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*Technical Specification*

**Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);  
Telecommunication management;  
Configuration Management;  
UTRAN network resources  
Integration Reference Point (IRP): NRM  
(3GPP TS 32.642 version 4.1.0 Release 4)**

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Reference

RTS/TSGS-0532642v410

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Keywords

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# Contents

Intellectual Property Rights .....	2
Foreword.....	2
Foreword.....	4
Introduction .....	4
1 Scope .....	6
2 References .....	6
3 Definitions and abbreviations.....	7
3.1 Definitions .....	7
3.2 Abbreviations .....	8
4 System overview .....	9
4.1 System context .....	9
4.2 Compliance rules.....	10
5 Modelling approach.....	10
6 IRP Information Model .....	10
6.1 Introduction .....	10
6.2 Managed Object Class (MOC) diagrams.....	11
6.2.1 Inheritance hierarchy.....	11
6.2.2 Containment/Naming and Association diagrams .....	11
6.3 Managed Object Class (MOC) definitions .....	13
6.3.1 MOC RncFunction.....	13
6.3.2 MOC NodeBFunction .....	14
6.3.3 MOC UtranCell .....	14
6.3.4 MOC IubLink.....	15
6.3.5 MOC UtranRelation .....	16
6.3.6 MOC ExternalUtranCell.....	17
6.4 Associations .....	18
6.4.1 Association ConnectedTo (M).....	18
6.4.2 Association AssociatedWith (M).....	18
<b>Annex A (informative): Supported UTRAN network configurations .....</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Annex B (informative): Change history .....</b>	<b>21</b>
History .....	22

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## Foreword

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## Introduction

Configuration Management (CM), in general, provides the operator with the ability to assure correct and effective operation of the 3G network as it evolves. CM actions have the objective to control and monitor the actual configuration on the Network Elements (NEs) and Network Resources (NRs), and they may be initiated by the operator or by functions in the Operations Systems (OSs) or NEs.

CM actions may be requested as part of an implementation programme (e.g. additions and deletions), as part of an optimisation programme (e.g. modifications), and to maintain the overall Quality of Service (QoS). The CM actions are initiated either as single actions on single NEs of the 3G network, or as part of a complex procedure involving actions on many resources/objects in one or several NEs.

Configuration Management (CM), in general, provides the operator with the ability to assure correct and effective operation of the 3G network as it evolves. CM actions have the objective to control and monitor the actual configuration on the Network Elements (NEs) and Network Resources (NRs), and they may be initiated by the operator or by functions in the Operations Systems (OSs) or NEs.

Due to the growing number of specifications to model new services and Resource Models for Configuration Management (CM), as well as the expected growth in size of each of them from 3GPP Release 4 onwards, a new structure of the specifications is already needed in Release 4. This structure is needed for several reasons, but mainly to enable more independent development and release for each part, as well as a simpler document identification and version handling. Another benefit would be that it becomes easier for bodies outside 3GPP, such as the ITU-T, to refer to telecom management specifications from 3GPP. The new structure of the specifications does not lose any information or functionality supported by the Release 1999. The restructuring also includes defining new IRPs for the Network Resource Models (Generic, Core Network and UTRAN NRM).

Finally, the Name convention for Managed Objects (in Release 1999: 32.106-8) has been moved to a separate number series used for specifications common between several management areas (e.g. CM, FM, PM).

The following table shows an overview of the mapping between the old Release 1999 and new Release 4 CM specification structure.

Table: Mapping between Release '99 and the new Rel-4 specifications

R99 Old no.	Old (R99) specification title	Rel-4 New no.	New (Rel-4) specification title
32.106-1	3G Configuration Management: Concept and Requirements	32.600	<b>3G Configuration Management: Concept and High-level Requirements</b>
32.106-1	<Notification IRP requirements from 32.106-1 and 32.106-2>	32.301	<b>Notification IRP: Requirements</b>
32.106-2	Notification IRP: IS	32.302	Notification IRP: Information Service
32.106-3	Notification IRP: CORBA SS	32.303	Notification IRP: CORBA SS
32.106-4	Notification IRP: CMIP SS	32.304	Notification IRP: CMIP SS
32.106-8	Name convention for Managed Objects	32.300	<b>Name Convention for Managed Objects</b>
32.106-1	<Basic CM IRP IS requirements from 32.106-1 and 32.106-5>	32.601	<b>Basic CM IRP: Requirements</b>
32.106-5	Basic CM IRP IM (Intro & IS part)	32.602	Basic CM IRP: Information Service
32.106-6	Basic CM IRP CORBA SS (IS related part)	32.603	Basic CM IRP: CORBA SS
32.106-7	Basic CM IRP CMIP SS (IS related part)	32.604	Basic CM IRP: CMIP SS
32.106-8	Name convention for Managed Objects	32.300	<b>Name Convention for Managed Objects</b>
-	-	32.611	<b>Bulk CM IRP: Requirements</b>
-	-	32.612	Bulk CM IRP: Information Service
-	-	32.613	Bulk CM IRP: CORBA SS
-	-	32.614	Bulk CM IRP: CMIP SS
		32.615	Bulk CM IRP: XML file format definition
32.106-1	<Basic CM IRP Generic NRM requirements from 32.106-1 and 32.106-5>	32.621	<b>Generic Network Resources IRP: Requirements</b>
32.106-5	Basic CM IRP IM (Generic NRM part)	32.622	Generic Network Resources IRP: NRM
32.106-6	Basic CM IRP CORBA SS (Generic NRM related part)	32.623	Generic Network Resources IRP: CORBA SS
32.106-7	Basic CM IRP CMIP SS (Generic NRM related part)	32.624	Generic Network Resources IRP: CMIP SS
32.106-1	<Basic CM IRP CN NRM requirements from 32.106-1 and 32.106-5>	32.631	<b>Core Network Resources IRP: Requirements</b>
32.106-5	Basic CM IRP IM (CN NRM part)	32.632	Core Network Resources IRP: NRM
32.106-6	Basic CM IRP CORBA SS (CN NRM related part)	32.633	Core Network Resources IRP: CORBA SS
32.106-7	Basic CM IRP CMIP SS (CN NRM related part)	32.634	Core Network Resources IRP: CMIP SS
32.106-1	<Basic CM IRP UTRAN NRM requirements from 32.106-1 and 32.106-5>	32.641	<b>UTRAN Network Resources IRP: Requirements</b>
32.106-5	Basic CM IRP IM (UTRAN NRM part)	32.642	<b>UTRAN Network Resources IRP: NRM</b>
32.106-6	Basic CM IRP CORBA SS (UTRAN NRM related part)	32.643	UTRAN Network Resources IRP: CORBA SS
32.106-7	Basic CM IRP CMIP SS (UTRAN NRM related part)	32.644	UTRAN Network Resources IRP: CMIP SS
		32.651	<b>GERAN Network Resources IRP: Requirements</b>
		32.652	GERAN Network Resources IRP: NRM
		32.653	GERAN Network Resources IRP: CORBA SS
		32.654	GERAN Network Resources IRP: CMIP SS

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# 1 Scope

The present document is part of an Integration Reference Point (IRP) named “UTRAN Network Resources IRP”, through which an 'IRPAgent' (typically an Element Manager or Network Element) can communicate Configuration Management information to one or several 'IRPManagers' (typically Network Managers) concerning UTRAN resources. The “UTRAN Network Resources IRP” comprises a set of specifications defining Requirements, a protocol neutral Network Resource Model (NRM) and corresponding Solution Set(s).

The present document

1. specifies the protocol neutral UTRAN Network Resources IRP: Network Resource Model. It reuses relevant parts of the generic NRM in [16], either by direct reuse or sub-classing, and in addition to that defines UTRAN specific Managed Object Classes.

The Configuration Management (CM) area is very large. The intention is to split the specification of the related interfaces in several IRPs – as described in the Introduction clause above. An important aspect of such a split is that the Network Resource Models (NRMs) defined in different IRPs containing NRMs are consistent, and that NRMs supported by an IRPAgent implementation can be accessed as one coherent model through one IRP Information Service.

To summarize, the present document has the following main purpose:

- (1) to define the applied UTRAN specific Network Resource Model, based on the generic NRM in [16].

Finally, in order to access the information defined by this NRM, an IRP Information Service (IS) is needed, such as the Basic CM IRP: IS [17] or the Bulk CM IRP: IS [18]. However, which Information Service that is applicable is outside the scope of this document.

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# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- |      |   |
|------|---|
| [1]  | 3GPP TS 32.101: "3G Telecom Management principles and high level requirements".                               |
| [2]  | 3GPP TS 32.102: "3G Telecom Management architecture".   |
| [3]  | 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".   |
| [4]  | 3GPP TS 25.401: "UTRAN Overall Description"   |
| [5]  | 3GPP TS 25.433: "UTRAN Iub Interface NBAP Signalling"   |
| [6]  | 3GPP TS 25.423: "UTRAN Iur Interface RNSAP Signalling"  |
| [7]  | ITU-T Recommendation X.710 (1991): "Common Management Information Service Definition for CCITT Applications". |
| [8]  | Void  |
| [9]  | Void  |
| [10] | Void  |

- [11] 3GPP TS 32.111-2: "Telecommunication Management; Fault Management; Part 2: Alarm Integration Reference Point; Information Service Version 1".
- [12] Void
- [13] 3GPP TS 32.300: "Name Convention for Managed Objects".
- [14] 3GPP TS 32.600: "3G Configuration Management: Concepts and requirements".
- [15] 3GPP TS 23.002: "Network Architecture".
- [16] 3GPP TS 32.622: "Generic Network Resources IRP: NRM".
- [17] 3GPP TS 32.602: "Basic CM IRP: Information Service".
- [18] 3GPP TS 32.612: "Bulk CM IRP: Information Service".

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## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply. For terms and definitions not found here, please refer to 3GPP TS 32.101 [1], 3GPP TS 32.102 [2] and 3GPP TS 32.600 [14].

**Association:** In general it is used to model relationships between Managed Objects. Associations can be implemented in several ways, such as:

- (1) name bindings,
- (2) reference attributes, and
- (3) association objects.

This IRP stipulates that containment associations shall be expressed through name bindings, but it does not stipulate the implementation for other types of associations as a general rule. These are specified as separate entities in the object models (UML diagrams). Currently (in R99) however, all (non-containment) associations are modelled by means of reference attributes of the participating MOs.

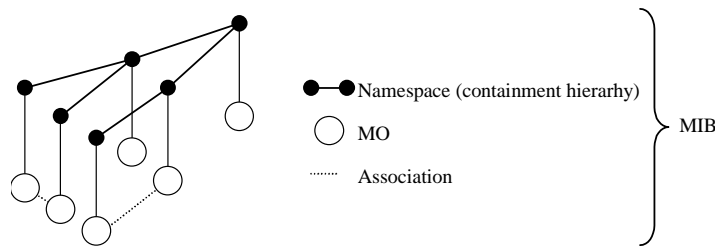
**Managed Element (ME):** An instance of the Managed Object Class ManagedElement defined in [16].

**Managed Object (MO):** In the context of the present document, a Managed Object (MO) is a software object that encapsulates the manageable characteristics and behaviour of a particular Network Resource. The MO is instance of a MO class defined in a MIM/NRM. An MO class has attributes that provide information used to characterize the objects that belong to the class (the term "attribute" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "property" according to CIM). Furthermore, an MO class can have operations that represent the behaviour relevant for that class (the term "operation" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "method" according to CIM). An MO class may support notifications that provide information about an event occurrence within a network resource.

**Management Information Base (MIB):** A MIB is an instance of an NRM and has some values on the defined attributes and associations specific for that instance. In the context of the present document, an MIB consists of:

- (1) a Name space (describing the MO containment hierarchy in the MIB through Distinguished Names),
- (2) a number of Managed Objects with their attributes and
- (3) a number of Associations between these MOs. Also note that TMN (ITU-T Recommendation X.710 [7]) defines a concept of a Management Information Tree (also known as a Naming Tree) that corresponds to the name space (containment hierarchy) portion of this MIB definition. Figure 3.1 depicts the relationships between a Name space and a number of participating MOs (the shown association is of a non-containment type)





**Figure 3.1: Relationships between a Name space and a number of participating MOs**

**Management Information Model (MIM):** Also referred to as NRM – see the definition below.

**Name space:** A name space is a collection of names. The IRP name convention (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [13]) restricts the name space to a hierarchical containment structure, including its simplest form - the one-level, flat name space. All Managed Objects in a MIB shall be included in the corresponding name space and the MIB/name space shall only support a strict hierarchical containment structure (with one root object). A Managed Object that contains another is said to be the superior (parent); the contained Managed Object is referred to as the subordinate (child). The parent of all MOs in a single name space is called a Local Root. The ultimate parent of all MOs of all managed systems is called the Global Root.

**Network Resource Model (NRM):** A model representing the actual managed telecommunications network resources that a System is providing through the subject IRP. An NRM describes Managed Object Classes, their associations, attributes and operations. The NRM is also referred to as “MIM” (see above), which originates from the ITU-T TMN.

**Node B:** A logical node responsible for radio transmission/reception in one or more cells to/from the User Equipment. It terminates the Iub interface towards the RNC.

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

CIM	Common Information Model
CMIP	Common Management Information Protocol
CN	Core Network
CORBA	Common Object Request Broker Architecture
DN	Distinguished Name (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [13])
EM	Element Manager
FM	Fault Management
IRP	Integration Reference Point
ITU-T	International Telecommunication Union, Telecommunication Sector
Iub	Interface between RNC and Node B
ME	Managed Element
MIB	Management Information Base
MIM	Management Information Model
MO	Managed Object
MOC	Managed Object Class
NE	Network Element
NM	Network Manager
NR	Network Resource
NRM	Network Resource Model
PM	Performance Management
RDN	Relative Distinguished Name (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [13])
RNC	Radio Network Controller
SS	Solution Set
TMN	Telecommunications Management Network
UML	Unified Modelling Language
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
UTRAN	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network
XML	eXtensible Mark-up Language

# 4 System overview

## 4.1 System context

Figure 4.1 and 4.2 identify system contexts of the IRP defined by the present document in terms of its implementation called IRPAgent and the user of the IRPAgent, called IRPManager. For a definition of IRPManager and IRPAgent, see 3GPP TS 32.102 [2].

The IRPAgent implements and supports this IRP. The IRPAgent can reside in an Element Manager (EM; for definition see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1]) or a Network Element (NE) (see also [2] clause 8). In the former case, the interface (represented by a thick dotted line) between the EM and the NEs is not the subject of this IRP.

The IRPAgent implements and supports the Basic CM IRP. The IRPAgent can be an Element Manager (EM) or a mediator that interfaces one or more NEs (see Figure 4.1), or it can be a Network Element (NE) (see Figure 4.2). In the former case, the interfaces (represented by a thick dotted line) between the EM and the NEs are not subject of this IRP.

An IRPManager using this IRP shall choose one of the two System Contexts defined here, for each NE. For instance, if an EM is responsible for managing a number of NEs, the NM shall access this IRP through the EM and not directly to those NEs. For another IRP though, the System Context may be different.

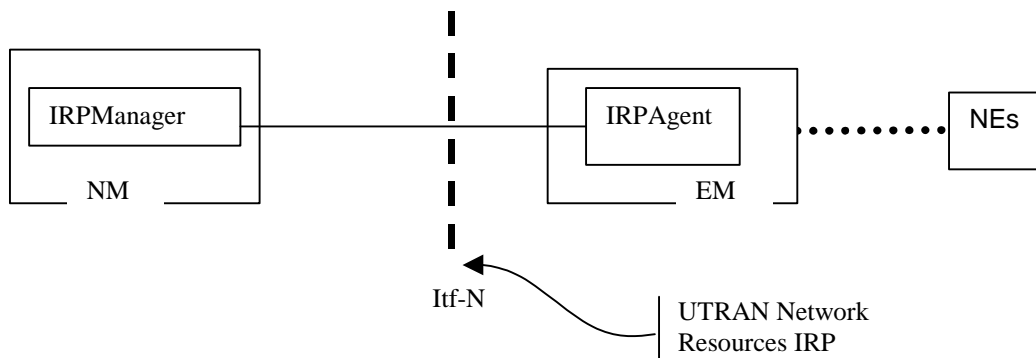


Figure 4.1: System Context A

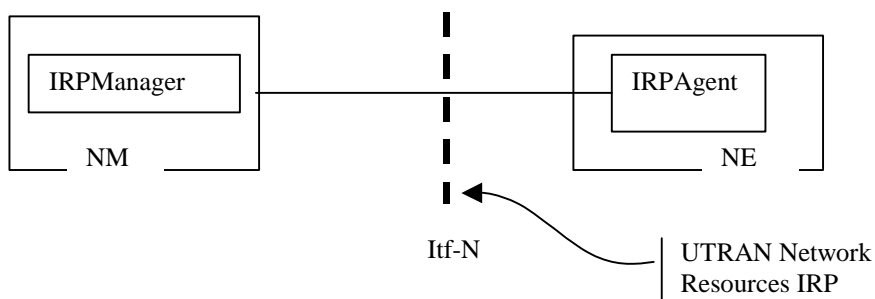


Figure 4.2: System Context B

## 4.2 Compliance rules

For general definitions of compliance rules related to qualifiers (Mandatory/Optional/Conditional) for *operations, notifications and parameters* (of operations and notifications) please refer to 3GPP TS 32.102 [2].

The following defines the meaning of Mandatory and Optional MOC attributes and associations between MOCs, in Solution Sets to the IRP defined by the present document.

Solution Sets to the Basic CM IRP:

- The IRPManager shall support all mandatory attributes/associations. The IRPManager shall be prepared to receive information related to mandatory as well as optional attributes/associations without failure; however the IRPManager does not have to support handling of the optional attributes/associations.
- The IRPAgent shall support all mandatory attributes/associations. It may support optional attributes/associations.

An IRPAgent that incorporates vendor-specific extensions shall support normal communication with a 3GPP SA5-compliant IRPManager with respect to all Mandatory and Optional managed object classes, attributes, associations, operations, parameters and notifications without requiring the IRPManager to have any knowledge of the extensions.

Given that

- rules for vendor-specific extensions remain to be fully specified, and
- many scenarios under which IRPManager and IRPAgent interwork may exist,

it is recognised that in Release 4/5 the IRPManager, even though it is not required to have knowledge of vendor-specific extensions, may be required to be implemented with an awareness that extensions can exist and behave accordingly.

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## 5 Modelling approach

The modelling approach adopted and used in this IRP is described in the Generic Network Resources IRP: NRM [16].

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## 6 IRP Information Model

### 6.1 Introduction

As already introduced in the previous clause, the present clause defines the UTRAN Network Resources IRP: Network Resource Model. That is, this model defines UTRAN specific MOCs that shall be contained by the generic MOCs defined in [16].

The managed object classes in this NRM are protocol environment neutral and the model does not define the syntax or encoding of the operations and parameters.

It should be noted that this model allows for combined managed element functionality, where more than one 'function MOCs' (inherited from ManagedFunction) modelling more specific managed element functionality may be contained in the ManagedElement MOC.

The Information Service(s) to access managed objects of this NRM is defined elsewhere.

The corresponding Solution Set specifications provide protocol dependent definitions. They provide the actual realization of the operations and notifications defined in this subclause in each protocol environment. One may find that the class/attribute definitions in the protocol-neutral model differ from those defined in the Solution Sets (e.g. due to mappings to existing standard models that are applicable for a specific Solution Set).

## 6.2 Managed Object Class (MOC) diagrams

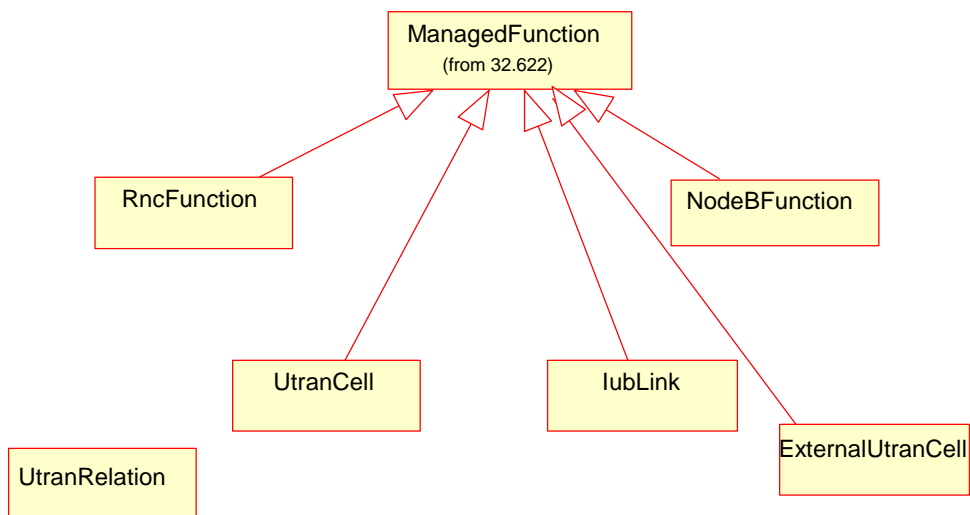
A general note regarding all the notification tables defined for each MOC below: Each MOC may potentially send the notifications listed in the notification table for the MOC. The notifications with qualifier (M) shall be supported by the MOC, and the notifications with qualifier (O) may be supported by the MOC.

For example: If Notification notifyObjectCreation defined in Basic CM IRP has the qualifier (M), then if a MOC is defined such that it emits such a notification, this notification shall be emitted when appropriate (i.e. when a new object is created). If Notification notifyChangedAlarm has the qualifier (O) in Alarm IRP (see 3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11]), then if a MOC is defined such that it emits such a notification, this notification may or may not be emitted when appropriate.

Further, if a notification in the qualifier column (of the MOC notification tables) has a reference to another specification, it means that the qualifier for the notification is specified in the referred specification.

### 6.2.1 Inheritance hierarchy

Figure 6.1 shows the inheritance hierarchy for the UTRAN NRM.

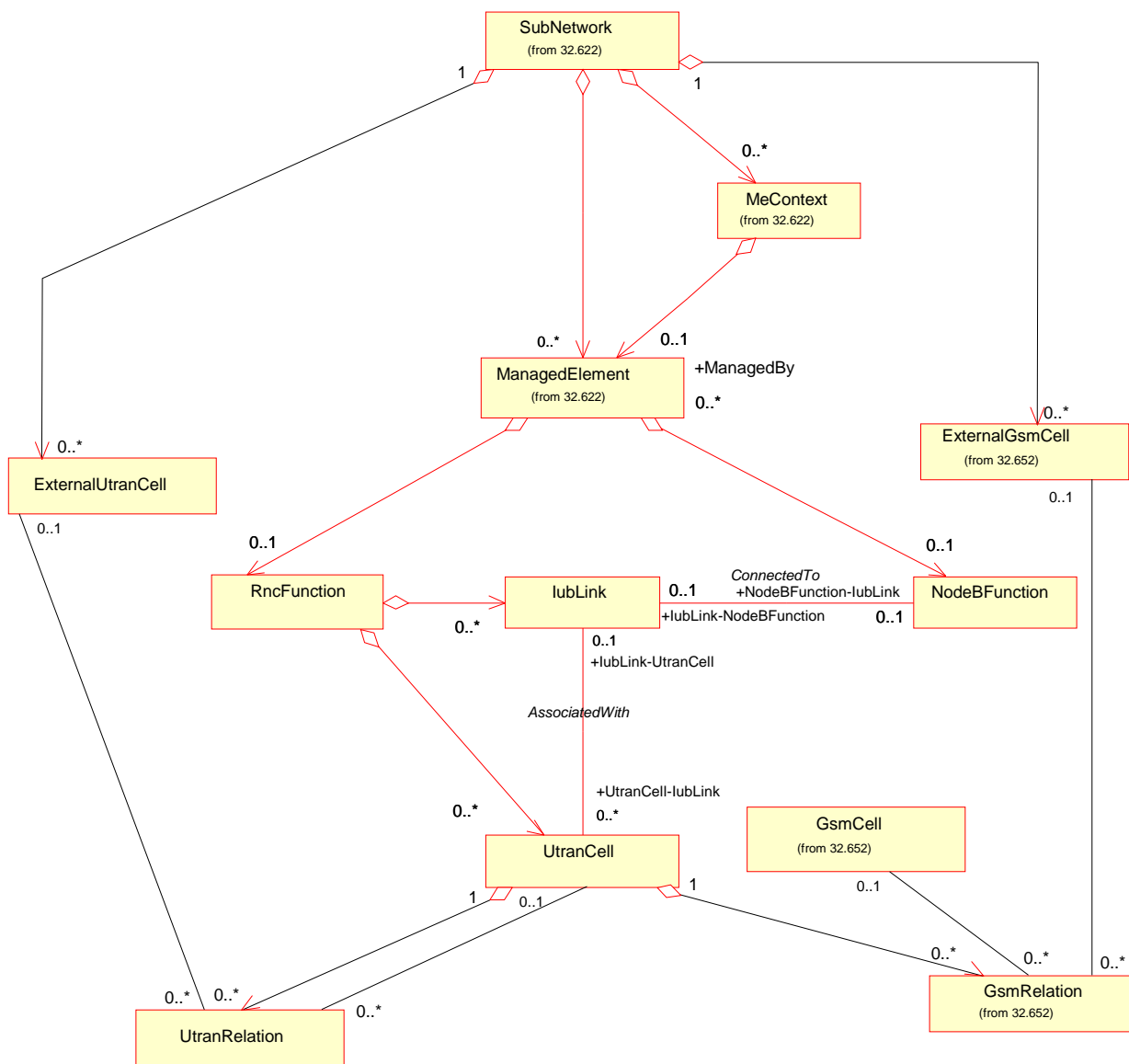


**Figure 6.1: UTRAN NRM Inheritance Hierarchy**

### 6.2.2 Containment/Naming and Association diagrams

Figure 6.2 and 6.3 show the containment/naming hierarchy and the associations of the UTRAN NRM.

NOTE: The Managed Object containment/naming relationships are in the diagram(s) below indicated by UML “Aggregation by reference” (“hollow diamonds”).



NOTE 1: The listed cardinality numbers represent transient as well as steady-state numbers, and reflect all managed object creation and deletion scenarios.

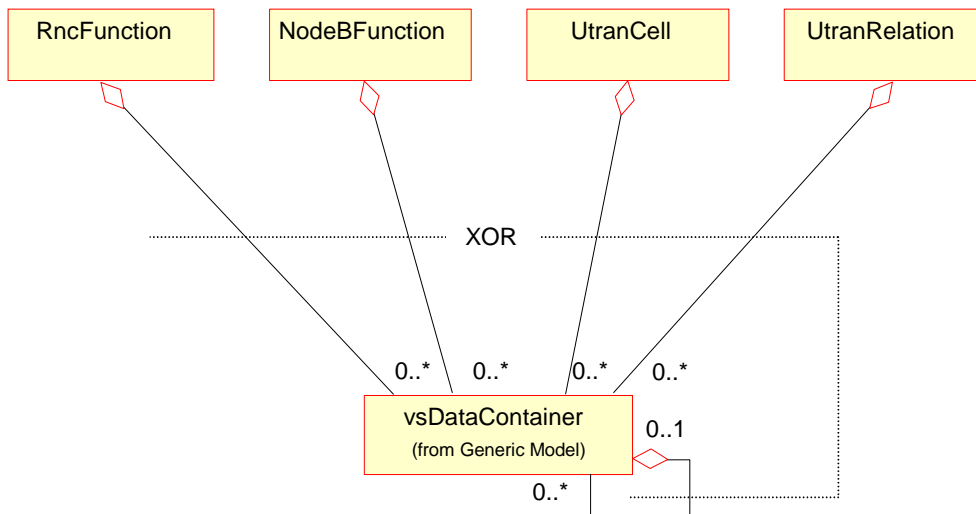
NOTE 2 : The association between GsmRelation and GsmCell is optional. It may be valid if both the UtranCell and the GsmCell are managed by the same management node.

NOTE 3: The UtranRelation and GeranRelation can be contained under MOCs defined in other NRMs.

**Figure 6.2: UTRAN NRM Containment/Naming and Association diagram**

Each Managed Object is identified with a Distinguished Name (DN) according to 3GPP TS 32.300 [13] that expresses its containment hierarchy. As an example, the DN of a Managed Object representing a cell could have a format like:

SubNetwork=Sweden,meContext=MEC-Gbg-1,ManagedElement=RNC-Gbg-1, rncFunction=RF-1, utranCell=Gbg-1.



NOTE 1: The listed cardinality numbers represent transient as well as steady-state numbers, and reflect all managed object creation and deletion scenarios.

NOTE 2: Each instance of the vsDataContainer shall only be contained under one MOC. The vsDataContainer can be contained under MOCs defined in other NRMs.

**Figure 6.3: vsDataContainer Containment/Naming and Association in UTRAN NRM diagram**

The vsDataContainer is only used for the Bulk CM IRP.

## 6.3 Managed Object Class (MOC) definitions

### 6.3.1 MOC RncFunction

This Managed Object Class represents RNC functionality. For more information about the RNC, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

**Table 1: Attributes of RncFunction**

Name	Qualifier	Description
rncFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-WRITE, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.
mcc	READ-WRITE, M	Mobile Country Code, MCC. It is a part of the PLMN Id (Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3]).
mnc	READ-WRITE, M	Mobile Network Code, MNC. It is a part of the PLMN Id (Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3]).
rncId	READ-WRITE, M	Unique RNC ID (Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3])

**Table 2: Notifications of RncFunction**

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	O	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	O	
notifyObjectDeletion	O	

### 6.3.2 MOC NodeBFunction

This Managed Object Class represents NodeB functionality. For more information about the NodeB, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

**Table 3: Attributes of NodeBFunction**

Name	Qualifier	Description
nodeBFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-WRITE, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.
nodeBFunction-lubLink	READ-ONLY, M	The value of this attribute shall be the DN of the related lubLink instance. This is a reference attribute modelling the role (of the association ConnectedTo) that this NodeBFunction is connected to 0-1 lubLink.

**Table 4: Notifications of NodeBFunction**

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	M, See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	O	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	O	
notifyObjectDeletion	O	

### 6.3.3 MOC UtranCell

This Managed Object Class represents a radio cell controlled by the RNC. For more information about radio cells, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

**Table 5: Attributes of UtranCell**

Name	Qualifier	Description
utranCellId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-WRITE, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.
cId	READ-WRITE, M	Cid is the identifier of a cell in one RNC (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.401 [4]).
localCellId	READ-WRITE, M	Local Cell id is used to uniquely identify the set of resources defined in a Node B to support a cell (as defined by a Cid Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.401 [4]). It must be unique in Node B at a minimum, but may be unique in UTRAN. It can be used to tie the cell in the RNC to a specific set of resources in the Node B.
uarfcnUl	READ-WRITE, M	The UL UTRA absolute Radio Frequency Channel number, UARFCN (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
uarfcnDl	READ-WRITE, M	The DL UTRA absolute Radio Frequency Channel number, UARFCN (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
primaryScramblingCode	READ-WRITE, M	The primary DL scrambling code used by the cell (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
primaryCpichPower	READ-WRITE, M	The power of the primary CPICH channel in the cell (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
maximumTransmissionPower	READ-WRITE, M	The maximum transmission power of a cell, DL Power (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
primarySchPower	READ-WRITE, M	The power of the primary synchronisation channel in the cell, DL Power (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
secondarySchPower	READ-WRITE, M	The power of the secondary synchronisation channel in the cell, DL Power (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
bchPower	READ-WRITE, M	The power of the broadcast channel in the cell (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
lac	READ-WRITE, M	Location Area Code, LAC (Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3])
rac	READ-WRITE, M	Routing Area Code, RAC (Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3])
sac	READ-WRITE, M	Service Area Code, SAC (Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3]).
ura	READ-WRITE, M	UTRAN Registration Area, URA (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.423 [6]).
utranCell-IubLink	READ-ONLY, M	The value of this attribute shall be the DN of the related IubLink instance. This is a reference attribute modelling the role (of the association AssociatedWith) that this UtranCell is associated with 0-1 IubLink.

**Table 6: Notifications of UtranCell**

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	O	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	O	
notifyObjectDeletion	O	

### 6.3.4 MOC IubLink

The 'Iub link' managed object is the logical link to a NodeB as seen from the RNC. For more information about the RNC, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.



Table 7: Attributes of lubLink

Name	Qualifier	Description
iubLinkId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-WRITE, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.
iubLink-UtranCell	READ-WRITE, M	The value of this attribute shall be a list of the DN(s) of the related UtranCell instance(s). This is a reference attribute modelling the role (of the association AssociatedWith) that this lubLink is associated with 0-N UtranCells.
iubLink-NodeBFunction	READ-ONLY, M	The value of this attribute shall be the DN of the related NodeBFunction instance. This is a reference attribute modelling the role (of the association ConnectedTo) that this lubLink is connected to 0-1 NodeBFunction.

Table 8: Notifications of IubLink

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	O	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	O	
notifyObjectDeletion	O	

### 6.3.5 MOC UtranRelation

The 'UtranRelation' managed object contains radio network related parameters for the relation to the 'UtranCell' or 'ExternalUtranCell' managed object.

NOTE: In handover relation terms, the cell containing the UTRAN Relation object is the source cell for the handover. The cell referred to in the UTRAN relation object is the target cell for the handover. This defines a one-way handover relation where the direction is *from* source cell *to* target cell.

**Table 9: Attributes of UtranRelation**

Name	Qualifier	Description
utranRelationId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
relationType	READ-WRITE, M	Type of relation: e.g. Intersystem relation, intrafrequency intrasystem relation, interfrequency intrasystem relation.
adjacentCell	READ-WRITE, M	Pointer to UTRAN cell or external UTRAN cell. Distinguished name of the corresponding object.
uarfcnUl	READ-ONLY, O	The UL UTRA absolute Radio Frequency Channel number for another UTRAN cell or the external UTRAN cell, that is broadcast in System Information in the Cell, UARFCN (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]). See Note for the optional condition.
uarfcnDl	READ-ONLY, O	The DL UTRA absolute Radio Frequency Channel number for another UTRAN cell or the external UTRAN cell, that is broadcast in System Information in the Cell, UARFCN (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]). See Note for the optional condition.
primaryScramblingCode	READ-ONLY, O	The primary DL scrambling code for another UTRAN cell or the external UTRAN cell, that is broadcast in System Information in the Cell (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]). See Note for the optional condition.
primaryCpichPower	READ-ONLY, O	The power of the primary CPICH channel for another UTRAN cell or the external UTRAN cell, that is broadcast in System Information in the Cell (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]). See Note for the optional condition.
lac	READ-ONLY, O	Location Area Code, LAC (Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3]), for another UTRAN cell or the external UTRAN cell, that is broadcast in System Information in the Cell. See Note for the optional condition.
NOTE: This attribute shall be included if the EM does not guarantee consistency between the cell definition and what is broadcast on system information.		

**Table 10: Notifications of UtranRelation**

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAttributeValueChange	O	
notifyObjectCreation	O	
notifyObjectDeletion	O	

### 6.3.6 MOC ExternalUtranCell

This Managed Object Class represents a radio cell controlled by another IRPAgent. This MOC has necessary attributes for inter-system handover. It contains a subset of the attributes of related MOCs controlled by another IRPAgent. The way to -mMaintain consistency between the attribute values of these two MOCs is outside the scope of this document.

**Table 11: Attributes of ExternalUtranCell**

Name	Qualifier	Description
externalUtranCellId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-WRITE, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object.
cId	READ-WRITE, M	Cid is the identifier of a cell in one RNC (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.401 [4]).
mcc	READ-WRITE, M	Mobile Country Code, MCC (part of the PLMN Id, Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3]).
mnc	READ-WRITE, M	Mobile Network Code, MNC (part of the PLMN Id, Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3]).
rncId	READ-WRITE, M	Unique RNC ID for the drift RNC (Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3]).
uarfcnUl	READ-WRITE, M	The UL UTRA absolute Radio Frequency Channel number, UARFCN (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
uarfcnDl	READ-WRITE, M	The DL UTRA absolute Radio Frequency Channel number, UARFCN (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
primaryScramblingCode	READ-WRITE, M	The primary DL scrambling code used by the cell (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
primaryCpichPower	READ-WRITE, M	The power of the primary CPICH channel in the cell (Ref. 3 GPP TS 25.433 [5]).
lac	READ-WRITE, M	Location Area Code, LAC (Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3]).
rac	READ-WRITE, M	Routing Area Code, RAC (Ref. 3 GPP TS 23.003 [3]).

**Table 12: Notifications of ExternalUtranCell**

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAttributeValueChange	O	
notifyObjectCreation	O	
notifyObjectDeletion	O	

## 6.4 Associations

### 6.4.1 Association ConnectedTo (M)

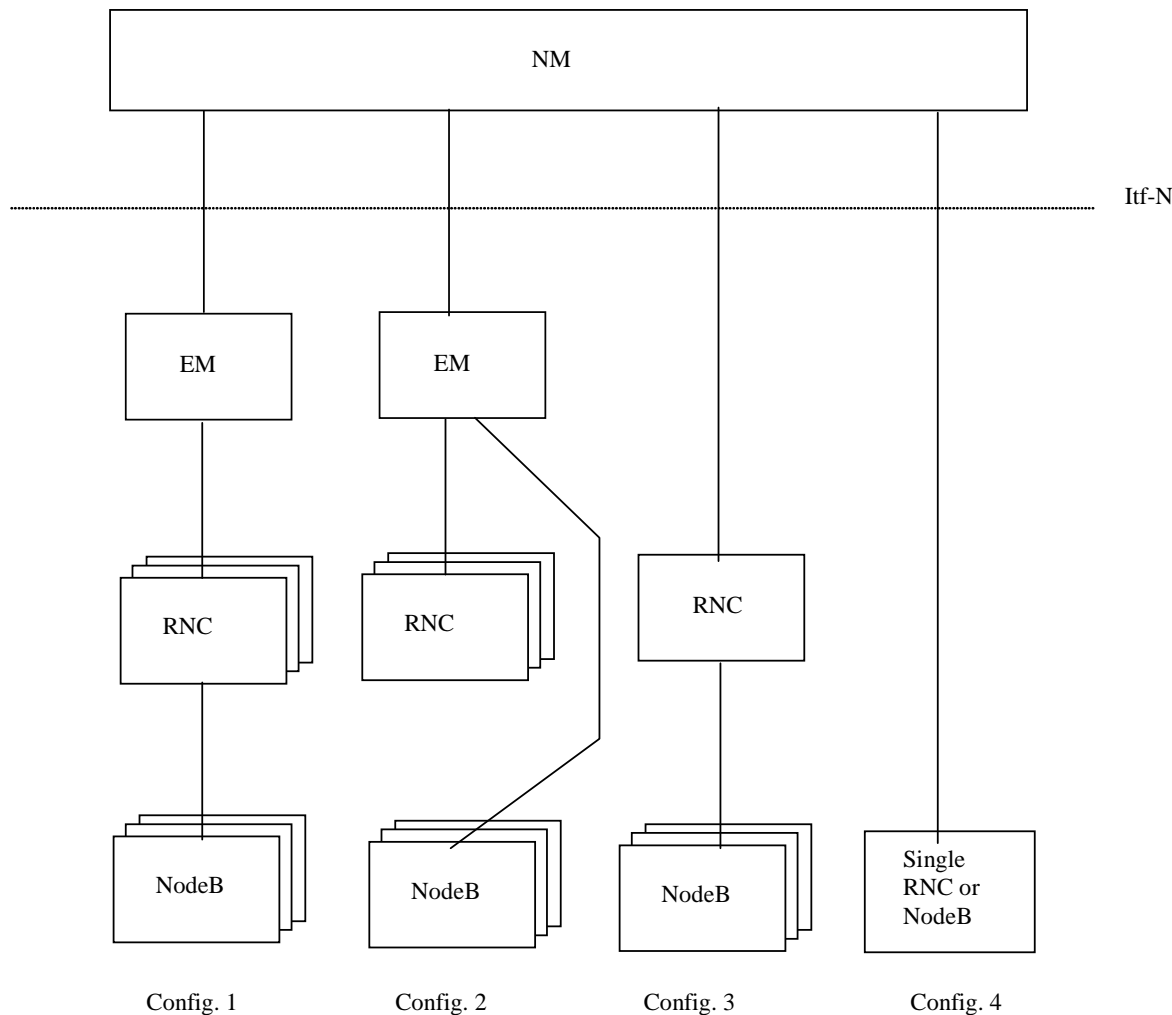
This bi-directional association models the relationship between the IubLink and NodeB (through the NodeBFunction). It has two roles, named IubLink-NodeBFunction and NodeBFunction- IubLink. These two roles model each MOC's association with the other MOC. Each role is in the MOC definition mapped to a reference attribute with the same name.

### 6.4.2 Association AssociatedWith (M)

This bi-directional association models the relationship between the IubLink and UtranCell. It has two roles, named IubLink-UtranCell and UtranCell-IubLink. These two roles model each MOC's association with the other MOC. Each role is in the MOC definition mapped to a reference attribute with the same name.

# Annex A (informative): Supported UTRAN network configurations

Figure A.1 depicts four typical network configurations, which are supported by the UTRAN NRM over the Itf-N. However, this does not preclude support for other configurations.



**Figure A.1: Typical network configurations supported by the UTRAN NRM**

Table A.1 shows the possible number of instances for each network configuration (counted from left to right in figure A.1.):

Table A.1: Number of instances for each example configuration in figure A.1

MOC	Config. 1	Config. 2	Config. 3	Config. 4
SubNetwork	1	1	1	0..1
ManagementNode	1	1	0	0
ManagedElement	1..N	1..N	1..N	1
MeContext	0..M	0..M	0..M	0..1
RncFunction	0..P	0..P	0..1	0..1
NodeBFunction	0..Q	0..Q	0..(N-1)	0..1
IubLink	0..Q	0..Q	0..(N-1)	0
UtranCell	0..R	0..R	0..R	0..R
IRPAgent	1	1	1	1
NotificationIRP	1	1	1	1
AlarmIRP	0..1	0..1	0..1	0..1
BasicCmIRP	0..1	0..1	0..1	0..1

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## Annex B (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New
Jun 2001	S_12	SP-010283	--	--	Approved at TSG SA #12 and placed under Change Control	2.0.0	4.0.0
Jun 2002	S_16	SP-020303	001	--	Corrections of reference in figure 6.2 and of attribute descriptions in UtranRelation in 32.642 (UTRAN network resources IRP: NRM)	4.0.0	4.1.0
Jun 2002	S_16	SP-020304	002	--	Correction of supported IRP in system context	4.0.0	4.1.0

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# History

<b>Document history</b>		
V4.0.0	June 2001	Publication
V4.1.0	June 2002	Publication