Types										
22		Session Trace Depth										
23 to 34			Į	_ist of Ir	nterface	s						
35 to (n+4)		IP /	Address	of Tra	ce Colle	ction E	ntity					

Figure 8.31-1: Trace Information

Octets 5 to 10 represent the Trace Reference parameter as defined in 3GPP TS 32.422 [18], clause 5.6.

Triggering Events, List of NE Types, Session Trace Depth and List of Interfaces are specified in 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]

See 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.1.4, Mobile Identity, for the coding of MCC and MNC, whose values are obtained from the serving PLMN that the EM/NM is managing. If MNC is 2 digits long, bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

# 8.32 Bearer Flags

Bearer Flags is coded as depicted in Figure 8.32-1.

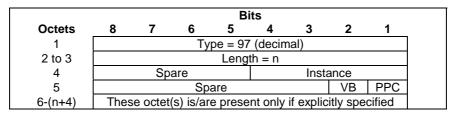


Figure 8.32-1: Bearer Flags

The following bits within Octet 5 indicate:

- Bit 1 PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression): This flag is used to determine whether an SGSN should attempt to compress the payload of user data when the users asks for it to be compressed (PPC = 0), or not (PPC = 1).
- Bit 2 VB (Voice Bearer): This flag is used to indicate a voice bearer when doing PS-to-CS SRVCC handover.

### 8.33 Void

# 8.34 PDN Type

The PDN Type is coded as depicted in Figure 8.34-1.

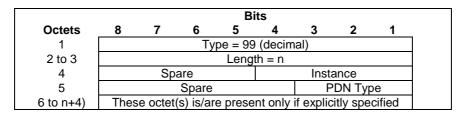


Figure 8.34-1: PDN Type

Table 8.34-1: PDN Type

```
PDN type value (octet 5)
Bits
3 2 1
0 0 1 IPv4
0 1 0 IPv6
0 1 1 IPv4v6
Bits 8-4 of octet 5 are spare and shall be coded as zero.
```

# 8.35 Procedure Transaction ID (PTI)

Procedure Transaction Id is coded as depicted in Figure 8.35-1. It is defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], clause 9.4 and is coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.007 [30], clause 11.2.3.1a Procedure transaction identity.

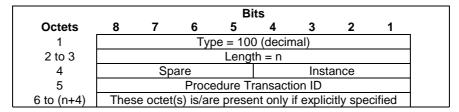


Figure 8.35-1: Procedure Transaction ID

#### 8.36 DRX Parameter

DRX Parameter indicates whether the UE use DRX mode or not, this parameter is coded as depicted in Figure 839-1.

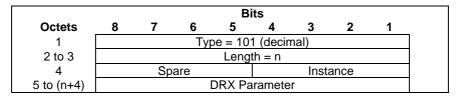


Figure 8.36-1: DRX Parameter

### 8.37 Void

### 8.38 MM Context

The MM Context information element contains the Mobility Management, UE security parameters that are necessary to transfer over S3/S16/S10 interface.

All Spare bits are set to zeros by the sender and ignored by the receiver. Spare bits in MM Context IE shall be set to 1's before sending MM Context IE to pre-R8 SGSN.

Security Mode indicates the type of security keys (GSM/UMTS/EPS) and Authentication Vectors (quadruplets/quintuplets/triplets) that are passed to the new MME/SGSN.

The DRX parameter coding is specified in clause 10.5.5.6 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. If DRXI (DRX Indicator), bit 4 of octet 5, is set to "1", then the DRX parameter field is present, otherwise its octets are not present.

Uplink/downlink Subscribed UE AMBR (Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate) is coded as Unsigned32 integer values in kbps (1000 bps) for all non-GBR bearers according to the subscription of the user. If SAMBRI (Subscribed UE AMBR Indicator), bit 1 of octet 6, is set to "1", then the Uplink/downlink Subscribed UE AMBR parameter field is present, otherwise these parameters are not present. If no Subscribed UE AMBR is received from the HSS, the SAMBRI shall be set to "0".Uplink/downlink Used UE AMBR (Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate) is coded as Unsigned32 integer values in kbps (1000 bps) for all non-GBR bearers currently being used by the UE. If UAMBRI (Used UE AMBR Indicator), bit 2 of octet 6, is set to "1", then the Uplink/downlink Used UE AMBR parameter field is present, otherwise these parameters are not present.

The encoding of Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) field shall be same as specified in clause 8.10 of this specification. If Length of Mobile Equipment Identity is zero, then the Mobile Equipment Identity parameter shall not be present. If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless or the IMSI is unauthenticated, Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) shall be used as the UE identity.

The UE Network Capability coding is specified in clause 9.9.3.34 of 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]. If Length of UE Network Capability is zero, then the UE Network Capability parameter shall not be present.

The MS Network Capability coding is specified in clause 10.5.5.12 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. If Length of MS Network Capability is zero, then the MS Network Capability parameter shall not be present.

The Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting coding is specified in clause 10.5.5.28 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. If Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting is zero, then the Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting parameter shall not be present.

Used Cipher indicates the GSM ciphering algorithm that is in use.

Used NAS Cipher indicates the EPS ciphering algorithm that is in use.

The Access restriction data is composed of UNA(UTRAN Not Allowed), GENA(GERAN Not Allowed), GANA(GAN Not Allowed), INA(I-HSPA-Evolution Not Allowed), ENA(E-UTRAN Not Allowed) and HNNA(HO-To-Non-3GPP-Access Not Allowed).

As depicted in Figure 8.38-1, the GSM Key, Used Cipher and Authentication Triplets that are unused in the old SGSN shall be transmitted to the new SGSN for the GSM subscribers.

The Authentication Triplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-7.

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1			Тур	pe = 103	decim	nal)					
2 to 3	Length = n										
4	Spare Instance										
5	Sec	curity M	ode	Spare	DRXI		CKSN				
6	Numl	ber of T	riplet		Spare		UAMB	SAMB			
				RI RI							
7			Spare			U	sed Cipl	her			
8 to 15	Kc										
16 to h	Authentication Triplet [04]										
(h+1) to	DRX parameter										
(h+2)											
j to (j+3)				Subscri							
(j+4) to (j+7)	Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR										
i to (i+3)				ink Used							
(i+4) to (i+7)				nlink Use							
q		L	ength o	of UE Ne	twork C	apabi	lity				
(q+1) to k				Network							
k+1		L		f MS Ne			lity				
(k+2) to m			MS	Networl	Capat	oility					
m+1				bile Equ							
(m+2) to r		N.	/lobile E	quipme	nt Ident	ity (ME	EI)				
r+1	Spa	are	HNNA	ENA	INA	GANA	GENA	UNA			
r+2	Leng	gth of V	oice Do	omain P	referenc	ce and	UE's U	sage			
				Set	ting						
(r+3) to s	Voi	ice Don	nain Pre	eference	and U	E's Us	age Set	ting			
(s+1) to	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only i	f expli	citly spe	cified			
(n+4)											

Figure 8.38-1: GSM Key and Triplets

As depicted in Figure 8.38-2, the UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Authentication Quintuplets that are unused in the old SGSN shall be transmitted to the new SGSN when the UMTS subscriber is attached to a GSM BSS in the old system, in case the user has a ME capable of UMTS AKA.

The Authentication Quintuplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-8.

				Ві	ts							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 104 (decimal)										
2 to 3	Length = n											
4	Spare Instance											
5		curity M		Spare	DRXI	(	CKSN/K	SI				
6		Number of Spare Quintuplets					UAMB RI	SAMB RI				
7			Spare			U:	sed Cipl	ner				
8 to 23				С	K							
24 to 39		IK										
40 to h	Authentication Quintuplet [04]											
(h+1) to	DRX parameter											
(h+2)												
j to (j+3)				Subscri								
(j+4) to (j+7)	Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR											
i to (i+3)				ink Used								
(j+12) to (i+4)			Dowr	nlink Us	ed UE A	MBR						
q		L	ength c	of UE Ne	twork C	apabil	ity					
(q+1) to k			UE	Networ	< Capab	oility						
k+1	Length of MS Network Capability											
(k+2) to m	MS Network Capability											
m+1	Length of Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI)											
(m+2) to r		N		quipme								
r+1		are		ENA			GENA					
r+2	Len	gth of V	oice Do			ce and	UE's Us	sage				
				Set								
(r+3) to s							age Sett					
(s+1) to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/aı	e prese	nt only i	f explic	citly spe	cified				

Figure 8.38-2: UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets

As depicted in Figure 8.38-3, the GSM Key, Used Cipher and Authentication Quintuplets that are unused in the old SGSN shall be transmitted to the new SGSN when the UMTS subscriber is attached to a GSM BSS in the old system, in case the user has a ME no capable of UMTS AKA.

The Authentication Quintuplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-8.

				Bi	ts				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1		Type = 105 (decimal)							
2 to 3				Leng	h = n				
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance		
5	Sec	curity M	ode	Spare	DRXI	C	KSN/K	SI	
6	N	lumber	of		Spare		UAMB	SAMB	
	Q	uintuple	ets				RI	RI	
7			Spare			Us	sed Cipl	ner	
8 to 15				K	-				
16 to h		ļ	\uthenti	cation C	uintupl	ets [0	4]		
(h+1) to				DRX pa	ramete	r			
(h+2)									
j to (j+3)				Subscri					
(j+4) to (j+7)				k Subsc			R		
i to (i+3)				ink Used					
(i+4) to (i+7)				nlink Use					
q		L		f UE Ne			ty		
(q+1) to k				Networl					
k+1		L		f MS Ne			ity		
(k+2) to m				Networ			(a.a=1)		
m+1				bile Equ					
(m+2) to r				quipme					
r+1		are		ENA	INA		GENA		
r+2	Len	gth of V	oice Do	omain P		ce and	UE's Us	sage	
(r. 2) to o	1/0	ioo Dor	noin Dr	Set		E'o Hoc	an Cott	ina	
(r+3) to s				eference					
(s+1) to (n+4)	mes	se ociei	(s) is/ai	e prese	iii Offily	пехрис	illy spec	cinea	
(11 <del>+4</del> )									

Figure 8.38-3: GSM Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets

As depicted in Figure 8.38-4, the UMTS Key, KSI and unused Authentication Quintuplets in the old SGSN may be transmitted to the new SGSN/MME when the UMTS subscriber is attached to UTRAN/GERAN in the old system, but it is not allowed to send quintuplets to an MME in a different serving network domain (see 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.1.6). The MME may forward the UMTS Key, KSI and unused Authentication Quintuplets which were previously stored back to the same SGSN, for further details, refer to 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

The Authentication Quintuplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-8.

				Ві	ts				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1		Type = 106 (decimal)							
2 to 3				Leng	h = n				
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance		
5	Sec	curity Mo	ode	Spare	DRXI		KSI		
6		lumber			Spare		_	SAMB	
	Q	uintuple	ets				RI	RI	
7					are				
8 to 23					K				
24 to 39					<				
40 to h				ication (			4]		
(h+1) to				DRX pa	ramete	•			
(h+2)									
j to (j+3)				Subscri					
(j+4) to (j+7)		D		k Subsc			SR .		
i to (i+3)				nk Used					
(i+4) to (i+7)			Dowr	ılink Us	ed UE A	MBR			
q		L		f UE Ne			ity		
(q+1) to k				Networ					
k+1		Le		f MS Ne			lity		
(k+2) to m				Networ					
m+1				bile Eqι					
(m+2) to r		N	1obile E	quipme					
r+1		are		ENA			GENA		
r+2	Len	Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage							
				Set					
(r+3) to s							age Sett		
(s+1) to	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only i	f explic	citly spe	cified	
(n+4)									

Figure 8.38-4: UMTS Key and Quintuplets

As depicted in Figure 8.38-5, the current EPS Security Context, a non-current EPS Security Context (if available), and unused Authentication Quadruplets in the old MME may be transmitted to the new MME. If the new MME is not in the same serving network domain then only the current EPS Security Context may be transmitted. Authentication Quintuplets shall not be transmitted to the new MME even if the old MME has the Authentication Quintuplets for this UE. The value in Number of Quintuplets field shall be set to '0'. The reasons for not sending Quintuplets are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.1.6.

The Authentication Quintuplet and Authentication Quadruplet codings are specified in Figure 8.38-8 and Figure 8.38-9 respectively.

The value of the NAS Downlink Count shall be set to the value that shall be used to send the next NAS message.

The value of the NAS Uplink Count shall be set to the largest NAS Uplink Count that was in a successfully integrity verified NAS message.

In Figure 8.38-5, the fields for the Old EPS Security Context (i.e. octets from s to s+64) may be present only in S10 Forward Relocation Request message according to the Rules on Concurrent Running of Security Procedures, which are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12]. The octets for Old EPS Security Context shall be present if the OSCI (Old Security Context Indicator), bit 1 of octet 6) is set to "1"; otherwise they shall not be present.

If NHI\_old (Next Hop Indicator for old EPS Security Context), bit 1 of octet s, is set to "1", then the parameters old NH (Next Hop) and old NCC (Next Hop Chaining Count) shall be present; otherwise the octets for old NH parameter shall not be present and the value of old NCC parameter shall be ignored by the receiver.

				Bi	ts				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1			Ту	pe = 10	7 (decir	nal)			
2 to 3		Length = n							
4			are			Ins	stance		
5		urity M		NHI	DRXI		KSI <sub>ASME</sub>		
6		umber			umber		UAMB	OSCI	
		uintuple			uadrup		RI		
7	SAMB		NAS in	~ .	U	Ised N	IAS Ciphe	r	
	RI	protec		gorithm					
8 to 10				S Dowr					
11 to 13			N	IAS Upli		nt			
14 to 45				K <sub>A</sub>	SME				
46 to g				ication (					
(g+1) to h				ication (			.4]		
(h+1) to				DRX pa	ramete	r			
(h+2)									
p to (p+31)		NH							
p+32		Spare NCC							
j to (j+3)				Subscri					
(j+4) to (j+7)				k Subsc			BR		
i to (i+3)				ink Used					
(i+4) to (i+7)				nlink Us					
q		L		f UE Ne			ility		
(q+1) to k				Networ					
k+1		Le		f MS Ne			ility		
(k+2) to m				Networ					
m+1							ty (MEI)		
(m+2) to r				quipme					
r+1	Spa			ENA		GAN	A GENA	UNA	
S	NHI_o ld	Spare	ol	d KSI <sub>AS</sub>	ME		old NCC		
(s+1) to	old K <sub>ASME</sub>								
(s+32)	J.W. MOINE								
(s+33) to	old NH								
(s+64)									
s+65	Leng	gth of V	oice Do	omain P	referen	ce and	d UE's Us	age	
					ting				
(s+66) to t							sage Setti		
t to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if expl	icitly spec	ified	

Figure 8.38-5: EPS Security Context and Quadruplets

If NHI (Next Hop Indicator), bit 5 of octet 5, is set to "1", then the optional parameters NH (Next Hop) and NCC (Next Hop Chaining Count) are both present, otherwise their octets are not present.

As depicted in Figure 8.38-6, the old MME will derive CK' and IK' from  $K_{ASME}$  and transmit the CK' and IK' to the new SGSN. Authentication Quintuplets, if available, shall be transmitted to the SGSN if, and only if the MME received them from this SGSN earlier, according to 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.1.5.

The value in Number of Quadruplets field shall be set to '0', if Authentication Quadruplets are not present. A key  $K_{ASME}$  shall never be transmitted to an SGSN according to 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.4.

The Authentication Quintuplet and Authentication Quadruplet codings are specified in Figure 8.38-8 and Figure 8.38-9 respectively.

The old SGSN/MME may deliver both Authentication Quadruplets and Authentication Quintuplets it holds to the peer combo node to optimize the procedure.

				Bi	ts			
Octets	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1							
1			Ту	pe = 108	3 (decin	nal)		
2 to 3				Leng	:h = n			
4			are			Ins	tance	
5	Sec	urity M	ode	Spare	DRXI		KSI <sub>ASME</sub>	
6		umber		1 -	umber (		_	SAMB
	Qı	uintuple	ets	Q	uadrupl	et	RI	RI
7					are			
8 to 23					K			
24 to 39				II				
40 to g				ication (				
(g+1) to h			Authen	tication (			4]	
(h+1) to				DRX pa	rameter	•		
(h+2)								
j to (j+3)			•	Subscri				
(j+4) to (j+7)				k Subsc			3R	
i to (i+3)				ink Used				
(i+4) to (i+7)				nlink Use				
q		L		of UE Ne			lity	
(q+1) to k				Networl				
k+1		L		of MS Ne			lity	
(k+2) to m				Networ				
m+1				bile Equ				
(m+2) to r		N		quipme				
r+1		Spare HNNA ENA INA GANA GENA UNA						
r+2	Lenç	Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage						
				Set				
(r+3) to s							age Sett	
(s+1) to	Thes	e octet	(s) is/a	re prese	nt only i	f expli	citly spe	cified
(n+4)								

Figure 8.38-6: UMTS Key, Quadruplets and Quintuplets

				В	its			
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1 to 16		RAND						
17 to 20		SRES						
21 to 28				ŀ	(c			

Figure 8.38-7: Authentication Triplet

				В	its			
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1 to 16		RAND						
17				XRES	Length			
18 to m				XR	ES			
(m+1) to				С	K			
(m+16)								
(m+17) to				I	K			
(m+32)								
m+33		•	•	AUTN	Length		•	
(m+34) to n				AU	ITN			

Figure 8.38-8: Authentication Quintuplet

		Bits						
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1 to 16		RAND						
17		XRES Length						
18 to k		XRES						
k+1		AUTN Length						
(k+2) to m				AL	JTN			
(m+1) to				K <sub>A</sub>	SME			
(m+32)								

Figure 8.38-9: Authentication Quadruplet

**Table 8.38-1: Security Mode Values** 

Security Type	Value (Decimal)
GSM Key and Triplets	0
UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets	1
GSM Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets	2
UMTS Key and Quintuplets	3
EPS Security Context and Quadruplets	4
UMTS Key, Quadruplets and Quintuplets	5

Table 8.38-2: Used NAS Cipher Values

Cipher Algorithm	Value (Decimal)
No ciphering	0
128-EEA1	1
128-EEA2	2
EEA3	3
EEA4	4
EEA5	5
EEA6	6
EEA7	7

**Table 8.38-3: Used Cipher Values** 

Cipher Algorithm	Value (Decimal)
No ciphering	0
GEA/1	1
GEA/2	2
GEA/3	3
GEA/4	4
GEA/5	5
GEA/6	6
GEA/7	7

Table 8.38-4: Used NAS integrity protection algorithm Values

Integrity protection Algorithm	Value (Decimal)
No integrity protection	0
128-EIA1	1
128-EIA2	2
EIA3	3
EIA4	4
EIA5	5
EIA6	6
EIA7	7

#### 8.39 PDN Connection

The PDN connection is a grouped IE containing a number of other IEs and shall be coded as depicted in Table 8.39-1.

The PDN Connection IE may be repeated within a message when more than one PDN Connection is required to be sent. If so, the repeated IEs shall have exactly the same Instance values to represent a list of grouped IEs.

**Table 8.39-1: PDN Connection Grouped Type** 

Octet 1		PDN Connection IE Type = 109 (decimal)						
Octets 2 and 3		Length = n						
Octet 4		Spare and Instance fields						
Information elements		Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.				
		a 5-column format in order to match the format used in subc s IE is further detailed for each specific GTP message includ	•	where				

### 8.40 PDU Numbers

The PDU Numbers information element contains the sequence number status corresponding to a Bearer context in the old SGSN. This information element shall be sent only when acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer context or when the "delivery order" QoS attribute is set in the Bearer context QoS profile.

NSAPI identifies the Bearer context for which the PDU Number IE is intended.

DL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next downlink GTP-U T-PDU to be sent to the UE when "delivery order" is set.

UL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next uplink GTP-U T-PDU to be tunnelled to the S-GW when "delivery order" is set.

The Send N-PDU Number is used only when acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer context. Send N-PDU Number is the N-PDU number to be assigned by SNDCP to the next down link N-PDU received from the S-GW.

The Receive N-PDU Number is used only when acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer context. The Receive N-PDU Number is the N-PDU number expected by SNDCP from the next up link N-PDU to be received from the UE.

The PDU Number IE will be repeated for each Bearer Context for which this IE is required.

PDU Numbers IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.40-1.

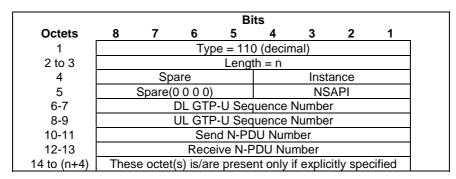


Figure 8.40-1: PDU Numbers

## 8.41 Packet TMSI (P-TMSI)

The P-TMSI, unambiguously associated with a given UE and routeing area, is given by:

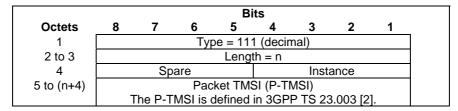


Figure 8.41-1: Packet TMSI (P-TMSI)

## 8.42 P-TMSI Signature

The content and the coding of the P-TMSI Signature information element are defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

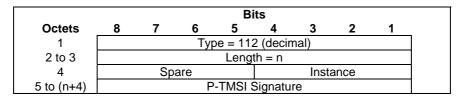


Figure 8.42-1: P-TMSI Signature

## 8.43 Hop Counter

Where Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Node is applied, the Hop Counter may be used to prevent endless loops when relaying Identification Request messages and Context Request messages. The maximum value is operator specific and shall not be lower than 1.

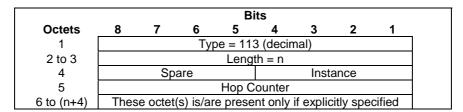


Figure 8.43-1: Hop Counter

### 8.44 UE Time Zone

UE Time Zone is used to indicate the offset between universal time and local time in steps of 15 minutes of where the UE currently resides. The "Time Zone" field uses the same format as the "Time Zone" IE in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

UE Time Zone is coded as this is depicted in Figure 8.44-1. The value of the Time Zone field represents the time zone adjusted for daylight saving time. The value of the Daylight Saving Time field specifies the adjustment that has been made.

The spare bits indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

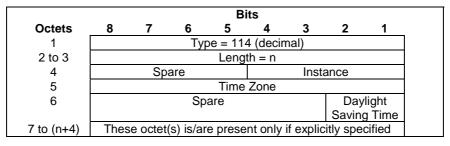


Figure 8.44-1: UE Time Zone

Table 8.44-2 Possible values for the "Daylight Saving Time" field and their meanings.

Daylight Saving Time	Value (	binary)
	Bit 2	Bit 1
No adjustment for Daylight Saving Time	0	0
+1 hour adjustment for Daylight Saving Time	0	1
+2 hours adjustment for Daylight Saving Time	1	0
Spare	1	1

## 8.45 Trace Reference

Trace Reference shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.45-1. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18], clause 5.6, for the definition of Trace Reference.

See 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.1.4, Mobile Identity, for the coding of MCC and MNC, whose values are obtained from the serving PLMN that the EM/NM is managing. If MNC is 2 digits long, bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

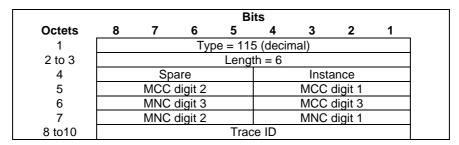


Figure 8.45-1: Trace Reference

# 8.46 Complete Request Message

The Complete Request Message is coded as depicted in Figure 8.46-1.

	Bits											
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1 [		Type = 116 (decimal)										
2 to 3				Leng	th = n							
4		Sp	are			Insta	ance					
5		Co	omplete	Reque	st Mes	sage Ty	ре					
6- to (n+4)			Compl	ete Red	uest M	essage						

Figure 8.46-1: Complete Request Message

Complete Request Message type values are specified in Table 8.46-1.

Table 8.46-1: Complete Request Message type values and their meanings

Location Types	Values (Decimal)
Complete Attach Request Message	0
Complete TAU Request Message	1
<spare></spare>	2-255

## 8.47 GUTI

The GUTI is coded as depicted in Figure 8.47-1.

		Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1			Тур	oe = 11	7 (decir	nal)				
2 to 3				Leng	th = n					
4		Sp	are		Instance					
5		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1					
6		MNC	digit 3			MCC	digit 3			
7		MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1			
8 to 9				MME 0	Froup ID	)				
10				MME	Code					
11 to (n+4)				M-T	MSI					

Figure 8.47-1: GUTI

If an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

## 8.48 Fully Qualified Container (F-Container)

Fully Qualified Container (F-TEID) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.48-1.

All Spare bits are set to zeros by the sender and ignored by the receiver. If the F-Container field is constructed from the received container in the message on the Iu-PS or S1-AP interface, the F-Container field shall be encoded as the content part (excluding IE-ID, criticality, pad and length part) of corresponding parameter.

		Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
1		Type = 118 (decimal)										
2 to 3				Leng	th = n							
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance					
5		Spare Container Type										
6 to (n+4)			F	-Conta	iner fiel	d						

Figure 8.48-1: Full Qualified Container (F-Container)

The Container Type is coded as below:

- If this field is set to 1, then the F-Container field present the UTRAN transparent container.
- If this field is set to 2, then the F-Container field present the BSS container.
- If this field is set to 3, then the F-Container field present the E-UTRAN transparent container.

The BSS Container IE in the Bearer Context IE in Forward Relocation Request and Context Response messages is coded as depicted in Figure 8.48-2.

	Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
6		Sp	are		PHX	SAPI	RP	PFI		
а				Packet	Flow ID					
b		SA	ŀΡΙ		Spare	Rad	dio Pric	rity		
С		XiD parameters length								
d to n				XiD par	ameters	3				

Figure 8.48-2: BSS Container

The flags PFI, RP, SAPI and PHX in octet 6 indicate the corresponding type of paratemer (Packet FlowID, Radio Priority, SAPI and PS handover XID parameters) shall be present in a respective field or not. If one of these flags is set to "0", the corresponding field shall not be present at all. The Spare bit shall be set to zero by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

If PFI flag is set, Packet Flow ID shall be present in Octet a.

If RP flag is set, Radio Priority shall be present in Octet b.

If SAPI flag is set, SAPI shall be present in Octet b.

If PHX flag is set:

- XiD parameters length is present in Octet c.
- XiD parameters are present in Octet d to n.

# 8.49 Fully Qualified Cause (F-Cause)

Fully Qualified Cause (F- Cause) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.49-1.

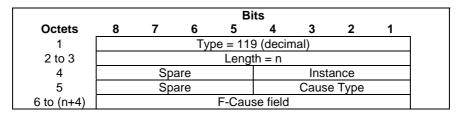


Figure 8.49-1: Full Qualified Cause (F-Cause)

The value of Instance field of the F-Cause IE in a GTPv2 message shall indicate whether the F-Cause field contains RANAP Cause, BSSGP Cause or RAN Cause. If the F-Cause field contains RAN Cause, the Cause Type field shall contain the RAN cause subcategory as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] and it shall be encoded as in Table 8.49-1. If the F-Cause field contains BSSGP Cause or RANAP Cause, the Cause Type field shall be ignored by the receiver.

All spare bits shall be set to zeros by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

F-Cause field is coded as follows:

- For RANAP Cause, the F-Cause field contains the cause as defined in clause 9.2.1.4 in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]. The value of F-Cause field (which has a range of 1..512) is transferred over the Iu interface and encoded into two octet as binary integer.
- For BSSGP Cause, the F-Cause field contains the cause as defined in clause 11.3.8 in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34]. The value of F-Cause field (which has a range of 0..255) is transferred over the Gb interface and encoded into one octet as binary integer.
- For RAN Cause, the F-Cause field contains the cause as defined in clause 9.2.1.3 in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. The value of F-Cause field (and the associated RAN cause subcategory) is transferred over the S1-AP interface and encoded into one octet as binary integer.

Table 8.49-1: Cause Type values and their meanings

Cause Type	Values (Decimal)
Radio Network Layer	0
Transport Layer	1
NAS	2
Protocol	3
Miscellaneous	4
<spare></spare>	5 to15

#### 8.50 Selected PLMN ID

The Selected PLMN ID IE contains the core network operator selected for the UE in a shared network. Octets 5-7 shall be encoded as the content part of the "Selected PLMN Identity" parameter in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

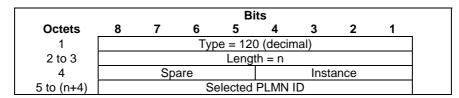


Figure 8.50-1: Selected PLMN ID

# 8.51 Target Identification

The Target Identification information element is coded as depicted in Figure 8.51-1.

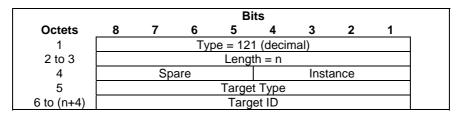


Figure 8.51-1: Target Identification

Target Type values are specified in Table 8.51-1.

The Target Type is RNC ID for SRNS relocation procedure, handover to UTRAN and RAN Information Relay towards UTRAN or GERAN operating in GERAN Iu mode. In this case the Target ID field shall be encoded as the Target RNC-ID part of the "Target ID" parameter in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]. Therefore, the "Choice Target ID" that indicates "Target RNC-ID" (numerical value of e.g. 0x20) shall not be included (value in octet 5 specifies the target type).

The Target Type is Macro eNodeB ID for handover to E-UTRAN Macro eNodeB and RAN Information Relay towards E-UTRAN. In this case the coding of the Target ID field shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.51-2.

				ts						
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
6		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1					
7		MNC digit 3				MCC digit 3				
8		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1					
9		Sp	are		٨	/lacro el	NodeB I	D		
10 to 11		Macro eNodeB ID								
12 to 13			Tracki	ng Area	a Code	(TAC)				

Figure 8.51-2: Target ID for Type Macro eNodeB

The Macro eNodeB ID consists of 20 bits. Bit 4 of Octet 9 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 11 is the least significant bit. The coding of the Macro eNodeB ID is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Target Type is Home eNodeB ID for handover to E-UTRAN Home eNodeB. In this case the coding of the Target ID field shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.51-3.

		Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
6		MCC	digit 2		MCC digit 1					
7	MNC digit 3 MCC o					MCC digit 3				
8		MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1					
9		Sp	are		H	lome el	NodeB II	D		
10 to 12			Н	ome el	NodeB ID					
13 to 14			Tracki	ng Area	a Code	(TAC)				

Figure 8.51-3: Target ID for Type Home eNodeB

The Home eNodeB ID consists of 28 bits. See 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. Bit 4 of Octet 9 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 12 is the least significant bit. The coding of the Home eNodeB ID is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Target Type is Cell Identifier for handover to GERAN and RAN Information Relay towards GERAN. In this case the coding of the Target ID field shall be same as the Octets 3 to 10 of the Cell Identifier IEI in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34].

Target Types	Values (Decimal)
RNC ID	0
Macro eNodeB ID	1
Cell Identifier	2
Home eNodeB ID	3
<spare></spare>	4 to 255

#### 8.52 Void

### 8.53 Packet Flow ID

The Packet Flow Id information element contains the packet flow identifier assigned to an EPS Bearer context as identified by EPS Bearer ID.

The spare bits 8 to 5 in octet 5 indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

	Bits										
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1		Type = 123 (decimal)									
2 to 3				Leng	th = n						
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance				
5		Spare EBI									
6 to (n+4)				Packet	Flow ID	)					

Figure 8.53-1: Packet Flow ID

#### 8.54 RAB Context

The RAB Context shall be coded as is depicted in Figure 8.54-1.

		Bits									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
1		Type = 124 (decimal)									
2 to 3		Length = 9									
4	Spare Instance										
5		Sp	are		NSAPI						
6 to 7		DL GTP-U Sequence Number									
8 to 9	_	UL GTP-U Sequence Number									
10 to 11		DL PDCP Sequence Number									
12 to 13			UL PD	CP Seq	uence l	Number	•				

Figure 8.54-1: RAB Context

The RAB Context IE may be repeated within a message with exactly the same Type and Instance to represent a list.

The RAB context information element contains sequence number status for one RAB in RNC, which corresponds to one PDP context. The RAB contexts are transferred between the RNCs via the SGSNs at inter SGSN hard handover.

NSAPI identifies the PDP context and the associated RAB for which the RAB context IE is intended.

DL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next downlink GTP-U T-PDU to be sent to the UE.

UL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next uplink GTP-U T-PDU to be tunnelled to the SGW.

DL PDCP Sequence Number is the number for the next downlink PDCP-PDU to be sent to the UE.

UL PDCP Sequence Number is the number for the next uplink PDCP-PDU to be received from the UE.

#### 8.55 Source RNC PDCP context info

The purpose of the Source RNC PDCP context info IE is to transfer RNC PDCP context information from a source RNC to a target RNC during an SRNS relocation.

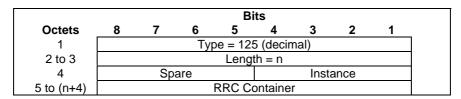


Figure 8.55-1: Source RNC PDCP context info

## 8.56 UDP Source Port Number

UDP Source Port Number is coded as depicted in Figure 8.56-1.

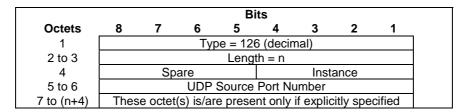


Figure 8.56-1: UDP Source Port Number

## 8.57 APN Restriction

The APN Restriction information element contains an unsigned integer value indicating the level of restriction imposed on EPS Bearer Contexts created to the associated APN.

The APN Restriction IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.57-1:

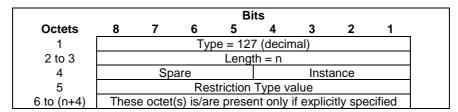


Figure 8.57-1: APN Restriction Type Information Element

An APN Restriction value may be configured for each APN in the PGW. It is used to determine, on a per UE basis, whether it is allowed to establish EPS bearers to other APNs.

Table 8.57-1: Valid Combinations of APN Restriction

Maximum APN Restriction Value	Type of APN	Application Example	APN Restriction Value allowed to be established
0	No Existing Con	texts or Restriction	All
1	Public-1	MMS	1, 2, 3
2	Public-2	Internet	1, 2
3	Private-1	Corporate (e.g. who use MMS)	1
4	Private-2	Corporate (e.g. who do not use MMS)	None

#### 8.58 Selection Mode

The Selection mode information element indicates the origin of the APN in the message.

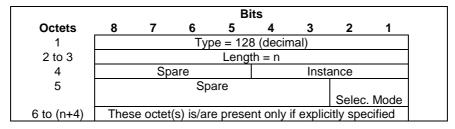


Figure 8.58-1: Selection Mode Information Element

Table 8.58-1: Selection Mode Values

Selection mode value	Value (Decimal)
MS or network provided APN, subscribed verified	0
MS provided APN, subscription not verified	1
Network provided APN, subscription not verified	2
For future use. Shall not be sent. If received, shall be interpreted as the value "2".	3

#### 8.59 Source Identification

The Source Identification information element is coded as depicted in Figure 8.59-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1 [	Type = 129 (decimal)								
2 to 3	Length = n								
4	Spare Instance								
5 to 12	Target Cell ID								
13	Source Type								
14 to (n+4)	•		•	Sour	ce ID	•		•	

Figure 8.59-1: Source Identification

The Target Cell ID shall be same as the Octets 3 to 10 of the Cell Identifier IEI in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34].

Source Type values are specified in Table 8.59-1.

The Source Type is Cell ID for PS handover from GERAN A/Gb mode. In this case the coding of the Source ID field shall be same as the Octets 3 to 10 of the Cell Identifier IEI in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34].

The Source Type is RNC ID for PS handover from GERAN Iu mode or for inter-RAT handover from UTRAN. In this case the Source ID field shall be encoded as as the Source RNC-ID part of the "Source ID" parameter in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33].

Table 8.59-1: Source Type values and their meanings

S	ource Types	Values (Decimal)
	Cell ID	0
	RNC ID	1
	reserved (NOTE)	2
	<spare></spare>	3-255
NOTE:	This value was allocated in a shall not be used.	an earlier version of the protocol and

# 8.60 Void

# 8.61 Change Reporting Action

Change Reporting Action IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.61-1.

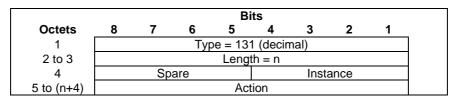


Figure 8.61-1: Change Reporting Action

Table 8.61-1: Action values

Action	Value (Decimal)
Stop Reporting	0
Start Reporting CGI/SAI	1
Start Reporting RAI	2
Start Reporting TAI	3
Start Reporting ECGI	4
Start Reporting CGI/SAI and RAI	5
Start Reporting TAI and ECGI	6
<spare></spare>	7-255

Stop Reporting stops all reporting action types.

# 8.62 Fully qualified PDN Connection Set Identifier (FQ-CSID)

A fully qualified PDN Connection Set Identifier (FQ-CSID) identifies a set of PDN connections belonging to an arbitrary number of UEs on a MME, SGW, ePDG or PGW. The FQ-CSID is used on S5, S8, S2b and S11 interfaces.

The size of CSID is two octets. The FQ-CSID is coded as follows:

				В	its				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1			Туј	oe = 13	2 (decir	nal)			
2 to -3				Leng	th = n				
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance		
5		Node-I	D Type		Nu	mber of	CSIDs	= m	
6 to p	Node-ID								
(p+1) to (p+2)	First PDN Connection Set Identifier (CSID)								
(p+3) to (p+4)	Second PDN Connection Set Identifier (CSID)								
q to q+1		m-th PDN Connection Set Identifier (CSID)							
(q+2) to (n+4)	Thes	se octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	ent only	if explic	itly spe	cified	

Figure 8.62-1: FQ-CSID

Where Node-ID Type values are:

- 0 indicates that Node-ID is a global unicast IPv4 address and p = 9.
- 1 indicates that Node-ID is a global unicast IPv6 address and p = 21.
- 2 indicates that Node-ID is a 4 octets long field with a 32 bit value stored in network order, and p= 9. The coding of the field is specified below:
- Most significant 20 bits are the binary encoded value of (MCC \* 1000 + MNC).
- Least significant 12 bits is a 12 bit integer assigned by an operator to an MME, SGW, ePDG or PGW. Other values of Node-ID Type are reserved.

Values of Number of CSID other than 1 are only employed in the Delete PDN Connection Set Request and Response.

The node that creates the FQ-CSID, (i.e. MME for MME FQ-CSID, SGW for SGW FQ-CSID, ePDG for ePDG FQ-CSID and PGW for PGW FQ-CSID), is responsible for making sure the Node-ID is globally unique and the CSID value is unique within that node.

When a FQ-CSID is stored by a receiving node, it is stored on a PDN basis even for messages impacting only one bearer (i.e. Create Bearer Request). See 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] for further details on the CSID and what specific requirements are placed on the PGW, ePDG, SGW and MME.

#### 8.63 Channel needed

The Channel needed shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.63-1. Channel needed is coded as the IEI part and the value part of the Channel Needed IE defined in 3GPP TS 44.018[28]

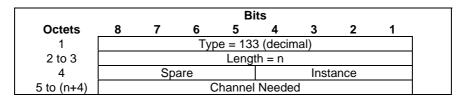


Figure 8.63-1: Channel needed

## 8.64 eMLPP Priority

The eMLPP-Priority shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.64-1. The eMLPP Priority is coded as the value part of the eMLPP-Priority IE defined in 3GPP TS 48.008 [29] (not including 3GPP TS 48.008 IEI and 3GPP TS 48.008 [29] length indicator).

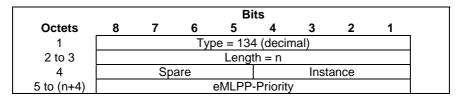


Figure 8.64-1: eMLPP Priority

## 8.65 Node Type

Node Type is coded as this is depicted in Figure 8.65-1.

		Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1		Type = 135 (decimal)								
2-3			Le	ngth = 1	n (decin	nal)				
4		Sp	are		Instance					
5		Node Type								
6-(n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified		

Figure 8.65-1: Node Type

Node type values are specified in Table 8.65-1.

Table 8. 65-1: Node Type values

Node Types	Values (Decimal)
MME	0
SGSN	1
<spare></spare>	2-255

# 8.66 Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)

Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.66-1.

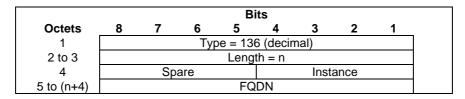


Figure 8.66-1: Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)

The FQDN field encoding shall be identical to the encoding of a FQDN within a DNS message of section 3.1 of IETF RFC 1035 [31] but excluding the trailing zero byte.

NOTE 1: The FQDN field in the IE is not encoded as a dotted string as commonly used in DNS master zone files.

A "PGW node name" IE in S3/S10/S16 GTP messages shall be a PGW host name as per subclause 4.3.2 of 3GPP TS 29.303 [32] when the PGW FQDN IE is populated from 3GPP TS 29.303 [32] procedures. Specifically, the first DNS label is either "topon" or "topoff", and the canonical node name of the PGW starts at the third label. The same rules apply to "SGW node name" IE on S3/S10/S16.

NOTE 2: The constraint of subclause 4.3.2 of 3GPP TS 29.303 format is on populating the IE by 3GPP nodes for 3GPP nodes, the receiver shall not reject an IE that is otherwise correctly formatted since the IE might be populated for a non-3GPP node.

#### 8.67 Private Extension

Private Extension is coded as depicted in Figure 8.Figure 8.67-1.

Enterprise ID can be found at IANA web site (<a href="http://www.iana.org/assignments/enterprise-numbers">http://www.iana.org/assignments/enterprise-numbers</a>).

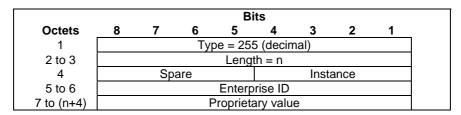


Figure 8.67-1. Private Extension

# 8.68 Transaction Identifier (TI)

Transaction Identifier is coded as depicted in Figure 8.68-1. It is defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], clause 9.9.4.17 and is coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.007 [30], clause 11.2.3.1.3 Transaction identifier.

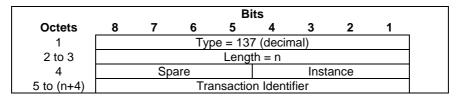


Figure 8.68-1: Transaction Identifier

## 8.69 MBMS Session Duration

The MBMS Session Duration is defined in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. The MBMS Session Duration information element indicates the estimated session duration of the MBMS service data transmission if available. The payload shall be encoded as per the MBMS-Session-Duration AVP defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38], excluding the AVP Header fields (as defined in IETF RFC 3588 [39], section 4.1).

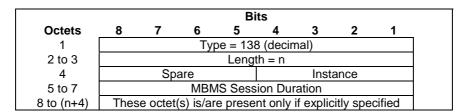


Figure 8.69-1: MBMS Session Duration

#### 8.70 MBMS Service Area

The MBMS Service Area is defined in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. The MBMS Service Area information element indicates the area over which the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service is to be distributed. The payload shall be encoded as per the MBMS-Service-Area AVP defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38], excluding the AVP Header fields (as defined in IETF RFC 3588 [39], section 4.1).

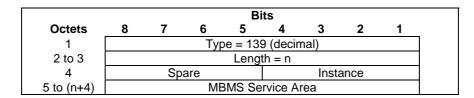


Figure 8.70-1: MBMS Service Area

### 8.71 MBMS Session Identifier

The MBMS Session Identifier information element contains a Session Identifier allocated by the BM-SC. The MBMS Session Identifier value part consists of 1 octet. The content and the coding are defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38].

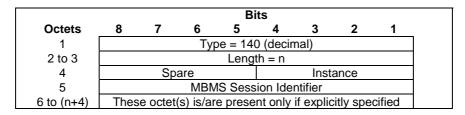


Figure 8.71-1: MBMS Session Identifier

#### 8.72 MBMS Flow Identifier

The MBMS Flow Identifier is defined in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. In broadcast mode, the MBMS Flow Identifier information element is included in MBMS Session Management messages to differentiate the different sub-sessions of an MBMS user service (identified by the TMGI) providing location-dependent content. The payload shall be encoded as per the MBMS-Flow-Identifier AVP defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38], excluding the AVP Header fields (as defined in IETF RFC 3588 [39], section 4.1).

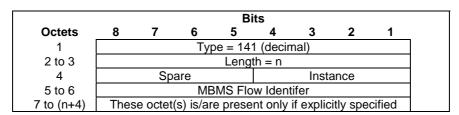


Figure 8.72-1: MBMS Flow Identifier

#### 8.73 MBMS IP Multicast Distribution

The MBMS IP Multicast Distribution IE is sent by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN in the MBMS Session Start Request. Source Specific Multicasting is used according to IETF RFC 4607 [40].

The IP Multicast Distribution Address and the IP Multicast Source Address fields contain the IPv4 or IPv6 address as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. The Address Type and Address Length fields from 3GPP TS 23.003 [2] shall be included in each field.

MBMS HC Indicator represents an indication if header compression should be used for MBMS user plane data. The values are defined in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33].

				В	its					
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1			Тур	oe = 14	2 (decir	nal)				
2 to 3		Length=n								
4		Spare Instance								
5 to 8	Common Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Data									
9 to k	IP Multicast Distribution Address (IPv4 or IPv6)									
(k+1) to		IP Multicast Source Address (IPv4 or IPv6)								
(m+3)		,								
m+4		MBMS HC Indicator								
(m+5) to	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified		
(n+4)										

Figure 8.73-1: MBMS IP Multicast Distribution

# 8.74 MBMS Distribution Acknowledge

The MBMS Distribution Acknowledge IE is sent by the SGSN to the MBMS GW in the MBMS Session Start Response and MBMS Session Update Response. It is used by the MBMS GW to decide if an IP Multicast Distribution user plane shall be established, or a normal point-to-point user plane, or both.

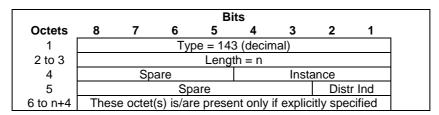


Figure 8.74-1: MBMS Distribution Acknowledge

Table 8.74-1: Distribution Indication values

Distribution Indication	Value (Decimal)
No RNCs have accepted IP multicast distribution	0
All RNCs have accepted IP multicast distribution	1
Some RNCs have accepted IP multicast distribution	2
Spare. For future use.	3

# 8.75 User CSG Information (UCI)

User CSG Information (UCI) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.75-1. The CSG ID is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

	Bits								
Octets	8 7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1			Type	= 145					
2 to 3		Length = n							
4	S	pare			Inst	ance			
5	MCC	MCC digit 1							
6	MNC	digit 3		MCC digit 3					
7	MNC	digit 2		MNC digit 1					
8		spare		CSG ID			)		
9 to11		CSG ID							
12	Access mode spare				LCSG	CMI			
13 to (n+4)	These octe	t(s) is/ar	re prese	ent only	if explic	citly spe	cified		

Figure 8.75-1: User CSG Information

For two digits in the MNC, bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

The CSG ID consists of 4 octets. Bit 3 of Octet 8 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 11 is the least significant bit. The coding of the CSG ID is the responsibility of the operator that allocates the CSG ID by administrative means. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

Access mode values are specified in Table 8.75-1.

Table 8.75-1: Access mode values and their meanings

Access Mode	Values (Decimal)
Closed Mode	0
Hybrid Mode	1
Reserved	2-3

Leave CSG flag (LCSG) shall be set to "1" if UE leaves CSG cell/Hybrid cell, and in this case, the receiving node shall ignore the rest information in the IE.

CSG Membership Indication (CMI) values are specified in Table 8.75-2. CMI shall be included in the User CSG Information if the Access mode is Hybrid Mode. For the other values of Access Mode, the CMI shall be set to 0 by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

Table 8.75-2: CSG Membership indication (CMI)

СМІ	Values (Decimal)
Non CSG membership	0
CSG membership	1

## 8.76 CSG Information Reporting Action

CSG Information Reporting Action is coded as depicted in Figure 8.76-1.

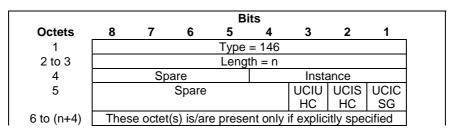


Figure 8.76-1: CSG Reporting Action

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 1 UCICSG: When set to "1", shall indicate to start reporting User CSG Info when the UE enters/leaves/access through the CSG Cell.
- Bit 2 UCISHC: When set to "1", shall indicate to start reporting User CSG Info when the UE enters/leaves/access through Subscribed Hybrid Cell.
- Bit 3 UCIUHC: When set to "1", shall indicate to start Reporting User CSG Info when the UE enters/leaves/access through Unsubscribed Hybrid Cell.

All the bits 1 to 3 shall be set to 0 to stop reporting User CSG Info.

#### 8.77 RFSP Index

Index to RAT/Frequency Selection Priority (RFSP Index) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.77-1. It is defined in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] as Subscriber Profile ID for RAT/Frequency priority (SPIRFP). The SPIRFP is an integer between 1 and 256, which requires two octets.

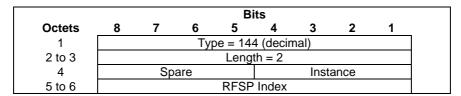


Figure 8.77-1. RFSP Index

## 8.78 CSG ID

CSG ID is coded as depicted in Figure 8.78-1. The CSG ID is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

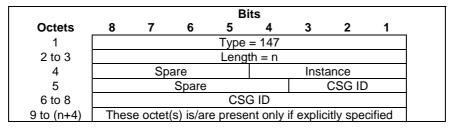


Figure 8.78-1: CSG ID

The CSG ID consists of 4 octets. Bit 3 of Octet 4 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 7 is the least significant bit. The coding of the CSG ID is the responsibility of the operator that allocates the CSG ID by administrative means. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

# 8.79 CSG Membership Indication (CMI)

CSG Membership Indication is coded as depicted in Figure 8.79-1.

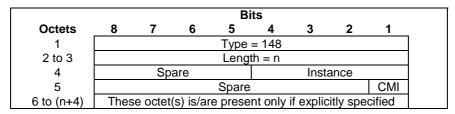


Figure 8.79-1: CSG Membership Indication

Table 8.79-1: void

CSG Membership Indication (CMI) values are specified in Table 8.79-2.

Table 8.79-2: CSG Membership indication (CMI)

СМІ	Values (Decimal)
CSG membership	0
Non CSG membership	1

## 8.80 Service indicator

Service indicator is coded as depicted in Figure 8.80-1.

		Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1		Type = 149 (decimal)							
2 to 3		Length = 1							
4	Spare				Instance				
5				Service	indicato	r			

Figure 8.80-1. Service indicator

Service indicator values are specified in Table 8.80-1.

Table 8.80-1: Service indicator values

Service indicator	Values (Decimal)
<spare></spare>	0
CS call indicator	1
SMS indicator	2
<spare></spare>	3-255

# 8.81 Detach Type

Detach Type is coded as depicted in Figure 8.81-1.

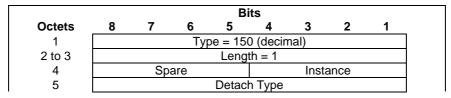


Figure 8.81-1: Detach Type

Table 8.81-1: Detach Type values

Detach Types	Values (Decimal)
<reserved></reserved>	0
PS Detach	1
Combined PS/CS Detach	2
<spare></spare>	3-255

# 8.82 Local Distinguished Name (LDN)

Represents the Local Distinguished Name (LDN) of the network element (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]).

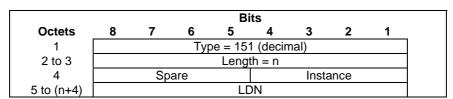


Figure 8.82-1: Local Distinguished Name (LDN)

The LDN field consists of 1 up to a maximum of 400 ASCII characters, i.e., from 1 up to a maximum of 400 octets.

## 8.83 Node Features

Node Features IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8. 83-1.

	Bits 2 2 1									
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
1		Type = 152 (decimal)								
2 to 3	Length = n									
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance			
5	Supported-Features									
6 to (n+4)	Thes	e octet	(s) is/ar	e prese	nt only	if explic	itly spe	cified		

Figure 8.83-1: Node Features IE

The Node Features IE takes the form of a bitmask where each bit set indicates that the corresponding feature is supported. Spare bits shall be ignored by the receiver. The same bitmask is defined for all GTPv2 interfaces.

The following table specifies the features defined on GTPv2 interfaces and the interfaces on which they apply.

Table 8.83-1: Node Features on GTPv2 interfaces

Feature Octet / Bit	Feature	Interface	Description
5/1	PRN	S11, S4	PGW Restart Notification. If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this feature, SGW shall send PGW Restart Notification message to MME/S4-SGSN when the SGW detects that the peer PGW has restarted, as specified in subclause 7.9.5.
5/2	MABR	S11	Modify Access Bearers Request.  If both the SGW and the MME support this feature, the MME may modify the S1-U bearers of all the PDN connections of the UE by sending a Modify Access Bearers Request message as specified in subclause 7.2.24.
5/3	NTSR	S11/S4	Network Triggered Service Restoration procedure. If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), the SGW shall send a Downlink Data Notification message including the IMSI to the MME/S4-SGSN on the TEID 0 as part of a network triggered service restoration procedure.

Feature Octet / Bit: The octet and bit number within the Supported-Features IE, e.g. "5 / 1".

Feature: A short name that can be used to refer to the octet / bit and to the feature.

Interface: A list of applicable interfaces to the feature.

<u>Description: A clear</u> textual description of the feature.

No features have been defined on the following GTPv2 interfaces in this version of the specification: S2b, S5, S8, S10, S3, S16, Sv, S101, Sm, Sn.

## 8.84 MBMS Time to Data Transfer

The MBMS Time to Data Transfer indicates the minimum time occurring between the transmission of the MBMS SESSION START REQUEST message and the actual start of the data transfer. It is coded as shown in figure 8.84-1. Octet 5 is coded as the value part of the Time to MBMS Data Transfer IE defined in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34] (not including the IEI and length indicator octets specified in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34]).

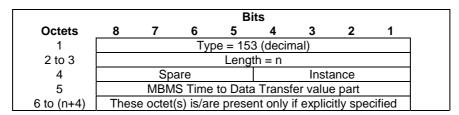


Figure 8.84-1: MBMS Time to Data Transfer

## 8.85 Throttling

Throttling is coded as depicted in Figure 8.85-1.

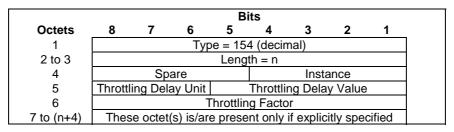


Figure 8.85-1: Throttling

Table 8.85.1: Throttling information element

Throttling Delay (octet 5) Bits 5 to 1 represent the binary coded timer value. Bits 6 to 8 defines the timer unit for the timer as follows: Bits 876 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 2 seconds 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 minute 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 10 minutes 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 hour 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 10 hours 1 1 1 value indicates that the timer is deactivated. Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 1 minute. Throttling Factor (octet 6) The Throttling Factor indicates a percentage and may take binary coded integer values from and including 0 up to and including 100. Other values shall be considered as 0.

# 8.86 Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP)

Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.86-1.

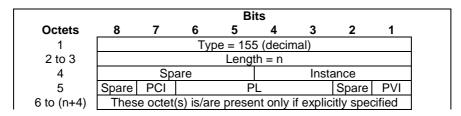


Figure 8.86-1: Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP)

The meaning and value range of the parameters within the ARP are defined in 3GPP TS 29.212 [29]. The bits within the octet 5 are:

- Bit 1 PVI (Pre-emption Vulnerability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.47 Pre-emption-Vulnerability AVP.
- Bit 2 spare
- Bits 3 to 6 PL (Priority Level): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.45 ARP-Value AVP. PL encodes each priority level defined for the ARP-Value AVP as the binary value of the priority level.

- Bit 7 PCI (Pre-emption Capability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.46 Pre-emption-Capability AVP.
- Bit 8 spare.

## 8.87 EPC Timer

The purpose of the EPC Timer information element is to specify EPC specific timer values.

The EPC Timer information element is coded as shown in figure 8.87-1 and table 8.87.1

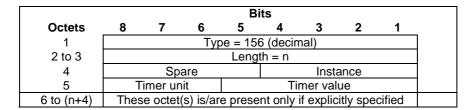


Figure 8.87-1: EPC Timer

Table 8.87.1: EPC Timer information element

Timer value
Bits 5 to 1 represent the binary coded timer value.
Time as well
Timer unit
Bits 6 to 8 defines the timer value unit for the EPC timer as follows:
Bits
8 7 6
0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 2 seconds
0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 minute
0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 10 minutes
0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 hour
1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 10 hours
1 1 1 value indicates that the timer is infinite
1 1 Value mulcales that the timer is infinite
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 1 minute in this version of the
protocol.
Timer unit and Timer value both set to all "zeros" shall be interpreted as an
indication that the timer is stopped.

# 8.88 Signalling Priority Indication

The Signalling Priority Indication information element contains signalling priority indications received from the UE for a specific PDN connection.

The Signalling Priority Indication information element is coded as shown in figure 8.88-1.

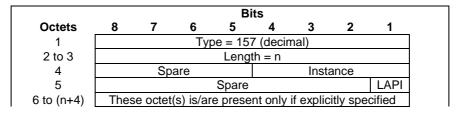


Figure 8.88-1: Signalling Priority Indication

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 to 2 Spare, for future use and set to zero.
- Bit 1 LAPI (Low Access Priority Indication): This bit defines if the UE indicated low access priority when establishing the PDN connection. It shall be encoded as the Low Priority parameter of the Device Properties IE in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. The receiver shall assume the value "0" if the Signalling Priority Indication IE is applicable for a message but not included in that message by the sender. The low access priority indication may be included in charging records.

# 8.89 Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI)

The TMGI contains the Temporary Mobile Group Identity allocated to the MBMS Bearer Service. The BM-SC always includes the MCC and MNC when allocating the TMGI, see 3GPP TS 29.061 [38].

It is coded as specified in Figure 8.89-1.

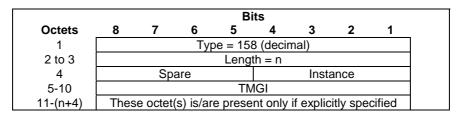


Figure 8.89-1: TMGI

Octets 5 to 10 shall be encoded as octets 3 to octet 8 in the figure 10.5.154 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

# 9 Security

GTPv2-C communications shall be protected according to security mechanisms defined in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

# 10 IP - The Networking Technology used by GTP

#### 10.1 IP Version

GTPv2 entities shall support both versions of the Internet Protocol, version 4 (IPv4) as defined by IETF RFC 791 [6], and version 6 (IPv6) as defined by IETF RFC 2460 [16].

# 10.2 IP Fragmentation

It is specified here how the fragmentation mechanism shall work with GTP-C.

Fragmentation should be avoided if possible. Examples of fragmentation drawbacks are:

- Fragmentation is inefficient, since the complete IP header is duplicated in each fragment.
- If one fragment is lost, the complete packet has to be discarded. The reason is that no selective retransmission of fragments is possible.

Path MTU discovery should be used, especially if GTPv2-C message is encapsulated with IPv6 header. The application should find out the path MTU, and thereby utilise more efficient fragmentation mechanisms.

# 11 Notification of supported features between peer GTP-C entities

#### 11.1 General

#### 11.1.1 Introduction

New functionality, i.e. functionality beyond the Rel-9 standard, which can not be specified without backward incompatible changes (e.g. requiring support of a new message or a specific receiver node's behaviour) should be introduced as a feature, see subclause 11.1.2.

A GTP-C entity should verify that a backward incompatible feature is supported by its peer GTP entities before starting to use it.

NOTE: GTPv2 does not support a Comprehension Required mechanism allowing a sender to force the receiver to support comprehension of some specific IEs as a precondition to process a backward incompatible message.

Features may be generic node capabilities supported homogeneously for all GTP tunnels, UEs and PDN connections. Such features are referred in this specification as "Node Features". They are signalled with the granularity of a node on all GTPv2 interfaces (i.e. S11, S4, S5, S8, S10, S3, S16, Sv, S101, Sm, Sn, S2b). A GTP-C entity may discover the features supported by a peer GTP-C entity with which it is in direct contact as specified in subclause 11.2.1.

## 11.1.2 Defining a feature

A feature is a function extending the base GTPv2 functionality that has a significant meaning to the operation of GTPv2, i.e. a single new parameter without a substantial meaning to the functionality of the GTPv2 endpoints should not be defined to be a new feature.

A functionality requiring the definition of a new GTPv2 message or extending the use of an existing message over a new interface should be defined as a feature.

NOTE: Features are ultimately defined on a case-by-case basis on the merits of defining an extension as a feature.

Features should be defined so that they are independent from each other. A GTP-C entity may support the same feature over different interfaces, e.g. an SGW may support a feature over both S11 and S4 interface, however support of a feature on a given interface shall not depend on the support of the same or another feature on another interface.

## 11.2 Dynamic discovery of supported features

#### 11.2.1 General

A node supporting at least one feature defined in the Node Features IE shall support dynamic discovery of supported features as specified in the following subclauses.

## 11.2.2 Features supported by direct peer GTP-C entities

A node shall signal to a direct peer node the list of features it supports by sending the Sending Node Features IE in the Echo Request and Echo Response messages.

An exception to this is where the sending node does not support or use any features towards the peer node and is not prepared to accept a message which is constructed by making use of any features.

The peer receiving the Sending Node Features IE shall store the list of features supported by the sending node per IP address and only update this list based on the Sending Node Features IE in the Echo Request and Echo Response messages, and it shall only use common supported features to initiate subsequent GTPv2 messages towards this IP address.

# Annex A (Informative): Backward Compatibility Guidelines for Information Elements

In order to preserve backward compatibility, the following rules should apply when adding or modifying information elements for existing messages.

- No new mandatory (M) information elements should be added.
- No new conditional (C) information elements should be added.
- Any new IEs should be either:
  - optional (O), having no conditions on their presence, or
  - conditional-optional (CO), having conditions that should apply only to the sender and not to the receiver.
  - Such conditions should be worded generally as follows: "This IE shall be sent over the xxx interface <condition>. The receiving entity need not check the IE's presence."
- If any new conditions are added to a previously specified conditional (C) information element, these new conditions should apply only to the sender and not to the receiver.

Such additional conditions should be worded generally as follows: "This IE shall be sent over the xxx interface <condition>. For this optional condition, the receiving entity need not check the IE's presence."

Existing conditions for such conditional (C) IEs should be treated as before, and the presence of the IEs should remain conditional (C).

# Annex B (informative): Change History

D.1.	T00 "	T00 D	0740	00		0.1	0.1:10	011	N1.
Date	TSG #		CT4 Doc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2008-12	CT#42	CP-080717					V2.0.0 approved in CT#42	2.0.0	8.0.0
							Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel		
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090922	0001	2	С	Request/Response	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090520	0003	1	С	Relocation Cancel Req/Res	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090834	0004	2	С	Path Failure	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090878	0005	4	F	Sections 1 through 6 Editorial Clean-up	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090879	0006	2	С	Delete Session and Delete Bearer messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090902	8000	2	С	Update User Plane messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
	0 1 11 10	<b>3</b> . <b>333333</b>	0.00002	0000	_		Cleanup in path management and bearer	0.0.0	01110
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090880	0017	2	В	command messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090526	0018	1	С	Create Session/Bearer Messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
			C4-090320		2	C			-
2009-03	CT#43			0019			Modify Bearer messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090991	0020	2	С	IEs in CSFB related messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090570	0021	1	С	Command Messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090939	0022	3	С	Data Forwarding Info	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090970	0023	3	C	Delete Bearer messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090941	0024	2	С	Delete Session messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090574	0025	1	F	Downlink Data Notification	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090942	0026	2	F	Update Bearer messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090952	0027	2	С	Secondary PDP Activation	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43		C4-090874	0028	2	C	Stop Paging	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090577	0030	1	F	EPS Bearer Contexts Prioritization	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090875	0030	2	F	Linked EPS Bearer ID	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090578	0034	1	F	AMBR IE encoding	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090157	0035	-	F	Authentication Failure Cause Code	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090580	0040	1	F	Forward SRNS Context Notification	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090581	0041	1	F	F-TEID IE clarification	8.0.0	8.1.0
							SGW Selection during TAU and corrections to		
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090214	-	0043	4	F	Grouped IEs	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090583	0043	1	F	Identification Response algorithm information	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090798	0044	2	F	IE Type ordering	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090945	0045	2	F	Indication IE corrections	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090588	0048	1	F	MM Context enhancements	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090590	0050	1	F	Removal of Bearer ID List IE	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090591	0051	1	F	Remove unused IP Address IEs	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090592	0052	1	F	Selection Mode bits	8.0.0	8.1.0
						F			
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090593	0053	1	Г	Corrections to Trace Information IE	8.0.0	8.1.0
0000 00	OT#40	00 000050	04.000040	0054	_	_	Trace Information IE to be included in S11 and	0.00	0.4.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090946	0054	2	F	S5/S8 messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
						_	Trace Session Activation/Deactivation when		
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050		0055	3	F	UE is attached	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090691	0059	1	В	New UE Time Zone IE Type	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050		0060	1	С	Release Access Bearers Request/Response	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090256	C4-090935	0061	3	В	Piggybacking of Dedicated Bearer Messages	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090933	0063	4	С	Finalizing GTPv2 Error Handling clause	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090598	0064	1	F	GTPv2 clause 9 and 10 cleanup	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090977	0066	4	В	RAN Information Relay message	8.0.0	$\overline{}$
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090975	0067	2	F	Bearer QoS encoding	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090694	0068	1	F	Modify Bearer Response	8.0.0	8.1.0
									$\overline{}$
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090932	0075	3	С	Location Change Reporting	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090976	0077	2	F	Cleanup on Cause Values	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090811	0080	1	F	Non-3GPP Requests in GTPv2	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090938	0082	3	F	Support of IP address retrieval for ANRF	8.0.0	8.1.0
							Support for error response for conflicting		
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090814	0083	1	F	resource request	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090817	0085	1	F	Clarification of Target ID vs Cell ID	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090936	0089	2	F	TEID Value of the GTP header	8.0.0	8.1.0
							Header for the Format of the GTPv2-C		
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090826	0093	3	В	message	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090871	0094	3	C	Finalization of Partial fault handling in GTPv2	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090822	0095	1	F	MSISDN encoding	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090823	0096	1	F	IMSI encoding	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050		0090	1	С	PMIP error code reservation		8.1.0
2009-03	U1#43	OF-090050	C4-090829	0097		U		8.0.0	0.1.0
2000 22	OT#40	CD 000050	04.000540	0000		_	Removal of Comprehension Required from	0.00	0.4.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090549		-	F	messages 7.3.1 to 7.3.13	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090550	0099	-	F	Cause value for PGW not responding	8.0.0	
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090551	0100	-	F	Traffic Aggregate Description IE encoding	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090980	0101	3	F	Protocol Stack	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090831	0102	1	C	Reliable delivery for EPC	8.0.0	8.1.0
							Removal of reservation for message types of		
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090050	C4-090915	0104	<u>_</u> -	F	GTP-U	8.0.0	8.1.0
	. —	. —	. —	_	. —		•		. ——

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2009-03	CT#43	CP-090239	-	0105	1	F	Essential correction to grouped IE type coding	8.0.0	8.1.0
2009-03	-	-	-	-	-	-	Some of the table formats corrected	8.1.0	8.1.1
2009-06	CT#44			0107		_	Suspend and Resume are also used for	8.1.1	8.2.0
		CP-090288	C4-091020		-	F	1xRTT CS Fallback		
2009-06	CT#44			0108			Support for new cause code of "Unable to	8.1.1	8.2.0
		00 00000	04 004 450			_	page UE due to CSFB" in Downlink Data		
2000 00	CT#44	CP-090288		0400	1	F	Notification Acknowledgement.	0.4.4	0.00
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091460	0109	1	F	Corrections on GTPv2 for 1x IWS IP address	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091461	0110	1	F	Clarification of Operation Indication (OI)	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091463	0111	1	F	Usage of User Location Information (ULI) IE	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4 001465	0112	4	F	PGW S5/S8 IP Address in Context Response	8.1.1	8.2.0
2000 06	CT#44	CP-090266	C4-091465	0114	1	Г	message	0 1 1	8.2.0
2009-06	C1#44	CP-090288	C4-091471	0114	1	F	Response	8.1.1	0.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091471	0115	2	F	Error_Handling. Withdrawn	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0117	1	F	PCO Extensions added to messages	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0118	1	F	Clarifications to message directions	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0119	-	F	Removal of specification drafting hints	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0119	1	F			
		CP-090288		0120	1	F	ISR related alignments Clarifications to grouped IE usage	8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44		C4-091476			F		8.1.1	
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0125	2		Clarification to Recovery IE type	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091478	0127	1	F	Missing conditions	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091480	0128	1	F	Clarification of ARP encoding	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091115	0129	-	F	Units for APN-AMBR	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	00 00000		0131		_	Clarification of Mobile Equipment Identity IE	8.1.1	8.2.0
		CP-090288			2	F	encoding		
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091120	0134	-	F	EPS Bearer Level TFT encoding	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091587	0136	2	F	UE-initiated procedures with one bearer only	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091510	0137	2	F	Combine UL and DL TFT IEs	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44			0142			PGW S5/S8 IP Address and TEID for user	8.1.1	8.2.0
		CP-090288	C4-091512		1	F	plane		
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091513	0143	1	F	Transaction Identifier information element	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091515	0147	1	F	Delete Bearer Request	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44			0149			Modify Bearer Request for TAU without MME	8.1.1	8.2.0
		CP-090288	C4-091516		2	F	or SGW change		
2009-06	CT#44			0150			Use of APN, PAA in Create Session Request,	8.1.1	8.2.0
							and S5/S8-U PGW F-TEID in Create Session		
		CP-090288	C4-091538		2	F	Response		
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091540	0151	1	F	Message table corrections	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091162	0153	-	F	Presence requirement for IEs in response	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091537	0154	2	F	Offending IE in the Cause IE	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091541	0156	1	F	Minor corrections	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091542	0157	1	F	FQ-CSID corrections	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091167	0158	-	F	APN and FQDN encoding clarifications	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44			0159			Removal of Trace Information IE from Update	8.1.1	8.2.0
		CP-090288	C4-091168		-	F	Bearer Request		
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091467	0160	1	F	Corrections in PDN Connection group IE	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0161	1	F	Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response"	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0164	2	F	PDN Type	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091549	0168	1	F	IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091550	0169	2	F	Create Session Request Clarification	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091202	0175	-	F	TEID in Detach Notification/ACK	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	2. 000200	2 : 33 /232	0176		<u> </u>	Condition of bearer context in Modify Bearer	8.1.1	8.2.0
		CP-090288	C4-091203	0	-	F	messages		0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091544	0177	1	F	Delete Session Request granularity	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091205	0178	<del>L :</del>	F	Deletion of IMSI in the Update Bearer Request	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	J. 000200	3.001200	0180		<u> </u>	Delete Session Request/Response and Delete	8.1.1	8.2.0
_000 00	0 1 11 - 4 - 4	CP-090288	C4-091546	0.00	1	F	Bearer Request	0.1.1	0.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0181	1	F	Detach Notification	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0183	-	F	SGSN Info for Data Forwarding	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0184	1	F	Delete Session Request	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0185	1	F	APN AMBR clarification	8.1.1	8.2.0
					1	F			
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0186	-		Delete Bearer Request when ISR activated	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091553	0187	1	F	Clarify the usage of the MS validated IE	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0189	1	F	UDP Source port and IP Source Address	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0190	-	F	Recovery IE	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091539	0192	1	F	APN Information	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090500	<u> </u>	0193	3	F	Cause value	8.1.1	8.2.0
			C4-091547	0195	1	F	Cleanup indication	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288			<u> </u>				
	CT#44 CT#44	CP-090288 CP-090288	C4-091556 C4-091545	0196	1	F F	Cleanup the usage of some messages Linked EPS Bearer ID	8.1.1 8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0

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2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091514	0199	1	F	PCO parameter	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0200	1	F	PDP Context Activation	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288		0201	1	F	User Location Info	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091559	0202	2	F	F-Cause IE correction	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090288	C4-091560	0206	1	F	Message granularity	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	00 00001				1	Bearer Context in the Modify Bearer	8.1.1	8.2.0
2022 22	OT#44	CP-090321	-	0209	-	F	Command	0.4.4	0.00
2009-06	CT#44	CP-090493	-	0210	1	F	Sequence Number Extension	8.1.1	8.2.0
2009-06 2009-06	CT#44 CT#44	CP-090355 CP-090485	-	0212 0213	- 1	F	Bearer Resource Command clarification Piggybacked message clarifications	8.1.1	8.2.0 8.2.0
2009-06	CT#44	CF-090463	-	0213	1	Г	Corrections on handling Charging ID IE and	8.1.1	8.2.0
2003 00	01#44	CP-090472	_	0214	1	F	Charging Characteristics IE	0.1.1	0.2.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-091625	0215	-	F	Usage of GTPv2-C Header	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533		0216	1	F	Create Session Request and Response	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-092005	0217	1	F	Cleanup Editors Note	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533		0218	1	F	Message format and Type values	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533		0220	-	F	S16 Influence	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-092012	0222	1	F	MM Context	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533		0223	-	F	F-Container	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533		0225	-	F	Change Reporting Action	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-092013	0226	1	F	Procedure names	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-092134	0228	3	F	Changes to Create-Session-Request and Create-Session-Response messages	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533		0229	1	F	Changes to Modify-Bearer-Response	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-092017	0232	2	F	Piggybacking Clarifications	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	01 000000	04 002014	0202		'	Delete Bearer Request Cause value for ISR	8.2.0	8.3.0
2000 00	011110	CP-090533	C4-092018	0236	1	F	deactivation	0.2.0	0.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-092019	0237	2	F	Modify Bearer Request Bearer Level QoS	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45						Possible reject response Cause values in	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090533	C4-092020	0239	1	F	GTPv2 message descriptions		
2009-09	CT#45				_	_	SGW F-TEID for S1-U, S12 and S4 for User	8.2.0	8.3.0
	0=::1=	CP-090533	C4-092002	0241	1	F	Plane		
2009-09	CT#45	OD 000500	04.000400	0040	_	_	Clarification on the usage of Version Not	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-092103	0243	2	F	Supported Indication Clarifications on Sender-F-TEID for CP and	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	01#45	CP-090533	C4-092074	0244	1	F	S3/S10/S16 CP IP Addr and TEID IES	0.2.0	0.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-092076	0245	1	F	Cause Value in Echo Response	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	0. 000000	01002010	02.10			Corrections in ULI IE and PDN Connection IE	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090533	C4-091722	0246	-	F	definitions		
2009-09	CT#45						GTPv2 Initial and Triggered Message	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090533	C4-092656	0247	3	F	definition and Sequence Number handling		
2009-09	CT#45	00 000500	04.000070	00.40	_	_	Missing Cause values in some message	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533		0249 0250	4	F F	descriptions Add TAC to Target Identification IE	0.0.0	0.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090533	C4-092711	0250	4	Г	IMSI and Sender F-TEID in Create Indirect	8.2.0 8.2.0	8.3.0 8.3.0
2009-09	01#45	CP-090533	C4-092081	0256	1	F	Data Forwarding Tunnel Messages	0.2.0	0.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092009	0258	1	F	Indication in Forward Relocation messages	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092082	0259	1	F	Paging cause	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45						Correlate the bearers in the Create Bearer	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090534		0260	-	F	Response		
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534		0261	3	F	Cleanup cause values	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534			2	F	Delete Bearer Failure Indication	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534		0263	1	F	Cleanup Modify Bearer Request	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534			2	F	IEs in Response	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45 CT#45	CP-090534 CP-090534	C4-091790 C4-092086	0266 0267	2	F	CS Paging Indication Serving Network	8.2.0 8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534 CP-090534	C4-092086 C4-092636		3	F	Serving Network Service Handover support	8.2.0	8.3.0 8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	01 030004	UT U32030	0200	J	'	Fix incorrect interface name, incorrect	8.2.0	8.3.0
	0.11-40	CP-090534	C4-092105	0269	3	F	reference and other misreading texts	5.2.0	0.0.0
2009-09	CT#45						Clarification on cause value for Downlink Data	8.2.0	8.3.0
<u></u>		CP-090534	C4-092106	0270	1	F	Notification Failure Indication		
2009-09	CT#45						Clarification on the Authentication Vector	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090534			2	F	handling		
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092043	0276	1	F	Clarification on Authentication Vector encoding	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CB 000505	C4 000754	0070	_	_	Clarification on Error indication for EPC and	8.2.0	8.3.0
2000.00	CT#45	CP-090535		0278	5 3	F	Alianing MPP units to khos	0 0 0	020
2009-09	CT#45 CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092112	0279	<u>ა</u>	Г	Aligning MBR units to kbps Clarification to the PGW's UP address in	8.2.0 8.2.0	8.3.0 8.3.0
2003-08	01#40	CP-090534	C4-092108	0281	1	F	Create Session Response	0.2.0	0.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	3. 000007	3.032100	5_0.	<u> </u>		Modify Bearer procedure for X2 and S1 based	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090534	C4-092686	0282	4	F	handovers		
-	•				•				

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2009-09	CT#45	00.0000	0.4.000.400			1	Add necessary cause value to the Update	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092109	0290	1	F	Bearer Response Update on Concurrent Running of Security	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	01#45	CP-090534	C4-092000	0292	_	F	Procedures	0.2.0	0.5.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092642	0295	2	F	APN Restriction IE	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092644	0296	1	F	Change Reporting IE	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092646	0297	1	F	ULI Clarification	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092189	0301	-	F	Charging ID	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090534	C4-092647	0302	1	F	Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092648	0303	1	F	SGW F-TEID	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092649	0304	1	F	BCM	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092652	0307	3	F	Charging Gateway Address	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092653	0308	1	F	LBI Clarifications for Gn/Gp Handovers	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CD 000535	C4 002654	0200	4	F	Trace management messages and IE related	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535 CP-090535	C4-092654 C4-092655	0309	1	F	clarifications Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel clarifications	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092635	0311	2	F	Concurrent Running of Security Procedures	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092657	0315	1	F	Cause value corrections	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092659	0316	1	F	Identification Response	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45						NSAPI and EBI in Forward Relocation	8.2.0	8.3.0
0000 00	OT#45	CP-090535	C4-092677	0317	1	F	Response	0.00	0.0.0
2009-09 2009-09	CT#45 CT#45	CP-090535 CP-090535	C4-092678 C4-092650	0318 0320	1	F	Cause in the CSFB related messages Update Bearer Complete	8.2.0 8.2.0	8.3.0 8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092679	0320	1	F	PCO IE	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092368	0322	-	F	Cleanup Trace Management messages	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092369	0323	-	F	Cleanup section 5.3 and 8.12	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092680	0324	1	F	APN AMBR in the Create Bearer Request	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092681	0325	1	F	UDP Source Port Number	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092372	0326	-	F	Presence Requirments for grouped IE	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CD 000535	C4 002700	0220	4	F	Making PCO conditional for the Attach procedure	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535 CP-090535	C4-092709 C4-092388	0330	1 -	F	Echo usage alignment with stage 2	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092397	0334	_	F	Trace Depth per session	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45						Backward compatibility requirements for	8.2.0	8.3.0
		CP-090535	C4-092740	0335	4	F	presence		
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092712	0338	1	F	ECGI encoding correction	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092713	0339	1	F	Consistant PDN type setting	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45 CT#45	CP-090535 CP-090729	C4-092714 C4-092626	0340 0341	1	F	GTP Cause value usage Partial failure handling alignment with stage 2	8.2.0 8.2.0	8.3.0 8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45	CF-090729	04-092020	0341	'	-	Partial failure handling for MME relocation w/o	8.2.0	8.3.0
2000 00	011110	CP-090729	C4-092738	0342	2	F	SGW relocation	0.2.0	0.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090535	C4-092634	0346	1	F	Security Specification for GTPV2-C	8.2.0	8.3.0
2009-09	CT#45					_	Avoiding Source Port Overlap between	8.2.0	8.3.0
2000 00	OT#45	CP-090535	C4-092715	0349	1	F	GTPv2-C and GTPv2-C'	0.00	0.00
2009-09	CT#45 CT#45	CP-090535 CP-090559	C4-092478 C4-092061	0350 0253	2	F B	Delete Bearer Command PCO removal Scope of GTP-C protocol	8.2.0 8.2.0	8.3.0 9.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090559	C4-092603	0254	4	В	MBMS session management messages	8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090562	C4-091934	0285	1	C	IMEI based GTP Changes	8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090745	-	0286	4	В	Unauthenticated IMSI for emergency in GTP	8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090562	C4-092500	0343	1	В	IMEI based Id in GTP messages	8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090562	C4-092501	0344	1	В	Unauthenticated IMSI in GTP messages	8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-10	CT#46						Editorial correction. Wrong style was used in Paragraph character 7.1.3.	9.0.0	9.0.1
2009-10	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093160	0356	1	Α	Selection Mode IE	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090798	C4-093288	0357	2	В	PTP bearer fallback	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092830	0359	-	A	Bearer QoS in Modify Bearer Request	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093705	0361	1	Α	Release Access Bearer Request	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092834	0363	-	Α	Bearer context in Create Session messages	9.0.1	9.1.0
2000 40	OT# 40	OD 000770	04.000057	0005		_	ISRAI flag in the Forward Relocation Complete	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092857	0365	-	Α	Notification  Mapping between RAI, P-TMSI, P-TMSI	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092861	0369	_	Α	signature and GUTI	J.U. I	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093329	0371	1	A	APN IE encoding	9.0.1	9.1.0
							Correction on the condition for resource	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093331	0373	1	Α	release of other CN node		
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090970	- 04.000000	0375	2		APN Restriction	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093335	0377	1	A	Cause value "Invalid reply from remote peer"	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12 2009-12	CT#46 CT#46	CP-090770 CP-090770	C4-093337 C4-093339	0380 0382	1	A	Indication Flags in Delete Session Request Suspend	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	U1#40	OF-080770	U4-093339	0302		А	Jouopenu	შ.U. I	ت. ۱.U

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		00 000	0.4.000000				Removal of forwarding Charging Gateway	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770		0386	_	A	Address/Name to S4-SGSN	0.04	0.4.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092893	0388	2	Α	Charging ID in S4-SGSN  Correction of Message Direction for Create	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-092899	0390	-	Α	Session Response		
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093345	0392	1	Α	PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression) alignment with Stage-2	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093397	0393	3	Α	UE TimeZone and ULI included in Bearer Response messages	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090804	C4-094229	0395	4	В	Support for CSG based charging	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770		0397	3	Α	User Location Information	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094051	0399	2	Α	PDN type	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770		0403	-	Α	Removal of ULI from Release Access Bearer Req	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093006	0405	-	Α	Removal of NSAPI IE	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093270	0407	2	Α	Indication IE clarification	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093262	0409	3	A	Addition of uplink, downlink F-TEIDs in Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request and Response messages	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093351	0411	2	Α	Clarifications on use of the Sender-F-TEID for CP in HO procedure	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090770	C4-093034	0417	-	Α	Clarifications to MSISDN coding	9.0.1	9.1.0
	CT#46						Enhanced handling of RFSP index at the	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12		CP-090769		0419	2	Α	SGSN/MME		
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094040	0423	2	Α	TFT related error handling	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094036	0425	4	Α	Essential correction to the Indirect Data Forwarding procedure	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094042	0434	-	Α	Correcting misaligned IE presence type statements	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094044	0438	1	Α	Correcting PCO conditions in Modify Bearer Response	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094184	0442	2	А	Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel messages	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090777	C4-094094	0448	1	Α	SRVCC - voice bearer handling in PS HO / DTM scenarios	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090975	-	0450	2	A	NAS Count value	9.0.1	9.1.0
2000 12	CT#46	01 000010		0.00	_	,,	Charging Characteristics value for active PDN	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094049	0452	1	Α	connections eNodeB Cause and RANAP Cause	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12		CP-090786	C4-094071	0453	1	F	corrections		
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769		0455	-	Α	Change the NSAPI to EBI in the PFI IE	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093649	0457	-	Α	Enhanced SRNS Relocation Procedure	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093651	0459	-	A	Forward Access Context Acknowledge	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-093668	0461	-	A	Correct the message Modify Bearer Request	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46 CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094059	0471	1	Α	Cleanup Suspend Notification message Forward Relocation Request: Selected PLMN	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090769	C4-094059	0475	1	Α	ID	9.0.1	9.1.0
2009-12	C1#46	CP-090770	C4-094074	0484	1	Α	Change Reporting Action	9.0.1	9.1.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100767	0493	1	А	Essential clarification to MME executed TAU procedure	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100972	0495	5	Α	Essential correction to the MM context IE type	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100142	0497	1	А	Resolving ambiguity for Target Identification IE coding	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100276			A	PCO	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100788	0506	1	Α	RFSP Index	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100049		0508	1	В	Include CSG ID and CSG Membership Indication in S3 and S10	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100035	C4-100970		2	F	Location change reporting in EPS	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100019		0512		Α	The encoding of APN IE	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100793	0514	1	Α	Indirect Data Forwarding	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100800	0516	2	Α	HSS/PGW initiated Bearer QoS Modification procedure	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022		0518	1	Α	APN IE description correction	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100960	0520	2	Α	P-TMSI Signature	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100035	C4-100756	0521	1	F	Corrections to the RAN Information Management procedures	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100396	0523		Α	Source Identification for E-UTRAN to GERAN handover	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100049		0524	1	В	Handovers to HeNB cells	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022		0530	1	Α	Granularity	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100720	0533	2	Α	Change Reporting Support Indicator	9.1.0	9.2.0

2010-03   CT#47   CP-100027   C4-10992   0537   2	Date	TSG#	TSG Doc	CT4 Doc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
CP-100027 C-1-100829	2010	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100416	0535		Α	MM Context IE type correction	9.1.0	9.2.0
CP-100021 C-10945   OS49   A   Charging ID IE on S4   Suppend   Part   CP-10002 C-109985   OS49   A   Charging ID IE on S4   Part   CP-10002 C-109985   OS49   A   Charging ID IE on S4   Part   CP-10002 C-109876   OS49   A   Charging ID IE on S4   Part   CP-10002 C-109876   OS49   A   Charging ID IE on S4   Part   CP-10002 C-100876   OS49   A   Charging ID IE on S4   Part   CP-10002 C-100878   OS50   A   Falled in the Create Season Response   Part   CP-10002 C-100974   OS60   A   Falled in the Create Season Response   Part   CP-10002 C-100974   OS60   CP-100974   OS60   CP-100974   OS60   CP-100974   OS60   CP-100974   OS60   CP-10002 C-100974   OS60   CP-10002 C-10002 C-100974   OS60   CP-10002 C-10002 C	2010-03	CT#47	CP-100027	C4-100992	0537	2	Α		9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03   CT#47   CP-100025   C4-100876   G548   1   A Context IE	2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100420	0539		Α		9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03   CT#47   CP-100022   C4-100876   O548   1   A Context IE   Context IE   CP-100022   C4-100878   O550   1   A Falled* in the Create Session Response   P.1.0   9.2.0   P.1.0	2010-03	CT#47				3			9.1.0	9.2.0
CP-100022			01 100000	01100000	0011	Ŭ				
CP-100022			CP-100022	C4-100876	0548	1	Α	Context IE		
2010-03   CT447   CP-100022   C4-100976   0558   2   A   Fix PDN Connection Grouped Type   9.10   9.20								Failed" in the Create Session Response		
2010-03   CT447   CP-100022   C4-100976   0558   2   A procedure   Processor										
CP-100022   C4-100976   0558   2			CP-100022	C4-100974	0556	2	Α	Fix PDN Connection Grouped Type		
2010-03   CT447   CP-100020   C4-100784   0567   1   A message usage   Section   Sec	2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100976	0558	2	Α		9.1.0	9.2.0
CP-100021   CP-100022   CP-1	2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100979	0565	2	Α	Correction of the presence condtion of IEs	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03   CT#47   CP-100022   C4-100981   0569   2   A Relocation Reguest and Context Response   9.1.0   9.2.0	2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100784	0567	1	Α		9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03   CT#47   CP-100022   C4-100983   0577   2   A Request message   Part	2010-03	CT#47						2G related parameters in the Forward	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03   CT#47   CP-100022   C4-10096   C581   1	2010-03	CT#47					A	Essential correction to the Create Bearer	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03   CT#47										
CP-100022   CA-100985   0583   2			CP-100022	C4-100906	0581	1	Α			
CP-100021   CA-100601   O585   A   repeated IE'   Removal of indirect uplink data forwarding   9.10   9.20   9.10   9.20   2010-03   CT#47   CP-100021   C4-100778   O591   1 A   Trace alignment with TS 32.422   9.10   9.20   9.30   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101479   O599   1 A   Trace alignment with TS 32.422   9.10   9.20   9.30   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O605   1 F   Trace alignment with TS 32.422   9.10   9.20   9.30   0.20	2010-03	CT#47	CP-100022	C4-100985	0583	2	Α		9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-03   CT#47   CP-100022   C4-100913   OS87   1   A from Inter RAT handovers   9.10   9.20   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101479   OS99   1   A from Inter RAT handovers   9.10   9.20   9.30   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.10   9.20   9.30   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.10   9.20   9.30   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.10   9.20   9.30   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.10   9.30   9.30   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   Fix missing conditional description for IEs in P. 20   9.30   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.30   9.30   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.30   9.30   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.30   9.30   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.30   9.30   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.30   9.30   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.30   9.30   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101490   O695   1   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.30   9.30   O695   O695   O695   A frace alignment with TS 32.422   9.30   9.30   O695   O6	2010-03	CT#47	CP-100021	C4-100601	0585		А		9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-08   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101479   0599   1	2010-03	CT#47						Removal of indirect uplink data forwarding	9.1.0	9.2.0
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101479   0599   1	2010.03	CT#47							0.1.0	020
2010-06								ŭ		
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   0605   1   F   Fix missing conditional description for IEs in   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101480   0614   1   A   Change Reporting Support Indication   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101491   0624   1   A   ULi in the Modify Bearer Request message   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101495   0626   1   A   MM context IE encoding   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101537   0635   2   A   MBR in handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101537   0637   1   F   Suspend over \$16   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101597   0637   1   F   Suspend over \$16   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101597   0647   3   A   Fallback to GTPv1   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101553   0650   2   A   Modify Bearer Request message   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101553   0650   2   A   MBR in handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101553   0650   2   A   MBR in handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101553   0650   2   A   MBR in handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101553   0650   2   A   MGINER STANDOR STA										
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101489   0618   1   A   Change Reporting Support Indication   9.2.0   9.3.0								Fix missing conditional description for IEs in		
2010-06										
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101491   0624   1   A   ULI in the Modify Bearer Request message   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101495   0626   1   A   MBR in handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101537   0637   1   F   Suspend over S16   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101549   0642   1   A   Indication of CS Paging   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101599   0647   3   A   Fallback to GTPv1   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101599   0647   3   A   Fallback to GTPv1   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101555   0650   2   A   Modify Bearer Request message   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101555   0657   1   A   TEID in Change Notification   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101555   0657   1   A   TEID in Change Notification   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101555   0659   1   A   TEID in Change Notification   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101597   0664   A   Notification procedure on S3 interface   A   Notification   VE Activity   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101585   0540   4   F   Leave CSG Cell indication   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101498   0633   1   F   Use of Rejection Cause values   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101498   0633   1   F   Description Cause values   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101495   0638   1   F   Removal of FFS   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101495   0638   1   F   Removal of FFS   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101465   0673   1   F   Description Cause values   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101465   0673   1   F   Description Cause values   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101461   0667   1   F   Cause   E type   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101461   0667   1   F   Cause   E type   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48										
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101495   0626   1   A   MM context IE encoding   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101583   0635   2   A   MBR in handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101597   0637   1   F   Suspend over \$16   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101599   0647   3   A   Fallback to GTPv1   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101593   0650   2   Essential correction to UL1 IE condition in   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101555   0657   1   A   TEID in Change Notification   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101555   0657   1   A   TEID in Change Notification   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101555   0657   1   A   TEID in Change Notification   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101555   0659   1   A   Charging ID   0.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101555   0659   1   A   Charging ID   0.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100261   C4-101597   0664   A   Notification procedure on \$3 interface   0.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101498   0633   1   F   Use of Rejection Cause values   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101498   0633   1   F   DF Tunnel Request   P   Carrection to the reference in Create indirect   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101495   0673   1   F   DF Tunnel Request   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101465   0673   1   F   DF Tunnel Request   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101465   0673   1   F   DF Tunnel Request   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101465   0673   1   F   DF Tunnel Request   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101465   0673   1   F   DF Tunnel Request   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101465   0673   1   F   DF Tunnel Request   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101465   0673   1   F   DF Tunnel Request   P   DF Tunnel Request   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#4										
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101583   0635   2   A   MBR in handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP   9.2.0   9.3.0								, ,		
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101537   0637   1   F   Suspend over S16   9.2.0   9.3.0										
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101504   O642   1   A Indication   A Indication   O2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101599   O647   3   A Fallback to GTPv1   O2026   O2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101599   O647   O2026   O2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101595   O650   O2020   O2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101558   O650   O2020   O2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101558   O657   O2020										
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101599   0647   3   A   Fallback to GTPv1   9.2.0   9.3.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101553   0650   2   A   Modify Bearer Request message   CP-100266   C4-101555   0657   1   A   TEID in Change Notification   9.2.0   9.3.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101558   0659   1   A   Charging ID   9.2.0   9.3.0   0.								Adding Service indicator to CS Paging		
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101553   0650   2   A   Modify Bearer Request message   9.2.0   9.3.0	0040.00	OT#40							0.00	0.0.0
CP-100266			CP-100266	C4-101599	0647	3	Α			
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101558   0659   1   A   Charging ID   Section 2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101291   0664   A   Notification / UE Activity   9.2.0   9.3.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101585   0540   4   F   Leave CSG Cell indication   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101484   0609   1   F   Use of Rejection Cause values   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101597   0616   2   F   message   CP-100281   C4-101498   0633   1   F   DF Tunnel Request   PFS   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101459   0638   1   F   Removal of FFS   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101465   0673   1   F   Message type table   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101463   0670   1   F   Cause IE type   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101463   0667   2   F   Cause IE type   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101463   0669   1   F   EBI value range and coding   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101462   0669   1   F   EBI value range and coding   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101461   0651   1   F   EBI value range and coding   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101461   0651   1   F   EBI value range and coding   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100287   C4-101464   0672   1   F   Bearer Resource Command usage   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100287   C4-101463   0670   1   F   Bearer Resource Command usage   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100287   C4-101469   0654   F   Sn-U SGN F-TEID   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100287   C4-101469   0654   F   Sn-U SGN F-TEID   9.2.0   9.3.0   2010-06   CT#48   CP-100287   C4-101469   0672   F   RAB   CP-100287   C4-101608   0640   2   F   RAB   CP-100287   C4-101608   0640   2   F   RAB   CP-100287   C4-101608   0640   2   F   RAB   CP-100286   C4-101601   0678   1   F   On TEID 0 for existing PDN connection   9.2.0   9.3.0   0010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101601   0678   1   F   CT#48						2	Α	Modify Bearer Request message		
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100266   C4-101291   0664   A   Notification / UE Activity   P.2.0   9.3.0										
CP-100266			CP-100266	C4-101558	0659	1	Α			
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101484   0609   1   F   Use of Rejection Cause values   9.2.0   9.3.0	2010-06	CT#48		C4-101291	0664		Α		9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	2010-06	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101585	0540	4	F	Leave CSG Cell indication	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06		CT#48				1	F	Use of Rejection Cause values		
Correction to the reference in Create indirect   P.2.0   P.3.0	2010-06	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101597	0616	2	F	Flow QoS in the Bearer Resource Command	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101459   0638   1   F   Removal of FFS   9.2.0   9.3.0	2010-06	CT#48						Correction to the reference in Create indirect	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101465   0673   1   F   Message type table   9.2.0   9.3.0	2010-06	CT#48							920	030
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101609   0639   3   F   Implicit resume   9.2.0   9.3.0										
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101463   0670   1   F   Cause   E type   9.2.0   9.3.0										
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101593   0667   2   F   Clarifications to redundant IEs   9.2.0   9.3.0										
2010-06   CT#48   CP-100281   C4-101462   0669   1   F   EBI value range and coding   9.2.0   9.3.0										
Cause IE enhacements to distinguish errors in the message level IE versus errors in the message level IE versus errors in the message level IE versus errors in the grouped IE within the message   9.2.0   9.3.0										
2010-06         CT#48         CP-100281         C4-101464         0672         1         F         Bearer Resource Command usage         9.2.0         9.3.0           2010-06         CT#48         CP-100287         C4-101259         0654         F         Sn-U SGSN F-TEID         9.2.0         9.3.0           2010-06         CT#48         CP-100287         C4-101608         0640         2         F         RAB           2010-06         CT#48         CP-100266         C4-101601         0678         1         F         Handling of Create Session Request message on TEID 0 for existing PDN connection         9.2.0         9.3.0           2010-06         CT#48         CT#48         Essential correction for the Initial Attach         9.2.0         9.3.0						1	F	Cause IE enhacements to distinguish errors in the message level IE versus errors in the		
2010-06         CT#48         CP-100287         C4-101259         0654         F         Sn-U SGSN F-TEID         9.2.0         9.3.0           2010-06         CT#48         CP-100287         C4-101608         0640         2         F         RAB           2010-06         CT#48         CP-100266         C4-101601         0678         1         F         Handling of Create Session Request message on TEID 0 for existing PDN connection         9.2.0         9.3.0           2010-06         CT#48         CT#48         Essential correction for the Initial Attach         9.2.0         9.3.0	2010-06	CT#48	CP-100281	C4-101464	0672	_1	F		9.2.0	9.3.0
CP-100287   C4-101608   0640   2   F   RAB		CT#48	CP-100287	C4-101259	0654		F	Sn-U SGSN F-TEID	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06         CT#48         CP-100266         C4-101601         0678         1         F         Handling of Create Session Request message on TEID 0 for existing PDN connection         9.2.0         9.3.0           2010-06         CT#48         Essential correction for the Initial Attach         9.2.0         9.3.0	2010-06	CT#48	CP-100287	C4-101608	0640	2	F		9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06 CT#48 Essential correction for the Initial Attach 9.2.0 9.3.0	2010-06	CT#48						Handling of Create Session Request message	9.2.0	9.3.0
	2010-06	CT#48	CP-100200	J- 101001	0680	'	A		9.2.0	9.3.0

Date	TSG#	TSG Doc	CT4 Doc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100276	C4-101157	0612		F	Transferring of UE's usage setting and voice capability between CN nodes	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100408	0.101101	0544	6	F	Clarifying the bearers to be deactivated on the S5/S8 interface	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101932	0607	5	F	Fix Sudden disconnection after the inter RAT MM attempt	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100432	C4-101932	0630	4	A	IP Address IE clarification	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-101926	0681	2	F	Serving Network semantics	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444	C4-101678	0685		Α	Originating Node	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444	C4-101876	0687	1	Α	Condition of ISRAI Flag	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444	C4-101878	0689	1	А	PDN Connection for Subscription Data Change	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100580	C4-102309	0690	4	F	Clarification for Create Session Response	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101922	0693	2	F	An exception to use GTPv2	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101713	0694		F	IEs to be included in rejection response messages	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101927	0695	2	F	Ambiguity for encoding MBR/GBR	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101715	0696		F	Wrong reference to DRX parameter	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101716	0697		F	Selection Mode	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101930	0701	2	F	Stop CSG Information Reporting	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101747	0702		F	Create Session Request/Response and Modify Bearer Request/Response for RAU procedure	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101748	0703		F	Suspend message on S3 interface	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100445	C4-101884	0705	1	Α	Cause value in Detach Notification	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100445	C4-101886	0707	1	Α	S1 based handover cancel	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100445	C4-101904	0709	1	Α	Used NAS integrity protection algorithm values	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101923	0711	2	F	TAU with Active Flag	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100452	C4-101905	0716	1	F	Trace Report File LDNs	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100445	C4-101891	0718	1	Α	Change Notification Response	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102319	0723	1	F	Presence rules and error handling for embedded IEs	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102305	0724	1	F	Dual Address Bearer Flag	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102306	0726	1	F	Rejecting the dedicated bearer related procedure from MME to SGW and PGW	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100636		0727	2	F	Correction to condition of sending Context Acknowledge message	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100036	C4-102310	0727	2	F	Clarification to the OI flag usage in Delete Session Request	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102310	0729	1	F	Correcting non-existent Cause value	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100431	C4-102324	0736	1	A	Resume messages	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444	C4-102318	0738	1	A	LAI field	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444	C4-102326	0740	1	Α	P-TMSI Signature	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100453	C4-102384	0744	2	F	Change Reporting Support Indication	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102353	0745	1	F	Error handling	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102354	0746	1	F	Flow QoS IE	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444	C4-102329	0748	1	Α	PDN Connection for Subscription Data Change	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100444	C4-102331	0750	1	Α	E-UTRAN to HRPD handover	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102208	0751		F	Correcting type value of the MBMS Session Start Response message	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102229	0754		F	GTP protocol errors	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102357	0755	1	F	Essential Clarification in Forward Relocation Response message	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100451	C4-102302	0662	4	В	New Modify Access Bearers procedure	9.4.0	10.0.0
2010-09	CT#49	01 100403	04 102502	0002			Notification of supported features between	9.4.0	10.0.0
		CP-100469	C4-102382	0698	6	В	peer GTP-C entities		
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100469	C4-102300	0734	1	В	Length of IPv6 Prefix	9.4.0	10.0.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-102766	0758	1	F	OI flag in Delete Session Request alignment with stage	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-102836	0762	3	В	ISR in Delete Bearer Request	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-103277	0787	4	В	PGW Restart Notification	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-102912	0798	2	F	Feature definition for the Modify Access Bearers procedure	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-102771	0799	1	F	Modify Access Bearers procedure during Inter- MME Intra-SGW TAU		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-103274	0812	1	F	Clarifications to Failure Indication type of messages	10.0.0	10.1.0
	CT#50			0817	2	В	EPS Bearer ID in Downlink Data Notification message	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12		CP-100695	C4-103362	0017	_				
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695 CP-100695	C4-103362 C4-103276	0818	1	F	Clarifying possible cause value sets	10.0.0	10.1.0

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2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-103283	0835	1	F	Handover Indication		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100695	C4-103288	0842	1	F	Cause values for Delete Bearer Request		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100688	C4 102215	0848	2	В	MME/SGSN overload control by throttling of	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100666 CP-100675		0773	1	А	DL low priority traffic Suspend and Resume procedure	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102779	0775	1	A	Range for BSSGP Cause		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	C1 - 100073	04-102701	0113	-		RAT Type in the Modify Bearer Request		10.1.0
2010 12	01//00	CP-100675	C4-102783	0777	1	Α	message	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102514	0781	-	Α	ISR for SGW	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102787	0783	1	Α	ISR in the Detach procedure		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50						Missing Cause Code mapping for IRAT	10.0.0	10.1.0
		CP-100675	C4-102789	0789	1	Α	Handover between GERAN and EUTRAN		
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102556	0794	-	Α	Voice bearer flag	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-102794	0801	1	Α	MBMS corrections		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-103238	0821	1	Α	CSG Reporting		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675		0825	-	Α	Target Identification		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675		0830	2	Α	Reporting UE Time Zone changes		
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-103249	0838	1	Α	Essential correction for UE Timezone reporting		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100675	C4-103331	0846	2	Α	ISR activated flag		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	05 4000				_	Determination of type of source node during	10.0.0	10.1.0
221212	0=::=0	CP-100672	C4-103294	0851	1	F	TAU/RAU	40.00	
2010-12	CT#50	CD 400074	04 400775	0705		_	Essential correction to Create Indirect Data	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100674	C4-102775	0765	1	Α	Forwarding Tunnel Response	40.00	40.4.0
2010-12	C1#50	CD 100696	C4-102796	0767	1	В	GTP-C Information Elements for GTP based	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100686		0786	-	В	S2b interface  Delete PDN Connection Set	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100686	C4-102559	0796	-	В	Addition of GTP over S2b to clauses 1 to 6		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CF-100000	C4-102300	0790	-	В	Create Session Request/Response & Create		10.1.0
2010-12	C1#30	CP-100686	C4-103135	0797	3	В	Bearer Request/Response	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100686	C4-102599	0802	-	В	Delete Session and Bearer messages	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	01 100000	04 102000	0002			Modify Bearer Command/Failure Indication		10.1.0
2010 12	01//00	CP-100686	C4-102629	0804	-	В	and Update Bearer Req/Rsp	10.0.0	10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50						Trace Session Activation/Deactivation for	10.0.0	10.1.0
		CP-100686	C4-102650	0807	-	В	GTP-S2b		
2010-12	CT#50						Handling of Create Session Request message	10.0.0	10.1.0
		CP-100686	C4-103300	0839	1	В	on header TEID = 0		
2010-12	CT#50						Downlink data notification information for MPS	10.0.0	10.1.0
		CP-100687	C4-102928	0769	2	В	services		
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100667	C4-102970	0828	-	Α	UE Time Zone adjustments		10.1.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100669	C4-103340	0816	2	F	Essential alignment with PMIP spec		10.1.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110875	0921	1	В	Data Delay Notification		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110585	0916	-	F	Clean up with GTP-C Information Elements		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	00 440004	04.440004	0044		_	Inclusion of Node Type in DDN Failure	10.1.0	10.2.0
0044.00	OT#54		C4-110831	0911	1	F	Indication when the ISR is active	40.4.0	40.00
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064		0897	1	F	Create Session Response		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110479	0896	-	F	UE Network Capability IE		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51						Adding "Initial", "Triggered" and "Initial or	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110064	C4-110955	0895	2	F	triggered by a Command" attributes to the messages in table 6.1		
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110933	0894	1	D	Adding a separate subclause for TEID=0	10 1 0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	31 - 110004	J-110020	0034	'		Removing optional Cause IE from Echo		10.2.0
_0.100	01,101	CP-110064	C4-110825	0893	1	F	Response	.5. 1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064		0875	2	F	RAT type clarification for S4-SGSN	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	2	2	-5.0		<u> </u>	Essential correction to the table NOTE for the		10.2.0
		CP-110064	C4-110331	0874	1	F	Create Session Response message		
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110369		1	F	Error Indication for SGW	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110257		1	D	Cleanup for GTPv2		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110392		2	F	RAT Type in Modify Access Bearers Request		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110112		-	F	Bearer context in Modify Bearer Request		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51						S1-U eNodeB F-TEID IE in the Modify Access		10.2.0
		CP-110064	C4-110062		-	F	Bearers Request		
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110322		1	F	Correction for VNSI		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110064	C4-110882		6	F	Serving Network IE		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110061	C4-110548		2	В	APN based congestion control		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110061	C4-110310		1	В	Low access priority indicator		10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110060	C4-110348	0859	1	В	EBI and ARP IEs in Downlink Data Notification	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51						Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) in	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110049	C4-110994	0918	2	Α	Delete Bearer Response		
2011-03	CT#51						UE Time Zone condition Delete Session	10.1.0	10.2.0
	<u> </u>	CP-110049	C4-110889		1	Α	Request	ļ	
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110049	C4-10971	0889	3	Α	Subscribed UE-AMBR in mobility procedure	10.1.0	110.2.0

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2011-03	CT#51						Essential correction to the fallback to GTPv1	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110049	C4-110990	0884	5	Α	feature		
2011-03	CT#51						RAT Type in the Modify bearer request	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110049	C4-110333	0881	1	Α	message		
2011-03	CT#51						Missed procedures for the Delete Session	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110049	C4-110170	0879	-	Α	Request and Response messages		
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110049	C4-110330	0866	1	Α	Correction to passing of LDN	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110049	C4-110074	0862	-	Α	S103 resource release	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51						Essential correction to the to GTPv2 cause	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110049	C4-110186	0886	-	Α	table		
2011-03	CT#51						Correcting IE Type for Bearer QoS IE from	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110042	C4-110979	0914	1	Α	Variable to Extendable		
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110056	C4-111009	0887	5	В	Unsupported Bearer Handling for LIPA	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110083	C4-110952	0892	3	В	Adding IMSI to DDN	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110053	C4-110824	0899	1	Α	Temporary Mobile Group Identity	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-03	CT#51						UE Time Zone condition in Modify Bearer	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110266	-	0903	2	Α	Request		
2011-03	CT#51						Serving network in the Create Session	10.1.0	10.2.0
		CP-110059	C4-110583	0915	-	В	Request message		
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110072	C4-110887	0923	-	В	CS BIT to be available for initial message	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-05							Editorial correction in section 7.10 because of	10.2.0	10.2.1
							misimplentation of CT#51 agreed CR C4-		
							110990		

# History

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