ETSI TS 129 280 V10.5.0 (2014-07)



Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE;

Evolved Packet System (EPS); 3GPP Sv interface (MME to MSC, and SGSN to MSC) for SRVCC

(3GPP TS 29.280 version 10.5.0 Release 10)



Reference RTS/TSGC-0429280va50 Keywords LTE.UMTS

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from: <u>http://www.etsi.org</u>

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the only prevailing document is the print of the Portable Document Format (PDF) version kept on a specific network drive within ETSI Secretariat.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at

http://portal.etsi.org/tb/status/status.asp

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services: <u>http://portal.etsi.org/chaircor/ETSI_support.asp</u>

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© European Telecommunications Standards Institute 2014.
All rights reserved.

DECTTM, **PLUGTESTS**TM, **UMTS**TM and the ETSI logo are Trade Marks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members. **3GPP**TM and **LTE**TM are Trade Marks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners.

GSM® and the GSM logo are Trade Marks registered and owned by the GSM Association.

Intellectual Property Rights

IPRs essential or potentially essential to the present document may have been declared to ETSI. The information pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (http://ipr.etsi.org).

Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The present document may refer to technical specifications or reports using their 3GPP identities, UMTS identities or GSM identities. These should be interpreted as being references to the corresponding ETSI deliverables.

The cross reference between GSM, UMTS, 3GPP and ETSI identities can be found under http://webapp.etsi.org/key/queryform.asp.

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "may not", "need", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the ETSI Drafting Rules (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

Contents

Intell	lectual Property Rights	2
Forev	word	2
Moda	al verbs terminology	2
Forev	word	4
1	Scope	5
2	References	5
3 3.1 3.2	Definitions, symbols and abbreviations	6
3.3	Abbreviations	
4	General Description.	6
5	Sv Messages and Information Elements	
5.1 5.2	Introduction Sv Messages	
5.2.1 5.2.2	GeneralSRVCC PS to CS Request	6
5.2.3 5.2.4	SRVCC PS to CS Response	9
5.2.5 5.2.6	SRVCC PS to CS Complete Acknowledge	10
5.2.7 5.3	SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Acknowledge Path Management Messages	
5.3.1	Introduction	11
5.3.2 5.3.3	Echo Request message	
5.3.4 5.4	Version Not Supported message	11
5.5 5.6	Error Handling	11
6	Sv Information Elements	12
6.1 6.2	GeneralSTN-SR	
6.3 6.4	Source to Target Transparent Container Target to Source Transparent Container	
6.5 6.6	MM Context for E-UTRAN SRVCC	
6.7	SRVCC Cause	
6.8	Target RNC ID	
6.9 6.10	Target Global Cell ID Tunnel Endpoint Identifier for Control Plane (TEID-C)	
6.11 6.12	Sv Flags Service Area Identifier	16
	ex A (informative): Change history	
	ory	

Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

1 Scope

The present document describes the Sv interface between the Mobility Management Entity (MME) or Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN) and 3GPP MSC server enhanced for SRVCC. Sv interface is used to support Inter-RAT handover from VoIP/IMS over EPS to CS domain over 3GPP UTRAN/GERAN access or from UTRAN (HSPA) to 3GPP UTRAN/GERAN access.

If there is no specific indication, the term "MSC server" denotes 3GPP MSC server enhanced for SRVCC as defined in 3GPP TS 23.216 [2].

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". [1] [2] 3GPP TR 23.216: "Single Radio Voice Call Continuity (SRVCC)". [3] 3GPP TS 29.274: "Evolved GPRS Tunnelling Protocol for Control Plane (GTPv2-C)". [4] 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification". [5] 3GPP TS 23.007: "Restoration Procedures". 3GPP TS 33.401: "3GPP System Architecture Evolution (SAE): Security architecture". [6] 3GPP TS 24.008: "Mobile radio interface Layer 3 specification; Core network protocols; Stage 3". [7] 3GPP TS 48.008: "Mobile Switching Centre - Base Station System (MSC - BSS) interface; Layer [8] 3 specification". [9] 3GPP TS 25.413: "UTRAN Iu interface Radio Access Network Application Part (RANAP) signalling". 3GPP TS 33.102: "3G Security; Security architecture". [10] [11] 3GPP TS 29.002: "Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification; Stage 3". 3GPP TS 24.301: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for Evolved Packet". [12] 3GPP TS 23.237: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) Service Continuity: Stage 2". [13]

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

STN-SR Session Transfer Number for SRVCC: see 3GPP TS 23.003 [4].

MME/SGSN MME or SGSN. C-MSISDN Correlation MSISDN.

4 General Description

This document describes the Sv interface related procedures, message parameters and protocol specifications. The Sv messages are based on GTP. The message format, IE coding, and protocol error handling for Sv is per GTP as specified in 3GPP TS 29.274 [3].

The general rules for IP address and UDP port number handling for the GTP messages on the Sv interface is per 3GPP TS 29.274 [3].

5 Sv Messages and Information Elements

5.1 Introduction

The Sv application defines a set of messages between the MME/SGSN and MSC Server to provide SRVCC as defined in 3GPP TS 23.216 [2]. The Sv message header is defined in 3GPP TS 29.274 [3]. The messages to be used and the information elements are described in the following sections.

5.2 Sv Messages

5.2.1 General

Sv Message Type value is defined in 3GPP TS 29.274 [3]. The message format is coded as per GTP in 3GPP TS 29.274 [3].

Table 5.2.1: Message types for Sv interface

Message Type value (Decimal)	Message	Reference	Initial	Triggered
0	Reserved	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
1	Echo Request	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	Х	
2	Echo Response	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		Х
3	Version Not Supported Indication	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		Х
4-24	Reserved for S101 interface	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
25	SRVCC PS to CS Request	5.2.2	Х	
26	SRVCC PS to CS Response	5.2.3		Х
27	SRVCC PS to CS Complete Notification	5.2.4	Х	
28	SRVCC PS to CS Complete Acknowledge	5.2.5		X
29	SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Notification	5.2.6	Х	
30	SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Acknowledge	5.2.7		X
31	For future Sv interface use	-		
32-255	Reserved for GTPv2	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	•	

The GTPv2-C messages shall be sent per UE on the Sv interface.

There shall be one pair of TEID-C per UE on the Sv interface. The same tunnel shall be shared for the control messages related to the same UE operation.

The TEID field in the SRVCC PS to CS Request message header shall be set to "0" because this is the first message the the MME/SGSN sends to the MSC server to establish the tunnel for a UE.

The TEID field in the SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Notification message header shall be set to "0" if the message is sent before reception of the acceptance response to the SRVCC PS to CS Request. If the MME/SGSN sends the SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Notification message after the acceptance response to the SRVCC PS to CS Request, the TEID field of the SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Notification message may be set to the MSC Server"s TEID value received in the SRVCC PS to CS Response message. Therefore the MSC Server shall be able to accept the SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Notification messages with "0" or non-zero TEID in the message header.

5.2.2 SRVCC PS to CS Request

A SRVCC PS to CS Request message shall be sent across Sv interface from the MME/SGSN to the target MSC server as part of the MME/SGSN SRVCC procedure in 3GPP TS 23.216 [2].

Table 5.2.2 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 5.2.2: Information Elements in a SRVCC PS to CS Request

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI	С	This IE shall be included in the message except for the	IMSI	0
		cases: • The UE is emergency attached and it is UICCless		
		The UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is		
		not authenticated		
ME Identity (MEI)	С	This IE shall be included in the message for the following	MEI	0
		cases:		
		The UE is emergency attached and it is UICCless The UE is emergency attached and the IMCL is		
		The UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated		
	CO	This IE shall be included for all SRVCC calls if available in		
		the MME or SGSN (NOTE 2).		
Sv Flags	С	The following flags are applicable:	Sv Flags	0
		 EmInd: this flag shall be sent if this session is for 		
		an emergency call.		
		ICS: this flag shall be sent to request IMS		
MME/SGSN Sv	М	Centralized Service support.	IP-Address	0
Address for Control	IVI	This IE specifies the address for control plane Initial message which is chosen by the source MME/SGSN.	II -∆uul699	U
Plane		micsage which is chosen by the source MIME/SOSIN.		
		The target MSC Server shall send subsequent control		
		plane Initial messages related to the GTP tunnel for this		
		UE towards this address.		
MME/SGSN Sv TEID	М	This IE specifies the tunnel for control plane message	TEID-C	0
for Control Plane		which is chosen by the source MME/SGSN.		
		The target MSC Server shall include this TEID in the GTP		
		header of all control plane messages related to the GTP		
0.14040514		tunnel for this UE.	140,000	
C-MSISDN	С	The MME/SGSN shall include C-MSISDN IE in the	MSISDN	0
		message except for the cases: • The UE is emergency attached and it is UICCless		
		The UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is		
		not authenticated		
		The C-MSISDN is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4].		
STN-SR	С	The MME/SGSN shall include STN-SR IE if this session is	STN-SR	0
		not for an emergency call.		
MM Context for E-	С	The MME shall include mobile station classmarks,	MM Context for E-	0
UTRAN SRVCC		supported codecs, and CS Security key in MM Context for	UTRAN SRVCC	
		SRVCC for E-UTRAN SRVCC. The derivation of the CS security keys shall follow the		
		procedures defined 3GPP TS 33.401[7].		
MM Context for	С	The SGSN shall include mobile station classmarks,	MM Context for	0
UTRAN SRVCC		supported codecs, and CS Security key in MM Context for	UTRAN SRVCC	
		SRVCC for UTRAN (HSPA) SRVCC.		
		The derivation of the CS security keys shall follow the		
Course to Torget	N 4	procedures defined 3GPP TS 33.102[10].	Course to Torget	_
Source to Target Transparent	M	The MME or SGSN shall include Source to Target Transparent Container IE	Source to Target Transparant	0
Container		Transparent Container IL	Container IE	
Target RNC ID	С	This IE shall be used to identify the target access for	Target RNC ID	0
		SRVCC handover to UTRAN (NOTE 1).		
Target Cell ID	С	This IE shall be used to identify the target access for	Target Global Cell	0
		SRVCC handover to GERAN (NOTE 1).	ID	_
Source SAI	CO	The SGSN shall include this IE during a SRVCC Handover	Service Area	0
		from UTRAN to GERAN and shall set it as per the SAI of	Identifier	
		the Source ID IE received from the source RNC (see 3GPP TS 25.413 [9]). See NOTE 3.		
Private Extension	0	None	Private Extension	VS
		SRVCC Handover procedure, either Target RNC ID or Targ		٧.0

present in this message
An MME or SGSN supporting the Sv interface should attempt to get the ME Identity for all SRVCC

calls for interception, charging or Automatic Device Detection in the MSC.

NOTE 3: The Source SAI is sent in BSSMAP Handover Request during a SRVCC Handover from UTRAN to GERAN. A default SAI configured in the MSC Server enhanced for SRVCC is sent in BSSMAP Handover Request during a SRVCC Handover from E-UTRAN to GERAN. The default SAI for E-UTRAN should be different from the SAIs used in UTRAN.

5.2.3 SRVCC PS to CS Response

A SRVCC PS to CS Response message shall be sent across Sv interface as a response to SRVCC PS to CS Request by the MSC server during SRVCC procedure in 3GPP TS 23.216 [2].

Table 5.2.3 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Cause IE indicates if the SRVCC PS to CS request has been accepted, or not. The request has not been accepted by the target MSC server if the Cause IE value differs from "Request accepted".

Information **Condition / Comment IE Type** Ins. elements Cause Μ Cause 0 SRVCC rejected CO This IE shall be sent if Cause value differs from "Request **SRVCC Cause** 0 Cause MSC Server shall include this information element to indicate the reason for rejecting SRVCC PS to CS request MSC Server Sv If the Cause IE contains the value" Request accepted", the IP Address 0 target MSC server may include MSC server Sv Address for Address for Control Control Plane IE in SRVCC PS to CS Response message Plane if target MSC Server decides to use different IP address for the subsequent communication. The source MME/SGSN shall store this MSC server address and use it when sending subsequent control plane messages to this GTP-C tunnel. MSC Server Sv TEID The target MSC server shall include MSC server Sv TEID-C 0 for Control Plane Tunnel Endpoint Identifier for Control Plane IE in SRVCC PS to CS Response message if the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted". The source MME/SGSN shall include this TEID-C in the GTP-C header of all subsequent uplink control plane messages from the source MME/SGSN to the target MSC servers. Target to Source If the Cause IE contains the value "Request accepted", Target to Source 0 Transparent this IE shall be included and shall carry the Target to Transparant Container Source Transparent Container to be sent within the Container IE Handover command or the Relocation Command towards the source access network 0 Private Extension | VS Private Extension None

Table 5.2.3: Information Elements in a SRVCC PS to CS Response

5.2.4 SRVCC PS to CS Complete Notification

A SRVCC PS to CS Complete Notification message shall be sent across Sv interface to the source MME/SGSN during SRVCC procedure as specified in 3GPP TS 23.216 [2]:

- to indicate the SRVCC handover with CS Domain has been successfully finished;
- or to indicate the SRVCC handover with CS Domain has finished (i.e. HO Complete / Relocation Complete message has been received from the target RAN) but the IMS Session Transfer procedure completion in 3GPP TS 23.237 [13] has failed by including the appropriate SRVCC post failure Cause value.

Table 5.2.4 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 5.2.4: Information Elements in a SRVCC PS to CS Complete Notification

Information elements	P	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI	С	This IE shall be included in the message except for the cases:	IMSI	0
		 The UE is emergency attached and it is UICCless The UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated 		
SRVCC post failure Cause	СО	This IE shall be sent if a call is to be released locally in the MSC Server due to IMS session leg establishment failure. The MSC Server shall include this IE to indicate the nature of the failure (i.e, permanent or temporary)	SRVCC Cause	0
Private Extension	0	None	Private Extension	VS

5.2.5 SRVCC PS to CS Complete Acknowledge

A SRVCC PS to CS Complete Acknowledge message shall be sent across Sv interface as a response to SRVCC PS to CS Complete Notification during SRVCC handover with CS Domain in 3GPP TS 23.216 [2].

Table 5.2.5 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 5.2.5: Information Elements in a SRVCC PS to CS Complete Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	Μ	None	Cause	0
Private Extension	0	None	Private Extension	VS

5.2.6 SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Notification

A SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Notification message shall be sent across Sv interface from the MME/SGSN to the target MSC server to request the cancellation of an ongoing SRVCC handover.

Table 5.2.6 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 5.2.6: Information Elements in a SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Notification

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
IMSI	С	This IE shall be included in the message except for the cases: The UE is emergency attached and it is UICCless The UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated	IMSI	0
Cancel Cause	М	MME/SGSN indicates the reason for Handover cancellation	SRVCC Cause	0
ME Identity (MEI)	С	This IE shall be included in the message for the following cases: The UE is emergency attached and it is UICCless The UE is emergency attached and the IMSI is not authenticated	MEI	0
Private Extension	0	None	Private Extension	VS

5.2.7 SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Acknowledge

A SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Acknowledge message shall be sent across Sv interface as a response to SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Notification.

Table 5.2.7 specifies the presence requirements and conditions of the IEs in the message.

Table 5.2.7: Information Elements in a SRVCC PS to CS Cancel Acknowledge

Information elements	Р	Condition / Comment	IE Type	Ins.
Cause	М	None	Cause	0
Sv Flags	С	 The following flags are applicable: STI: this flag shall be sent if the MSC Server has started the IMS session transfer procedure. 	Sv Flags	0
Private Extension	0	None	Private Extension	VS

5.3 Path Management Messages

5.3.1 Introduction

The following GTP-C v2 messages support path management for the Sv interface:

- Echo Request
- Echo Response
- Version Not Supported

These messages are defined for GTP-Cv2 and the handling and definition shall also be as defined in GTP-Cv2, see 3GPP TS 29.274 [3].

5.3.2 Echo Request message

3GPP TS 29.274 [6] specifies the information elements included in the Echo Request message.

5.3.3 Echo Response message

3GPP TS 29.274 [3] specifies the information elements included in the Echo Response message.

5.3.4 Version Not Supported message

3GPP TS 29.274 [3] specifies the detailed handling and information elements included in the Version Not Supported message.

5.4 Reliable Delivery of Signalling Messages

This is performed as according to GTPv2 in 3GPP TS 29.274 [3].

5.5 Error Handling

This is performed as according to GTPv2 in 3GPP TS 29.274 [3].

5.6 Restoration and Recovery

This is performed as according to GTPv2 in 3GPP TS 23.007 [5].

6 Sv Information Elements

6.1 General

IE type value used in Sv Message is defined in TS 29.274 [3]. The IE format is coded as per GTP in TS 29.274 [3].

Table 6.1 shows the IEs used for SRVCC. Within information elements, certain fields may be described as spare. These bits shall be transmitted with the value set to 0. To allow for future features, the receiver shall not evaluate these bits.

Table 6.1-1: Information Elements for SRVCC

IE Type value	Information elements	Comment /	Number of Fixed		
(Decimal)		Reference	Octets		
0	Reserved	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
1	International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
2	Cause	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
3	Recovery (Restart Counter)	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
4-50	Reserved for S101 interface	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
51	STN-SR	Variable Length / 6.2	Not Applicable		
52	Source to Target Transparent Container	Variable Length / 6.3	Not Applicable		
53	Target to Source Transparent Container	Variable Length / 6.4	Not Applicable		
54	MM Context for E-UTRAN SRVCC	Variable Length / 6.5	Not Applicable		
55	MM Context for UTRAN SRVCC	Variable Length / 6.6	Not Applicable		
56	SRVCC Cause	Fixed Length / 6.7	1		
57	Target RNC ID	Variable Length / 6.8	Not Applicable		
58	Target Global Cell ID	Variable Length / 6.9	Not Applicable		
59	TEID-C	Extendable / 6.10	4		
60	Sv Flags	Extendable / 6.11	1		
61	Service Area Identifier	Extendable / 6.12	7		
62-70	For future Sv interface use	-			
71-73	Reserved for GTPv2	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
74	IP Address	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
75	Mobile Equipment Identity (MEI)	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
76	MSISDN	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
77-254	Reserved for GTPv2	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]		
255	Private Extension	3GPP TS 29.274 [3]			
NOTE: The size of the TLI (Type, Length and Instance) fields, i.e "4" octets, has been subtracted from					

NOTE: The size of the TLI (Type, Length and Instance) fields, i.e "4" octets, has been subtracted from the number of the fixed octets of the "Fixed Length" and "Extendable" IEs.

6.2 STN-SR

STN-SR is defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [4]. STN-SR is transferred via GTP tunnels. The sending entity copies the value part of the STN-SR into the Value field of the STN-SR IE. The STN-SR IE is coded as depicted in Figure 6.2-1. Octet 5 contains the Nature of Address and Numbering Plan Indicator (NANPI) of the "AddressString" ASN.1 type (see 3GPP TS 29.002 [11]). Octets 6 to (n+4) contain the actual STN-SR (digits of an address encoded as a TBCD-STRING as in the "AddressString" ASN.1 type). For an odd number of STN-SR digits, bits 8 to 5 of the last octet are encoded with the filler "1111".

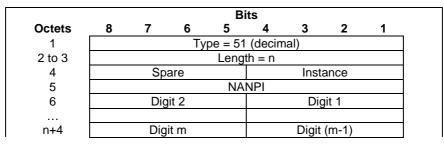


Figure 6.2-1: STN-SR

6.3 Source to Target Transparent Container

The Source to Target Transparent Container contains information that shall be transferred transparently by CN entities from the source RAN to the target RAN.

When the target network is GERAN, the Transparent container field contains the value part of the *Old BSS to New BSS Information* IE defined in 3GPP TS 48.008 [8], i.e. octets 3 to n, excluding octet 1 (Element ID) and octet 2 (Length).

When the target network is UTRAN, this container carries the *Source RNC to Target RNC Transparent Container* IE defined in 3GPP TS 25.413 [9]. The Transparent container field contains a *transparent copy* of the corresponding ASN.1/PER IE (see subclauses 8.2.2 and 8.48 in 3GPP TS 29.274 [3].

The receiver of this Information Element shall ignore the length of the transparent container encoded in octet 5 and shall derive the actual length of the container from the length encoded in octets 2 to 3 minus 1.

For backward compatibility, the sender of this Information Element shall set the octet 5 to the actual length of the transparent container if the size of the container is smaller or equal to 255 octets, and to the value "255" otherwise.

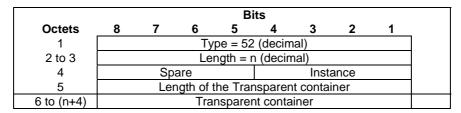


Figure 6.3-1: Source to Target Transparent Container

6.4 Target to Source Transparent Container

The Target to Source Transparent Container contains information that shall be transferred transparently by CN entities from the target RAN to the source RAN.

When the target network is GERAN, the Transparent container field contains the value part of the *Layer 3 Information* IE defined in 3GPP TS 48.008 [8], i.e., octets 3 to n, excluding octet 1 (Element ID) and octet 2 (Length).

When the target network is UTRAN, this container carries the *Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container* IE defined in 3GPP TS 25.413 [9]. The Transparent container field contains a *transparent copy* of the corresponding ASN.1/PER IE (see subclauses 8.2.2 and 8.48 in 3GPP TS 29.274 [3]).

The receiver of this Information Element shall ignore the length of the transparent container encoded in octet 5 and shall derive the actual length of the container from the length encoded in octets 2 to 3 minus 1.

For backward compatibility, the sender of this Information Element shall set the octet 5 to the actual length of the transparent container if the size of the container is smaller or equal to 255 octets, and to the value "255" otherwise.

	Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1		Type = 53 (decimal)						
2 to 3	Length = n							
4	Spare Instance							
5	Length of the Transparent container							
6 to (n+4)		Transparent container						

Figure 6.4-1: Target to Source Transparent Container

6.5 MM Context for E-UTRAN SRVCC

The MM Context information element contains mobile station classmarks, supported codec list, and the security parameters that are necessary for the MSC server to setup the ciphering connection (and integrity protection for 3G) with the target access for SRVCC. CS ciphering keys parameters: CK_{SRVCC} , IK_{SRVCC} , and eKSI for E-UTRAN SRVCC are defined in 3GPP TS 33.401 [6].

Mobile Station Classmark 2, Mobile Station Classmark 3, and Supported Codec List information Elements indicate the supported encryption algorithms for GERAN access and CS supported codecs. The coding of Mobile Station Classmarks and Supported Codec List fields include the IE value part as it is specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7].

eKSI shall be coded as bits 1 to 3 of the NAS Key Set Identifier IE in TS 24.301 [12]. For an emergency call without an authenticated IMSI, the source MME shall set the key sequence value of the eKSI to the value '111' and CK_{SRVCC} and IK_{SRVCC} to all 0"s in binary.

	Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1 [Ту	/pe = 5 ²	(decim	al)		
2 to 3				Leng	th = n			
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance	
5			Spare				eKSI	
6 to 21				CKs	RVCC			
22 to 37				IK_{S}	RVCC			
38		Lengt	th of the	Mobile	Station	Classr	nark 2	
39 to a			Mobile	e Statio	n Classi	mark 2		
b	Length of the Mobile Station Classmark 3							
(b+1) to c	Mobile Station Classmark 3							
d	Length of the Supported Codec List							
(d+1) to	•		Su	pported	Codec	List	•	•
(n+4)								

Figure 6.5-1: MM Context for E-UTRAN SRVCC

6.6 MM Context for UTRAN SRVCC

The MM Context information element contains mobile station classmarks, supported codec list, and the security parameters that are necessary for the MSC server to setup the ciphering connection (and integrity protection for 3G) with the target access for SRVCC. The usage of CK"_{CS}, IK"_{CS}, KSI"_{CS}, Kc", CKSN"_{CS} are defined in 3GPP TS 33.102 [10].

Mobile Station Classmark 2, Mobile Station Classmark 3, and Supported Codec List information Elements indicate the supported encryption algorithms for GERAN access and CS supported codecs. The coding of Mobile Station Classmarks and Supported Codec List fields include the IE value part as it is specified in 3GPP TS 24.008 [7].

CKSN'_{cs} shall be coded as bits 1 to 8 of the CKSN IE in TS 24.008 [7]. The KSI'_{cs} shall be coded as bits 1 to 4 of the CKSN IE in TS 24.008 [7].

The source SGSN will send to the MSC Server enhanced for SRVCC either the KSI'cs/CK'cs/IK'cs for an UMTS subscriber or the CKSN'cs/Kc' for a GSM subscriber (see 3GPP TS 33.102 [10]):

- when transferring $KSI'_{cs}/CK'_{cs}/IK'_{cs}$, the source SGSN shall set the key sequence value of the CKSN'_{cs} to the value '111' and Kc" to all 0"s in binary;
- when transferring CKSN'_{cs}/Kc', the source SGSN shall set the key sequence value of the KSI"_{cs} to the value '111', and CK"_{cs} and IK"_{cs} to all 0"s in binary.

For an emergency call without an authenticated IMSI, the source SGSN shall set the key sequence value of the CKSN' $_{cs}$ and KSI' $_{cs}$ to all 1"s, and Kc", CK" $_{cs}$ and IK" $_{cs}$ to all 0"s in binary.

				Bi	ts				
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1			Ту	pe = 55	(decim	al)			
2 to 3				Leng	th = n				
4		Sp	are			Inst	ance		
5		Sp	are			KS	I" _{CS}		
6 to 21				CK	c"cs				
22 to 37				IK	'cs				
38 to 45				K	c"				
46				CKS	N"cs				
47		Lengt	h of the	Mobile	Station	Classi	mark 2		
48 to a		Mobile Station Classmark 2							
b		Length of the Mobile Station Classmark 3							
(b+1) to c	Mobile Station Classmark 3								
d	Length of the Supported Codec List								
(d+1) to		Supported Codec List							
(n+4)									

Figure 6.6-1: MM Context for UTRAN SRVCC

6.7 SRVCC Cause

SRVCC Cause IE is coded as this is depicted in Figure 6.7-1.

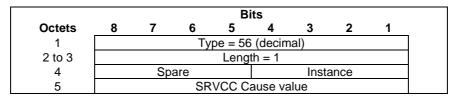


Figure 6.7-1: SRVCC Cause

The SRVCC Cause value indicates the reason for cancellation or the rejection of the SRVCC PS to CS Request.

Table 6.7-1: SRVCC Cause values

Cause value	Meaning
(decimal)	
0	Reserved. Shall not be sent and if received the Cause shall be treated as an
	invalid IE
1	Unspecified
2	Handover/Relocation cancelled by source system
3	Handover /Relocation Failure with Target system
4	Handover/Relocation Target not allowed
5	Unknown Target ID
6	Target Cell not available
7	No Radio Resources Available in Target Cell
8	Failure in Radio Interface Procedure
9	Permanent session leg establishment error
10	Temporary session leg establishment error
11-255	Spare. This value range is reserved for SRVCC Cause values

6.8 Target RNC ID

This IE shall contain the identity of the target RNC. The encoding of this IE is defined in 3GPP TS 29.002 [11].

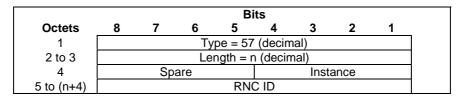


Figure 6.8-1: Target RNC ID

6.9 Target Global Cell ID

This IE shall contain the identity of the target GSM Cell ID. The encoding of this IE is defined in 3GPP TS 29.002 [11].

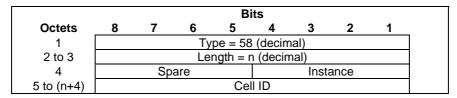


Figure 6.9-1: Target Cell ID

6.10 Tunnel Endpoint Identifier for Control Plane (TEID-C)

Tunnel Endpoint Identifier for Control Plane (TEID-C) is coded as depicted in Figure 6.10-1.

	Bits							
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1		Type = 59 (decimal)						
2-3		Length = n (decimal)						
4	Spare Instance							
5-8	Tunnel Endpoint Identifier for Control Plane (TEID-C)							
9-(n+4)	Thes	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified						

Figure 6.10-1: Tunnel Endpoint Identifier for Control Plane (TEID-C)

6.11 Sv Flags

Sv Flags is coded as depicted in Figure 6.11-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1		Type = 60 (decimal)							
2 to 3		Length = n							
4		Spare Instance							
5	Spare Spare Spare Spare STI ICS EmInd								
6-(n+4)	Thes	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified							

Figure 6.11-1: Sv Flags

The following bits within Octet 5 indicate:

- Bit 1 EmInd (Emergency Indicator): This flag is used to indicate the IMS emergency session.
- Bit 2 ICS (IMS Centralized Service): This flag is used to request ICS support.
- Bit 3 STI (Session Transfer Indicator): This flag is used to indicate IMS session transfer has been invoked.

6.12 Service Area Identifier

This IE shall contain the identifier of a service area. The encoding of this IE is defined in Figure 6.12-1.

	Bits								
Octets	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
1		Type = 61 (decimal)							
2-3		Length = n							
4	Spare								
5	MCC digit 2								
6	MNC digit 3								
7	MNC digit 2			MNC digit 1					
8 to 9	Location Area Code (LAC)								
10 to 11	Service Area Code (SAC)								
12-(n+4)	These octet(s) is/are present only if explicitly specified							cified	

Figure 6.12-1: Service Area Identifier

The Location Area Code (LAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet 8 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 9 the least significant bit. The coding of the location area code is the responsibility of each administration. Coding using full hexadecimal representation shall be used.

The Service Area Code (SAC) consists of 2 octets. Bit 8 of Octet 10 is the most significant bit and bit 1 of Octet 11 the least significant bit. The SAC is defined by the operator. See 3GPP TS 23.003 [4] subclause 12.5 for more information.

Annex A (informative): Change history

Date	TSG #	TSG Doc	CT4 Doc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2008-12	CT#42	CP-080715					V2.0.0 approved in CT#42	2.0.0	8.0.0
2009-03	CT#43	CP-090047	C4-090919	0001	3 F Finalizing Sv spec		8.0.0	8.1.0	
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090544	C4-091655	0003			Definition of TEID-C IE	8.1.0	8.2.0
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090544	C4-091860	0004			Cleanup of ENs		
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090544	C4-092117	0005	2		HSPA security parameter alignment]	
2009-09	CT#45	CP-090561	C4-091939	0006	2	IMEI Changes for SRVCC		8.2.0	9.0.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090777	C4-094068	0011	1		MSISDN Correction	9.0.0	9.1.0
2009-12	CT#46	CP-090825	-	0012	2		Alignment with stage 2 for SRVCC HO cancellation procedure		
2010-03	CT#47	CP-100027	C4-1000422	0015		F	TEID-C, IP Address and UDP Port	9.1.0	9.2.0
							handling on Sv interface	Į	
		CP-100027	C4-100432	0018		F	IE type value correction	Į	
		CP-100047	C4-100425	0016		F	IMSI IE presence corrections		
2010-06	CT#48	CP-100280	C4-101534	0020	1	F	Session continuity terminology is not correct	9.2.0	9.3.0
2010-09	CT#49	CP-100457	C4-102409	0021	2	F	IMEI over the Sv Interface	9.3.0	9.4.0
2010-12	CT#50	CP-100667	C4-103287	0023	1	F	MM Context for UTRAN SRVCC	9.4.0	9.5.0
2011-03	CT#51	CP-110043	C4-110371	0027	1	Α	Length of the Transparent container	9.5.0	9.6.0
		CP-110052	C4-110403	0024	2	F	Target to Source Transparent Container in the SRVCC PS to CS Response message		
2011-03							Update to Rel-10 version (MCC)	9.6.0	10.0.0
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110363	C4-111587	0031	1	Α	Source SAI during SRVCC HO from UTRAN to GERAN	10.0.0	10.1.0
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110355	C4-111548	0034	1	Α	IE Type Extendable Corrections	10.0.0	10.1.0
2011-06	CT#52	CP-110353	C4-111644	0037	3	Α	STN-SR encoding clarification	10.0.0	10.1.0
2011-09	CT#53	CP-110565	C4-112201	0038	2	F	"MME/SGSN Sv Address for Control Plane" IE in SRVCC PS to CS Request	10.1.0	10.2.0
2011-12	CT#54	CP-110779	C4-112848	0046		Α	Coding of Source to Target Transparent Container	10.2.0	10.3.0
2011-12	CT#54	CP-110784	C4-112525	0042	2	F	Handing of Extendable IEs	10.2.0	10.3.0
2012-06	CT#56	CP-120227	C4-121332	0048	3	F	SRVCC cause values	10.3.0	10.4.0
2014-06	CT#64	CP-140232	C4-141210	0071	4	Α	Transparent container ambiguity	10.4.0	10.5.0

History

Document history						
V10.0.0	May 2011	Publication				
V10.1.0	June 2011	Publication				
V10.2.0	October 2011	Publication				
V10.3.0	January 2012	Publication				
V10.4.0	July 2012	Publication				
V10.5.0	July 2014	Publication				