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## Technical Specification

**Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);
LTE;
3GPP Evolved Packet System (EPS);
Evolved General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)
Tunnelling Protocol for Control plane (GTPv2-C);
Stage 3
(3GPP TS 29.274 version 11.10.0 Release 11)**

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# Foreword

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# Contents

# Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3$^{rd}$ Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

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# 1     Scope

The present document specifies the stage 3 of the control plane of the GPRS Tunnelling Protocol, Version 2 for Evolved Packet System interfaces (GTPv2-C).

In this document, unless otherwise specified, the S2a, S2b, S5 and S8 interfaces refer always to the GTP-based S2a, S2b, S5 and S8 interfaces respectively .

GTPv2-C shall be used across the following EPC signalling interfaces: S2a, S2b, S3, S4, S5, S8, S10, S11 and S16.

GTPv2-C shall be used across the Sm and Sn interfaces for MBMS in EPS.

GTPv2-C based protocols shall also be used across Sv (3GPP TS 29.280 [15]) and S101 (3GPP TS 29.276 [14]) interfaces.

The procedures supported between the TWAN and the PGW on the S2a interface, and between the ePDG and the PGW on the S2b interface are specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].

# 2     References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.

- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1]     3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".

[2]     3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".

[3]     3GPP TS 23.401: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) enhancements for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) access".

[4]     3GPP TS 29.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); GPRS Tunnelling Protocol (GTP) across the Gn and Gp interface".

[5]     3GPP TS 24.008: "Mobile radio interface Layer 3 specification; Core network protocols; Stage 3".

[6]     IETF RFC 791 (STD 0005): "Internet Protocol", J. Postel.

[7]     IETF RFC 768 (STD 0006): "User Datagram Protocol", J. Postel.

[8]     3GPP TS 32.251: "Telecommunication Management; Charging Management; Packet Switched (PS) domain charging.

[9]     3GPP TS 32.298: "Telecommunication Management; Charging Management; Charging Data Record (CDR) parameter classification.

[10]    3GPP TS 36.413: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); S1 Application Protocol (S1AP)".

[11]    3GPP TS 33.102: "3G security; Security architecture".

[12]    3GPP TS 33.401: "3GPP System Architecture Evolution (SAE); Security architecture".

[13]        3GPP TS 29.281: "General Packet Radio System (GPRS) Tunnelling Protocol User Plane (GTPv1-U)".

[14]        3GPP TS 29.276: "3GPP Evolved Packet System (EPS); Optimized handover procedures and protocols between E-UTRAN Access and cdma2000 HRPD Access; Stage 3".

[15]        3GPP TS 29.280: "Evolved Packet System (EPS); 3GPP Sv interface (MME to MSC, and SGSN to MSC) for SRVCC".

[16]        IETF RFC 2460: "Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) Specification".

[17]        3GPP TS 23.007: "Restoration procedures".

[18]        3GPP TS 32.422: "Telecommunication management; Subscriber and equipment trace; Trace control and configuration management ".

[19]        3GPP TS 36.300: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); Overall description; Stage 2".

[20]        3GPP TS 36.414: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); S1 data transport".

[21]        3GPP TS 23.272: "Circuit Switched (CS) fallback in Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 2".

[22]        3GPP TS 29.118: "Mobility Management Entity (MME) - Visitor Location Register (VLR) SGs interface specification".

[23]        3GPP TS 24.301: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 3".

[24]        void

[25]        ITU-T Recommendation E.164: "The international public telecommunication numbering plan".

[26]        3GPP TS 29.275: "Proxy Mobile IPv6 (PMIPv6) based Mobility and Tunnelling protocols; Stage 3".

[27]        3GPP TS 44.018: "Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification; Radio Resource Control Protocol".

[28]        3GPP TS 48.008: "Mobile Switching Centre - Base Station System (MSC-BSS) interface; Layer 3 specification".

[29]        3GPP TS 29.212: "Policy and Charging Control (PCC); Reference points".

[30]        3GPP TS 24.007: "Mobile radio interface signalling layer 3; General Aspects".

[31]        IETF RFC 1035: "Domain Names - Implementation and Specification".

[32]        3GPP TS 29.303: "Domain Name System Procedures; Stage 3".

[33]        3GPP TS 25.413: "UTRAN Iu interface Radio Access Network Application Part (RANAP) signalling".

[34]        3GPP TS 48.018: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Base Station System (BSS) - Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN); BSS GPRS protocol (BSSGP)".

[35]        3GPP TS 23.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Service description; Stage 2".

[36]     3GPP TS 32.295: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) transfer".

[37]     3GPP TS 23.246: "Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service (MBMS); Architecture and functional description".

[38]     3GPP TS 29.061: "Interworking between the Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) supporting packet based services and Packet Data Networks (PDN) ".

[39]     IETF RFC 3588: "Diameter Base Protocol ".

[40]     IETF RFC 4607: "Source-Specific Multicast for IP".

[41]     3GPP TS 29.002: "Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification".

[42]     3GPP TS 29.010: "Information element mapping between Mobile Station - Base Station System (MS - BSS) and Base Station System - Mobile-services Switching Centre (BSS - MSC); Signalling procedures and the Mobile Application Part (MAP)".

[43]     3GPP TS 23.216: "Single Radio Voice Call Continuity (SRVCC); Stage 2".

[44]     3GPP TS 32.423: "Telecommunication management; Subscriber and equipment trace: Trace data definition and management".

[45]     3GPP TS 23.402: "Architecture enhancements for non-3GPP accesses.

[46]     3GPP TR 25.999: "HSPA Evolution (FDD)".

[47]     3GPP TS 23.292: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) centralized services".

[48]     3GPP TS 23.203: "Policy and charging control architecture; Stage 2".

[49]     ITU-T Recommendation X.691 (07/2002): "Information technology – ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Packed Encoding Rules (PER)".

[50]     3GPP TS 33.402: "3GPP System Architecture Evolution (SAE); Security aspects of non-3GPP accesses".

[51]     3GPP TS 23.139: "3GPP system - fixed broadband access network interworking; Stage 2".

[52]     IEEE Std 802.11-2012: "IEEE Standard for Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications".

[53]     IETF RFC 5905: "Network Time Protocol Version 4: Protocol and Algorithms Specification".

# 3      Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1     Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

**GTP-PDU:** GTP Protocol Data Unit is either a GTP-C Message or a GTP-U Message. GTP-U Message may be either a signalling message across the user plane tunnel, or a G-PDU (see clause 6).

- **Signalling Message**: any GTP-PDU (GTP-C or GTP-U) except the G-PDU.

- **G-PDU:** GTP user plane message, which carries the original packet (payload). G-PDU consists of GTP-U header and a T-PDU.

- **T-PDU:** original packet, for example an IP datagram, from an UE or a network node in an external packet data network. A T-PDU is the payload that is tunnelled in the GTP-U tunnel.

- **GTP-C Message:** GTP control plane message type of a GTP-PDU. GTP-C message consists of GTP-C header, which is followed by zero or more information elements.

- **GTP-U Message:** GTP user plane message. The user plane messages are used to carry user data packets, and also signalling messages e.g. for path management and error indication. Therefore, GTP-U message consists of GTP-U header, which is followed by either a T-PDU, or zero or more information elements.

**GTP Tunnel:** A GTP tunnel is a communication tunnel between two GTP nodes (see subclause 4.1 "GTP Tunnel").

**Tunnel Endpoint:** A tunnel endpoint is identified with a TEID, an IP address and a UDP port number (see subclause 4.1 "GTP Tunnel").

**Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (TEID):** unambiguously identifies a tunnel endpoint in scope of a path (see subclause 4.1 "GTP Tunnel").

## 3.2     Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

| | |
|---|---|
| S1-U | Interface between SGW and eNodeB |
| X2 | Interface between eNodeBs |

## 3.3     Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

| | |
|---|---|
| AMBR | Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate |
| APN | Access Point Name |
| APN-NI | Access Point Name Network Identifier |
| APN-OI | Access Point Name Operator Identifier |
| C-MSISDN | Correlation MSISDN |
| EBI | EPS Bearer ID |
| eNodeB | Evolved Node B |
| EPC | Evolved Packet Core |
| ePDG | Evolved Packet Data Gateway |
| EPS | Evolved Packet System |
| F-TEID | Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier |
| G-PDU | GTP-U non-signalling PDU |
| GPRS | General Packet Radio Service |
| GTP | GPRS Tunnelling Protocol |
| GTP-PDU | GTP-C PDU or GTP-U PDU |
| GTPv2-C | GTP version 2, control plane |
| GTPv2-U | GTP version 2, user plane |
| IMSI | International Mobile Subscriber Identity |
| IP | Internet Protocol |
| LBI | Linked Bearer identity |
| L1 | Layer 1 |
| L2 | Layer 2 |
| LGW | Local Gateway |
| LIPA | Local IP Access |
| MBMS | Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service |
| MEI | Mobile Equipment Identity |
| MSISDN | Mobile Subscriber ISDN Number |
| PAA | PDN Address Allocation |
| PCO | Protocol Configuration Options |
| PDU | Protocol Data Unit |
| PDN | Packet Data Network or Public Data Network |

| | |
|---|---|
| PGW | PDN Gateway |
| PTI | Procedure Transaction Id |
| QoS | Quality of Service |
| RAT | Radio Access Type |
| RIM | RAN Information Management |
| SGW | Serving Gateway |
| STN-SR | Session Transfer Number for SRVCC |
| TEID | Tunnel Endpoint Identifier |
| TEID-C | Tunnel Endpoint Identifier, control plane |
| TEID-U | Tunnel Endpoint Identifier, user plane |
| TFT | Traffic Flow Template |
| TLIV | Type Length Instance Value |
| TWAN | Trusted WLAN Access Network |
| UDP | User Datagram Protocol |
| ULI | User Location Information |

# 4      General

## 4.1      GTP Tunnel

GTP tunnels are used between two nodes communicating over a GTP based interface, to separate traffic into different communication flows.

A GTP tunnel is identified in each node with a TEID, an IP address and a UDP port number. The receiving end side of a GTP tunnel locally assigns the TEID value the transmitting side has to use. The TEID values are exchanged between tunnel endpoints using GTP-C or S1-MME or Iu-PS messages. The GTPv2 entity communicates to the peer GTPv2 entity the TEID value at which it expects to receive all subsequent control plane messages related to that GTP tunnel via the:

-      "Sender F-TEID for Control Plane" IE,

-      "PGW S5/S8/S2a/S2b F-TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface" IE,

-      "MSC Server Sv TEID for Control Plane" IE,

-      "S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane" IE, or

-      "MME/SGSN Sv TEID for Control Plane" IE.

The criteria defining when the same or different GTP tunnels shall be used between the two nodes differs between the control and the user plane, and also between interfaces.

For the control plane, for each end-point of a GTP-C tunnel:

-      The TEID-C shall be unique per PDN-Connection on GTP based S2a, S2b, S5 and S8 interfaces. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to all bearers associated to the PDN-Connection. A TEID-C on the S2a/S2b/S5/S8 interface shall be released after all its associated EPS bearers are deleted.

-      There shall be only one pair of TEID-Cs per UE on each of the S3, S10 and the S16 interfaces. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to the same UE operation. A TEID-C on the S3/S10/S16 interface shall be released after its associated UE context is removed or the UE is detached. For the S3 interface, when ISR is active for the UE, during I-RAT handover between the ISR associated nodes, the existing S3 TEID-C may be re-used or new S3 TEID-C may be allocated. During this scenario, if the node decides to allocate new S3 TEID-C, it shall release its own old S3 TEID-C.

-      There shall be only one pair of TEID-C per UE over the S11 and the S4 interfaces. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to the same UE operation. A TEID-C on the S11/S4 interface shall be released after all its associated EPS bearers are deleted.

-      There shall be only one pair of TEID-C per MBMS Bearer Service (i.e. per TMGI and, if provided, MBMS Flow Identifier) over the Sm and Sn interfaces respectively. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to the same MBMS Bearer Service. A TEID-C on the Sm/Sn interface shall be released after the MBMS Bearer Session is stopped.

For GTP-U, a TEID-U is used according to 3GPP TS 29.281 [13].

NOTE:      GTP-U is based on GTP version 1 (GTPv1).

## 4.2      Protocol stack

### 4.2.0      General

The protocol stack for GTPv2 shall be as depicted in Figure 4.2.0-1.
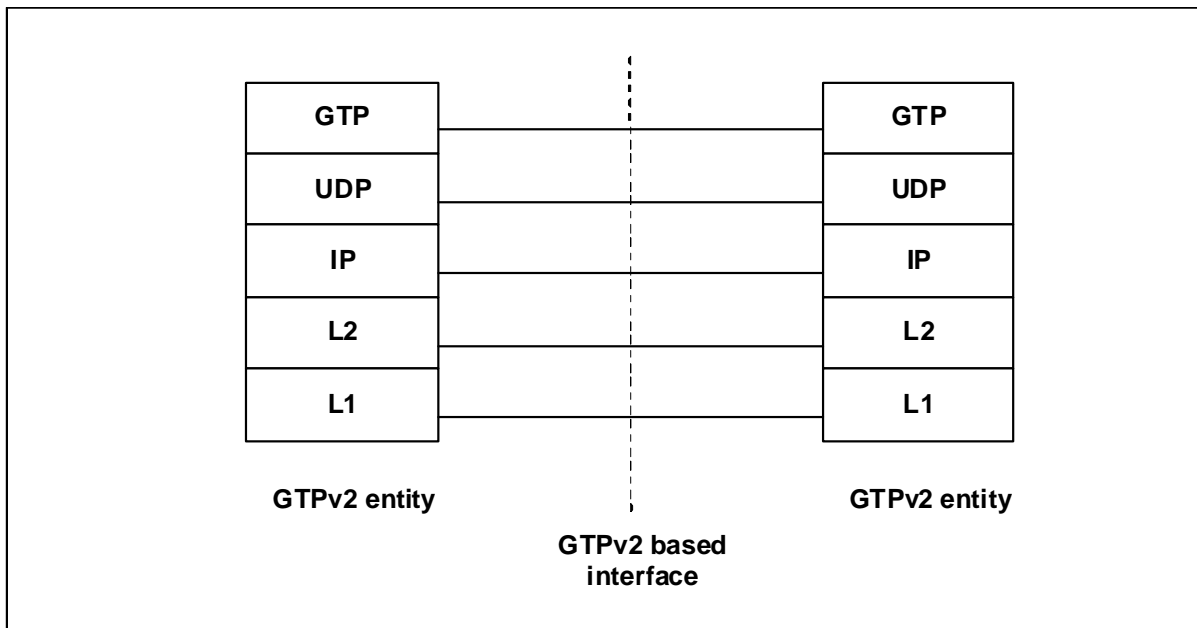
**Figure 4.2.0-1: GTPv2 stack**

The GTPv2 headers are specified in the respective clauses of this specification.

The source and destination IP addresses and UDP ports used for each GTP-C message depend on the role that the message plays in a message exchange. A message can be an Initial message, or a Triggered message, or a Triggered Reply message to Triggered message. An Initial message is sent to a peer GTP entity with a sequence number chosen by the sending entity (see subclause 7.6). A Triggered message is sent in response to an Initial message. Triggered Reply message may be sent in response to a Triggered message. See subclause 7.6 for the sequence number usage.

Typically, a Request message is an Initial message, but a Request message may be a Triggered messages in certain procedures where they are triggered by an Initial Command message. See subclause 4.2.5 for classification of the Initial messages and their possible Triggered messages, as well as cases where there are Triggered Reply messages to the Triggered messages.

Piggybacking is an optional feature. If the feature is supported, then the piggybacking of the initial messages on triggered response messages for EUTRAN Initial Attach and UE-requested PDN Connectivity procedures shall be implemented as per Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].When piggybacking is used, a common IP header and a common UDP header shall be used for the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message as depicted in Figure 4.2.0-2. Immediately following the triggered response message is the piggybacked initial message, following which no additional information shall be present. The subclause 5.5 specifies the usage of piggybacking-specific fields in the GTP-C header.

| IP header | UDP header | Triggered response message (P=1) | Piggybacked initial message (P=0) |
|---|---|---|---|

**Figure 4.2.0-2: Packet Format for the Piggybacking of messages**

## 4.2.1　UDP header and port numbers

### 4.2.1.0　General

A User Datagram Protocol (UDP) compliant with IETF RFC 768 [7] shall be used.

#### 4.2.1.1 Initial Messages

The UDP Destination Port number for GTPv2 Initial messages shall be 2123. It is the registered port number for GTP-C.

The UDP Source Port for a GTPv2 Initial message is a locally allocated port number at the sending GTP entity.

If GTPv2 and GTP' v2 modules are using the same IP address for sending messages, the implementation shall ensure that while some source port number is used by GTPv2 messages, the same source port number shall not be used by GTP' v2 messages. Otherwise, the IP interface may have difficulty to delivering a response message to the right protocol entity.

#### 4.2.1.2 Triggered Messages

The UDP Destination Port value of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be the value of the UDP Source Port of the corresponding message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of the SGSN pool scenario.

The UDP Source Port of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be the value from the UDP Destination Port of the corresponding message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of the SGSN pool scenario.

In the SGSN pool scenario, if the Identification Request, the Context Request or the Suspend Notification messages have been forwarded by another SGSN in the pool, the UDP Destination Port for the Identification Response, the Context Response or the Suspend Acknowledge message shall be determined in the following way. The value from the information element "UDP Source Port Number", which was sent in the corresponding forwarded request, shall be copied into the UDP Destination Port field. The UDP Source Port for the Identification Response, the Context Response or the Suspend Acknowledge message may be a locally allocated port number at the sending GTP entity.

#### 4.2.1.3 Piggybacked Messages

A piggybacked initial message is carried as a concatenation after a triggered response message and they share a common UDP header (see Figure 4.2.0-2).

The UDP Destination port for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the port number used for the triggered response message.

The UDP Source port for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the port number used for the triggered response message.

### 4.2.2 IP header and IP addresses

#### 4.2.2.1 Initial Messages

The IP Destination Address of a GTPv2 Initial message shall be an IP address of the destination GTPv2 entity.

During the establishment of the GTP tunnel, the GTPv2 entity selects and communicates to the peer GTPv2 entity the IP Destination Address at which it expects to receive subsequent control plane Initial messages related to that GTP tunnel via the:

- "Sender F-TEID for Control Plane" IE,

- "PGW S5/S8/S2a/S2b F-TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface" IE,

- "MSC Sv Address for Control Plane" IE,

- "S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane" IE, or

- "MME/SGSN Sv Address for Control Plane" IE.

During the network triggered service restoration procedure (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), if an MME/S4-SGSN sends a Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication message to the SGW, then the destination address for this message shall be the SGW IP address signalled via the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE in the Downlink Data Notification

message (if present in the message), otherwise the source IP address of the Downlink Data Notification message received earlier.

The IP Source Address of a GTPv2 Initial message shall be an IP address of the source GTPv2 entity from which the Initial message is originating.

### 4.2.2.2 Triggered Messages

The IP Destination Address of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be copied from the IP Source Address of the message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of the SGSN pool scenario.

The IP Source Address of a GTPv2 Triggered message and for a Triggered Reply message shall be copied from the IP destination address of the message to which this GTPv2 entity is replying, except in the case of SGSN pool scenario.

In the SGSN pool scenario, if the Identification Request, the Context Request or the Suspend Notification messages have been forwarded by another SGSN in the pool, the IP Source address for the Identification Response, the Context Response or the Suspend Acknowledge messages shall be locally allocated by the sending GTP entity. The IP Destination Address for the Identification Response, the Context Response or the Suspend Acknowlegde messages shall be determined in the following way. The value from the information element "Address for Control Plane", which was sent in the corresponding Identification Request or the Suspend Notification message; or the value from the information element "S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane", which was sent in the corresponding Context Request message, shall be copied into the IP Destination Address field.

### 4.2.2.3 Piggybacked Messages

A piggybacked initial message is carried as a concatenation after a triggered response message and they share a common IP header (see Figure 4.2.0-2).

The IP Source Address for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the IP Address used for the triggered response message.

The IP Destination Address for the IP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message shall be the same as the IP Address used for the triggered response message.

## 4.2.3 Layer 2

Typically Ethernet should be used as a Layer 2 protocol, but operators may use any other technology.

## 4.2.4 Layer 1

Operators may use any appropriate Layer 1 technology.

## 4.2.5 Messages with GTPv2 defined replies: Classification of Initial and Triggered Messages

> NOTE1: Other clauses of this specification and Stage 2 documents define in detail when a reply message is expected in an end-to-end procedure. Reply messages are triggered messages.

The expected reply to a Request message is a Triggered message and the reply has the same message name as the Request but with "Response" replacing "Request". If a Request message is a reply to a Command message, then the Request message is a Triggered message; otherwise the Request message is an Initial message. Responses do not have replies except when a "Context Acknowledge" is required as a reply to "Context Response" message as specified in relevant Stage 2 procedures. Context Acknowledge is always triggered message and does not have a reply.

> NOTE2: The "Context Acknowledge" message is sent only if the "Context Response" message is received with the acceptance cause.

A message whose name ends in "Command" is always an initial message. If a "Command" message fails, the name of the reply message is constructed by replacing "Command" with "Failure Indication". Apart from "Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication" message, a "Failure Indication" is a Triggered message. The "Failure Indication"

message does not have a reply. If a "Command" message is successful, its reply will be a Request as specified in relevant Stage 2 procedures.

A message whose name ends in "Notification" is always an Initial message, The expected Triggered message in reply has the same message name but with "Acknowledge" replacing "Notification", except for the case of the message "Downlink Data Notification" which has the reply "Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge" and "PGW Resart Notification" which has the reply "PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge". An "Acknowledge" message does not have a reply.

CS Paging Indication, Stop Paging Indication, RAN Information Relay, Configuration Transfer Tunnel, Trace Session Activation, Trace Session Deactivation, ISR Status Indication and Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication messages are Initial messages that do not have a reply.

A Version Not Supported Indication message is a Triggered message.

## 4.3     Transmission Order and Bit Definitions

The messages in this document shall be transmitted in network octet order starting with octet 1 with the Most Significant Bit sent first.

The most significant bit of an octet in a GTP message is bit 8. If a value in a GTP message spans several octets and nothing else is stated, the most significant bit is bit 8 of the octet with the lowest number.

# 5       GTP Header for Control Plane

## 5.1     General format

Control Plane GTP uses a variable length header. Control Plane GTP header length shall be a multiple of 4 octets. Figure 5.1-1 illustrates the format of the GTPv2-C Header.

**Bits**

| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Version | | | P | T | Spare | Spare | Spare |
| 2 | Message Type | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Message Length (1st Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Message Length (2nd Octet) | | | | | | | |
| m to k(m+3) | If T flag is set to 1, then TEID shall be placed into octets 5-8. Otherwise, TEID field is not present at all. | | | | | | | |
| n to (n+2) | Sequence Number | | | | | | | |
| (n+3) | Spare | | | | | | | |
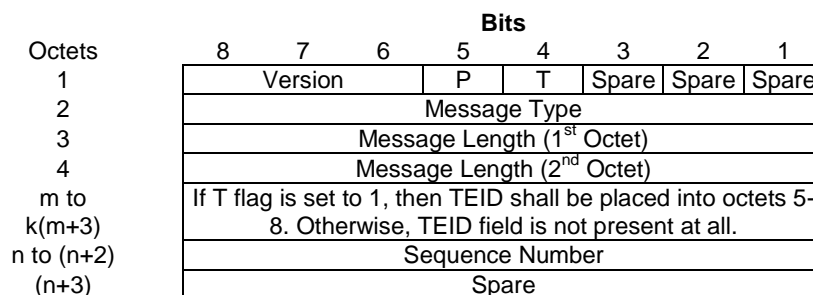
**Figure 5.1-1: General format of GTPv2 Header for Control Plane**

Where:

- if T = 0, TEID field is not present, k = 0, m = 0 and n = 5;

- if T = 1, TEID field is present, k = 1, m = 5 and n = 9.

The usage of GTPv2-C header across the EPC specific interfaces is defined in the subclause 5.5 "Usage of the GTPv2-C Header". Octet 1 bits shall be coded as follows:

- Bits 6-8 represent the Version field.

- Bit 5 represents the Piggybacking flag (P).

- Bit 4 represents the TEID flag (T).

- Bits 3-1 are spare, the sender shall set them to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore them.

## 5.2 Control Plane GTP Extension Header

The legacy Extension Header mechanism is not used for the GTP version 2 control plane (GTPv2-C). Future extensions will be implemented by adding Information Elements in the message body if new parameters are needed.

## 5.3 GTP-C header for Echo and Version Not Supported messages

The GTPv2-C message header for the Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication messages shall not contain the TEID field, but shall contain the Sequence Number fields, followed by one spare octet as depicted in figure 5.3-1. The spare bits shall be set to zero by the sender and ignored by the receiver. For the Version Not Supported Indication message header, the Sequence Number may be set to any number and shall be ignored by the receiver.

| | | | **Bits** | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Version | | | P | T=0 | Spare | Spare | Spare |
| 2 | Message Type | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Message Length ($1^{st}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Message Length ($2^{nd}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Sequence Number ($1^{st}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Sequence Number ($2^{nd}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Sequence Number ($3^{rd}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Spare | | | | | | | |

**Figure 5.3-1: The format of Echo and Version Not Supported messages Header**

## 5.4 EPC specific GTP-C header

Apart from the Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication messages, the GTP-C message header shall contain the TEID and Sequence Number fields followed by one spare octet. A typical GTP-C header is depicted in figure 5.4-1. The spare bits shall be set to zero by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

| | | | **Bits** | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Version | | | P | T=1 | Spare | Spare | Spare |
| 2 | Message Type | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Message Length ($1^{st}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Message Length ($2^{nd}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Tunnel Endpoint Identifier ($1^{st}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Tunnel Endpoint Identifier ($2^{nd}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Tunnel Endpoint Identifier ($3^{rd}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Tunnel Endpoint Identifier ($4^{th}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Sequence Number ($1^{st}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Sequence Number ($2^{nd}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Sequence Number ($3^{rd}$ Octet) | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Spare | | | | | | | |

**Figure 5.4-1: The format of EPC specific GTPv2 Control Plane message Header**

## 5.5 Usage of the GTPv2-C Header

## 5.5.1 General

The format of the GTPv2-C header is specified in subclause 5.1 "General format". The usage of the GTP-C header across e.g. S101 (3GPP TS 29.276 [14]) and Sv (3GPP TS 29.280 [15]) interfaces are defined in their respective specifications.

The usage of the GTPv2-C header for EPC specific interfaces shall be as defined below.

The first octet of the header shall be used is the following way:

- Bits 8 to 6, which represent the GTP-C version, shall be set to decimal 2 ("010").

- Bit 5 represents a "P" flag. If the "P" flag is set to "0", no piggybacked message shall be present. If the "P" flag is set to "1", then another GTPv2-C message with its own header and body shall be present at the end of the current message.

  When present, a piggybacked message shall have its "P" flag set to "0" in its own header. If a Create Session Response message (as part of EUTRAN initial attach or UE-requested PDN connectivity procedure) has the "P" flag set to "1", then a Create Bearer Request message shall be present as the piggybacked message. As a response to the Create Bearer Request message, if the Create Bearer Response has the "P" flag set to "1", then a Modify Bearer Request (as part of EUTRAN initial attach or UE-requested PDN connectivity procedure) shall be present as the piggybacked message. A Create Bearer Response with "P" flag set to "1" shall not be sent unless a Create Session Response with "P" flag set to "1" has been received for the same procedure. Apart from Create Session Response and Create Bearer Response messages, all the EPC specific messages shall have the "P" flag set to "0".

- Bit 4 represents a "T" flag, which indicates if TEID field is present in the GTP-C header or not. If the "T" flag is set to 0, then the TEID field shall not be present in the GTP-C header. If the "T" flag is set to 1, then the TEID field shall immediately follow the Length field, in octets 5 to 8. Apart from the Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication messages, in all EPC specific messages the value of the "T" flag shall be set to "1".

- Bit 3 is a spare bit. The sending entity shall set it to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore it.

- Bit 2 is a spare bit. The sending entity shall set it to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore it.

- Bit 1 is a spare bit. The sending entity shall set it to "0" and the receiving entity shall ignore it.

The usage of the fields in octets 2 - n of the header shall be as specified below.

- Octet 2 represents the Message type field, which shall be set to the unique value for each type of control plane message. Message type values are specified in Table 6.1-1 "Message types for GTPv2".

- Octets 3 to 4 represent the Message Length field. This field shall indicate the length of the message in octets excluding the mandatory part of the GTP-C header (the first 4 octets). The TEID (if present) and the Sequence Number shall be included in the length count. The format of the Length field of information elements is specified in subclause 8.2 "Information Element Format".

- A piggybacked initial message and the preceding triggered response message present in the common IP/UDP packet shall have their own length and sequence number in their respective GTP-C headers. The overall length of the IP/UDP packet shall indicate the total length of the two GTP-C messages.

- For EPC specific interfaces, T=1, and therefore octets 5 to 8 represent the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (TEID) field. This field shall unambiguously identify a tunnel endpoint in the receiving GTP-C entity. The Tunnel Endpoint Identifier is set by the sending entity in the GTP header of all control plane messages to the TEID value provided by the corresponding receiving entity (see subclause 4.1). If a peer's TEID is not available the TEID field shall be present in a GTPv2-C header, but its value shall be set to "0", as specified in subclause 5.5.2 "Conditions for sending TEID=0 in GTPv2-C header".

- NOTE: The TEID in the GTP header of a Triggered (or Triggered Reply) message is set to the TEID value provided by the corresponding receiving entity regardless of whether the source IP address of the Initial (or Triggered) message and the IP Destination Address provided by the receiving entity for subsequent control plane Initial messages (see subclause 4.2.2.1) are the same or not.

- Octets 9 to 11 represent GTP Sequence Number field.

## 5.5.2 Conditions for sending TEID=0 in GTPv2-C header

If a peer's TEID is not available, the TEID field still shall be present in the header and its value shall be set to "0" in the following messages:

- Create Session Request message on S2a/S2b/S5/S8

- Create Session Request message on S4/S11, if for a given UE, the SGSN/MME has not yet obtained the Control TEID of the SGW.

- Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message on S4/S11, if the SGW selected by the MME/S4-SGSN for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW used as anchor.

- Identification Request/Response messages.

- Forward Relocation Request message: over S10, S16 interfaces, over S3 interface during I-RAT handover when ISR is not active.

- Forward Relocation Request message over S3 interface during I-RAT handover between ISR associated nodes, when ISR is active for the UE, and if the node decides to allocate new S3 TEID-C.

- Context Request message.

- Relocation Cancel Request message except for the case where the old SGSN/MME has already been assigned the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Control Plane of the new SGSN/MME.

- Relocation Cancel Response message if the new SGSN/MME does not have the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Control Plane of the old SGSN/MME.

- Delete PDN Connection Set Request/Response messages.

- Configuration Transfer Tunnel message.

- RAN Information Relay message.

- If a node receives a message for which it has no context, i.e. TEID-C is not known, it shall respond with "Context not found" Cause in the corresponding response message to the sender, the TEID used in the GTPv2-C header in the response message shall be then set to zero.

- If a node receives a request message containing protocol error, e.g. Mandatory IE missing, which requires the receiver to reject the message as specified in clause 7.7, it shall reject the request message. For the response message, the node should look up the remote peer"s TEID and accordingly set the GTPv2-C header TEID and the message cause code. As an implementation option, the node may not look up the remote peer"s TEID and set the GTPv2-C header TEID to zero in the response message. However in this case, the cause code shall not be set to "Context not found".

- MBMS Session Start Request message.

- PGW Restart Notification / PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge messages.

- Downlink Data Notification message sent on S11/S4 as part of the Network Triggered Service Restoration procedure (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), and corresponding Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge and Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication if the SGW did not include the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE in the Downlink Data Notification message.

- Suspend Notification and Suspend Acknowledge messages: over S16 interface; over S3 interface when ISR is not active.

- PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message on S5 and S11/S4, PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge message on S11/S4, and PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge message on S5 if the PGW did not include the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE in the PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message.

NOTE: Legacy implementation conforming to earlier versions of this specification can send the Change Notification Request/Response messages on the TEID zero in spite of the peer"s node TEID being available.

## 5.6    Format of the GTPv2-C Message

The GTP-C header may be followed by subsequent information elements dependent on the type of control plane message.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 to m | GTP-C header | | | | | | | |
| m+1 to n | Zero or more Information Element(s) | | | | | | | |
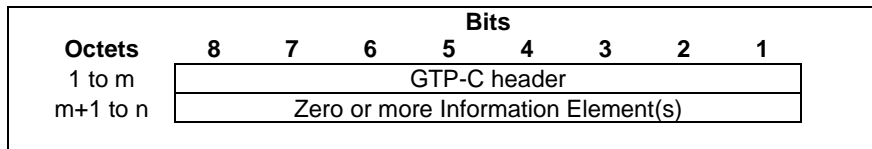
**Figure 5.6-1: GTP-C Header followed by subsequent Information Elements**

# 6 GTP-C Message Types and Message Formats

## 6.0 General

A GTP-C message is sent across a GTP control plane tunnel. In a message, the GTP-C header is followed by zero or more information elements. The GTP-C messages are used for the control plane path management, for the control plane tunnel management and for mobility management.

A T-PDU is an original packet, for example an IP datagram, from an UE, or from a network node in an external packet data network.

## 6.1 Message Format and Type values

### 6.1.0 Message Type

GTP defines a set of messages between two associated EPC network elements. The messages to be used shall be as defined in Table 6.1-1.

**Table 6.1-1: Message types for GTPv2**

| Message Type value (Decimal) | Message | Reference | Initial | Triggered |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | Reserved | | | |
| 1 | Echo Request | | X | |
| 2 | Echo Response | | | X |
| 3 | Version Not Supported Indication | | | X |
| 4 to 24 | Reserved for S101 interface | TS 29.276 [14] | | |
| 25 to 31 and 240 to 247 | Reserved for Sv interface | TS 29.280 [15] | | |
| | **SGSN/MME/ TWAN/ePDG to PGW (S4/S11, S5/S8, S2a, S2b)** | | | |
| 32 | Create Session Request | | X | |
| 33 | Create Session Response | | | X |
| 36 | Delete Session Request | | X | |
| 37 | Delete Session Response | | | X |
| | **SGSN/MME/ePDG to PGW (S4/S11, S5/S8, S2b)** | | | |
| 34 | Modify Bearer Request | | X | |
| 35 | Modify Bearer Response | | | X |
| | **SGSN/MME to PGW (S4/S11, S5/S8)** | | | |
| 38 | Change Notification Request | | X | |
| 39 | Change Notification Response | | | X |
| 40 to 63 | For future use | | | |
| 164 | Resume Notification | | X | |
| 165 | Resume Acknowledge | | | X |
| | **Messages without explicit response** | | | |
| 64 | Modify Bearer Command (MME/SGSN/ TWAN/ePDG to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8, S2a, S2b) | | X | |
| 65 | Modify Bearer Failure Indication (PGW to MME/SGSN/ TWAN/ePDG – S5/S8, S11/S4, S2a, S2b) | | | X |
| 66 | Delete Bearer Command (MME/SGSN to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8) | | X | |
| 67 | Delete Bearer Failure Indication (PGW to MME/SGSN – S5/S8, S11/S4)) | | | X |
| 68 | Bearer Resource Command (MME/SGSN to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8) | | X | |
| 69 | Bearer Resource Failure Indication (PGW to MME/SGSN – S5/S8, S11/S4) | | | X |
| 70 | Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication (SGSN**/**MME to SGW – S4/S11) | | X | |
| 71 | Trace Session Activation (MME/SGSN/ TWAN/ePDG to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8, S2a, S2b) | | X | |
| 72 | Trace Session Deactivation (MME/SGSN/ TWAN/ePDG to PGW – S11/S4, S5/S8, S2a, S2b) | | X | |
| 73 | Stop Paging Indication (SGW to MME/SGSN – S11/S4) | | X | |
| 74 to 94 | For future use | | | |
| | **PGW to SGSN/MME/ TWAN/ePDG (S5/S8, S4/S11, S2a, S2b)** | | | |
| 95 | Create Bearer Request | | X | X |
| 96 | Create Bearer Response | | | X |
| 97 | Update Bearer Request | | X | X |
| 98 | Update Bearer Response | | | X |
| 99 | Delete Bearer Request | | X | X |
| 100 | Delete Bearer Response | | | X |
| | **PGW to MME, MME to PGW, SGW to PGW, SGW to MME, PGW to TWAN/ePDG, TWAN/ePDG to PGW (S5/S8, S11, S2a, S2b)** | | | |
| 101 | Delete PDN Connection Set Request | | X | |
| 102 | Delete PDN Connection Set Response | | | X |

| Message Type value (Decimal) | Message | Reference | Initial | Triggered |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **PGW to SGSN/MME(S5, S4/S11)** | | | |
| 103 | PGW Downlink Triggering Notification | | X | |
| 104 | PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge | | | X |
| 105 to 127 | For future use | | | |
| | **MME to MME, SGSN to MME, MME to SGSN, SGSN to SGSN (S3/S10/S16)** | | | |
| 128 | Identification Request | | X | |
| 129 | Identification Response | | | X |
| 130 | Context Request | | X | |
| 131 | Context Response | | | X |
| 132 | Context Acknowledge | | | X |
| 133 | Forward Relocation Request | | X | |
| 134 | Forward Relocation Response | | | X |
| 135 | Forward Relocation Complete Notification | | X | |
| 136 | Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge | | | X |
| 137 | Forward Access Context Notification | | X | |
| 138 | Forward Access Context Acknowledge | | | X |
| 139 | Relocation Cancel Request | | X | |
| 140 | Relocation Cancel Response | | | X |
| 141 | Configuration Transfer Tunnel | | X | |
| 142 to 148 | For future use | | | |
| 152 | RAN Information Relay | | X | |
| | **SGSN to MME, MME to SGSN (S3)** | | | |
| 149 | Detach Notification | | X | |
| 150 | Detach Acknowledge | | | X |
| 151 | CS Paging Indication | | X | |
| 153 | Alert MME Notification | | X | |
| 154 | Alert MME Acknowledge | | | X |
| 155 | UE Activity Notification | | X | |
| 156 | UE Activity Acknowledge | | | X |
| 157 | ISR Status Indication | | X | |
| 158 to 159 | For future use | | | |
| | **SGSN/MME to SGW, SGSN to MME (S4/S11/S3) SGSN to SGSN (S16), SGW to PGW (S5/S8)** | | | |
| 162 | Suspend Notification | | X | |
| 163 | Suspend Acknowledge | | | X |
| | **SGSN/MME to SGW (S4/S11)** | | | |
| 160 | Create Forwarding Tunnel Request | | X | |
| 161 | Create Forwarding Tunnel Response | | | X |
| 166 | Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request | | X | |
| 167 | Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response | | | X |
| 168 | Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request | | X | |
| 169 | Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response | | | X |
| 170 | Release Access Bearers Request | | X | |
| 171 | Release Access Bearers Response | | | X |
| 172 to 175 | For future use | | | |
| | **SGW to SGSN/MME (S4/S11)** | | | |
| 176 | Downlink Data Notification | | X | |
| 177 | Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge | | | X |
| 179 | PGW Restart Notification | | X | |
| 180 | PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge | | | X |
| | **SGW to SGSN (S4)** | | | |
| 178 | Reserved. Allocated in earlier version of the specification. | | | |
| 181 to 199 | For future use | | | |
| | **SGW to PGW, PGW to SGW (S5/S8)** | | | |
| 200 | Update PDN Connection Set Request | | X | |
| 201 | Update PDN Connection Set Response | | | X |
| 202 to 210 | For future use | | | |
| | **MME to SGW (S11)** | | | |
| 211 | Modify Access Bearers Request | | X | |
| 212 | Modify Access Bearers Response | | | X |
| 213 to 230 | For future use | | | |
| | **MBMS GW to MME/SGSN (Sm/Sn)** | | | |

| Message Type value (Decimal) | Message | Reference | Initial | Triggered |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 231 | MBMS Session Start Request | | X | |
| 232 | MBMS Session Start Response | | | X |
| 233 | MBMS Session Update Request | | X | |
| 234 | MBMS Session Update Response | | | X |
| 235 | MBMS Session Stop Request | | X | |
| 236 | MBMS Session Stop Response | | | X |
| 237 to 239 | For future use | | | |
| | **Other** | | | |
| 248 to 255 | For future use | | | |

## 6.1.1 Presence requirements of Information Elements

There are four different presence requirements (Mandatory, Conditional, Optional, or Conditional-Optional) for an IE within a given GTP-PDU:

- Mandatory means that the IE shall be included by the sending side, and that the receiver diagnoses a "Mandatory IE missing" error, when detecting that the IE is not present. A response including a "Mandatory IE missing" cause, shall include the type of the missing IE.

- Conditional means:

  - that the IE shall be included by sending entity if the conditions specified in the relevant protocol specification are met;

  - the receiver shall check the conditions as specified in the corresponding message type description, based on the parameter combination in the message and/or on the state of the receiving node, to infer if a conditional IE shall be expected. Only if a receiver has sufficient information the following applies. A conditional IE, which is absolutely necessary for the receiving entity to complete the procedure, is missing, then the receiver shall abort the procedure.

- Conditional-Optional means:

  - that the IE shall be included by the up-to-date sending entity, if the conditions specified in the relevant protocol specification are met. An entity, which is at an earlier version of the protocol and therefore is not up-to-date, obviously cannot send such new IE.

  - the receiver need not check the presence of the IE in the message. If the receiver checks the presence of the Conditional-Optional IE, then the IE's absence shall not trigger any of the error handling procedures. The handling of an absence or erroneous such IEs shall be treated as Optional IEs as specified in subclause 7.7 "Error Handling".

- Optional means:

  - that the IE shall be included as a service option. Therefore, the IE may be included or not in a message. The handling of an absent optional IE, or an erroneous optional IE is specified in subclause 7.7 "Error Handling".

For conditional IEs, the clause describing the GTP-PDU explicitly defines the conditions under which the inclusion of each IE becomes mandatory or optional for that particular GTP-PDU. These conditions shall be defined so that the presence of a conditional IE only becomes mandatory if it is critical for the receiving entity. The definition might reference other protocol specifications for final terms used as part of the condition.

For grouped IEs, the presence requirement of the embedded IE shall follow the rules:

- The grouped IE is Mandatory within a given message: the presence requirements of individual embedded IEs are as stated within the Mandatory grouped IE for the given message.

- The grouped IE is Conditional within a given message: if the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Mandatory or Conditional, this embedded IE is viewed as Conditional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Conditional-Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver.

- The grouped IE is Conditional-Optional within a given message: if the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Mandatory or Conditional, this embedded IE is viewed as Conditional-Optional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Conditional-Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver. If the embedded IE in the grouped IE is Optional, this embedded IE is viewed as Optional IE by the receiver.

- The grouped IE is Optional within a given message: all embedded IEs in the grouped IE are viewed as Optional IEs by the receiver.

In all of the above cases, appropriate error handling as described in subclause 7.7 shall be applied for protocol errors of the embedded IEs.

Only the Cause information element at message level shall be included in the response if the Cause contains a value that indicates that the request is not accepted regardless of whether there are other mandatory or conditional information elements defined for a given response message.

The following are exceptions:

- Optionally, the Protocol Configuration Options, Recovery, User Location Information (ULI), Bearer Context and Local Distinguished Name (LDN) information elements may be included.

- For the rejection response of a Forward Relocation Request, the Forward Relocation Response message may also include an F-Cause IE as specified in clause 7.3.2.

- For the rejection response of a SRVCC PS to CS Request, the SRVCC PS to CS Response message may also include an SRVCC Cause IE as specified in clause 5.2.3 in 3GPP TS 29.280 [15].

- A Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge (with or) without an indication of success may also include a DL low priority traffic Throttling IE and the IMSI IE.

- The PGW Back-Off Time IE may also be returned when rejecting a Create Session Request with the cause "APN Congestion".

- Change Notification Response message may also include the IMSI and MEI information elements.

- Failure Indication type messages do not have "Accept" types of cause values i.e. all used values indicate the rejection, therefore the preceding rules do not apply. For Failure Indication type of triggered messages, some of the Mandatory information elements, other than the Cause IE, may not be included if they are not available.

## 6.1.2    Grouped Information Elements

Information elements can contain other IEs. This type of IE is called "Grouped IEs".

Grouped IEs have a length value in the TLIV encoding, which includes the added length of all the embedded IEs. Overall coding of a grouped information element with 4 octets long IE header is defined in subclause 8.2 "Information Element Format". Each information element within a grouped IE also shall also contain 4 octets long IE header.

Grouped IEs are not marked by any flag or limited to a specific range of IE type values. The clause describing an IE in this specification shall explicitly state if it is grouped.

NOTE 1:  Each entry into each Grouped IE creates a new scope level. Exit from the grouped IE closes the scope level. The GTPv2 message level is the top most scope. This is analogous to the local scope of a subroutine/function.

If more than one grouped information elements of the same type, but for a different purpose are sent with a message, these IEs shall have different Instance values.

If more than one grouped information elements of the same type and for the same purpose are sent with a message, these IEs shall have exactly the same Instance value to represent a list.

NOTE 2:  For instance, all "Bearer Contexts Modified" IEs of the type "Bearer Context" in a "Modify Bearer Response" message shall have the Instance value of 0, while all "Bearer Contexts Marked for Removal" IEs of the type "Bearer Context" in the same message shall have the Instance value of 1.

## 6.1.3      Information Element instance

Every GTPv2 message and grouped IE within a message in this specification has a column documenting the instance value of each IE.

When a GTPv2 message is encoded for use the instance value of each included IE is encoded in the Instance field of the IE for the message scope. See clause 7 and subclause 8.2 for details of that encoding.

An Information Element in an encoded GTPv2 message or encoded grouped IE is identified by the pair of IE Type and Instance values and described by a specific row in the corresponding tables in subclauses of 7 in the present document.

If several Information Elements with the same Type and Instance values are included in an encoded GTPv2 message, they represent a list for the corresponding IE name and row identified in the message grammar in subclauses of clause 7.

If several Information Elements with the same Type and Instance values are included in an encoded grouped IE, they represent a list for the corresponding IE name and row identified in the grouped IE grammar in subclauses of clause 7.

In tables in this document the instance value for "Private Extension" is marked as VS (Vendor Specific). While an instance value must be encoded by the sender the value can be Vendor and even Private Extension specific.

The same IE name might be used in different messages (on the top level or within grouped IEs) in this specification. The instance value and name of an IE is only meaningful within the scope of the message definition . The combination of Type value and Instance value uniquely identifies a specific row in a message description table.

# 6.2      Message Granularity

The GTPv2-C messages shall be sent per UE on the S3, S10 and S16 interfaces.

The GTPv2-C messages shall be sent per PDN-Connection on the S2a, S2b, S4, S11, S5 and S8 interfaces apart from the following exclusion.

The following GTPv2-C messages are sent per UE on the S4 and S11 interfaces:

-    Downlink Data Notification / Acknowledge / Failure Indication;

-    Stop Paging Indication;

-    Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response;

-    Delete Session Request/Response with Scope Indication set to 1 during following procedures with SGW change:

     -    Tracking Area Update procedure;

     -    Routing Area Update procedure;

     -    Handover procedure;

     -    SRNS Relocation Cancel Using S4;

     -    Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure;

     -    S1 based handover cancel procedure;

-    Delete Bearer Request/Response during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure if the Cause value "ISR deactivation" is included in the Delete Session Request message, or when it is sent to delete the bearer resources on the other ISR associated CN node if the ISRAI flag is not set in the Modify Bearer Request/Modify Access Bearers Request message.

-    Release Access Bearers Request/Response;

-    Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response;

-    Trace Session Activation;

- Trace Session Deactivation;

- Create Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response.

The following GTPv2-C messages are sent per UE on the S11 interface:

- Modify Access Bearers Request/Response.

# 7 GTP-C messages

## 7.1 Path Management Messages

### 7.1.0 General

Three path management messages are specified for GTP-C: Echo Request, Echo Response and Version Not Supported Indication.

The usage of Echo Request / Response procedure is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

### 7.1.1 Echo Request

Table 7.1.1-1 specifies the information elements included in the Echo Request message.

The Recovery information element contains the local Restart Counter, which is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17])

The optional Private Extension contains vendor or operator specific information.

**Table 7.1.1-1: Information Elements in Echo Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Recovery | M | | Recovery | 0 |
| Sending Node Features | CO | This IE shall be sent towards a peer node on any GTPv2 interface if the sending node supports at least one feature on this interface or if the sending node supports at least one feature and does not know the interface type towards the peer node. This IE may be present otherwise. | Node Features | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

### 7.1.2 Echo Response

Table 7.1.2-1 specifies the information elements included in the Echo Response message.

The Recovery information element contains the local Restart Counter, which is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17])

The optional Private Extension contains vendor or operator specific information.

**Table 7.1.2-1: Information Elements in Echo Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Recovery | M | | Recovery | 0 |
| Sending Node Features | CO | This IE shall be sent towards a peer node on any GTPv2 interface if the sending node supports at least one feature on this interface or if the sending node supports at least one feature and does not know the interface type towards the peer node. This IE may be present otherwise. | Node Features | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

NOTE: Having no Cause IE in the Echo Response message is an exceptional case for a triggered message. Hence, a GTP entity that detects a GTP protocol error, e.g Mandatory IE missing, in the Echo Request message, ignores the IE(s) that are in error and sends Echo Response. In addition it can log the error.

## 7.1.3 Version Not Supported Indication

This message contains only the GTPv2 header and indicates the latest GTP version that the sending entity supports.

# 7.2 Tunnel Management Messages

## 7.2.0 General

A node shall include the Recovery information element if it is in contact with the peer for the first time or the node has restarted recently and the new Restart Counter value has not yet been indicated to the peer. The peer receiving the Recovery information element shall handle it as when an Echo Response message is received but shall consider the rest of the message in accordance with the message semantics and parameters.

## 7.2.1 Create Session Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME/S4-SGSN to SGW and from SGW to PGW, and from ePDG/TWAN to the PGW (see Table 6.1-1).

The Create Session Request message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- E-UTRAN Initial Attach

- UE requested PDN connectivity

The message shall also be sent on S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- PDP Context Activation

The message shall also be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change

- S1/X2-based handover with SGW change

- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- 3G Gn/Gp SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

- Gn/Gp SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update procedure

- Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure if the MME and PGW support these procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]

and on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- Routing Area Update with MME interaction and with SGW change

- Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN Routing Area Update

- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update using S4 with SGW change

- Iu mode RA Update Procedure using S4 with SGW change

- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- Serving RNS relocation using S4 with SGW change

- Combined hard handover and SRNS relocation using S4 with SGW change

- Combined Cell / URA update and SRNS relocation using S4 with SGW change

- Enhanced serving RNS relocation with SGW relocation

- Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure if the SGSN and PGW support these procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]

and on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- Initial Attach with GTP on S2b

- UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b

- Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b

and on the S2a interface by the TWAN to the PGW as part of the procedure:

- Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a

If the new Create Session Request message is received by the SGW with TEID 0 in the header for an existing active PDN connection context (the existing PDN connection context is identified with the tuple [IMSI, EPS Bearer ID], whereas IMSI shall be replaced by ME Identity for emergency attached UE without UICC or authenticated IMSI), this Create Session Request message shall be treated as a request for a new session. The existing PDN connection context should be deleted locally, before a new session is created.

If the new Create Session Request message is received by the PGW with TEID 0 in the header for an existing PDN connection context (the existing PDN connection context is identified with the triplet [IMSI, EPS Bearer ID, Interface type], whereas applicable Interface type here is S2a TWAN GTP-C interface or S2b ePDG GTP-C interface or S5/S8 SGW GTP-C interface, and where IMSI shall be replaced by ME Identity for emergency attached UE without UICC or authenticated IMSI), this Create Session Request message shall be treated as a request for a new session. The existing PDN connection context should be deleted locally, before a new session is created.

NOTE: With GTP based S2a and S2b, the EPS Bearer IDs assigned for specific UE over S2a between the TWAN and PGW and over S2b between an ePDG and PGW are independent of the EPS Bearer IDs assigned for the same UE over S5/S8 and may overlap in value (see 3GPP TS 23.402 [45] subclause 4.6.2).

**Table 7.2.1-1: Information Elements in a Create Session Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | C | The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S4/S11 interface, and on S5/S8 interface if provided by the MME/SGSN, except for the case:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.<br><br>The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S4/S11 interface, and on S5/S8 interface if provided by the MME/SGSN, but not used as an identifier<br>- if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.<br><br>The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S2a/S2b interface. | IMSI | 0 |
| MSISDN | C | For an E-UTRAN Initial Attach the IE shall be included when used on the S11 interface, if provided in the subscription data from the HSS.<br>For a PDP Context Activation procedure the IE shall be included when used on the S4 interface, if provided in the subscription data from the HSS.<br>The IE shall be included for the case of a UE Requested PDN Connectivity, if the MME has it stored for that UE.<br>It shall be included when used on the S5/S8 interfaces if provided by the MME/SGSN.<br>The ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface during an Attach with GTP on S2b and a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, if provided by the HSS/AAA.<br><br>The TWAN shall include this IE on the S2a interface during an Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a if provided by the HSS/AAA. | MSISDN | 0 |
| ME Identity (MEI) | C | The MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S11/S4 interface:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless<br><br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated<br><br>For all other cases the MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S11/S4 interface if it is available. | MEI | 0 |
| | CO | If the SGW receives this IE, it shall forward it to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface. | | |
| User Location Information (ULI) | C | This IE shall be included on the S11 interface for E-UTRAN Initial Attach and UE-requested PDN Connectivity procedures. It shall include ECGI&TAI. The MME/SGSN shall also include it on the S11/S4 interface for TAU/RAU/X2-Handover/Enhanced SRNS Relocation procedure if the PGW/PCRF has requested location information change reporting and MME/SGSN support location information change reporting. | ULI | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall also be included on the S4 interface for PDP Context Activation procedure. It shall include either the CGI or SAI, or CGI/SAI together with RAI. | | |
| | CO | This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure if<br>- the level of support (User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) changes; or<br><br>- the target MME/S4-SGSN can not derive the level of support (User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) for the source | | |

| | | Gn/Gp SGSN. See NOTE 9.<br><br>The MME shall include the ECGI and /or TAI in the ULI, the S4-SGSN shall include either the CGI or SAI or RAI, or CGI/SAI together with RAI in the ULI. | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | CO | The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from MME/SGSN. | | | |
| Serving Network | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2b interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a PDP Context Activation, a UE requested PDN connectivity, an Attach with GTP on S2b, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b and a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b. | Serving Network | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall be included on S4/S11 for RAU/TAU/Handover with SGW relocation procedures. | | |
| | CO | The TWAN shall include this IE on the S2a interface and set it to the PLMN identity of the selected PLMN used for 3GPP-based access authentication. The selected PLMN is the PLMN of the 3GPP AAA Proxy in roaming case and the PLMN of the 3GPP AAA Server in non-roaming case. | | |
| RAT Type | M | This IE shall be set to the 3GPP access type or to the value matching the characteristics of the non-3GPP access the UE is using to attach to the EPS.<br><br>The ePDG may use the access technology type of the untrusted non-3GPP access network if it is able to acquire it; otherwise it shall indicate Virtual as the RAT Type.<br><br>The TWAN shall set the RAT Type value to "WLAN" on the S2a interface.<br><br>See NOTE 3, NOTE 4. | RAT Type | 0 |
| Indication Flags | C | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.<br>Applicable flags are:<br>  - S5/S8 Protocol Type: This flag shall be used on the S11/S4 interfaces and set according to the protocol chosen to be used on the S5/S8 interfaces.<br><br>  - Dual Address Bearer Flag: This flag shall be used on the S2b, S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces and shall be set to 1 when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IPv4v6 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to support dual addressing. This shall be determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator. (see also NOTE 5).<br>The TWAN shall set this flag to 1 on the S2a interface if it supports IPv4 and IPv6 and the PDN Type determined from the user subscription data is set to IPv4v6.<br><br>  - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S11/S4 and S5/S8 interface during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or aPDP Context Activation procedure if the PDN connection/PDP Context is handed-over from non-3GPP access.<br>This flag shall be set to 1 on the S2b interface during a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.<br><br>  - Operation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU procedure with SGW relocation, Enhanced SRNS Relocation with SGW relocation and X2-based handovers with SGW relocation.<br><br>  - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used. | Indication | 0 |

| | | | - | Piggybacking Supported: This flag shall be set to 1 only if the MME/ SGW supports the piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. This flag shall be set to 1 on S5/S8 only when both the MME and the SGW support piggybacking. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | - | Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting and if the SGSN/MME's operator policy permits reporting of location change to the operator of the PGW with which the session is being established. See NOTE2. | | |
| | | | - | CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting and if the SGSN/MME's operator policy permits reporting of CSG Information change to the operator of the PGW with which the session is being established. See NOTE 2. | | |
| | | | - | Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE. | | |

| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | M | | F-TEID | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| PGW S5/S8 Address for Control Plane or PMIP | C | This IE shall be sent on the S11 / S4 interfaces. The TEID or GRE Key is set to "0" in the E-UTRAN initial attach, the PDP Context Activation and the UE requested PDN connectivity procedures. | F-TEID | 1 |
| Access Point Name (APN) | M | | APN | 0 |
| Selection Mode | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a PDP Context Activation and a UE requested PDN connectivity.<br><br>This IE shall be included on the S2b interface for an Initial Attach with GTP on S2b and a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b.<br><br>It shall indicate whether a subscribed APN or a non subscribed APN chosen by the UE/MME/SGSN/ePDG was selected.<br><br>This IE shall be included on the S2a interface for an Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a. The value shall be set to "MS or network provided APN, subscription verified". | Selection Mode | 0 |
| | CO | When available, this IE shall be sent by the MME/SGSN on the S11/S4 interface during TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation. | | |
| PDN Type | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a PDP Context Activation and a UE requested PDN connectivity.<br>This IE shall be set to IPv4, IPv6 or IPv4v6. This is based on the UE request and the subscription record retrieved from the HSS (for MME see 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], clause 5.3.1.1, and for SGSN see 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], clause 9.2.1). See NOTE 1. | PDN Type | 0 |
| PDN Address Allocation (PAA) | C | This IE shall be included the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a PDP Context Activation, a UE requested PDN connectivity, an Attach with GTP on S2b, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b and an Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a. For PMIP-based S5/S8, this IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interfaces for TAU/RAU/Handover cases involving SGW relocation.<br><br>The PDN type field in the PAA shall be set to IPv4, or IPv6 or IPv4v6 by MME, based on the UE request and the subscription record retrieved from the HSS (see subclause 8.12 and also NOTE 5).<br><br>The TWAN shall set the PDN type field in the PAA to IPv4, or IPv6 or IPv4v6 based on the IP versions the TWAN supports and the PDN type received in the user subscription data from the HSS/3GPP AAA Server.<br><br>For static IP address assignment (for MME see 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], clause 5.3.1.1, for SGSN see 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], clause 9.2.1, for ePDG see 3GPP TS 23.402 [45] subclause 4.7.3, and for TWAN see 3GPP TS 23.402 [45] subclause 16.1.5), the MME/SGSN/ePDG/TWAN shall set the IPv4 address and/or IPv6 prefix length and IPv6 prefix and Interface Identifier based on the subscribed values received from HSS, if available. For PDN Type IPv4v6, either one of the IP versions (i.e. IPv4 address or IPv6 prefix and Interface Identifier) or both the IP versions may be statically provisioned in the HSS. If only one of the IP versions is statically provisioned in the HSS, the MME/SGSN/ePDG/TWAN shall set the other IP version as all zeros. The value of PDN Type field shall be consistent | PAA | 0 |

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|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | with the value of the PDN Type IE, if present in this message.<br><br>For a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, the ePDG shall set the IPv4 address and/or IPv6 prefix length and IPv6 prefix and Interface Identifier based on the IP address(es) received from the UE.<br><br>If static IP address assignment is not used (e.g. static address is not received from the HSS), and for scenarios other than a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, the IPv4 address shall be set to 0.0.0.0, and/or the IPv6 Prefix Length and IPv6 prefix and Interface Identifier shall all be set to zero. | | |
| | CO | This IE shall be sent by the MME/SGSN on S11/S4 interface during TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation. | | |
| Maximum APN Restriction | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces in the E-UTRAN initial attach, PDP Context Activation and UE Requested PDN connectivity procedures.<br>This IE denotes the most stringent restriction as required by any already active bearer context. If there are no already active bearer contexts, this value is set to the least restrictive type. | APN Restriction | 0 |
| Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR) | C | This IE represents the APN-AMBR. It shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for an E-UTRAN initial attach, UE requested PDN connectivity, PDP Context Activation procedure using S4, PS mobility from the Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN/MME procedures, Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, and Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a. | AMBR | 0 |
| Linked EPS Bearer ID | C | This IE shall be included on S4/S11 in RAU/TAU/HO except in the Gn/Gp SGSN to MME/S4-SGSN RAU/TAU/HO procedures with SGW change to identify the default bearer of the PDN Connection | EBI | 0 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | C | This IE is not applicable to TAU/RAU/Handover. If MME/SGSN receives PCO from UE (during the attach or PDN connectivity procedures), the MME/SGSN shall forward the PCO IE to SGW. The SGW shall also forward it to PGW. | PCO | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts to be created | M | Several IEs with the same type and instance value shall be included on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. One single IE shall be included on the S2a/S2b interface.<br>One bearer shall be included for E-UTRAN Initial Attach, PDP Context Activation, UE requested PDN Connectivity, Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, and Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a.<br>One or more bearers shall be included for a Handover/TAU/RAU with an SGW change.<br>See NOTE 6. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts to be removed | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interfaces for the TAU/RAU/Handover cases where any of the bearers existing before the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure will be deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure.<br>For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included.<br>See NOTE 6. | Bearer Context | 1 |
| Trace Information | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if an SGW trace is activated, and/or on the S5/S8 and S S2a/2b interfaces if a PGW trace is activated. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. | Trace Information | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S S2a/2b interfaces if contacting the peer node for the first | Recovery | 0 |

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|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | time. | | |
| MME-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface and shall be forwarded by an SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| ePDG-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 2 |
| TWAN-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 3 |
| UE Time Zone | CO | This IE shall be included by the MME over S11 during Initial Attach, UE Requested PDN Connectivity procedure. This IE shall be included by the SGSN over S4 during PDP Context Activation procedure. This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN over S11/S4 TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW relocation. | UE Time Zone | 0 |
| | C | If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW across S5/S8 interface. | | |
| User CSG Information (UCI) | CO | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface for E-UTRAN Initial Attach, UE-requested PDN Connectivity and PDP Context Activation using S4 procedures if the UE is accessed via CSG cell or hybrid cell. The MME/SGSN shall also include it for Handover procedures with SGW relocation if the UE is accessed via a CSG cell or hybrid cell or leaves a CSG or hybrid cell and the PGW/PCRF has requested CSG info reporting and MME/SGSN support CSG info reporting. In TAU/RAU procedure with the SGW change, the MME/SGSN shall also include this IE if the UE is accessed via a CSG cell or hybrid cell or leaves a CSG or hybrid cell and the PGW has requested CSG info reporting and MME/SGSN support CSG info reporting and UE requested to active E-RAB for all the active EPS bearers in TAU procedure or to keep the Iu connection after the completion of the RAU procedure. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the User CSG information from MME/SGSN. | UCI | 0 |
| Charging Characteristics | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces according to 3GPP TS 32.251 [8] | Charging Characteristics | 0 |
| MME/S4-SGSN LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the MME to the SGW on the S11 interface and by the S4-SGSN to the SGW on the S4 interface (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 0 |
| SGW LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the PGW on the S5/S8 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 1 |
| ePDG LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the ePDG to the PGW on the S2b interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when contacting the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 2 |
| TWAN LDN | O | This IE may be sent by the TWAN to the PGW on the S2a interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when contacting the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 3 |
| Signalling Priority Indication | CO | The SGSN/MME shall include this IE on the S4/S11 interface if the UE indicates low access priority when requesting to establish the PDN connection. The SGW shall forward this IE in the Create Session Request message on the S5/S8 interfaces if received from the MME/SGSN. | Signalling Priority Indication | 0 |
| UE Local IP Address | CO | The ePDG shall include this IE on S2b interface based on local policy for Fixed Broadband access network interworking see 3GPP in TS 23.139 [51]. | IP Address | 0 |
| UE UDP Port | CO | The ePDG shall include this IE on S2b interface if NAT is detected and UE Local IP Address is present for Fixed Broadband access network interworking see 3GPP in TS 23.139 [51]. | Port Number | 0 |
| Additional Protocol Configuration Options | CO | If multiple authentications are supported by the ePDG, the ePDG shall include this IE on the S2b interface and | Additional Protocol | 0 |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| (APCO) | | perform the corresponding procedures as specified for PAP and CHAP authentication of the UE with external networks in 3GPP TS 33.402 [50]. | Configuration Options (APCO) | |
| | O | If the UE requests the DNS IPv4/IPv6 address in the Configuration Payload (CFG_REQ) during the IPsec tunnel establishment procedure (as specified in 3GPP TS 33.402 [50]), and if the ePDG supports the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE, the ePDG may include this IE over S2b interface and correspondingly set the "DNS Server IPv4/v6 Address Request" parameter as defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. | | |
| | O | The TWAN may include this IE on the S2a interface to retrieve additional IP configuration parameters from the PGW (e.g. DNS server). | | |
| H(e)NB Local IP Address | CO | The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface if the MME/SGSN receives this information from H(e)NB in UE associated S1/Iu signalling according (see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]) during:<br>- E-UTRAN Initial Attach, UE-requested PDN Connectivity and PDP Context Activation using S4;<br>- TAU/RAU/X2-based handover/Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation Procedure with SGW change, if the PGW/PCRF has requested H(e)NB information reporting for the PDN connection.<br><br>The SGW shall forward this IE on S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. | IP Address | 1 |
| H(e)NB UDP Port | CO | The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface if the MME/SGSN receives this information from H(e)NB in UE associated S1/Iu signalling according (see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]) during:<br>- E-UTRAN Initial Attach, UE-requested PDN Connectivity and PDP Context Activation using S4;<br>- TAU/RAU/X2-based handover/Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation Procedure with SGW relocation, if the PGW/PCRF has requested H(e)NB information reporting for the PDN connection.<br><br>The SGW shall forward this IE on S5/S8 interface if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. | Port Number | 1 |
| MME/S4-SGSN Identifier | CO | If the PGW triggered SGW restoration procedure is supported, the MME/S4-SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface and the SGW shall forward this IE on S5 interface in the existing signalling as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | IP Address | 2 |
| TWAN Identifier | O | This IE may be included on the S2a interface for Initial Attach in WLAN procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]. If present, it should contain the BSSID and shall contain the SSID of the access point to which the UE is attached. | TWAN Identifier | 0 |
| ePDG IP Address | O | This IE may be included on the S2b interface based on local policy for Fixed Broadband access network interworking, see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]. If present, it shall contain the ePDG IP address which is used as IKEv2 tunnel endpoint with the UE. | IP Address | 3 |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |

NOTE 1: The conditional PDN Type IE is redundant on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces (as the PAA IE contains exactly the same field). The receiver may ignore it. This IE is never sent on the S2a/S2b interface.

NOTE 2: 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication and/or CSG Change Reporting Support Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers to MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication.

NOTE 3: The methods that the ePDG may use to acquire the RAT type of the untrusted non-3GPP IP access network are not specified in this release.

| | |
|---|---|
| NOTE 4: | The PDN-GW can be informed about the type of access network used by the UE over several reference points, see 3GPP TS 29.212 [30] for the mapping between the code values for the different access network types. |
| NOTE 5: | 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (see subclause 5.3.1.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (see subclause 9.2.1) specify the handling of the cases when UE has requested IPv4v6 PDN Type, but MME does not set the Dual Address Bearer Flag due to the MME operator using single addressing per bearer to support interworking with nodes of earlier releases. |
| NOTE 6: | The Bearer Context to be created IE and Bearer Context to be removed IE, together, shall contain all the bearers belonging to the given PDN connection with each bearer appearing in only one of these IEs. |
| NOTE 7: | Void |
| NOTE 8: | Void |
| NOTE 9: | During the TAU/RAU/Handover from Gn/Gp SGSN, the target MME/S4-SGSN can not derive the level of support for User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting at the source Gn/Gp SGSN. |

**Table 7.2.1-2: Bearer Context to be created within Create Session Request**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| TFT | O | This IE may be included on the S4/S11 interfaces. | Bearer TFT | 0 |
| S1-U eNodeB F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S11 interface for X2-based handover with SGW relocation. | F-TEID | 0 |
| S4-U SGSN F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used. | F-TEID | 1 |
| S5/S8-U SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 interface for an "eUTRAN Initial Attach", a "PDP Context Activation" or a "UE Requested PDN Connectivity". | F-TEID | 2 |
| S5/S8-U PGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S4 and S11 interfaces for the TAU/RAU/Handover cases when the GTP-based S5/S8 is used. | F-TEID | 3 |
| S12 RNC F-TEID | CO | This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is used in the Enhanced serving RNS relocation with SGW relocation procedure. | F-TEID | 4 |
| S2b-U ePDG F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S2b interface for an Attach with GTP on S2b, a UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b and a Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b. | F-TEID | 5 |
| S2a-U TWAN F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S2a interface for an Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a. | F-TEID | 6 |
| Bearer Level QoS | M | | Bearer QoS | 0 |

**Table 7.2.1-3: Bearer Context to be removed within Create Session Request**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| S4-U SGSN F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used. See NOTE 1. | F-TEID | 0 |
| NOTE 1: The conditional S4-U SGSN F-TEID IE is redundant. | | | | |

## 7.2.2 Create Session Response

The Create Session Response message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME, and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- E-UTRAN Initial Attach

- UE requested PDN connectivity

The message shall also be sent on S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN, and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- PDP Context Activation

The message shall also be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update procedure with SGW change

- S1/X2-based handover with SGW change

- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- 3G Gn/Gp SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

- Gn/Gp SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update procedure

- Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure if the MME and PGW support these procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]

and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the procedures:

- Routing Area Update with MME interaction and with SGW change

- Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN Routing Area Update

- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update using S4 with SGW change

- Iu mode RA Update Procedure using S4 with SGW change

- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- Serving RNS relocation using S4 with SGW change

- Combined hard handover and SRNS relocation using S4 with SGW change

- Combined Cell / URA update and SRNS relocation using S4 with SGW change

- Enhanced serving RNS relocation with SGW relocation

- Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure if the SGSN and PGW support these procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]

and on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of the procedures:

- Initial Attach with GTP on S2b

- UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b

- Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b

and on the S2a interface by the PGW to the TWAN as part of the procedure:

- Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a

If handling of default bearer fails, then cause at the message level shall be a failure cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially".

- "New PDN type due to network preference".

- "New PDN type due to single address bearer only".

- "Missing or unknown APN".

- "GRE key not found".

- "Preferred PDN type not supported".

- "All dynamic addresses are occupied".

- "Remote peer not responding".

- "Semantic error in the TFT operation".

- "Syntactic error in the TFT operation".

- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".

- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".

- "User authentication failed".

- "APN access denied – no subscription".

- "APN Restriction type incompatibility with currently active PDN Connection".

- "Version not supported by next peer".

- "Denied in RAT".

- "Protocol type not supported".

- "APN congestion".

- "Multiple PDN connections for a given APN not allowed".

**Table 7.2.2-1: Information Elements in a Create Session Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | See NOTE 2 and NOTE 4. | Cause | 0 |
| Change Reporting Action | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME. | Change Reporting Action | 0 |
| CSG Information Reporting Action | CO | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME. | CSG Information Reporting Action | 0 |
| H(e)NB Information Reporting | CO | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if H(e)NB information reporting is to be started or stopped (during a TAU/RAU with SGW change if started earlier) for the PDN connection in the SGSN/MME. | H(e)NB Information Reporting | 0 |
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | C | This IE shall be sent on the S11/S4 interfaces. For the S5/S8/ S2a/S2b interfaces it is not needed because its content would be identical to the IE PGW S5/S8/ S2a/S2b F-TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface. | F-TEID | 0 |
| PGW S5/S8/ S2a/S2b F-TEID for PMIP based interface or for GTP based Control Plane interface | C | The PGW shall include this IE on the S5/S8 interfaces during the Initial Attach, UE requested PDN connectivity and PDP Context Activation procedures. If the SGW receives this IE it shall forward the IE to MME/S4-SGSN on S11/S4 interaface. This IE shall include the TEID in the GTP based S5/S8 case and the GRE key in the PMIP based S5/S8 case. In PMIP based S5/S8 case, same IP address is used for both control plane and the user plane communication. The PGW shall include this IE on the S2b interface during the Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b and Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b procedures. The PGW shall include this IE on the S2a interface during the Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a procedure. | F-TEID | 1 |
| PDN Address Allocation (PAA) | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces for the E-UTRAN initial attach, PDP Context Activation, UE requested PDN connectivity, Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, and Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a procedures. The PDN type field in the PAA shall be set to IPv4, or IPv6 or IPv4v6 by the PGW. See NOTE4. For the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces, if the PGW uses DHCPv4 for IPv4 address allocation, the IPv4 address field shall be set to 0.0.0.0; otherwise, the IPv4 address field shall be set to non-zero value as specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and 3GPP TS 23.402 [45]. | PAA | 0 |
| APN Restriction | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces in the E-UTRAN initial attach, PDP Context Activation and UE Requested PDN connectivity procedures. This IE shall also be included on S4/S11 during the Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN/MME RAU/TAU procedures. This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context. | APN Restriction | 0 |
| Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR) | C | This IE represents the APN-AMBR. It shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if the received APN-AMBR has been modified by the PCRF. | AMBR | 0 |
| Linked EPS Bearer ID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S4/S11 interfaces during | EBI | 0 |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME RAU/TAU procedure to identify the default bearer the PGW selects for the PDN Connection. | | |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | C | This IE is not applicable for TAU/RAU/Handover. If PGW decides to return PCO to the UE, PGW shall send PCO to SGW. If SGW receives the PCO IE, SGW shall forward it to MME/SGSN. | PCO | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts created | M | EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts sent in request message. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. One single IE shall be included on the S2a/S2b interface.<br>One bearer shall be included for E-UTRAN Initial Attach, PDP Context Activation, UE Requested PDN Connectivity , Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b, Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a.<br>One or more created bearers shall be included for a Handover/TAU/RAU with an SGW change. See NOTE 2. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts marked for removal | C | EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be removed that were sent in the Create Session Request message.<br>For each of those bearers an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included on the S4/S11 interfaces. | Bearer Context | 1 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| Charging Gateway Name | C | When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5 interface.<br>See NOTE 1. | FQDN | 0 |
| Charging Gateway Address | C | When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5 interface. See NOTE 1. | IP Address | 0 |
| PGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces and, when received from S5/S8 be forwarded by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| SGW LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the MME/SGSN on the S11/S4 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 0 |
| PGW LDN | O | This IE is optionally included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 1 |
| PGW Back-Off Time | O | This IE may be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces when the PDN GW rejects the Create Session Request with the cause "APN congestion". It indicates the time during which the MME or S4-SGSN should refrain from sending subsequent PDN connection establishment requests to the PGW for the congested APN for services other than Service Users/emergency services.<br>See NOTE 3. | EPC Timer | 0 |
| Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO) | CO | If multiple authentications are supported by the PGW and if PGW received the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE in the Create Session Request, the PGW shall include this IE on the S2b interface and perform the corresponding procedures as specified for PAP and CHAP authentication of the UE with external networks in 3GPP TS 33.402 [50]. | Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO) | 0 |
| | O | If the PGW supports the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE and if the PGW has received the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE with the "DNS IPv4/IPv6 Server Address Request" parameter in the Create Session Request over S2b interface, the PGW may include this IE over the S2b interface with the "DNS IPv4/IPv6 Server | | |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Address" parameter as specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. | | |
| | O | The PGW may include this IE on the S2a interface to provide the TWAN with additional IP configuration parameters (e.g. DNS server), if a corresponding request was received in the Create Session Request message. | | |
| Trusted WLAN IPv4 Parameters | CO | The PGW shall include this IE on the S2a interface to a Trusted WLAN Access if PDN Type in the PAA is set to IPv4 or IPv4v6 and shall include:<br>- The Subnet Prefix Length of the subnet from which the PGW allocates the UE"s IPv4 address.<br><br>- The IPv4 Default Router Address which belongs tothe same subnet as the IPv4 address allocated to the UE. | IPv4 Configuration Parameters (IP4CP) | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE1: Both Charging Gateway Name and Charging Gateway Address shall not be included at the same time. When both are available, the operator configures a preferred value.<br>NOTE2: If the SGW cannot accept any of the "Bearer Context Created" IEs within Create Session Request message, the SGW shall send the Create Session Response with appropriate reject Cause value.<br>NOTE 3: The last received value of the PGW Back-Off Time IE shall supersede any previous values received from that PGW and for this APN in the MME/SGSN.<br>NOTE4: 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (see subclause 5.3.1.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (see subclause 9.2.1) specify the handling of the cases when UE has requested IPv4v6 PDN Type, but PGW restricts the usage of IPv4v6 PDN Type. |||||

*ETSI*

**Table 7.2.2-2: Bearer Context Created within Create Session Response**

| Octets 1 | | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | | Length = n | | |
| Octets 4 | | Spare and Instance fields | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, it gives information on the reason. (NOTE 1, NOTE 2, NOTE 3) | Cause | 0 |
| S1-U SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S11 interface if the S1-U interface is used. | F-TEID | 0 |
| S4-U SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used. | F-TEID | 1 |
| S5/S8-U PGW F-TEID | C | For GTP-based S5/S8, this User Plane IE shall be included on S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces during the "eUTRAN Initial Attach", a "PDP Context Activation" or a "UE Requested PDN Connectivity". | F-TEID | 2 |
| S12 SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is used. | F-TEID | 3 |
| S2b-U PGW F-TEID | C | This IE (for user plane) shall be included on the S2b interface during the Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, and Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b. | F-TEID | 4 |
| S2a-U PGW F-TEID | C | This IE (for user plane) shall be included on the S2a interface during the Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a. | F-TEID | 5 |
| Bearer Level QoS | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if the received QoS parameters have been modified. | Bearer QoS | 0 |
| Charging Id | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 interface for an E-UTRAN initial attach, a PDP Context Activation and a UE requested PDN connectivity. | Charging Id | 0 |
| | O | If the S5/S8 interface is GTP, this IE may be included on the S4 interface, in order to support CAMEL charging at the SGSN, for a PDP Context Activation, inter S4-SGSN RAU with SGW change and Gn/Gp to S4-SGSN RAU. | | |
| | CO | This IE shall be included on the S2a/S2b interface for an Initial Attach in WLAN on GTP S2a, Attach with GTP on S2b, UE initiated Connectivity to Additional PDN with GTP on S2b, and Handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP IP Access with GTP on S2b. | | |
| Bearer Flags | O | Applicable flags are:<br>- PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression) : this flag may be set on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces. | Bearer Flags | 0 |
| NOTE 1: According to 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.5.1.2.2 "S1-based handover, normal" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during the handover procedure with an SGW change, except in the case of X2-handover (NOTE2 addresses X2 based HO with SGW change case), the target MME/S4-SGSN initiates the Create Session Request/Response and Modify Bearer Request/Response procedures one after the other. After receiving the "Bearer Context to be Created" IEs within Create Session Request message, the SGW may not accept some of these bearers. The SGW however shall return all bearers with the "Bearer Context Created" IEs within Create Session Response message (this table), but with different Cause values. Bearers that were not accepted by the SGW shall have an appropriate rejection value in the Cause IE. The target MME/S4-SGSN shall send these non-accepted bearers to the target SGW within the "Bearer Context to be removed" IE in a subsequent Modify Bearer Request message. Therefore, the SGW shall allocate the DL S5/S8 SGW F-TEIDs also for the non-accepted bearers. MME/S4-SGSN should remove all of the non-accepted bearers by separate procedures (e.g. an MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). | | | | |
| NOTE 2: According to 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] subclause 5.5.1.1.3, "X2-based handover with Serving GW relocation", and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] subclause 6.9.2.2.5A "Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation Procedure using S4", during the X2-handover procedure with an SGW change and Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation Procedure with an SGW change, the target MME/S4-SGSN shall initiate only the Create Session Request/Response procedure. The SGW shall return all bearers (including those not accepted by the SGW) with a "Bearer Context Created" IE within Create Session Response message (this table), but with different Cause values. Bearers that were not accepted by the SGW shall have an appropriate rejection value in the Cause IE, The MME/S4-SGSN should | | | | |

| | remove these non-accepted bearers by separate procedures as well. |
|---|---|
| NOTE 3: | According to 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during the RAU/TAU procedure with an SGW change, the target MME/S4-SGSN shall initiate only the Create Session Request/Response procedure. The SGW shall return all bearers (including those not accepted by the SGW) with a "Bearer Context Created' IE within Create Session Response message (this table), but with different Cause values. Bearers that were not accepted by the SGW shall have an appropriate rejection value in the Cause IE. When Active Flag or Follow-on request is set during TAU/RAU procedure, MME/S4-SGSN should not establish user plane tunnel over S1 or Iu for those bearer contexts which were not accepted by the target SGW, while in the corresponding Modify Bearer Request message, the MME/S4-SGSN shall include all accepted bearer contexts in the "Bearer Context to be modified" IE and include all non-accepted bearer contexts in the "Bearer Context to be removed" IE. The MME/S4-SGSN should remove the bearers non-accepted by either SGW or eNB/RNC by separate procedures as well. |

**Table 7.2.2-3: Bearer Context marked for removal within a Create Session Response**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives the information on the reason. | Cause | 0 |

## 7.2.3 Create Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW and from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN, and from PGW to TWAN/ePDG (see Table 6.1-1).

The Create Bearer Request message shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the Dedicated Bearer Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure or the Network Requested Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S2a interface by the PGW to the TWAN as part of the Dedicated bearer activation in WLAN on GTP S2a, and on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of the Dedicated S2b bearer activation with GTP on S2b.

**Table 7.2.3-1: Information Elements in a Create Bearer Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Procedure Transaction Id (PTI) | C | This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces when the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure or UE Requested Bearer Resource Allocation Procedure (see NOTE 1) or Secondary PDP Context Activation Procedure. The PTI shall be the same as the one used in the corresponding Bearer Resource Command. | PTI | 0 |
| Linked Bearer Identity (LBI) | M | This IE shall be included to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN connection. | EBI | 0 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces. | PCO | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts | M | Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| PGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces and, when received from S5/S8 be forwarded by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| Change Reporting Action | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME. | Change Reporting Action | 0 |
| CSG Information Reporting Action | CO | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME. | CSG Information Reporting Action | 0 |
| H(e)NB Information Reporting | CO | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if H(e)NB information reporting is to be started or stopped for the PDN connection in the SGSN/MME. | H(e)NB Information Reporting | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: This message refers to the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure and UE requested bearer resource modification procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], both are specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] in the clause "UE requested bearer resource modification". | | | | |

NOTE: In the case that the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure or a UE Requested Bearer Resource Allocation Procedure or Secondary PDP Context Activation Procedure, then there will be only one instance of the Bearer Contexts IE in the Create Bearer Request.

**Table 7.2.3-2: Bearer Context within Create Bearer Request**

| Octets 1 | | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | | Length = n | | |
| Octets 4 | | Spare and Instance fields | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | This IE shall be set to 0. | EBI | 0 |
| TFT | M | This IE can contain both uplink and downlink packet filters to be sent to the UE or the TWAN/ePDG. | Bearer TFT | 0 |
| S1-U SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if the S1-U interface is used. | F-TEID | 0 |
| S5/8-U PGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S4, S5/S8 and S11 interfaces for GTP-based S5/S8 interface. The MME/SGSN shall ignore the IE on S11/S4 for PMIP-based S5/S8 interface. | F-TEID | 1 |
| S12 SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is used. | F-TEID | 2 |
| S4-U SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used. | F-TEID | 3 |
| S2b-U PGW F-TEID | C | This IE (for user plane) shall be sent on the S2b interface. | F-TEID | 4 |
| S2a-U PGW F-TEID | C | This IE (for user plane) shall be sent on the S2a interface. | F-TEID | 5 |
| Bearer Level QoS | M | | Bearer QoS | 0 |
| Charging Id | C | This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface. | Charging Id | 0 |
| | O | If the S5/S8 interface is GTP, this IE may be sent on the S4 interface, in order to support CAMEL charging at the SGSN. | | |
| | CO | This IE shall be sent on the S2a/S2b interface. | | |
| Bearer Flags | O | Applicable flags are:<br>- PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression) : this flag may be set on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces.<br><br>- vSRVCC indicator: This IE may be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 interface according to 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. When received from S5/S8, SGW shall forward on the S11 interface. | Bearer Flags | 0 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist. | PCO | 0 |

## 7.2.4 Create Bearer Response

The Create Bearer Response message shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW, and on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the Dedicated Bearer Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW and on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure or the Network Requested Secondary PDP Context Activation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S2a interface by the TWAN to the PGW as part of the Dedicated bearer activation in WLAN on GTP S2a and on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of the Dedicated S2b bearer activation with GTP on S2b.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially".

- "Context not found".

- "Semantic error in the TFT operation".

- "Syntactic error in the TFT operation".

- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".

- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".

-  "Unable to page UE".

- "UE not responding".

- "Unable to page UE due to Suspension".

-  "UE refuses".

- "Denied in RAT".

**Table 7.2.4-1: Information Elements in a Create Bearer Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts | M | Several IEs with this type and instance value shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| MME-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interfaceand shall be forwarded by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| ePDG-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 2 |
| TWAN-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 3 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | C | If the UE includes the PCO IE, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the PCO IE included by the UE. If the SGW receives PCO from MME/SGSN, SGW shall forward it to the PGW. | PCO | 0 |
| UE Time Zone | O | This IE is optionally included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. | UE Time Zone | 0 |
| | CO | The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN. | | |
| User Location Information (ULI) | CO | This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. | ULI | 0 |
| | CO | The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. | | |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |

**Table 7.2.4-2: Bearer Context within Create Bearer Response**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, it gives information on the reason. | Cause | 0 |
| S1-U eNodeB F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if the S1-U interface is used. | F-TEID | 0 |
| S1-U SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request. | F-TEID | 1 |
| S5/8-U SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interfaces. | F-TEID | 2 |
| S5/8-U PGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interfaces. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request. | F-TEID | 3 |
| S12 RNC F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is used. See NOTE1. | F-TEID | 4 |
| S12 SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request. See NOTE1. | F-TEID | 5 |
| S4-U SGSN F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is used. See NOTE1. | F-TEID | 6 |
| S4-U SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request. See NOTE1. | F-TEID | 7 |
| S2b-U ePDG F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S2b interface. | F-TEID | 8 |
| S2b-U PGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S2b interface. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request. | F-TEID | 9 |
| S2a-U TWAN F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S2a interface. | F-TEID | 10 |
| S2a-U PGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S2a interface. It shall be used to correlate the bearers with those in the Create Bearer Request. | F-TEID | 11 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | CO | If the UE includes the PCO IE in the corresponding message, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the PCO IE included by the UE. If the SGW receives PCO from MME/SGSN, SGW shall forward it to the PGW. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist. | PCO | 0 |
| NOTE 1: When sending a Create Bearer Request message to an S4-SGSN for a UE in idle mode, the SGW can not know whether the S4-SGSN will establish a direct user plane tunnel between the RNC and the SGW. The SGW may include either the S4-U SGW F-TEID IE or the S12 SGW F-TEID IE in the Create Bearer Request message. The S4-SGSN will decide whether to establish a direct user plane tunnel or not and will provide accordingly either a S12 RNC F-TEID or a S4-U SGSN F-TEID in the Create Bearer Response message, where the interface type of the provided F-TEID may differ from the interface type of the SGW F-TEID used for bearer correlation, e.g. if the SGW includes the S4-U SGW F-TEID in the Create Bearer Request message, and if the SGSN decides to use Direct Tunnelling, the S4-SGSN shall provide the S12 RNC F-TEID in the Create Bearer Response message, together with S4-U SGW F-TEID. The SGW should not treat this as an error. | | | | |

## 7.2.5    Bearer Resource Command

A Bearer Resource Command message shall be sent from a MME to a SGW and forwarded to PGW as a part of the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure or UE requested bearer resource modification procedure (which is used also for a dedicated bearer deactivation) , as specified by 3GPP TS 24.301 [23].

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by a SGSN to a SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by a SGW to a PGW as part of the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure, or secondary PDP context activation procedure.

Table 7.2.5-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.2.5-1: Information Elements in a Bearer Resource Command**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI) | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Procedure Transaction Id (PTI) | M | | PTI | 0 |
| Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS) | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the "Requested New QoS"/"Required QoS" is included in the corresponding NAS message (see section 9.5.10 and section 9.5.15a in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]) or the "Required traffic flow QoS" is included in the corresponding NAS message (see section 8.3.8 and section 8.3.10 in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]). If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW across S5/S8 interface. | Flow QoS | 0 |
| Traffic Aggregate Description (TAD) | M | The TAD consists of the description of the packet filter(s) for a traffic flow aggregate. MME shall include this IE over S11 interface. | TAD | 0 |
| | CO | If S4-SGSN receives this IE from the UE, it shall include it over S4 interface. | | |
| | CO | If SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW over S5/S8 interface. See NOTE 2. | | |
| RAT Type | C | This IE shall be included for MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure and Secondary PDP context activation procedure. | RAT Type | 0 |
| Serving Network | O | This IE may be included in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure. | Serving Network | 0 |
| User Location Information (ULI) | O | This IE may be included in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure. | ULI | 0 |
| EPS Bearer ID | C | This IE indicates the EPS Bearer that needs to be modified. It shall be included for MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure. For EUTRAN this IE shall be present if it is triggered by the NAS Bearer Resource Modification Request message and its value shall be set to the value of the "EPS bearer identity for packet filter" IE received in that NAS message. | EBI | 1 |
| Indication Flags | O | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags: <br> - Change Reporting Support Indication: this flag may be included in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure. <br><br> - Direct Tunnel Flag: this flag may be included in the MS initiated PDP Context Modification procedure. | Indication | 0 |
| S4-U SGSN F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct tunnel is not established in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure See NOTE 1 | F-TEID | 0 |
| S12 RNC F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct tunnel flag is set to 1 in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure. See NOTE 1 | F-TEID | 1 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | O | | PCO | 0 |
| Signalling Priority Indication | CO | The SGSN/MME shall include this IE on the S4/S11 interface if the UE indicates low access priority during the procedure. The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interfaces if received from the MME/SGSN. | Signalling Priority Indication | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: The conditional S4-U SGSN F-TEID and S12 RNC F-TEID IE are redundant (as the IEs will be included in Update Bearer Response message in the MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure). The receiver may ignore it. | | | | |
| NOTE 2: In the secondary PDP context activation procedure, if the Bearer Resource Command message without TAD IE is received, the PGW shall reject the message with cause "UE context without TFT | | | | |

| already activated". |
|---|

NOTE: Depending on the protocol type on the S5/S8 interface, the SGW or the PGW will determine if the UE is requesting an Allocation/Modification operation of bearer resources for a traffic flow aggregate based on the TFT operation code and the packet filter ID value in the Traffic Aggregate (TAD) IE and/or the presence of the EPS Bearer ID IE.

## 7.2.6 Bearer Resource Failure Indication

A Bearer Resource Failure Indication shall be sent by the PGW to an SGW and forwarded to the MME to indicate failure of the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure or UE requested bearer resource modification procedure, as specified by 3GPP TS 24.301 [23].

The message shall also be sent by a PGW to an SGW and forwarded to an SGSN as part of the failure of an MS initiated PDP Context modification procedure or secondary PDP context activation procedure.

Table 7.2.6-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Semantic error in the TAD operation".

- "Syntactic error in the TAD operation".

- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".

- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".

- "Collision with network initiated request".

- "Service denied".

- "Bearer handling not supported".

- "UE context without TFT already activated".

**Table 7.2.6-1: Information Elements in a Bearer Resource Failure Indication**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Linked EPS Bearer ID | M | See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements". | EBI | 0 |
| Procedure Transaction ID (PTI) | M | See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements". | PTI | 0 |
| Recovery | O | | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.2.7 Modify Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME/S4-SGSN to SGW and/or from SGW to PGW (see Table 6.1-1).

The Modify Bearer Request message shall only be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change

- UE triggered Service Request

- S1-based Handover

- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover

- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover

- E-UTRAN Initial Attach

- UE requested PDN connectivity

- 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

- X2-based handover without SGW relocation

- UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN SRVCC

It shall also only be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- Routeing Area Update with MME interaction and without SGW change

- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover

- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover

- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update to S4 SGSNs without SGW change

- Iu mode RA Update Procedure without SGW change

- Serving RNS Relocation Procedure

- Combined Hard Handover and SRNS Relocation Procedure

- Combined Cell / URA Update and SRNS Relocation Procedure

- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation without SGW relocation

- UE Initiated Service Request Procedure

- Iu mode to A/Gb mode Intra SGSN Change

- A/Gb mode to Iu mode Intra SGSN Change

- Iu mode to A/Gb mode Inter-SGSN Change

- A/Gb mode to Iu mode Inter-SGSN Change

- Paging Response with no established user plane on S4

- PDP Context Activation Procedure

- UTRAN/GERAN to UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC

only on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- RAB Assignment Procedure

- SRVCC from E-UTRAN to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support procedures and SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support.

and only on the S5/S8 interfaces by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update procedure with SGW change

- Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN Routing Area Update

- X2 based handover with SGW relocation

- Gn/Gp SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update

- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation

- Routeing Area Update with MME interaction and with SGW change

- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update using S4 with SGW change

- Iu mode RA Update Procedure using S4 with SGW change

- Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure if the MME/SGSN and PGW support these procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]

and on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- UE initiated IPsec tunnel update procedure

If the optional network triggered service restoration feature is supported by the MME, SGSN and SGW, then the Modify Bearer Request message shall also be sent as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure with ISR during an intra MME TAU and an intra S4-SGSN RAU procedure for UEs that had ISR active before either the MME or the S4-SGSN has restarted, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]:

- on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW, if the MME detected that the ISR associated S4-SGSN has restarted and UE performs a TAU procedure;

- on the S4 interface by the S4-SGSN to the SGW, if the S4-SGSN detected that the ISR associated MME has restarted and UE performs a RAU procedure.

This message can be used as an implicit resume of the suspended bearers in the SGW and in the PGW (see 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] sections 6.2.2.1 and 6.3.2.1, 3GPP TS 23.272 [21] sections 6.3, 6.5 and 7.4). A Modify Bearer Request used as an implicit resume can contain zero or more IE(s), depending on the conditions of presence of the IEs specified in table 7.2.7-1. The PGW should not consider a Modify Bearer Request with zero IE as an error.

The Modify Bearer Request message may also be sent in the following cases from the S4-SGSN to the SGW/PGW to report a change of Serving Network, User CSG Information or/and UE Time Zone which occured during a previous RAU procedure without SGSN change but which has not been reported yet to the SGW/PGW:

- during a Service Request to establish data radio bearers for the corresponding PDP context for a UE in UTRAN with an existing S4-U tunnel;

- when the SGSN receives an uplink PDU from a UE in GERAN with an existing S4-U tunnel.

**Table 7.2.7-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ME Identity (MEI) | C | If an SGW receives this IE from an MME/SGSN during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure, the SGW shall forward it across the S5/S8 interface to the PGW. | MEI | 0 |
| User Location Information (ULI) | C | The MME/SGSN shall include this IE for the TAU/RAU/Handover procedures if the PGW/PCRF has requested location information change reporting and MME/SGSN support location information change reporting. An MME/SGSN which supports location information change shall include this IE for UE-initiated Service Request procedure if the PGW/PCRF has requested location information change reporting and the UE"s location info has changed. See NOTE 5.<br><br>When ISR is active, the MME/SGSN which supports location information change shall include this IE for UE-initiated Service Request procedure, if the PGW/PCRF has requested location information change reporting.<br><br>When ISR is not active, the SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from MME/SGSN.<br>When ISR is active, the SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if<br>- it receives the ULI from MME/S4-SGSN and the RAT Type has changed since last reported; or<br><br>- it receives the ULI from MME/S4-SGSN and the CLII flag has been set to 1. | ULI | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface for a TAU/RAU/Handover with MME/SGSN change without SGW change procedure, if the level of support (User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) changes.<br>The MME shall include the ECGI and /or TAI in the ULI, the S4-SGSN shall include either the CGI or SAI or RAI, or CGI/SAI together with RAI in the ULI. See NOTE 10. | | |
| | CO | This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface for a handover procedure with SGW change procedure if<br>- the level of support (User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) changes; or<br><br>- the target MME/S4-SGSN can not derive the level of support (User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting) for the source Gn/Gp SGSN. See NOTE 14.<br><br>The MME shall include the ECGI and /or TAI in the ULI, the S4-SGSN shall include either the CGI or SAI or RAI, or CGI/SAI together with RAI in the ULI. See NOTE 10. | | |
| | CO | The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from MME/SGSN. | | |
| Serving Network | CO | This IE shall be included on S11/S4 interface during the following procedures:<br>- TAU/RAU/handover if Serving Network is changed.<br><br>- TAU/RAU when the UE was ISR activated which is indicated by ISRAU flag.<br><br>- UE triggered Service Request when UE is ISR activated.<br><br>- UE initiated Service Request if ISR is not active, but the Serving Network has changed during previous mobility procedures, i.e. intra MME/S4-SGSN | Serving Network | 0 |

| | | TAU/RAU and the change has not been reported to the PGW yet.<br><br>- TAU/RAU procedure as part of the optional network triggered service restoration procedure with ISR, as specified by 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | CO | This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface during a TAU/RAU/Handover with MME/SGSN change if the source MME/SGSN has set the SNCR bit in the Change to Report Flags IE in the Forward Relocation Request or Context Response message. | | | |
| | CO | This IE shall be included on S5/S8 if the SGW receives this IE from MME/SGSN and if ISR is not active. <br> This IE shall be included on S5/S8 if the SGW receives this IE from MME/SGSN and ISR is active and the Modify Bearer Request message needs to be sent to the PGW as specified in the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. | | | |
| RAT Type | C | This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface for a TAU with an SGSN interaction, UE triggered Service Request or an I-RAT Handover. <br> This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface for a RAU with MME interaction, a RAU with an SGSN change, a UE Initiated Service Request or an I-RAT Handover. <br> This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface if the RAT type changes. | RAT Type | 0 |
| | CO | If SGW receives this IE from MME/SGSN during a TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change procedure, the SGW shall forward it across S5/S8 interface to PGW. See NOTE 10. | | | |
| | CO | The IE shall be sent on the S11/S4 interface during the following procedures: <br> - an inter MME TAU or inter SGSN RAU when UE was ISR activated which is indicated by ISRAU flag. <br><br> - TAU/RAU procedure as part of optional network triggered service restoration procedure with ISR, as specified by 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. <br><br> If ISR is active, this IE shall also be included on the S11 interface in the S1-U GTP-U tunnel setup procedure during an intra-MME intra-SGW TAU procedure. | | | |
| Indication Flags | C | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. <br> Applicable flags are: <br> - ISRAI: This flag shall be used on S4/S11 interface and set to 1 if the ISR is established between the MME and the S4 SGSN. <br><br> - Handover Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S4/S11 and S5/S8 interfaces during an E-UTRAN Initial Attach or for a UE Requested PDN Connectivity or a PDP Context Activation procedure, if the PDN connection/PDP context is handed-over from non-3GPP access. <br><br> - Direct Tunnel Flag: This flag shall be used on the S4 interface and set to 1 if Direct Tunnel is used. <br><br> - Change Reporting support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports location Info Change Reporting and if the SGSN/MME's operator policy permits reporting of location change to the operator of the PGW with which the session is established. This flag should be ignored by SGW if no message is sent on S5/S8. See NOTE 4. <br><br> - CSG Change Reporting Support Indication: shall be used on S4/S11, S5/S8 and set if the SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting and if the SGSN/MME's operator policy permits reporting of the CSG Information change to the operator of the PGW with which the session is established. This flag shall be ignored by SGW if | Indication | 0 |

| | | no message is sent on S5/S8. See NOTE 4. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | - Change F-TEID support Indication: This flag shall be used on S4/S11 for an IDLE state UE initiated TAU/RAU procedure and set to 1 to allow the SGW changing the GTP-U F-TEID. | | |
| | | - Propagate BBAI Information Change: The MME/SGSN shall set this flag on S11/S4 in procedures without MME/SGSN change if the PGW has requested H(e)NB information reporting and the H(e)NB local IP address or UDP port number information from H(e)NB in UE associated S1/Iu signalling has changed. (NOTE 8) The MME/SGSN shall set this flag on S11/S4 during TAU/RAU/Handover with MME/SGSN change procedures if the PGW has requested H(e)NB information reporting. See 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]. | | |
| | | - CS to PS SRVCC indication: This flag shall be used on S4/S11 and on S5/S8, and it shall be set during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. | | |
| | | - Change of Location Information Indication (CLII): This flag shall be used on S4/S11 interface only when the ISR is active for the UE. This flag shall be set to 1 by the MME/S4-SGSN if the ULI IE is included in the Modify Bearer Request message and the location information has changed since last reported by the MME/S4-SGSN. See NOTE 9. | | |

| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | C | The new MME/SGSN shall include this IE on the S11 and S4 interfaces for a TAU/RAU/ Handover with an MME/SGSN change and without any SGW change. See NOTE 10.<br>If the SGW receives this IE and if it finds that its value is the same as the earlier received value of this IE for this UE, it should interpret this to mean that the MME/SGSN has not changed.<br><br>The new SGW shall include this IE on the S5 and S8 interfaces for a TAU/RAU/Handover with a SGW change. See NOTE 10.<br>If the PGW receives this IE and if it finds that its value is the same as the earlier received value of this IE for this PDN connection, it should interpret this to mean that the SGW has not changed. | F-TEID | 0 |
| Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR) | C | The APN-AMBR shall be sent for the PS mobility from the Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN/MME procedures.. | AMBR | 0 |
| Delay Downlink Packet Notification Request | C | This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface for a UE triggered Service Request. | Delay Value | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall be sent on the S4 interface for a UE triggered Service Request. | | |
| Bearer Contexts to be modified | C | This IE shall be sent on the S4/S11 interface and S5/S8 interface, except<br>  - on the S5/S8 interface for a UE triggered Service Request.<br>  - on the S5/S8 interface for a TAU/RAU/HO without SGW change procedure. See NOTE 10.<br>(see NOTE 6).<br>When Handover Indication flag is set to 1 (i.e., for EUTRAN Initial Attach or UE Requested PDN Connectivity when the UE comes from non-3GPP access), the PGW shall ignore this IE. See NOTE 1.<br>Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers to be modified.<br>During a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, the SGW includes all bearers it received from the MME/SGSN (Bearer Contexts to be created, or Bearer Contexts to be modified and also Bearer Contexts to be removed) into the list of 'Bearer Contexts to be modified' IEs, which are then sent on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW (see NOTE 2, see NOTE 10).<br>See NOTE11. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts to be removed | C | This IE shall be included on the S4 and S11 interfaces for the TAU/RAU/Handover and Service Request procedures where any of the bearers existing before the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure and Service Request procedures will be deactivated as consequence of the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure and Service Request procedures. (see NOTE 3)<br>For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value, shall be included.<br>See NOTE11. | Bearer Context | 1 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| UE Time Zone | CO | This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN on the S11/S4 interfaces if the UE Time Zone has changed in the case of TAU/RAU/Handover or UE initiated Service Request procedure. See NOTE 5. | UE Time Zone | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall also be included on the S4/S11 interface during a TAU/RAU/Handover with MME/SGSN change if the source MME/SGSN has set the TZCR bit in the Change to Report Flags IE in the Forward Relocation Request or Context Response message. | | |
| | C | If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW across S5/S8 interface. | | |
| MME-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by MME on S11 and shall be | FQ-CSID | 0 |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | forwarded by SGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | | |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by SGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| User CSG Information (UCI) | CO | The MME/SGSN shall include this IE for Handover procedures and UE-initiated Service Request procedure if the PGW/PCRF has requested CSG Info reporting and the MME/SGSN support the CSG information reporting and the User CSG information has changed (i.e. the UE is accessed via a new CSG cell or hybrid cell or leaves a CSG or hybrid cell). In TAU/RAU procedure without SGW change, this IE shall also be sent if the PGW/PCRF has requested CSG info reporting and MME support CSG info reporting and the User CSG information has changed (i.e. the UE is accessed via a new CSG cell or hybrid cell or leaves a CSG or hybrid cell) when UE requested to active E-RAB for all the active EPS bearers in TAU procedure or to keep the Iu connection after the completion of the RAU procedure. See NOTE 5. See NOTE 10. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the User CSG Information from MME/SGSN. | UCI | 0 |
| UE Local IP Address | CO | If the UE local IP Address has changed, the ePDG shall include this IE on S2b interface based on local policy for Fixed Broadband access network interworking (see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]). | IP Address | 1 |
| UE UDP Port | CO | The ePDG shall include this IE on S2b interface if NAT is detected and UE Local IP Address is present for Fixed Broadband access network interworking (see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]). | Port Number | 1 |
| MME/S4-SGSN LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the MME to the SGW on the S11 interface and by the SGSN to the SGW on the S4 interface (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 0 |
| SGW LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the PGW on the S5/S8 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), for inter-SGW mobity, when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 1 |
| H(e)NB Local IP Address | CO | The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface if the PGW/PCRF has requested H(e)NB information reporting and the MME/SGSN has received this information from H(e)NB in UE associated S1/Iu signalling (see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]).<br><br>The SGW shall forward this IE on S5/S8 interface if it is received from the MME/SGSN and<br>- the Modify Bearer Request message needs to be sent to the PGW as specified in the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]; or<br>- the Propagate BBAI information change flag is received from the MME/SGSN.<br><br>(NOTE 7) | IP Address | 0 |
| H(e)NB UDP Port | CO | The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface if the PGW/PCRF has requested H(e)NB information reporting and the MME/SGSN has received this information from H(e)NB in UE associated S1/Iu signalling (see 3GPP TS 23.139 [51]).<br><br>The SGW shall forward this IE on S5/S8 interface if it is received from the MME/SGSN and<br>- the Modify Bearer Request message needs to be sent to the PGW as specified in the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]; or<br>- the Propagate BBAI information change flag is received from the MME/SGSN.<br><br>(NOTE 7) | Port Number | 0 |

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| MME/S4-SGSN Identifier | CO | If the PGW triggered SGW restoration procedure is supported, the MME/S4-SGSN shall include this IE on S11/S4 interface and the SGW shall forward this IE on S5 interface in the existing signalling as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | | IP Address | 2 |
| Private Extension | O | | | Private Extension | VS |

NOTE1: This requirement is introduced for backwards compatibility reasons. If Bearer Contexts to be modified IE(s) is received in the Modify Bearer Request message, the PGW shall include corresponding Bearer Contexts modified IE(s) in the Modify Bearer Response message.

NOTE2: According to the description in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] e.g. subclause 5.3.3.1 "Tracking Area Update procedure with Serving GW change" and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], during a TAU/RAU/Handover procedure with an SGW change, if the SGW receives 'Bearer Context to be removed' IEs, the SGW shall allocate the S5/8-U SGW F-TEID for those bearers and include also these bearers in the 'Bearer contexts to be modified' IE, which is then sent within this message on the S5/S8 interface to the PGW.

NOTE3: The 'Bearer Contexts to be removed' IE signals to the SGW that these bearers will be removed by the MME/SGSN later on by separate procedures (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure). Therefore, the SGW will not delete these bearers during the ongoing TAU/RAU/Handover procedure (without an SGW change), a Handover procedure (with an SGW change except for an X2-Handover) and a Service Request procedure.

NOTE 4: 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication and/or CSG Change Reporting Support Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers to MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication.

NOTE 5: In TAU/RAU procedure, if the UE requested to active E-RAB for all the active EPS bearers in TAU procedure or to keep the Iu connection after the completion of the RAU procedure, the User Location Info/User CSG Information/UE Time Zone shall not be sent in S1-U GTP-U tunnel setup procedure during the TAU procedure (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]) or in the Service Request procedure after the completion of the RAU procedure.

NOTE 6: 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] specifies that the MME/SGSN shall send the Modify Bearer Request message to the SGW in the S1 based handover/ Inter RAT handover for an unaccepted PDN Connection when at least one PDN Connection of the UE was accepted by the RAN. In this case, the MME shall indicate the reserved IP address to the SGW in the S1 eNodeB F-TEID and the SGSN shall indicate the reserved IP address to the SGW in the S12 RNC F-TEID for at least all the non GBR bearers in the unaccepted PDN Connection in the Bearer Context to be modified IE. An implementation may provide the mentioned reserved IP address e.g. from one of the reserved IP address ranges (see RFC5735 or http://www.iana.net/assignments/ipv4-address-space/ipv4-address-space.xml), or the IP address may be provisioned by a configuration.

NOTE 7: This IE is sent on S11/S4 in the specified conditions regardless of whether the H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information has changed or not to enable the SGW to propagate this IE in Modify Bearer Request over S5/S8 when required for reasons other than reporting a change in the H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information.

NOTE 8: H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information changes when the UE moves from an (e)NB to an H(e)NB, or from one H(e)NB to another H(e)NB with a change in the fixed network backhaul, or from one H(e)NB to a (e)NB.
The SGW shall send a Modify Bearer Request on S5/S8 if any of the following condition is met:
a) the Propagate BBAI Information Change flag is received from the MME/SGSN;
b) ISR is active and the RAT type has changed.

NOTE 9: When ISR is active, the CLII flag allows the SGW to avoid sending Modify Bearer Request message over S5/S8 interface during UE-initiated Service Request procedure, when the ULI IE is included over S11/S4 Modify Bearer Request message but the location information and the RAT Type has not changed since last reported by the SGW.

NOTE 10: The RAU/TAU/Handover procedure which requires an SGW selection for the first time, e.g. a Gn/Gp SGSN to an S4 SGSN/MME RAU/TAU/Handover procedure, shall be handled in a similar manner to the RAU/TAU/Handover with an SGW change procedure.

NOTE 11: The Bearer Context to be modified IE and Bearer Context to be removed IE, together, shall contain all the bearers belonging to the given PDN connection with each bearer appearing in only one of these IEs.

NOTE 12: Void

NOTE 13: Void

NOTE 14: During the TAU/RAU/Handover from Gn/Gp SGSN, the target MME/S4-SGSN can not derive the level of support for User Location Change Reporting and/or CSG Information Change Reporting at the source Gn/Gp SGSN.

**Table 7.2.7-2: Bearer Context to be modified within Modify Bearer Request**

| Octets 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | | |
| Octets 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | See NOTE2. | | EBI | 0 |
| S1 eNodeB F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S11 interface if the S1-U is being used:<br><br>- for an eUTRAN initial attach<br><br>- a UE triggered Service Request<br><br>- in all S1-U GTP-U tunnel setup procedure during a TAU procedure  (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]) /handover cases.<br><br>If an MME is aware that the eNodeB supports both IP address types, the MME shall send both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included, then the SGW shall assume that the eNodeB does not support the other IP address type. | | F-TEID | 0 |
| S5/8-U SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent on the S5/S8 interfaces for a Handover or a TAU/RAU with a SGW change. | | F-TEID | 1 |
| S12 RNC F-TEID | C | If available, this IE shall be included if the message is sent on the S4 interface if S12 interface is being used. If an S4-SGSN is aware that the RNC supports both IP address types, the S4-SGSN shall send both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included, then the SGW shall assume that the RNC does not support the other IP address type. See NOTE2. | | F-TEID | 2 |
| S4-U SGSN F-TEID | C | If available, this IE shall be included if the message is sent on the S4 interface, if S4-U is being used. If an S4-SGSN supports both IP address types, the S4-SGSN shall send both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included, then the SGW shall assume that the S4-SGSN does not support the other IP address type. | | F-TEID | 3 |
| NOTE 1: If only EPS Bearer ID IE is included in the Bearer Context to be modified IE during the TAU/RAU without SGW change procedure, the SGW shall remove the stored SGSN/RNC/eNodeB userplane F-TEID locally. | | | | | |
| NOTE 2: When Direct Tunnel is used in 3G, e.g. during a Service Request procedure if the UE requests to establish a partial set of radio access bearers and if the SGSN accepts it, or during an SRNS relocation procedure with some bearer contexts being preserved, the SGSN shall provide EBI(s) without S12 RNC F-TEID(s) for these bearer context(s) without corresponding radio access bearer(s) being established. The SGW shall be able to handle these bearer context(s). However, in earlier releases this behaviour may not be supported by the SGW and hence for such SGW, the SGSN shall provide EBI together with S12 RNC F-TEID for each of the bearer context(s) in the Bearer Context to be modified IE. | | | | | |

**Table 7.2.7-3: Bearer Context to be removed within Modify Bearer Request**

| Octets 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | | |
| Octets 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | | EBI | 0 |

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## 7.2.8    Modify Bearer Response

The Modify Bearer Response message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change

-   UE triggered Service Request

-   S1-based Handover

-   UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover

-   GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover

-   E-UTRAN Initial Attach

-   UE requested PDN connectivity

-   3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

-   X2-based handover without SGW relocation

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

-   Routeing Area Update with MME interaction and without SGW change

-   E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover

-   E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover

-   Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update to S4 SGSNs without SGW change

-   Iu mode RA Update Procedure without SGW change

-   Serving RNS Relocation Procedure

-   Combined Hard Handover and SRNS Relocation Procedure

-   Combined Cell / URA Update and SRNS Relocation Procedure

-   Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation without SGW relocation

-   UE Initiated Service Request Procedure

-   Iu mode to A/Gb mode Intra SGSN Change

-   A/Gb mode to Iu mode Intra SGSN Change

-   Iu mode to A/Gb mode Inter-SGSN Change

-   A/Gb mode to Iu mode Inter-SGSN Change

-   Paging Response with no established user plane on S4

-   PDP Context Activation Procedure

on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of:

-   RAB Assignment Procedure

and on the S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW to the SGW as part of:

-   Tracking Area Update procedure with SGW change

-   Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN Routing Area Update

-   X2 based handover with SGW relocation

-   Gn/Gp SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update

-   Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation

-   Routeing Area Update with MME interaction and with SGW change

- Inter SGSN Routeing Area Update Procedure and Combined Inter SGSN RA / LA Update using S4 with SGW change

- Iu mode RA Update Procedure using S4 with SGW change

- Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure if the MME/S4-SGSN and PGW support these procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]

If handling of default bearer fails, then Cause at the message level shall be a failure cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially".

- "Context not found".

- "Service not supported".

**Table 7.2.8-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| MSISDN | C | This IE shall be included on S5/S8 interfaces by the PGW if it is stored in its UE context and if this message is triggered due to TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation. | MSISDN | 0 |
| Linked EPS Bearer ID | C | This IE shall be sent on S5/S8 when the UE moves from a Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN or MME to identify the default bearer the PGW selects for the PDN Connection. This IE shall also be sent by SGW on S11, S4 during Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME HO procedures to identify the default bearer the PGW selects for the PDN Connection. | EBI | 0 |
| Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR) | C | This IE shall be included in the PS mobility from Gn/Gp SGSN to the S4 SGSN/MME procedures if the received APN-AMBR has been modified by the PCRF or the PGW if PCRF is not deployed. | AMBR | 0 |
| APN Restriction | C | This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context. This IE shall be included over S5/S8 interfaces, and shall be forwarded over S11/S4 interfaces during Gn/Gp SGSN to MME/S4-SGSN handover procedures. This IE shall also be included on S5/S8 interfaces during the Gn/Gp SGSN to S4 SGSN/MME RAU/TAU procedures. The target MME or SGSN determines the Maximum APN Restriction using the APN Restriction. | APN Restriction | 0 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | C | If SGW receives this IE from PGW on GTP or PMIP based S5/S8, the SGW shall forward PCO to MME/S4-SGSN during Inter RAT handover from the UTRAN or from the GERAN to the E-UTRAN. See NOTE 2. | PCO | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts modified | C | EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be modified that were sent in Modify Bearer Request message. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of the Bearers which are modified. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts marked for removal | C | EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be removed sent in the Modify Bearer Request message. Shall be included if request message contained Bearer Contexts to be removed. For each of those bearers an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. | Bearer Context | 1 |
| Change Reporting Action | C | This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME. | Change Reporting Action | 0 |
| CSG Information Reporting Action | CO | This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field if the location CSG Info change reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME. | CSG Information Reporting Action | 0 |
| H(e)NB Information Reporting | CO | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if H(e)NB information reporting is to be started or stopped for the PDN connection in the SGSN/MME. | H(e)NB Information Reporting | 0 |
| Charging Gateway Name | C | When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5 interface during SGW relocation and when the UE moves from Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME. See NOTE 1. | FQDN | 0 |
| Charging Gateway Address | C | When Charging Gateway Function (CGF) Address is configured, the PGW shall include this IE on the S5 interface during SGW relocation and when the UE moves from Gn/Gp SGSN to S4-SGSN/MME. See NOTE 1. | IP Address | 0 |
| PGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by PGW on S5/S8and shall be forwarded by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first | Recovery | 0 |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | time. | | |
| SGW LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the SGW to the MME/SGSN on the S11/S4 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 0 |
| PGW LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the PGW to the SGW on the S5/S8 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN)Name | 1 |
| Indication Flags | CO | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.<br>Applicable flags are:<br>- Static IPv4 Address Flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface in the TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change procedure if the PDP/PDN IPv4 address is static as specified in 3GPP TS 32.251 [8]. See NOTE 3.<br><br>- Static IPv6 Address Flag: This flag shall be set to 1 on the S5/S8 interface in the TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change procedure if the PDP/PDN IPv6 address is static as specified in 3GPP TS 32.251 [8]. See NOTE 3. | Indication | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: Both Charging Gateway Name and Charging Gateway Address shall not be included at the same time. When both are available, the operator configures a preferred value.<br>NOTE 2: If MME receives the IE, but no NAS message is sent, MME discards the IE.<br>NOTE 3: Static IPv4/IPv6 Address Flag is used by SGW to provide dynamic IPv4/v6 address flag information as specified in 3GPP TS 32.251 [8]. | | | | |

**Table 7.2.8-2: Bearer Context modified within Modify Bearer Response**

| Octets 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octets 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason. | Cause | 0 |
| S1 SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be used on the S11 interface, if the S1 interface is used. If the 'Change F-TEID support Indication' flag was set to 1 in the Modify Bearer Request and the SGW needs to change the F-TEID, the SGW shall include the new GTP-U F-TEID value. Otherwise, the SGW shall return the currently allocated GTP-U F-TEID value. See NOTE 1 | F-TEID | 0 |
| S12 SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S4 interface if the S12 interface is being used. If the 'Change F-TEID support Indication' flag was set to 1 in the Modify Bearer Request and the SGW needs to change the F-TEID, the SGW shall include the new GTP-U F-TEID value. Otherwise, the SGW shall return the currently allocated GTP-U F-TEID value. See NOTE 1 | F-TEID | 1 |
| S4-U SGW F-TEID | C | This IE shall be present if used on the S4 interface if the S4-U interface is being used. If the 'Change F-TEID support Indication' flag was set to 1 in the Modify Bearer Request and the SGW needs to change the F-TEID, the SGW shall include the new GTP-U F-TEID value. Otherwise, the SGW shall return the currently allocated GTP-U F-TEID value. See NOTE 1 | F-TEID | 2 |
| Charging ID | C | This IE shall be present on the S5/S8 interface if this message is triggered due to one of the following procedures:<br>- TAU/RAU/HO with SGW relocation<br><br>- TAU/RAU/HO from Gn/Gp SGSN to MME/S4-SGSN | Charging ID | 0 |
| | O | If S5/S8 interface is GTP, this IE may be sent on the S4 interface, in order to support CAMEL charging at the SGSN, for the following procedures:<br>- inter-SGSN RAU/Handover/SRNS Relocation without SGW change.<br>- inter-SGSN Handover/SRNS Relocation with SGW change. | | |
| Bearer Flags | CO | Applicable flags are:<br>- PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression): This flag shall be sent on the S5/S8 and the S4 interfaces at S4-SGSN relocation. | Bearer Flags | 0 |
| NOTE 1: The SGW shall not change its F-TEID for a given interface during the Handover, Service Request, E-UTRAN Initial Attach, UE Requested PDN connectivity and PDP Context Activation procedures. The SGW F-TEID shall be same for S1-U, S4-U and S12.<br>During Handover and Service Request the target eNodeB/RNC/SGSN may use a different IP type than the one used by the source eNodeB/RNC/SGSN. In order to support such a scenario, the SGW F-TEID should contain both an IPv4 address and an IPv6 address (see also subclause 8.22 "F-TEID"). | | | | |

**Table 7.2.8-3: Bearer Context marked for removal within Modify Bearer Response**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason. | Cause | 0 |

## 7.2.9 Delete Session Request and Delete Bearer Request

### 7.2.9.1 Delete Session Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME/S4-SGSN to SGW, from SGW to PGW and from TWAN/ePDG to PGW (see Table 6.1-1).

A Delete Session Request message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the procedures:

- EUTRAN Initial Attach

- UE, HSS or MME Initiated Detach

- UE or MME Requested PDN Disconnection

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of

- MS, HLR or SGSN initiated detach procedure

- Combined GPRS/IMSI Attach

- MS and SGSN Initiated PDN connection Deactivation Procedure using S4

On the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update with SGW Change

- S1 Based Handover with SGW Change

- X2 Based Handover with SGW Relocation

- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- Inter RAT handover cancel with SGW change

- MME to 3G Gn/Gp SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

- MME to SGSN Routing Area Update

- E-UTRAN to Gn/Gp SGSN Inter RAT handover

- S1 Based handover cancel with SGW change

- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access

And on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of

- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation using S4

- Routing Area Update with SGW change

- SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update with SGW change

- SRNS Relocation Cancel Procedure Using S4

- Inter RAT with SGW change handover cancel

- Serving RNS relocation with SGW change

- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Routeing Area Update

- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Serving RNS Relocation Procedures

- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN PS handover Procedures

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the ePDG to the PGW as part of procedures:

- UE/ePDG Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b

- UE Requested PDN Disconnection with GTP on S2b

- HSS/AAA Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b

The message shall also be sent on the S2a interface by the TWAN to the PGW as part of procedures:

- UE/TWAN Initiated Detach and UE/TWAN Requested PDN Disconnection in WLAN on GTP S2a

- HSS/AAA Initiated Detach in WLAN on GTP S2a

This message may also be sent on S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW:

- If Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge message with Context not found cause value is received.

During the detach procedure, if ISR is active and SGW receives a Delete Session Request, the SGW shall deactivate the ISR.

NOTE:      The SGW can determine if it is a detach procedure based on e.g. it receives a Delete Session Request message for the last PDN Connection.

When ISR is active, during the Detach procedure the SGW shall forward the Delete Session Request message to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface after receiving both of the messages sent from the MME and the SGSN for the same PDN Connection.

If there are any procedure collisions, the Delete Session Request shall have precedence over any other Tunnel Management message.

During the handover procedure the Delete Session Request message shall not release the indirect data forwarding tunnels.

Possible Cause values are:

- "ISR deactivation ".

- "Network Failure".

- "QoS parameter mismatch".

Table 7.2.9.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.2.9.1-1: Information Elements in a Delete Session Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | C | If ISR is being de-activated, the Cause IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface with the value "ISR deactivation", which indicates that the SGW shall delete the bearer resources by sending Delete Bearer Request to the MME/SGSN on which ISR was activated with the same Cause value "ISR deactivation". See NOTE 3 | Cause | 0 |
| | CO | The MME/SGSN should include this IE if the message is sent due to a network failure as specified in subclause 15.7 of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] and subclause 5.18 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. It indicates to the PGW the reason of the failure.<br><br>The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the Cause from the MME/SGSN. | | |
| Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI) | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected unless in the handover/TAU/RAU with SGW relocation procedures. | EBI | 0 |
| User Location Information (ULI) | C | The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on the S4/S11 interface for the Detach procedure. The MME shall include ECGI, SGSN shall include CGI/SAI. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from MME/SGSN. See NOTE 4. | ULI | 0 |
| | CO | The MME/SGSN shall include this IE on the S4/S11 interface for the UE or MME Requested PDN Disconnection procedure/MS and SGSN Initiated PDN connection Deactivation Procedure using S4.<br>The MME shall include ECGI, SGSN shall include CGI/SAI.<br>The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if it receives the ULI from the MME/SGSN. | | |
| Indication Flags | C | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.<br>Applicable flags:<br>- Operation Indication: This flag shall be set over S4/S11 interface if the SGW needs to forward the Delete Session Request message to the PGW. This flag shall not be set if the ISR associated GTP entity sends this message to the SGW in the Detach procedure. This flag shall also not be set to 1 in the SRNS Relocation Cancel Using S4 (6.9.2.2.4a in 3GPP TS 23.060 [4]), Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure with SGW change TAU with Serving GW change, Gn/Gb based RAU (see 5.5.2.5, 5.3.3.1, D.3.5 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], respectively), S1 Based handover Cancel procedure with SGW change.<br><br>This flag shall also not be set for, e.g., X2 based handover procedure with SGW change(see subclause 5.5.1.1.3 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]), or S1 based handover procedure with SGW change (see subclause 5.5.1.2.2 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]).<br><br>- Scope Indication: if request corresponds to TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change/SRNS Relocation Cancel Using S4 with SGW change, Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure with SGW change, S1 Based handover Cancel procedure with SGW change, then this bit shall be set on the S4/S11 interface.<br><br>See NOTE 1. | Indication | 0 |

| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | C | If the UE includes the PCO IE, then the MME/SGSN shall copy the content of this IE transparently from the PCO IE included by the UE.<br>If SGW receives the PCO IE, SGW shall forward it to PGW. | PCO | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Originating Node | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ISR is active in MME/SGSN to denote the type of the node originating the message.<br>The SGW shall release the corresponding Originating Node related EPS Bearer contexts information in the PDN Connection identified by the LBI. | Node Type | 0 |
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | O | This IE may be included on the S4/S11 interfaces.<br>If the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane is received by the SGW, the SGW shall only accept the Delete Session Request message when the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane in this message is the same as the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane that was last received in either the Create Session Request message or the Modify Bearer Request message on the given interface.<br>If the ISR is activated, two F-TEIDs exist: one for the MME and the other for the SGSN. See NOTE 2. | F-TEID | 0 |
| UE Time Zone | CO | This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface, for Detach and PDN Disconnection procedures, if the UE Time Zone has changed. | UE Time Zone | 0 |
| | CO | The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN, and if the Operation Indication bit received from the MME/SGSN is set to 1. | | |
| ULI Timestamp | CO | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired.<br>The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 4. | ULI Timestamp | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: For the Indication Flags, the combination (Operation Indication, Scope Indication) = 1,1 shall be considered an error if received.<br>NOTE 2: Following an inter RAT TAU/RAU failure, the target MME/SGSN may mistakenly initiate the implicit detach procedure while the UE is managed by the other MME/SGSN. In this case, the SGW will reject the Delete Session Request message with the cause "Invalid peer".<br>NOTE 3: If the UE has multiple PDN connections and only one of these is being deactivated, the MME/S4-SGSN shall not send the Cause IE with the value "ISR deactivation".<br>NOTE 4: If ISR is active, after receiving both the Delete Session Request messages from the MME and the SGSN, the SGW shall include the most recent ULI timestamp and the related User Location Information in the Delete Session Request message on S5/S8 interface. | | | | |

### 7.2.9.2 Delete Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW, from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN and from PGW to TWAN/ePDG (see Table 6.1-1).

A Delete Bearer Request message shall be sent on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces as part of the following procedures:

- PGW or MME initiated bearer deactivation procedures,

- UE requested Bearer Resource Modification,

- MS and SGSN Initiated Bearer Deactivation procedure using S4 or

- PGW initiated bearer deactivation procedure using S4.

In the above cases, this Request is sent by the PGW to the SGW and shall be forwarded to the MME or S4-SGSN.

The message shall also be sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGW to the SGSN/MME to delete the bearer resources on the other ISR associated CN node if the ISRAI flag is not set in the Modify Bearer Request/Modify Access Bearers Request message.

The message shall also be sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGW to the SGSN/MME to delete the bearer resources on the other ISR associated CN node in the TAU/RAU/Handover procedures if the ISR related Cause IE is included in the Delete Session Request message.

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of PGW Initiated Bearer Resource Allocation Deactivation procedure with GTP on S2b.

The message shall also be sent on the S2a interface by the PGW to the TWAN as part of the PGW Initiated Bearer Resource Allocation Deactivation in WLAN on GTP on S2a procedure.

The message may also be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/S4 SGSN when the SGW receives the Error Indication from PGW for the default bearer as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Possible Cause values are:

- "RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP",

- "ISR deactivation",

- "Access changed from Non-3GPP to 3GPP",

- "Reactivation requested",

- "PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed",

- "PDN connection inactivity timer expires".

Table 7.2.9.2-1 specifies the presence of IEs in this message.

**Table 7.2.9.2-1: Information Elements in a Delete Bearer Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI) | C | If the request corresponds to the bearer deactivation procedure in case all bearers belonging to a PDN connection shall be released, then this IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected.<br>This IE shall be included only when the EPS Bearer ID is not present in the message. | EBI | 0 |
|  | CO | During a TAU/RAU/HO if the Cause value is set to "ISR deactivation" in the Delete Session Request message, or when this message is used to delete the bearer resources on the other ISR associated CN node if the ISRAI flag is not set in the Modify Bearer Request/Modify Access Bearers Request message, an SGW shall send all LBIs for a given UE with the message on S4/S11 interface. All LBI IEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of IEs (see NOTE 1 and NOTE 2). |  |  |
| EPS Bearer IDs | C | This IE shall be used on S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from the default one, i.e., for dedicated bearers. In this case at least one dedicated bearer shall be included.<br>Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. | EBI | 1 |
| Failed Bearer Contexts | O | This IE may be included on the S5/S8 and S11 interfaces if the request corresponds to MME initiated bearer deactivation procedure. This IE shall contain the list of failed bearers if partial Bearer Contexts included in the Delete Bearer Command message could not be deleted. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Procedure Transaction Id (PTI) | C | If the request corresponds to UE requested bearer resource modification procedure for an E-UTRAN, this IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S11 interfaces. | PTI | 0 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | C | PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available.<br>If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface. | PCO | 0 |
| PGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces, and when received from S5/S8 be forwarded by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S11 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| Cause | C | This IE shall be sent on S5/S8 and S11/S4 interfaces if the message is caused by a handover with or without optimization from 3GPP to non-3GPP (see subclause 9.3.2 in 3GPP TS 23.402 [45] and subclause 5.4.4.1 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], respectively). In this case the Cause value shall be set to "RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP".<br>This IE shall also be sent on S11/S4 interfaces when the SGW requests to delete all bearer contexts for the given UE in an MME or S4-SGSN due to ISR deactivation, and the Cause value shall be set to "ISR deactivation".<br>This IE shall be sent on the S2a/S2b interface if the message is caused by handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP. In this case the Cause value shall be set to "Access changed from Non-3GPP to 3GPP". | Cause | 0 |
|  | O | This IE may be sent by a PGW on S5/S8 during PGW initiated PDN connection deactivation procedures with values of "Reactivation requested" or " PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed "  (see section 8.4 for details). |  |  |
|  | O | This IE may be sent by a PGW on S5 during PGW initiated PDN connection deactivation procedures with values of "PDN connection inactivity timer expires" (see section 8.4 for details). |  |  |
|  | CO | The IE shall be relayed by the SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN |  |  |

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| | | if received from the PGW. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: | | If the SGW has sent multiple LBIs to MME/SGSN, but have received only one LBI within the Delete Bearer Response message, this indicates that the MME/SGSN is pre Rel-10. In such case, the SGW shall send separate individual Delete Bearer Request message(s) for each of remaining LBIs. | | |
| NOTE 2: | | If the SGW has received Delete Session Request with Cause value set to "ISR deactivation" and has subsequently sent a Delete Bearer Request to the MME/SGSN with Cause value set to "ISR deactivation", then the MME/SGSN shall delete all PDN connections corresponding to all of the LBIs received in the Delete Bearer Request message for this UE. The MME/SGSN shall ignore any LBIs for which there are no matching PDN connections corresponding to these LBIs. | | |

NOTE: In the case that the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure for an E-UTRAN as specified by 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], then there will be only one instance of the EPS Bearer IDs IE in the Delete Bearer Request.

**Table 7.2.9.2-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Request**

| Octet 1 | | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | | Length = n | | |
| Octet 4 | | Spare and Instance fields | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate the reason of the unsuccessful handling of the bearer. | Cause | 0 |

## 7.2.10 Delete Session Response and Delete Bearer Response

### 7.2.10.1 Delete Session Response

A Delete Session Response message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the following procedures:

- EUTRAN Initial Attach

- UE, HSS or MME Initiated Detach

- UE or MME Requested PDN Disconnection

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- MS, HLR or SGSN initiated detach procedure

- Combined GPRS/IMSI Attach

- MS and SGSN Initiated Default Bearer Deactivation Procedure using S4

On the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the procedures:

- Tracking Area Update with SGW Change

- S1 Based Handover with SGW Change

- X2 Based Handover with SGW Relocation

- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- Inter RAT handover cancel with SGW change

- MME to 3G Gn/Gp SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

- MME to SGSN Routing Area Update

- E-UTRAN to Gn/Gp SGSN Inter RAT handover

- S1 Based handover cancel with SGW change

- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access

And on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the procedures:

- Enhanced Serving RNS Relocation with SGW relocation using S4

- Routing Area Update with SGW change

- SGSN to MME Tracking Area Update with SGW change

- Serving RNS relocation with SGW change

- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover with SGW change

- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Routeing Area Update

- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN Serving RNS Relocation Procedures

- S4 SGSN to Gn/Gp SGSN PS handover Procedures

The message shall also be sent on the S2b interface by the PGW to the ePDG as part of procedures:

- UE/ePDG Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b

- UE Requested PDN Disconnection with GTP on S2b

- HSS/AAA Initiated Detach with GTP on S2b

The message shall also be sent on the S2a interface by the PGW to the TWAN as part of procedures:

- UE/TWAN Initiated Detach and UE/TWAN Requested PDN Disconnection in WLAN on GTP S2a

- HSS/AAA Initiated Detach in WLAN on GTP S2a

This message may also be sent on S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW:

- If Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge message with Context not found cause value is received.

The sending entity shall include Cause IE in the Delete Session Response message. The IE indicates if the peer has deleted the bearer, or not.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Context not found".

- "Invalid peer".

Table 7.2.10.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.2.10.1-1: Information Elements in a Delete Session Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | C | PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available. If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface. | PCO | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |

### 7.2.10.2     Delete Bearer Response

The Delete Bearer Response shall be sent as a response of Delete Bearer Request.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially".

- "Context not found".

**Table 7.2.10.2-1: Information Elements in Delete Bearer Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Linked EPS Bearer ID (LBI) | C | If the response corresponds to the bearer deactivation procedure in case all the bearers associated with the default bearer of a PDN connection shall be released, this IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN being disconnected. | EBI | 0 |
| | CO | During a TAU/RAU/HO, if an MME/SGSN has received a Delete Bearer Request message with Cause value "ISR deactivation" and multiple LBIs, the MME/SGSN shall include all these LBIs in the response message on S4/S11 interface. All LBI IEs shall have the same type and instance value to represent a list of IEs. | | |
| Bearer Contexts | C | It shall be used on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces for bearers different from default one. In this case at least one bearer shall be included. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. Used for dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11, S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| MME-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by MME the on S11 interface and shall be forwarded by the SGW on S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the SGW on the S5/S8 interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| ePDG-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 2 |
| TWAN-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 3 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | CO | An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface. | PCO | 0 |
| UE Time Zone | CO | This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. | UE Time Zone | 0 |
| | CO | The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN. | | |
| User Location Information (ULI) | CO | This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. | ULI | 0 |
| | CO | The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1. | | |
| ULI Timestamp | CO | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired. The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. See NOTE 1. | ULI Timestamp | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: If ISR is active, after receiving both the Delete Bearer Response messages from the MME and the SGSN, the SGW shall include the most recent time and the related User Location Information in the Delete Bearer Response message on S5/S8 interface. | | | | |

**Table 7.2.10.2-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Response**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason. | Cause | 0 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | CO | An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist. | PCO | 0 |

## 7.2.11 Downlink Data Notification messages

### 7.2.11.1 Downlink Data Notification

A Downlink Data Notification message shall be sent:

- on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as a part of the network triggered service request procedure;

- on the S4 interface by the SGW to the S4-SGSN as part of Paging with no established user plane on S4, SGW triggered paging with S4;

- on the S4 interface by the SGW to the S4-SGSN to re-establish all the previous released bearer(s) for a UE, upon receipt of downlink data for a UE in connected mode but without corresponding downlink bearer available;

  NOTE: This may occur e.g. if the S4-SGSN releases some but not all the bearers of the UE as specified in subclause 12.7.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

- on S11/S4 interface by SGW to MME/S4-SGSN if the SGW has received an Error Indication (see 3GPP TS 29.281 [13]) from eNodeB/RNC across S1-U/S12 interface. Respective SGW and MME/S4-SGSN functionality is specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

- on the S11/S4 interface by SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]).

A Downlink Data Notification message may be sent:

- on the S4 by the SGW to the S4-SGSN if the SGW has received an Error Indication from S4-SGSN across S4-U interface.

Table 7.2.11.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.2.11.1-1: Information Elements in a Downlink Data Notification**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | CO | If SGW receives an Error Indication from eNodeB/RNC/S4-SGSN, the SGW shall send the Cause IE with value "Error Indication received from RNC/eNodeB/S4-SGSN" to MME/S4-SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | Cause | 0 |
| EPS Bearer ID | CO | This IE shall be included on the S11 and S4 interfaces and shall be set as follows:<br>- If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of downlink data packets at the SGW, the SGW shall include the EPS Bearer ID stored in the EPS bearer context of the bearer on which the downlink data packet was received;<br>- If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the receipt of an Error Indication from the eNodeB or RNC, the SGW shall include the EPS Bearer ID stored in the EPS bearer context of the bearer for which the Error Indication was received;<br>- If the ISR is active and the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the EPS Bearer ID present in the control plane signalling.<br>- If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support the network triggered service restoration procedure (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), and if the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the EPS Bearer ID present in the control plane signalling.<br>(See 3GPP TS 23.401[3], section 5.3.4.3).<br><br>More than one IE with this type and instance values may be included to represent multiple bearers having received downlink data packets or being signalled in the received control plane message.<br>See NOTE 1. | EBI | 0 |
| Allocation/Retention Priority | CO | This IE shall be included on the S11 and S4 interfaces and shall be set as follows:<br>- If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of downlink data packets at the SGW, the SGW shall include the ARP stored in the EPS bearer context of the bearer on which the downlink data packet was received;<br>- If the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the receipt of an Error Indication from the eNodeB or RNC, the SGW shall include the ARP stored in the EPS bearer context of the bearer for which the Error Indication was received.<br>- If the ISR is active and the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the ARP if present in the control plane signalling. If the ARP is not present in the control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the ARP in the stored EPS bearer context.<br>- If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support the network triggered service restoration procedure (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), and if the Downlink Data Notification is triggered by the arrival of control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the ARP if present in the control plane signalling. If the ARP is not present in the control plane signalling, the SGW shall include the ARP from the stored EPS bearer context.<br>(See 3GPP TS 23.401[3], section 5.3.4.3).<br>If multiple EPS Bearers IDs are reported in the message, | ARP | 0 |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | the SGW shall include the ARP associated with the bearer with the highest priority (i.e. the lowest ARP value). See NOTE 1. | | |
| IMSI | CO | This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]). | IMSI | 0 |
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | O | This IE may be included on the S11/S4 interface towards the restarted CN node or an alternative CN node (same type of mobility node as the failed one) as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure with or without ISR if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]). This IE shall not be included otherwise. (NOTE 2) | F-TEID | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: The usage of this parameter at the S4-SGSN is not specified in this release. NOTE 2: In this version of the specification, the MME/S4-SGSN shall set the header TEID value in subsequent Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge or/and Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication to that of the SGW"s Control Plane TEID if the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE is present in the Downlink Data Notification message. However the SGW shall be prepared to receive messages in which the header TEID value is set to zero from implementation conforming to earlier versions of this specification. When that is the case, the receiver identifies the subscriber context based on the included IMSI IE. | | | | |

## 7.2.11.2 Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge

A Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge shall be sent from a MME/SGSN to a SGW in response to Downlink Data Notification with an indication of success, or failure when MME/SGSN has reachability or abnormal conditions.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Unable to page UE".

- "Context not found".

- "Unable to page UE due to Suspension".

- "UE already re-attached".

- "Temporarily rejected due to mobility procedure in progress".

Table 7.2.11.2-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.2.11.2-1: Information Elements in a Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Data Notification Delay | C | The MME/SGSN shall include an adaptive delay indication to the SGW to delay the number of Data Notification indications, if the rate of Downlink Data Notification event occurrence in the MME/SGSN becomes significant (as configured by the operator) and the MME/SGSN's load exceeds an operator configured value. | Delay Value | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| DL low priority traffic Throttling | O | The MME/SGSN may send this IE to the SGW to request the SGW to reduce the number of Downlink Data Notification requests it sends for downlink low priority traffic received for UEs in idle mode served by that MME/SGSN in proportion to the Throttling Factor and during the Throttling Delay.<br><br>See NOTE 1, NOTE 2, NOTE 3. | Throttling | 0 |
| IMSI | CO | 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] specifies conditions for sending this IE on the S11/S4 interface as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure, if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature. | IMSI | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: The last received value of the Throttling Factor and Throttling Delay shall supersede any previous values received from that MME/SGSN. The reception of a Throttling Delay shall restart the SGW timer associated with that MME/SGSN. The SGW shall determine whether a bearer is for low priority traffic or not on the basis of the bearer's ARP priority level and operator policy (i.e. operator's configuration in the SGW of the ARP priority levels to be considered as priority or non-priority traffic).<br>NOTE 2: For instance, if the DL low priority traffic Throttling IE indicates a Throttling Factor of 40% and a Throttling Delay of 180 seconds, the SGW drops by 40% the number of Downlink Data Notification requests it sends for downlink low priority traffic received for UEs in idle mode served by that MME/SGSN, during a period of 180 seconds.<br>NOTE 3: The DL low priority traffic Throttling IE may be present whatever the value of the Cause IE. |||||

## 7.2.11.3 Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication

A Downlink Data Notification Failure indication shall be sent from an MME/SGSN to a SGW indicating that the UE did not respond to paging. It shall also be sent in the case that the UE responded to the page with a Service Request but that the MME has rejected the request by sending a Service Reject to the UE. It may happen, for example, because the requested service is not supported or there is a bearer context mismatch.

This message should not be used after an MME/SGSN successfully receives the Service Request message from the UE in the Network Triggered Service Request procedure as defined in the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

NOTE: Either the Modify Bearer Request message or the Delete Bearer Command message is used by the MME/SGSN to indicate a possible failure case after an MME/SGSN successfully receives the Service Request message from the UE.

Possible Cause values are:

- "UE not responding".

- "Service denied".

- "UE already re-attached".

Table 7.2.11.3-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.2.11.3-1: Information Elements in a Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Originating Node | CO | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ISR associated GTP entities i.e. MME, S4-SGSN, send this message to the SGW during the Network Triggered Service Request procedure to denote the type of the node originating the message. | Node Type | 0 |
| IMSI | CO | 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] specifies conditions for sending this IE on the S11/S4 interface as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure, if both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this optional feature. | IMSI | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.2.12    Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

The Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message is sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGSN/MME to the SGW to delete the Indirect Forwarding Tunnels in the Source SGW/Target SGW as part of the following procedures:

- S1-based handover

- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover

- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover

- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover

- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover

- MME to 3G SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

- 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

- Inter RAT handover Cancel

- S1-based handover Cancel

- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access

**Table 7.2.12-1: Information Element in Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Private Extension | O | Vendor or operator specific information | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.2.13    Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

The Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response message is sent on the S4/S11 interface by the SGW to the SGSN/MME as part of the following procedures:

- S1-based handover

- UTRAN Iu mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover

- GERAN A/Gb mode to E-UTRAN Inter RAT handover

- E-UTRAN to UTRAN Iu mode Inter RAT handover

- E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode Inter RAT handover

- MME to 3G SGSN combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

- 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure

- Inter RAT handover Cancel

- S1-based handover Cancel

- Optimised Active Handover: E-UTRAN Access to CDMA2000 HRPD Access

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially"

- "Context not found".

**Table 7.2.13-1: Information Element in Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate if the deletion of indirect tunnel is successful, and if not, gives information on the reason. | Cause | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time. | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

# 7.2.14 Modify Bearer Command and Failure Indication

## 7.2.14.1 Modify Bearer Command

The Modify Bearer Command shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure or SQCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.

It shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the HSS Initiated subscribed QoS modification procedure or SQCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.

It shall also be sent on the S2a/S2b interface by the TWAN/ePDG to the PGW as part of the HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure.

**Table 7.2.14.1-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Command**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| APN-Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR) | M | This IE shall contain the APN-AMBR value received by the MME/SGSN/ TWAN/ePDG from the HSS. | AMBR | 0 |
| Bearer Context | M | Only one IE with this type and instance value shall be included and this shall represent the Default Bearer. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |

**Table 7.2.14.1-2: Bearer Context within Modify Bearer Command**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | This IE shall contain the default bearer ID. | EBI | 0 |
| Bearer Level QoS | C | Mandatory if other parameters than the APN-AMBR have been changed | Bearer QoS | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall also be included when QCI and ARP have not been changed and if the SQCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message. | | |

## 7.2.14.2    Modify Bearer Failure Indication

The Modify Bearer Failure Indication shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of failure of HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure or SQCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.

It shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of failure of HSS Initiated subscribed QoS modification or SQCI flag is set to 1 in the Context Response message.

It shall also be sent on the S2a/S2b interface by the PGW to the TWAN/ePDG as part of failure of HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification procedure.

Cause IE indicates that an EPS bearer has not been updated in the PGW.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Context not found"

- "Service denied".

**Table 7.2.14.2-1: Information Elements in a Modify Bearer Failure Indication**

| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.2.15    Update Bearer Request

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW and/or from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN, and/or from PGW to TWAN/ePDG (see Table 6.1-1).

For GTP based S5/S8, the Update Bearer Request shall be sent by the PGW to the SGW and forwarded to the MME as part of the following procedures:

- PGW Initiated Bearer Modification with Bearer QoS Update

- HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification

- PGW Initiated Bearer Modification without Bearer QoS Update

- UE Request Bearer Resource Modification procedure (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23])

- UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23])

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the following procedures:

- PGW Initiated EPS Bearer Modification

- Execution part of MS-Initiated EPS Bearer Modification

- SGSN-Initiated EPS Bearer Modification Procedure using S4

and on the S2a/S2b interface by the PGW to the TWAN/ePDG as part of the following procedures:

- PGW Initiated Bearer Modification

- HSS Initiated Subscribed QoS Modification

For PMIP based S5/S8, the Update Bearer Request shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN.

Table 7.2.15-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.2.15-1: Information Elements in an Update Bearer Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bearer Contexts | M | This IE shall contain contexts related to bearers that need QoS/TFT modification. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. If there is no QoS/TFT modification, only one IE with this type and instance value shall be included. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Procedure Transaction Id (PTI) | C | If the request corresponds to UE requested bearer resource modification procedure or the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure for an E-UTRAN (see NOTE 1) or MS initiated EPS bearer modification procedure, this IE shall be included. PTI shall be the same as the one used in the corresponding Bearer Resource Command | PTI | 0 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | C | PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available. If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface. | PCO | 0 |
| Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR) | M | APN-AMBR | AMBR | 0 |
| Change Reporting Action | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME. | Change Reporting Action | 0 |
| CSG Information Reporting Action | CO | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if the CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME. | CSG Information Reporting Action | 0 |
| H(e)NB Information Reporting | CO | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces with the appropriate Action field if H(e)NB information reporting is to be started or stopped for the PDN connection in the SGSN/MME. | H(e)NB Information Reporting | 0 |
| Indication flags | CO | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags are: <br> - Retrieve Location Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 in the PGW Initiated Bearer Modification procedure if the location information is requested. | Indication | 0 |
| PGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by PGW on the S5/S8 and S2a/S2b interfaces, and when received from S5/S8 be forwarded by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by SGW on S11 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: This message refers to the UE requested bearer resource allocation procedure and UE requested bearer resource modification procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], both are specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] in the clause "UE requested bearer resource modification". | | | | |

NOTE: In the case that the procedure was initiated by a UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure or UE Requested Bearer Resource Allocation Procedure for an E-UTRAN or MS initiated EPS bearer modification procedure, then there will be only one instance of the Bearer Contexts IE in the Update Bearer Request.

**Table 7.2.15-2: Bearer Context within Update Bearer Request**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| TFT | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if message relates to Bearer Modification and TFT change. | Bearer TFT | 0 |
| Bearer Level QoS | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if QoS modification is requested | Bearer QoS | 0 |
| Bearer Flags | O | Applicable flags:<br>- PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression): this flag may be set on the S5/S8 and S4/S11 interfaces.<br><br>- vSRVCC indicator: This IE may be included by the PGW on the S5/S8 interface according to 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. When received from S5/S8, SGW shall forward on the S11 interface. | Bearer Flags | 0 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | CO | PGW shall include Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) IE on the S5/S8 interface, if available. This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist. If SGW receives this IE, SGW shall forward it to SGSN/MME on the S4/S11 interface. | PCO | 0 |

## 7.2.16  Update Bearer Response

An Update Bearer Response shall be sent from a MME/SGSN to a SGW and forwarded to the PGW, and from TWAN/ePDG to the PGW as a response to an Update Bearer Request message.

Table 7.2.16-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

Cause IE indicates if an EPS bearer has been modified in the MME/SGSN/TWAN/ePDG or not. The EPS Bearer has not been modified in the MME/SGSN/TWAN/ePDG if the Cause IE value differs from "Request accepted" or "Request accepted partially". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially"

- "Context not found"

- "Semantic error in the TFT operation".

- "Syntactic error in the TFT operation".

- "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)".

- "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)".

- "Denied in RAT".

- "UE refuses".

- "Unable to page UE".

- "UE not responding".

- "Unable to page UE due to Suspension".

**Table 7.2.16-1: Information Elements in an Update Bearer Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts | M | This IE shall contain contexts related to bearers for which QoS/TFT modification was requested. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | CO | An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE. If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface. | PCO | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces if contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| MME-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by MME on S11and shall be forwarded by SGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by SGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| ePDG-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the ePDG on the S2b interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 2 |
| TWAN-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included by the TWAN on the S2a interface according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 3 |
| Indication Flags | O | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags: <br> - Direct Tunnel Flag: this flag may be included on the S4 interface if the Direct Tunnel is used. | Indication | 0 |
| UE Time Zone | O | This IE is optionally included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. | UE Time Zone | 0 |
| | CO | The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if the SGW supports this IE and it receives it from the MME/SGSN. | | |
| User Location Information (ULI) | CO | This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME. | ULI | 0 |
| | CO | The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. | | |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S5/S8, S4/S11 and S2a/S2b interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |

**Table 7.2.16-2: Bearer Context within Update Bearer Response**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE Indicates if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason. | Cause | 0 |
| S4-U SGSN F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct tunnel is not established. See NOTE 1. | F-TEID | 0 |
| S12 RNC F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the S4 interface when direct tunnel flag is set to 1. See NOTE 1. | F-TEID | 1 |
| Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | CO | An MME/SGSN shall include the PCO IE if such information was received from the UE.<br>If the SGW receives this IE, the SGW shall forward it to PGW on the S5/S8 interface.<br>This bearer level IE takes precedence over the PCO IE in the message body if they both exist. | PCO | 0 |
| NOTE 1: | In some scenarios, the SGSN is unable to provide neither the S12 RNC F-TEID nor the S4-U SGSN F-TEID in the Update Bearer Response message, e.g. when Direct Tunnel is used in 3G and the UE is in IDLE mode, for a network requested user location retrieval procedure, the SGSN is unable to provide S12 RNC F-TEID. In those scenarios, the SGSN shall provide EBI(s) without S12 RNC F-TEID(s) and S4-U SGSN F-TEID. The SGW shall be able to handle these bearer context(s). However, in earlier releases this behaviour may not be supported by the SGW and hence for such an SGW, in order to be backward compatible, the SGSN shall provide EBI(s) together with either the S4-U SGSN F-TEID or the S12 RNC F-TEID. | | | |

## 7.2.17    Delete Bearer Command and Failure Indication

### 7.2.17.1    Delete Bearer Command

A Delete Bearer Command message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as a part of the eNodeB requested bearer release or MME-Initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the MS and SGSN Initiated Bearer Deactivation procedure using S4.

**Table 7.2.17.1-1: Information Elements in Delete Bearer Command**

| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bearer Contexts | M | This IE shall be used to indicate dedicated bearers. When used, at least one dedicated bearer shall be present. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers | Bearer Context | 0 |
| User Location Information (ULI) | CO | This IE shall be included by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. The CGI/SAI shall be included by SGSN and the ECGI shall be included by MME.<br>The SGW shall forward this IE on the S5/S8 interface if it receives it from the MME/SGSN. | ULI | 0 |
| ULI Timestamp | CO | This IE shall be included on the S4/S11 interface if the ULI IE is present. It indicates the time when the User Location Information was acquired.<br>The SGW shall include this IE on S5/S8 if the SGW receives it from the MME/SGSN. | ULI Timestamp | 0 |
| UE Time Zone | CO | This IE shall be included, if available, by the MME on the S11 interface or by the SGSN on the S4 interface. | UE Time Zone | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

**Table 7.2.17.1-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Command**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Bearer Flags | CO | Applicable flags are:<br>- VB (Voice Bearer) indicator shall be set to indicate a voice bearer for PS-to-CS (v)SRVCC handover.<br>- Vind (vSRVCC indicator) indicator shall be set to indicate a video bearer for PS-to-CS vSRVCC handover. | Bearer Flags | 0 |

### 7.2.17.2 Delete Bearer Failure Indication

A Delete Bearer Failure Indication shall be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of failure of eNodeB requested bearer release or MME Initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW and on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of failure of MS and SGSN Initiated Bearer Deactivation procedure using S4.

This message shall be sent back if none of the bearers (not even a single one) included in the Delete Bearer Command message could be deleted.

The Cause IE indicates that the EPS bearer has not been deleted in the PGW.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Context not found"

**Table 7.2.17.2-1: Information Elements in a Delete Bearer Failure Indication**

| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Bearer Context | M | This IE shall contain the list of failed bearers. See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements". | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included If contacting the peer for the first time. | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

**Table 7.2.17.2-2: Bearer Context within Delete Bearer Failure Indication**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | See subclause 6.1.1 "Presence requirements of Information Elements". | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate the reason of the unsuccessful handling of the bearer. | Cause | 0 |

### 7.2.18 Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request

The Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message shall be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the MME/SGSN to the SGW as part of the Handover procedures.

Table 7.2.18-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.2.18-1: Information Elements in a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | C | This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN if the SGW that the MME/SGSN selects for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW already in use for the UE as the anchor point except for the case:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless<br><br>When the IMSI is included in the message, it is not used as an identifier<br>- if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.<br><br>See NOTE1. | IMSI | 0 |
| ME Identity (MEI) | C | This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN if the SGW that the MME/SGSN selects for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW already in use for the UE as the anchor point and if one of the following condition satisfies:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless<br><br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated | MEI | 0 |
| Indication Flags | CO | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.<br>Applicable flags are:<br>- Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE. | Indication | 0 |
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | C | This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN if the SGW that the MME/SGSN selects for indirect data forwarding is different from the SGW already in use for the UE as the anchor point.<br>See NOTE1. | F-TEID | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts | M | Several IEs with this type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Recovery | CO | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time. | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: The SGW which is hosting the UE's bearer(s) is considered as the (local) anchor point. Unlike the PGW, the SGW may change due to mobility between eNodeBs, or E-UTRAN and GERAN/UTRAN supported with S4 based architecture. In these cases the new SGW where the UE's bearer(s) are moved, becomes the new local anchor point. A source MME/SGSN may select an SGW for indirect data forwarding which is different than the source (anchor) SGW. Similarly, a target MME/SGSN may select an SGW for indirect data forwarding which is different than the target (anchor) SGW. | | | | |

**Table 7.2.18-2: Bearer Context within Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| eNodeB F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | Target eNodeB F-TEID.<br>This IE shall be present in the message sent from the target MME to the SGW selected by the target MME for indirect data forwarding, or shall be included in the message sent from the source SGSN/MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if the eNodeB F-TEID for DL data forwarding is included in the Forward Relocation Response message. | F-TEID | 0 |
| SGW F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | Target SGW F-TEID<br>This IE shall be present in the message sent from the source MME/SGSN to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if SGW F-TEID for DL data forwarding is included in the Forward Relocation Response message. This F-TEID is assigned by the SGW that the target MME/SGSN selects for indirect data forwarding. | F-TEID | 1 |
| SGSN F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | Target SGSN F-TEID<br>This IE shall be present in the message sent from the target SGSN to the SGW selected by the target SGSN for indirect data forwarding in E-UTRAN to GERAN/UTRAN inter RAT handover with SGW relocation procedure, or shall be included in the message sent from the source MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if the SGSN F-TEID for DL data forwarding is included in the Forwarding Relocation Response message. | F-TEID | 2 |
| | CO | This IE shall also be present in the message sent from the source MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if the SGSN Address for User Traffic and the Tunnel Endpoint Identifier Data II are included in the GTPv1 Forward Relocation Response message as specified in D.3.7 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. | | |
| RNC F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | Target RNC F-TEID<br>This IE shall be present in the message sent from the target SGSN to the SGW selected by the target SGSN for indirect data forwarding in E-UTRAN to UTRAN inter RAT handover with SGW relocation procedure, or shall be included in the message sent from the source MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if the RNC F-TEID for DL data forwarding is included in the Forwarding Relocation Response message. | F-TEID | 3 |
| | CO | This IE shall also be present in the message sent from the source MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if the RNC IP address and TEID are included in the RAB Setup Information and/or the Additional RAB Setup Information in the GTPv1 Forwarding Relocation Response message as specified in D.3.3 of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. | | |
| eNodeB F-TEID for UL data forwarding | O | Target eNodeB F-TEID.<br>If available this IE may be present in the message, which is sent during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the target MME to the SGW selected by the target MME for indirect data forwarding, or may be included in the message sent from the source MME to the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if the eNodeB F-TEID for data UL forwarding is included in the Forward Relocation Response message. | F-TEID | 4 |
| SGW F-TEID for UL data forwarding | O | Target SGW F-TEID<br>If available this IE may be present in the message, which is sent during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the source MME to | F-TEID | 5 |

| | | the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding if SGW F-TEID for UL data forwarding is included in the Forward Relocation Response message. This F-TEID is assigned by the SGW that the target MME selects for indirect data forwarding. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|

## 7.2.19   Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response

A Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response message shall be sent by the SGW to the MME/SGSN as a response to a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message.

Table 7.2.19-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

The Cause value indicates if the Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnels has been created in the SGW or not. No Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnels have been created in the SGW if the Cause differs from "Request accepted" or "Request accepted partially". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially".

- "Data forwarding not supported".

- "Context not found".

**Table 7.2.19-1: Information Elements in a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | C | This IE shall be included by an SGW if the SGW receives a Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE from an MME/SGSN in a Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request message. See also NOTE 1 in Table 7.2.18-1. | F-TEID | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts | M | Several IEs with this type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Recovery | CO | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

**Table 7.2.19-2: Bearer Context within Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response**

| Octet 1 | | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | | Length = n | | |
| Octet 4 | | Spare and Instance fields | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate if the tunnel setup was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason. | Cause | 0 |
| S1-U SGW F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | This IE shall be included in the response sent from the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding to the source MME. See NOTE 3. | F-TEID | 0 |
| S12 SGW F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | S12 usage only. This IE shall be included in the response sent from the SGW selected by the source SGSN for indirect data forwarding to the source SGSN. See NOTE 3. | F-TEID | 1 |
| S4-U SGW F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | S4-U usage only. This IE shall be included in the response sent from the SGW selected by the source SGSN for indirect data forwarding to the source SGSN. See NOTE 3. | F-TEID | 2 |
| SGW F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | This IE shall be included in the response message sent from the SGW selected by the target MME/SGSN for indirect data forwarding to the target MME/SGSN. See NOTE 3. | F-TEID | 3 |
| S1-U SGW F-TEID for UL data forwarding | O | If available this IE may be included in the response sent during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the SGW selected by the source MME for indirect data forwarding to the source MME. See NOTE 4. | F-TEID | 4 |
| SGW F-TEID for UL data forwarding | O | If available this IE may be included in the response message sent during the intra-EUTRAN HO from the SGW selected by the target MME for indirect data forwarding to the target MME. See NOTE 4. | F-TEID | 5 |
| NOTE 1: For DL data forwarding if the SGW does not have enough information to decide which of the F-TEID instance from S1-U, S12, S4-U and SGW to include in the message, it may include all of them. NOTE 2: For UL data forwarding if the SGW does not have enough information to decide which of the F-TEID instance from S1-U and SGW to include in the message, it may include both of them. NOTE 3: For DL data forwarding the SGW shall set the interface type in the F-TEID to 23, i.e 'SGW GTP-U interface for DL data forwarding' for S1-U/S4-U/S12/SGW. NOTE 4: For UL data forwarding the SGW shall set the interface type in the F-TEID to 28, i.e 'SGW GTP-U interface for UL data forwarding' for S1-U/SGW. | | | | |

## 7.2.20 Void

## 7.2.21 Release Access Bearers Request

The Release Access Bearers Request message shall sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW as part of the S1 release procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW as part of the procedures:

- RAB release using S4

- Iu Release using S4

- READY to STANDBY transition within the network

**Table 7.2.21-1: Information Element in Release Access Bearers Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| List of RABs | C | Shall be present on S4 interface when this message is used to release a subset of all active RABs according to the RAB release procedure. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of RABs to be released. | EBI | 0 |
| Originating Node | CO | This IE shall be sent on S11 interface, if ISR is active in the MME. This IE shall be sent on S4 interface, if ISR is active in the SGSN See NOTE 1. | Node Type | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: If SGW has the S1-U F-TEIDs for the UE, but the Originating Node IE contains value "SGSN", then the SGW shall not release the user plane and shall send a positive response to the SGSN. If SGW has the S12 RNC TEIDs or S4-U SGSN TEIDs for the UE, but the Originating Node IE contains value "MME", then the SGW shall not release the user plane and shall send a positive response to the MME. | | | | |

## 7.2.22    Release Access Bearers Response

The Release Access Bearers Response message is sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME as part of the S1 release procedure.

The message shall also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN as part of the procedures:

- RAB release using S4

- Iu Release using S4

- READY to STANDBY transition within the network

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially".

- "Context not found".

**Table 7.2.22-1: Information Element in Release Access Bearers Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Recovery | O | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.2.23    Stop Paging Indication

A Stop Paging Indication message shall be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/SGSN as a part of the network triggered service request procedure.

Table 7.2.23-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.2.23-1: Information Elements in a Stop Paging Indication**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.2.24 Modify Access Bearers Request

The direction of this message shall be from MME to SGW (see Table 6.1-1).

If both the SGW and the MME support the MABR feature (see subclause 8.83), an MME may send a Modify Access Bearer Request message on the S11 interface to an SGW as part of the following procedures:

- UE triggered Service Request if there is no suspended bearer for that UE,

- S1-based Handover without SGW relocation,

- X2-based handover without SGW relocation,

- Inter-MME E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change;

if all the following conditions are fulfilled:

- the RAT type has not changed;

- the Serving Network has not changed;

- the MME does not need to report a H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information change;

- the MME does not need to send UE's location and/or User CSG information or/and UE Time Zone to the PDN GW;

- the MME does not need to send an MME-FQ-CSID as per the requirements specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17];

- ISR is not activated, if the Modify Access Bearers Request is sent as part of a UE triggered Service Request;

- ISR was not activated in the old MME which is indicated by the ISRAU flag in the Context Response, if the Modify Access Bearers Request is sent as part of an Inter-MME E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW change.

The Modify Access Bearers Request message may modify S1-U bearers of all the PDN connections of the UE.

Support of this message is optional for the MME and SGW.

**Table 7.2.24-1: Information Elements in a Modify Access Bearers Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indication Flags | C | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.<br>Applicable flags are:<br>- ISRAI: This flag shall be set to 1 if ISR is established between the MME and the S4 SGSN for an S1-based Handover without SGW relocation and for an X2-based Handover without SGW relocation.<br><br>- Change F-TEID support Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 for an IDLE state UE initiated TAU procedure to allow the SGW changing the GTP-U F-TEID. | Indication | 0 |
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | C | The new MME shall include this IE on the S11 interface for a TAU/Handover with MME change and without any SGW change.<br>If the SGW receives this IE and if it finds that its value is the same as the earlier received value of this IE for this UE, it should interpret this to mean that the MME has not changed. | F-TEID | 0 |
| Delay Downlink Packet Notification Request | C | This IE shall be sent for a UE triggered Service Request. | Delay Value | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts to be modified | C | Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers to be modified. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts to be removed | C | This IE shall be included for the TAU/Handover and Service Request procedures where any of the bearers existing before the TAU/Handover procedure and Service Request procedures will be deactivated as consequence of the TAU/Handover procedure and Service Request procedures.<br>For the Service Request procedure, all unaccepted bearers for this UE shall be included.<br>For each of those bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value, shall be included. | Bearer Context | 1 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time. | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

**Table 7.2.24-2: Bearer Context to be modified within Modify Access Bearers Request**

| Octets 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octets 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| S1-U eNodeB F-TEID | C | This IE shall be sent for<br><br>- a UE triggered Service Request<br><br>- S1-based Handover without SGW relocation<br><br>- X2-based handover without SGW relocation<br><br>- in S1-U GTP-U tunnel setup procedure during an Inter-MME E-UTRAN Tracking Area Update without SGW Change procedure (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]).<br><br>If an MME is aware that the eNodeB supports both IP address types, the MME shall send both IP addresses within an F-TEID IE. If only one IP address is included, then the SGW shall assume that the eNodeB does not support the other IP address type. | F-TEID | 0 |

**Table 7.2.24-3: Bearer Context to be removed within Modify Access Bearers Request**

| Octets 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octets 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |

## 7.2.25   Modify Access Bearers Response

If an SGW supports the MABR feature (see subclause 8.83), the SGW shall send a Modify Access Bearers Response message on the S11 interface to an MME as a response to a Modify Access Bearers Request message.

If handling of all default bearers to be modified fails, then Cause at the message level shall be a failure cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially".

- "Context not found".

- "Service not supported".

- "Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers"

The SGW shall send the cause value "Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers" if

- it can not serve the MME Request without corresponding S5/S8 signalling, or without corresponding Gxc signalling when PMIP is used over the S5/S8 interface, or

- if there are suspended non-GBR bearers for that UE in the SGW (NOTE 3).

Upon receipt of that cause value, the MME shall repeat its request using Modify Bearer Request message per PDN connection.

NOTE 1: This cause value is introduced for forward compatibility between an MME implementing this version of the specification and an SGW implementing a more recent version requiring the SGW to send S5/S8 signalling.

NOTE 2: During an Inter-MME Intra-SGW handover/TAU, if the SGW, PGW and the old MME support the partial failure handling feature but the new MME doesn't, the SGW needs to inform the PGW about the change of FQ-CSID (see subclause 16.2.5 of 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]). If the SGW receives a Modify Access Bearers Request from the new MME, it can force the MME to send individual Modify Bearer Request message per PDN connection by returning the cause value "Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers".

NOTE 3: There may be some suspended non-GBR bearers in the SGW during an Inter-MME Intra-SGW Tracking Area Update without SGW Change when the UE is coming back to E-UTRAN via a different MME than the MME serving the UE before the CSFB or SRVCC call.

**Table 7.2.25-1: Information Elements in a Modify Access Bearers Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts modified | C | EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be modified that were sent in Modify Access Bearers Request message. Several IEs with the same type and instance value may be included as necessary to represent a list of the Bearers which are modified. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts marked for removal | C | EPS bearers corresponding to Bearer Contexts to be removed that were sent in the Modify Access Bearers Request message. Shall be included if request message contained Bearer Contexts to be removed. For each of those bearers an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included. | Bearer Context | 1 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time. | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

**Table 7.2.25-2: Bearer Context modified within Modify Access Bearers Response**

| Octets 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octets 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason. | Cause | 0 |
| S1 SGW F-TEID | M | The SGW may change the GTP-U F-TEID value if the 'Change F-TEID support Indication' flag was set to 1 in the Modify Access Bearers Request. Otherwise, the SGW shall return the currently allocated GTP-U F-TEID value. See NOTE 1. | F-TEID | 0 |
| NOTE 1: The SGW shall not change its F-TEID for a given interface during the Handover, Service Request. During Handover and Service Request the target eNodeB may use a different IP type than the one used by the source eNodeB. In order to support such a scenario, the SGW F-TEID should contain both an IPv4 address and an IPv6 address (see also subclause 8.22 "F-TEID"). | | | | |

**Table 7.2.25-3: Bearer Context marked for removal within Modify Access Bearers Response**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| Cause | M | This IE shall indicate if the bearer handling was successful, and if not, gives information on the reason. | Cause | 0 |

# 7.3 Mobility Management Messages

## 7.3.1 Forward Relocation Request

A Forward Relocation Request message shall be sent from the source MME to the target MME over S10 interface as part of S1-based handover relocation procedure from the source MME to the target SGSN, or from the source SGSN to the target MME over S3 interface as part of Inter RAT handover and combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedures, or from source SGSN to the target SGSN over S16 interface as part of SRNS Relocation and PS handover procedures.

A Forward Relocation Request message shall also be sent from the source MME to the target SGSN over S3 interface as part of SRVCC from E-UTRAN to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support procedures and from source SGSN to the target SGSN over S16 interface as part of SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to UTRAN or GERAN with DTM HO support.

Forward Relocation procedure across S10 interface (when $K_{ASME}$ is taken into use) shall be performed according to the Rules on Concurrent Running of Security Procedures, which are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

Table 7.3.1-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.1-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | C | The IMSI shall be included in the message except for the case:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.<br><br>The IMSI shall be included in the message but not used as an identifier<br>- if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated. | IMSI | 0 |
| Sender's F-TEID for Control Plane | M | | F-TEID | 0 |
| MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections | C | This IE shall be present, except over the S16 interface if there is no active PDP context and the source and target SGSNs supports SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection over GTPv2 (see NOTE 2). Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of PDN Connections | PDN Connection | 0 |
| SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane | C | This IE shall be present, except over the S16 interface if there is no active PDP context and the source and target SGSNs supports SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection over GTPv2 (see NOTE 2). | F-TEID | 1 |
| SGW node name | C | This IE identifies the SGW that was used by the old MME/S4-SGSN. It shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN, except over the S16 interface if there is no active PDP context and the source and target SGSNs supports SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection over GTPv2 (see NOTE 2). | FQDN | 0 |
| MME/SGSN UE MM Context | M | | MM Context | 0 |
| Indication Flags | C | This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1.<br>- Direct Forwarding Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 if direct forwarding is supported in the S1 based handover procedure. This flag shall not be set to 1 if the message is used for other handover procedures.<br><br>- Idle mode Signalling Reduction Supported Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source MME/SGSN and associated SGW are capable to establish ISR for the UE.<br><br>- Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.<br><br>- Change Reporting support indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports Location Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE1. See NOTE 3.<br><br>- CSG Change Reporting Support Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE1. See NOTE 3.<br><br>- Management Based MDT allowed flag: This flag shall be set to 1 for the S1 based inter-MME handover procedure over the S10 interface, if Management Based Minimization of Drive Tests (MDT) is allowed. See 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] and 3GPP TS 32.422 [18].<br><br>- CSFB Indication: when configured to support the | Indication | 0 |

| | | | return to the last used PLMN after CSFB, the MME shall set this flag to 1 on the S3 interface if the PS handover procedure is due to CSFB (see subclause 4.3.2 of 3GPP TS 23.272 [21]). See NOTE 5. | | |
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| E-UTRAN Transparent Container | C | This IE shall be included to contain the "Source to Target Transparent Container", if the message is used for UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN inter RAT handover procedure, E-UTRAN intra RAT handover procedure and 3G SGSN to MME combined hard handover and SRNS relocation procedure. The Container Type shall be set to 3. | F-Container | 0 |
| UTRAN Transparent Container | C | This IE shall be included to contain the "Source to Target Transparent Container", if the message is used for PS handover to UTRAN Iu mode procedures, SRNS relocation procedure and E-TURAN to UTRAN inter RAT handover procedure. The Container Type shall be set to 1. | F-Container | 1 |
| BSS Container | C | This IE shall be included to contain the "Source BSS to Target BSS Transparent Container" if the message is used for PS handover to GERAN A/Gb mode and E-UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode inter RAT handover procedure. The Container Type shall be set to 2. | F-Container | 2 |
| Target Identification | C | This IE shall be included if the message is used for SRNS relocation procedure and handover to UTRAN/E-UTRAN procedures. | Target Identification | 0 |
| HRPD access node S101 IP address | C | This IE shall be included only if the HRPD pre registration was performed at the source MME | IP-Address | 0 |
| 1xIWS S102 IP address | C | This IE shall be included only if the 1xRTT CS fallback pre registration was performed at the source MME | IP-Address | 1 |
| S1-AP Cause | C | This IE is the information received from the source eNodeB, and the source MME shall include this IE in the message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP. | F-Cause | 0 |
| RANAP Cause | C | This IE is the information from the source RNC, the source SGSN shall include this IE in the message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP. | F-Cause | 1 |
| BSSGP Cause | C | This IE is the information received from source BSS, and the source SGSN shall include this IE in the message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP. | F-Cause | 2 |
| Source Identification | C | This IE shall be included on the S16 interface if the message is used for PS handover from GERAN/UTRAN to GERAN A/Gb mode. | Source Identification | 0 |
| Selected PLMN ID | C | The old MME/SGSN shall include this IE if the selected PLMN identity is available. The Selected PLMN ID IE indicates the target core network operator selected for the UE in a shared network. | PLMN ID | 0 |
| Recovery | C | If contacting the peer for the first time | Recovery | 0 |
| Trace Information | C | This IE shall be included when session trace is active for this IMSI/IMEI. | Trace Information | 0 |
| Subscribed RFSP Index | CO | This IE shall be included during inter-MME/SGSN mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN receives it from an HSS. | RFSP Index | 0 |
| RFSP Index in Use | CO | This IE shall be included only during inter-MME/SGSN mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN supports the feature. | RFSP Index | 1 |
| CSG ID | CO | This IE shall be included on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN receives it from the source eNodeB/RNC. It indicates the target CSG ID in case of a handover to a CSG cell or hybrid cell. | CSG ID | 0 |
| CSG Membership Indication | CO | This IE shall be included on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces by the source MME/SGSN if the CSG access mode is received from the source eNodeB/RNC and indicates the target cell is a hybrid cell, or if the UE has emergency bearer(s) and the target cell is a CSG cell. | CMI | 0 |
| UE Time Zone | CO | When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN. | UE Time Zone | 0 |
| Serving Network | CO | This IE shall be included to indicate the current Serving Network. | Serving Network | 0 |
| MME/S4-SGSN LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 0 |

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|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | node for the first time. | | |
| Additional MM context for SRVCC | CO | This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN to the target MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if MS Classmark2, MS Classmark3 and the Supported Codec are available in the source MME/S4-SGSN. | Additional MM context for SRVCC | 0 |
| Additional flags for SRVCC | CO | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags needs to be forwarded.<br>Applicable flags:<br>- ICS Indicator: This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN to the target MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if ICS Indicator is available in the source MME/S4-SGSN.<br><br>- vSRVCC flag: This IE shall be sent by the source MME to the target MME on the S10 interface if vSRVCC flag is available in the source MME. | Additional flags for SRVCC | 0 |
| STN-SR | CO | This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN to the target MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if STN-SR is available in the source MME/S4-SGSN. | STN-SR | 0 |
| C-MSISDN | CO | This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN to the target MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if C-MSISDN is available in the source MME/S4-SGSN. The C-MSISDN is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. | MSISDN | 0 |
| MDT Configuration | CO | This IE shall be sent by the source MME to the target MME on the S10 interface for the S1-based handover relocation procedure, if the Job Type indicates Immediate MDT. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18] subclause 4.2.6. | MDT Configuration | 0 |
| SGSN node name | CO | This IE shall be sent by the source SGSN on the S3 interface if both source SGSN and associated SGW support ISR. See NOTE 4. | FQDN | 1 |
| MME node name | CO | This IE shall be sent by the source MME on the S3 interface if both source MME and associated SGW support ISR. See NOTE 4. | FQDN | 2 |
| User CSG Information (UCI) | CO | This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW.<br>The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. | UCI | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

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|---|---|
| NOTE 1: | 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication and/or CSG Change Reporting Support Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers to MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication. |
| NOTE 2: | GTPv2 shall be used for SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection if all the S4-SGSNs (between which SRNS relocation can take place) support this optional GTPv2 procedure. Otherwise GTPv1 shall be used for that procedure (see subclause 7.10). The S4-SGSN can know by local configuration whether all peer S4-SGSNs support this procedure. |
| NOTE 3: | The receiver shall ignore the per UE Change Reporting Support Indication and CSG Change Reporting Support Indication flags, as included within the Indication Flags IE above, if these flags are included per PDN connection i.e. within the Indication Flags IE of the MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections IE. |
| NOTE 4: | According to the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], during an inter-RAT handover procedure for a UE with ISR activated, the source MME/SGSN should select the ISR associated CN node for this UE as the target CN node for the inter RAT HO when the ISR associated CN node can serve the target access. This parameter is exchanged when ISR is being activated and used in the source MME/SGSN for this decision upon subsequent inter-RAT handover. |
| NOTE 5: | If the SGSN needs to include the last used LTE PLMN ID in the Equivalent PLMN list it sends to the UE (see 3GPP TS 23.272 [21]), the SGSN shall derive the last used LTE PLMN ID from the Serving Network IE. |

The PDN Connection grouped IE shall be coded as depicted in Table 7.3.1-2.

**Table 7.3.1-2: MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Forward Relocation Request**

| Octet 1 | | PDN Connection IE Type = 109 (decimal) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | | Length = n | | |
| Octet 4 | | Spare and Instance fields | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| APN | M | | APN | 0 |
| APN Restriction | C | This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context. The target MME or SGSN determines the Maximum APN Restriction using the APN Restriction. If available, the source MME/S4SGSN shall include this IE. | APN Restriction | 0 |
| Selection Mode | CO | When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN | Selection Mode | 0 |
| IPv4 Address | C | This IE shall not be included if no IPv4 Address is assigned. See NOTE 1. | IP Address | 0 |
| IPv6 Address | C | This IE shall not be included if no IPv6 Address is assigned. | IP Address | 1 |
| Linked EPS Bearer ID | M | This IE identifies the default bearer of the PDN Connection. | EBI | 0 |
| PGW S5/S8 IP Address for Control Plane or PMIP | M | This IE shall include the TEID in the GTP based S5/S8 case and the GRE key in the PMIP based S5/S8 case. | F-TEID | 0 |
| PGW node name | C | This IE shall be included if the source MME or SGSN has the PGW FQDN. | FQDN | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts | C | Several IEs with this type and instance values may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR) | M | | AMBR | 0 |
| Charging characteristics | C | This IE shall be present if charging characteristics was supplied by the HSS to the MME/SGSN as a part of subscription information. | Charging characteristics | 0 |
| Change Reporting Action | C | This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN. | Change Reporting Action | 0 |
| CSG Information Reporting Action | CO | This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN. | CSG Information Reporting Action | 0 |
| H(e)NB Information Reporting | CO | This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN. | H(e)NB Information Reporting | 0 |
| Indication Flags | CO | This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1.<br>- Change Reporting support indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports Location Change Reporting mechanism and if the S4-SGSN/MME has indicated the support for the Location Change Reporting mechanism to the PGW, during the session establishment and/or modification procedures. See NOTE 2.<br><br>- CSG Change Reporting Support Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism and if the S4-SGSN/MME has indicated the support for the CSG Informatoin Change Reporting to the PGW, during the session establishment and/or modification procedures. See NOTE 2. | Indication | 0 |
| Signalling Priority Indication | CO | The source SGSN/MME shall include this IE if the UE indicated low access priority when establishing the PDN connection. | Signalling Priority Indication | 0 |
| Change to Report Flags | CO | This IE shall be included by the SGSN if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. See NOTE3.<br>Applicable flags:<br>- Serving Network Change to Report: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source SGSN has detected a Serving Network change during a RAU procedure | Change to Report Flags | 0 |

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| | without SGSN change but has not yet reported this change to the PGW.<br><br>- Time Zone Change to Report: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source SGSN has detected a UE Time Zone change during a RAU procedure without SGSN change but has not yet reported this change to the PGW. | | | |

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| NOTE 1: For deferred IPv4 address allocation, if the MME/S4-SGSN receives the PDN address "0.0.0.0" from PGW during "eUTRAN Initial Attach", "PDP Context Activation", "UE requested PDN Connectivity", then the MME/S4-SGSN shall include this IPv4 address "0.0.0.0". |
| NOTE 2: 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication and/or CSG Change Reporting Support Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers to MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication. |
| NOTE 3: When UE is camping on the 3G and performs a Service Request procedure, as specified in the subclause 6.12.1 of 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], if Service Type indicates Signalling, the signalling connection is established between the MS and the SGSN for sending upper-layer signalling messages, e.g. Activate PDP Context Request, but the resources for active PDP context(s) are not allocated, therefore the change of Serving Network or UE Time zone may not be reported to SGW/PGW for the existing PDP Contexts. |

The Bearer Context grouped IE shall be coded as depicted in Table 7.3.1-3.

**Table 7.3.1-3: Bearer Context within MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Forward Relocation Request**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| TFT | C | This IE shall be present if a TFT is defined for this bearer. | Bearer TFT | 0 |
| SGW S1/S4/S12 IP Address and TEID for user plane | M | | F-TEID | 0 |
| PGW S5/S8 IP Address and TEID for user plane | C | This IE shall be present for GTP based S5/S8 | F-TEID | 1 |
| Bearer Level QoS | M | | Bearer Level QoS | 0 |
| BSS Container | CO | The MME/S4 SGSN shall include the Packet Flow ID, Radio Priority, SAPI, PS Handover XID parameters in the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure, if available. See Figure 8.48-2. The Container Type shall be set to 2. | F-Container | 0 |
| Transaction Identifier | C | This IE shall be sent over S3/S10/S16 if the UE supports A/Gb and/or Iu mode. | TI | 0 |
| Bearer Flags | CO | Applicable flags:<br>- vSRVCC indicator: This IE shall be sent by the source MME to the target MME on the S10 interface if vSRVCC indicator is available in the source MME.<br><br>- ASI (Activity Status Indicator): the source S4-SGSN shall set this indicator to 1 on the S16 interface if the bearer context is preserved in the CN without an associated RAB. | Bearer Flags | 0 |

## 7.3.2 Forward Relocation Response

A Forward Relocation Response message shall be sent as a response to Forward Relocation Request during S1-based handover procedure, Inter RAT handover procedures, SRNS Relocation procedure and PS handover procedures.

Table 7.3.2-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Cause IE indicates if the relocation has been accepted, or not. The relocation has not been accepted by the target MME/SGSN if the Cause IE value differs from "Request accepted". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Relocation failure".

**Table 7.3.2-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Sender's F-TEID for Control Plane | C | If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted", the target MME/SGSN shall include this IE in Forward Relocation Response message. | F-TEID | 0 |
| Indication Flags | C | This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1. SGW Change Indication:<br>- This flag shall be set to 1 if the target MME/SGSN has selected a new SGW. | Indication | 0 |
| List of Set-up Bearers | C | The list of set-up Bearers IE contains the EPS bearer Identifiers of the Bearers that were successfully allocated in the target system during a handover procedure. This IE shall be included if the source and target access type is EUTRAN and the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted".<br>See NOTE 1.<br>Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| List of Set-up RABs | C | The list of set-up RABs IE contains the RAB Identifiers of the RABs that were successfully allocated in the target system. This IE shall be included if the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted" and<br>- If the source access type is UTRAN and the target access type is E-UTRAN/UTRAN,<br>- If the source access type is E-UTRAN and the target access type is UTRAN,<br>except over the S16 interface if the Forward Relocation Request did not include the MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections IE.<br>See NOTE 1.<br>Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. | Bearer Context | 1 |
| List of Set-up PFCs | O | The list of set-up PFCs IE contains the Packet Flow Identifies of the PFCs that were successfully allocated in the target system during a PS handover to/from GERAN or inter RAT handover to/from GERAN. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted", this IE may be included.<br>See NOTE 1.<br>Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. | Bearer Context | 2 |
| S1-AP Cause | C | This IE is included if cause value is contained in S1-AP message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP. | F-Cause | 0 |
| RANAP Cause | C | This IE is included if cause value is contained in RANAP message. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP. | F-Cause | 1 |
| BSSGP Cause | C | For handover to GERAN, if a cause value is received from the Target BSC, the BSSGP Cause IE shall be included and shall be set to the cause value received from the target BSC. Refer to the 3GPP TS 29.010 [42] for the mapping of cause values between S1AP, RANAP and BSSGP. | F-Cause | 2 |
| E-UTRAN Transparent Container | C | This IE shall be included to contain the "Target to Source Transparent Container" during a handover to E-UTRAN. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted". The Container Type shall be set to 3. | F-Container | 0 |
| UTRAN Transparent Container | C | This IE shall be included to contain the "Target to Source Transparent Container" during a handover to UTRAN. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted". The Container Type shall be set to 1. | F-Container | 1 |
| BSS Container | C | This IE shall be included to contain the Target BSS to | F-Container | 2 |

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|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Source BSS Transparent Container during a handover to GERAN. If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted". The Container Type shall be set to 2 | | |
| MME/S4-SGSN LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 0 |
| SGSN node name | CO | This IE shall be sent by the target SGSN on the S3 interface if both target SGSN and associated SGW support ISR. See NOTE 2. | FQDN | 0 |
| MME node name | CO | This IE shall be sent by the target MME on the S3 interface if both target MME and associated SGW support ISR. See NOTE 2. | FQDN | 1 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: In the Forward Relocation Request message, the inclusion of "RAN Cause" indicates that the source access type is E-UTRAN. In the Forward Relocation Request message, the inclusion of "RANAP Cause" indicates that the source access type is UTRAN. In the Forward Relocation Request message, the inclusion of "BSSGP Cause" indicates that the source access type is GERAN. | | | | |
| NOTE 2: According to the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], during an inter-RAT handover procedure for a UE with ISR activated, the source MME/SGSN should select the ISR associated CN node for this UE as the target CN node for the inter RAT HO when the ISR associated CN node can serve the target access. This parameter is exchanged when ISR is being activated and used in the source MME/SGSN for this decision upon subsequent inter-RAT handover. | | | | |

Bearer Context IE in this message is specified in Table 7.3.2-2, the source system shall use this IE for data forwarding in handover.

**Table 7.3.2-2: Bearer Context**

| Octet 1 | | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | | Length = n | | |
| Octet 4 | | Spare and Instance fields | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | C | This IE shall be included if the message is used for S1-Based handover procedure.<br>This IE shall be included if the message is used for SRNS relocation procedure and Inter RAT handover to/from Iu mode procedures. | EBI | 0 |
| Packet Flow ID | C | This IE shall be included if the message is used for PS handover and Inter RAT handover to/from A/Gb mode procedures. | Packet Flow ID | 0 |
| eNodeB F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | This IE shall be included for the message sent from the target MME, if the DL Transport Layer Address and DL GTP TEID are included in the "SAE Bearers Admitted List" of the S1AP: HANDOVER REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE and direct forwarding or indirect forwarding without SGW change is applied. | F-TEID | 0 |
| eNodeB F-TEID for UL data forwarding | O | This IE may be included for the message sent from the target MME during the intra-EUTRAN HO, if the UL Transport Layer Address and UL GTP TEID are included in the "SAE Bearers Admitted List" of the S1AP: HANDOVER REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE and direct forwarding or indirect forwarding without SGW change is applied. | F-TEID | 1 |
| SGW F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | This SGW F-TEID shall be included when indirect data forwarding with SGW change is applied. | F-TEID | 2 |
| RNC F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | This RNC F-TEID shall be included in the message sent from SGSN, if the target system decides using RNC F-TEID for data forwarding. | F-TEID | 3 |
| SGSN F-TEID for DL data forwarding | C | This SGSN F-TEID shall be included in the message sent from SGSN, if the target system decides using SGSN F-TEID for data forwarding. | F-TEID | 4 |
| SGW F-TEID for UL data forwarding | O | If available this SGW F-TEID may be included when indirect data forwarding with SGW change is applied, during the intra-EUTRAN HO. | F-TEID | 5 |

## 7.3.3 Forward Relocation Complete Notification

A Forward Relocation Complete Notification message shall be sent to the source MME/SGSN to indicate the handover has been successfully finished.

Table 7.3.3-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.3-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Complete Notification**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indication Flags | C | This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1. Idle mode Signalling Reduction Activation Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 if the message is used for inter RAT handover and the UE has ISR capability. This flag is set to indicate to the source MME/SGSN whether it shall maintain the UE's context and whether it shall activate ISR. | Indication | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.4 Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge

A Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to Forward Relocation Complete Notification during inter eNodeB handover with MME relocation procedure, SRNS Relocation with SGSN change procedures using S4 or Inter RAT Handover with MME/S4 SGSN interaction procedures.

Table 7.3.4-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

**Table 7.3.4-1: Information Elements in a Forward Relocation Complete Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Recovery | O | | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.5 Context Request

The new MME/SGSN shall send the Context Request message to the old MME/SGSN on S3/S16/S10 interface as a part of TAU/RAU procedure and UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure to get the MM and EPS bearer Contexts for the UE.

NOTE 1: During UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43], the GUTI, RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE, are not received directly from the UE but from the MSC Server over Sv interface.

If the sending/new node is a MME, it shall include in the Context Request message:

- the GUTI IE and Complete TAU Request Message IE, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI received from UE indicates the old node is a MME, as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

- the RAI IE and the P-TMSI IE, which are derived from the GUTI received from UE, and the P-TMSI Signature that was received intact from the UE, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI indicates the old node is an SGSN as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

If the sending/new node is an SGSN, it shall include RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE in the Context Request message. If the receiving/old node is an MME, it shall construct GUTI according to the RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE (see the mapping relationship between RAI, P-TMSI, P-TMSI signature and GUTI defined in 3GPP TS23.003[2]), and find UE context via this GUTI.

The new MME differentiates the type of the old node as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. If the old node is an SGSN, the GUTI shall be mapped to RAI and P-TMSI by the new MME; if the old node is a MME, the new MME include GUTI IE and Complete TAU Request Message IE in the Context Request message. The Mapping between temporary and area identities is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

The Target PLMN ID IE shall be used in old SGSN/MME in order to decide whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed to new SGSN/MME or not. Distribution and use of authentication vectors between different serving network domains are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

Table 7.3.5-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.5-1: Information Elements in a Context Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | C | IMSI shall be included if the UE has been successfully authenticated. | IMSI | 0 |
| GUTI | C | The New MME shall include this IE over S10 interface. | GUTI | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall be included over S10 interface if available during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. | | |
| Routeing Area Identity(RAI) | C | This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI indicates the old node is an SGSN, the new MME maps this IE from GUTI. | ULI for RAI | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface if available during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. | | |
| Packet TMSI(P-TMSI) | C | This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface. For the S3 interface, if sent by the MME, this IE is derived by the MME from the GUTI received from the UE. | P-TMSI | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface if available during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. | | |
| P-TMSI Signature | C | This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface if it is received from the UE. | P-TMSI Signature | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface if available during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. | | |
| Complete TAU request message | C | The new MME shall include this IE if available, and the old MME may use this IE for integrity check. See NOTE 3. | Complete Request Message | 0 |
| S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane | C | This IE specifies the address and the TEID for control plane message which is chosen by the new MME/SGSN. In case of SGSN pool, the IPv4 or the IPv6 address field shall be set to the same value of the Source IP address of the IP packet carrying this message, and the relaying SGSN shall not change the content of this IE when sending it to the old SGSN. See NOTE 1. | F-TEID | 0 |
| UDP Source Port Number | C | If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool as the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the UDP Source Port number of the received message in this parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN. The old SGSN shall use this UDP port as the UDP destination port of the Context Response message. | Port Number | 0 |
| RAT Type | C | The RAT Type indicates the Radio Access Technology which is used in the new system. | RAT Type | 0 |
| Indication | O | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable Flags are: - The MS Validated indicates that the new system has successfully authenticated the UE, or the new system has validated the integrity protection of the TAU request message. See NOTE 3. | Indication | 0 |
| Hop Counter | O | If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall decrement the Hop Counter if this IE is present in the received message; otherwise, the SGSN may include a Hop Counter with a value of max-1, and may relay the message to the old SGSN. | Hop Counter | 0 |
| Target PLMN ID | CO | If available, this IE shall be included in order to allow old MME/SGSN to make a judgment whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed or not. | Serving Network | 0 |
| MME/S4-SGSN LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 0 |
| SGSN node name | CO | This IE shall be sent by the new SGSN on the S3 interface | FQDN | 0 |

| | | if both new SGSN and associated SGW support ISR. See NOTE 2. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MME node name | CO | This IE shall be sent by the new MME on the S3 interface if both new MME and associated SGW support ISR. See NOTE 2. | FQDN | 1 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: The relaying SGSN shall forward the Context Request message to the interface of the old SGSN, where the interface type is matching what is indicated in the IE S3/S16/S10 Address and TEID for Control Plane. | | | | |
| NOTE 2: According to the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], during an inter-RAT handover procedure for a UE with ISR activated, the source MME/SGSN should select the ISR associated CN node for this UE as the target CN node for the inter RAT HO when the ISR associated CN node can serve the target access. This parameter is exchanged when ISR is being activated and used in the source MME/SGSN for this decision upon subsequent inter-RAT handover. | | | | |
| NOTE 3: The Complete TAU request message IE is available except during UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. In these procedures, the new MME shall set the Indication IE MSV (MS Validated) flag to 1. | | | | |

## 7.3.6    Context Response

A Context Response message shall be sent as a response to a previous Context Request message during TAU/RAU procedure and UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

-    "IMSI not known"

-    "P-TMSI Signature mismatch"

-    "User authentication failed"

Table 7.3.6-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.6-1: Information Elements in a Context Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| IMSI | C | The IMSI shall be included in the message except for the case:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.<br><br>The IMSI shall be included in the message but not used as an identifier<br>- if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated. | IMSI | 0 |
| MME/SGSN UE MM Context | C | This IE shall be included if the Cause IE has the value " Request Accepted ". | MM Context | 0 |
| MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections | C | This IE shall be included if there is at least a PDN connection for this UE on the sending MME/SGSN. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of PDN Connections. | PDN Connection | 0 |
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | C | This IE shall be included if the Cause IE has the value "Request Accepted". | F-TEID | 0 |
| SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane | C | This IE shall be included if a SGW is being used by the old MME/SGSN, except if:<br>- the source and target MME/S4-SGSN support the MME/S4-SGSN triggered SGW restoration procedure, and the source MME/S4-SGSN has not performed the SGW relocation procedure after the source SGW has failed as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].<br>- across the S16 interface if there is no active PDP context | F-TEID | 1 |
| SGW node name | C | This IE identifies the SGW that was used by the old MME/SGSN and it shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN with the following exceptions:<br>- the source and target MME/S4-SGSN support the MME/S4-SGSN triggered SGW restoration procedure, and the source MME/S4-SGSN has not performed the SGW relocation procedure after the source SGW has failed as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].<br>- across the S16 interface if there is no active PDP context | FQDN | 0 |
| Indication Flags | C | This IE shall be included if any of the flags are set to 1.<br><br>Idle mode Signalling Reduction Supported Indication:<br>- This flag shall be set to 1 if the Cause IE value indicates "Request accepted" and the old system (including old MME/SGSN and the associated SGW) has the ISR capability.<br><br>Unauthenticated IMSI:<br>- This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE.<br><br>Change Reporting support indication flag:<br>- This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports Location Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE 1. See NOTE 2.<br><br>CSG Change Reporting support indication flag:<br>- This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism. See NOTE 1. See NOTE 2.<br><br>ISRAU: | Indication | 0 |

|  |  | - This flag shall be set to 1 on S10/S16 interface if the ISR is activated for the UE before the UE moving to the new SGSN/MME.<br><br>Management Based MDT allowed flag:<br> - This flag shall be set to 1 for the inter-MME TAU procedure over the S10 interface, if Management Based Minimization of Drive Tests (MDT) is allowed. See 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] and 3GPP TS 32.422 [18].<br><br>SGW Restoration Needed Indication (SRNI):<br> - This flag shall be set to 1 if both source and target MME/S4-SGSN support the MME/S4-SGSN triggered SGW restoration procedure and the source MME/S4-SGSN has not performed the SGW relocation procedure after the source SGW has failed as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].<br><br>CSFB Indication (CSFBI):<br> - when configured to support the return to the last used PLMN after CSFB, the MME shall set this flag to 1 on the S3 interface if the UE has been subject to CSFB recently (see subclause 4.3.2 of 3GPP TS 23.272 [21]). See NOTE 4. |  |  |

| Trace Information | C | This IE shall be included when session trace is active for this IMSI/IMEI. | Trace Information | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| HRPD access node S101 IP address | C | This IE shall be included only if the HRPD pre registration was performed at the old MME | IP-Address | 0 |
| 1xIWS S102 IP address | C | This IE shall be included only if the 1xRTT CS fallback pre registration was performed at the old MME | IP-Address | 1 |
| Subscribed RFSP Index | CO | This IE shall be included only during inter-MME/SGSN mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN receives it from an HSS. | RFSP Index | 0 |
| RFSP Index in Use | CO | This IE shall be included only during inter-MME/SGSN mobility procedures, if the source MME/SGSN supports the feature. | RFSP Index | 1 |
| UE Time Zone | CO | When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN. | UE Time Zone | 0 |
| MME/S4-SGSN LDN | O | This IE is optionally sent by the MME/S4-SGSN to the peer MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]), when communicating the LDN to the peer node for the first time. | Local Distinguished Name (LDN) | 0 |
| MDT Configuration | CO | This IE shall be sent by the source MME to the target MME on the S10 interface for inter-MME TAU procedure, if the Job Type indicates Immediate MDT. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18] subclause 4.2.6. | MDT Configuration | 0 |
| SGSN node name | CO | This IE shall be sent by the old SGSN on the S3 interface if both old SGSN and associated SGW support ISR. See NOTE 3. | FQDN | 1 |
| MME node name | CO | This IE shall be sent by the old MME on the S3 interface if both old MME and associated SGW support ISR. See NOTE 3. | FQDN | 2 |
| User CSG Information (UCI) | CO | This IE shall be sent by the source MME/S4-SGSN on the S3/S10/S16 interfaces if the source MME/SGSN has reported to the PGW that the UE is in a CSG or hybrid cell. It shall then contain the last User CSG information that the source MME/S4-SGSN has reported to the PGW. The absence of this IE indicates that the UE has not been reported to the PGW as being in a CSG or hybrid cell. | UCI | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication and/or CSG Change Reporting Support Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers to MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication. <br> NOTE 2: The receiver shall ignore the per UE Change Reporting Support Indication and CSG Change Reporting Support Indication flags, as included within the Indication Flags IE above, if these flags are included per PDN connection i.e. within the Indication Flags IE of the MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections IE. <br> NOTE 3: According to the 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], during an inter-RAT handover procedure for a UE with ISR activated, the source MME/SGSN should select the ISR associated CN node for this UE as the target CN node for the inter RAT HO when the ISR associated CN node can serve the target access. This parameter is exchanged when ISR is being activated and used in the source MME/SGSN for this decision upon subsequent inter-RAT handover. <br> NOTE 4: If the SGSN needs to include the last used LTE PLMN ID in the Equivalent PLMN list it sends to the UE (see 3GPP TS 23.272 [21]), the SGSN shall derive the last used LTE PLMN ID from the Old RAI IE received in the RAU request message. ||||

**Table 7.3.6-2: MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Context Response**

| Octet 1 | PDN Connection IE Type = 109 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| APN | M | | APN | 0 |
| APN Restriction | C | This IE denotes the restriction on the combination of types of APN for the APN associated with this EPS bearer Context. The target MME or SGSN determines the Maximum APN Restriction using the APN Restriction. If available, the source MME/S4 SGSN shall include this IE. | APN Restriction | 0 |
| Selection Mode | CO | When available, this IE shall be included by the source MME/S4-SGSN | Selection Mode | 0 |
| IPv4 Address | C | This IE shall not be included if no IPv4 Address is assigned. See NOTE 1. | IP Address | 0 |
| IPv6 Address | C | This IE shall not be included if no IPv6 Address is assigned. | IP Address | 1 |
| Linked EPS Bearer ID | M | This IE identifies the default bearer of the PDN Connection. | EBI | 0 |
| PGW S5/S8 IP Address for Control Plane or PMIP | M | This IE shall include the TEID in the GTP based S5/S8 case and the GRE key in the PMIP based S5/S8 case. | F-TEID | 0 |
| PGW node name | C | This IE shall be included if the source MME or SGSN has the PGW FQDN. | FQDN | 0 |
| Bearer Contexts | M | Several IEs with this type and instance values may be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. | Bearer Context | 0 |
| Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (APN-AMBR) | M | | AMBR | 0 |
| Charging characteristics | C | This IE shall be present if charging characteristics was supplied by the HSS to the MME/SGSN as a part of subscription information. | Charging characteristics | 0 |
| Change Reporting Action | C | This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN. | Change Reporting Action | 0 |
| CSG Information Reporting Action | CO | This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN. | CSG Information Reporting Action | 0 |
| H(e)NB Information Reporting | CO | This IE shall be included whenever available at the source MME/SGSN. | H(e)NB Information Reporting | 0 |
| Indication flags | CO | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1. Applicable flags: <br>- Subscribed QoS Change Indication: This flag shall be set to 1 if the subscribed QoS profile of the related PDN connection has changed in the old MME/SGSN when the UE is in ECM-IDLE state and ISR is activated. <br><br>- Change Reporting support indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports Location Change Reporting mechanism and if the S4-SGSN/MME has indicated the support for the Location Change Reporting mechanism to the PGW, during the session establishment and/or modification procedures. See NOTE 2. <br><br>- CSG Change Reporting Support Indication flag: This flag shall be set to 1 if the Source S4-SGSN/MME supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism and if the S4-SGSN/MME has indicated the support for the CSG Information Change Reporting to the PGW, during the session establishment and/or modification procedures. See NOTE 2. | Indication | 0 |

| Signalling Priority Indication | CO | The source SGSN/MME shall include this IE if the UE indicated low access priority when establishing the PDN connection. | Signalling Priority Indication | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Change to Report Flags | CO | This IE shall be included by the MME/SGSN if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.<br>Applicable flags:<br>- Serving Network Change to Report: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source MME/SGSN has detected a Serving Network change during a TAU/RAU procedure without MME/SGSN change but has not yet reported this change to the PGW.<br><br>- Time Zone Change to Report: This flag shall be set to 1 if the source MME/SGSN has detected a UE Time Zone change during a TAU/RAU procedure without MME/SGSN change but has not yet reported this change to the PGW. | Change To Report Flags | 0 |
| NOTE 1: | | For deferred IPv4 address allocation, if the MME/S4-SGSN receives the PDN address "0.0.0.0" from PGW during "eUTRAN Initial Attach", "PDP Context Activation", "UE requested PDN Connectivity", then the MME/S4-SGSN shall include this IPv4 address "0.0.0.0". | | |
| NOTE 2: | | 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (e.g. subclause 5.3.2.1) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] (e.g. subclause 9.2.2.1) defines the MME/SGSN shall send the MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication to the PGW. In such case MME/SGSN shall use the Change Reporting Support Indication and/or CSG Change Reporting Support Indication (whichever is applicable), even if stage 2 refers to MS Info Change Reporting Support Indication. | | |

The Bearer Context shall be coded as depicted in Table 7.3.6-3.

**Table 7.3.6-3: Bearer Context within MME/SGSN UE EPS PDN Connections within Context Response**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Sparae and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| EPS Bearer ID | M | | EBI | 0 |
| TFT | C | This IE shall be present if a TFT is defined for this bearer. | Bearer TFT | 0 |
| SGW S1/S4/S12 IP Address and TEID for user plane | C | The IE shall be present except if:<br>- the source and target MME/S4-SGSN support the MME/S4-SGSN triggered SGW restoration procedure, and the source MME/S4-SGSN has not performed the SGW relocation procedure after the SGW has failed as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | F-TEID | 0 |
| PGW S5/S8 IP Address and TEID for user plane | C | This IE shall only be included for GTP based S5/S8. | F-TEID | 1 |
| Bearer Level QoS | M | | Bearer Level QoS | 0 |
| BSS Container | CO | The MME/S4 SGSN shall include the Packet Flow ID, Radio Priority, SAPI, PS Handover XID parameters in the TAU/RAU/Handover procedure, if available. | F-Container | 0 |
| Transaction Identifier | C | This IE shall be sent over S3/S10/S16 if the UE supports A/Gb and/or Iu mode. | TI | 0 |

## 7.3.7    Context Acknowledge

A Context Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a previous Context Response message, only if the previous Context Response message is received with the acceptance cause.

Possible cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "User authentication failed".

Table 7.3.7-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.7-1: Information Elements in a Context Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Indication flags | C | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.<br>Applicable Flags are:<br>SGWCI:<br>- SGW change indication indicates a new SGW has been selected. The old MME/old SGSN marks in its context that the information in the GWs and the HSS are invalid.<br><br>ISRAI:<br>- This flag indicates to the old system that it shall maintain the UE's contexts. This flag shall be set to 1 if the Cause IE value indicates "Request accepted" and ISR is activated as specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].<br><br>See NOTE1. | Indication | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE1: For the Indication Flags, the combination (SGWCI, ISRAI) = 1,1 shall be considered an error if received. | | | | |

## 7.3.8 Identification Request

If the UE identifies itself with temporary identity and it has changed SGSN/MME since detach in Attach procedure, the new MME/SGSN shall send an Identification Request message to the old SGSN/MME over S3, S16 or S10 interface to request IMSI.

Table 7.3.8-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

If the sending/new node is a MME, it shall include in the Identification Request message:

- the GUTI IE and Complete Attach Request Message IE, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI received from UE indicates the old node is a MME, as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

- the RAI P-TMSI, which was derived from the GUTI received from UE, and the P-TMSI Signature that was received intact from the UE, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI indicates the old node is an SGSN as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

If the sending/new node is an SGSN, it shall include RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE in the Identification Request message. If the receiving/old node is an MME, it shall construct GUTI according to the RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE (see the mapping relationship between RAI, P-TMSI, P-TMSI signature and GUTI defined in 3GPP TS23.003[2]), and find UE context via this GUTI.

The new MME differentiates the type of the old node as specified in subclause 2.8.2.2.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. If the old node is an SGSN, the GUTI shall be mapped to RAI and P-TMSI by the new MME; if the old node is a MME, the new MME include GUTI IE and Complete Attach Request Message IE in the Identification Request message. The Mapping between temporary and area identities is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

The GUTI IE shall not coexist with any of the RAI IE, P-TMSI IE and P-TMSI Signature IE in an Identification Request message. If this occurs, the receiving node shall return a corresponding cause value in the response message.

The Target PLMN ID IE shall be used in old SGSN/MME in order to decide whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed to new SGSN/MME or not. Distribution and use of authentication vectors between different serving network domains are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

**Table 7.3.8-1: Information Elements in an Identification Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| GUTI | C | The new MME shall include this IE over S10 interface. | GUTI | 0 |
| Routeing Area Identity(RAI) | C | This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface, if the GUTI or the indication of mapped or native GUTI received from the UE indicates the old node is an SGSN, the new MME maps this IE from GUTI. | ULI for RAI | 0 |
| Packet TMSI(P-TMSI) | C | This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface. For the S3 interface, if sent by the MME, this IE is derived by the MME from the GUTI received from the UE. | P-TMSI | 0 |
| P-TMSI Signature | C | This IE shall be included over S3/S16 interface, if it is received from the UE. | P-TMSI Signature | 0 |
| Complete Attach Request Message | C | The new MME shall include this IE over S10 interface, and the old MME may use this IE for integrity check. | Complete Request Message | 0 |
| Address for Control Plane | O | If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the old IP address of the received message in this optional parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN. | IP Address | 0 |
| UDP Source Port Number | C | If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool as the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the UDP Source Port number of the received message in this parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN. The old SGSN shall use this UDP port as the UDP destination port of the Identification Response message. | Port Number | 0 |
| Hop Counter | O | If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall decrement the Hop Counter if this IE is present in the received message; otherwise, the SGSN may include a Hop Counter with a value of max-1, and may relay the message to the old SGSN. | Hop Counter | 0 |
| Target PLMN ID | CO | If available, this IE shall be included in order to allow old MME/SGSN to make a judgment whether un-used authentication vectors to be distributed or not. | Serving Network | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | None | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.9    Identification Response

The old SGSN/MME shall send an Identification Response message to the new MME/SGSN as a response to a previous Identification Request message over S3/S10/S16 interface.

Table 7.3.9-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

For Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes, if an old SGSN within an SGSN pool receives an Identification Request message that contains the optional parameter Address for Control Plane, the old SGSN shall use this address as destination IP address of the Identification Response message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "P-TMSI Signature mismatch"

- "User authentication failed"

Only the Cause information element shall be included in the response if the Cause contains another value than "Request accepted".

**Table 7.3.9-1: Information Elements in an Identification Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| IMSI | C | This IE shall be included if the Cause contains the value "Request accepted". | IMSI | 0 |
| MME/SGSN UE MM Context | C | This IE shall be included if Attach Request is integrity protected | MM Context | 0 |
| Trace Information | CO | This IE shall be included when session trace is active for this IMSI/IMEI. | Trace Information | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.10 Forward Access Context Notification

A Forward Access Context Notification message shall be sent from the Old SGSN to the New SGSN over the S16 interface to forward the RNC contexts to the target system, or sent from the Old MME to the New MME over the S10 interface to forward the RNC/eNodeB contexts to the target system.

When the old SGSN receives the RANAP message Forward SRNS Context, the old SGSN shall send a Forward Access Context Notification message to the new SGSN. The new SGSN shall forward the message to the target RNC using the corresponding RANAP message.

When the old SGSN receives a BSSGP message PS handover Required and the acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer Context or when "delivery order" is set in the Bearer Context QoS profile, the old SGSN shall send a Forward Access Context Notification message with the PDU Number IE to the new SGSN. The new SGSN shall forward the message to the target RNC/ target BSS using the corresponding RANAP message only for PS handover to Iu mode.

When the old SGSN receives a BSSGP message PS handover Required from source BSS/RNC for PS handover to A/Gb mode, the value part of RAB Context IE shall be empty according to its defined minimum length.

Table 7.3.10-1 specifics the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.10-1: Information Elements in a Forward Access Context Notification**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| RAB Contexts | C | This IE shall be included for S16 only. Several IEs with this type and instance values shall be included as necessary to represent a list of Bearers. For each RAB context in the received RANAP message, the old SGSN shall include this IE in the message. | RAB Context | 0 |
| Source RNC PDCP context Info | C | If available, the old SGSN shall include an Source RNC PDCP context info in the message. | Source RNC PDCP context Info | 0 |
| PDU Numbers | C | This IE only applies to S16. The old SGSN shall include this IE in the message if the acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer Context or when "delivery order" is set in the Bearer Context QoS profile in A/Gb mode to Iu/A/Gb mode PS handover. | PDU Numbers | 0 |
| E-UTRAN Transparent Container | C | This IE shall be included over S10 to contain the "eNB Status Transfer Transparent Container" as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. Container Type shall be set to 3. | F-Container | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.11 Forward Access Context Acknowledge

A Forward Access Context Acknowledge message shall be sent to the old MME/SGSN as a response to Forward Access Context Notification.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.3.11-1 specifics the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.11-1: Information Elements in a Forward Access Context Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.12    Detach Notification

A Detach Notification message shall be sent from an MME to the associated SGSN, or from an SGSN to the associated MME as a part of Detach procedure if the ISR is activated between the MME and SGSN for the UE.

Possible Cause values are:

- "Local Detach".

- "Complete Detach".

A Detach Notification message shall also be sent from an SGSN to the associated MME as a part of Detach procedure if the ISR is activated between the MME and SGSN for the UE.

Possible Cause values are:

- "IMSI Detach only".

"Local Detach" indicates that this detach is local to the MME/SGSN and so the associated SGSN/MME registration where the ISR is activated shall not be detached. The MME/SGSN that receives this message including this Cause value of "Local Detach" only deactivates the ISR. This Cause value shall be included in the procedures:

- MME/SGSN-initiated Detach Procedure in case of implicit detach.

"Complete Detach" indicates both the MME registration and the SGSN registration that the ISR is activated for, shall be detached. This "Complete Detach" Cause value shall be included in the procedures:

- UE-initiated Detach Procedure.

- MME/SGSN-initiated Detach Procedure in case of explicit detach.

For the purpose of SGs handling, the SGSN shall include Detach Type in the Detach Notification message for "Complete Detach" when the UE is combined IMSI/EPS attached and the ISR is activated.

Possible Detach Type values are:

- "PS Detach".

- "Combined PS/CS Detach".

"PS Detach" indicates that the MME shall perform explicit IMSI detach from EPS service as specified in section 5.4, 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]. "Combined PS/CS detach" indicates that the MME shall perform explicit IMSI detach from non-EPS service as specified in section 5.5, 3GPP TS 29.118 [22].

"IMSI Detach only" indicates that combined IMSI/EPS attached UE initiates IMSI only GPRS detach from non-GPRS service as specified in section 4.7.4.1, 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], and both the SGSN/MME registration shall be remained. The MME shall perform explicit IMSI detach from non-EPS service for the SGs handling purpose, which is specified in section 5.5, 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]. This "IMSI Detach only" Cause value shall be included in the procedures:

- UE-initiated Detach Procedure for GERAN/UTRAN for "IMSI Detach only".

Table 7.3.12-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.12-1: Information Elements in a Detach Notification**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Detach Type | CO | This IE shall be included by SGSN when the Cause indicates "Complete Detach" for the combined IMSI/EPS attached UE. | Detach Type | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.13   Detach Acknowledge

A Detach Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a Detach Notification message during Detach procedure.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.3.13-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.13-1: Information Elements in a Detach Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Recovery | O | | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.14   Change Notification Request

3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and 3GPP TS 23.060 [4] specify that if PGW has requested ECGI/TAI/CGI/SAI/RAI Change Reporting and if MME/S4-SGSN supports the feature, then MME/S4-SGSN shall send the Change Notification Request message on the S11/S4 interface to the SGW. If SGW supports the feature, the SGW forwards the message on the GTP based S5/S8 interface to the PGW as part of location dependent charging related procedures.

In this version of the specification, the sender shall set the header TEID value to that of the peer node"s Control Plane TEID on S11/S4 interface or to the peer node"s Control Plane TEID on S5/S8 interface. However a receiver shall be prepared to receive messages in which the header TEID value is set to zero from implementation conforming to earlier versions of this specification. When that is the case, the receiver identifies the subscriber context based on the included LBI, IMSI, and/or MEI IEs.

**Table 7.3.14-1: Information Element in Change Notification Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | C | The MME/SGSN shall include IMSI in the message except for the case:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.<br><br>The IMSI shall be included in the message but not used as an identifier<br>- if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.<br><br>If the SGW receives this IE, it shall forward it to the PGW on S5/S8. | IMSI | 0 |
| ME Identity (MEI) | C | The MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless<br><br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated<br><br>If the SGW receives this IE, it shall forward it to the PGW on S5/S8. | MEI | 0 |
| Indication Flags | CO | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.<br>Applicable flags are:<br>- Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE. | Indication | 0 |
| RAT Type | M | | RAT Type | 0 |
| User Location Information (ULI) | C | The SGSN shall include the User Location Information IE if the MS is located in a RAT Type of GERAN, UTRAN or GAN and shall include the CGI, SAI and/or RAI. | ULI | 0 |
| | CO | The MME shall include the User Location Information IE if the UE is located in a RAT Type of E-UTRAN and shall include the ECGI and/or TAI. | | |
| | CO | If the SGW receives this IE it shall forward it to the PGW, if it supports this feature. | | |
| User CSG Information (UCI) | CO | The SGSN/MME shall include the User CSG Information IE if the MS is located in the CSG cell or the hybrid cell and the P-GW/PCRF decides to receive the CSG Information.<br>If the SGW receives this IE it shall forward it to the PGW, if it supports this feature. | UCI | 0 |
| PGW S5/S8 GTP-C IP Address | C | This IE shall be sent on S4. | IP Address | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall be sent on S11. | | |
| LBI | CO | This IE, identifying the PDN connection, shall be sent by the MME/SGSN on S11/S4.<br>If the SGW receives this IE, it shall forward it to the PGW on S5/S8. | EBI | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | Vendor or operator specific information | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.15   Change Notification Response

The Change Notification Response message may be sent on the S11/S4 interface by the SGW to the MME/SGSN and is sent on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of location dependent charging related procedures to acknowledge the receipt of a Change Notification Request.

If SGW does not support the feature (see subclause 7.3.14 "Change Notification Request"), SGW may silently discard Change Notification Request message from MME/SGSN. If the MME/ SGSN does not receive Change Notification Response, the MME/SGSN may either send Change Notification Request to the same SGW next time UE location changes, or not (marking SGW as not supporting the feature).

The Cause value indicates whether or not the Change Notification Request was received correctly. Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Request accepted partially".

- "IMSI/IMEI not known".

In this version of the specification, the sender shall set the header TEID value to that of the peer node"s Control Plane TEID on S11/S4 interface or to the peer node"s Control Plane TEID on S5/S8 interface. However a receiver shall be prepared to receive messages in which the header TEID value is set to zero from implementation conforming to earlier versions of this specification. When that is the case, the receiver identifies the subscriber context based on the included LBI, IMSI, and/or MEI IEs.

If the IMSI is unknown, or the IMEI is unknown when the UE is emergency attached and UICCless or the UE is emergency attached but the IMSI is not authenticated for the receiving GTP-C entity, then the message shall be silently discarded and no further processing of the IEs shall continue.

If the MME/SGSN receives Change Notification Response containing a Cause value of "IMSI/IMEI not known" and CS bit set to 1, this indicates that the associated PDN connection does not exist within the PGW. The Change Reporting mechanism shall be stopped in the receiving SGSN/MME for all Bearers of the associated PDN connection. The SGSN/MME shall then initiate PDN disconnection for all of these PDN Connections.

If the PDN Connection associated of the Change Notification Request message received by the SGW does not exist within the SGW, the SGW shall return Change Notification Response with the CS bit set to 0 to the MME/SGSN. The Change Reporting mechanism shall be stopped in the receiving SGSN/MME for all Bearers of the associated PDN connection, and the MME/SGSN shall then locally delete the PDN connection and release all associated resources.

If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be stopped or modified for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME, then the PGW shall include the Change Reporting Action IE in the message and shall set the value of the Action field appropriately.

**Table 7.3.15-1: Information Element in Change Notification Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | C | The IMSI shall be included in the message if it is received in the Change Notification Request message. | IMSI | 0 |
| ME Identity (MEI) | C | The ME Identity (MEI) shall be included in the message if it is received in the Change Notification Request message. | MEI | 0 |
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Change Reporting Action | C | This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field If the location Change Reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME. | Change Reporting Action | 0 |
| CSG Information Reporting Action | CO | This IE shall be included with the appropriate Action field if the location CSG Info reporting mechanism is to be started or stopped for this subscriber in the SGSN/MME. | CSG Information Reporting Action | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.16 Relocation Cancel Request

A Relocation Cancel Request message shall be sent from the source MME/SGSN to the target MME/SGSN on S3/S10/S16 interface as part of the Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure/S1 Based handover Cancel procedure and on the S16 interface as part of the SRNS Relocation Cancel Procedure.Table 7.3.16-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.16-1: Information Elements in Relocation Cancel Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | C | The IMSI shall be included in the message except for the case:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.<br><br>The IMSI shall be included in the message but not used as an identifier<br>- if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated. | IMSI | 0 |
| ME Identity (MEI) | C | The MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless<br><br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated | MEI | 0 |
| Indication Flags | CO | This IE shall be included if any one of the applicable flags is set to 1.<br>Applicable flags are:<br>- Unauthenticated IMSI: This flag shall be set to 1 if the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for an emergency attached UE. | Indication | 0 |
| RANAP Cause | C | This IE shall be present in the case of SRNS relocation cancel procedure. It shall contain the cause value received from the source RNC in the Relocation Cancel message received over the Iu interface. | F-Cause | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.17 Relocation Cancel Response

A Relocation Cancel Response message shall be sent as a response to a previous Relocation Cancel Request message during the Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure/S1 Based handover Cancel procedure/SRNS Relocation Cancel Procedure.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "IMSI/IMEI not known".

Table 7.3.17-1 specifics the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.17-1: Information Elements in Relocation Cancel Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.18 Configuration Transfer Tunnel

A Configuration Transfer Tunnel message shall be used to tunnel eNodeB Configuration Transfer messages from a source MME to a target MME over the S10 interface. The purpose of the eNodeB Direct Configuration Transfer is to transfer information from an eNodeB to another eNodeB in unacknowledged mode (see 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]).

Table 7.3.18-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.18-1: Information Elements in a Configuration Transfer Tunnel Message**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| E-UTRAN Transparent Container | M | This IE shall contain the "SON Configuration Transfer" as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. Container Type shall be set to 3. | F-Container | 0 |
| Target eNodeB ID | M | This IE shall contain the ID of the target eNodeB | Target Identification | 0 |

## 7.3.19    RAN Information Relay

The RAN Information Relay message shall be sent on S3 interface between SGSN and MME to transfer the RAN information received by an SGSN from BSS or RNS (or GERAN Iu mode) or by an MME from eNodeB. The procedures are specified in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

This message shall also be sent on S16 interface to transfer the RAN information between GERAN or GERAN Iu mode or UTRAN.

For handling of protocol errors the RAN Information Relay message is treated as a Response message.

Table 7.3.19-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.19-1: Information Elements in a RAN Information Relay**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| BSS Container | M | All information elements from the BSSGP RIM PDU, starting from and including the BSSGP "PDU type", shall be contained within the BSS Container and forwarded to the destination MME/SGSN in the RAN Information Relay message. The Container Type shall be set to 2. | F-Container | 0 |
| RIM Routing Address | C | This IE shall be included if the RIM Routing Address information is included in the message sent from the source RAN node. This IE identifies the destination RAN node where the RAN Information needs to be relayed to. It contains:<br>-    the destination RNC Identity when the target is GERAN Iu mode or UTRAN;  or<br><br>-    the destination Cell Identity when the target is GERAN; or<br><br>-    the Target eNodeB ID when the target is E-UTRAN. | Target Identification | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | None | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.3.20    ISR Status Indication

A ISR Status Indication message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME/SGSN to the ISR associated SGSN/MME as part of the Restoration of PDN connections after an SGW failure for UEs with ISR as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Table 7.3.20-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.3.20-1: Information Elements in an ISR Status Indication**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Action Indication | M | This IE shall include one of the applicable Values:<br>- Deactivation Indication: If the value is set to 1 to indicate the ISR associated MME/SGSN to deactivate ISR and remove the UE resource locally.<br><br>- Paging Indication: If the value is set to 2 to indicate the ISR associated MME/SGSN to page the UE in IDLE state. | Action Indication | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

# 7.4 CS Fallback and SRVCC related messages

## 7.4.1 Suspend Notification

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the 1xRTT CS fallback procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the SGSN to the MME, on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW, and on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the SRVCC procedures in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] or the CS fallback from E-UTRAN access to UTRAN/GERAN CS domain access related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S16 interface as per the inter-SGSN suspend procedures in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S16, the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to GERAN without DTM support procedure in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The Suspend Notification message shall be sent on the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the CS fallback from E-UTRAN to GERAN CS domain related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

After receiving a Suspend Notification message, the SGW/PGW marks all the non-GBR bearers as suspended status. The PGW should discard packets it receives for the suspended UE.

Table 7.4.1-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.4.1-1: Information Element in Suspend Notification**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | C | This IE shall be included only on the S11 interface. See NOTE 2. | IMSI | 0 |
| Routeing Area Identity(RAI) | C | This IE shall be included only on the S3 interface. See NOTE 1. | ULI for RAI | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall be included on the S16 interface. | | |
| Linked Bearer Identity (LBI) | CO | This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN connection. | EBI | 0 |
| Packet TMSI(P-TMSI) | C | This IE shall be included only on the S3 interface. See NOTE 1. | P-TMSI | 0 |
| | CO | This IE shall be included on the S16 interface. | | |
| Originating Node | CO | This IE shall be sent on S11 interface, if before MME initiates a Detach procedure (a) ISR was active in the MME and (b) the MME was in EMM-Connected state (see also 8.65). This IE shall be sent on S4 interface, if before S4-SGSN initiates a Detach procedure (a) ISR was active in the SGSN and (b) the SGSN was in PMM-Connected state (see also 8.65). | Node Type | 0 |
| Address for Control Plane | CO | If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the source IP address of the received message in this optional parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN. | IP Address | 0 |
| UDP Source Port Number | CO | If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool as the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall include the UDP Source Port number of the received message in this parameter if this IE is not present and relay the message to the old SGSN. The old SGSN shall use this UDP port as the UDP destination port of the Suspend Acknowledge message. | Port Number | 0 |
| Hop Counter | O | If an SGSN within the same SGSN pool with the old SGSN receives this message, the SGSN shall decrement the Hop Counter if this IE is present in the received message; otherwise, the SGSN may include a Hop Counter with a value of max-1, and may relay the message to the old SGSN. | Hop Counter | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: If the ISR is not active, the MME can not suspend the bearers after receiving the Suspend Notification message from the SGSN, the GUTI can not be derived from the P-TMSI and RAI as the P-TMSI Signature is not included in the message. The MME shall still reply the Suspend Acknowledge to the SGSN. Suspend procedure on MME, SGW and PGW are triggered by the S1 UE Context Release message sent from the eNodeB to the MME. Refer to section 6.3 and section 7.4 in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21] for detail. | | | | |
| NOTE 2: The IMSI is present only for backward compatibility reasons since the SGW can derive the context from the TEID in the header. In scenarios where IMSI is not present (e.g. UICCless UE during an Emergency call) a dummy IMSI shall be provided. | | | | |

## 7.4.2   Suspend Acknowledge

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the 1xRTT CS fallback procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME to the SGSN, on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to SGW as part of the SRVCC procedures in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] or the CS fallback from E-UTRAN access to UTRAN/GERAN CS domain access related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S16 interface as per the inter-SGSN suspend procedures in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S16, the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the SRVCC from UTRAN (HSPA) to GERAN without DTM support procedure in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The Suspend Acknowledge message shall be sent on the S4 and the S5/S8 interfaces as part of the CS fallback from E-UTRAN to GERAN CS domain related procedures in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21].

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

For backward compatibility, if the IMSI IE is missing in the Suspend Notification message that is received on the S11 interface, the cause value "Mandatory IE missing" shall be used.

Table 7.4.2-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.4.2-1: Information Element in Suspend Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.4.3    Resume Notification

The Resume Notification message should be sent on the S11 interface by the MME to the SGW and forwarded on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the resume procedure returning back to E-UTRAN in the case of CS fallback or SRVCC.

The Resume Notification message should also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGSN to the SGW and forwarded on the S5/S8 interface by the SGW to the PGW as part of the resume procedure returning from SRVCC to HSPA if there is no Modify Bearer Request message sent to the SGW and PGW as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The SGW may also send a Resume Notification message to the PGW on the S5/S8 interface upon receipt from the MME/S4-SGSN of a (non-empty) Modify Bearer Request used as an implicit resume of the suspended bearers in the SGW and in the PGW (see 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] sections 6.2.2.1 and 6.3.2.1, 3GPP TS 23.272 [21] sections 6.3, 6.5 and 7.4) if the conditions of presence of the IEs in the Modify Bearer Request specified in table 7.2.7-1 do not require any IE to be sent over S5/S8 to the PGW.

   NOTE:    This is an alternative to sending over S5/S8 a Modify Bearer Request used as an implicit resume with zero IE(s), see subclause 7.2.7.

After receiving a Resume Notification message or a Modify Bearer Request used as an implicit resume of the suspended bearers, the SGW/PGW clears suspended status for all the non-GBR bearers. The PGW shall forward packets it receives for the UE.

Table 7.4.3-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.4.3-1: Information Element in Resume Notification**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | M | | IMSI | 0 |
| Linked Bearer Identity (LBI) | CO | This IE shall be included on the S11/S4 interface to indicate the default bearer associated with the PDN connection. | EBI | 0 |
| Originating Node | CO | This IE shall be sent on S11 interface, if before MME initiates a Detach procedure (a) ISR was active in the MME and (b) the MME was in EMM-Connected state (see also 8.65).<br>This IE shall be sent on S4 interface, if before S4-SGSN initiates a Detach procedure (a) ISR was active in the SGSN and (b) the SGSN was in PMM-Connected state (see also 8.65). | Node Type | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.4.4 Resume Acknowledge

The Resume Acknowledge message should be sent on the S11 interface by the SGW to the MME and on the S5/S8 by the PGW to the SGW as part of the resume procedure returning back to E-UTRAN in the case of CS fallback or SRVCC.

The Resume Acknowledge message should also be sent on the S4 interface by the SGW to the SGSN and on the S5/S8 interface by the PGW to the SGW as part of the resume procedure returning from SRVCC to HSPA if there is no Modify Bearer Request message sent to the SGW and PGW as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

The PGW shall also send a Resume Acknowledge message to the SGW on the S5/S8 interface as a response to a Resume Notification message sent by the SGW upon receipt from the MME/S4-SGSN of a (non-empty) Modify Bearer Request used as an implicit resume of the suspended bearers in the SGW and in the PGW (see 3GPP TS 23.216 [43] sections 6.2.2.1 and 6.3.2.1, 3GPP TS 23.272 [21] sections 6.3, 6.5 and 7.4) if the conditions of presence of the IEs in the Modify Bearer Request specified in table 7.2.7-1 do not require any IE to be sent to the PGW.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.4.4-1 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.4.4-1: Information Element in Resume Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.4.5 CS Paging Indication

The CS Paging Indication shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME to the associated SGSN when ISR is activated as part of mobile terminated CS services. The MME gets the related information from SGsAP-PAGING-REQUEST message as specified in 3GPP TS29.118 [21].Table 7.4.5-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.4.5-1: Information Element in CS Paging Indication**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | M | | IMSI | 0 |
| VLR Name | M | | FQDN | 0 |
| TMSI | O | | TMSI | 0 |
| Location area identifier | O | | ULI | 0 |
| Global CN-Id | O | | Global CN-Id | 0 |
| Channel needed | O | | Channel needed | 0 |
| eMLPP Priority | O | | eMLPP Priority | 0 |
| Service Indicator | CO | This IE shall be sent if the service type for the paging is available. | Service Indicator | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.4.6 Alert MME Notification

An Alert MME Notification message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the MME to the associated SGSN as part of an SGs Non-EPS alert procedure (see 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]) when ISR is activated, except under the conditions specified in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21], to request to receive a notification when any activity from the UE is detected.

Table 7.4.6-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.4.6-1: Information Element in Alert MME Notification**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.4.7 Alert MME Acknowledge

An Alert MME Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to an Alert MME Notification message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

NOTE: An SGSN implemented according to an earlier version of the specification will silently discard the Alert MME Notification message. An MME which does not receive an Alert MME Acknowledge message may not send further Alert MME Notification message to this SGSN.

Table 7.4.7-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.4.7-1: Information Elements in Alert MME Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.4.8 UE Activity Notification

A UE Activity Notification message shall be sent on the S3 interface by the SGSN to the associated MME as part of an SGs Non-EPS alert procedure (see 3GPP TS 29.118 [22]) when ISR is activated, except under the conditions specified in 3GPP TS 23.272 [21], to indicate that activity from a UE has been detected. Table 7.4.8-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.4.8-1: Information Element in UE Activity Notification**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.4.9 UE Activity Acknowledge

A UE Activity Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a UE Activity Notification message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Table 7.4.9-1 specifics the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.4.z-1: Information Elements in UE Activity Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

# 7.5 Non-3GPP access related messages

## 7.5.1 Create Forwarding Tunnel Request

A Create Forwarding Tunnel Request message shall be sent by a MME to a Serving GW as a part of the MME configures resources for indirect data forwarding during active handover procedure from E-UTRAN to CDMA 2000 HRPD access.

Table 7.5.1-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.5.1-1: Information Elements in a Create Forwarding Tunnel Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info | M | The MME shall include the forwarding Infomation for all PDN connections of the UE requesting data forwarding towards the HSGW in the message as S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info information elements. For each of those PDN Connections, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included.<br>The Serving GW shall forward downlink data to the HSGW via the GRE tunnel identified by the HSGW Address and HSGW GRE Key included in this information element when it receives downlink data forwarded from the eNodeB belonging to the corresponding EPS bearers of the PDN connection. | S103PDF | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.5.2 Create Forwarding Tunnel Response

A Create Forwarding Tunnel Response message shall be sent by a Serving GW to a MME as a response to a Create Forwarding Tunnel Request message.

Table 7.5.2-1 specifies the presence requirements and the conditions of the IEs in the message.

The Cause value indicates if Data Forwarding Resources has been created in the Serving GW or not. Data Forwarding Resources have not been created in the Serving GW if the Cause differs from "Request accepted". Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

Only the Cause IE shall be included in the response if the Cause IE contains another value than "Request accepted".

**Table 7.5.2-1: Information Elements in a Create Forwarding Tunnel Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| S1-U Data Forwarding Info | C | S1-U Data Forwarding Info shall be included in the message if the Cause contains the value "Request accepted". For each EPS bearer requesting data forwarding which is included in the S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info fields of corresponding Create Forwarding Tunnel Request message, the Serving GW shall assign a Serving GW S1-U Address and Serving GW S1-U TEID pair and included it in the response message as S1-U Data Forwarding Info information element. For each of those EPS bearers, an IE with the same type and instance value shall be included.<br>The eNodeB shall forward downlink data of the EPS bearer to the Serving GW via the GTP-U tunnel identified by the Serving GW S1-U Address and Serving GW S1-U TEID. | S1UDF | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

# 7.6     Reliable Delivery of Signalling Messages

Retransmission requirements in the current subclause do not apply to the Initial messages that do not have Triggered messages.

Reliable delivery in GTPv2 messages is accomplished by retransmission of these messages. A message shall be retransmitted if and only if a reply is expected for that message and the reply has not yet been received. There may be limits placed on the total number of retransmissions to avoid network overload.

Initial messages and their Triggered messages, as well as Triggered messages and their Triggered Reply messages are matched based on the Sequence Number and the IP address and port rules in subclause 4.2 "Protocol stack". Therefore, an Initial message and its Triggered message, as well as a Triggered message and its Triggered Reply message shall have exactly the same Sequence Number value. A retransmitted GTPv2 message (an Initial or a Triggered) has the exact same GTPv2 message content, including the GTP header, UDP ports, source and destination IP addresses as the originally transmitted GTPv2 message.

For each triplet of local IP address, local UDP port and remote peer's IP address a GTP entity maintains a sending queue with signalling messages to be sent to that peer. The message at the front of the queue shall be sent with a Sequence Number, and if the message has an expected reply, it shall be held in a list until a reply is received or until the GTP entity has ceased retransmission of that message. The Sequence Number shall be unique for each outstanding Initial message sourced from the same IP/UDP endpoint. A node running GTP may have several outstanding messages waiting for replies.  Not counting retransmissions, a single GTP message with an expected reply shall be answered with a single GTP reply, regardless whether it is per UE, per APN, or per bearer

A piggybacked initial message (such as a Create Bearer Request message or Modify Bearer Request message) shall contain a Sequence Number that is assigned by sending GTP entity and the message shall be held in a list until a response is received. The response message to a piggybacked initial message may arrive without piggybacking (e.g., Create Bearer Response at PGW).

The Sequence Number in the GTP header of the triggered response message shall be copied from the respective request message.

If a request message (e.g., Create Session Request) triggers piggybacking (i.e., Create Bearer Request piggybacked on Create Session Response), re-transmission of the request message shall also trigger piggybacking.  A Sequence Number used for a Command message shall have the most significant bit set to 1. A Sequence Number in a message, which was triggered by a Command message, as well as respective Triggered Reply message shall have the same Sequence Number as the Command message (i.e. shall also have the most significant bit set to 1). This setting of the most significant bit of the Sequence Number is done to avoid potential clashes between the Sequence Number selected for a Command message, and the Sequence Number selected by a GTPv2 peer for a Request message, which was not triggered by a Command message.

A Sequence Number used for a Request message, which was not triggered by a Command message shall have the most significant bit set to 0.

A timer, denoted T3-RESPONSE, shall be started when a signalling message (for which a reply is expected) is sent. A signalling message or the triggered message has probably been lost if a reply has not been received before the T3-RESPONSE timer expires.

Once the T3-RESPONSE timer expires, the message corresponding to the T3-RESPONSE timer is then retransmitted if the total number of retry attempts is less than N3-REQUESTS times. The expiry of the timer for piggybacked request messages shall result in re-transmission of the original IP/UDP packet containing both the triggered response message and the piggybacked initial message. T3-RESPONSE timer and N3-REQUESTS counter setting is implementation dependent. That is, the timers and counters may be configurable per procedure. Multileg communications (e.g. Create Session Requests and Responses) however require longer timer values and possibly a higher number of retransmission attempts compared to single leg communication.

All received GTPv2 messages with an expected reply shall be replied to and all reply messages associated with a certain message shall always include the same information. Duplicated reply messages shall be discarded by the receiver unless the reply needs a reply. A received reply message without a matching outstanding message that is waiting for a reply should be discarded.

If a GTPv2 node is not successful with the transfer of a non-Echo signalling message, e.g. a Create Bearer Request message, it shall inform the upper layer of the unsuccessful transfer so that the controlling upper entity may take the necessary measures.

# 7.7 Error Handling

## 7.7.0 Handling Piggybacked Messages

For piggybacked initial messages, the following general rule shall apply: the triggered response message carrying the piggybacked message shall be processed first, according to the following sections. Subsequently, the piggybacked initial message shall be processed independently. If the processing of dedicated bearer activation message results in an error, this shall not affect the default bearer establishment. If the default bearer establishment fails, the dedicated bearer activation related message shall be discarded.

## 7.7.1 Protocol Errors

A protocol error is defined as a message or an Information Element received from a peer entity with unknown type, or if it is unexpected, or if it has an erroneous content.

The term silently discarded is used in the following subclauses to mean that the receiving GTP entity's implementation shall discard such a message without further processing, or that the receiving GTP entity discards such an IE and continues processing the message. The conditions for the receiving GTP entity to silently discard an IE are specified in the subsequent subclauses.

The handling of unknown, unexpected or erroneous GTP messages and IEs shall provide for the forward compatibility of GTP. Therefore, the sending GTP entity shall be able to safely include in a message a new conditional-optional or an optional IE. Such an IE may also have a new type value. Any legacy receiving GTP entity shall, however, silently discard such an IE and continue processing the message.

If a protocol error is detected by the receiving GTP entity, it should log the event including the erroneous message and may include the error in a statistical counter.

An information element with "Mandatory" in the "Presence requirement" column of a message definition shall always be present in that message.

An information element with "Conditional" in the "Presence requirement" column of a message definition shall be sent when the conditions detailed in the "Presence requirement" are met.

The Version Not Supported Indication message shall be considered as a Triggered message as specified in subclause 4.2.5 "Messages with GTPv2 defined replies: Classification of Initial and Triggered Messages".

The receiving GTP entity shall apply the error handling specified in the subsequent subclauses in decreasing priority.

If the received erroneous message is a reply to an outstanding GTP message, the GTP transaction layer shall stop retransmissions and notify the GTP application layer of the error even if the reply is silently discarded.

## 7.7.2 Different GTP Versions

If a GTPv2 entity receives a message of an unsupported GTP version, higher than GTPv2, it shall return a Version Not Supported Indication message and silently discard the received message.

If a GTPv2 entity listens to the GTPv0 port, the entity shall silently discard any received GTPv0 message.

If a GTPv2 entity does not support GTPv1 and receives a GTPv1 message, it shall silently discard the received message.

## 7.7.3 GTP Message of Invalid Length

If a GTP entity receives a message, which is too short to contain the respective GTPv2 header, the GTP-PDU shall be silently discarded.

Apart from a piggybacked GTP message or an Echo Request message, if a GTP entity receives a Request message within an IP/UDP packet of a length that is inconsistent with the value specified in the Length field of the GTP header, then the receiving GTP entity should log the error and shall send the Response message with Cause IE value set to "Invalid Length".

Apart from a piggybacked GTP message, if a GTP entity receives a Response message within an IP/UDP packet of a length that is inconsistent with the value specified in the Length field of the GTP header, then the receiving GTP entity should log the error and shall silently discard the message.

If a GTP entity receives two GTP messages (triggered response message and a piggybacked initial message) within an IP/UDP packet of a length that is inconsistent with the total length of the two concatenated messages as indicated by Length fields of the GTP headers, then the receiving GTP entity should log the error and return an appropriate Response message with Cause IE value set to "Invalid overall length of the triggered response message and a piggybacked initial message". That is:

- for a Create Session Response message together with a piggybacked Create Bearer Request message, a Create Bearer Response message should be returned with the above Cause value.

- for a Create Bearer Response message together with a piggybacked Modify Bearer Request message, a Modify Bearer Response message should be returned with the above Cause value.

## 7.7.4    Unknown GTP Message

If a GTP entity receives a message with an unknown Message Type value, it shall silently discard the message.

## 7.7.5    Unexpected GTP Message

If a GTP entity receives an unexpected initial message (see subclause 4.2 "Protocol stack"), it shall be silently discard the message and shall log an error.

If a GTP entity receives an unexpected triggered message (see subclause 4.2 "Protocol stack"), it shall discard the message and may log an error.

## 7.7.6    Missing Information Elements

A GTP entity shall check if all mandatory IEs are present in the received Request message. Apart from Echo Request message, if one or more mandatory information elements are missing in the received Request message, the GTP entity should log the error and shall send a Response message with Cause IE value set to "Mandatory IE missing" together with the type and instance of the missing mandatory IE.

If a GTP entity receives a Response message with Cause IE value set to "Mandatory IE missing", it shall notify its upper layer.

A GTP entity shall check if all mandatory IEs are present in the received Response message. If one or more mandatory information elements are missing, the GTP entity shall notify the upper layer and should log the error.

A GTP entity shall check if conditional information elements are present in the received message, if possible (i.e. if the receiving entity has sufficient information available to check if the respective conditions were met).

When possible, a GTP entity shall check if all conditional IEs are present in the received Request message. If one or more conditional information elements are missing, GTP entity should log the error and shall send a Response message with Cause IE value set to "Conditional IE missing" together with the type and instance of the missing conditional IE.

When possible, a GTP entity shall check if all conditional IEs are present in the received Response message. If one or more conditional information elements are missing, GTP entity shall notify the upper layer and should log the error.

If the Indication IE is applicable for the message as a conditional IE and if it is not present, the GTP entity shall not reject the message unless there are other reasons to reject the message.

If the Indication IE is applicable for the message as conditional IE and if it is present with the value of all the applicable flags set to "0", the GTP entity shall not reject the message unless there are other reasons to reject the message.

Absence of an optional information element shall not trigger any of the error handling processes.

## 7.7.7      Invalid Length Information Element

An information element has invalid length when the actual length of the IE is different from the value of the Length field in the IE header. Here, the actual length of the IE means the length of the content field of the received IE.

If a GTP message contains more than one information elements and one or more of them have invalid length, the receiving GTP entity can detect which of the IEs have invalid length only in the following cases:

-    If the Length value in the IE header is greater than the overall length of the message;

-    If the invalid length IE is the last one in the message.

Apart from Echo Request message, if a receiving GTP entity detects information element with invalid length in a Request message, it shall send an appropriate error response with Cause IE value set to "Invalid length" together with the type and instance of the offending IE.

Other Length field handling cases are specified below:

-    If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the fixed length IE are consistent, but the length is greater than that expected by the fixed number of octets, then the extra octets shall be discarded.

-    If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the fixed length IE are consistent, but the length is less than that expected by the fixed number of octets, this shall be considered an error, IE shall be discarded and if the IE was received as a Mandatory IE or a verifiable Conditional IE in a Request message, an appropriate error response with Cause IE value set to "Invalid length" together with the type and instance of the offending IE shall be returned to the sender.

-    If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the extendable length IE are consistent, but the length is greater than that expected by the fixed number of octets preceding the extended field(s), then the extra unknown octets shall be discarded.

-    If the received value of the Length field and the actual length of the extendable length IE are consistent, but the length is less than the number of fixed octets defined for that IE, preceding the extended field(s), this shall be considered an error, IE shall be discarded and if the IE was received as a Mandatory IE or a verifiable Conditional IE in a Request message, an appropriate error response with Cause IE value set to "Invalid length" together with the type and instance of the offending IE shall be returned to the sender. Please refer to Table 8.1-1 for determining the number of fixed octets of an IE.

## 7.7.8      Semantically incorrect Information Element

Apart from Echo Request message, the receiver of a GTP signalling message Request including a mandatory or a verifiable conditional information element with a semantically invalid Value shall discard the request, should log the error, and shall send a response with Cause set to "Mandatory IE incorrect" together with a type and instance of the offending IE.

The receiver of a GTP signalling message Response including a mandatory or a verifiable conditional information element with a semantically invalid Value shall notify the upper layer that a message with this sequence number has been received and should log the error.

If a GTP entity receives an information element with a value which is shown as reserved, it shall treat that information element as invalid and should log the error. If the invalid IE is received in a Request, and it is a mandatory IE or a verifiable conditional IE, the GTP entity shall send a response with Cause set to "Mandatory IE incorrect " together with a type and instance of the offending IE.

The principle is: the use of reserved values invokes error handling; the use of spare values can be silently discarded and so in the case of IEs with spare values used, processing shall be continued ignoring the spare values.

The receiver of a GTP signalling message including an optional information element with a Value that is not in the range defined for this information element value shall discard this IE, but shall treat the rest of the message as if this IE was absent and continue processing. The receiver shall not check the content of an information element field that is defined as 'spare'.

All semantically incorrect optional information elements in a GTP signalling message shall be treated as not present in the message.

## 7.7.9    Unknown or unexpected Information Element

The receiver of a GTP message including an unexpected information element with known Type value, but with the instance value that is not defined for this message shall discard the IE and log an error. The receiver shall process the message.

An information element with a Type value which is defined in section 8.1 of the present specification but whose Instance Value is not expected in the received GTP signalling message according to the grammar defined in  section 7 of the present specification shall be silently discarded (skipped) and the rest of the message processed as if this information element was not present.

> NOTE:    An Information Element in an encoded GTPv2 message or grouped IE is identified by the pair of IE Type and Instance value.

## 7.7.10    Repeated Information Elements

An Information Element is repeated if there is more than one IE with the same IE Type and Instance in the scope of the GTP message (scope of the grouped IE). Such an IE is a member in a list.

If an information element is repeated in a GTP signalling message in which repetition of the information element is not specified, only the contents of the information element appearing first shall be handled and all subsequent repetitions of the information element shall be ignored. When repetition of information elements is specified, only the contents of specified repeated information elements shall be handled and all subsequent repetitions of the information element shall be ignored.

## 7.7.11    TFT Error Handling

TFT related error handling for EUTRAN is specified in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and for UTRAN/GERAN in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

# 7.8    Path Failure

Path failure handling procedures are specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

# 7.9    Restoration and Recovery

## 7.9.0    General

Restoration and Recovery procedures are specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

## 7.9.1    Delete PDN Connection Set Request

This message may be sent on the S2a, S2b, S5, S8, or S11 interfaces as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

**Table 7.9.1-1: Information Elements in a Delete PDN Connection Set Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MME-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included when a MME reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included when a SGW reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| PGW-FQ-CSID | C | Shall be included when a PGW reports a partial fault. More than one FQ-CSID may appear | FQ-CSID | 2 |
| ePDG-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included when an ePDG reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear. | FQ-CSID | 3 |
| TWAN-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included when a TWAN reports a partial fault according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. More than one FQ-CSID may appear. | FQ-CSID | 4 |
| Private Extension | O | NoneThis IE may be sent on the S2a, S2b, S5, S8 and S11 interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |

TEID of 0 shall be used for the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

Only one type of FQ-CSID shall be included in each Delete PDN Connection Set Request, A mix of different types, such as SGW-FQ-CSID and PGW-FQ-CSID shall not be used. A combined node, such as a collocated PGW/SGW, shall send separate Delete PDN Connection Set Request for the PGW role and one for the SGW role if a partial fault impacts more than one role.

## 7.9.2     Delete PDN Connection Set Response

This message is sent as a response to the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

**Table 7.9.2: Information Elements in a Delete PDN Connection Set Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | This IE may be sent on the S2a, S2b, S5, S8 and S11 interfaces. | Private Extension | VS |

TEID of 0 shall be used for the Delete PDN Connection Set Response.

The following Cause values are defined:

- "Request Accepted"

- "Request rejected"

- "System failure".

- "Mandatory IE incorrect".

- "Conditional IE missing".

- "Invalid message format".

"Request Accepted" indicates the receiving node was capable of storing a CSID value for each PDN connection for the type of node (MME, SGW, PGW, TWAN or ePDG) in the Delete PDN Connection Set Request and has marked, or will mark immediately, the PDN connections for deletion as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. "Request Accepted" shall be returned even if there are no PDN connections that match.

"Request rejected" shall be used when the receiver of the Delete PDN Connection Set Request is not capable of storing at least one CSID value per PDN connection for the type of node (MME, SGW, PGW, TWAN or ePDG) received in the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

The SGW shall respond to the Delete PDN Connection Set Request independently, i.e. without waiting for replies.

## 7.9.3 Update PDN Connection Set Request

The SGW shall send this message to the PGW on S5/S8 according to the requirements in TS 23.007 [17].

**Table 7.9.3-1: Information Elements in a Update PDN Connection Set Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MME-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included for MME relocation without SGW relocation according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| SGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included for MME relocation without SGW relocation according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 1 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.9.4 Update PDN Connection Set Response

This message is sent by the PGW to the SGW on S5/S8 in response to the Update PDN Connection Set Request message.

**Table 7.9.4-1: Information Elements in a Update PDN Connection Set Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| PGW-FQ-CSID | C | This IE shall be included for MME relocation without SGW relocation according to the requirements in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | FQ-CSID | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

The following Cause values are defined:

- "Request accepted"

- "Request rejected"

- "System failure".

- "Mandatory IE missing".

- "Invalid message format".

## 7.9.5 PGW Restart Notification

The direction of this message shall be from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN (see Table 6.1-1).

If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support the PRN feature (see subclause 8.83), a PGW Restart Notification shall be sent when the SGW detects that the peer PGW has restarted, and a PGW Restart Notification may be sent when the SGW detects that the peer PGW has failed and not restarted, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Table 7.9.5-1 specifies the presence of IEs in this message.

**Table 7.9.5-1: Information Elements in PGW Restart Notification**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| PGW S5/S8 IP Address for Control Plane or PMIP | M | | IP Address | 0 |
| SGW S11/S4 IP Address for Control Plane | M | | IP Address | 1 |
| Cause | CO | The SGW shall send the Cause IE with the value "PGW not responding" if it sends the PGW Restart Notification to notify that the peer PGW has failed and not restarted. | Cause | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.9.6    PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge

The PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge shall be sent as a response of PGW Restart Notification to indicate that the MME/S4-SGSN deletes all the relevant PDN connections as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] if the Cause IE includes an acceptance cause.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

**Table 7.9.6-1: Information Elements in PGW Restart Notification Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.9.7    PGW Downlink Triggering Notification

The direction of this message shall be from PGW to SGW and from SGW to MME(s)/S4-SGSN(s).

The PGW Downlink Triggering Notification shall be sent as part of the PGW triggered SGW restoration procedure if the MME/S4-SGSN, SGW and PGW support this optional feature as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

**Table 7.9.7-1: Information Elements in PGW Downlink Triggering Notification**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | M | | IMSI | 0 |
| MME/S4-SGSN identifier | C | This IE shall be included over S5 /S11/S4 interface as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. | IP Address | 0 |
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | O | This IE may be included over the S5 interface. If present, it shall contain the PGW S5 F-TEID value assigned during the PDN connection establishment. (NOTE 1) | F-TEID | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: The SGW shall set the header TEID value in the PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge to the PGW's Control Plane TEID if the Sender F-TEID for Control Plane IE is present in the PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message. | | | | |

## 7.9.8    PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge

The PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge message shall be sent as a response to a PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message if the MME/S4-SGSN, SGW and PGW support the PGW triggered SGW restoration feature as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1. Message specific cause values are:

- "Request accepted".

- "Context not found".

**Table 7.9.8-1: Information Elements in PGW Downlink Triggering Acknowledge**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| IMSI | C | This IE shall be included on S11/S4 interface if the Cause is indicating the rejection value "Context Not Found" and if the MME/S4-SGSN identifier is included in the corresponding PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message. | IMSI | 0 |
| MME/S4-SGSN identifier | C | This IE shall be included on S11/S4 interface if the Cause is indicating the rejection value "Context Not Found" and if the MME/S4-SGSN identifier is included in the corresponding PGW Downlink Triggering Notification message. | IP Address | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

# 7.10     Fallback to GTPv1 mechanism

An EPC entity shall assume that each GTP processing node that it is about to communicate with is GTPv2 capable. Before the first GTP tunnel is setup for a given UE/node, the EPC node shall always send a version 2 (GTPv2) message to a peer node. As an exception, during an inter-SGSN handover, even if the target SGSN is GTPv2 capable, the source SGSN shall send a GTPv1 message "Forward Relocation Request" to the target SGSN if the PDP Context(s) for this UE were established to GGSN(s), or if there is no active PDP context and the source or target SGSN does not support SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection over GTPv2 (see subclause 7.3.1).

A GTPv2 entity shall fallback to GTPv1 only if either a "Version Not Supported" message in GTPv1 format as specified in 3GPP TS 29.060 [4] is received from the peer node (this indicates that the peer GTP entity does not support GTPv2), or if a GTPv2 message is received with Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1".

If a GTPv1 "Version Not Supported" message in received, a GTPv2 entity may fallback to GTPv1. 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] (see annex D) and 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] specify GTP version usage during the mobility between a UTRAN/GERAN and an E-UTRAN.

A GTPv2 entity may receive a GTPv2 message with a Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1" in the following cases:

- an S4 SGSN receives the Cause code "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over S16 interface. When an UE has activated a PDP context via S4 SGSN to GGSN and inter-SGSN RAU is underway, the old S4 SGSN shall include the Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over S16 interface. In this case, the new S4 SGSN shall abort the ongoing GTPv2 procedure and send a GTPv1 "SGSN Context Request" message to the old S4 SGSN. The fallback to GTPv1 is performed only for this UE in the current procedure.

- an MME receives the Cause code "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over the S3 interface. When an UE has active PDP context(s) via an S4 SGSN and a TAU is underway, the old S4 SGSN may include the Cause value "Fallback to GTPv1" in a GTPv2 Context Response message over the S3 interface. In this case, the MME shall abort the ongoing GTPv2 procedure and should send a GTPv1 "SGSN Context Request" message to the old S4 SGSN. The fallback to GTPv1 is performed only for this UE.

Fallback to GTPv1 shall not occur on already established GTP tunnels without change of the peer nodes of the communication bearer.

# 7.11     Fallback to GTPv0

Fallback from GTPv2 to GTPv0 shall not be supported. Therefore, GTPv2 entity should not listen to the well-known GTPv0 port 3386.

# 7.12 Trace Management Messages

## 7.12.1 Trace Session Activation

The Trace Session Activation message shall be sent on S11/S4 by the MME/SGSN to the SGW, on S2a/S2b by the TWAN/ePDG to the PGW, and on S5/S8 by the SGW to the PGW when session trace is activated for a particular IMSI or IMEI for a UE that is attached and active or attached and idle.

Table 7.12.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.12.1-1: Information Elements in a Trace Session Activation**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| IMSI | C | The MME/SGSN shall include the IMSI in the message on the S11/S4 interface except for the case:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless.<br><br>The IMSI shall be included in the message on the S11/S4 interface but not used as an identifier<br>- if UE is emergency attached but IMSI is not authenticated.<br><br>The SGW shall forward this IE to the PGW on S5/S8 if received on S11/S4.<br><br>The TWAN/ePDG shall include this IE on the S2a/S2b interface. | IMSI | 0 |
| Trace Information | M | | Trace Information | 0 |
| ME Identity (MEI) | C | The MME/SGSN shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S11/S4 interface:<br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless<br><br>- If the UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated<br><br>In other cases, the MME shall include the ME Identity (MEI) IE on the S11 interface, if available.<br><br>The SGW shall forward this IE to the PGW on S5/S8 if received on S11/S4. | MEI | 0 |

## 7.12.2 Trace Session Deactivation

The Trace Session Deactivation message shall be sent on S11/S4 by the MME/SGSN to the SGW, on S2a/S2b by the TWAN/ePDG to the PGW, and on S5/S8 by the SGW to the PGW when session trace is deactivated for a particular IMSI or IMEI for a UE that is attached and active or attached and idle.

Table 7.12.2-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.12.2-1: Information Elements in a Trace Session Deactivation**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Trace Reference | M | | Trace Reference | 0 |

# 7.13    MBMS Messages

## 7.13.1    MBMS Session Start Request

The MBMS Session Start Request message shall be sent on the Sm/Sn interface by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37].

Table 7.13.1-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.13.1-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Start Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | M | | F-TEID | 0 |
| Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI) | M | | TMGI | 0 |
| MBMS Session Duration | M | | MBMS Session Duration | 0 |
| MBMS Service Area | M | | MBMS Service Area | 0 |
| MBMS Session Identifier | C | This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. | MBMS Session Identifier | 0 |
| MBMS Flow Identifier | C | This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. | MBMS Flow Identifier | 0 |
| QoS profile | M | See NOTE 1. | Bearer QoS | 0 |
| MBMS IP Multicast Distribution | M | | MBMS IP Multicast Distribution | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time. | Recovery | 0 |
| MBMS Time to Data Transfer | CO | This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is received from the BM-SC. | MBMS Time to Data Transfer | 0 |
| MBMS Data Transfer Start | CO | This IE shall be forwarded to the MME if it is received from the BM-SC. | Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1:   The uplink GBR and uplink MBR shall be ignored by MME/SGSN as specified in Section 20.5 of 3GPP TS 29.061 [38]. | | | | |

## 7.13.2    MBMS Session Start Response

The MBMS Session Start Response message shall be sent as a response to the MBMS Session Start Request message on the Sm/Sn interface by the MME/SGSN to the MBMS GW.

Table 7.13.2-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

**Table 7.13.2-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Start Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | M | | F-TEID | 0 |
| MBMS Distribution Acknowledge | C | This IE shall be included on the Sn interface. | MBMS Distribution Acknowledge | 0 |
| Sn-U SGSN F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the Sn interface if some RNCs have not accepted IP multicast distribution. | F-TEID | 1 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time. | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.13.3 MBMS Session Update Request

The MBMS Session Update Request message shall be sent on the Sm/Sn interface by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37].

Table 7.13.3-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.13.3-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Update Request**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MBMS Service Area | C | This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. | MBMS Service Area | 0 |
| Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI) | M | | TMGI | 0 |
| Sender F-TEID for Control Plane | O | | F-TEID | 0 |
| MBMS Session Duration | M | | MBMS Session Duration | 0 |
| QoS profile | M | See NOTE 1. | Bearer QoS | 0 |
| MBMS Session Identifier | C | This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. | MBMS Session Identifier | 0 |
| MBMS Flow Identifier | C | This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. | MBMS Flow Identifier | 0 |
| MBMS Time to Data Transfer | CO | This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. | MBMS Time to Data Transfer | 0 |
| MBMS Data Transfer Start | CO | This IE shall be forwarded to the MME if it is received from the BM-SC. | Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: The uplink GBR and uplink MBR shall be ignored by MME/SGSN as specified in Section 20.5 of 3GPP TS 29.061 [38]. | | | | |

## 7.13.4 MBMS Session Update Response

The MBMS Session Update Response message shall be sent as a response to the MBMS Session Update Request message on the Sm/Sn interface by the MME/SGSN to the MBMS GW.

Table 7.13.4-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are specified in Table 8.4-1.

**Table 7.13.4-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Update Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| MBMS Distribution Acknowledge | C | This IE shall be included on the Sn interface if service area is changed. | MBMS Distribution Acknowledge | 0 |
| Sn-U SGSN F-TEID | C | This IE shall be included on the Sn interface if any of the newly added RNCs have not accepted IP multicast distribution. | F-TEID | 0 |
| Recovery | C | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time. | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

## 7.13.5 MBMS Session Stop Request

The MBMS Session Stop Request message shall be sent on the Sm/Sn interface by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN as specified in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37].

Table 7.13.5-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

**Table 7.13.5-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Stop Request**

| Info specified in Table 8.4-1.rmation elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MBMS Flow Identifier | C | This IE shall be forwarded to MME/SGSN if it is provided by the BM-SC. See NOTE 1. | MBMS Flow Identifier | 0 |
| MBMS Data Transfer Stop | CO | This IE shall be forwarded to the MME if it is received from the BM-SC. | Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |
| NOTE 1: The conditional MBMS Flow Identifier IE is redundant as MBMS Session Stop Request message is sent over non-zero TEID header. The receiver may ignore the MBMS Flow Identifier IE. | | | | |

## 7.13.6 MBMS Session Stop Response

The MBMS Session Stop Response message shall be sent as a response to the MBMS Session Stop Request message on the Sm/Sn interface by the MME/SGSN to the MBMS GW.

Table 7.13.6-1 specifies the presence of the IEs in the message.

Possible Cause values are are specified in Table 8.4-1.

**Table 7.13.6-1: Information Elements in a MBMS Session Stop Response**

| Information elements | P | Condition / Comment | IE Type | Ins. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cause | M | | Cause | 0 |
| Recovery | CO | This IE shall be included if contacting the peer for the first time. | Recovery | 0 |
| Private Extension | O | | Private Extension | VS |

# 8 GTP-C Information Elements

## 8.1 Information Element Types

A GTP control plane (signalling) message may contain several information elements. In order to have forward compatible type definitions for the GTPv2 information elements, all of them shall be TLIV (Type, Length, Instance, Value) coded. GTPv2 information element type values are specified in the Table 8.1-1. The last column of this table indicates whether the information element is:

- Fixed Length: the IE has a fixed set of fields, and a fixed number of octets.

- Variable Length: the IE has a fixed set of fields, and has a variable number of octets.
  For example, the last octets may be numbered similar to "5 to (n+4)". In this example, if the value of the length field, n, is 0, then the last field is not present.

- Extendable: the IE has a variable number of fields, and has a variable number of octets.
  The last fields are typically specified with the statement: "These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified". The legacy receiving entity shall ignore the unknown octets.

In order to improve the efficiency of troubleshooting, it is recommended that the information elements should be arranged in the signalling messages as well as in the grouped IEs, according to the order the information elements are listed in the message definition table or grouped IE definition table in section 7. However the receiving entity shall be prepared to handle the messages with information elements in any order.

Within information elements, certain fields may be described as spare. These bits shall be transmitted with the value set to 0. To allow for future features, the receiver shall not evaluate these bits. GTPv2-C information elements that have similar semantics in GTPv1-C shall be converted into GTPv1-C format, as specified in TS 29.060 [4], before sending them to a pre-R8 GSN.

**Table 8.1-1: Information Element types for GTPv2**

| IE Type value (Decimal) | Information elements | Comment / Reference | Number of Fixed Octets |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | Reserved | | |
| 1 | International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) | Variable Length / 8.3 | Not Applicable |
| 2 | Cause | Variable Length / 8.4 | Not Applicable |
| 3 | Recovery (Restart Counter) | Variable Length / 8.5 | Not Applicable |
| 4 to 50 | Reserved for S101 interface | See 3GPP TS 29.276 [14] | See 3GPP TS 29.276 [14] |
| 51 | STN-SR | See 3GPP TS 29.280 [15] | See 3GPP TS 29.280 [15] |
| 52 to 70 | Reserved for Sv interface | See 3GPP TS 29.280 [15] | See 3GPP TS 29.280 [15] |
| 71 | Access Point Name (APN) | Variable Length / 8.6 | Not Applicable |
| 72 | Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR) | Fixed Length / 8.7 | 8 |
| 73 | EPS Bearer ID (EBI) | Extendable / 8.8 | 1 |
| 74 | IP Address | Variable Length / 8.9 | Not Applicable |
| 75 | Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | Variable Length / 8.10 | Not Applicable |
| 76 | MSISDN | Variable Length / 8.11 | Not Applicable |
| 77 | Indication | Extendable / 8.12 | 2 |
| 78 | Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | Variable Length / 8.13 | Not Applicable |
| 79 | PDN Address Allocation (PAA) | Variable Length / 8.14 | Not Applicable |
| 80 | Bearer Level Quality of Service (Bearer QoS) | Extendable / 8.15 | 22 |
| 81 | Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS) | Extendable / 8.16 | 21 |
| 82 | RAT Type | Extendable / 8.17 | 1 |
| 83 | Serving Network | Extendable / 8.18 | 3 |
| 84 | EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT) | Variable Length / 8.19 | Not Applicable |
| 85 | Traffic Aggregation Description (TAD) | Variable Length / 8.20 | Not Applicable |
| 86 | User Location Information (ULI) | Extendable / 8.21 | "f+4-4" (See Figure 8.21-1) |
| 87 | Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (F-TEID) | Extendable / 8.22 | 9/21/25 |
| 88 | TMSI | Variable Length / 8.23 | Not Applicable |
| 89 | Global CN-Id | Variable Length / 8.24 | Not Applicable |
| 90 | S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info (S103PDF) | Variable Length / 8.25 | Not Applicable |
| 91 | S1-U Data Forwarding Info (S1UDF) | Variable Length/ 8.26 | Not Applicable |
| 92 | Delay Value | Extendable / 8.27 | 1 |
| 93 | Bearer Context | Extendable / 8.28 | Not Applicable |
| 94 | Charging ID | Extendable / 8.29 | 4 |
| 95 | Charging Characteristics | Extendable / 8.30 | 2 |
| 96 | Trace Information | Variable Length / 8.31 | Not Applicable |
| 97 | Bearer Flags | Extendable / 8.32 | 1 |
| 98 | Reserved | | |
| 99 | PDN Type | Extendable / 8.34 | 1 |
| 100 | Procedure Transaction ID | Extendable / 8.35 | 1 |
| 101 | Reserved | | |
| 102 | Reserved | | |
| 103 | MM Context (GSM Key and Triplets) | Extendable / 8.38 | "r+1-4" (See Figure 8.38-1) |
| 104 | MM Context (UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets) | Extendable / 8.38 | "r+1-4" (See Figure 8.38-2) |
| 105 | MM Context (GSM Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets) | Extendable / 8.38 | "r+1-4" (See Figure 8.38-3) |
| 106 | MM Context (UMTS Key and Quintuplets) | Extendable / 8.38 | "r+1-4" (See Figure 8.38-4) |
| 107 | MM Context (EPS Security Context, Quadruplets and Quintuplets) | Extendable / 8.38 | "s+64-4" (See Figure 8.38-5) |
| 108 | MM Context (UMTS Key, Quadruplets and Quintuplets) | Extendable / 8.38 | "r+1-4" (See Figure 8.38-6) |
| 109 | PDN Connection | Extendable / 8.39 | Not Applicable |
| 110 | PDU Numbers | Extendable / 8.40 | 9 |
| 111 | P-TMSI | Variable Length / 8.41 | Not Applicable |
| 112 | P-TMSI Signature | Variable Length / 8.42 | Not Applicable |
| 113 | Hop Counter | Extendable / 8.43 | 1 |
| 114 | UE Time Zone | Extendable / 8.44 | 2 |
| 115 | Trace Reference | Fixed Length / 8.45 | 6 |
| 116 | Complete Request Message | Variable Length / 8.46 | Not Applicable |
| 117 | GUTI | Variable Length / 8.47 | Not Applicable |
| 118 | F-Container | Variable Length / 8.48 | Not Applicable |
| 119 | F-Cause | Variable Length / 8.49 | Not Applicable |
| 120 | PLMN ID | Variable Length / 8.50 | Not Applicable |
| 121 | Target Identification | Variable Length / 8.51 | Not Applicable |
| 122 | Reserved | | |
| 123 | Packet Flow ID | Variable Length / 853 | Not Applicable |
| 124 | RAB Context | Fixed Length / 8.54 | 9 |
| 125 | Source RNC PDCP Context Info | Variable Length / 8.55 | Not Applicable |
| 126 | UDP Source Port Number | Extendable / 8.56 | 2 |
| 127 | APN Restriction | Extendable / 8.57 | 1 |
| 128 | Selection Mode | Extendable / 8.58 | 1 |

| IE Type value (Decimal) | Information elements | Comment / Reference | Number of Fixed Octets |
|---|---|---|---|
| 129 | Source Identification | Variable Length / 8.59 | Not Applicable |
| 130 | Reserved | | |
| 131 | Change Reporting Action | Variable Length / 8.61 | Not Applicable |
| 132 | Fully Qualified PDN Connection Set Identifier (FQ-CSID) | Extendable / 8.62 | "q+1-4" (See Figure 8.62-1) |
| 133 | Channel needed | Variable Length / 8.63 | Not Applicable |
| 134 | eMLPP Priority | Variable Length / 8.64 | Not Applicable |
| 135 | Node Type | Extendable / 8.65 | 1 |
| 136 | Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) | Variable Length / 8.66 | Not Applicable |
| 137 | Transaction Identifier (TI) | Variable Length / 8.68 | Not Applicable |
| 138 | MBMS Session Duration | Extendable / 8.69 | 3 |
| 139 | MBMS Service Area | Variable Length / 8.70 | Not Applicable |
| 140 | MBMS Session Identifier | Extendable / 8.71 | 1 |
| 141 | MBMS Flow Identifier | Extendable / 8.72 | 2 |
| 142 | MBMS IP Multicast Distribution | Extendable / 8.73 | "m+1-4" (See Figure 8.73-1) |
| 143 | MBMS Distribution Acknowledge | Extendable / 8.74 | 1 |
| 144 | RFSP Index | Fixed Length / 8.77 | 2 |
| 145 | User CSG Information (UCI) | Extendable / 8.75 | 8 |
| 146 | CSG Information Reporting Action | Extendable / 8.76 | 1 |
| 147 | CSG ID | Extendable / 8.78 | 4 |
| 148 | CSG Membership Indication (CMI) | Extendable / 8.79 | 1 |
| 149 | Service indicator | Fixed Length / 8.80 | 1 |
| 150 | Detach Type | Fixed Length / 8.81 | 1 |
| 151 | Local Distiguished Name (LDN) | Variable Length / 8.82 | Not Applicable |
| 152 | Node Features | Extendable / 8.83 | 1 |
| 153 | MBMS Time to Data Transfer | Extendable / 8.84 | 1 |
| 154 | Throttling | Extendable / 8.85 | 2 |
| 155 | Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP) | Extendable / 8.86 | 1 |
| 156 | EPC Timer | Extendable / 8.87 | 1 |
| 157 | Signalling Priority Indication | Extendable / 8.88 | 1 |
| 158 | Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI) | Extendable / 8.89 | 6 |
| 159 | Additional MM context for SRVCC | Extendable / 8.90 | "e-4" (See Figure 8.90-1) |
| 160 | Additional flags for SRVCC | Extendable / 8.91 | 1 |
| 161 | Reserved | | |
| 162 | MDT Configuration | Extendable / 8.93 | "q-4" (See Figure 8.93-1) |
| 163 | Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO) | Extendable / 8.94 | "m-4" (See Figure 8.94-1) |
| 164 | Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer | Extendable / 8.95 | 8 |
| 165 | H(e)NB Information Reporting | Extendable / 8.96 | 1 |
| 166 | IPv4 Configuration Parameters (IP4CP) | Extendable / 8.97 | 5 |
| 167 | Change to Report Flags | Extendable / 8.98 | 1 |
| 168 | Action Indication | Extendable / 8.99 | 1 |
| 169 | TWAN Identifier | Extendable / 8.100 | "k+6-4" (See Figure 8.100-1) |
| 170 | ULI Timestamp | Extendable / 8.101 | 4 |
| 171 to 254 | Spare. For future use. | | |
| 255 | Private Extension | Variable Length / 8.67 | Not Applicable |
| NOTE1: | The size of the TLI (Type, Length and Instance) fields, i.e "4" octets, has been subtracted from the number of the fixed octets of the "Fixed Length" and "Extendable" IEs. Hence for some of the "Extendable" IEs, for which the length is defined in terms of variable number of octets, "4" is explicitly subtracted while defining the fixed number of octets. E.g. Length of User Location Information is defined as "f+4" and fixed number of octets for the same is defined as "f+4-4". | | |

# 8.2     Information Element Format

## 8.2.1     General

Figure 8.2-1 depicts the format of an information element.

| Octets | Bits 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Type = xxx (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | IE specific data or content of a grouped IE | | | | | | | |
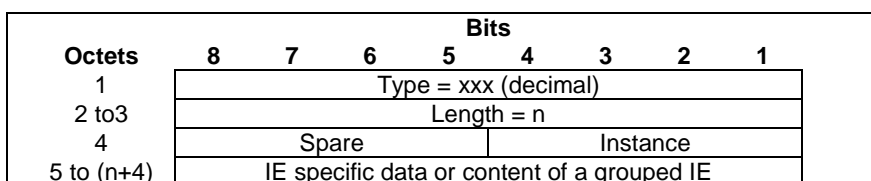
**Figure 8.2-1: Information Element Format**

An IE has the following mandatory fields:

- Type field: This field indicates the type of Information Element. The valid values of the IE type are defined in clause 8.1.

- Length: This field contains the length of the information element excluding the first four octets, which are common for all information elements (Type, Length and the contents of octet 4) and is denoted "n" in Figure 8.2-1. For all the length fields, bit 8 of the lowest numbered octet is the most significant bit and bit 1 of the highest numbered octet is the least significant bit.

- Instance: This field shall be used to differentiate amongst different parameters in one specific message which use the same information element type (see also subclause 6.1.3 "Information Element Instance").

An IE is said to be TLIV (Type, Length, Instance, Value) encoded.

## 8.2.2 Handling ASN.1/PER encoded parameters

During the TAU/RAU/HO procedures MME/S4-SGSN GTPv2 entities send some of the RANAP/S1AP/BSSGP parameters to a GTPv2 peer. Copying of the BSSGP parameters into GTPv2 IEs is straightforward. RANAP and S1AP, however, use ASN.1/PER encoding, which is different from GTPv2 specific TLV encoding.

Transparent copying of RANAP/S1AP parameters across GTPv2 interfaces:

- a GTPv2 entity shall transparently copy the respective information into one or more octets of the GTPv2 IE as specified in Annex X and clause 8.48. With this approach, GTPv2 will not be impacted if the contents of such RANAP/S1AP parameter changes over the time.

Non-transparent copying of RANAP/S1AP parameters across GTPv2 interfaces:

- GTPv2 entity decodes ASN.1/PER parameter and shall encode the value(s) into one or more octets of the GTPv2 IE according to what is specified in the present document.

## 8.3 International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)

International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the IMSI into the Value field of the IMSI IE. IMSI is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 1 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Number digit 2 | | | | Number digit 1 | | | |
| 6 | Number digit 4 | | | | Number digit 3 | | | |
| … | … | | | | … | | | |
| n+4 | Number digit m | | | | Number digit m-1 | | | |

**Figure 8.3-1: IMSI**

Octets 5 to (n+4) represent the IMSI value in international number format as described in ITU-T Rec E.164 [25], encoded as TBCD digits, i.e. digits from 0 through 9 are encoded "0000" to "1001". When there is an odd number of digits, bits 8 to 5 of the last octet are encoded with the filler "1111". The maximum number of digits is 15.

## 8.4 Cause

Cause IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.4-1.

|  |  | **Bits** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 2 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Cause value | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Spare | | | | | PCE | BCE | CS |
| a(n+1) | Type of the offending IE | | | | | | | |
| a(n+2) to a(n+3) | Length of the offending IE = 0 | | | | | | | |
| a(n+4) | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
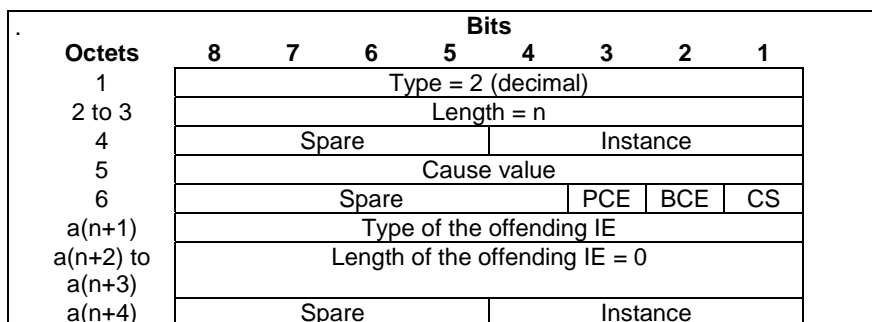
**Figure 8.4-1: Cause**

Cause is a variable length IE, which may have either of the following two lengths values:

- If n = 2, a = 0 and the Cause IE shall be 6 octets long. Therefore, octets "a(n+1) to a(n+4)" will not be present.

- If n = 6, a = 1 and the Cause IE will be 10 octets long.

For PMIP based S5/S8, the SGW/MAG shall do the mapping between GTPv2 Cause IE and respective PMIPv6 IE as specified in 3GPP TS 29.275 [26].

The following bits within Octet 6 indicate:

- Bits 8 to 4: Spare, for future use and set to zero

- Bit 1 – CS (Cause Source): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the corresponding error cause is originated by the remote node (i.e., the MME/SGSN to a PGW, or the PGW to an MME/SGSN). This bit is set to 0 to denote that the corresponding error cause is originated by the node sending the message.

  The CS should be set to 1 by the SGW when the SGW relay a response message with cause value from the MME/SGSN to the PGW or from the PGW to the MME/SGSN. For PMIP based S5/S8, the SGW shall set the CS bit to 1 when the SGW/MAG relay a response message with the cause value from the PGW/LMA to the MME/SGSN.

- Bit 2 – BCE (Bearer Context IE Error): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the corresponding rejection cause is due to the error in the Bearer Context IE. This bit shall be discarded if the cause value is one of Acceptance cause value as given in table 8.4-1.

- Bit 3 – PCE (PDN Connection IE Error): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the corresponding rejection cause is due to the error in the PDN Connection IE. This bit shall be discarded if the cause value is one of Acceptance cause value as given in table 8.4-1.

The Cause value shall be included in a response message. In a response message, the Cause value indicates the acceptance or the rejection of the corresponding request message. The Cause value indicates the explicit reason for the rejection.

If the rejection is due to a mandatory IE or a verifiable conditional IE is faulty or missing, the offending IE shall be included within an additional field "a(n+1) to a(n+4)". Only Type and Instance fields of the offending IE that caused the rejection have a meaning. The length in the Octet 8-9 and spare bits in the Octet 10 shall be set to "0". In this case, the value of "n" shall be "6". Otherwise, the value of "n" is equal to "2".

The Cause may also be included in the request message. In a request message, the Cause value indicates the reason for the request.

"Request accepted" is returned when the GTPv2 entity has accepted a control plane request.

"Context Not Found" is used in the response message by a GTP entity when it receives a message for which it does not have context, e.g. TEID-C or EBI is not known.

"Context Not Found" may also be used by the PGW during UE requested PDN connectivity procedure while non-3GPP to 3GPP handover, if the request corresponds to the handover of the PDN connection which does not exist with the PGW.

"Service not supported" is used by the GTP entity when it receives a message, which corresponds to a feature or a service which is not supported by the node.

"Service denied" is used when the requested service cannot be granted.

"System failure" is used by the GTP entity to indicate a generic error condition.

"No resources available" is used by the GTP entity to indicate the temporary unavailability of the resource(s) to process the received request.

"Semantic error in the TFT operation", "Syntactic error in the TFT operation", "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)", "Syntactic errors in packet filters(s)", "UE context without TFT already activated", "Semantic error in the TAD operation" and "Syntactic error in the TAD operation" are indications of error cases involving TFT(s)/TAD(s) as specified in subclause 7.7.11 in this specification.

"Missing or unknown APN" is used by the PGW when it does not support the Access Point Name, received in Create Session Request message.

"Relocation failure" is used by the target MME/S4-SGSN to indicate the source MME/S4-SGSN that the relocation has failed.

"Denied in RAT" is used by the GTP entity to indicate that the requested service is not accepted in the RAT.

"Preferred PDN type not supported" is used by the PGW to indicate that the PDN type received in the Create Session Request message is not supported by the PGW for the PDN corresponding to the received Access Point Name.

"Protocol type not supported" is used by the SGW to indicate that the S5/S8 protocol type requested by the MME/S4-SGSN is not supported by it.

"UE not responding" is used by the MME/S4-SGSN to indicate that the UE is not responding to the request initiated by the network, e.g. Paging.

"UE refuses" is used by the GTP entity to indicate that the UE, without specifying further detail, rejected the request from the network.

"Unable to page UE" is used by the MME/S4-SGSN to indicate its inability to page the UE, temporarily.

"User authentication failed" is used by the GTP entity to indicate that the request is rejected due to failure in authentication/security procedure.

"APN access denied – no subscription" is used to indicate that the PGW has denied the user access to an APN because a subscription is required, but the subscriber does not have the necessary subscription.

"Remote peer not responding" is used by the SGW for the messages spanning through two interfaces. This cause value is returned by the SGW to the MME/S4-SGSN or PGW in a response message where no response message is received from the PGW or MME/S4-SGSN.

"Collision with network initiated request" is used by the PGW to indicate that the UE-initiated bearer resource allocation/modification request is rejected since the PGW has requested a bearer resource allocation/modification for the same service using a network-initiated procedure.

"Unable to page UE due to Suspension" is used by the MME/S4-SGSN to indicate that the UE has not been paged because the bearers of the UE are in a suspended state.

"APN Restriction type Incompatible with currently active PDN connection" is used by the PGW to indicate that the newly requested PDN connection has APN restriction value that is not compatible with the currently active PDN connection(s)'s APN restriction value(s).

"Invalid peer" is used by the SGW to indicate that currently the UE is being managed by the different node (e.g. MME/S4-SGSN) than the node (e.g. S4-SGSN/MME) which has sent the Delete Session Request message.

"Invalid Reply from remote peer" is used by the SGW for the messages spanning through two interfaces. This cause value is returned by the SGW to the MME/SGSN or PGW in a reply message where the corresponding reply message on S5/S8 or S11/S4 from the PGW or MME/SGSN is not decoded as valid.

"Temporarily rejected due to handover procedure in progress" is used by the MME for the bearer related procedure initiated by the PGW. When the X2 based handover with/without SGW change or S1 based handover with/without SGW and/or MME change is in progress, the MME may receive Create / Update / Delete Bearer request message for the bearer creation, modification or deletion initiated by the PGW. If the handover procedure results in the SGW and/or

MME change, then the bearer related procedure cannot be handled temporarily by the MME till the handover procedure is completed. In that case the MME shall reject the bearer related procedure with this rejection cause.

The usage of "Fallback to GTPv1" is specified in subclause 7.10 "Fallback to GTPv1 mechanism".

- In the PGW initiated PDN connection deactivation procedure, the PGW may include the Cause IE in the Delete Bearer Request with values "RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP", "Reactivation requested" or "Reactivation disallowed to APN".

"APN Congestion" is used by the PGW and it indicates that the PGW has detected congestion for the requested APN and performs overload control for that APN which does not allow the PDN connection to be established.

"UE already re-attached" is used by MME/S4-SGSN for the network triggered service restoration procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]. The MME/S4-SGSN may send the Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge or Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication with this cause as part of the network triggered service restoration procedure.

"PDP connection inactivity timer expires" is used by the PGW in Delete Bearer Request(s) to indicate that all the bearer(s) for the emergency PDN connection are deleted upon the inactivity timer expiry as specified in 3GPP TS 23.203 [48].

"Network failure" is used by the SGSN or MME in the Delete Session Request to indicate that the message is sent due to a network problem.

"QoS parameter mismatch" is used by the SGSN or MME in the Delete Session Request to indicate that the PDN connection can not be established due to a QoS parameter mismatch.

The listed cause values for rejection response message descriptions in clause 7 are not meant to be exhaustive lists. Therefore a GTPv2 node shall use the most appropriate matching rejection response cause value that is listed in Table 8.4-1.

If a Bearer Resource Command message is related to an established PDN connection for LIPA, the LGW shall reject the Bearer Resource Command with the cause value of "Bearer handling not supported".

"Multiple PDN connections for a given APN not allowed" is used by SGW for reply message to the MME/S4-SGSN when PMIP-based S5/S8 is used. If either SGW or PGW does not support the multiple PDN connections to the same APN function, the SGW shall reject the PDN connectivity request procedure with this rejection cause when receiving Create Session Request for additional PDN connectivity to the given APN from the same UE.

As specified in sub-clause 5.3.1.1 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and sub-clause 9.2.1 in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], the cause value "New PDN type due to network preference" indicates that the UE has requested PDN type IPv4v6 and only IPv4 or IPv6 address is allowed for the PDN based on PGW operator policy.

As specified in sub-clause 5.3.1.1 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] and sub-clause 9.2.1 in 3GPP TS 23.060 [35], the cause value "New PDN type due to single address bearer only" indicates that the MS has requested PDN type IPv4v6 and both IPv4 and IPv6 addressing is possible in the PDN but the Dual Address Bearer Flag of the Indication IE is set to 0 or the Indication IE is absent, or only single IP version addressing is possible in the PDN.

"PGW not responding" is used by the SGW in PGW Restart Notification to indicate that the peer PGW has failed and not restarted as specified in subclause 7.9.5.

"UE context without TFT already activated" is used by the PGW in the Bearer Resource Failure Indication message to indicate that the PGW has received the Bearer Resource Command message without TAD IE in the secondary PDP Context Activation procedure.

"Temporarily rejected due to mobility procedure in progress" is used by the old MME/SGSN in the Downlink Data Notification Acknowledge message to indicate that the Downlink Data Notification message is rejected temporarily due to the mobility procedures with MME or SGSN change in progress as specified in sub-clause 5.3.4.3 in 3GPP TS 23.401 [3].

**Table 8.4-1: Cause values**

| Message Type | Cause value (decimal) | Meaning |
|---|---|---|
| | 0 | Reserved. Shall not be sent and if received the Cause shall be treated as an invalid IE |
| Request / Initial message | 1 | Reserved |
| | 2 | Local Detach |
| | 3 | Complete Detach |
| | 4 | RAT changed from 3GPP to Non-3GPP |
| | 5 | ISR deactivation |
| | 6 | Error Indication received from RNC/eNodeB/S4-SGSN |
| | 7 | IMSI Detach Only |
| | 8 | Reactivation Requested |
| | 9 | PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed |
| | 10 | Access changed from Non-3GPP to 3GPP |
| | 11 | PDN connection inactivity timer expires |
| | 12 | PGW not responding |
| | 13 | Network Failure |
| | 14 | QoS parameter mismatch |
| | 15 | Spare. This value range shall be used by Cause values in an initial/request message. See NOTE 5. |
| Acceptance in a Response / triggered message. See NOTE 1. | 16 | Request accepted |
| | 17 | Request accepted partially |
| | 18 | New PDN type due to network preference. |
| | 19 | New PDN type due to single address bearer only. |
| | 20 to -63 | Spare. This value range shall be used by Cause values in an acceptance response/triggered message |
| Rejection in a Response / triggered message. See NOTE 1. | 64 | Context Not Found |
| | 65 | Invalid Message Format |
| | 66 | Version not supported by next peer |
| | 67 | Invalid length |
| | 68 | Service not supported |
| | 69 | Mandatory IE incorrect |
| | 70 | Mandatory IE missing |
| | 71 | Shall not be used. See NOTE 2 and NOTE 3. |
| | 72 | System failure |
| | 73 | No resources available |
| | 74 | Semantic error in the TFT operation |
| | 75 | Syntactic error in the TFT operation |
| | 76 | Semantic errors in packet filter(s) |
| | 77 | Syntactic errors in packet filter(s) |
| | 78 | Missing or unknown APN |
| | 79 | Shall not be used. See NOTE 2 and NOTE 3. |
| | 80 | GRE key not found |
| | 81 | Relocation failure |
| | 82 | Denied in RAT |
| | 83 | Preferred PDN type not supported |
| | 84 | All dynamic addresses are occupied |
| | 85 | UE context without TFT already activated. See NOTE 6. |
| | 86 | Protocol type not supported |
| | 87 | UE not responding. See NOTE 7. |
| | 88 | UE refuses |
| | 89 | Service denied. See NOTE 7. |
| | 90 | Unable to page UE |
| | 91 | No memory available |
| | 92 | User authentication failed |
| | 93 | APN access denied – no subscription |
| | 94 | Request rejected (reason not specified) |
| | 95 | P-TMSI Signature mismatch |
| | 96 | IMSI/IMEI not known |
| | 97 | Semantic error in the TAD operation |
| | 98 | Syntactic error in the TAD operation |
| | 99 | Shall not be used. See NOTE 2 and NOTE 3. |
| | 100 | Remote peer not responding |
| | 101 | Collision with network initiated request |

| | 102 | Unable to page UE due to Suspension |
|---|---|---|
| | 103 | Conditional IE missing |
| | 104 | APN Restriction type Incompatible with currently active PDN connection |
| | 105 | Invalid overall length of the triggered response message and a piggybacked initial message |
| | 106 | Data forwarding not supported |
| | 107 | Invalid reply from remote peer |
| | 108 | Fallback to GTPv1 |
| | 109 | Invalid peer |
| | 110 | Temporarily rejected due to handover procedure in progress |
| | 111 | Modifications not limited to S1-U bearers |
| | 112 | Request rejected for a PMIPv6 reason (see 3GPP TS 29.275 [26]). |
| | 113 | APN Congestion |
| | 114 | Bearer handling not supported |
| | 115 | UE already re-attached. See NOTE 7. |
| | 116 | Multiple PDN connections for a given APN not allowed |
| | 117 | Reserved |
| | 118 | Temporarily rejected due to mobility procedure in progress |
| | 119 to 239 | Spare. For future use in a triggered/response message See NOTE 4. |
| Request / Initial message | 240 to 255 | Spare. For future use in an initial/request message. See NOTE 5. |
| NOTE 1: The listed cause values for rejection in a response/triggered message can be also used for request messages if the request message is triggered by a command message. |||
| NOTE 2: Subclause 7.7.8 "Semantically incorrect Information Element" specifies quite strict handling of the reserved values and therefore this table shall not contain any reserved values. |||
| NOTE 3: This value was used in earlier versions of the spec. If received, it shall be interpreted as unspecified rejection cause. Unspecified/unrecognized rejection cause shall be treated in the same ways as the cause value 94 "Request rejected (reason not specified)". |||
| NOTE 4: This value is or may be used in the newer versions of the spec. If the receiver cannot comprehend the value, it shall be interpreted as unspecified rejection cause. Unspecified/unrecognized rejection cause shall be treated in the same ways as the cause value 94 "Request rejected (reason not specified)". |||
| NOTE 5: This value is or may be used in the newer versions of the spec. If the receiver cannot comprehend the value, it shall be interpreted as an unspecified request/initial message cause. Unspecified/unrecognized cause handling in a request/initial message shall be implementation dependent (e.g. may be ignored). |||
| NOTE 6: This Cause value is only used over the S4 interface. |||
| NOTE 7: This cause value may also be used by a Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication, which is an initial message. |||

The mapping at the MME/S4-SGSN between GTP cause values received over the S11/S4 interface and the NAS cause values sent to the UE is specified in Annex C.

# 8.5 Recovery (Restart Counter)

Recovery IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.5-1.

In the first release of GTPv2 spec n = 1. That is, the overall length of the IE is 5 octets. In future releases of the spec additional octets may be specified.

| | | | | Bits | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 3 (decimal) ||||||||
| 2 to 3 | Length = n ||||||||
| 4 | Spare |||| Instance ||||
| 5 to (n+4) | Recovery (Restart Counter) ||||||||
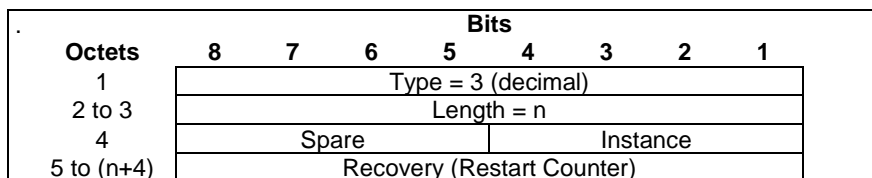
**Figure 8.5-1: Recovery (Restart Counter)**

# 8.6 Access Point Name (APN)

Access Point Name (APN) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the APN into the Value field of the APN IE.

| | | | | | Bits | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** | |
| 1 | Type = 71 (decimal) | | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | Access Point Name (APN) | | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.6-1: Access Point Name (APN)**

The encoding the APN field follows 3GPP TS 23.003 [2] subclause 9.1. The content of the APN field shall be the full APN with both the APN Network Identifier and APN Operator Identifier being present as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2] subclauses 9.1.1 and 9.1.2, 3GPP TS 23.060 [35] Annex A and 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] subclauses 4.3.8.1.

NOTE: The APN field is not encoded as a dotted string as commonly used in documentation.

# 8.7 Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR)

Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the AMBR into the Value field of the AMBR (APN-AMBR) IE.

AMBR is defined in clause 9.9.4.2 of 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], but shall be formatted as shown in Figure 8.7-1 as Unsigned32 binary integer values in kbps (1000 bits per second).

| | | | | | Bits | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** | |
| 1 | Type = 72 (decimal) | | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = 8 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | | |
| 5 to 8 | APN-AMBR for uplink | | | | | | | | |
| 9 to 12 | APN-AMBR for downlink | | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.7-1: Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate (AMBR)**

# 8.8 EPS Bearer ID (EBI)

EPS Bearer ID (EBI) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.8-1.

The overall length of the IE is 5 octets. In future releases of the spec additional octets may be specified and new semantic for the spare bits may be defined.

| | | | | | Bits | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** | |
| 1 | Type = 73 (decimal) | | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | | |
| 5 | Spare (all bits set to 0) | | | | EPS Bearer ID (EBI) | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.8-1: EPS Bearer ID (EBI)**

The coding of EBI field and its value range is specified in 3GPP TS 24.007 [30], subclause 11.2.3.1.5, bits 5 to 8.

# 8.9 IP Address

IP Address is coded as depicted in Figure 8.9-1. The Length field may have only two values (4 or 16) that determine if the Value field contains IPv4 or IPv6 address.

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 74 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | IPv4 or IPv6 Address | | | | | | | |
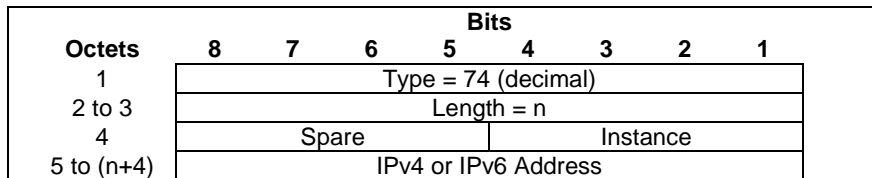
**Figure 8.9-1: IP address**

# 8.10 Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI)

Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.10-1.. MEI is defined in clause 6.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 75 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | Mobile Equipment (ME) Identity | | | | | | | |
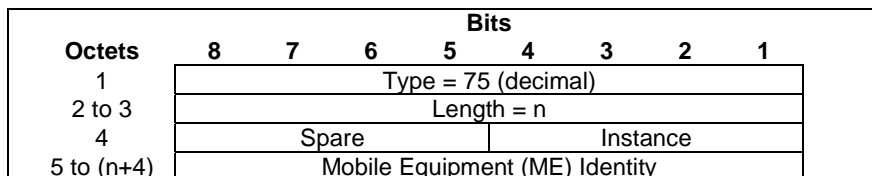
**Figure 8.10-1: Mobile Equipment (ME) Identity (MEI)**

The ME Identity field contains either the IMEI or the IMEISV as defined in clause 6.2 of 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. It is encoded as specified in clause 7.7.53 of 3GPP TS 29.060 [4], beginning with octet 4 of Figure 7.7.53.1.

The IMEI(SV) digits are encoded using BCD coding where IMEI is 15 BCD digits and IMEISV is 16 BCD digits. For IMEI, bits 5 to 8 of the last octet shall be filled with an end mark coded as '1111'.

# 8.11 MSISDN

MSISDN is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the MSISDN into the Value field of the MSISDN IE. MSISDN is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].
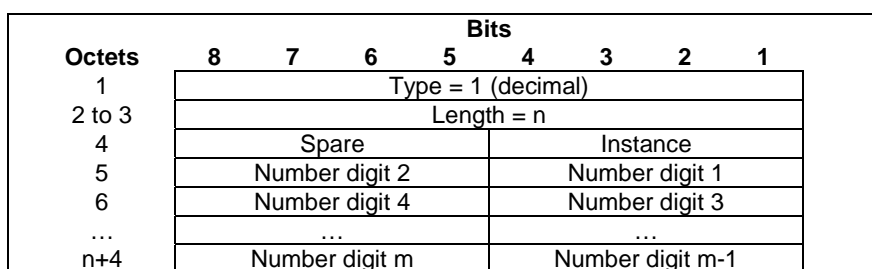
|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 76 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Number digit 2 | | | | Number digit 1 | | | |
| 6 | Number digit 4 | | | | Number digit 3 | | | |
| … | … | | | | … | | | |
| n+4 | Number digit m | | | | Number digit m-1 | | | |
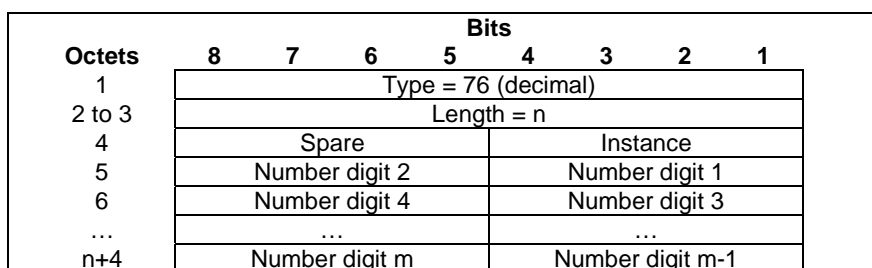
**Figure 8.11-1: MSISDN**

Octets 5 to (n+4) represent the MSISDN value is in international number format as described in ITU-T Rec E.164 [25] and 3GPP TS 29.002 [41]. MSISDN value contains only the actual MSISDN number (does not contain the "nature of address indicator" octet, which indicates "international number" as in 3GPP TS 29.002 [41]) and is encoded as TBCD digits, i.e. digits from 0 through 9 are encoded "0000" to "1001". When there is an odd number of digits, bits 8 to 5 of the last octet are encoded with the filler "1111".

# 8.12 Indication

Indication is coded as depicted in Figure 8.12-1.

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 77 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | DAF | DTF | HI | DFI | OI | ISRSI | ISRAI | SGWCI |
| 6 | SQCI | UIMSI | CFSI | CRSI | P | PT | SI | MSV |
| 7 | RetLoc | PBIC | SRNI | S6AF | S4AF | MBMDT | ISRAU | CCRSI |
| 8 | Spare | Spare | Spare | Spare | Spare | CSFBI | CLII | CPSR |
| 9 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.12-1: Indication**

For each message the applicable flags of the Indication IE shall be clearly specified in the individual message sub clause. The remaining flags of the Indication IE not so indicated shall be discarded by the receiver.

The receiver shall consider the value of the applicable flags as "0", if the Indication IE is applicable for the message but not included in the message by the sender.

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 – DAF (Dual Address Bearer Flag): This bit shall be set when the PDN Type, determined based on UE request and subscription record, is set to IPv4v6 and all SGSNs which the UE may be handed over to are Release 8 or above supporting dual addressing, which is determined based on node pre-configuration by the operator..

- Bit 7 – DTF (Direct Tunnel Flag): This bit shall be set when the UE is in UTRAN/GERAN network and Direct Tunnel is selected

- Bit 6 – HI (Handover Indication): If this bit is set to 1 over S11/S4 and S5/S8 interfaces, it shall indicate that a UE handover from a non-3GPP access to a 3GPP access system. This bit is applicable during the E-UTRAN Initial Attach procedure, PDP Context Activation procedure or during the UE requested PDN connectivity procedure. If this bit is set to 1 over GTP based S2b interface, it shall indicate the UE handover to Untrusted Non-3GPP Access system and IP address preservation is requested by the UE.

- Bit 5 – DFI (Direct Forwarding Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the direct forwarding between the source eNodeB and the target eNodeB during the S1 based handover procedure is applied.

- Bit 4 – OI (Operation Indication):

  - If this bit is set to 1, it shall denote that the receiving SGW of a "Create Session Request" shall send a Modify Bearer Request immediately to the PGW. This allows the SGW to differentiate if the "Create Session Request" received on S4/S11 interface belongs to a TAU/RAU with an SGW relocation (OI = 1), or X2-based handover with SGW relocation (OI = 1) or S1-based handover with SGW relocation (OI = 0).

  - It shall be set to 1 on S4/S11 interface if the SGW needs to forward the Delete Session Request message to PGW.

- Bit 3 – ISRSI (Idle mode Signalling Reduction Supported Indication): If this is set to 1, it shall indicate that the old/source SGSN/MME and the associated SGW are capable to activate ISR.

- Bit 2 – ISRAI (Idle mode Signalling Reduction Activation Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the ISR is established between the MME and the S4 SGSN during a TAU/RAU without an SGW change procedure or during an Inter RAT handover without an SGW change procedure. The SGW shall retain the resources for the other CN node that has its bearer resources on the SGW reserved. The old/source SGSN/MME shall maintain the UE's contexts and activate ISR.

- Bit 1 – SGWCI (SGW Change Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the target MME/SGSN has selected a new SGW during a TAU/RAU or handover with an SGW change procedure.

The following bits within Octet 6 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 – SQCI (Subscribed QoS Change Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the subscribed QoS profile of the related PDN connection has changed in the old MME/SGSN when the UE is in ECM-IDLE state

and ISR is activated. The new MME/SGSN shall trigger the Subscribed QoS Modification procedure. See 3GPP TS 23.401 [3], clause 5.3.9.2.

- Bit 7 – UIMSI (Unauthenticated IMSI): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the IMSI present in the message is not authenticated and is for emergency attached UE.

- Bit 6 – CFSI (Change F-TEID support indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the SGW can change the assigned GTP-U F-TEID in the current procedure. If the SGW needs to modify the GTP-U F-TEID and the CFSI flag is set to 1 in the corresponding request message, the SGW shall include the new F-TEID in the Modify Bearer Response/Modify Access Bearers Response message.

- Bit 5 – CRSI (Change Reporting support indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the MME/S4 SGSN supports Location Change Reporting mechanism for the corresponding session.

- Bit 4 – PS (Piggybacking Supported). This bit denotes whether the MME/SGW support piggybacking feature as described in Annex F of 3GPP TS 23.401 [3]. If set to 1, it indicates that the node is capable of processing two different GTP-C messages appearing back to back in a single UDP payload.

- Bit 3 – PT (Protocol Type) If this bit set to 1, it shall indicate that the protocol type for the S5/S8 interface is PMIP; this bit is set to 0 to indicate that the protocol type for the S5/S8 interface is GTP.

- Bit 2 – SI (Scope Indication): If this bit is set to 1, it indicates that all bearer resources of the UE shall be released by the SGW. This flag is set in messages during TAU/RAU/Handover with SGW change /SRNS Relocation Cancel Using S4 with SGW change/Inter RAT handover Cancel procedure with SGW change/S1 Based handover Cancel procedure with SGW change.

- Bit 1 – MSV (MS Validated): If this bit is set to 1, it shall indicate that the new MME/SGSN has successfully authenticated the UE.

The following bits within Octet 7shall indicate:

- Bit 8 – RetLoc (Retrieve Location Indication Flag): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the PGW requests the MME/SGSN to provide the User Location Information.

  Bit 7 – PBIC (Propagate BBAI Information Change): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates a change in the H(e)NB local IP address and/or UDP port number, i.e. the UE moves from an (e)NB to a H(e)NB, or from one H(e)NB to another H(e)NB with the fixed network backhaul changed, or the UE moves from a H(e)NB to a (e)NB.

- Bit 6 – SRNI (SGW Restoration Needed Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the source MME/S4-SGSN has not performed the SGW relocation procedure after the source SGW has failed with or without restart, when the source and target MME/S4-SGSN support the MME/S4-SGSN triggered SGW restoration procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17].

- Bit 5 – S6AF (Static IPv6 Address Flag): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that PDP/PDN IPv6 address is static.

- Bit 4 – S4AF (Static IPv4 Address Flag): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that PDP/PDN IPv4 address is static.

- Bit 3 – MBMDT (Management Based MDT allowed flag): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that management based MDT is allowed.

- Bit 2 – ISRAU (ISR is activated for the UE): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that ISR is activated for the UE before the UE moving to the new SGSN/MME.

- Bit 1 – CCRSI (CSG Change Reporting support indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the MME/S4 SGSN supports CSG Information Change Reporting mechanism for the corresponding session.

The following bits within Octet 8 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 to 4 – Spare, for future use and set to zero.

- Bit 3 – CSFBI (CSFB Indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the UE has been subject to CSFB.

- Bit 2 – CLII (Change of Location Information Indication): when ISR is active if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that the location information, which is provided as a part of ULI IE, has changed since last reported by the MME/S4-SGSN. The SGW shall ignore this flag when ISR is not active.

- Bit 1 – CPSR (CS to PS SRVCC indication): if this bit is set to 1, it indicates that a UTRAN/GERAN to E-UTRAN/UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC procedure is underway and the associated message, i.e. Modify Bearer Request shall be forwarded to the PGW from the SGW as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43].

# 8.13 Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)

Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the PCO into the Value field of the PCO IE. The detailed coding and maximum length of the PCO field from octets 5 to (n+4) shall be specified as per clause 10.5.6.3 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], starting with octet 3.

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 78 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.13-1: Protocol Configuration Options (PCO)**

# 8.14 PDN Address Allocation (PAA)

The PDN Address Allocation is coded as depicted in Figure 8.14-1.

NOTE: The Prefix Length within PAA IE has a fixed value of /64.

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 79 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | PDN Type | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | PDN Address and Prefix | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.14-1: PDN Address Allocation (PAA)**

**Table 8.14-1: PDN Address Allocation**

```
PDN type value (octet 5)
Bits
3  2  1
0  0  1     IPv4
0  1  0     IPv6
0  1  1     IPv4v6

All other values are reserved.

Bits 8-4 of octet 5 are spare and shall be coded as zero.

PDN Address and Prefix (octet 6 to n+4)

If PDN type value indicates IPv4, an IPv4 address is present in the PDN Address and
Prefix from octet 6 to octet 9. Bit 8 of octet 6 represents the most significant bit of the
IPv4 address and bit 1 of octet 9 the least significant bit.

If PDN type value indicates IPv6, octet 6 contains the IPv6 Prefix Length. Octets 7
through 22 contain an IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier. Bit 8 of octet 7 represents
the most significant bit of the IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier and bit 1 of octet 22
the least significant bit.

If PDN type value indicates IPv4v6, octet 6 contains the IPv6 Prefix Length. Octets 7
through 22 contain an IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier. Bit 8 of octet 7 represents
the most significant bit of the IPv6 Prefix and Interface Identifier and bit 1 of octet 22
the least significant bit. Octets 23 through 26 contain an IPv4 address. Bit 8 of octet 23
represents the most significant bit of the IPv4 address and bit 1 of octet 26 the least
significant bit.
```

# 8.15 Bearer Quality of Service (Bearer QoS)

Bearer Quality of Service (Bearer QoS) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the Bearer l QoS into the Value field of the Bearer QoS IE.

| Octets | Bits 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Type = 80 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2-3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | PCI | PL | | | | Spare | PVI |
| 6 | Label (QCI) | | | | | | | |
| 7 to 11 | Maximum bit rate for uplink | | | | | | | |
| 12 to 16 | Maximum bit rate for downlink | | | | | | | |
| 17 to 21 | Guaranteed bit rate for uplink | | | | | | | |
| 22 to 26 | Guaranteed bit rate for downlink | | | | | | | |
| 27 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.15-1: Bearer Level Quality of Service (Bearer QoS)**

Octet 5 represents the Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP) parameter. The meaning and value range of the parameters within the ARP are defined in 3GPP TS 29.212 [29]. The bits within the ARP octet are:

- Bit 1 – PVI (Pre-emption Vulnerability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.47 Pre-emption-Vulnerability AVP.

- Bit 2 – spare

- Bits 3 to 6 – PL (Priority Level): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.45 ARP-Value AVP. PL encodes each priority level defined for the ARP-Value AVP as the binary value of the priority level.

- Bit 7 – PCI (Pre-emption Capability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.46 Pre-emption-Capability AVP.

- Bit 8 – spare.

Octet 6 contains the "QCI" value, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.203 [48].

The UL/DL MBR and GBR fields are encoded as kilobits per second (1 kbps = 1000 bps) in binary value. For non-GBR bearers, both the UL/DL MBR and GBR should be set to zero. The range of QCI, Maximum bit rate for uplink, Maximum bit rate for downlink, Guaranteed bit rate for uplink and Guaranteed bit rate for downlink are specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

> NOTE: The encoding in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] is different from the encoding within this specification.

# 8.16 Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS)

Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the Flow QoS into the Value field of the Flow QoS IE.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 81 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Label (QCI) | | | | | | | |
| 6 to 10 | Maximum bit rate for uplink | | | | | | | |
| 11 to 15 | Maximum bit rate for downlink | | | | | | | |
| 16 to 20 | Guaranteed bit rate for uplink | | | | | | | |
| 21 to 25 | Guaranteed bit rate for downlink | | | | | | | |
| 26 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.16-1: Flow Quality of Service (Flow QoS)**

Octet 5 contains the "QCI" value, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.203 [48].

The UL/DL MBR and GBR fields are encoded as kilobits per second (1 kbps = 1000 bps) in binary value. For non-GBR bearers, both the UL/DL MBR and GBR should be set to zero. The range of QCI, Maximum bit rate for uplink, Maximum bit rate for downlink, Guaranteed bit rate for uplink and Guaranteed bit rate for downlink are specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

> NOTE: The encoding in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] is different from the encoding within this specification.

# 8.17 RAT Type

RAT Type is coded as depicted in Figure 8.17-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 82 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | RAT Type | | | | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.17-1: RAT Type**

**Table 8.17-1: RAT Type values**

| RAT Types | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| <reserved> | 0 |
| UTRAN | 1 |
| GERAN | 2 |
| WLAN | 3 |
| GAN | 4 |
| HSPA Evolution | 5 |
| EUTRAN | 6 |
| Virtual | 7 |
| <spare> | 8-255 |

NOTE 1: For S4-SGSN, currently it is only possible to detect the difference between GERAN and UTRAN when GERAN Gb mode is used. If GERAN Iu mode is used, then an S4-SGSN may not be able to detect the difference between GERAN and UTRAN. Across the Gb interface, the SGSN may also not be able to detect the difference between GERAN and GAN. If S4-SGSN cannot detect that the HSPA Evolution 3GPP TR 25.999 [46] network is behind the Iu interface, the S4-SGSN will send the "UTRAN" RAT Type.

NOTE 2: For the Iu interface case, if the SGSN detects UTRAN or HSPA, it sets the RAT-Type to "UTRAN". If the SGSN detects HSPA+, it sets the RAT-Type to "HSPA Evolution", otherwise the SGSN will send the "UTRAN" RAT Type.

# 8.18 Serving Network

Serving Network is coded as depicted in Figure 8.18-1.

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 83 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| 6 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| 7 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| 8 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.18-1: Serving Network**

If an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

This IE contains the serving core network operator ID provided by the MME, S4-SGSN or ePDG.

NOTE: The serving core network operator ID is the PLMN ID of the MME, S4-SGSN or ePDG which is currently serving the UE. An S4-SGSN/MME which supports multiple PLMN IDs is considered as logically different S4-SGSNs/MMEs.

# 8.19 EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT)

EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT) is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the EPS Bearer Level TFT into the Value field of the EPS Bearer Level TFT IE. The detailed coding and maximum length of the EPS Bearer Level TFT IE is specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.6.12, beginning with octet 3.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 84 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (TFT) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.19-1: EPS Bearer Level Traffic Flow Template (Bearer TFT)**

# 8.20    Traffic Aggregate Description (TAD)

The Traffic Aggregate Description IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.20-1. The detailed coding and maximum length of Traffic Aggregate Description is specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.6.12, beginning with octet 3..

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 85 (Decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | Traffic Aggregate Description | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.20-1 Traffic Aggregate Description**

# 8.21    User Location Information (ULI)

User Location Information (ULI) is a extendable IE that is coded as depicted in Figure 8.21-1. The CGI, SAI, RAI, TAI, ECGI and LAI identity types are defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 86 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | LAI | ECGI | TAI | RAI | SAI | CGI |
| a to a+6 | CGI | | | | | | | |
| b to b+6 | SAI | | | | | | | |
| c to c+6 | RAI | | | | | | | |
| d to d+4 | TAI | | | | | | | |
| e to e+6 | ECGI | | | | | | | |
| f to f+4 | LAI | | | | | | | |
| g to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.21-1: User Location Information**

The ULI IE shall contain only one identity of the same type (e.g. more than one CGI cannot be included), but ULI IE may contain more than one identity of a different type (e.g. ECGI and TAI). The flags LAI, ECGI, TAI, RAI, SAI and CGI in octet 5 indicate if the corresponding type shall be present in a respective field or not. If one of these flags is set to "0", the corresponding field shall not be present at all. If more than one identity of different type is present, then they shall be sorted in the following order: CGI, SAI, RAI, TAI, ECGI, LAI.

The following subclauses specify the coding of the fields representing different identities.

For each identity, if an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then "MNC digit 3" field of corresponding location shall be coded as "1111".

## 8.21.1    CGI field

The coding of CGI (Cell Global Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.1-1. Only zero or one CGI field shall be present in ULI IE.

| | | | | | **Bits** | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| a | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| a+1 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| a+2 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| a+3 to a+4 | Location Area Code (LAC) | | | | | | | |
| a+5 to a+6 | Cell Identity (CI) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.21.1-1: CGI field**

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet a+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet a+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Cell Identity (CI) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet a+5 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet a+6 the least significant bit. The coding of the cell identity is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

## 8.21.2    SAI field

The coding of SAI (Service Area Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.2-1. Only zero or one SAI field shall be present in ULI IE.

| | | | | | **Bits** | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| b | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| b+1 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| b+2 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| b+3 to b+4 | Location Area Code (LAC) | | | | | | | |
| b+5 to b+6 | Service Area Code (SAC) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.21.2-1: SAI field**

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet b+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet b+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Service Area Code (SAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet b+5 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet b+6 the least significant bit. The SAC is defined by the operator. See 3GPP TS 23.003 [2] section 12.5 for more information.

## 8.21.3    RAI field

The coding of RAI (Routing Area Identity) is depicted in Figure 8.21.3-1. Only zero or one RAI field shall be present in ULI IE.

| | | | | | **Bits** | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| c | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| c+1 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| c+2 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| c+3 to c+4 | Location Area Code (LAC) | | | | | | | |
| c+5 to c+6 | Routing Area Code (RAC) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.21.3-1: RAI field**

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet c+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet c+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Routing Area Code (RAC) consists of 2 octets. Only Octet c+5 contains the RAC. Octet c+6 is coded as all 1's (11111111). The RAC is defined by the operator.

## 8.21.4    TAI field

The coding of TAI (Tracking Area Identity) is depicted in Figure 8.21.4-1. Only zero or one TAI field shall be present in ULI IE.

| Octets | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| d | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| d+1 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| d+2 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| d+3 to d+4 | Tracking Area Code (TAC) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.21.4-1: TAI**

The Tracking Area Code (TAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet d+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet d+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the tracking area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

## 8.21.5    ECGI field

The coding of ECGI (E-UTRAN Cell Global Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.5-1. Only zero or one ECGI field shall be present in ULI IE.

| Octets | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| e | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| e+1 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| e+2 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| e+3 | Spare | | | | ECI | | | |
| e+4 to e+6 | ECI (E-UTRAN Cell Identifier) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.21.5-1: ECGI field**

The E-UTRAN Cell Identifier (ECI) consists of 28 bits. The ECI field shall start with Bit 4 of octet e+3, which is the most significant bit. Bit 1 of Octet e+6 is the least significant bit. The coding of the E-UTRAN cell identifier is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

## 8.21.6    LAI field

The coding of LAI (Location Area Identifier) is depicted in Figure 8.21.6-1.

| Octets | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| f | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| f+1 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| f+2 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| f+3 to f+4 | Location Area Code (LAC) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.21.6-1: LAI field**

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet f+3 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet f+4 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

## 8.22    Fully Qualified TEID (F-TEID)

Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (F-TEID) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.22-1.

| Octets | \  Bits  8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Type = 87 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | V4 | V6 | Interface Type | | | | | |
| 6 to 9 | TEID / GRE Key | | | | | | | |
| m to (m+3) | IPv4 address | | | | | | | |
| p to (p+15) | IPv6 address | | | | | | | |
| k to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
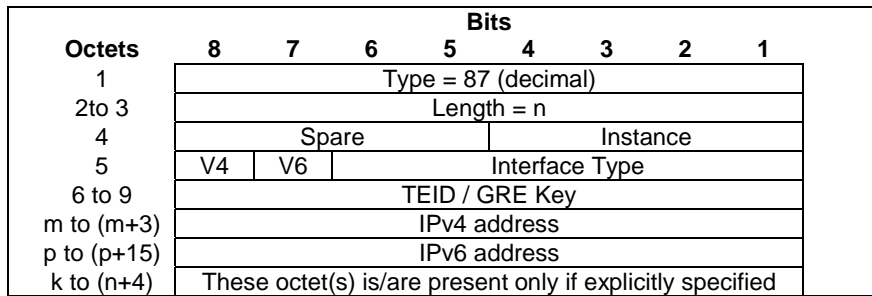
**Figure 8.22-1: Fully Qualified Tunnel Endpoint Identifier (F-TEID)**

The following flags are coded within Octet 5:

- Bit 8 – V4: If this bit is set to "1", then IPv4 address field exists in the F-TEID, otherwise the IPv4 address field is not present at all.

- Bit 7 – V6: If this bit is set to "1", then IPv6 address field exists in the F-TEID, otherwise the IPv6 address field is not present at all.

At least one of V4 and V6 shall be set to "1", and both may be set to "1".

- Bit 6 to Bit 1 – Interface Type: This 6 bit wide integer can take the following values representing interface type and endpoint:

  0: S1-U eNodeB GTP-U interface

  1: S1-U SGW GTP-U interface

  2: S12 RNC GTP-U interface

  3: S12 SGW GTP-U interface

  4: S5/S8 SGW GTP-U interface

  5: S5/S8 PGW GTP-U interface

  6: S5/S8 SGW GTP-C interface

  7: S5/S8 PGW GTP-C interface

  8: S5/S8 SGW PMIPv6 interface (the 32 bit GRE key is encoded in 32 bit TEID field and since alternate CoA is not used the control plane and user plane addresses are the same for PMIPv6)

  9: S5/S8 PGW PMIPv6 interface (the 32 bit GRE key is encoded in 32 bit TEID field and the control plane and user plane addresses are the same for PMIPv6)

  10: S11 MME GTP-C interface

  11: S11/S4 SGW GTP-C interface

  12: S10 MME GTP-C interface

  13: S3 MME GTP-C interface

  14: S3 SGSN GTP-C interface

  15: S4 SGSN GTP-U interface

  16: S4 SGW GTP-U interface

  17: S4 SGSN GTP-C interface

  18: S16 SGSN GTP-C interface

19: eNodeB GTP-U interface for DL data forwarding

20: eNodeB GTP-U interface for UL data forwarding

21: RNC GTP-U interface for data forwarding

22: SGSN GTP-U interface for data forwarding

23: SGW GTP-U interface for DL data forwarding

24: Sm MBMS GW GTP-C interface

25: Sn MBMS GW GTP-C interface

26: Sm MME GTP-C interface

27: Sn SGSN GTP-C interface

28: SGW GTP-U interface for UL data forwarding

29: Sn SGSN GTP-U interface

30: S2b ePDG GTP-C interface

31: S2b-U ePDG GTP-U interface

32: S2b PGW GTP-C interface

33: S2b-U PGW GTP-U interface

34: S2a TWAN GTP-U interface

35: S2a TWAN GTP-C interface

36: S2a PGW GTP-C interface

37: S2a PGW GTP-U interface

Other values of "Interface Type" are spare and reserved for future use.

"Interface type" values with bit "6" set to 1 shall only be used between Rel-10 onwards GTPv2-C nodes.

NOTE: "Interface type" IE is defined with 5 bits only in the earlier releases of this specification, thus pre-Rel-10 GTPv2-C nodes can ignore bit "6" which is marked as "Spare" in earlier releases, allowing backward compatibility.

Octet 6 to 9 (TEID/GRE field) represent either a TEID or a GRE key. If both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are present in F-TEID IE, then the TEID value shall be shared by both addresses.

Octets "m to (m+3)" and/or "p to (p+15)" (IPv4 address / IPv6 address fields), if present, contain respective address values.

## 8.23    TMSI

The TMSI, unambiguously associated with a given UE and Location area, is given by:

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 88 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | TMSI | | | | | | | |
| | The TMSI is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. | | | | | | | |
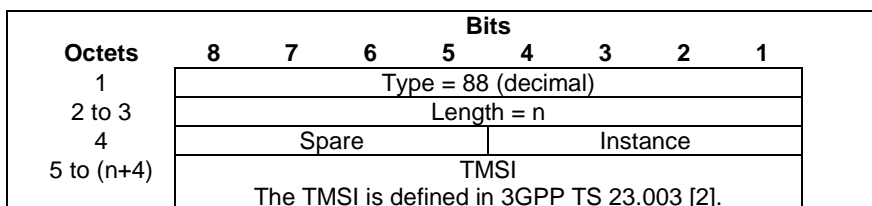
**Figure 8.23-1: TMSI**

# 8.24    Global CN-Id

The Global CN-Id is coded as depicted in Figure 8.24-1.

| Octets | \<td colspan="8">**Bits**</td> |||||||||
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | \<td colspan="8">Type = 89 (decimal)</td> |||||||||
| 2 to 3 | \<td colspan="8">Length = n</td> |||||||||
| 4 | \<td colspan="4">Spare</td> |\<td colspan="4">Instance</td> ||||
| 5 | \<td colspan="4">MCC digit 2</td> |\<td colspan="4">MCC digit 1</td> ||||
| 6 | \<td colspan="4">MNC digit 3</td> |\<td colspan="4">MCC digit 3</td> ||||
| 7 | \<td colspan="4">MNC digit 2</td> |\<td colspan="4">MNC digit 1</td> ||||
| 8 to (n+4) | \<td colspan="8">CN-Id<br>The CN-Id is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].</td> |||||||||

**Figure 8.24-1: Global CN-Id**

If an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

# 8.25    S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info (S103PDF)

The HSGW Address and GRE Key identify a GRE Tunnel towards a HSGW over S103 interface for a specific PDN connection of the UE. The EPS Bearer IDs specify the EPS Bearers which require data forwarding that belonging to this PDN connection. The number of EPS bearer Ids included is specified by the value of EPS Bearer ID Number.

The spare bits indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

| Octets | \<td colspan="8">**Bits**</td> |||||||||
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | \<td colspan="8">Type = 90 (decimal)</td> |||||||||
| 2 to 3 | \<td colspan="8">Length = n</td> |||||||||
| 4 | \<td colspan="4">Spare</td> |\<td colspan="4">Instance</td> ||||
| 5 | \<td colspan="8">HSGW Address for forwarding Length = m</td> |||||||||
| 6 to (m+5) | \<td colspan="8">HSGW Address for forwarding [4..16]</td> |||||||||
| (m+6)- to (m+9) | \<td colspan="8">GRE Key</td> |||||||||
| (m+10) | \<td colspan="8">EPS Bearer ID Number = k</td> |||||||||
| (m+11) to (m+10+k) | \<td colspan="4">Spare</td> |\<td colspan="4">EPS Bearer ID</td> ||||

**Figure 8.25-1: S103 PDN Data Forwarding Info**

# 8.26    S1-U Data Forwarding (S1UDF)

The Serving GW Address and Serving GW S1-U TEID consists of the S1-U Tunnel information allocated by the Serving GW for an EPS Bearer identified by the EPS Bearer ID which requires data forwarding during active handover from E-UTRAN Access to cdma2000 HRPD Access.

The spare bits indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

| Octets | Bits 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|--------|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Type = 91 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | EPS Bearer ID | | | |
| 6 | Serving GW Address Length = m | | | | | | | |
| 7 to (m+6) | Serving GW Address [4..16] | | | | | | | |
| (m+7) to (m+10) | Serving GW S1-U TEID | | | | | | | |
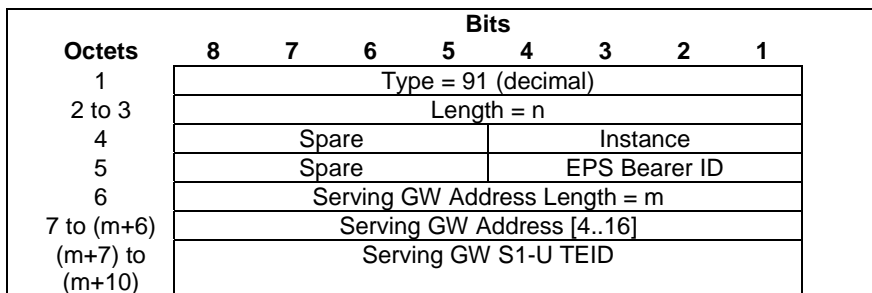
**Figure 8.26-1: S1-U Data Forwarding Info**

# 8.27 Delay Value

Delay Value is coded as depicted in Figure 8.27-1.

| Octets | Bits 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|--------|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Type = 92 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Delay Value in integer multiples of 50 millisecs, or zero | | | | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
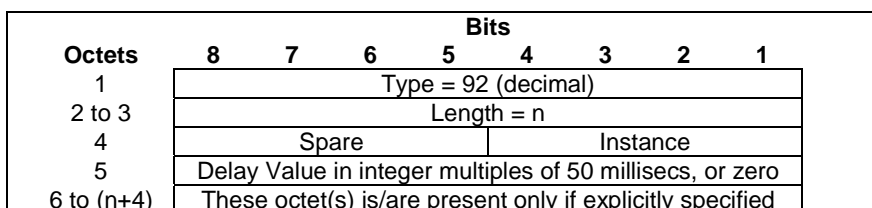
**Figure 8.27-1: Delay Value**

Delay Value is set to zero in order to clear a previously set delay condition.

# 8.28 Bearer Context

Bearer Context is a grouped IE containing a number of other IEs. Which of those IEs are mandatory, optional or conditional and the conditions that apply are GTP message specific, and described in the corresponding subclause under clause 7.

Bearer Context may be repeated within a message with exactly the same Type and Instance values to represent a list of Bearer Contexts.

Bearer Context is coded as depicted in Table 8.28-1.

**Table 8.28-1: Bearer Context Grouped Type**

| Octet 1 | Bearer Context IE Type = 93 (decimal) | | | | |
|---------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| | | | | | |
| NOTE: This table uses a 5-column format in order to match the format used in subclauses of clause 7, where the usage of this IE is further detailed for each specific GTP message including it. | | | | | |

# 8.29 Charging ID

The Charging ID is coded as depicted in Figure 8.29-1. It is defined in 3GPP TS 32.251[8].

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 94 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5-8 | Charging ID value | | | | | | | |
| 9-(n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.29-1: Charging ID**

## 8.30 Charging Characteristics

The charging characteristics information element is defined in 3GPP TS 32.251 [8] and is a way of informing both the SGW and PGW of the rules for producing charging information based on operator configured triggers. For the encoding of this information element see 3GPP TS 32.298 [9].

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 95 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to 6 | Charging Characteristics value | | | | | | | |
| 7 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.30-1: Charging Characteristics**

## 8.31 Trace Information

Trace Information is coded as depicted in Figure 8.31-1. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18] for details on trace related information.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 96(decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| 6 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| 7 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| 8 to10 | Trace ID | | | | | | | |
| 11 to 19 | Triggering Events | | | | | | | |
| 20 to 21 | List of NE Types | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Session Trace Depth | | | | | | | |
| 23 to 34 | List of Interfaces | | | | | | | |
| 35 to (n+4) | IP Address of Trace Collection Entity | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.31-1: Trace Information**

Octets 5 to 10 represent the Trace Reference parameter as defined in 3GPP TS 32.422 [18], clause 5.6.

Triggering Events, List of NE Types, Session Trace Depth are specified in 3GPP TS 32.422 [18].

List of Interfaces shall be encoded as the first 12 octets in the subclause 5.5 of 3GPP TS 32.422 [18].

See 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.1.4, Mobile Identity, for the coding of MCC and MNC, whose values are obtained from the serving PLMN that the EM/NM is managing. If MNC is 2 digits long, bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

## 8.32 Bearer Flags

Bearer Flags is coded as depicted in Figure 8.32-1.

| | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 97 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | ASI | Vind | VB | PPC |
| 6-(n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.32-1: Bearer Flags**

The following bits within Octet 5 indicate:

- Bit 1 – PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression): This flag is used to determine whether an SGSN should attempt to compress the payload of user data when the users asks for it to be compressed (PPC = 0), or not (PPC = 1).

- Bit 2 – VB (Voice Bearer): This flag is used to indicate a voice bearer when doing PS-to-CS (v)SRVCC handover.

- Bit 3 – Vind (vSRVCC indicator): This flag is used to indicate that this bearer is an IMS video bearer and is candidate for PS-to-CS vSRVCC handover.

- Bit 4 - ASI (Activity Status Indicator): When set to 1, this flag indicates that the bearer context is preserved in the CN without corresponding Radio Access Bearer established. The target S4-SGSN shall keep the bearer context associated with this indicator preserved. When the target S4-SGSN sends Relocation Request message towards the target RNC, the target S4-SGSN may not request to setup the RABs for those bearer contexts associated with this indicator.

# 8.33    Void

# 8.34    PDN Type

The PDN Type is coded as depicted in Figure 8.34-1.

| | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 99 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | PDN Type | | |
| 6 to n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.34-1: PDN Type**

**Table 8.34-1: PDN Type**

```
PDN type value (octet 5)
Bits
3  2  1
0  0  1      IPv4
0  1  0      IPv6
0  1  1      IPv4v6

All other values are reserved.

Bits 8-4 of octet 5 are spare and shall be coded as zero.
```

# 8.35    Procedure Transaction ID (PTI)

Procedure Transaction Id is coded as depicted in Figure 8.35-1. It is defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], clause 9.4 and is coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.007 [30], clause 11.2.3.1a Procedure transaction identity.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 100 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Procedure Transaction ID | | | | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
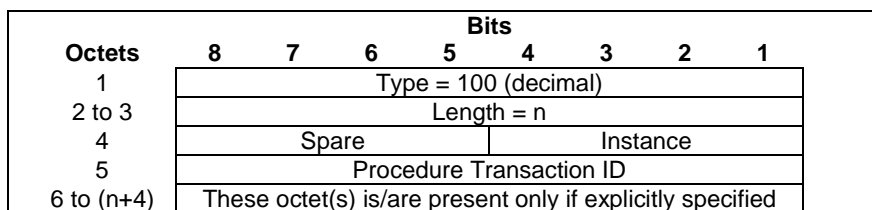
**Figure 8.35-1: Procedure Transaction ID**

# 8.36 Void

# 8.37 Void

# 8.38 MM Context

The MM Context information element contains the Mobility Management, UE security parameters that are necessary to transfer over S3/S16/S10 interface.

All Spare bits are set to zeros by the sender and ignored by the receiver. Spare bits in MM Context IE shall be set to 1's before sending MM Context IE to pre-R8 SGSN.

Security Mode indicates the type of security keys (GSM/UMTS/EPS) and Authentication Vectors (quadruplets /quintuplets/triplets) that are passed to the new MME/SGSN.

The DRX parameter coding is specified in clause 10.5.5.6 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. If DRXI (DRX Indicator), bit 4 of octet 5, is set to "1", then the DRX parameter field is present, otherwise its octets are not present.

Uplink/downlink Subscribed UE AMBR (Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate) is coded as Unsigned32 integer values in kbps (1000 bps) for all non-GBR bearers according to the subscription of the user. If SAMBRI (Subscribed UE AMBR Indicator), bit 1 of octet 6, is set to "1", then the Uplink/downlink Subscribed UE AMBR parameter field is present, otherwise these parameters are not present. If no Subscribed UE AMBR is received from the HSS, the SAMBRI shall be set to "0".Uplink/downlink Used UE AMBR (Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate) is coded as Unsigned32 integer values in kbps (1000 bps) for all non-GBR bearers currently being used by the UE. If UAMBRI (Used UE AMBR Indicator), bit 2 of octet 6, is set to "1", then the Uplink/downlink Used UE AMBR parameter field is present, otherwise these parameters are not present.

The encoding of Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) field shall be same as specified in clause 8.10 of this specification. If Length of Mobile Equipment Identity is zero, then the Mobile Equipment Identity parameter shall not be present. If the UE is emergency attached and the UE is UICCless or the IMSI is unauthenticated, Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) shall be used as the UE identity.

The UE Network Capability coding is specified in clause 9.9.3.34 of 3GPP TS 24.301 [23]. If Length of UE Network Capability is zero, then the UE Network Capability parameter shall not be present.

The MS Network Capability coding is specified in clause 10.5.5.12 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. If Length of MS Network Caapability is zero, then the MS Network Capability parameter shall not be present.

The Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting coding is specified in clause 10.5.5.28 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. If Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting is zero, then the Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting parameter shall not be present.

Used Cipher indicates the GSM ciphering algorithm that is in use.

Used NAS Cipher indicates the EPS ciphering algorithm that is in use.

The Access restriction data is composed of UNA(UTRAN Not Allowed), GENA(GERAN Not Allowed), GANA(GAN Not Allowed), INA(I-HSPA-Evolution Not Allowed), ENA(E-UTRAN Not Allowed) and HNNA(HO-To-Non-3GPP-Access Not Allowed).

If the SGSN support the Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag, the Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag shall be included in the MM Context if:

- the source S4-SGSN has received "Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag" in the RANAP Initial UE Message or in RANAP Relocation Complete as defined in TS 25.413 [33] from the RNC, or

- the source S4-SGSN has stored the "Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag" (received from an SGSN via the Identification Response, Context Response or Forward Relocation Request during earlier procedures).

The S4-SGSN shall set the "Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag" to "1" if "Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag" is "allowed" and to "0" if it is "not allowed". The Length of Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag shall be set to zero if the S4-SGSN has not received the "Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag".

As depicted in Figure 8.38-1, the GSM Key, Used Cipher and Authentication Triplets that are unused in the old SGSN shall be transmitted to the new SGSN for the GSM subscribers.

The Authentication Triplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-7.

| Octets | Bits 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Type = 103 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Security Mode | | | Spare | DRXI | CKSN | | |
| 6 | Number of Triplet | | | Spare | | | UAMBRI | SAMBRI |
| 7 | Spare | | | | | Used Cipher | | |
| 8 to 15 | Kc | | | | | | | |
| 16 to h | Authentication Triplet [0..4] | | | | | | | |
| (h+1) to (h+2) | DRX parameter | | | | | | | |
| j to (j+3) | Uplink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| (j+4) to (j+7) | Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| i to (i+3) | Uplink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| (i+4) to (i+7) | Downlink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| q | Length of UE Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| (q+1) to k | UE Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| k+1 | Length of MS Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| (k+2) to m | MS Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| m+1 | Length of Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | |
| (m+2) to r | Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | |
| r+1 | Spare | | HNNA | ENA | INA | GANA | GENA | UNA |
| r+2 | Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | |
| (r+3) to s | Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | |
| (s+1) to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.38-1: GSM Key and Triplets**

As depicted in Figure 8.38-2, the UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Authentication Quintuplets that are unused in the old SGSN shall be transmitted to the new SGSN when the UMTS subscriber is attached to a GSM BSS in the old system, in case the user has a ME capable of UMTS AKA.

The Authentication Quintuplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-8.

| | | | | | Bits | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 104 (decimal) | | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | | |
| 5 | Security Mode | | Spare | DRXI | CKSN/KSI | | | | |
| 6 | Number of Quintuplets | | Spare | | | | UAMB RI | SAMB RI | |
| 7 | Spare | | | | | Used Cipher | | | |
| 8 to 23 | CK | | | | | | | | |
| 24 to 39 | IK | | | | | | | | |
| 40 to h | Authentication Quintuplet [0..4] | | | | | | | | |
| (h+1) to (h+2) | DRX parameter | | | | | | | | |
| j to (j+3) | Uplink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | | |
| (j+4) to (j+7) | Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | | |
| i to (i+3) | Uplink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | | |
| (j+12) to (i+4) | Downlink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | | |
| q | Length of UE Network Capability | | | | | | | | |
| (q+1) to k | UE Network Capability | | | | | | | | |
| k+1 | Length of MS Network Capability | | | | | | | | |
| (k+2) to m | MS Network Capability | | | | | | | | |
| m+1 | Length of Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | | |
| (m+2) to r | Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | | |
| r+1 | Spare | | HNNA | ENA | INA | GANA | GENA | UNA | |
| r+2 | Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | | |
| (r+3) to s | Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | | |
| s+1 | Length of Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag | | | | | | | | |
| s+2 | Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag | | | | | | | | |
| (s+3) to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.38-2: UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets**

As depicted in Figure 8.38-3, the GSM Key, Used Cipher and Authentication Quintuplets that are unused in the old SGSN shall be transmitted to the new SGSN when the UMTS subscriber is attached to a GSM BSS in the old system, in case the user has a ME no capable of UMTS AKA.

The Authentication Quintuplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-8.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 105 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Security Mode | | Spare | DRXI | CKSN/KSI | | | |
| 6 | Number of Quintuplets | | Spare | | | | UAMBRI | SAMBRI |
| 7 | Spare | | | | | Used Cipher | | |
| 8 to 15 | Kc | | | | | | | |
| 16 to h | Authentication Quintuplets [0..4] | | | | | | | |
| (h+1) to (h+2) | DRX parameter | | | | | | | |
| j to (j+3) | Uplink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| (j+4) to (j+7) | Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| i to (i+3) | Uplink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| (i+4) to (i+7) | Downlink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| q | Length of UE Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| (q+1) to k | UE Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| k+1 | Length of MS Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| (k+2) to m | MS Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| m+1 | Length of Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | |
| (m+2) to r | Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | |
| r+1 | Spare | | HNNA | ENA | INA | GANA | GENA | UNA |
| r+2 | Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | |
| (r+3) to s | Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | |
| s+1 | Length of Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag | | | | | | | |
| s+2 | Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag | | | | | | | |
| (s+3) to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.38-3: GSM Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets**

As depicted in Figure 8.38-4, the UMTS Key, KSI and unused Authentication Quintuplets in the old SGSN may be transmitted to the new SGSN/MME when the UMTS subscriber is attached to UTRAN/GERAN in the old system, but it is not allowed to send quintuplets to an MME in a different serving network domain (see 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.1.6). The MME may forward the UMTS Key, KSI and unused Authentication Quintuplets which were previously stored back to the same SGSN, for further details, refer to 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

The Authentication Quintuplet coding is specified in Figure 8.38-8.

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 106 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Security Mode | | Spare | DRXI | KSI | | | |
| 6 | Number of Quintuplets | | Spare | | | | UAMB RI | SAMB RI |
| 7 | Spare | | | | | | | |
| 8 to 23 | CK | | | | | | | |
| 24 to 39 | IK | | | | | | | |
| 40 to h | Authentication Quintuplet [0..4] | | | | | | | |
| (h+1) to (h+2) | DRX parameter | | | | | | | |
| j to (j+3) | Uplink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| (j+4) to (j+7) | Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| i to (i+3) | Uplink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| (i+4) to (i+7) | Downlink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| q | Length of UE Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| (q+1) to k | UE Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| k+1 | Length of MS Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| (k+2) to m | MS Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| m+1 | Length of Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | |
| (m+2) to r | Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | |
| r+1 | Spare | | HNNA | ENA | INA | GANA | GENA | UNA |
| r+2 | Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | |
| (r+3) to s | Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | |
| s+1 | Length of Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag | | | | | | | |
| s+2 | Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag | | | | | | | |
| (s+3) to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.38-4: UMTS Key and Quintuplets**

As depicted in Figure 8.38-5, the current EPS Security Context, a non-current EPS Security Context (if available), and unused Authentication Quadruplets in the old MME may be transmitted to the new MME. If the new MME is not in the same serving network domain then only the current EPS Security Context may be transmitted. Authentication Quintuplets shall not be transmitted to the new MME even if the old MME has the Authentication Quintuplets for this UE. The value in Number of Quintuplets field shall be set to '0'. The reasons for not sending Quintuplets are specified in3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.1.6.

The Authentication Quintuplet and Authentication Quadruplet codings are specified in Figure 8.38-8 and Figure 8.38-9 respectively.

The value of the NAS Downlink Count shall be set to the value that shall be used to send the next NAS message.

The value of the NAS Uplink Count shall be set to the largest NAS Uplink Count that was in a successfully integrity verified NAS message.

In Figure 8.38-5, the fields for the Old EPS Security Context (i.e. octets from s to s+64) may be present only in S10 Forward Relocation Request message according to the Rules on Concurrent Running of Security Procedures, which are specified in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12]. The octets for Old EPS Security Context shall be present if the OSCI (Old Security Context Indicator), bit 1 of octet 6) is set to "1"; otherwise they shall not be present.

If NHI_old (Next Hop Indicator for old EPS Security Context), bit 1 of octet s, is set to "1", then the parameters old NH (Next Hop) and old NCC (Next Hop Chaining Count) shall be present; otherwise the octets for old NH parameter shall not be present and the value of old NCC parameter shall be ignored by the receiver.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 107 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Security Mode | | | NHI | DRXI | KSI$_{ASME}$ | | |
| 6 | Number of Quintuplets | | | | Number of Quadruplet | | UAMB RI | OSCI |
| 7 | SAMB RI | Used NAS integrity protection algorithm | | | Used NAS Cipher | | | |
| 8 to 10 | NAS Downlink Count | | | | | | | |
| 11 to 13 | NAS Uplink Count | | | | | | | |
| 14 to 45 | K$_{ASME}$ | | | | | | | |
| 46 to g | Authentication Quadruplet [0..4] | | | | | | | |
| (g+1) to h | Authentication Quintuplet [0..4] | | | | | | | |
| (h+1) to (h+2) | DRX parameter | | | | | | | |
| p to (p+31) | NH | | | | | | | |
| p+32 | Spare | | | | | NCC | | |
| j to (j+3) | Uplink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| (j+4) to (j+7) | Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| i to (i+3) | Uplink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| (i+4) to (i+7) | Downlink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| q | Length of UE Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| (q+1) to k | UE Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| k+1 | Length of MS Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| (k+2) to m | MS Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| m+1 | Length of Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | |
| (m+2) to r | Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | |
| r+1 | Spare | | HNNA | ENA | INA | GANA | GENA | UNA |
| s | NHI_o ld | Spare | old KSI$_{ASME}$ | | | old NCC | | |
| (s+1) to (s+32) | old K$_{ASME}$ | | | | | | | |
| (s+33) to (s+64) | old NH | | | | | | | |
| s+65 | Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | |
| (s+66) to t | Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | |
| t to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.38-5: EPS Security Context and Quadruplets**

If NHI (Next Hop Indicator), bit 5 of octet 5, is set to "1", then the optional parameters NH (Next Hop) and NCC (Next Hop Chaining Count) are both present, otherwise their octets are not present.

As depicted in Figure 8.38-6, the old MME will derive CK' and IK' from K$_{ASME}$ and transmit the CK' and IK' to the new SGSN. Authentication Quintuplets, if available, shall be transmitted to the SGSN if, and only if the MME received them from this SGSN earlier, according to 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.1.5.

The value in Number of Quadruplets field shall be set to '0', if Authentication Quadruplets are not present. A key K$_{ASME}$ shall never be transmitted to an SGSN according to 3GPP TS 33.401 [12] clause 6.4.

The Authentication Quintuplet and Authentication Quadruplet codings are specified in Figure 8.38-8 and Figure 8.38-9 respectively.

The old SGSN/MME may deliver both Authentication Quadruplets and Authentication Quintuplets it holds to the peer combo node to optimize the procedure.

| | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 108 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Security Mode | | | Spare | DRXI | KSI$_{ASME}$ | | |
| 6 | Number of Quintuplets | | | | Number of Quadruplet | | UAMB RI | SAMB RI |
| 7 | Spare | | | | | | | |
| 8 to 23 | CK | | | | | | | |
| 24 to 39 | IK | | | | | | | |
| 40 to g | Authentication Quadruplet [0..4] | | | | | | | |
| (g+1) to h | Authentication Quintuplet [0..4] | | | | | | | |
| (h+1) to (h+2) | DRX parameter | | | | | | | |
| j to (j+3) | Uplink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| (j+4) to (j+7) | Downlink Subscribed UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| i to (i+3) | Uplink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| (i+4) to (i+7) | Downlink Used UE AMBR | | | | | | | |
| q | Length of UE Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| (q+1) to k | UE Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| k+1 | Length of MS Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| (k+2) to m | MS Network Capability | | | | | | | |
| m+1 | Length of Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | |
| (m+2) to r | Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI) | | | | | | | |
| r+1 | Spare | HNNA | ENA | | INA | GANA | GENA | UNA |
| r+2 | Length of Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | |
| (r+3) to s | Voice Domain Preference and UE's Usage Setting | | | | | | | |
| (s+1) to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.38-6: UMTS Key, Quadruplets and Quintuplets**

| | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 to 16 | RAND | | | | | | | |
| 17 to 20 | SRES | | | | | | | |
| 21 to 28 | Kc | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.38-7: Authentication Triplet**

| | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 to 16 | RAND | | | | | | | |
| 17 | XRES Length | | | | | | | |
| 18 to m | XRES | | | | | | | |
| (m+1) to (m+16) | CK | | | | | | | |
| (m+17) to (m+32) | IK | | | | | | | |
| m+33 | AUTN Length | | | | | | | |
| (m+34) to n | AUTN | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.38-8: Authentication Quintuplet**

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 to 16 | RAND | | | | | | | |
| 17 | XRES Length | | | | | | | |
| 18 to k | XRES | | | | | | | |
| k+1 | AUTN Length | | | | | | | |
| (k+2) to m | AUTN | | | | | | | |
| (m+1) to (m+32) | $K_{ASME}$ | | | | | | | |
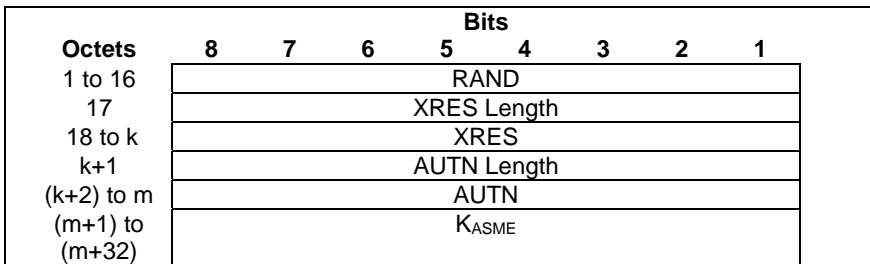
**Figure 8.38-9: Authentication Quadruplet**

**Table 8.38-1: Security Mode Values**

| Security Type | Value (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| GSM Key and Triplets | 0 |
| UMTS Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets | 1 |
| GSM Key, Used Cipher and Quintuplets | 2 |
| UMTS Key and Quintuplets | 3 |
| EPS Security Context and Quadruplets | 4 |
| UMTS Key, Quadruplets and Quintuplets | 5 |
| <spare> | 6-7 |

**Table 8.38-2: Used NAS Cipher Values**

| Cipher Algorithm | Value (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| No ciphering | 0 |
| 128-EEA1 | 1 |
| 128-EEA2 | 2 |
| 128-EEA3 | 3 |
| EEA4 | 4 |
| EEA5 | 5 |
| EEA6 | 6 |
| EEA7 | 7 |
| <spare> | 8-15 |

**Table 8.38-3: Used Cipher Values**

| Cipher Algorithm | Value (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| No ciphering | 0 |
| GEA/1 | 1 |
| GEA/2 | 2 |
| GEA/3 | 3 |
| GEA/4 | 4 |
| GEA/5 | 5 |
| GEA/6 | 6 |
| GEA/7 | 7 |

**Table 8.38-4: Used NAS integrity protection algorithm Values**

| Integrity protection Algorithm | Value (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| No integrity protection | 0 |
| 128-EIA1 | 1 |
| 128-EIA2 | 2 |
| 128-EIA3 | 3 |
| EIA4 | 4 |
| EIA5 | 5 |
| EIA6 | 6 |
| EIA7 | 7 |

## 8.39 PDN Connection

The PDN connection is a grouped IE containing a number of other IEs and shall be coded as depicted in Table 8.39-1.

The PDN Connection IE may be repeated within a message when more than one PDN Connection is required to be sent. If so, the repeated IEs shall have exactly the same Instance values to represent a list of grouped IEs.

**Table 8.39-1: PDN Connection Grouped Type**

| Octet 1 | PDN Connection IE Type = 109 (decimal) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets 2 and 3 | Length = n | | | |
| Octet 4 | Spare and Instance fields | | | |
| **Information elements** | **P** | **Condition / Comment** | **IE Type** | **Ins.** |
| | | | | |
| NOTE: This table uses a 5-column format in order to match the format used in subclauses of clause 7, where the usage of this IE is further detailed for each specific GTP message including it. | | | | |

## 8.40 PDU Numbers

The PDU Numbers information element contains the sequence number status corresponding to a Bearer context in the old SGSN. This information element shall be sent only when acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer context or when the "delivery order" QoS attribute is set in the Bearer context QoS profile.

NSAPI identifies the Bearer context for which the PDU Number IE is intended.

DL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next downlink GTP-U T-PDU to be sent to the UE when "delivery order" is set.

UL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next uplink GTP-U T-PDU to be tunnelled to the S-GW when "delivery order" is set.

The Send N-PDU Number is used only when acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer context. Send N-PDU Number is the N-PDU number to be assigned by SNDCP to the next down link N-PDU received from the S-GW.

The Receive N-PDU Number is used only when acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation is used for the Bearer context. The Receive N-PDU Number is the N-PDU number expected by SNDCP from the next up link N-PDU to be received from the UE.

The PDU Number IE will be repeated for each Bearer Context for which this IE is required.

PDU Numbers IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.40-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 110 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare(0 0 0) | | | | NSAPI | | | |
| 6-7 | DL GTP-U Sequence Number | | | | | | | |
| 8-9 | UL GTP-U Sequence Number | | | | | | | |
| 10-11 | Send N-PDU Number | | | | | | | |
| 12-13 | Receive N-PDU Number | | | | | | | |
| 14 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.40-1: PDU Numbers**

## 8.41 Packet TMSI (P-TMSI)

The P-TMSI, unambiguously associated with a given UE and routeing area, is given by:

| | | | | **Bits** | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 111 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | Packet TMSI (P-TMSI) | | | | | | | |
| | The P-TMSI is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2]. | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.41-1: Packet TMSI (P-TMSI)**

# 8.42 P-TMSI Signature

The content and the coding of the P-TMSI Signature information element are defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

| | | | | **Bits** | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 112 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | P-TMSI Signature | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.42-1: P-TMSI Signature**

# 8.43 Hop Counter

Where Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Node is applied, the Hop Counter may be used to prevent endless loops when relaying Identification Request messages and Context Request messages. The maximum value is operator specific and shall not be lower than 1.

| | | | | **Bits** | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 113 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Hop Counter | | | | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.43-1: Hop Counter**

# 8.44 UE Time Zone

UE Time Zone is used to indicate the offset between universal time and local time in steps of 15 minutes of where the UE currently resides. The "Time Zone" field uses the same format as the "Time Zone" IE in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

UE Time Zone is coded as this is depicted in Figure 8.44-1. The value of the Time Zone field represents the time zone adjusted for daylight saving time. The value of the Daylight Saving Time field specifies the adjustment that has been made.

The spare bits indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

| | | | | **Bits** | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 114 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Time Zone | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Spare | | | | | | Daylight Saving Time | |
| 7 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.44-1: UE Time Zone**

**Table 8.44-2 Possible values for the "Daylight Saving Time" field and their meanings.**

| Daylight Saving Time | Value (binary) | |
|---|---|---|
| | Bit 2 | Bit 1 |
| No adjustment for Daylight Saving Time | 0 | 0 |
| +1 hour adjustment for Daylight Saving Time | 0 | 1 |
| +2 hours adjustment for Daylight Saving Time | 1 | 0 |
| Spare | 1 | 1 |

# 8.45    Trace Reference

Trace Reference shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.45-1. See 3GPP TS 32.422 [18], clause 5.6, for the definition of Trace Reference.

See 3GPP TS 24.008 [5], clause 10.5.1.4, Mobile Identity, for the coding of MCC and MNC, whose values are obtained from the serving PLMN that the EM/NM is managing. If MNC is 2 digits long, bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 115 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = 6 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| 6 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| 7 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| 8 to10 | Trace ID | | | | | | | |
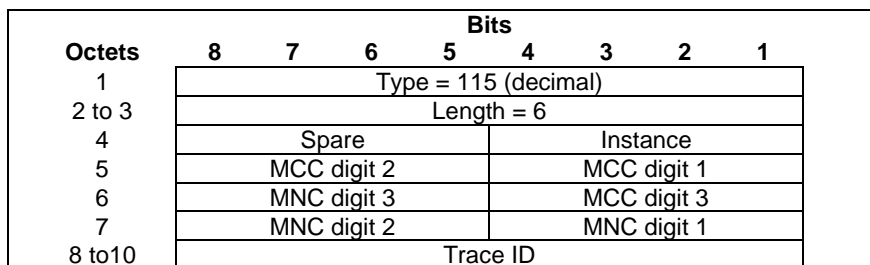
**Figure 8.45-1: Trace Reference**

# 8.46    Complete Request Message

The Complete Request Message is coded as depicted in Figure 8.46-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 116 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Complete Request Message Type | | | | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | Complete Request Message | | | | | | | |
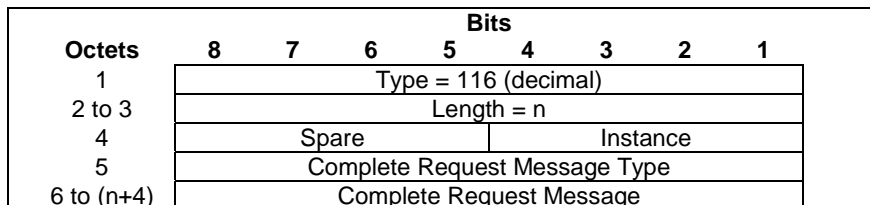
**Figure 8.46-1: Complete Request Message**

Complete Request Message type values are specified in Table 8.46-1.

**Table 8.46-1: Complete Request Message type values and their meanings**

| Location Types | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| Complete Attach Request Message | 0 |
| Complete TAU Request Message | 1 |
| <spare> | 2-255 |

# 8.47    GUTI

The GUTI is coded as depicted in Figure 8.47-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 117 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| 6 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| 7 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| 8 to 9 | MME Group ID | | | | | | | |
| 10 | MME Code | | | | | | | |
| 11 to (n+4) | M-TMSI | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.47-1: GUTI**

If an Administration decides to include only two digits in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

# 8.48     Fully Qualified Container (F-Container)

Fully Qualified Container (F-TEID) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.48-1.

All Spare bits are set to zeros by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 118 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | Container Type | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | F-Container field | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.48-1: Full Qualified Container (F-Container)**

The F-Container field shall contain one of the following information, depending of the contents of the container transported by the specific GTP Information Element:

-   *transparent copy* of the corresponding IEs (see subclause 8.2.2):

    -   the "Source to Target Transparent Container" or the "Target to Source Transparent Container" as specified in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]; or

    -   the "SON Configuration Transfer" as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]; or

    -   the "eNB Status Transfer Transparent Container" as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]; or

    -   "Source BSS to Target BSS Transparent Container" or "Target BSS to Source BSS Transparent Container" as specified in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34] or 3GPP TS 25.413 [33].

-   *transparent copy* of the octets of the encoded OCTET STRING of the "Source to Target Transparent Container" or the "Target to Source Transparent Container" specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]; or

-   *transparent copy* of the BSSGP RIM PDU as specified in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34]; or

-   the Packet Flow ID, Radio Priority, SAPI, PS Handover XID parameters as specified in figure 8.42-2.

-   NOTE 1:   Annex B.2 provides further details on the encoding of Generic Transparent Containers over RANAP, S1-AP and GTP. See also Annex C of 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] for further details on how the MME constructs the F-Container field from the Source to Target Transparent Container or Target to Source Transparent Container IEs received from S1-AP.

-   NOTE 2:   For any other new future F-Container content types, new Container Type values may be needed, although use of RAT agnostic containers should be used whenever possible.

The BSS Container IE in the Bearer Context IE in Forward Relocation Request and Context Response messages is coded as depicted in Figure 8.48-2.

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 6 | Spare | | | | PHX | SAPI | RP | PFI |
| a | Packet Flow ID | | | | | | | |
| b | SAPI | | | Spare | Radio Priority | | | |
| c | XiD parameters length | | | | | | | |
| d to n | XiD parameters | | | | | | | |
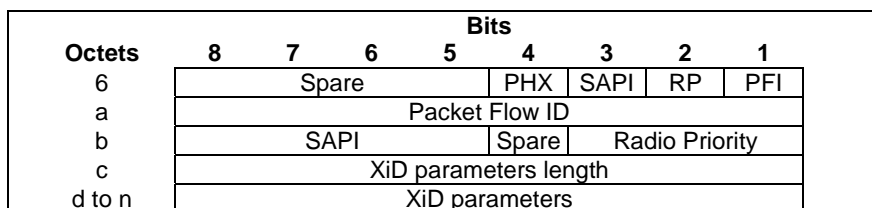
**Figure 8.48-2: BSS Container**

The flags PFI, RP, SAPI and PHX in octet 6 indicate the corresponding type of parameter (Packet FlowID, Radio Priority, SAPI and PS handover XID parameters) shall be present in a respective field or not. If one of these flags is set to "0", the corresponding field shall not be present at all. The Spare bit shall be set to zero by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

If PFI flag is set, Packet Flow ID shall be present in Octet a.

If RP flag is set, Radio Priority shall be present in Octet b.

If SAPI flag is set, SAPI shall be present in Octet b.

If PHX flag is set:

- XiD parameters length is present in Octet c.

- XiD parameters are present in Octet d to n.

# 8.49 Fully Qualified Cause (F-Cause)

Fully Qualified Cause (F- Cause) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.49-1.

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 119 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | Cause Type | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | F-Cause field | | | | | | | |
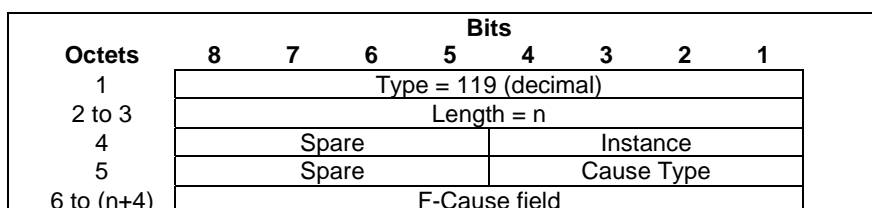
**Figure 8.49-1: Full Qualified Cause (F-Cause)**

The value of Instance field of the F-Cause IE in a GTPv2 message shall indicate whether the F-Cause field contains RANAP Cause, BSSGP Cause or S1-AP Cause.

All spare bits shall be set to zeros by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

F-Cause field is coded as follows:

- For RANAP Cause, the F-Cause field shall contain a non-transparent copy of the cause value of the corresponding IE (see subclause 8.2.2), "Cause", as defined in clause 9.2.1.4 in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]. Cause Type field shall be ignored by the receiver. The value of F-Cause field (which has a range of 1..512) is transferred over the Iu interface and encoded into two octet as binary integer.

- For BSSGP Cause, the F-Cause field shall contain a non-transparent copy of the cause value of the corresponding IE (see subclause 8.2.2), "Cause", as defined in clause 11.3.8 in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34]. Cause Type field shall be ignored by the receiver. The value of F-Cause field (which has a range of 0..255) is transferred over the Gb interface and encoded into one octet as binary integer.

- For S1-AP Cause, the F-Cause field shall contain a non-transparent copy of the cause value of the corresponding IE (see subclause 8.2.2), "Cause", as defined in clause 9.2.1.3 in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. Cause Type field shall contain the RAN Cause subcategory as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] and it shall be encoded as in Table 8.49-1. The value of F-Cause field (and the associated RAN cause subcategory) is transferred over the S1-AP interface and encoded into one octet as binary integer.

**Table 8.49-1: Cause Type values and their meanings**

| Cause Type | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| Radio Network Layer | 0 |
| Transport Layer | 1 |
| NAS | 2 |
| Protocol | 3 |
| Miscellaneous | 4 |
| <spare> | 5 to15 |

# 8.50    PLMN ID

Octets 5-7 shall contain a non-transparent copy of the " PLMN Identity" parameter in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 120 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | PLMN ID | | | | | | | |
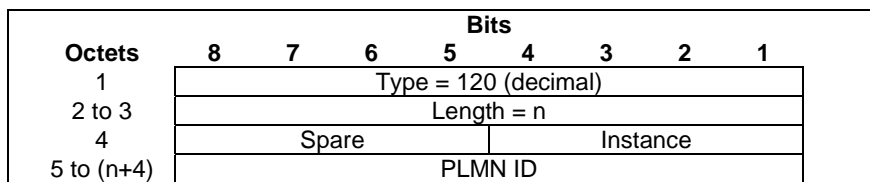
**Figure 8.50-1: PLMN ID**

The encoding of the PLMN ID field is shown in Figures 8.50-2 and 8.50-3.

If three digits are included in the MNC, octets 5 to 7 shall be encoded as shown in Figure 8.50-2.

| | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 5 | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| 6 | MNC digit 1 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| 7 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MNC digit 2 | | | |
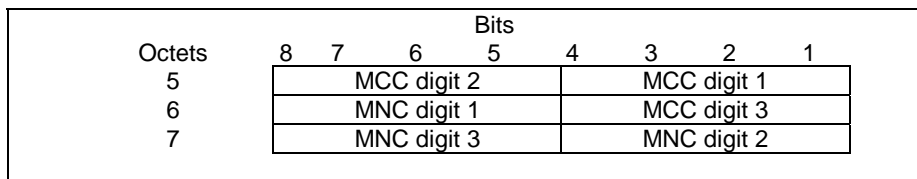
**Figure 8.50-2: PLMN ID Parameter with 3-digit MNC**

If only two digits are included in the MNC, octets 5 to 7 shall be encoded as shown in Figure 8.50-3 with bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 (MNC digit 3) coded as "1111".

| | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 5 | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| 6 | 1111 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| 7 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
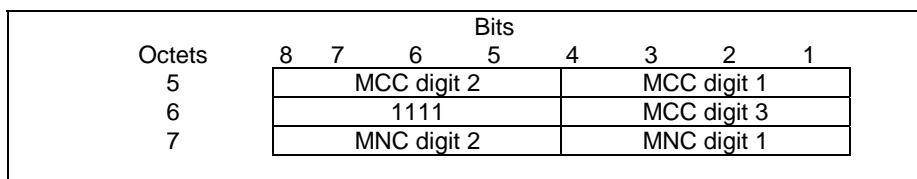
**Figure 8.50-3: PLMN ID Parameter with 2-digit MNC**

NOTE: The encoding is different from elsewhere in this document and is specified according to 3GPP TS 36.413 [10].

# 8.51    Target Identification

The Target Identification information element is coded as depicted in Figure 8.51-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 121 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Target Type | | | | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | Target ID | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.51-1: Target Identification**

Target Type values are specified in Table 8.51-1.

The Target Type is RNC ID for SRNS relocation procedure, handover to UTRAN and RAN Information Relay towards UTRAN or GERAN operating in GERAN Iu mode. In this case the "Target ID" field shall contain a non-transparent copy of the corresponding IEs (see subclause 8.2.2) and be encoded as specified in Figure 8.51-1a below. The "Target RNC-ID" part of the "Target ID" parameter is specified in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33].

   NOTE 1:  The ASN.1 parameter "Target ID" is forwarded non-transparently in order to maintain backward compatibility.

   NOTE 2:  The preamble of the "Target RNC-ID" (numerical value of e.g. 0x20) shall not be included into octets 6 to (n+4). Also, the optional "iE-Extensions" parameter shall not be included into the GTP IE.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 6 | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| 7 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| 8 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| 9 to 10 | LAC | | | | | | | |
| 11 | RAC (see NOTE 3) | | | | | | | |
| 12 to 13 | RNC-ID | | | | | | | |
| a to (a+1) | Extended RNC-ID (optional) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.51-1a: Target ID for Type RNC ID**

If only two digits are included in the MNC, then bits 5 to 8 of octet 7 (MNC digit 3) shall be coded as "1111".

The location area code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of octet 9 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of octet 10 is the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The RNC-ID consists of 2 octets and contains 12 bits long value (see 3GPP TS 25.413 [7]). Bit 4 of octet 12 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of octet 13 is the least significant bit (bits 8 to 5 of octet 12 are set to 0). The coding of the RNC-ID is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Extended RNC-ID consists of 2 octets and contains 16 bits long value within the range 4096 to 65535. Bit 8 of octet a is the most significant bit and bit 1 of octet (a+1) is the least significant bit. The coding of the Extended RNC-ID is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used. If the optional Extended RNC-ID is included, then the receiver shall ignore the RNC-ID.

If the optional Extended RNC-ID is not included, then the length variable 'n' = 8 and the overall length of the IE is 13 octets. Otherwise, 'n' = 10 and the overall length of the IE is 15 octets.

   NOTE 3:  In the "TargetRNC-ID" ASN.1 type definition in 3GPP TS 25.413 [7] the "RAC" parameter is marked as optional. RAC is however always available at an SGSN/MME when it sends the RAC in e.g. a GTPv2 Forward Relocation Request message.

The Target Type is Macro eNodeB ID for handover to E-UTRAN Macro eNodeB and RAN Information Relay towards E-UTRAN. In this case the coding of the Target ID field shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.51-2.

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 6 | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| 7 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| 8 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| 9 | Spare | | | | Macro eNodeB ID | | | |
| 10 to 11 | Macro eNodeB ID | | | | | | | |
| 12 to 13 | Tracking Area Code (TAC) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.51-2: Target ID for Type Macro eNodeB**

The Macro eNodeB ID consists of 20 bits. Bit 4 of Octet 9 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 11 is the least significant bit. The coding of the Macro eNodeB ID is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Target Type is Home eNodeB ID for handover to E-UTRAN Home eNodeB. In this case the coding of the Target ID field shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.51-3.

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 6 | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | |
| 7 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | |
| 8 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | |
| 9 | Spare | | | | Home eNodeB ID | | | |
| 10 to 12 | Home eNodeB ID | | | | | | | |
| 13 to 14 | Tracking Area Code (TAC) | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.51-3: Target ID for Type Home eNodeB**

The Home eNodeB ID consists of 28 bits. See 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. Bit 4 of Octet 9 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 12 is the least significant bit. The coding of the Home eNodeB ID is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Target Type is Cell Identifier for handover to GERAN and RAN Information Relay towards GERAN. In this case the coding of the Target ID field shall be same as the Octets 3 to 10 of the Cell Identifier IEI in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34].

**Table 8.51-1: Target Type values and their meanings**

| Target Types | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| RNC ID | 0 |
| Macro eNodeB ID | 1 |
| Cell Identifier | 2 |
| Home eNodeB ID | 3 |
| <spare> | 4 to 255 |

# 8.52 Void

# 8.53 Packet Flow ID

The Packet Flow Id information element contains the packet flow identifier assigned to an EPS Bearer context as identified by EPS Bearer ID.

The spare bits 8 to 5 in octet 5 indicate unused bits, which shall be set to 0 by the sending side and which shall not be evaluated by the receiving side.

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 123 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | EBI | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | Packet Flow ID | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.53-1: Packet Flow ID**

# 8.54 RAB Context

The RAB Context shall be coded as is depicted in Figure 8.54-1.

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 124 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = 9 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | NSAPI | | | |
| 6 to 7 | DL GTP-U Sequence Number | | | | | | | |
| 8 to 9 | UL GTP-U Sequence Number | | | | | | | |
| 10 to 11 | DL PDCP Sequence Number | | | | | | | |
| 12 to 13 | UL PDCP Sequence Number | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.54-1: RAB Context**

The RAB Context IE may be repeated within a message with exactly the same Type and Instance to represent a list.

The RAB context information element contains sequence number status for one RAB in RNC, which corresponds to one PDP context. The RAB contexts are transferred between the RNCs via the SGSNs at inter SGSN hard handover.

NSAPI identifies the PDP context and the associated RAB for which the RAB context IE is intended.

DL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next downlink GTP-U T-PDU to be sent to the UE.

UL GTP-U Sequence Number is the number for the next uplink GTP-U T-PDU to be tunnelled to the SGW.

DL PDCP Sequence Number is the number for the next downlink PDCP-PDU to be sent to the UE.

UL PDCP Sequence Number is the number for the next uplink PDCP-PDU to be received from the UE.

# 8.55 Source RNC PDCP context info

The purpose of the Source RNC PDCP context info IE is to transfer RNC PDCP context information from a source RNC to a target RNC during an SRNS relocation.

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 125 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | RRC Container | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.55-1: Source RNC PDCP context info**

# 8.56 Port Number

Port Number is coded as depicted in Figure 8.56-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 126 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = 2 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to 6 | Port Number | | | | | | | |
| 7 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
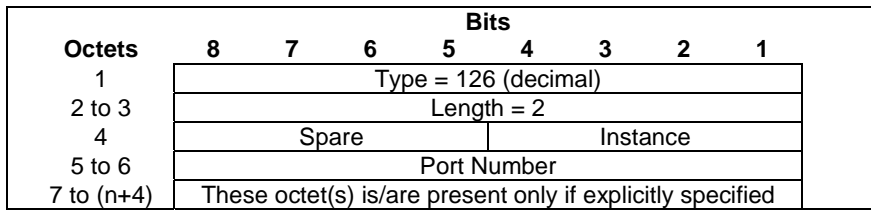
**Figure 8.56-1: UDP Source Port Number**

# 8.57 APN Restriction

The APN Restriction information element contains an unsigned integer value indicating the level of restriction imposed on EPS Bearer Contexts created to the associated APN.

The APN Restriction IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.57-1:

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 127 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Restriction Type value | | | | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
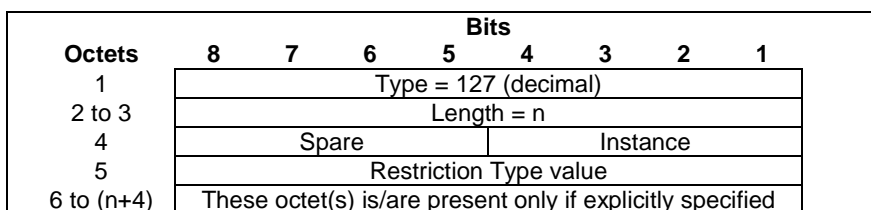
**Figure 8.57-1: APN Restriction Type Information Element**

An APN Restriction value may be configured for each APN in the PGW. It is used to determine, on a per UE basis, whether it is allowed to establish EPS bearers to other APNs.

**Table 8.57-1: Valid Combinations of APN Restriction**

| Maximum APN Restriction Value | Type of APN | Application Example | APN Restriction Value allowed to be established |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | No Existing Contexts or Restriction | | All |
| 1 | Public-1 | MMS | 1, 2, 3 |
| 2 | Public-2 | Internet | 1, 2 |
| 3 | Private-1 | Corporate (e.g. who use MMS) | 1 |
| 4 | Private-2 | Corporate (e.g. who do not use MMS) | None |

# 8.58 Selection Mode

The Selection mode information element indicates the origin of the APN in the message.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 128 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | | | Selec. Mode |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
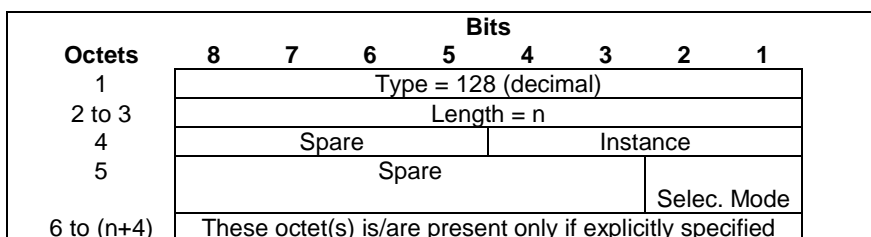
**Figure 8.58-1: Selection Mode Information Element**

**Table 8.58-1: Selection Mode Values**

| Selection mode value | Value (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| MS or network provided APN, subscribed verified | 0 |
| MS provided APN, subscription not verified | 1 |
| Network provided APN, subscription not verified | 2 |
| For future use. Shall not be sent. If received, shall be interpreted as the value "2". | 3 |

# 8.59    Source Identification

The Source Identification information element is coded as depicted in Figure 8.59-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 129 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to 12 | Target Cell ID | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Source Type | | | | | | | |
| 14 to (n+4) | Source ID | | | | | | | |
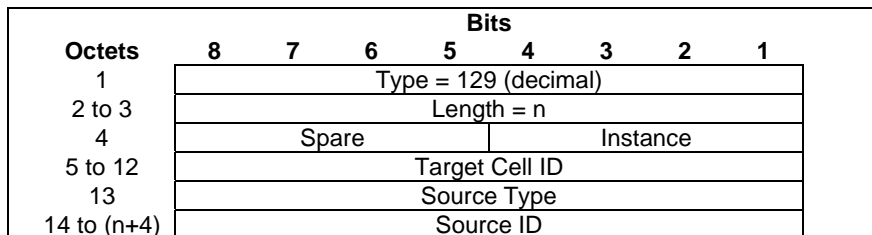
**Figure 8.59-1: Source Identification**

The Target Cell ID shall be same as the Octets 3 to 10 of the Cell Identifier IEI in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34].

Source Type values are specified in Table 8.59-1.

If the Source Type is Cell ID, this indicates PS handover from GERAN A/Gb mode. In this case the coding of the Source ID field shall be same as the Octets 3 to 10 of the Cell Identifier IEI in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34].

If the Source Type is RNC ID, this indicates PS handover from GERAN Iu mode or for inter-RAT handover from UTRAN. In this case the Source ID field shall include a transparent copy of the corresponding parameter (see subclause 8.2.2), the Source RNC-ID as specified within the "Source ID" parameter in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33].

NOTE:    In fact, the ASN.1/PER encoded binary value of the "Source RNC ID" shall be copied into octets 14 to (n+4).

**Table 8.59-1: Source Type values and their meanings**

| Source Types | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| Cell ID | 0 |
| RNC ID | 1 |
| reserved (NOTE) | 2 |
| <spare> | 3-255 |
| NOTE:    This value was allocated in an earlier version of the protocol and shall not be used. | |

# 8.60    Void

# 8.61    Change Reporting Action

Change Reporting Action IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.61-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 131 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | Action | | | | | | | |
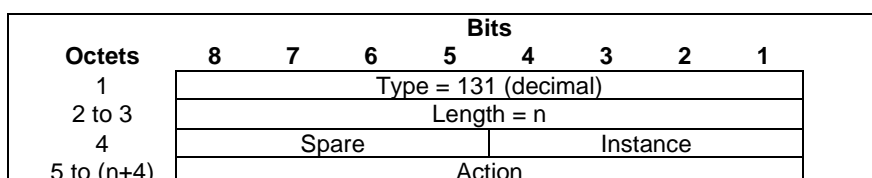
**Figure 8.61-1: Change Reporting Action**

**Table 8.61-1: Action values**

| Action | Value (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| Stop Reporting | 0 |
| Start Reporting CGI/SAI | 1 |
| Start Reporting RAI | 2 |
| Start Reporting TAI | 3 |
| Start Reporting ECGI | 4 |
| Start Reporting CGI/SAI and RAI | 5 |
| Start Reporting TAI and ECGI | 6 |
| <spare> | 7-255 |

Stop Reporting stops all reporting action types.

# 8.62 Fully qualified PDN Connection Set Identifier (FQ-CSID)

A fully qualified PDN Connection Set Identifier (FQ-CSID) identifies a set of PDN connections belonging to an arbitrary number of UEs on a MME, SGW, TWAN, ePDG or PGW. The FQ-CSID is used on S5, S8, S2a, S2b and S11 interfaces.

The size of CSID is two octets. The FQ-CSID is coded as follows:



| | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 132 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Node-ID Type | | | | Number of CSIDs= m | | | |
| 6 to p | Node-ID | | | | | | | |
| (p+1) to (p+2) | First PDN Connection Set Identifier (CSID) | | | | | | | |
| (p+3) to (p+4) | Second PDN Connection Set Identifier (CSID) | | | | | | | |
| ... | ... | | | | | | | |
| q to q+1 | m-th PDN Connection Set Identifier (CSID) | | | | | | | |
| (q+2) to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
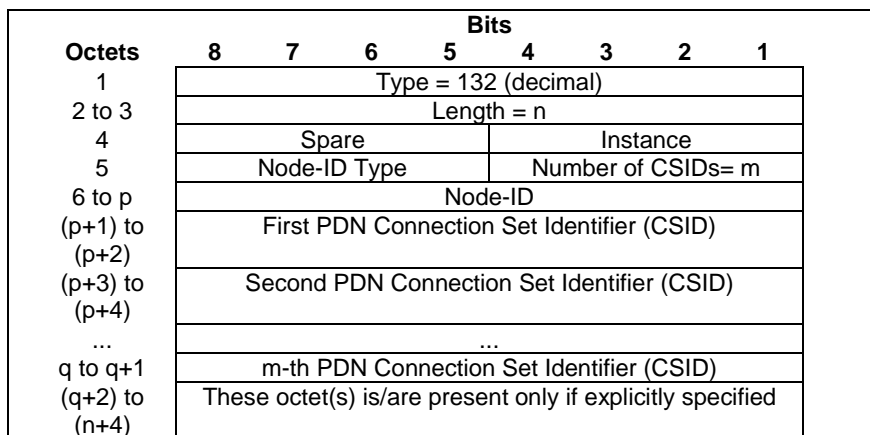
**Figure 8.62-1: FQ-CSID**

Where Node-ID Type values are:

0 indicates that Node-ID is a global unicast IPv4 address and p = 9.

1 indicates that Node-ID is a global unicast IPv6 address and p = 21.

2 indicates that Node-ID is a 4 octets long field with a 32 bit value stored in network order, and p= 9. The coding of the field is specified below:

- Most significant 20 bits are the binary encoded value of (MCC * 1000 + MNC).

- Least significant 12 bits is a 12 bit integer assigned by an operator to an MME, SGW, TWAN, ePDG or PGW. Other values of Node-ID Type are reserved.

Values of Number of CSID other than 1 are only employed in the Delete PDN Connection Set Request.

The node that creates the FQ-CSID, (i.e. MME for MME FQ-CSID, SGW for SGW FQ-CSID, TWAN for TWAN FQ-CSID, ePDG for ePDG FQ-CSID and PGW for PGW FQ-CSID), is responsible for making sure the Node-ID is globally unique and the CSID value is unique within that node.

When a FQ-CSID is stored by a receiving node, it is stored on a PDN basis even for messages impacting only one bearer (i.e. Create Bearer Request). See 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] for further details on the CSID and what specific requirements are placed on the PGW, TWAN, ePDG, SGW and MME.

# 8.63     Channel needed

The Channel needed shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.63-1. Channel needed is coded as the IEI part and the value part of the Channel Needed IE defined in 3GPP TS 44.018[28]

| Octets | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 133 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | Channel Needed | | | | | | | |
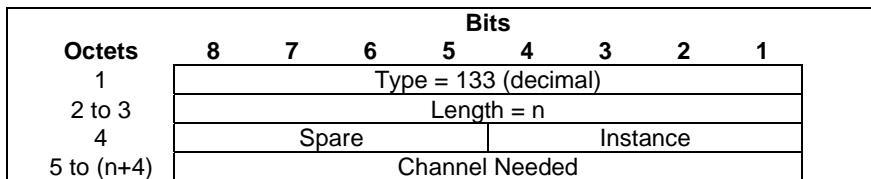
**Figure 8.63-1: Channel needed**

# 8.64     eMLPP Priority

The eMLPP-Priority shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.64-1. The eMLPP Priority is coded as the value part of the eMLPP-Priority IE defined in 3GPP TS 48.008 [29] (not including 3GPP TS 48.008 IEI and 3GPP TS 48.008 [29] length indicator).

| Octets | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 134 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | eMLPP-Priority | | | | | | | |
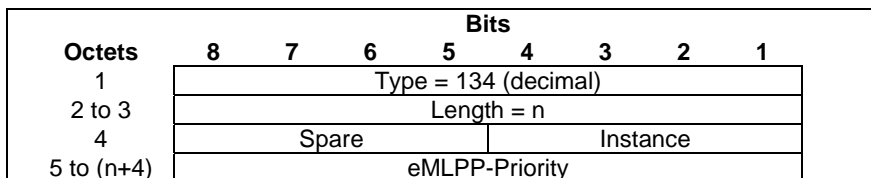
**Figure 8.64-1: eMLPP Priority**

# 8.65     Node Type

Node Type is coded as this is depicted in Figure 8.65-1.

| Octets | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 135 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2-3 | Length = n (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Node Type | | | | | | | |
| 6-(n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
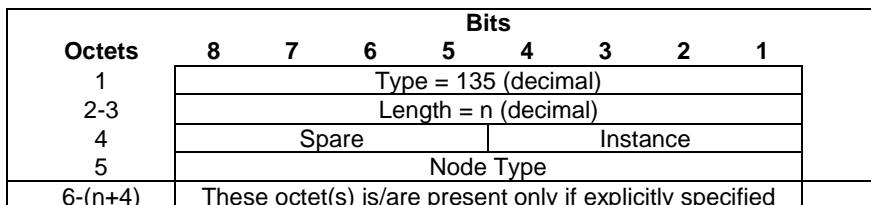
**Figure 8.65-1: Node Type**

Node type values are specified in Table 8.65-1.

**Table 8. 65-1: Node Type values**

| Node Types | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| MME | 0 |
| SGSN | 1 |
| <spare> | 2-255 |

If with a Release Access Bearers Request, or Suspend Notification, or Resume an SGW receives a semantically erroneus/unexpected Originating Node, then the following applies:

- If SGW has an active connection to an MME, but the Originating Node IE contains value "SGSN", then the SGW shall not release the user plane and shall send a response to the SGSN with some appropriate cause value and the SGW.

- If SGW has an active connection to an S4-SGSN, but the Originating Node IE contains value "MME", then the SGW shall not release the user plane and shall send a response to the MME with some appropriate cause value.

# 8.66    Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)

Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.66-1.

| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Type = 136 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | FQDN | | | | | | | |
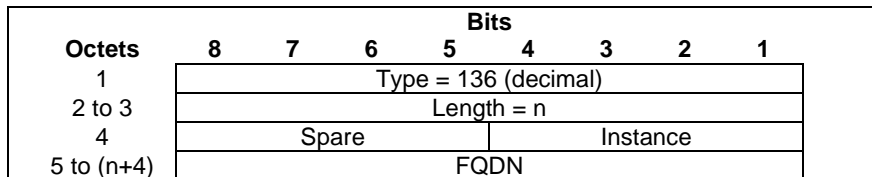
**Figure 8.66-1: Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)**

The FQDN field encoding shall be identical to the encoding of a FQDN within a DNS message of section 3.1 of IETF RFC 1035 [31] but excluding the trailing zero byte.

NOTE 1:  The FQDN field in the IE is not encoded as a dotted string as commonly used in DNS master zone files.

A "PGW node name" IE in S3/S10/S16 GTP messages shall be a PGW host name as per subclause 4.3.2 of 3GPP TS 29.303 [32] when the PGW FQDN IE is populated from 3GPP TS 29.303 [32] procedures. Specifically, the first DNS label is either "topon" or "topoff", and the canonical node name of the PGW starts at the third label. The same rules apply to "SGW node name" IE on S3/S10/S16.

NOTE 2:  The constraint of subclause 4.3.2 of 3GPP TS 29.303 format is on populating the IE by 3GPP nodes for 3GPP nodes, the receiver shall not reject an IE that is otherwise correctly formatted since the IE might be populated for a non-3GPP node.

An "MME node name" IE and an "SGSN node name" IE in S3 GTP messages indicate the associated ISR node when the ISR becomes active.

# 8.67    Private Extension

Private Extension is coded as depicted in Figure 8.Figure 8.67-1.

Enterprise ID can be found at IANA web site (http://www.iana.org/assignments/enterprise-numbers).

| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Type = 255 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to 6 | Enterprise ID | | | | | | | |
| 7 to (n+4) | Proprietary value | | | | | | | |
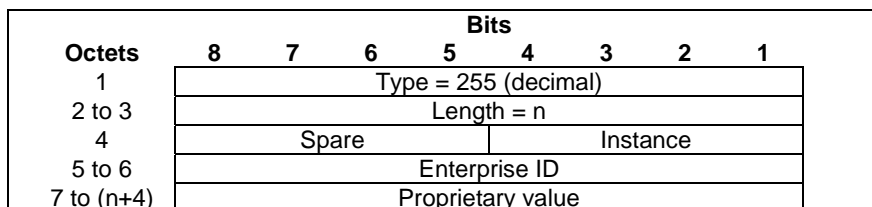
**Figure 8.67-1. Private Extension**

# 8.68    Transaction Identifier (TI)

Transaction Identifier is coded as depicted in Figure 8.68-1. It is defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [23], clause 9.9.4.17 and is coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.007 [30], clause 11.2.3.1.3 Transaction identifier.

| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Type = 137 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | Transaction Identifier | | | | | | | |
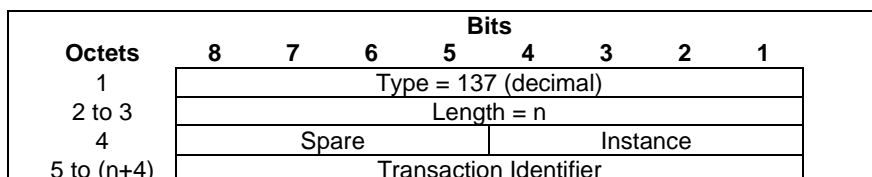
**Figure 8.68-1: Transaction Identifier**

## 8.69     MBMS Session Duration

The MBMS Session Duration is defined in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. The MBMS Session Duration information element indicates the estimated session duration of the MBMS service data transmission if available. The payload shall be encoded as per the MBMS-Session-Duration AVP defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38], excluding the AVP Header fields (as defined in IETF RFC 3588 [39], section 4.1).

| | | | | Bits | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 138 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to 7 | MBMS Session Duration | | | | | | | |
| 8 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.69-1: MBMS Session Duration**

## 8.70     MBMS Service Area

The MBMS Service Area is defined in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. The MBMS Service Area information element indicates the area over which the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service is to be distributed. The payload shall be encoded as per the MBMS-Service-Area AVP defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38], excluding the AVP Header fields (as defined in IETF RFC 3588 [39], section 4.1).

| | | | | Bits | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 139 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | MBMS Service Area | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.70-1: MBMS Service Area**

## 8.71     MBMS Session Identifier

The MBMS Session Identifier information element contains a Session Identifier allocated by the BM-SC. The MBMS Session Identifier value part consists of 1 octet. The content and the coding are defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38].

| | | | | Bits | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 140 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | MBMS Session Identifier | | | | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.71-1: MBMS Session Identifier**

## 8.72     MBMS Flow Identifier

The MBMS Flow Identifier is defined in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37]. In broadcast mode, the MBMS Flow Identifier information element is included in MBMS Session Management messages to differentiate the different sub-sessions of an MBMS user service (identified by the TMGI) providing location-dependent content. The payload shall be encoded as per the MBMS-Flow-Identifier AVP defined in 3GPP TS 29.061 [38], excluding the AVP Header fields (as defined in IETF RFC 3588 [39], section 4.1).

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 141 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to 6 | MBMS Flow Identifer | | | | | | | |
| 7 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.72-1: MBMS Flow Identifier**

# 8.73 MBMS IP Multicast Distribution

The MBMS IP Multicast Distribution IE is sent by the MBMS GW to the MME/SGSN in the MBMS Session Start Request. Source Specific Multicasting is used according to IETF RFC 4607 [40].

The IP Multicast Distribution Address and the IP Multicast Source Address fields contain the IPv4 or IPv6 address. The Address Type and Address Length fields shall be included in each field:

- The Address Type, which is a fixed length code (of 2 bits) identifying the type of address that is used in the Address field.

- The Address Length, which is a fixed length code (of 6 bits) identifying the length of the Address field.

- The Address, which is a variable length field shall contain either an IPv4 address or an IPv6 address.

Address Type 0 and Address Length 4 shall be used when Address is an IPv4 address.

Address Type 1 and Address Length 16 shall be used when Address is an IPv6 address.

Other combinations of values are not valid.

MBMS HC Indicator represents an indication if header compression should be used for MBMS user plane data, as specified in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]. MBMS HC Indicator field is encoded as a one octet long enumeration.

NOTE: Currently, 3GPP TS 25.413 [33] specifies two enumeration values: 0 (indicates "uncompressed-header") and 1 (indicates "compressed-header").

Common Tunnel Endpoint Identifier is allocated at the source Tunnel Endpoint and signalled to the destination Tunnel Endpoint. There is one Common Tunnel Endpoint Identifier allocated per MBMS bearer service. The recommendations on how to set the value of C-TEID are provided in 3GPP TS 23.246 [37].

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 142 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length=n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to 8 | Common Tunnel Endpoint Identifier | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Address Type | | Address Length | | | | | |
| 10 to K | IP Multicast Distribution Address (IPv4 or IPv6) | | | | | | | |
| K+1 | Address Type | | Address Length | | | | | |
| (k+2) to m | IP Multicast Source Address  (IPv4 or IPv6) | | | | | | | |
| m+1 | MBMS HC Indicator | | | | | | | |
| (m+2) to n | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.73-1: MBMS IP Multicast Distribution**

# 8.74 MBMS Distribution Acknowledge

The MBMS Distribution Acknowledge IE is sent by the SGSN to the MBMS GW in the MBMS Session Start Response and MBMS Session Update Response. It is used by the MBMS GW to decide if an IP Multicast Distribution user plane shall be established, or a normal point-to-point user plane, or both.

| | | | | | Bits | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | |
| 1 | Type = 143 (decimal) | | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | | | Distr Ind | |
| 6 to n+4 | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | | |
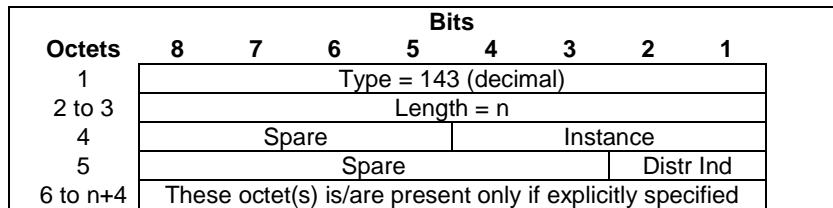
**Figure 8.74-1: MBMS Distribution Acknowledge**

**Table 8.74-1: Distribution Indication values**

| Distribution Indication | Value (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| No RNCs have accepted IP multicast distribution | 0 |
| All RNCs have accepted IP multicast distribution | 1 |
| Some RNCs have accepted IP multicast distribution | 2 |
| Spare. For future use. | 3 |

# 8.75 User CSG Information (UCI)

User CSG Information (UCI) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.75-1. The CSG ID is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

| | | | | | Bits | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | |
| 1 | Type = 145 | | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | | |
| 5 | MCC digit 2 | | | | MCC digit 1 | | | | |
| 6 | MNC digit 3 | | | | MCC digit 3 | | | | |
| 7 | MNC digit 2 | | | | MNC digit 1 | | | | |
| 8 | spare | | | | CSG ID | | | | |
| 9 to 11 | CSG ID | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Access mode | | spare | | | | LCSG | CMI | |
| 13 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | | |
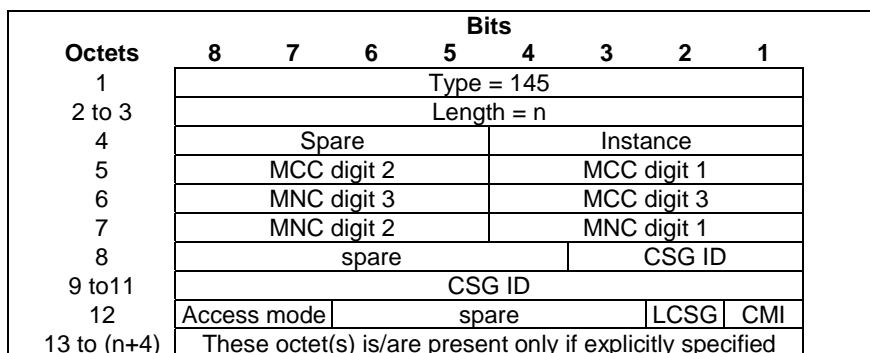
**Figure 8.75-1: User CSG Information**

For two digits in the MNC, bits 5 to 8 of octet 6 are coded as "1111".

The CSG ID consists of 4 octets. Bit 3 of Octet 8 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 11 is the least significant bit. The coding of the CSG ID is the responsibility of the operator that allocates the CSG ID by administrative means. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

Access mode values are specified in Table 8.75-1.

**Table 8.75-1: Access mode values and their meanings**

| Access Mode | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| Closed Mode | 0 |
| Hybrid Mode | 1 |
| Reserved | 2-3 |

Leave CSG flag (LCSG) shall be set to "1" if UE leaves CSG cell/Hybrid cell, and in this case, the receiving node shall ignore the rest information in the IE.

CSG Membership Indication (CMI) values are specified in Table 8.75-2. CMI shall be included in the User CSG Information if the Access mode is Hybrid Mode. For the other values of Access Mode, the CMI shall be set to 0 by the sender and ignored by the receiver.

**Table 8.75-2: CSG Membership indication (CMI)**

| CMI | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| Non CSG membership | 0 |
| CSG membership | 1 |

# 8.76 CSG Information Reporting Action

CSG Information Reporting Action is coded as depicted in Figure 8.76-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 146 | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | UCIU HC | UCIS HC | UCIC SG |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.76-1: CSG Reporting Action**

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 1 – UCICSG: When set to "1", shall indicate to start reporting User CSG Info when the UE enters/leaves/access through the CSG Cell.

- Bit 2 – UCISHC: When set to "1", shall indicate to start reporting User CSG Info when the UE enters/leaves/access through Subscribed Hybrid Cell.

- Bit 3 – UCIUHC: When set to "1", shall indicate to start Reporting User CSG Info when the UE enters/leaves/access through Unsubscribed Hybrid Cell.

All the bits 1 to 3 shall be set to 0 to stop reporting User CSG Info.

# 8.77 RFSP Index

Index to RAT/Frequency Selection Priority (RFSP Index) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.77-1, and contains a non-transparent copy of the corresponding IE (see subclause 8.2.2), "Subscriber Profile ID for RAT/Frequency Selection Priority (SPRIFP)" as specified in 3GPP TS 36.413 [10]. The SPIRFP is an integer between 1 and 256 and is encoded as an unsigned integer, which requires the two octets specified for the RFSP Index parameter.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 144 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = 2 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to 6 | RFSP Index | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.77-1. RFSP Index**

# 8.78 CSG ID

CSG ID is coded as depicted in Figure 8.78-1. The CSG ID is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [2].

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 147 | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | CSG ID | | |
| 6 to 8 | CSG ID | | | | | | | |
| 9 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
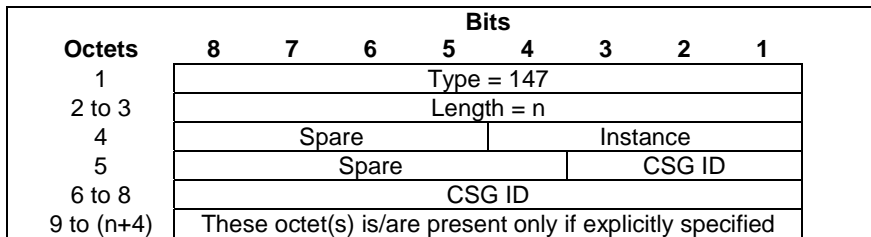
**Figure 8.78-1: CSG ID**

The CSG ID consists of 4 octets. Bit 3 of Octet 4 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 7 is the least significant bit. The coding of the CSG ID is the responsibility of the operator that allocates the CSG ID by administrative means. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

# 8.79 CSG Membership Indication (CMI)

CSG Membership Indication is coded as depicted in Figure 8.79-1.

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 148 | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | | | CMI |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
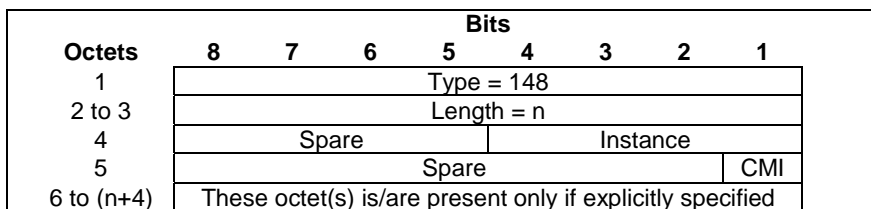
**Figure 8.79-1: CSG Membership Indication**

**Table 8.79-1: void**

CSG Membership Indication (CMI) values are specified in Table 8.79-2.

**Table 8.79-2: CSG Membership indication (CMI)**

| CMI | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| CSG membership | 0 |
| Non CSG membership | 1 |

# 8.80 Service indicator

Service indicator is coded as depicted in Figure 8.80-1.

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 149 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = 1 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Service indicator | | | | | | | |
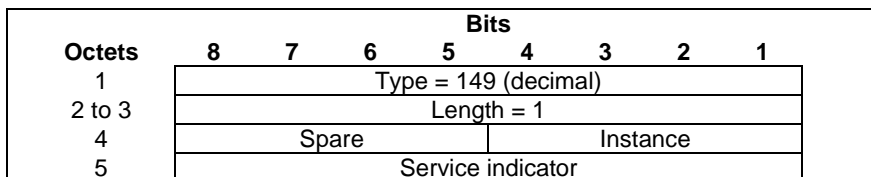
**Figure 8.80-1. Service indicator**

Service indicator values are specified in Table 8.80-1.

**Table 8.80-1: Service indicator values**

| Service indicator | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| <spare> | 0 |
| CS call indicator | 1 |
| SMS indicator | 2 |
| <spare> | 3-255 |

# 8.81    Detach Type

Detach Type is coded as depicted in Figure 8.81-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 150 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = 1 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Detach Type | | | | | | | |
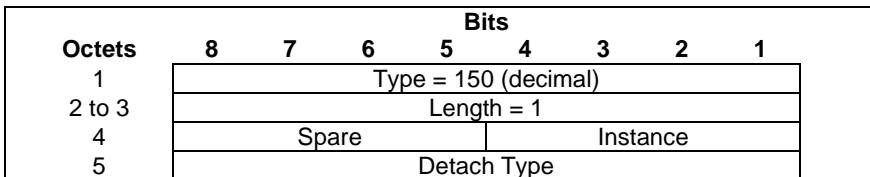
**Figure 8.81-1: Detach Type**

**Table 8.81-1: Detach Type values**

| Detach Types | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| <reserved> | 0 |
| PS Detach | 1 |
| Combined PS/CS Detach | 2 |
| <spare> | 3-255 |

# 8.82    Local Distinguished Name (LDN)

Represents the Local Distinguished Name (LDN) of the network element (see 3GPP TS 32.423 [44]).

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 151 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to (n+4) | LDN | | | | | | | |
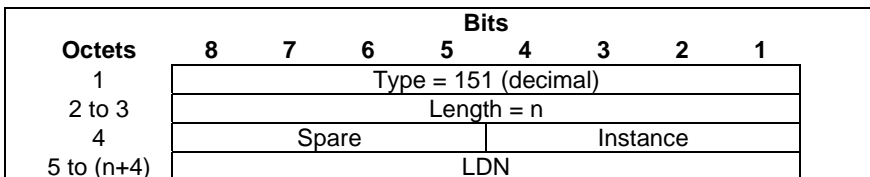
**Figure 8.82-1: Local Distinguished Name (LDN)**

The LDN field consists of 1 up to a maximum of 400 ASCII characters, i.e., from 1 up to a maximum of 400 octets.

# 8.83    Node Features

Node Features IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8. 83-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 152 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Supported-Features | | | | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
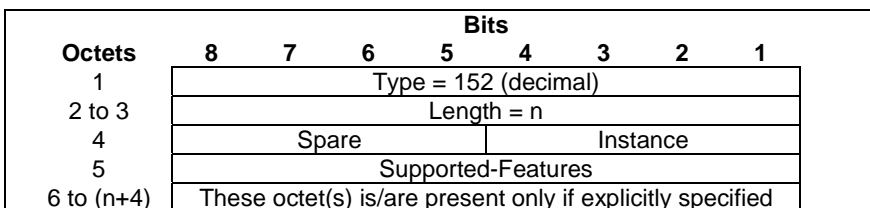
**Figure 8.83-1: Node Features IE**

The Node Features IE takes the form of a bitmask where each bit set indicates that the corresponding feature is supported. Spare bits shall be ignored by the receiver.  The same bitmask is defined for all GTPv2 interfaces.

The following table specifies the features defined on GTPv2 interfaces and the interfaces on which they apply.

**Table 8.83-1: Node Features on GTPv2 interfaces**

| Feature Octet / Bit | Feature | Interface | Description |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5/1 | PRN | S11, S4 | PGW Restart Notification.<br>If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this feature, the SGW shall send PGW Restart Notification message to the MME/S4-SGSN when the SGW detects that the peer PGW has restarted, and the SGW may send PGW Restart Notification message when the SGW detects that the peer PGW has failed and not restarted, as specified in subclause 7.9.5. |
| 5/2 | MABR | S11 | Modify Access Bearers Request.<br>If both the SGW and the MME support this feature, the MME may modify the S1-U bearers of all the PDN connections of the UE by sending a Modify Access Bearers Request message as specified in subclause 7.2.24. |
| 5/3 | NTSR | S11/S4 | Network Triggered Service Restoration procedure.<br>If both the SGW and the MME/S4-SGSN support this feature (see 3GPP TS 23.007 [17]), the SGW shall send a Downlink Data Notification message including the IMSI to the MME/S4-SGSN on the TEID 0 as part of a network triggered service restoration procedure. |
| Feature Octet / Bit: The octet and bit number within the Supported-Features IE, e.g. "5 / 1".<br>Feature: A short name that can be used to refer to the octet / bit and to the feature.<br>Interface: A list of applicable interfaces to the feature.<br>Description: A clear textual description of the feature. | | | |

No features have been defined on the following GTPv2 interfaces in this version of the specification: S2a, S2b, S5, S8, S10, S3, S16, Sv, S101, Sm, Sn.

# 8.84 MBMS Time to Data Transfer

The MBMS Time to Data Transfer indicates the minimum time occurring between the transmission of the MBMS SESSION START REQUEST message and the actual start of the data transfer. It is coded as shown in figure 8.84-1. Octet 5 is coded as the value part of the Time to MBMS Data Transfer IE defined in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34] (not including the IEI and length indicator octets specified in 3GPP TS 48.018 [34]).

| Octets | Bits |
|---|---|

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 153 (decimal) |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n |
| 4 | \multicolumn{4}{c|}{Spare} | \multicolumn{4}{c|}{Instance} |
| 5 | MBMS Time to Data Transfer value part |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified |
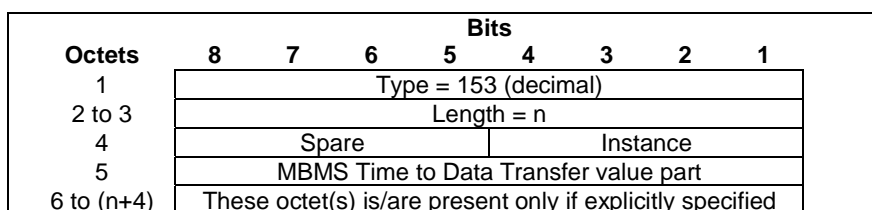
**Figure 8.84-1: MBMS Time to Data Transfer**

# 8.85 Throttling

Throttling is coded as depicted in Figure 8.85-1.

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 154 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Throttling Delay Unit | | Throttling Delay Value | | | | | |
| 6 | Throttling Factor | | | | | | | |
| 7 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.85-1: Throttling**

**Table 8.85.1: Throttling information element**

Throttling Delay (octet 5)

Bits 5 to 1 represent the binary coded timer value.

Bits 6 to 8 defines the timer unit for the timer as follows:
Bits
**8 7 6**
0 0 0  value is incremented in multiples of 2 seconds
0 0 1  value is incremented in multiples of 1 minute
0 1 0  value is incremented in multiples of 10 minutes
0 1 1  value is incremented in multiples of 1 hour
1 0 0  value is incremented in multiples of 10 hours
1 1 1  value indicates that the timer is deactivated.

Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 1 minute.

Throttling Factor (octet 6)

The Throttling Factor indicates a percentage and may take binary coded integer values from and including 0 up to and including 100. Other values shall be considered as 0.

# 8.86    Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP)

Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.86-1.

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 155 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | PCI | PL | | | | Spare | PVI |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.86-1: Allocation/Retention Priority (ARP)**

The meaning and value range of the parameters within the ARP are defined in 3GPP TS 29.212 [29]. The bits within the octet 5 are:

- Bit 1 – PVI (Pre-emption Vulnerability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.47 Pre-emption-Vulnerability AVP.

- Bit 2 – spare

- Bits 3 to 6 – PL (Priority Level): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.45 ARP-Value AVP. PL encodes each priority level defined for the ARP-Value AVP as the binary value of the priority level.

- Bit 7 – PCI (Pre-emption Capability): See 3GPP TS 29.212[29], clause 5.3.46 Pre-emption-Capability AVP.

- Bit 8 – spare.

## 8.87    EPC Timer

The purpose of the EPC Timer information element is to specify EPC specific timer values.

The EPC Timer information element is coded as shown in figure 8.87-1 and table 8.87.1

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 156 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Timer unit | | | Timer value | | | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.87-1: EPC Timer**

**Table 8.87.1: EPC Timer information element**

| |
|---|
| Timer value<br>Bits 5 to 1 represent the binary coded timer value.<br><br>Timer unit<br>Bits 6 to 8 defines the timer value unit for the EPC timer as follows:<br>Bits<br>**8 7 6**<br>0 0 0  value is incremented in multiples of 2 seconds<br>0 0 1  value is incremented in multiples of 1 minute<br>0 1 0  value is incremented in multiples of 10 minutes<br>0 1 1  value is incremented in multiples of 1 hour<br>1 0 0  value is incremented in multiples of 10 hours<br>1 1 1  value indicates that the timer is infinite<br><br>Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 1 minute in this version of the protocol.<br><br>Timer unit and Timer value both set to all "zeros" shall be interpreted as an indication that the timer is stopped. |

## 8.88    Signalling Priority Indication

The Signalling Priority Indication information element contains signalling priority indications received from the UE for a specific PDN connection.

The Signalling Priority Indication information element is coded as shown in figure 8.88-1.

|  | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 157 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | | | LAPI |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.88-1: Signalling Priority Indication**

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

-    Bit 8 to 2 – Spare, for future use and set to zero.

- Bit 1 – LAPI (Low Access Priority Indication): This bit defines if the UE indicated low access priority when establishing the PDN connection. It shall be encoded as the Low Priority parameter of the Device Properties IE in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5]. The receiver shall assume the value "0" if the Signalling Priority Indication IE is applicable for a message but not included in that message by the sender. The low access priority indication may be included in charging records.

# 8.89    Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI)

The TMGI contains the Temporary Mobile Group Identity allocated to the MBMS Bearer Service. The BM-SC always includes the MCC and MNC when allocating the TMGI, see 3GPP TS 29.061 [38].

It is coded as specified in Figure 8.89-1.

| | | | | **Bits** | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 158 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5-10 | TMGI | | | | | | | |
| 11-(n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.89-1: TMGI**

Octets 5 to 10 shall be encoded as octets 3 to octet 8 in the figure 10.5.154 of 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

# 8.90    Additional MM context for SRVCC

The additional MM Context for SRVCC information element contains mobile station classmarks, supported codec list that are necessary for the MME/S4-SGSN to perform SRVCC as defined in 3GPP TS 23.216 [43]. The coding of Mobile Station Classmarks and Supported Codec List fields include the IE value part as it is specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [5].

| | | | | **Bits** | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** | |
| 1 | Type = 159 (decimal) | | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | | |
| 5 | Length of the Mobile Station Classmark 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 6 to a | Mobile Station Classmark 2 | | | | | | | | |
| b | Length of the Mobile Station Classmark 3 | | | | | | | | |
| (b+1) to c | Mobile Station Classmark 3 | | | | | | | | |
| d | Length of the Supported Codec List | | | | | | | | |
| (d+1) to e | Supported Codec List | | | | | | | | |
| (e+1) to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.90-1: Additional MM context for SRVCC**

# 8.91    Additional flags for SRVCC

Additional flags for SRVCC is coded as depicted in Figure 8.91-1.

| | | | | **Bits** | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** | |
| 1 | Type = 160 (decimal) | | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | | VF | ICS | |
| 6-(n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.91-1: Additional flags for SRVCC**

The following bits within Octet 5 indicate:

- Bit 1 – ICS (IMS Centralized Service): This flag indicates that UE supports ICS specific service as specified in 3GPP TS 23.292 [47].

- Bit 2 – VF (vSRVCC Flag): This flag indicates that the user is subscribed to the vSRVCC.

# 8.92 Void

# 8.93 MDT Configuration

MDT Configuration is coded as depicted in Figure 8.93-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 162 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Job Type | | | | | | | |
| 6 to 9 | List of Measurements | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Reporting Trigger | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Report Interval | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Report Amount | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Event Threshold for RSRP | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Event Threshold for RSRQ | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Length of Area Scope | | | | | | | |
| p to q | Area Scope | | | | | | | |
| r to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.93-1: MDT Configuration**

Parameters in octets 5 to 14 and p to q are specified in 3GPP TS 32.422 [18]. If Length of Area Scope equals zero, then Area Scope octets p to q are not present.

# 8.94 Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO)

The Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO) information element is used to exchange additional protocol configuration options between the TWAN/ePDG and the PGW.

The Additional Protocol Configuration Options information element is specified in 3GPP TS 29.275 [26] and its GTPv2 coding is shown in figure 8.94-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 163 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to m | Additional Protocol Configuration Options (APCO) | | | | | | | |
| (m+1) to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.94-1: Additional Protocol Configuration Options**

Octets (5 to m) of the Additional Protocol Configuration Options IE are encoded as specified in 3GPP TS 29.275 [26].

## 8.95 Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer

The Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer indicates the absolute time of the actual start, update or stop of the MBMS data transfer to ensure a synchronized session control and facilitate a graceful reallocation of resources for the MBSFN (MBMS Single Frequency Network) when needed for E-UTRAN access.

It is coded as shown in figure 8.95-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 164 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 to 12 | Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer value part | | | | | | | |
| 13 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.95-1: Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer**

Octets 5 to 12 are coded as the time in seconds relative to 00:00:00 on 1 January 1900 (calculated as continuous time without leap seconds and traceable to a common time reference) where binary encoding of the integer part is in the 32 most significant bits and binary encoding of the fraction part in the 32 least significant bits. The fraction part is expressed with a granularity of $1/2^{32}$ second.

## 8.96 H(e)NB Information Reporting

H(e)NB number Information Reporting is coded as depicted in Figure 8.96-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 165 | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | | | FTI |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.96-1: H(e)NB Information Reporting**

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 1 – FTI: When set to "1", shall indicate to start reporting H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information change when the UE moves from (e)NB to H(e)NB, from H(e)NB to another H(e)NB with a fixed network backhaul change, or from H(e)NB to (e)NB.

The bit 1 shall be set to 0 to stop reporting H(e)NB local IP address and UDP port number information change.

## 8.97 IPv4 Configuration Parameters (IP4CP)

The IPv4 Configuration Parameters (IP4CP) is coded as depicted in Figure 8.97-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Octets** | **8** | **7** | **6** | **5** | **4** | **3** | **2** | **1** |
| 1 | Type = 166 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Subnet Prefix Length | | | | | | | |
| 6 to 9 | IPv4 Default Router Address | | | | | | | |
| 10 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.x-1: IPv4 Configuration Parameters (IP4CP)**

## 8.98 Change to Report Flags

Change to Report Flags IE is coded as depicted in Figure 8.x-1.

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 167 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | | TZCR | SNCR |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
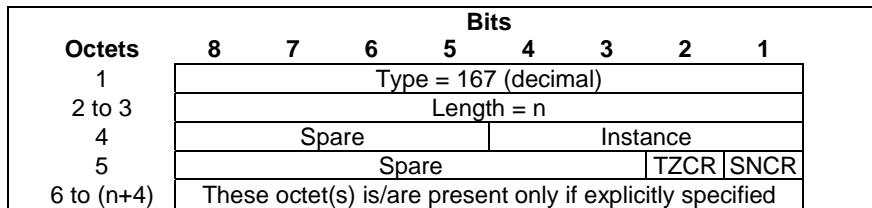
**Figure 8.98-1: Change to Report Flags**

For each message the applicable flags of the Change to Report Flags IE shall be clearly specified in the individual message sub clause. The remaining flags of the Change to Report Flags IE not so indicated shall be discarded by the receiver.

The receiver shall consider the value of the applicable flags as "0", if the Change to Report Flags IE is applicable for the message but not included in the message by the sender.

The following bits within Octet 5 shall indicate:

- Bit 8 to 3 – Spare, for future use and set to zero.

- Bit 2 – TZCR (Time Zone Change to Report): When set to 1, this bit indicates that a UE Time Zone change still needs to be reported to the SGW/PGW.

- Bit 1 – SNCR (Serving Network Change to Report): When set to 1, this bit indicates that a Serving Network change still need to be reported to the SGW/PGW.

## 8.99 Action Indication

Action Indication is coded as depicted in Figure 8.99-1.

| Octets | Bits | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 168 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | Indication | | |
| 6 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |
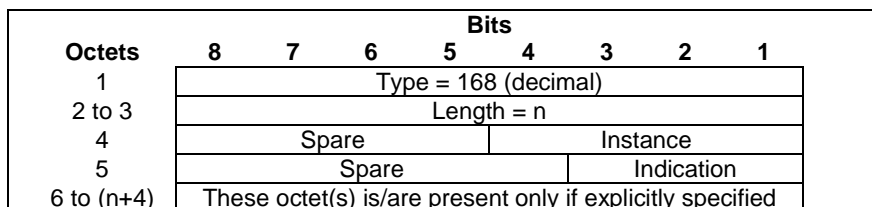
**Figure 8.99-1: Action Indication**

**Table 8.99-1: Indication**

| Indication | Values (Decimal) |
|---|---|
| No Action | 0 |
| Deactivation Indication | 1 |
| Paging indication | 2 |
| <spare> | 3 to7 |

If "deactivation indication" is set, it indicates that the receiving entity shall deactivate ISR and remove the UE resource locally as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] subclause 27.3.1.2.

If "paging indication" is set, it indicates that the receiving entity shall page the IDLE state UE as specified in 3GPP TS 23.007 [17] subclause 27.3.2.2.

## 8.100 TWAN Identifier

The TWAN Identifier is used for reporting UE location in a Trusted WLAN Access Network (TWAN) in order to provide charging information. See 3GPP TS 23.402 [45].

TWAN Identifier shall be coded as depicted in Figure 8.100-1.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 169 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5 | Spare | | | | | | | BSSIDI |
| 6 | SSID Length | | | | | | | |
| 7 to k | SSID | | | | | | | |
| (k+1) to k+6 | BSSID | | | | | | | |
| (p) to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.100-1: TWAN Identifier**

The BSSID and SSID shall be encoded as described in IEEE Std 802.11-2012 [52].

The BSSIDI flag in octet 5 indicates whether the BSSID in octets 'k+1' to (k+6) shall be present. If BSSIDI is set to '1', then the BSSID shall be present. If BSSIDI is set to '0', then the BSSID shall not be present.

The TWAN identifier shall contain the SSID. The SSID Length in octet '6' indicates the length of the SSID field. The SSID shall have a maximum length of 32 octets.

## 8.101 ULI Timestamp

The ULI Timestamp IE is coded as shown in Figure 8.101-1. It indicates the UTC time when the user location information was acquired. Octets 5 to 8 are encoded in the same format as the first four octets of the 64-bit timestamp format as defined in section 6 of IETF RFC 5905 [53].

NOTE: The encoding is defined as the time in seconds relative to 00:00:00 on 1 January 1900.

| | **Bits** | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Octets | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | Type = 170 (decimal) | | | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | Length = n | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Spare | | | | Instance | | | |
| 5-8 | ULI Timestamp value | | | | | | | |
| 9 to (n+4) | These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified | | | | | | | |

**Figure 8.101-1: ULI Timestamp**

# 9 Security

GTPv2-C communications shall be protected according to security mechanisms defined in 3GPP TS 33.401 [12].

# 10 IP - The Networking Technology used by GTP

## 10.1 IP Version

GTPv2 entities shall support both versions of the Internet Protocol, version 4 (IPv4) as defined by IETF RFC 791 [6], and version 6 (IPv6) as defined by IETF RFC 2460 [16].

## 10.2 IP Fragmentation

It is specified here how the fragmentation mechanism shall work with GTP-C.

Fragmentation should be avoided if possible. Examples of fragmentation drawbacks are:

- Fragmentation is inefficient, since the complete IP header is duplicated in each fragment.

- If one fragment is lost, the complete packet has to be discarded. The reason is that no selective retransmission of fragments is possible.

 Path MTU discovery should be used, especially if GTPv2-C message is encapsulated with IPv6 header. The application should find out the path MTU, and thereby utilise more efficient fragmentation mechanisms.

# 11 Notification of supported features between peer GTP-C entities

## 11.1 General

### 11.1.1 Introduction

New functionality, i.e. functionality beyond the Rel-9 standard, which can not be specified without backward incompatible changes (e.g. requiring support of a new message or a specific receiver node's behaviour) should be introduced as a feature, see subclause 11.1.2.

A GTP-C entity should verify that a backward incompatible feature is supported by its peer GTP entities before starting to use it.

NOTE: GTPv2 does not support a Comprehension Required mechanism allowing a sender to force the receiver to support comprehension of some specific IEs as a precondition to process a backward incompatible message.

Features may be generic node capabilities supported homogeneously for all GTP tunnels, UEs and PDN connections. Such features are referred in this specification as "Node Features". They are signalled with the granularity of a node on all GTPv2 interfaces (i.e. S11, S4, S5, S8, S10, S3, S16, Sv, S101, Sm, Sn, S2a, S2b). A GTP-C entity may discover the features supported by a peer GTP-C entity with which it is in direct contact as specified in subclause 11.2.1.

### 11.1.2 Defining a feature

A feature is a function extending the base GTPv2 functionality that has a significant meaning to the operation of GTPv2, i.e. a single new parameter without a substantial meaning to the functionality of the GTPv2 endpoints should not be defined to be a new feature.

A functionality requiring the definition of a new GTPv2 message or extending the use of an existing message over a new interface should be defined as a feature.

NOTE: Features are ultimately defined on a case-by-case basis on the merits of defining an extension as a feature.

Features should be defined so that they are independent from each other. A GTP-C entity may support the same feature over different interfaces, e.g. an SGW may support a feature over both S11 and S4 interface, however support of a feature on a given interface shall not depend on the support of the same or another feature on another interface.

## 11.2 Dynamic discovery of supported features

### 11.2.1 General

A node supporting at least one feature defined in the Node Features IE shall support dynamic discovery of supported features as specified in the following subclauses.

## 11.2.2    Features supported by direct peer GTP-C entities

A node shall signal to a direct peer node the list of features it supports by sending the Sending Node Features IE in the Echo Request and Echo Response messages.

An exception to this is where the sending node does not support or use any features towards the peer node and  is not prepared to accept a message which is constructed by making use of any features.

The peer receiving the Sending Node Features IE shall store the list of features supported by the sending node per IP address and only update this list based on the Sending Node Features IE in the Echo Request and Echo Response messages, and it shall only use common supported features to initiate subsequent GTPv2 messages towards this IP address.

# Annex A (Informative):
# Backward Compatibility Guidelines for Information Elements

In order to preserve backward compatibility, the following rules should apply when adding or modifying information elements for existing messages.

- No new mandatory (M) information elements should be added.

- No new conditional (C) information elements should be added.

- Any new IEs should be either:

    optional (O), having no conditions on their presence, or

    conditional-optional (CO), having conditions that should apply only to the sender and not to the receiver.

    Such conditions should be worded generally as follows: "This IE shall be sent over the xxx interface <condition>. The receiving entity need not check the IE's presence."

- If any new conditions are added to a previously specified conditional (C) information element, these new conditions should apply only to the sender and not to the receiver.

    Such additional conditions should be worded generally as follows: "This IE shall be sent over the xxx interface <condition>. For this optional condition, the receiving entity need not check the IE's presence."

    Existing conditions for such conditional (C) IEs should be treated as before, and the presence of the IEs should remain conditional (C).

# Annex B (Informative):
# Transparent copying of RANAP/S1AP IEs into GTP IEs

## B.1     General

This annex provides details on how a GTPv2 entity transparently copies information received from RANAP or S1AP into GTPv2 IE or IE field.

RANAP and S1AP ASN.1 encoding details in this annex are informative. The reference specifications are 3GPP TS 25.413 [33] and 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] respectively.

The respective RANAP/S1AP Information Elements are transported on the Iu/S1 interface within a "protocol-IE container" which is composed of:

- an Information Element Identity (referred to below as "IE-ID"),

- an indication how the receiver shall react if the Information Element is not comprehended (referred to below as "criticality"),

- and an "open type field" which consists of a length indication ("OT-LI")  and the Information Element itself (referred to below as "IE").

RANAP/S1AP PDUs and the contained IEs are defined by means of ASN.1, the specified encoding is PER (packed encoding rule), Octet aligned variant:

- PER minimises the information sent on the respective interface to the absolute minimum;

- Hence, type definitions of fixed length are encoded without any type or length indication, only type definitions of variable length contain a length indication, e.g.

  - an OCTET STRING with indefinite length would need to contain a length indication (referred to below as "OCT-LI") followed by the actual octets (referred to below as "octets");

  - a SEQUENCE neither contains a type, nor a length-indication. Only in case of optional elements it contains a kind of bit string with each position of this bitstring indicating the presence of an OPTIONAL element (an encoded SEQUENCE type is referred to below as "sequence").

## B.2     Handover/Relocation related generic transparent Containers over RANAP, S1-AP and GTP

Handover/Relocation related generic transparent containers are defined in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33] and 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] ("Source to Target Transparent Container" IE and "Target to Source Transparent Container" IE) to carry UTRAN, E-UTRAN or GERAN specific information via CN interfaces in a RAT-agnostic way.

The encoding of these handover/relocation related generic transparent containers is different in RANAP and S1-AP. See 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] Annex C. The difference is that the "Source to Target Transparent Container" IE and "Target to Source Transparent Container" IE are ASN.1 encoded over RANAP as "IE-ID||criticality||OT-LI||octets" (i.e. one length field only for the open type field) and over S1AP as "IE-ID||criticality||OT-LI||OCT-LI||octets" (i.e. with 2 length fields, one for the open type field ("OT-LI"), one for the octet string encoding ("OCT-LI")), while "octets" contain the actual RAT specific handover/relocation information.

This gives the following chain of encodings (represented in the notation introduced in the Notes above) end-to-end.

**LTE to LTE**
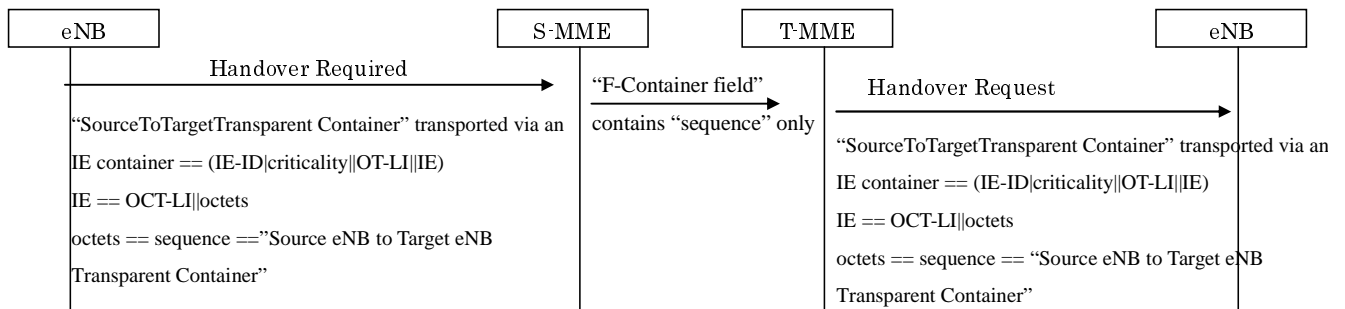
**Figure B.2-1: LTE to LTE - Encoding of Generic Transparent Containers**

In the case of LTE-LTE handover, the "octets" contain the "Source eNB to Target eNB Transparent Container" (defined as an ASN.1 SEQUENCE in 3GPP TS 36.413[10]).

The source MME, after decoding the HO REQUIRED message of S1AP, passes transparently the "sequence" to the target MME.

The target MME encodes similarly at target side with the same definitions: it feeds the received "sequence" into the S1AP ASN.1 encoder in order to encode the HO REQUEST message towards the target eNB. The "sequence" is then extracted from the S1AP ASN.1 of eNB and given to application part of eNB.

**LTE to 3G**
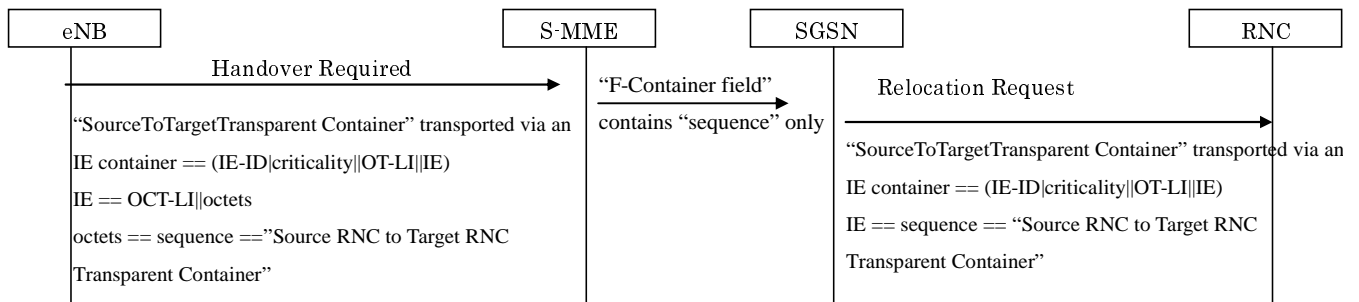


**Figure B.2-2: LTE to 3G - Encoding of Generic Transparent Containers**

At source side, the same encoding is done but for LTE to 3G handover, this time the "octets" on the line is the "Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container" (encoded according to the target system RANAP i.e. as an ASN.1 SEQUENCE in 3GPP TS 25.413 [33]).

Again the source MME passes transparently the "sequence" to the target MME i.e. the "Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container".

At the target side, the RANAP RELOCATION REQUEST message was not upgraded: the "sequence" received from the Gn or S3 interface ("Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container") is not encoded as an OCTET STRING as on S1, but directly represent the "Source To Target Transparent Container" within the RANAP:RELOCATION REQUEST message, which in case of inter-RAT handover to 3G represent the "Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container", transported on the Iu interface as the "IE" part of the "IE container". There is no additional length field added as on the S1 interface ("OCT-LI").

The target side remains therefore fully backwards compatible with UMTS release 7.

**3G to LTE**
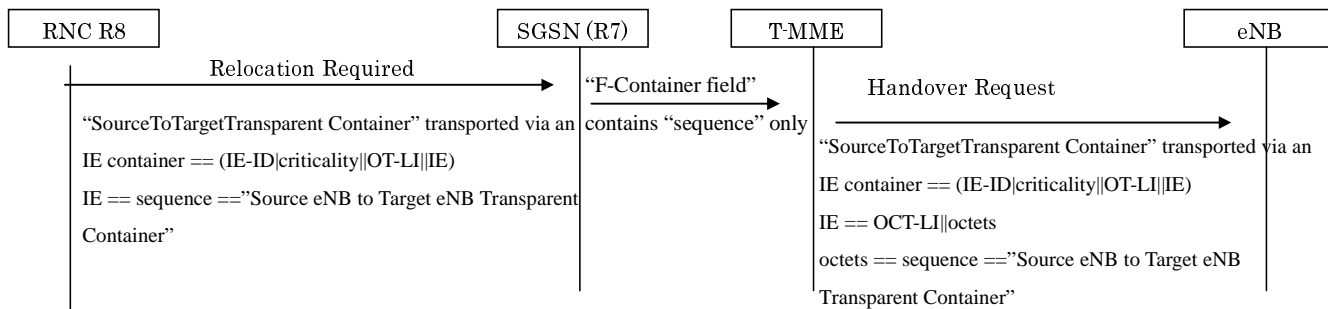
**Figure B.2-3: 3G to LTE - Encoding of Generic Transparent Containers**

The RELOCATION REQUIRED message was upgraded from release 8 onwards renaming the previously contained "Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container" to "Source to Target Transparent Container", being able to transport also a "Source eNB to Target eNB Transparent Container".

Despite being defined as an octet string, in order to not impact the R7 SGSN, the octet string was specified as "to be replaced" by either the UTRAN or E-UTRAN specific container. This fact is explained e.g. within the NOTE in the ASN.1 of 3GPP TS 25.413 [33] ], as shown in this excerpt:

```
Source-ToTarget-TransparentContainer ::= OCTET STRING
-- This IE is a transparent container, the IE shall be encoded not as an OCTET STRING but according
to the type specifications of the target system.
-- Note: In the current version of this specification, this IE may either carry the Source RNC to
-- Target RNC Transparent Container or the Source eNB to Target eNB Transparent Container IE as
-- defined in [49]
```

By so doing, the Release 7 source SGSN receives only one length field (the "OT-LI") instead of two (the "OT-LI and the "OCT-LI") as if it would receive an "Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container" from a Release 7 RNC, ensuring fully Release 7 backwards compatibility as requested by 3GPP TS 23.401 [3] Annex D. This is illustrated in Figure B.1-3 above.

As explained above, this Release 7 backwards compatibility constraint only applies to RANAP to cope with Release 7 SGSN nodes and does NOT apply to LTE. This is why the note is NOT present in the ASN.1 of 3GPP TS 36.413 [10] for LTE i.e. the S1AP octet string does not need "to be replaced".

Then "sequence" is passed transparently to the target MME. The target MME encodes the "sequence" within an OCTET STRING resulting in two length fields as expected by target eNB ASN.1 S1AP decoder.

# B.3    Other RANAP and S1-AP IEs

When transparently copying a RANAP/S1AP IE, other than the handover/relocation related generic transparent containers (see Annex B.1) into GTP IE, or GTP IE field the following applies:

- a transparent copy of a RANAP/S1AP IE, which is transported on the Iu/S1 interface within a "protocol-IE container", neither includes the Information Element Identity ("IE-ID") nor the "criticality" nor the open type field related length indication ("OT-LI"), but only the Information Element itself ("IE").

- "IE" refers to all parts of the encoded type of the Information Element, i.e. including also any related length indication (in case of types with variable length) and preamble (see ITU-T X.691 [49] for the definition of the term "preamble").

# Annex C (Normative):
# MME/S4-SGSN mapping table between S11/S4 and NAS Cause values

The MME/S4-SGSN initiates session management requests towards the SGW and PGW. If this operation is not successful, there are several possible cause codes, which need to be mapped to appropriate cause codes over NAS to the UE.

The MME/S4-SGSN should map these cause codes as defined in tables C.1 to C.4 unless specified otherwise in the tables.

**Table C.1: Mapping from S11/S4 to NAS Cause values – Rejection indication from SGW**

| Reject indication from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN over S11/S4 | NAS ESM Cause to UE (NOTE 1, NOTE 2, NOTE 3) | SM Cause to UE (NOTE 1, NOTE 2, NOTE 3) |
|---|---|---|
| #64 "Context not found" (during UE initiated PDN connectivity request for non-3GPP to 3GPP handover procedure) | #54 "PDN connection does not exist" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" #31 "Activation rejected, unspecified" |
| #64 "Context not found" (during all other procedures) | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW"#38 "Network failure" #43 "Invalid EPS bearer identity" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" #43 "Unknown PDP Context" |
| #65 Invalid Message Format | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" |
| #66 "Version not supported by next peer" | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" |
| #67 "Invalid length" | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" |
| #68 "Service not supported" | #32 "Service option not supported" | #32 "Service option not supported" |
| #69 "Mandatory IE incorrect" | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" |
| #70 "Mandatory IE missing" | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" |
| #72 "System Failure" | #34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #38 "Network Failure" #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW" | #34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #38 "Network failure" #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" |
| #73 "No Resources available" | #34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #26 "Insufficient resources" | #34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #26 "Insufficient resources" |
| #76 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)" | #44 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)" | #44 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)" |
| #77 "Syntactic errors in packet filter(s)" | #45 "Syntactical error in packet filter(s)" | #45 "Syntactical error in packet filter(s)" |
| #78 "Missing or unknown APN" | # 27 "Missing or unknown APN" | # 27 "Missing or unknown APN" |
| #80 "GRE key not found" | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network Failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" |
| #83 "Preferred PDN type not supported" | #32 "Service option not supported" #50 "PDN type IPv4 only allowed" #51 "PDN type IPv6 only allowed" | #32 "Service option not supported" #50 "PDP type IPv4 only allowed" #51 "PDP type IPv6 only allowed" |
| #84 "All dynamic addresses are occupied" | #26 "Insufficient resources" | #26 "Insufficient resources" |
| #85 "UE context without TFT already activated" | NA | #46 "PDP context without TFT already activated" |
| #86 "Protocol type not supported" | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network Failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" #38 "Network failure" |
| #89 "Service denied" | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW" #31 "Request rejected, unspecified" #38 "Network failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW" #31 "Activation rejected, unspecified" #38 "Network failure" |
| #91 "No memory available" | #34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #26 "Insufficient resources" | #34 "Service option temporarily out of order" #26 "Insufficient resources" |
| #92 "User authentication failed" | #29 "User authentication failed" | #29 "User authentication failed" |
| #93 "APN access denied – no subscription" | #33 "Requested service option not subscribed" # 27 "Missing or unknown APN" | #33 "Requested service option not subscribed" # 27 "Missing or unknown APN" |

| #94 "Request rejected (reason not specified)" | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW"<br>#38 "Network Failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW"<br>#38 "Network failure" |
|---|---|---|
| #97 "Semantic error in the TAD operation" | #41 "Semantic error in the TFT operation" | #41 "Semantic error in the TFT operation" |
| #98 "Syntactic error in the TAD operation" | #42 "Syntactical error in the TFT operation" | #42 "Syntactical error in the TFT operation" |
| #100 "Remote peer not responding" | #34 "Service option temporarily out of order"<br>#38 "Network Failure" | #34 "Service option temporarily out of order"<br>#38 "Network failure" |
| #101 "Collision with network initiated request" | #56 "Collision with network initiated request" | #56 "Collision with network initiated request" |
| #103 "Conditional IE missing" | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW"<br>#38 "Network Failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW"<br>#38 "Network failure" |
| #104 "APN Restriction type Incompatible with currently active PDN connection" | #112 "APN restriction value incompatible with active EPS bearer context" | #112 "APN restriction value incompatible with active PDP context" |
| #107 "Invalid reply from remote peer" | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW"<br>#31 "Request rejected, unspecified" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW"<br>#31 "Activation rejected, unspecified" |
| #112 "Request rejected for a PMIPv6 reason (see 3GPP TS 29.275 [26])." | #30 "Request rejected by Serving GW or PDN GW"<br>#38 "Network Failure" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW"<br>#38 "Network failure" |
| #113 "APN Congestion" | #26 "Insufficient resources" | #26 "Insufficient resources" |
| #114 "Bearer handling not supported" | #60 "Bearer handling not supported" | #60 "Bearer handling not supported" |
| #116 "Multiple PDN connections for a given APN not allowed" | #55 "Multiple PDN connections for a given APN not allowed" | #30 "Activation rejected by GGSN, Serving GW or PDN GW"<br>#31 "Activation rejected, unspecified" |
| NOTE 1: See 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and 3GPP TS 24.008 [5] for NAS ESM and SM causes respectively.<br>NOTE 2: The MME/S4-SGSN may for certain GTP cause codes trigger a new GTP procedure instead of rejecting the NAS request.<br>NOTE 3: When multiple NAS Cause values are defined for a given GTP cause value, any of those NAS Cause values may be sent to the UE based on implementation choice. | | |

**Table C.2: Mapping from S11/S4 to NAS Cause values – Acceptance indication from SGW**

| Acceptance indication from SGW to MME/S4-SGN over S11/S4 | NAS ESM Cause to UE | SM Cause to UE |
|---|---|---|
| #18 "New PDN type due to network preference" | #50 "PDN type IPv4 only allowed"<br>#51 "PDN type IPv6 only allowed"<br>(NOTE 1) | #50 "PDP type IPv4 only allowed"<br>#51 "PDP type IPv6 only allowed"<br>(NOTE 1) |
| #19 "New PDN type due to single address bearer only" | #52 "single address bearers only allowed" | #52 "single address bearers only allowed" |
| NOTE 1: The actual NAS cause sent to the UE depends on the allocated IP address type. | | |

**Table C.3: Mapping from S11/S4 to NAS Cause values – Indication in request from SGW**

| Indication in a request / initial message from SGW to MME/S4-SGSN over S11/S4 | NAS ESM Cause to UE | SM Cause to UE |
|---|---|---|
| #8 "Reactivation Requested" (NOTE 1) | Shall be mapped to:<br>#39 "Reactivation requested" in the NAS bearer context deactivation procedure.<br>For the last PDN connection in E-UTRAN, "Reactivation requested" shall be mapped to "re-attach required" in the NAS detach type IE. | Shall be mapped to:<br>#39 "Reactivation requested" in the NAS bearer context deactivation procedure. |
| #9 "PDN reconnection to this APN disallowed" (NOTE 1) | Implementation specific NAS cause value indicating to the UE that the APN is not currently available. | Implementation specific NAS cause value indicating to the UE that the APN is not currently available. |

| | For the last PDN connection, NAS detach type IE should be set to "re-attach not required". | |
|---|---|---|
| NOTE 1: In Delete Bearer Request during the PGW initiated PDN connection deactivation procedure. | | |

**Table C.4: Mapping from NAS to S11/S4 Cause values – Rejection indication from MME/S4-SGSN**

| NAS ESM Cause from UE<br>(NOTE 1) | SM Cause from UE<br>(NOTE 1) | Reject indication from MME/S4-SGSN to SGW<br>over S11/S4<br>(NOTE 2) |
|---|---|---|
| #26 "Insufficient Resources" | #26 "Insufficient Resources" | #73 "No Resources available"<br>#88 "UE refuses" |
| #31 "Request rejected, unspecified" | #31 "Activation rejected, unspecified" | #94 "Request rejected"<br>#88 "UE refuses" |
| #41 "Semantic error in the TFT operation" | #41 "Semantic error in the TFT operation" | #74 "Semantic error in the TFT operation" |
| #42 "Syntactical error in the TFT operation" | #42 "Syntactical error in the TFT operation" | #75 "Syntactical error in the TFT operation" |
| #43 "Invalid EPS bearer identity" | #43 "Unknown PDP Context" | #64 "Context not found"<br>#88 "UE refuses" |
| #44 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)" | #44 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)" | #76 "Semantic errors in packet filter(s)" |
| #45 "Syntactical error in packet filter(s)" | #45 "Syntactical error in packet filter(s)" | #77 "Syntactical error in packet filter(s)" |
| #47 "PTI mismatch" | NA | #94 "Request rejected"<br>#88 "UE refuses" |
| NA | #48 "Request rejected, Bearer Control Mode violation" | #94 "Request rejected"<br>#88 "UE refuses" |
| #81 "Invalid PTI value" | NA | #94 "Request rejected"<br>#88 "UE refuses" |
| NOTE 1: See 3GPP TS 24.301 [23] and 3GPP TS 24.008 [5] for NAS ESM and SM causes respectively.<br>NOTE 2: When multiple GTPv2 Cause values are defined for a given NAS Cause value, any of those GTPv2 Cause values may be sent to the SGW based on implementation choice. | | |

# Annex D (Informative):
# Change History

| Date | TSG # | TSG Doc | CT4 Doc | CR | Rev | Cat | Subject/Comment | Old | New |
|------|-------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|
| 2008-12 | CT#42 | CP-080717 | | | | | V2.0.0 approved in CT#42 | 2.0.0 | 8.0.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090922 | 0001 | 2 | C | Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090520 | 0003 | 1 | C | Relocation Cancel Req/Res | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090834 | 0004 | 2 | C | Path Failure | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090878 | 0005 | 4 | F | Sections 1 through 6 Editorial Clean-up | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090879 | 0006 | 2 | C | Delete Session and Delete Bearer messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090902 | 0008 | 2 | C | Update User Plane messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090880 | 0017 | 2 | B | Cleanup in path management and bearer command messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090526 | 0018 | 1 | C | Create Session/Bearer Messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090901 | 0019 | 2 | C | Modify Bearer messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090991 | 0020 | 2 | C | IEs in CSFB related messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090570 | 0021 | 1 | C | Command Messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090939 | 0022 | 3 | C | Data Forwarding Info | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090970 | 0023 | 3 | C | Delete Bearer messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090941 | 0024 | 2 | C | Delete Session messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090574 | 0025 | 1 | F | Downlink Data Notification | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090942 | 0026 | 2 | F | Update Bearer messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090952 | 0027 | 2 | C | Secondary PDP Activation | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090874 | 0028 | 2 | C | Stop Paging | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090577 | 0030 | 1 | F | EPS Bearer Contexts Prioritization | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090875 | 0032 | 2 | F | Linked EPS Bearer ID | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090578 | 0034 | 1 | F | AMBR IE encoding | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090157 | 0035 | - | F | Authentication Failure Cause Code | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090580 | 0040 | 1 | F | Forward SRNS Context Notification | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090581 | 0041 | 1 | F | F-TEID IE clarification | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090214 | - | 0043 | 4 | F | SGW Selection during TAU and corrections to Grouped IEs | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090583 | 0043 | 1 | F | Identification Response algorithm information | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090798 | 0044 | 2 | F | IE Type ordering | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090945 | 0045 | 2 | F | Indication IE corrections | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090588 | 0048 | 1 | F | MM Context enhancements | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090590 | 0050 | 1 | F | Removal of Bearer ID List IE | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090591 | 0051 | 1 | F | Remove unused IP Address IEs | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090592 | 0052 | 1 | F | Selection Mode bits | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090593 | 0053 | 1 | F | Corrections to Trace Information IE | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090946 | 0054 | 2 | F | Trace Information IE to be included in S11 and S5/S8 messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090947 | 0055 | 3 | F | Trace Session Activation/Deactivation when UE is attached | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090691 | 0059 | 1 | B | New UE Time Zone IE Type | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090692 | 0060 | 1 | C | Release Access Bearers Request/Response | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090256 | C4-090935 | 0061 | 3 | B | Piggybacking of Dedicated Bearer Messages | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090933 | 0063 | 4 | C | Finalizing GTPv2 Error Handling clause | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090598 | 0064 | 1 | F | GTPv2 clause 9 and 10 cleanup | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090977 | 0066 | 4 | B | RAN Information Relay message | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090975 | 0067 | 2 | F | Bearer QoS encoding | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090694 | 0068 | 1 | F | Modify Bearer Response | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090932 | 0075 | 3 | C | Location Change Reporting | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090976 | 0077 | 2 | F | Cleanup on Cause Values | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090811 | 0080 | 1 | F | Non-3GPP Requests in GTPv2 | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090938 | 0082 | 3 | F | Support of IP address retrieval for ANRF | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090814 | 0083 | 1 | F | Support for error response for conflicting resource request | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090817 | 0085 | 1 | F | Clarification of Target ID vs Cell ID | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090936 | 0089 | 2 | F | TEID Value of the GTP header | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090826 | 0093 | 3 | B | Header for the Format of the GTPv2-C message | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090871 | 0094 | 3 | C | Finalization of Partial fault handling in GTPv2 | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090822 | 0095 | 1 | F | MSISDN encoding | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090823 | 0096 | 1 | F | IMSI encoding | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090829 | 0097 | 1 | C | PMIP error code reservation | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090549 | 0098 | - | F | Removal of Comprehension Required from messages 7.3.1 to 7.3.13 | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090550 | 0099 | - | F | Cause value for PGW not responding | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090551 | 0100 | - | F | Traffic Aggregate Description IE encoding | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090980 | 0101 | 3 | F | Protocol Stack | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090831 | 0102 | 1 | C | Reliable delivery for EPC | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090050 | C4-090915 | 0104 | - | F | Removal of reservation for message types of GTP-U | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |

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|------|-------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|
| 2009-03 | CT#43 | CP-090239 | - | 0105 | 1 | F | Essential correction to grouped IE type coding | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |
| 2009-03 | - | - | - | - | - | - | Some of the table formats corrected | 8.1.0 | 8.1.1 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091020 | 0107 | - | F | Suspend and Resume are also used for 1xRTT CS Fallback | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091459 | 0108 | 1 | F | Support for new cause code of "Unable to page UE due to CSFB" in Downlink Data Notification Acknowledgement. | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091460 | 0109 | 1 | F | Corrections on GTPv2 for 1x IWS IP address | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091461 | 0110 | 1 | F | Clarification of Operation Indication (OI) | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091463 | 0111 | 1 | F | Usage of User Location Information (ULI) IE | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091465 | 0112 | 1 | F | PGW S5/S8 IP Address in Context Response message | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091471 | 0114 | 1 | F | Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091537 | 0115 | 2 | F | Error_Handling. Withdrawn | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091473 | 0117 | 1 | F | PCO Extensions added to messages | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091474 | 0118 | 1 | F | Clarifications to message directions | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091103 | 0119 | - | F | Removal of specification drafting hints | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091475 | 0120 | 1 | F | ISR related alignments | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091476 | 0122 | 1 | F | Clarifications to grouped IE usage | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091586 | 0125 | 2 | F | Clarification to Recovery IE type | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091478 | 0127 | 1 | F | Missing conditions | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091480 | 0128 | 1 | F | Clarification of ARP encoding | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091115 | 0129 | - | F | Units for APN-AMBR | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091481 | 0131 | 2 | F | Clarification of Mobile Equipment Identity IE encoding | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091120 | 0134 | - | F | EPS Bearer Level TFT encoding | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091587 | 0136 | 2 | F | UE-initiated procedures with one bearer only | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091510 | 0137 | 2 | F | Combine UL and DL TFT IEs | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091512 | 0142 | 1 | F | PGW S5/S8 IP Address and TEID for user plane | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091513 | 0143 | 1 | F | Transaction Identifier information element | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091515 | 0147 | 1 | F | Delete Bearer Request | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091516 | 0149 | 2 | F | Modify Bearer Request for TAU without MME or SGW change | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091538 | 0150 | 2 | F | Use of APN, PAA in Create Session Request, and S5/S8-U PGW F-TEID in Create Session Response | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091540 | 0151 | 1 | F | Message table corrections | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091162 | 0153 | - | F | Presence requirement for IEs in response | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091537 | 0154 | 2 | F | Offending IE in the Cause IE | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091541 | 0156 | 1 | F | Minor corrections | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091542 | 0157 | 1 | F | FQ-CSID corrections | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091167 | 0158 | - | F | APN and FQDN encoding clarifications | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091168 | 0159 | - | F | Removal of Trace Information IE from Update Bearer Request | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091467 | 0160 | 1 | F | Corrections in PDN Connection group IE | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091543 | 0161 | 1 | F | Missing IEs in "Update Bearer Response" | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091548 | 0164 | 2 | F | PDN Type | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091549 | 0168 | 1 | F | IE corrections in Modify Bearer signalling | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091550 | 0169 | 2 | F | Create Session Request Clarification | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091202 | 0175 | - | F | TEID in Detach Notification/ACK | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091203 | 0176 | - | F | Condition of bearer context in Modify Bearer messages | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091544 | 0177 | 1 | F | Delete Session Request granularity | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091205 | 0178 | - | F | Deletion of IMSI in the Update Bearer Request | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091546 | 0180 | 1 | F | Delete Session Request/Response and Delete Bearer Request | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091551 | 0181 | 1 | F | Detach Notification | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091234 | 0183 | - | F | SGSN Info for Data Forwarding | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091462 | 0184 | 1 | F | Delete Session Request | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091561 | 0185 | 1 | F | APN AMBR clarification | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091552 | 0186 | 1 | F | Delete Bearer Request when ISR activated | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091553 | 0187 | 1 | F | Clarify the usage of the MS validated IE | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091557 | 0189 | 1 | F | UDP Source port and IP Source Address | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091241 | 0190 | - | F | Recovery IE | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091539 | 0192 | 1 | F | APN Information | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090500 | - | 0193 | 3 | F | Cause value | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091547 | 0195 | 1 | F | Cleanup indication | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091556 | 0196 | 1 | F | Cleanup the usage of some messages | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091545 | 0198 | 1 | F | Linked EPS Bearer ID | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |

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| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091514 | 0199 | 1 | F | PCO parameter | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091558 | 0200 | 1 | F | PDP Context Activation | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091464 | 0201 | 1 | F | User Location Info | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091559 | 0202 | 2 | F | F-Cause IE correction | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090288 | C4-091560 | 0206 | 1 | F | Message granularity | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090321 | - | 0209 | - | F | Bearer Context in the Modify Bearer Command | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090493 | - | 0210 | 1 | F | Sequence Number Extension | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090355 | - | 0212 | - | F | Bearer Resource Command clarification | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090485 | - | 0213 | 1 | F | Piggybacked message clarifications | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-06 | CT#44 | CP-090472 | - | 0214 | 1 | F | Corrections on handling Charging ID IE and Charging Characteristics IE | 8.1.1 | 8.2.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-091625 | 0215 | - | F | Usage of GTPv2-C Header | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092004 | 0216 | 1 | F | Create Session Request and Response | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092005 | 0217 | 1 | F | Cleanup Editors Note | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092008 | 0218 | 1 | F | Message format and Type values | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-091630 | 0220 | - | F | S16 Influence | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092012 | 0222 | 1 | F | MM Context | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-091633 | 0223 | - | F | F-Container | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-091635 | 0225 | - | F | Change Reporting Action | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092013 | 0226 | 1 | F | Procedure names | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092134 | 0228 | 3 | F | Changes to Create-Session-Request and Create-Session-Response messages | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092017 | 0229 | 1 | F | Changes to Modify-Bearer-Response | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092014 | 0232 | 2 | F | Piggybacking Clarifications | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092018 | 0236 | 1 | F | Delete Bearer Request Cause value for ISR deactivation | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092019 | 0237 | 2 | F | Modify Bearer Request Bearer Level QoS | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092020 | 0239 | 1 | F | Possible reject response Cause values in GTPv2 message descriptions | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092002 | 0241 | 1 | F | SGW F-TEID for S1-U, S12 and S4 for User Plane | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092103 | 0243 | 2 | F | Clarification on the usage of Version Not Supported Indication | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092074 | 0244 | 1 | F | Clarifications on Sender-F-TEID for CP and S3/S10/S16 CP IP Addr and TEID IEs | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092076 | 0245 | 1 | F | Cause Value in Echo Response | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-091722 | 0246 | - | F | Corrections in ULI IE and PDN Connection IE definitions | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092656 | 0247 | 3 | F | GTPv2 Initial and Triggered Message definition and Sequence Number handling | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092078 | 0249 | 1 | F | Missing Cause values in some message descriptions | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092711 | 0250 | 4 | F | Add TAC to Target Identification IE | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090533 | C4-092081 | 0256 | 1 | F | IMSI and Sender F-TEID in Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Messages | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092009 | 0258 | 1 | F | Indication in Forward Relocation messages | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092082 | 0259 | 1 | F | Paging cause | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-091784 | 0260 | - | F | Correlate the bearers in the Create Bearer Response | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092651 | 0261 | 3 | F | Cleanup cause values | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092104 | 0262 | 2 | F | Delete Bearer Failure Indication | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092083 | 0263 | 1 | F | Cleanup Modify Bearer Request | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092085 | 0264 | 2 | F | IEs in Response | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-091790 | 0266 | - | F | CS Paging Indication | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092086 | 0267 | 2 | F | Serving Network | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092636 | 0268 | 3 | F | Service Handover support | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092105 | 0269 | 3 | F | Fix incorrect interface name, incorrect reference and other misreading texts | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092106 | 0270 | 1 | F | Clarification on cause value for Downlink Data Notification Failure Indication | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092710 | 0271 | 2 | F | Clarification on the Authentication Vector handling | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092043 | 0276 | 1 | F | Clarification on Authentication Vector encoding | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092751 | 0278 | 5 | F | Clarification on Error indication for EPC and DT | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092112 | 0279 | 3 | F | Aligning MBR units to kbps | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092108 | 0281 | 1 | F | Clarification to the PGW's UP address in Create Session Response | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092686 | 0282 | 4 | F | Modify Bearer procedure for X2 and S1 based handovers | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |

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| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092109 | 0290 | 1 | F | Add necessary cause value to the Update Bearer Response | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092000 | 0292 | - | F | Update on Concurrent Running of Security Procedures | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092642 | 0295 | 2 | F | APN Restriction IE | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092644 | 0296 | 1 | F | Change Reporting IE | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092646 | 0297 | 1 | F | ULI Clarification | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092189 | 0301 | - | F | Charging ID | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090534 | C4-092647 | 0302 | 1 | F | Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request/Response | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092648 | 0303 | 1 | F | SGW F-TEID | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092649 | 0304 | 1 | F | BCM | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092652 | 0307 | 3 | F | Charging Gateway Address | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092653 | 0308 | 1 | F | LBI Clarifications for Gn/Gp Handovers | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092654 | 0309 | 1 | F | Trace management messages and IE related clarifications | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092655 | 0310 | 1 | F | Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel clarifications | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092635 | 0311 | 2 | F | Concurrent Running of Security Procedures | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092657 | 0315 | 1 | F | Cause value corrections | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092659 | 0316 | 1 | F | Identification Response | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092677 | 0317 | 1 | F | NSAPI and EBI in Forward Relocation Response | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092678 | 0318 | 1 | F | Cause in the CSFB related messages | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092650 | 0320 | 1 | F | Update Bearer Complete | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092679 | 0321 | 1 | F | PCO IE | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092368 | 0322 | - | F | Cleanup Trace Management messages | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092369 | 0323 | - | F | Cleanup section 5.3 and 8.12 | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092680 | 0324 | 1 | F | APN AMBR in the Create Bearer Request | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092681 | 0325 | 1 | F | UDP Source Port Number | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092372 | 0326 | - | F | Presence Requirments for grouped IE | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092709 | 0330 | 1 | F | Making PCO conditional for the Attach procedure | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092388 | 0332 | - | F | Echo usage alignment with stage 2 | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092397 | 0334 | - | F | Trace Depth per session | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092740 | 0335 | 4 | F | Backward compatibility requirements for presence | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092712 | 0338 | 1 | F | ECGI encoding correction | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092713 | 0339 | 1 | F | Consistant PDN type setting | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092714 | 0340 | 1 | F | GTP Cause value usage | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090729 | C4-092626 | 0341 | 1 | F | Partial failure handling alignment with stage 2 | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090729 | C4-092738 | 0342 | 2 | F | Partial failure handling for MME relocation w/o SGW relocation | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092634 | 0346 | 1 | F | Security Specification for GTPV2-C | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092715 | 0349 | 1 | F | Avoiding Source Port Overlap between GTPv2-C and GTPv2-C' | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090535 | C4-092478 | 0350 | - | F | Delete Bearer Command PCO removal | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090559 | C4-092061 | 0253 | 2 | B | Scope of GTP-C protocol | 8.2.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090559 | C4-092603 | 0254 | 4 | B | MBMS session management messages | 8.2.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090562 | C4-091934 | 0285 | 1 | C | IMEI based GTP Changes | 8.2.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090745 | - | 0286 | 4 | B | Unauthenticated IMSI for emergency in GTP | 8.2.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090562 | C4-092500 | 0343 | 1 | B | IMEI based Id in GTP messages | 8.2.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 2009-09 | CT#45 | CP-090562 | C4-092501 | 0344 | 1 | B | Unauthenticated IMSI in GTP messages | 8.2.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 2009-10 | CT#46 | | | | | | Editorial correction. Wrong style was used in Paragraph character 7.1.3. | 9.0.0 | 9.0.1 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-093160 | 0356 | 1 | A | Selection Mode IE | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090798 | C4-093288 | 0357 | 2 | B | PTP bearer fallback | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-092830 | 0359 | - | A | Bearer QoS in Modify Bearer Request | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-093705 | 0361 | 1 | A | Release Access Bearer Request | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-092834 | 0363 | - | A | Bearer context in Create Session messages | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-092857 | 0365 | - | A | ISRAI flag in the Forward Relocation Complete Notification | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-092861 | 0369 | - | A | Mapping between RAI, P-TMSI, P-TMSI signature and GUTI | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093329 | 0371 | 1 | A | APN IE encoding | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093331 | 0373 | 1 | A | Correction on the condition for resource release of other CN node | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090970 | - | 0375 | 2 | | APN Restriction | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093335 | 0377 | 1 | A | Cause value "Invalid reply from remote peer" | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093337 | 0380 | 1 | A | Indication Flags in Delete Session Request | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093339 | 0382 | 1 | A | Suspend | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |

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| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-092893 | 0386 | | A | Removal of forwarding Charging Gateway Address/Name to S4-SGSN | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-092893 | 0388 | 2 | A | Charging ID in S4-SGSN | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-092899 | 0390 | - | A | Correction of Message Direction for Create Session Response | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093345 | 0392 | 1 | A | PPC (Prohibit Payload Compression) alignment with Stage-2 | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093397 | 0393 | 3 | A | UE TimeZone and ULI included in Bearer Response messages | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090804 | C4-094229 | 0395 | 4 | B | Support for CSG based charging | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093278 | 0397 | 3 | A | User Location Information | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-094051 | 0399 | 2 | A | PDN type | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093004 | 0403 | - | A | Removal of ULI from Release Access Bearer Req | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093006 | 0405 | - | A | Removal of NSAPI IE | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093270 | 0407 | 2 | A | Indication IE clarification | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093262 | 0409 | 3 | A | Addition of uplink, downlink F-TEIDs in Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Request and Response messages | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093351 | 0411 | 2 | A | Clarifications on use of the Sender-F-TEID for CP in HO procedure | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-093034 | 0417 | - | A | Clarifications to MSISDN coding | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-094038 | 0419 | 2 | A | Enhanced handling of RFSP index at the SGSN/MME | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-094040 | 0423 | 2 | A | TFT related error handling | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-094036 | 0425 | 4 | A | Essential correction to the Indirect Data Forwarding procedure | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-094042 | 0434 | - | A | Correcting misaligned IE presence type statements | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-094044 | 0438 | 1 | A | Correcting PCO conditions in Modify Bearer Response | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-094184 | 0442 | 2 | A | Delete Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel messages | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090777 | C4-094094 | 0448 | 1 | A | SRVCC - voice bearer handling in PS HO / DTM scenarios | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090975 | - | 0450 | 2 | A | NAS Count value | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-094049 | 0452 | 1 | A | Charging Characteristics value for active PDN connections | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090786 | C4-094071 | 0453 | 1 | F | eNodeB Cause and RANAP Cause corrections | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-093647 | 0455 | - | A | Change the NSAPI to EBI in the PFI IE | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-093649 | 0457 | - | A | Enhanced SRNS Relocation Procedure | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-093651 | 0459 | - | A | Forward Access Context Acknowledge | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-093668 | 0461 | - | A | Correct the message Modify Bearer Request | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-094059 | 0471 | 1 | A | Cleanup Suspend Notification message | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090769 | C4-094059 | 0475 | 1 | A | Forward Relocation Request: Selected PLMN ID | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2009-12 | CT#46 | CP-090770 | C4-094074 | 0484 | 1 | A | Change Reporting Action | 9.0.1 | 9.1.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100767 | 0493 | 1 | A | Essential clarification to MME executed TAU procedure | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100972 | 0495 | 5 | A | Essential correction to the MM context IE type | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100142 | 0497 | 1 | A | Resolving ambiguity for Target Identification IE coding | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100276 | 0504 | | A | PCO | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100788 | 0506 | 1 | A | RFSP Index | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100049 | C4-100836 | 0508 | 1 | B | Include CSG ID and CSG Membership Indication in S3 and S10 | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100035 | C4-100970 | 0510 | 2 | F | Location change reporting in EPS | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100019 | C4-100318 | 0512 | | A | The encoding of APN IE | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100793 | 0514 | 1 | A | Indirect Data Forwarding | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100800 | 0516 | 2 | A | HSS/PGW initiated Bearer QoS Modification procedure | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100856 | 0518 | 1 | A | APN IE description correction | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100960 | 0520 | 2 | A | P-TMSI Signature | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100035 | C4-100756 | 0521 | 1 | F | Corrections to the RAN Information Management procedures | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100396 | 0523 | | A | Source Identification for E-UTRAN to GERAN handover | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100049 | C4-100839 | 0524 | 1 | B | Handovers to HeNB cells | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100866 | 0530 | 1 | A | Granularity | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100720 | 0533 | 2 | A | Change Reporting Support Indicator | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |

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| 2010 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100416 | 0535 | | A | MM Context IE type correction | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100027 | C4-100992 | 0537 | 2 | A | Removal of TEIDs for PS voice bearer UP in Bearer Context for SRVCC | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100420 | 0539 | | A | Correction on the presence condition of Charging ID IE on S4 | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100035 | C4-100995 | 0541 | 3 | F | Suspend | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100876 | 0548 | 1 | A | Modify Octets Sequence Number of RAB Context IE | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100878 | 0550 | 1 | A | Revive the cause value "User Authentication Failed" in the Create Session Response | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100035 | C4-100883 | 0554 | 1 | F | Fix PCO handling by defining it per bearer | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100974 | 0556 | 2 | A | Fix PDN Connection Grouped Type | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100976 | 0558 | 2 | A | Correction on the down link notification failure procedure | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100979 | 0565 | 2 | A | Correction of the presence condtion of IEs | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100784 | 0567 | 1 | A | Figure number, Information element and message usage | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100981 | 0569 | 2 | A | 2G related parameters in the Forward Relocation Request and Context Response | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100983 | 0577 | 2 | A | Essential correction to the Create Bearer Request message | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100906 | 0581 | 1 | A | Essential correction to FTEID IE | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100985 | 0583 | 2 | A | Essential correction to Modify Bearer Request for non-3GPP to 3GPP handover | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100601 | 0585 | | A | Removal of unncessary cause "Unexpected repeated IE" | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100022 | C4-100913 | 0587 | 1 | A | Removal of indirect uplink data forwarding from Inter RAT handovers | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-03 | CT#47 | CP-100021 | C4-100778 | 0591 | 1 | A | Trace alignment with TS 32.422 | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101479 | 0599 | 1 | A | Essential corrections to M-TMSI mapping | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101580 | 0603 | 3 | A | Change Notification | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101480 | 0605 | 1 | F | Fix missing conditional description for IEs in the context response message | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101486 | 0614 | 1 | A | Change Reporting Support Indication | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101489 | 0618 | 1 | A | Handover/Relocation cancel procedure | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101491 | 0624 | 1 | A | ULI in the Modify Bearer Request message | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101495 | 0626 | 1 | A | MM context IE encoding | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101583 | 0635 | 2 | A | MBR in handover from non-3GPP to 3GPP | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101537 | 0637 | 1 | F | Suspend over S16 | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101504 | 0642 | 1 | A | Adding Service indicator to CS Paging Indication | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101599 | 0647 | 3 | A | Fallback to GTPv1 | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101553 | 0650 | 2 | A | Essential correction to ULI IE condition in Modify Bearer Request message | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101555 | 0657 | 1 | A | TEID in Change Notification | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101558 | 0659 | 1 | A | Charging ID | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101291 | 0664 | | A | Alert MME Notification / UE Activity Notification procedure on S3 interface | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101585 | 0540 | 4 | F | Leave CSG Cell indication | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101484 | 0609 | 1 | F | Use of Rejection Cause values | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101597 | 0616 | 2 | F | Flow QoS in the Bearer Resource Command message | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101498 | 0633 | 1 | F | Correction to the reference in Create indirect DF Tunnel Request | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101459 | 0638 | 1 | F | Removal of FFS | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101465 | 0673 | 1 | F | Message type table | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101609 | 0639 | 3 | F | Implicit resume | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101463 | 0670 | 1 | F | Cause IE type | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101593 | 0667 | 2 | F | Clarifications to redundant IEs | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101462 | 0669 | 1 | F | EBI value range and coding | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101461 | 0651 | 1 | F | Cause IE enhancements to distinguish errors in the message level IE versus errors in the grouped IE within the message | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100281 | C4-101464 | 0672 | 1 | F | Bearer Resource Command usage | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100287 | C4-101259 | 0654 | | F | Sn-U SGSN F-TEID | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100287 | C4-101608 | 0640 | 2 | F | Allocation and Retention Priority for MBMS E-RAB | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100266 | C4-101601 | 0678 | 1 | F | Handling of Create Session Request message on TEID 0 for existing PDN connection | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100298 | | 0680 | | A | Essential correction for the Initial Attach procedure | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |

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| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100276 | C4-101157 | 0612 | | F | Transferring of UE's usage setting and voice capability between CN nodes | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-06 | CT#48 | CP-100408 | | 0544 | 6 | F | Clarifying the bearers to be deactivated on the S5/S8 interface | 9.2.0 | 9.3.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101932 | 0607 | 5 | F | Fix Sudden disconnection after the inter RAT MM attempt | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100445 | C4-101921 | 0630 | 4 | A | IP Address IE clarification | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-101926 | 0681 | 2 | F | Serving Network semantics | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100444 | C4-101678 | 0685 | | A | Originating Node | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100444 | C4-101876 | 0687 | 1 | A | Condition of ISRAI Flag | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100444 | C4-101878 | 0689 | 1 | A | PDN Connection for Subscription Data Change | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100580 | C4-102309 | 0690 | 4 | F | Clarification for Create Session Response | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101922 | 0693 | 2 | F | An exception to use GTPv2 | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101713 | 0694 | | F | IEs to be included in rejection response messages | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101927 | 0695 | 2 | F | Ambiguity for encoding MBR/GBR | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101715 | 0696 | | F | Wrong reference to DRX parameter | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101716 | 0697 | | F | Selection Mode | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101930 | 0701 | 2 | F | Stop CSG Information Reporting | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101747 | 0702 | | F | Create Session Request/Response and Modify Bearer Request/Response for RAU procedure | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101748 | 0703 | | F | Suspend message on S3 interface | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100445 | C4-101884 | 0705 | 1 | A | Cause value in Detach Notification | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100445 | C4-101886 | 0707 | 1 | A | S1 based handover cancel | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100445 | C4-101904 | 0709 | 1 | A | Used NAS integrity protection algorithm values | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101923 | 0711 | 2 | F | TAU with Active Flag | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100452 | C4-101905 | 0716 | 1 | F | Trace Report File LDNs | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100445 | C4-101891 | 0718 | 1 | A | Change Notification Response | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-102319 | 0723 | 1 | F | Presence rules and error handling for embedded IEs | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-102305 | 0724 | 1 | F | Dual Address Bearer Flag | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-102306 | 0726 | 1 | F | Rejecting the dedicated bearer related procedure from MME to SGW and PGW | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100636 | - | 0727 | 2 | F | Correction to condition of sending Context Acknowledge message | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-102310 | 0729 | 2 | F | Clarification to the OI flag usage in Delete Session Request | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-102320 | 0732 | 1 | F | Correcting non-existent Cause value | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100444 | C4-102324 | 0736 | 1 | A | Resume messages | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100444 | C4-102318 | 0738 | 1 | A | LAI field | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100444 | C4-102326 | 0740 | 1 | A | P-TMSI Signature | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100453 | C4-102384 | 0744 | 2 | F | Change Reporting Support Indication | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-102353 | 0745 | 1 | F | Error handling | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-102354 | 0746 | 1 | F | Flow QoS IE | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100444 | C4-102329 | 0748 | 1 | A | PDN Connection for Subscription Data Change | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100444 | C4-102331 | 0750 | 1 | A | E-UTRAN to HRPD handover | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-102208 | 0751 | | F | Correcting type value of the MBMS Session Start Response message | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-102229 | 0754 | | F | GTP protocol errors | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100451 | C4-102357 | 0755 | 1 | F | Essential Clarification in Forward Relocation Response message | 9.3.0 | 9.4.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100469 | C4-102302 | 0662 | 4 | B | New Modify Access Bearers procedure | 9.4.0 | 10.0.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100469 | C4-102382 | 0698 | 6 | B | Notification of supported features between peer GTP-C entities | 9.4.0 | 10.0.0 |
| 2010-09 | CT#49 | CP-100469 | C4-102300 | 0734 | 1 | B | Length of IPv6 Prefix | 9.4.0 | 10.0.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-102766 | 0758 | 1 | F | OI flag in Delete Session Request alignment with stage | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-102836 | 0762 | 3 | B | ISR in Delete Bearer Request | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-103277 | 0787 | 4 | B | PGW Restart Notification | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-102912 | 0798 | 2 | F | Feature definition for the Modify Access Bearers procedure | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-102771 | 0799 | 1 | F | Modify Access Bearers procedure during Inter-MME Intra-SGW TAU | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-103274 | 0812 | 1 | F | Clarifications to Failure Indication type of messages | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-103362 | 0817 | 2 | B | EPS Bearer ID in Downlink Data Notification message | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-103276 | 0818 | 1 | F | Clarifying possible cause value sets | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-103343 | 0823 | 2 | F | SGSN Failure handling | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |

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| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-103283 | 0835 | 1 | F | Handover Indication | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100695 | C4-103288 | 0842 | 1 | F | Cause values for Delete Bearer Request | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100688 | C4-103315 | 0848 | 2 | B | MME/SGSN overload control by throttling of DL low priority traffic | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-102779 | 0773 | 1 | A | Suspend and Resume procedure | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-102781 | 0775 | 1 | A | Range for BSSGP Cause | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-102783 | 0777 | 1 | A | RAT Type in the Modify Bearer Request message | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-102514 | 0781 | - | A | ISR for SGW | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-102787 | 0783 | 1 | A | ISR in the Detach procedure | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-102789 | 0789 | 1 | A | Missing Cause Code mapping for IRAT Handover between GERAN and EUTRAN | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-102556 | 0794 | - | A | Voice bearer flag | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-102794 | 0801 | 1 | A | MBMS corrections | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-103238 | 0821 | 1 | A | CSG Reporting | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-102938 | 0825 | - | A | Target Identification | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-103322 | 0830 | 2 | A | Reporting UE Time Zone changes | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-103249 | 0838 | 1 | A | Essential correction for UE Timezone reporting | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100675 | C4-103331 | 0846 | 2 | A | ISR activated flag | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100672 | C4-103294 | 0851 | 1 | F | Determination of type of source node during TAU/RAU | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100674 | C4-102775 | 0765 | 1 | A | Essential correction to Create Indirect Data Forwarding Tunnel Response | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100686 | C4-102796 | 0767 | 1 | B | GTP-C Information Elements for GTP based S2b interface | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100686 | C4-102539 | 0786 | - | B | Delete PDN Connection Set | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100686 | C4-102560 | 0796 | - | B | Addition of GTP over S2b to clauses 1 to 6 | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100686 | C4-103135 | 0797 | 3 | B | Create Session Request/Response & Create Bearer Request/Response | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100686 | C4-102599 | 0802 | - | B | Delete Session and Bearer messages | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100686 | C4-102629 | 0804 | - | B | Modify Bearer Command/Failure Indication and Update Bearer Req/Rsp | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100686 | C4-102650 | 0807 | - | B | Trace Session Activation/Deactivation for GTP-S2b | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100686 | C4-103300 | 0839 | 1 | B | Handling of Create Session Request message on header TEID = 0 | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100687 | C4-102928 | 0769 | 2 | B | Downlink data notification information for MPS services | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100667 | C4-102970 | 0828 | - | A | UE Time Zone adjustments | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2010-12 | CT#50 | CP-100669 | C4-103340 | 0816 | 2 | F | Essential alignment with PMIP spec | 10.0.0 | 10.1.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110875 | 0921 | 1 | B | Data Delay Notification | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110585 | 0916 | - | F | Clean up with GTP-C Information Elements | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110831 | 0911 | 1 | F | Inclusion of Node Type in DDN Failure Indication when the ISR is active | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110828 | 0897 | 1 | F | Create Session Response | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110479 | 0896 | - | F | UE Network Capability IE | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110955 | 0895 | 2 | F | Adding "Initial", "Triggered" and "Initial or triggered by a Command" attributes to the messages in table 6.1 | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110826 | 0894 | 1 | D | Adding a separate subclause for TEID=0 | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110825 | 0893 | 1 | F | Removing optional Cause IE from Echo Response | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110830 | 0875 | 2 | F | RAT type clarification for S4-SGSN | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110331 | 0874 | 1 | F | Essential correction to the table NOTE for the Create Session Response message | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110369 | 0872 | 1 | F | Error Indication for SGW | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110257 | 0871 | 1 | D | Cleanup for GTPv2 | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110392 | 0870 | 2 | F | RAT Type in Modify Access Bearers Request | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110112 | 0869 | - | F | Bearer context in Modify Bearer Request | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110062 | 0860 | - | F | S1-U eNodeB F-TEID IE in the Modify Access Bearers Request | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110322 | 0855 | 1 | F | Correction for VNSI | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110064 | C4-110882 | 0844 | 6 | F | Serving Network IE | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110061 | C4-110548 | 0856 | 2 | B | APN based congestion control | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110061 | C4-110310 | 0858 | 1 | B | Low access priority indicator | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110060 | C4-110348 | 0859 | 1 | B | EBI and ARP IEs in Downlink Data Notification | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110049 | C4-110994 | 0918 | 2 | A | Protocol Configuration Options (PCO) in Delete Bearer Response | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110049 | C4-110889 | 0901 | 1 | A | UE Time Zone condition Delete Session Request | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110049 | C4-10971 | 0889 | 3 | A | Subscribed UE-AMBR in mobility procedure | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |

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| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110049 | C4-110990 | 0884 | 5 | A | Essential correction to the fallback to GTPv1 feature | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110049 | C4-110333 | 0881 | 1 | A | RAT Type in the Modify bearer request message | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110049 | C4-110170 | 0879 | - | A | Missed procedures for the Delete Session Request and Response messages | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110049 | C4-110330 | 0866 | 1 | A | Correction to passing of LDN | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110049 | C4-110074 | 0862 | - | A | S103 resource release | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110049 | C4-110186 | 0886 | - | A | Essential correction to the to GTPv2 cause table | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110042 | C4-110979 | 0914 | 1 | A | Essential correction to the encoding of Target RNC-ID | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110056 | C4-111009 | 0887 | 5 | B | Unsupported Bearer Handling for LIPA | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110083 | C4-110952 | 0892 | 3 | B | Adding IMSI to DDN | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110053 | C4-110824 | 0899 | 1 | A | Temporary Mobile Group Identity | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110042 | C4-110365 | 0867 | 1 | A | Correcting IE Type for Bearer QoS IE from Variable to Extendable | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110266 | - | 0903 | 2 | A | UE Time Zone condition in Modify Bearer Request | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110059 | C4-110583 | 0915 | - | B | Serving network in the Create Session Request message | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-03 | CT#51 | CP-110072 | C4-110887 | 0923 | - | B | CS BIT to be available for initial message | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 |
| 2011-05 | | | | | | | Editorial correction in section 7.10 because of misimplantation of CT#51 agreed CR C4-110990 | 10.2.0 | 10.2.1 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110355 | C4-111629 | 0927 | 2 | A | Mapping of ASN.1/PER parameters to GTPv2 IEs | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110355 | C4-111630 | 0940 | 3 | F | Downlink Data Notification for S4 | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110355 | C4-111551 | 0964 | 1 | A | IE Type Extendable Corrections | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110366 | C4-111596 | 0930 | 2 | A | Fix SRVCC related data transfer between MMEs/SGSNs | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110366 | C4-111529 | 0932 | 1 | A | UE Time Zone IE in Delete Session Request message | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110366 | C4-111409 | 0943 | 1 | A | Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110366 | C4-111545 | 0953 | 1 | A | Temporary Rejection Cause | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110366 | C4-111556 | 0958 | 1 | A | Cause IE in DDN message | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110378 | C4-111656 | 0928 | 2 | B | Alignment with stage 2 for EPC node restart with active ISR | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110374 | C4-111434 | 0924 | 1 | F | Setting a sequence number in a Command | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110374 | C4-111487 | 0941 | 1 | F | Clarification for Create Session Response | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110374 | C4-111488 | 0944 | 2 | F | Max MBR/APN-AMBR | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110374 | C4-111613 | 0947 | 3 | F | Inactive Emergency PDN Handling | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110374 | C4-111236 | 0948 | | B | ARP supporting on M3 interface for MBMS | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110374 | C4-111237 | 0949 | | F | Downlink Data Notification message | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011 | CT#52 | CP-110374 | C4-111495 | 0950 | 1 | F | Serving Network | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110374 | C4-111593 | 0956 | 2 | F | Serving Network IE in Modify Bearer Request | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-06 | CT#52 | CP-110369 | C4-111164 | 0945 | | B | LAPI during UE initiated bearer resource allocation / modification procedures | 10.2.1 | 10.3.0 |
| 2011-08 | | | | | | | Editorial correction in section 7.10 because of misimplantation of CT#51 agreed CR C4-110990 | 10.3.0 | 10.3.1 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110721 | - | 0969 | 1 | A | Additional MM context for SRVCC | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110557 | C4-112158 | 0977 | 1 | A | Condition for sending Cause IE with DBReq during a HO from 3GPP to non-3GPP | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110557 | C4-112160 | 0986 | 1 | A | Essential Clarification for SGSN pool | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110557 | C4-112162 | 0994 | 1 | A | Essential correction to handling of EPDN session for UICCless UE | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110557 | C4-112169 | 0996 | 1 | A | Correction to ULI and UCI IE inclusion condition in Change Notification Req | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110557 | C4-112191 | 1000 | 1 | A | Correction to header TEID of Suspend Notification over S3/S16 | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110557 | C4-112195 | 1002 | 1 | A | Extended IE handling when received fields are less than expected fields | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110557 | C4-112199 | 1016 | 1 | A | Cause Code for DDN | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110574 | C4-112225 | 0975 | 3 | F | MDT configuration information | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110567 | C4-111754 | 0980 | | F | Correction to Create Session Response LDN IEs | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110567 | C4-112204 | 0982 | 2 | F | IP address parameter | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110567 | C4-112136 | 0967 | 1 | F | Signalling path failure handling | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110567 | C4-112145 | 0983 | 1 | F | Node Type | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110567 | C4-112146 | 0987 | 1 | F | Clarification for Context Not Found | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |

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| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110567 | C4-112147 | 0988 | 1 | F | Recovery IE in MBMS Session Stop Response message | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110567 | C4-111839 | 1001 |  | F | Removal of PCO from Failed Bearer Context of Delete Bearer Request | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110567 | C4-111906 | 1006 |  | F | Downlink Data Notification for S4 | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110557 | C4-112193 | 1010 | 1 | F | MEI in Modify Bearer Request | 10.3.1 | 10.4.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110577 | C4-112130 | 0972 | 1 | F | OI flag in Delete Session Request | 10.4.0 | 11.0.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110577 | C4-112131 | 0973 | 1 | F | Clarification to DAF PAA usage | 10.4.0 | 11.0.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110577 | C4-111715 | 0974 |  | F | Correcting Port Number IE type definition | 10.4.0 | 11.0.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110584 | C4-112231 | 0989 | 3 | B | Add vSRVCC updates to the GTP based interfaces | 10.4.0 | 11.0.0 |
| 2011-09 | CT#53 | CP-110577 | C4-112132 | 0990 | 1 | F | Clarification on the Bearer Contexts to be removed IE in Modify Access Bearers Request message | 10.4.0 | 11.0.0 |
| 2011-09 |  |  |  |  |  |  | CR 0914r1 title in history table corrected as in CR database. | 11.0.0 | 11.0.1 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112268 | 1026 |  | F | Delete Session Response | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112506 | 1037 | 1 | F | Bearer Resource Command | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112318 | 1049 |  | F | Clarification on the length restriction of PCO, TFT IE | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112462 | 1035 | 1 | F | Correction on SGW-FQ-CSID | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110790 | C4-112551 | 1051 | 3 | A | Correction to Downlink Data Notification message due to control plane signalling | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110790 | C4-112547 | 1048 | 2 | A | MBMS IP Multicast Distribution IE | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110784 | C4-112486 | 1054 | 2 | A | Defining the fixed number of octets for extendable IEs | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110790 | C4-112363 | 1063 |  | A | Delete Session Request granularity | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110782 | C4-112523 | 1058 | 2 | A | Essential correction to the TAD IE inclusion in Bearer Resource Command over S4 | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112515 | 1059 | 2 | F | Fix inconsistency within the specification for GTP version handling | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112298 | 1036 |  | F | IE conditions in some message | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110790 | C4-112498 | 1065 | 1 | A | Indirect Data Forwarding messages | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110790 | C4-112477 | 1019 | 2 | A | Referencing Information Elements defined outside GTP | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112461 | 1033 | 1 | F | Scope Indication IE in Delete Session Request | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112511 | 1061 | 1 | F | ULI in the Create Session Request | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112507 | 1038 | 1 | F | Update PDN Connection Set Request | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110784 | C4-112900 | 1022 | 2 | A | Essential clarification on F-TEID in Create Bearer Response | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110784 | C4-113164 | 1030 | 3 |  | Modify Bearer Request as implicit resume | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110784 | C4-113167 | 1080 | 2 | A | User CSG Information in TAU/RAU procedures | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110784 | C4-113143 | 1083 | 2 | A | Missing Originating Node IE when ISR is active | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110784 | C4-113069 | 1088 | 1 | A | Correction to the Sender F-TEID IE description of the Forward Relocation Request | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110784 | C4-113113 | 1103 | 2 | A | Missing Cause Value for MUPSAP | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110784 | C4-113139 | 1106 | 2 | A | Downlink bearers release during mobility procedure | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-113086 | 1027 | 2 | F | SRNS relocation w/o PDN connection | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-113144 | 1066 | 3 | F | PDN Type and DAF dependency case | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-113087 | 1072 | 1 | F | TFT in the SGW for PMIP based S5/S8 interface | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-113088 | 1073 | 1 | F | MBMS Flow ID in the MBMS Session Stop message | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-113145 | 1085 | 2 | C | Change Notification Reporting with Non-Zero TEID | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-113093 | 1090 | 1 | F | LBI in the Delete Bearer Request | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112753 | 1091 | - | F | DRX parameter | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-112754 | 1092 | - | B | ZUC based EEA3 and EIA3 security algorithm | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110810 | C4-113116 | 1098 | 2 | F | Suspend Notification | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110790 | C4-113064 | 1075 | 1 | A | PCO IE in the Modify Bearer Request message | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110790 | C4-113071 | 1094 | 1 | A | IMEI not known cause | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110790 | C4-113077 | 1096 | 2 | A | Correction on the bearer context for modification procedure | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110790 | C4-112883 | 1108 | - |  | UE Time Zone condition in Modify Bearer Request | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110815 | C4-112975 | 1067 | 1 | B | PGW restoration upon PGW failure w/o restart | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110792 | C4-113160 | 1070 | 3 | A | Authentication with external networks over GTP S2b | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |

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|------|-------|---------|---------|----|----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|
| 2011-12 | CT#54 | CP-110816 | C4-112698 | 1086 | - | B | Add vSRVCC indicator to Delete Bearer Command | 11.0.1 | 11.1.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120017 | C4-120016 | 1117 | - | A | Handover to CSG cell with emergency bearer | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120017 | C4-120022 | 1120 | - | A | Pre-Rel-7 QoS description correction | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120017 | C4-120426 | 1126 | 2 | A | Reserved Bearer Context at SRNS Relocation | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120017 | C4-120429 | 1146 | 2 | A | Higher bitrates than 16 Mbps flag | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120017 | C4-120435 | 1180 | 1 | A | ULI reporting for S4 | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120026 | C4-120520 | 1133 | 6 | A | UE Requested Bearer Resource Modification Procedure | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120026 | C4-120041 | 1135 | - | A | Presence requirements of Information Elements | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120026 | C4-120161 | 1141 | 2 | A | Max MBR/APN-AMBR in enhanced SRNS relocation procedure | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120026 | C4-120085 | 1147 | 1 | A | Clarification of Echo Response | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120026 | C4-120095 | 1152 | 1 | A | Location change reporting support indication related correction | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120026 | C4-120101 | 1154 | 1 | A | Fix Inter RAT HO issue when ISR active | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120036 | C4-120573 | 1077 | 4 | F | Bearer Context to be modified in the Modify Bearer Request message | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120036 | C4-120500 | 1113 | 2 | F | Mapping between S11/S4 and NAS Cause values | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120036 | C4-120078 | 1114 | 1 | C | Absolute time for MBMS data transfer start and stop | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120036 | C4-120083 | 1155 | 1 | F | Cause code description | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120036 | C4-120142 | 1158 | - | F | SRVCC PS to CS Response | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120036 | C4-120503 | 1170 | 1 | F | Charging ID for Non-3GPP IP Access | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120036 | C4-120504 | 1171 | 1 | F | Sender's F-TEID for Control Plane | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120036 | C4-120505 | 1173 | 1 | F | Clean up of the irrelevant cause codes from the GTPv2 triggered messages | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120036 | C4-120510 | 1175 | 2 | F | PGW based provisioning of the DNS server address for the S2b interface | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120036 | C4-120354 | 1177 | - | F | GTPv2 header | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120042 | C4-120584 | 1159 | 2 | B | New IEs for ePDG scenario | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120041 | C4-120168 | 1161 | - | F | Voice/Video bearer for vSRVCC | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120045 | C4-120232 | 1163 | - | B | Addition of GTP based S2a in clauses 1 to 6 | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120045 | C4-120457 | 1164 | 1 | B | Create Session Request on GTP based S2a | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120045 | C4-120459 | 1165 | 1 | B | Create Bearer Request on GTP based S2a | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120045 | C4-120460 | 1166 | 1 | B | Delete Session Request & Delete Bearer Request on GTP based S2a | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120045 | C4-120461 | 1167 | 1 | B | Modify Bearer Command & Update Bearer Request on GTP based S2a | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120045 | C4-120462 | 1168 | 1 | B | Trace Session Activation & Deactivation on GTP based S2a | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-03 | CT#55 | CP-120045 | C4-120238 | 1169 | - | B | Delete PDN Connection Set on GTP based S2a | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120230 | C4-120671 | 1156 | 1 | B | CSR and MBR message for SGW restoration procedure | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120230 | C4-120964 | 1157 | 3 | B | Context Response message | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120233 | C4-120892 | 1162 | 2 | F | Reporting of H(e)NB local IP address and port | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-121239 | 1182 | 5 | | | | |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-121327 | 1183 | 5 | F | Adding Originating Node IE to the Delete Session Request for ISR cases | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120233 | C4-120891 | 1186 | 1 | B | Updated UE local IP in S2b procedure | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120240 | C4-120926 | 1187 | 2 | B | Network provided Location Information | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120224 | C4-120847 | 1191 | 1 | A | CFSI in the modify access bearers request | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-120860 | 1194 | - | F | The usage of TEID0 | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120230 | C4-120696 | 1195 | - | B | Inclusion of MME/S4-SGSN Identifier | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120230 | C4-120888 | 1196 | 1 | B | PGW Downlink Triggering Notification/Acknowledge | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120234 | C4-120945 | 1197 | 2 | B | Additions for CS to PS SRVCC | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-120861 | 1198 | 1 | F | Mapping of NAS ESM/SM Cause codes to S11/S4 Cause codes | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-121236 | 1199 | 3 | F | Release of old S3 GTP-C TEIDs during I-RAT HO with ISR active | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-120963 | 1200 | 2 | F | ULI inclusion condition during Service Request procedure when ISR is active | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120238 | C4-120881 | 1201 | 1 | B | Addition of Subnet Mask and Default Router Address in Create Session Response for Trusted WLAN Access over S2a | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-120867 | 1202 | 1 | F | Clarify mandatory/conditional IE inclusion in error response msg | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |

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|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-121335 | 1210 | 2 | F | TAD in the Bearer Resource Command message | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-121078 | 1211 | - | F | More choices of mapping between GTPv2 cause code to the NAS ESM/SM Cause codes | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-121237 | 1213 | 1 | F | Extended RNC ID in Target Identification IE | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-06 | CT#56 | CP-120228 | C4-121242 | 1214 | 1 | F | Clarification to "SGW node name" & "SGW S11/S4 IP Address and TEID for Control Plane" IE presence conditions | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120448 | C4-121552 | 1230 | - | A | SGW DL/UL F-TEID for data forwarding in Forward Relocation Response message | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120477 | C4-121718 | 1216 | 1 | B | RAT Type for EPC access via TWAN | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120457 | C4-121370 | 1217 | - | F | Encoding of Absolute Time of MBMS Data Transfer | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120457 | C4-121778 | 1219 | 2 | F | Sender"s F-TEID in the Forward Relocation Response | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120457 | C4-121431 | 1221 | - | F | Presence condition of APN-AMBR in the Modify Bearer Response message | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120457 | C4-121700 | 1222 | 2 | F | GTP Tunnel | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120457 | C4-121739 | 1224 | 1 | F | Delete Session Request usage in SGW with active ISR | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120457 | C4-121495 | 1226 | - | F | Context Request note error | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120457 | C4-121549 | 1228 | - | | PAA clarification for PDN type IPv4v6 | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120457 | C4-121779 | 1232 | 2 | F | F-TEID interface types for Indirect Forwarding | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120457 | C4-121780 | 1233 | 2 | F | Zero TEID Usage In Relocation Cancel Response | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120457 | C4-121753 | 1235 | 1 | F | PDP connection inactivity timer expires | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120475 | C4-121725 | 1220 | 1 | B | MSV flag in rSRVCC procedure | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120475 | C4-121729 | 1236 | - | B | Selected PLMN ID | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-09 | CT#57 | CP-120656 | - | 1237 | 1 | F | Reference list correction to align with the corrected TS 29.212 title | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120718 | C4-122178 | 1240 | 1 | A | Removal of Maximum MBR/APN-AMBR | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120718 | C4-122560 | 1243 | 3 | A | Change to Report Flags for delayed reporting of change of SN/TZ during inter-CN node mobility | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120718 | C4-122227 | 1270 | 1 | A | Additional MBR for delayed reporting of change of SN/TZ/UCI | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120718 | C4-122672 | 1291 | 3 | A | Delete Bearer Request with ISR deactivation | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4122224 | 1231 | 4 | F | Adding a Cause Value in Delete Session Request message | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-121883 | 1238 | - | F | Forward Relocation Request over the S3 interface | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-121896 | 1244 | - | F | Corrections to reference titles and octet numbering of IE definitions | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-121897 | 1245 | - | F | Clarifications on sending/new node and receiving/old node about Identification Request message | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-121910 | 1246 | - | F | Multiple CSID | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-121911 | 1247 | - | F | TEID of the Change Notification Request and Response messages | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122557 | 1253 | 3 | F | Suspend Notification/Acknowledge message in SGSN pool | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-121937 | 1254 | - | F | Sender F-TEID IE in Modify Bearer Request message | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122171 | 1262 | 1 | F | Clarification of Delete Bearer Failure Indication | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122225 | 1263 | 2 | F | Cause value 'ISR deactivation' | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122173 | 1264 | 1 | F | IPv4 address allocation | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122174 | 1265 | 1 | C | Sender F-TEID in DDN msg (network triggered service restoration procedure) | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122047 | 1268 | - | F | Correction to IP Address Instance values in CSReq & MBReq | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122290 | 1273 | - | F | Clarifications on value definitions of PDN Type, Security Mode and Used NAS Cipher IE | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122558 | 1276 | 1 | F | Clarification on UCI in Create Session Request message during SGW relocation | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122566 | 1283 | 1 | F | Change reporting requested by PCRF | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122556 | 1294 | 1 | F | Selected PLMN ID | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120739 | C4-122575 | 1271 | 1 | C | Sender F-TEID in PGW Downlink Triggering Notification | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120739 | C4-122615 | 1278 | 2 | B | SGW failure when ISR is active enhancement | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120733 | C4-122601 | 1272 | 2 | F | TWAN operator identification for EPC access charging | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120733 | C4-122654 | 1286 | 3 | F | Trusted WLAN AP identity over GTP S2a | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |

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|------|-------|---------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120726 | C4-122563 | 1279 | 1 | F | H(e)NB local IP address/port in create session request | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120710 | C4-122565 | 1257 | 2 | A | Removal of TFT IE from Create Session Response message | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2012-12 | CT#58 | CP-120744 | C4-122168 | 1258 | 1 | F | Clarifications on RAT Type Values 'UTRAN' and 'HSPA evolution' | 11.4.0 | 11.5.0 |
| 2013-03 | CT#59 | CP-130021 | C4-130405 | 1306 | 2 | F | Populating Serving Network | 11.5.0 | 11.6.0 |
| 2013-03 | CT#59 | CP-130021 | C4-130406 | 1307 | 2 | F | IMSI in Suspend Notification for  UICCless Emergency Call | 11.5.0 | 11.6.0 |
| 2013-03 | CT#59 | CP-130018 | C4-130410 | 1310 | 2 | A | User CSG Information reporting during inter-MME/SGSN mobility | 11.5.0 | 11.6.0 |
| 2013-03 | CT#59 | CP-130027 | C4-130218 | 1320 | - | F | Sending SSID for SaMOG in GTP | 11.5.0 | 11.6.0 |
| 2013-06 | CT#60 | CP-130282 | C4-130790 | 1345 | - | A | Removal of TFT IE from Create Session Response message | 11.6.0 | 11.7.0 |
| 2013-06 | CT#60 | CP-130290 | C4-131034 | 1328 | 2 | F | Bearer Context to be modified in Modify Bearer Request | 11.6.0 | 11.7.0 |
| 2013-06 | CT#60 | CP-130296 | C4-131023 | 1340 | 2 | F | ULI Timestamp | 11.6.0 | 11.7.0 |
| 2013-09 | CT#61 | CP-130449 | C4-131334 | 1349 | 1 | F | Reporting ULI and TimeZone at MME-initiated bearer related procedures | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0 |
| 2013-09 | CT#61 | CP-130582 | C4-131536 | 1367 | 4 | F | ULI Timestamp IE format | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0 |
| 2013-09 | CT#61 | CP-130446 | C4-131341 | 1351 | 1 | F | Returning to former LTE PLMN after CSFB | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0 |
| 2013-09 | CT#61 | CP-130442 | C4-131472 | 1362 | 1 | F | Inclusion of ePDG IP address of IKEv2 tunnel endpoint on S2b-GTP | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0 |
| 2013-12 | CT#62 | CP-130604 | C4-132221 | 1389 | 1 | A | Correction on Trace information | 11.8.0 | 11.9.0 |
| 2013-12 | CT#62 | CP-130613 | C4-131886 | 1389 | 2 | F | ULI reporting in the Create Session Request and Modify Bearer Request message | 11.8.0 | 11.9.0 |
| 2014-03 | CT#63 | CP-140022 | C4-140367 | 1430 | 1 | F | Update the ULI Timestamp IE format | 11.9.0 | 11.10.0 |
| 2014-03 | CT#63 | CP-140022 | C4-140384 | 1434 | 2 | F | Bearer context in Update Bearer Response when DTF is set | 11.9.0 | 11.10.0 |
| 2014-03 | CT#63 | CP-140021 | C4-140357 | 1432 | 1 | F | Temporarily rejected due to mobility procedure in progress | 11.9.0 | 11.10.0 |

# History

| Document history | | |
|---|---|---|
| V11.4.0 | October 2012 | Publication |
| V11.5.0 | January 2013 | Publication |
| V11.6.0 | April 2013 | Publication |
| V11.7.0 | July 2013 | Publication |
| V11.8.0 | September 2013 | Publication |
| V11.9.0 | December 2013 | Publication |
| V11.10.0 | March 2014 | Publication |