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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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- x the first digit:
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1 Scope

. The present document establishes the minimum RF characteristics and minimum performance requirements for E-UTRA User Equipment (UE).

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
 - 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". [1] [2] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-10, "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain" ITU-R Recommendation M.1545: "Measurement uncertainty as it applies to test limits for the [3] terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications-2000". [4] 3GPP TS 36.211: "Physical Channels and Modulation". [5] 3GPP TS 36.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding". [6] 3GPP TS 36.213: "Physical layer procedures". 3GPP TS 36.331: "Requirements for support of radio resource management". [7] [8] 3GPP TS 36.307: "Requirements on User Equipments (UEs) supporting a release-independent frequency band". [9] 3GPP TS 36.423: "X2 application protocol (X2AP) ".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply in the case of a single component carrier. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

Aggregated Channel Bandwidth: The RF bandwidth in which a UE transmits and receives multiple contiguously aggregated carriers.

Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration: The number of resource block allocated within the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Carrier aggregation: Aggregation of two or more component carriers in order to support wider transmission bandwidths.

Carrier aggregation band: A set of one or more operating bands across which multiple carriers are aggregated with a specific set of technical requirements.

Carrier aggregation bandwidth class: A class defined by the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration and maximum number of component carriers supported by a UE.

Carrier aggregation configuration: A combination of CA operating band(s) and CA bandwidth class(es) supported by a UE.

Channel edge: The lowest and highest frequency of the carrier, separated by the channel bandwidth.

Channel bandwidth: The RF bandwidth supporting a single E-UTRA RF carrier with the transmission bandwidth configured in the uplink or downlink of a cell. The channel bandwidth is measured in MHz and is used as a reference for transmitter and receiver RF requirements.

Contiguous carriers: A set of two or more carriers configured in a spectrum block where there are no RF requirements based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation within the spectrum block.

Contiguous resource allocation: A resource allocation of consecutive resource blocks within one carrier or across contiguously aggregated carriers. The gap between contiguously aggregated carriers due to the nominal channel spacing is allowed.

Contiguous spectrum: Spectrum consisting of a contiguous block of spectrum with no sub-block gaps.

Enhanced performance requirements type A: This defines performance requirements assuming as baseline receiver reference symbol based linear minimum mean square error interference rejection combining.

Inter-band carrier aggregation: Carrier aggregation of component carriers in different operating bands.

NOTE: Carriers aggregated in each band can be contiguous or non-contiguous.

Intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation: Contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation: Non-contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Lower sub-block **edge:** The frequency at the lower edge of one sub-block. It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

Non-contiguous spectrum: Spectrum consisting of two or more sub-blocks separated by sub-block gap(s).

Sub-block: This is one contiguous allocated block of spectrum for transmission and reception by the same UE. There may be multiple instances of sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth.

Sub-block bandwidth: The bandwidth of one sub-block.

Sub-block gap: A frequency gap between two consecutive sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth, where the RF requirements in the gap are based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation.

Synchronized operation: Operation of TDD in two different systems, where no simultaneous uplink and downlink occur.

Unsynchronized operation: Operation of TDD in two different systems, where the conditions for synchronized operation are not met.

Upper sub-block edge: The frequency at the upper edge of one sub-block. It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

BW_{Channel} Channel bandwidth

 $BW_{Channel,block} \qquad \text{Sub-block bandwidth, expressed in MHz. } BW_{Channel,block} = F_{edge,block,high} - F_{edge,block,low.}$

 $BW_{Channel_CA} \qquad \text{Aggregated channel bandwidth, expressed in MHz}.$

BW_{GB} Virtual guard band to facilitate transmitter (receiver) filtering above / below edge CCs.

 E_{RS} Transmitted energy per RE for reference symbols during the useful part of the symbol, i.e.

excluding the cyclic prefix, (average power normalized to the subcarrier spacing) at the eNode B

transmit antenna connector

 $\hat{E}_{\rm s}$ The averaged received energy per RE of the wanted signal during the useful part of the symbol,

i.e. excluding the cyclic prefix, at the UE antenna connector; average power is computed within a set of REs used for the transmission of physical channels (including user specific RSs when present), divided by the number of REs within the set, and normalized to the subcarrier spacing

F Frequency

 $F_{Interferer}$ (offset) Frequency offset of the interferer $F_{Interferer}$ Frequency of the interferer

F_C Frequency of the carrier centre frequency

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{C, block, \; high} & \quad \text{Center frequency of the highest transmitted/received carrier in a sub-block.} \\ F_{C, block, \; low} & \quad \text{Center frequency of the lowest transmitted/received carrier in a sub-block.} \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{C_low} & \text{The centre frequency of the } \textit{lowest carrier}, \text{ expressed in MHz.} \\ F_{C_high} & \text{The centre frequency of the } \textit{highest carrier}, \text{ expressed in MHz.} \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{DL_low} & The \ lowest \ frequency \ of \ the \ downlink \ operating \ band \\ F_{DL_high} & The \ highest \ frequency \ of \ the \ downlink \ operating \ band \\ F_{UL_high} & The \ lowest \ frequency \ of \ the \ uplink \ operating \ band \\ \hline F_{UL_high} & The \ highest \ frequency \ of \ the \ uplink \ operating \ band \\ \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{edge,block,low} & The \ lower \ sub-block \ edge, \ where \ F_{edge,block,low} = F_{C,block,low} - F_{offset.} \\ F_{edge,block,high} & The \ upper \ sub-block \ edge, \ where \ F_{edge,block,high} = F_{C,block,high} + F_{offset.} \\ F_{edge_low} & The \ lower \ edge \ of \ aggregated \ channel \ bandwidth, \ expressed \ in \ MHz. \\ F_{edge_high} & F_{compare} = F_{compare} + F_{com$

Foffset,block,low Separation between lower edge of a sub-block and the center of the lowest component carrier

within the sub-block

F_{offset,block,high} Separation between higher edge of a sub-block and the center of the highest component carrier

within the sub-block

Frequency offset in MHz needed if NS_23 is used

F_{OOB} The boundary between the E-UTRA out of band emission and spurious emission domains. I_o The power spectral density of the total input signal (power averaged over the useful part of the

symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the UE antenna connector,

including the own-cell downlink signal

 I_{or} The total transmitted power spectral density of the own-cell downlink signal (power averaged over

the useful part of the symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the eNode B

transmit antenna connector

 \hat{I}_{ar} The total received power spectral density of the own-cell downlink signal (power averaged over

the useful part of the symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the UE

antenna connector

 I_{ot} The received power spectral density of the total noise and interference for a certain RE (average

power obtained within the RE and normalized to the subcarrier spacing) as measured at the UE

antenna connector

 L_{CRB} Transmission bandwidth which represents the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

expressed in units of resources blocks

 N_{cp} Cyclic prefix length N_{DL} Downlink EARFCN

 N_{oc} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference from cells that are not defined in a test procedure, as

measured at the UE antenna connector

 N_{ocl} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalized to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference in non-CRS symbols in ABS subframe from cells that

are not defined in a test procedure, as measured at the UE antenna connector.

 N_{oc2} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalized to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference in CRS symbols in ABS subframe from all cells that

are not defined in a test procedure, as measured at the UE antenna connector.

 N_{oc3} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing), simulating interference in non-ABS subframe from cells that are not defined

in a test procedure, as measured at the UE antenna connector

 N_{oc} The power spectral density (average power per RE normalised to the subcarrier spacing) of the

summation of the received power spectral densities of the strongest interfering cells explicitly defined in a test procedure plus N_{oc} , as measured at the UE antenna connector. The respective

power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{ac} is defined by its associated DIP

value

 $N_{Offs\text{-}DL}$ Offset used for calculating downlink EARFCN $N_{Offs\text{-}UL}$ Offset used for calculating uplink EARFCN

 N_{obs} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing) simulating eNode B transmitter impairments as measured at the eNode B

transmit antenna connector

N_{RB} Transmission bandwidth configuration, expressed in units of resource blocks

 N_{RB_agg} The number of the aggregated RBs within the fully allocated Aggregated Channel bandwidth. Total number of simultaneously transmitted resource blocks in Channel bandwidth or Aggregated

Channel Bandwidth.

 $N_{RB,c}$ The transmission bandwidth configuration of component carrier c, expressed in units of resource

blocks

 $N_{RB,largest\;BW}$ The largest transmission bandwidth configuration of the component carriers in the bandwidth

combination, expressed in units of resource blocks

N_{UL} Uplink EARFCN.

Rav Minimum average throughput per RB. P_{CMAX} The configured maximum UE output power.

 $P_{CMAX, c}$ The configured maximum UE output power for serving cell c.

 P_{EMAX} Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers. Same as IE *P-Max*, defined in [7]. $P_{EMAX,c}$ Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers for serving cell c. Same as IE

P-Max, defined in [7].

 $P_{\text{Interferer}} \hspace{1cm} \text{Modulated mean power of the interferer}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} P_{PowerClass} & P_{PowerClass} \ is \ the \ nominal \ UE \ power \ (i.e., \ no \ tolerance). \\ P_{UMAX} & The \ measured \ configured \ maximum \ UE \ output \ power. \end{array}$

Puw Power of an unwanted DL signal Pw Power of a wanted DL signal

RB_{start} Indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks.
RB_{end} Indicates the highest RB index of transmitted resource blocks.

 Δf_{OOB} Δ Frequency of Out Of Band emission.

 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ Allowed reference sensitivity relaxation due to support for inter-band CA operation, for serving

cell c.

ΔT_{IB,c} Allowed maximum configured output power relaxation due to support for inter-band CA

operation, for serving cell c.

 $\Delta T_{\rm C}$ Allowed operating band edge transmission power relaxation.

 $\Delta T_{C,c}$ Allowed operating band edge transmission power relaxation for serving cell c.

σ Test specific auxiliary variable used for the purpose of downlink power allocation, defined in

Annex C.3.2.

W_{gap} Sub-block gap size

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

ABS Almost Blank Subframe

ACLR Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio
ACS Adjacent Channel Selectivity

A-MPR Additional Maximum Power Reduction

AWGN Additive White Gaussian Noise

BS Base Station

CA Carrier Aggregation

CA_X CA for band X where X is the applicable E-UTRA operating band

CA_X-X Non-contiguous intra band CA for band X where X is the applicable E-UTRA operating band CA_X-Y CA for band X and Band Y where X and Y are the applicable E-UTRA operating band

CC Component Carriers

CPE Customer Premise Equipment

CPE_X Customer Premise Equipment for E-UTRA operating band X

CW Continuous Wave

DL Downlink

DIP Dominant Interferer Proportion

EARFCN E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

EPRE Energy Per Resource Element

E-UTRA Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

EUTRAN Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

EVM Error Vector Magnitude
FDD Frequency Division Duplex
FRC Fixed Reference Channel
HD-FDD Half- Duplex FDD

MCS Modulation and Coding Scheme
MOP Maximum Output Power
MPR Maximum Power Reduction
MSD Maximum Sensitivity Degradation
OCNG OFDMA Channel Noise Generator

OFDMA Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access

OOB Out-of-band PA Power Amplifier

PCC Primary Component Carrier

P-MPR Power Management Maximum Power Reduction

PSS Primary Synchronization Signal

PSS RA PSS-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel PSS

RE Resource Element

REFSENS Reference Sensitivity power level

r.m.s Root Mean Square

SCC Secondary Component Carrier
SINR Signal-to-Interference-and-Noise Ratio

SNR Signal-to-Noise Ratio

SSS Secondary Synchronization Signal

SSS RA SSS-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel SSS

TDD Time Division Duplex UE User Equipment

UL Uplink

UL-MIMO Up Link Multiple Antenna transmission
UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

UTRA UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

UTRAN UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

xCH_RA xCH-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel xCH in all transmitted OFDM symbols not containing RS xCH_RB xCH-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel xCH in all transmitted OFDM symbols containing RS

4 General

4.1 Relationship between minimum requirements and test requirements

The Minimum Requirements given in this specification make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification TS 36.521-1 Annex F defines Test Tolerances. These Test Tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The Test Tolerances are used to relax the Minimum Requirements in this specification to create Test Requirements.

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared - without any modification - against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in ITU-R M.1545 [3].

4.2 Applicability of minimum requirements

- a) In this specification the Minimum Requirements are specified as general requirements and additional requirements. Where the Requirement is specified as a general requirement, the requirement is mandated to be met in all scenarios
- b) For specific scenarios for which an additional requirement is specified, in addition to meeting the general requirement, the UE is mandated to meet the additional requirements.
- c) The reference sensitivity power levels defined in subclause 7.3 are valid for the specified reference measurement channels.
- d) Note: Receiver sensitivity degradation may occur when:
 - 1) The UE simultaneously transmits and receives with bandwidth allocations less than the transmission bandwidth configuration (see Figure 5.6-1), and
 - 2) Any part of the downlink transmission bandwidth is within an uplink transmission bandwidth from the downlink center subcarrier.
- e) The spurious emissions power requirements are for the long term average of the power. For the purpose of reducing measurement uncertainty it is acceptable to average the measured power over a period of time sufficient to reduce the uncertainty due to the statistical nature of the signal.

4.3 Void

4.3A Applicability of minimum requirements (CA, UL-MIMO)

The requirements in clauses 5, 6 and 7 which are specific to CA and UL-MIMO are specified as suffix A, B, C, D where;

- a) Suffix A additional requirements need to support CA
- b) Suffix B additional requirements need to support UL-MIMO
- c) Suffix C additional requirements need to support TBD
- d) Suffix D additional requirements need to support TBD

A terminal which supports the above features needs to meet both the general requirements and the additional requirement applicable to the additional subclause (suffix A, B, C and D) in clauses 5, 6 and 7. Where there is a difference in requirement between the general requirements and the additional subclause requirements (suffix A, B, C and D) in clauses 5, 6 and 7, the tighter requirements are applicable unless stated otherwise in the additional subclause.

A terminal which supports more than one feature (CA and UL-MIMO) in clauses 5, 6 and 7 shall meet all of the separate corresponding requirements.

For a terminal supporting CA, compliance with minimum requirements for non-contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in any given operating band does not imply compliance with minimum requirements for contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in the same operating band.

For a terminal supporting CA, compliance with minimum requirements for contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in any given operating band does not imply compliance with minimum requirements for non- contiguous intra-band carrier aggregation in the same operating band.

A terminal which supports CA, for each supported CA configuration, shall support Pcell transmissions in each of the aggregated Component Carriers unless indicated otherwise in clause 5.6A.1.

4.4 RF requirements in later releases

The standardisation of new frequency bands and carrier aggregation configurations (downlink and uplink aggregation) may be independent of a release. However, in order to implement a UE that conforms to a particular release but supports a band of operation or a carrier aggregation configuration that is specified in a later release, it is necessary to specify some extra requirements. TS 36.307 [8] specifies requirements on UEs supporting a frequency band or a carrier aggregation configuration that is independent of release.

NOTE: For terminals conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document, some RF requirements in later releases may be mandatory independent of whether the UE supports the bands or carrier aggregation configurations specified in later releases or not. The set of requirements from later releases that is also mandatory for UEs conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document is determined by regional regulation.

5 Operating bands and channel arrangement

5.1 General

The channel arrangements presented in this clause are based on the operating bands and channel bandwidths defined in the present release of specifications.

NOTE: Other operating bands and channel bandwidths may be considered in future releases.

- 5.2 Void
- 5.3 Void
- 5.4 Void

5.5 Operating bands

E-UTRA is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.5-1.

Table 5.5-1 E-UTRA operating bands

E-UTRA Operating Band	Uplink (UL) operating band BS receive UE transmit Fullow - Fullhigh	Downlink (DL) operating band BS transmit UE receive FDL_low - FDL_high	Duplex Mode
1	1920 MHz - 1980 MHz	2110 MHz — 2170 MHz	FDD
2		1	FDD
3		1930 MHz - 1990 MHz 1805 MHz - 1880 MHz	FDD
4	1710 MHz — 1785 MHz 1710 MHz — 1755 MHz	2110 MHz — 2155 MHz	FDD
5			FDD
6 ¹	824 MHz - 849 MHz 830 MHz - 840 MHz		FDD
7			
		2620 MHz — 2690 MHz	FDD
8	880 MHz — 915 MHz	925 MHz — 960 MHz	FDD
9	1749.9 MHz — 1784.9 MHz	1844.9 MHz — 1879.9 MHz	FDD
10	1710 MHz — 1770 MHz	2110 MHz — 2170 MHz	FDD
11	1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz	1475.9 MHz — 1495.9 MHz	FDD
12	699 MHz - 716 MHz	729 MHz — 746 MHz	FDD
13	777 MHz — 787 MHz	746 MHz — 756 MHz	FDD
14	788 MHz — 798 MHz	758 MHz — 768 MHz	FDD
15	Reserved	Reserved	FDD
16	Reserved	Reserved	FDD
17	704 MHz - 716 MHz	734 MHz - 746 MHz	FDD
18	815 MHz - 830 MHz	860 MHz - 875 MHz	FDD
19	830 MHz – 845 MHz	875 MHz - 890 MHz	FDD
20	832 MHz - 862 MHz	791 MHz – 821 MHz	FDD
21	1447.9 MHz - 1462.9 MHz	1495.9 MHz - 1510.9 MHz	FDD
22	3410 MHz - 3490 MHz	3510 MHz - 3590 MHz	FDD
23	2000 MHz - 2020 MHz	2180 MHz - 2200 MHz	FDD
24	1626.5 MHz - 1660.5 MHz	1525 MHz - 1559 MHz	FDD
25	1850 MHz – 1915 MHz	1930 MHz - 1995 MHz	FDD
26	814 MHz – 849 MHz	859 MHz - 894 MHz	FDD
27	807 MHz - 824 MHz	852 MHz - 869 MHz	FDD
28	703 MHz - 748 MHz	758 MHz - 803 MHz	FDD
29	N/A	717 MHz - 728 MHz	FDD ²
33	1900 MHz - 1920 MHz	1900 MHz - 1920 MHz	TDD
34	2010 MHz - 2025 MHz	2010 MHz - 2025 MHz	TDD
35	1850 MHz - 1910 MHz	1850 MHz - 1910 MHz	TDD
36	1930 MHz - 1990 MHz	1930 MHz - 1990 MHz	TDD
37	1910 MHz - 1930 MHz	1910 MHz - 1930 MHz	TDD
38	2570 MHz - 2620 MHz	2570 MHz - 2620 MHz	TDD
39	1880 MHz - 1920 MHz	1880 MHz - 1920 MHz	TDD
40	2300 MHz - 2400 MHz	2300 MHz - 2400 MHz	TDD
41	2496 MHz 2690 MHz	2496 MHz 2690 MHz	TDD
42	3400 MHz - 3600 MHz	3400 MHz - 3600 MHz	TDD
43	3600 MHz - 3800 MHz	3600 MHz - 3800 MHz	TDD
44	703 MHz - 803 MHz	703 MHz - 803 MHz	TDD

NOTE 1: Band 6 is not applicable

NOTE 2: Restricted to E-UTRA operation when carrier aggregation is configured. The downlink operating band is paired with the uplink operating band (external) of the carrier aggregation configuration that is supporting the configured Pcell.

5.5A Operating bands for CA

E-UTRA carrier aggregation is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Tables 5.5A-1 and 5.5A-2.

Table 5.5A-1: Intra-band contiguous CA operating bands

E-UTRA	E-UTRA	Uplink (UL) operating band			Downlink (D	Duplex		
CA Band	Band	BS receive / UE transmit			BS transr	Mode		
		F _{UL_low} - F _{UL_high}			F _{DL_lo}			
CA_1	1	1920 MHz	_	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2170 MHz	FDD
CA_7	7	2500 MHz	_	2570 MHz	2620 MHz	-	2690 MHz	FDD
CA_38	38	2570 MHz	_	2620 MHz	2570 MHz	-	2620 MHz	TDD
CA_40	40	2300 MHz	_	2400 MHz	2300 MHz	_	2400 MHz	TDD
CA_41	41	2496 MHz		2690 MHz	2496 MHz		2690 MHz	TDD

Table 5.5A-2: Inter-band CA operating bands

E-UTRA	E-UTRA	Uplink (UL)	Uplink (UL) operating band			L) o	perating band	Duplex	
CA Band	Band	BS receive / UE transmit		BS transr	Mode				
				F _{UL_high}			F _{DL_high}		
CA 4.5	1	1920 MHz	_	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2170 MHz	EDD	
CA_1-5	5	824 MHz	_	849 MHz	869 MHz	_	894 MHz	FDD	
CA 4.40	1	1920 MHz	_	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2170 MHz	EDD	
CA_1-18	18	815 MHz	_	830 MHz	860 MHz	_	875 MHz	FDD	
CA 1.10	1	1920 MHz	_	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2170 MHz	EDD	
CA_1-19	19	830 MHz	_	845 MHz	875 MHz	_	890 MHz	FDD	
CA 1 21	1	1920 MHz	-	1980 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2170 MHz	FDD	
CA_1-21	21	1447.9 MHz	_	1462.9 MHz	1495.9 MHz	_	1510.9 MHz	FUU	
CA 2.17	2	1850 MHz	-	1910 MHz	1930 MHz	-	1990 MHz	EDD	
CA_2-17	17	704 MHz	_	716 MHz	734 MHz	_	746 MHz	FDD	
C	2	1850 MHz	-	1910 MHz	1930 MHz	-	1990 MHz	EDD	
CA_2-29	29		N/A		717 MHz	-	728 MHz	FDD	
CA_3-5	3	1710 MHz	-	1785 MHz	1805 MHz	-	1880 MHz	FDD	
CA_3-5	5	824 MHz	-	849 MHz	869 MHz	-	894 MHz	רטט	
CA_3-7	3	1710 MHz	-	1785 MHz	1805 MHz	-	1880 MHz	EDD	
CA_3-7	7	2500 MHz	-	2570 MHz	2620 MHz	-	2690 MHz	FDD	
C	3	1710 MHz		1785 MHz	1805 MHz		1880 MHz	EDD	
CA_3-8	8	880 MHz		915 MHz	925 MHz		960 MHz	FDD	
CA 2.20	3	1710 MHz	_	1785 MHz	1805 MHz	_	1880 MHz	EDD	
CA_3-20	20	832 MHz	_	862 MHz	791 MHz	_	821 MHz	FDD	
CA 4.5	4	1710 MHz	_	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2155 MHz	EDD	
CA_4-5	5	824 MHz	_	849 MHz	869 MHz	_	894 MHz	FDD	
CA 4.7	4	1710 MHz		1755 MHz	2110 MHz		2155 MHz	- FDD	
CA_4-7	7	2500 MHz		2570 MHz	2620 MHz		2690 MHz	FDD	
CA 4.12	4	1710 MHz	_	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2155 MHz	EDD	
CA_4-12	12	699 MHz	_	716 MHz	729 MHz	_	746 MHz	FDD	
CA 4.13	4	1710 MHz	-	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2155 MHz	EDD	
CA_4-13	13	777 MHz	_	787 MHz	746 MHz	_	756 MHz	FDD	
CA 4.17	4	1710 MHz	-	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2155 MHz	EDD	
CA_4-17	17	704 MHz	-	716 MHz	734 MHz	_	746 MHz	FDD	
CA 4.20	4	1710 MHz	_	1755 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2155 MHz	EDD	
CA_4-29	29		N/A		717 MHz	_	728 MHz	FDD	
CA E 10	5	824 MHz	-	849 MHz	869 MHz	-	894 MHz	FDD	
CA_5-12	12	699 MHz	-	716 MHz	729 MHz	-	746 MHz	רטט	
CA 5 17	5	824 MHz	-	849 MHz	869 MHz	-	894 MHz	EDD	
CA_5-17	17	704 MHz	-	716 MHz	734 MHz	-	746 MHz	FDD	
CA_7-20	7	2500 MHz	_	2570 MHz	2620 MHz	_	2690 MHz	FDD	
CA_7-20	20	832 MHz	_	862 MHz	791 MHz	_	821 MHz		
CA 9.20	8	880 MHz	_	915 MHz	925 MHz	_	960 MHz	FDD	
CA_8-20	20	832 MHz	-	862 MHz	791 MHz	_	821 MHz		
CA 11 10	11	1427.9 MHz	_	1447.9 MHz	1475.9 MHz	_	1495.9 MHz	EDD	
CA_11-18	18	815 MHz	_	830 MHz	860 MHz	_	875 MHz	FDD	

Table 5.5A-3: Intra-band non-contiguous CA operating bands

E-UTRA	E-UTRA	Uplink (UL) operating band			Downlink (D	Duplex		
CA Band	Band	BS receive / UE transmit			BS transi	Mode		
		F _{UL_low} - F _{UL_high}			F _{DL_lo}			
CA_25-25	25	1850 MHz - 1915 MHz			1930 MHz	-	1995 MHz	FDD
CA_41-41	41	2496 MHz	_	2690 MHz	2496 MHz	-	2690 MHz	TDD

5.5B Operating bands for UL-MIMO

E-UTRA UL-MIMO is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.5-1.

Table 5.5B-1: Void

5.6 Channel bandwidth

Requirements in present document are specified for the channel bandwidths listed in Table 5.6-1.

Table 5.6-1: Transmission bandwidth configuration N_{RB} in E-UTRA channel bandwidths

Channel bandwidth BW _{Channel} [MHz]	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Transmission bandwidth configuration N _{RB}	6	15	25	50	75	100

Figure 5.6-1 shows the relation between the Channel bandwidth ($BW_{Channel}$) and the Transmission bandwidth configuration (N_{RB}). The channel edges are defined as the lowest and highest frequencies of the carrier separated by the channel bandwidth, i.e. at F_C +/- $BW_{Channel}$ /2.

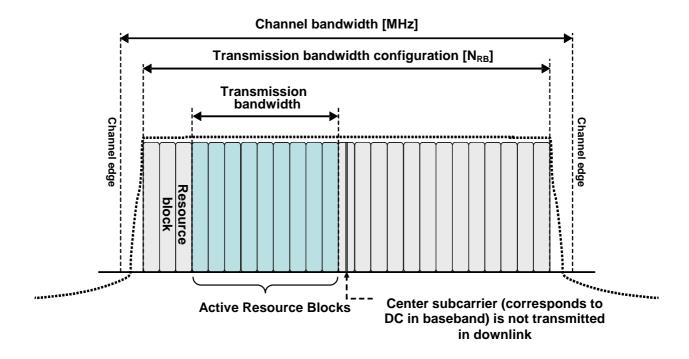


Figure 5.6-1: Definition of channel bandwidth and transmission bandwidth configuration for one E-UTRA carrier

5.6.1 Channel bandwidths per operating band

a) The requirements in this specification apply to the combination of channel bandwidths and operating bands shown in Table 5.6.1-1. The transmission bandwidth configuration in Table 5.6.1-1 shall be supported for each of the specified channel bandwidths. The same (symmetrical) channel bandwidth is specified for both the TX and RX path.

Table 5.6.1-1: E-UTRA channel bandwidth

		E-UTRA baı	nd / Channe	l bandwidth		
E-UTRA	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Band						
1			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹		
6			Yes	Yes ¹		
7			Yes	Yes	Yes ³	Yes ^{1, 3}
8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹		
9			Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
10			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
11			Yes	Yes ¹		
12	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
13			Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
14			Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
17			Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
18			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
19			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
20			Yes	Yes¹	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
21			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
22			Yes	Yes	Yes¹	Yes ¹
23	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
24			Yes	Yes		
25	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
26	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
27	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹		
28		Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	Yes ^{1, 2}
33			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
34			Yes	Yes	Yes	
35	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
36	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
37			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
38			Yes	Yes	Yes ³	Yes ³
39			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
40			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
41			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
42			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
43			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
44		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
NOTE 4	1					

NOTE 1: ¹ refers to the bandwidth for which a relaxation of the specified UE receiver sensitivity requirement (subclause 7.3) is allowed.

NOTE 2: ² For the 20 MHz bandwidth, the minimum requirements are specified for

NOTE 2: ² For the 20 MHz bandwidth, the minimum requirements are specified for E-UTRA UL carrier frequencies confined to either 713-723 MHz or 728-738 MHz

NOTE 3: ³ refers to the bandwidth for which the uplink transmission bandwidth can be restricted by the network for some channel assignments in FDD/TDD co-existence scenarios in order to meet unwanted emissions requirements (Clause 6.6.3.2).

b) The use of different (asymmetrical) channel bandwidth for the TX and RX is not precluded and is intended to form part of a later release.

5.6A Channel bandwidth for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation *Aggregated Channel Bandwidth*, *Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration* and *Guard Bands* are defined as follows, see Figure 5.6A-1.

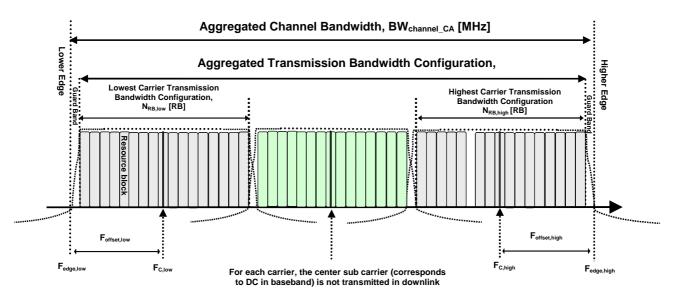


Figure 5.6A-1. Definition of Aggregated channel bandwidth and aggregated channel bandwidth edges

The aggregated channel bandwidth, BW_{Channel CA}, is defined as

$$BW_{Channel_CA} = F_{edge,high} - F_{edge,low}$$
 [MHz].

The lower bandwidth edge $F_{edge,low}$ and the upper bandwidth edge $F_{edge,high}$ of the aggregated channel bandwidth are used as frequency reference points for transmitter and receiver requirements and are defined by

$$F_{\text{edge,low}} = F_{\text{C,low}} - F_{\text{offset,low}}$$

$$F_{edge,high} = F_{C,high} + F_{offset,high}$$

The lower and upper frequency offsets depend on the transmission bandwidth configurations of the lowest and highest assigned edge component carrier and are defined as

$$F_{offset,low} = (0.18N_{RB,low} + \Delta f_1)/2 + BW_{GB}[MHz]$$

$$F_{offset,high} = (0.18N_{RB,high} + \Delta f_1)/2 + BW_{GB}[MHz]$$

where $\Delta f_1 = \Delta f$ for the downlink with Δf the subcarrier spacing and $\Delta f_1 = 0$ for the uplink, while $N_{RB,low}$ and $N_{RB,high}$ are the transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.6-1 for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier, respectively. BW_{GB} denotes the *Nominal Guard Band* and is defined in Table 5.6A-1, and the factor 0.18 is the PRB bandwidth in MHz.

NOTE: The values of BW_{Channel_CA} for UE and BS are the same if the lowest and the highest component carriers are identical.

Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration is the number of the aggregated RBs within the fully allocated Aggregated Channel bandwidth and is defined per CA Bandwidth Class (Table 5.6A-1).

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation *Sub-block Bandwidth* and *Sub-block edges* are defined as follows, see Figure 5.6A-2.

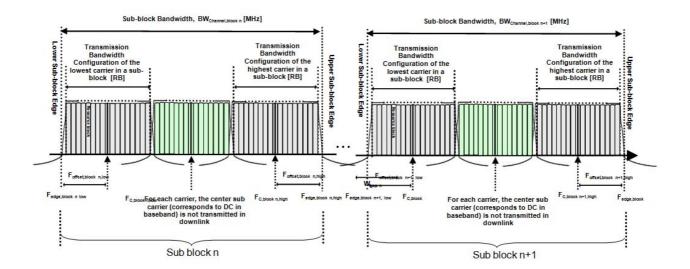


Figure 5.6A-2. Non-contiguous intraband CA terms and definitions

The lower sub-block edge of the Sub-block Bandwidth (BW_{Channel,block}) is defined as

$$F_{edge,block, low} = F_{C,block,low} - F_{offset,block, low}$$

The upper sub-block edge of the Sub-block Bandwidth is defined as

$$F_{edge,block,high} = F_{C,block,high} + F_{offset,block,high}$$
.

The Sub-block Bandwidth, BW_{Channel,block}, is defined as follows:

$$_{BWChannel,block} = F_{edge,block,high} - F_{edge,block,low} \, [\text{MHz}]$$

The lower and upper frequency offsets $F_{\text{offset,block,low}}$ and $F_{\text{offset,block,high}}$ depend on the transmission bandwidth configurations of the lowest and highest assigned edge component carriers within a sub-block and are defined as

$$F_{offset,block,low}\!=(0.18N_{RB,low}\!+\Delta f_1)\!/2+BW_{GB}\left[MHz\right]$$

$$F_{offset,block,high} = (0.18N_{RB,high} + \Delta f_1)/2 + BW_{GB} [MHz]$$

where $\Delta f_1 = \Delta f$ for the downlink with Δf the subcarrier spacing and $\Delta f_1 = 0$ for the uplink, while $N_{RB,low}$ and $N_{RB,high}$ are the transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.6-1 for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier within a sub-block, respectively. BW_{GB} denotes the *Nominal Guard Band* and is defined in Table 5.6A-1, and the factor 0.18 is the PRB bandwidth in MHz.

The sub-block gap size between two consecutive sub-blocks W_{gap} is defined as

$$W_{\text{gap}} = F_{\text{edge,block n+1,low -}} \, F_{\text{edge,block n,high [MHz]}} \,$$

Table 5.6A-1: CA bandwidth classes and corresponding nominal guard bands

CA Bandwidth Class	Aggregated Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	Maximum number of CC	Nominal Guard Band BW _{GB}
Α	N _{RB,agg} ≤ 100	1	$a_1BW_{Channel(1)}$ - $0.5\Delta f_1$ (NOTE 2)
В	N _{RB,agg} ≤ 100	2	NOTE 3
С	100 < N _{RB,agg} ≤ 200	2	$0.05 \text{ max}(BW_{Channel(1)}, BW_{Channel(2)}) - 0.5\Delta f_1$
D	$200 < N_{RB,agg} \le 300$	3	NOTE 3
Е	$300 < N_{RB,agg} \le 400$	4	NOTE 3
F	$400 < N_{RB,agg} \le 500$	5	NOTE 3

NOTE 1: $\overline{BW}_{Channel(1)}$ and $\overline{BW}_{Channel(2)}$ are channel bandwidths of two E-UTRA component carriers according to Table 5.6-1 and $\Delta f_1 = \Delta f$ for the downlink with Δf the subcarrier spacing while $\Delta f_1 = 0$ for the uplink.

NOTE 2: $a_1 = 0.16/1.4$ for BW_{Channel(1)} = 1.4 MHz whereas $a_1 = 0.05$ for all other channel bandwidths.

NOTE 3: Applicable for later releases.

The channel spacing between centre frequencies of contiguously aggregated component carriers is defined in subclause 5.7.1A.

5.6A.1 Channel bandwidths per operating band for CA

The requirements for carrier aggregation in this specification are defined for carrier aggregation configurations with associated bandwidth combination sets. For inter-band carrier aggregation, a *carrier aggregation configuration* is a combination of operating bands, each supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class. For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, a carrier aggregation configuration is a single operating band supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class.

For each carrier aggregation configuration, requirements are specified for all bandwidth combinations contained in a *bandwidth combination set*, which is indicated per supported band combination in the UE radio access capability. A UE can indicate support of several bandwidth combination sets per band combination.

Requirements for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation are defined for the carrier aggregation configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Table 5.6A.1-1. Requirements for inter-band carrier aggregation are defined for the carrier aggregation configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Table 5.6A.1-2.

The DL component carrier combinations for a given CA configuration shall be symmetrical in relation to channel centre unless stated otherwise in Table 5.6A.1-1 or 5.6A.1-2.

Table 5.6A.1-1: E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for intra-band contiguous CA

E-UTRA CA configuration / Bandwidth combination set								
	Hadial OA	Component carriers in c	Maximum	5				
E-UTRA CA configuration	Uplink CA configurations (NOTE 3)	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	aggregated bandwidth [MHz]	Bandwidth combination set			
CA 1C	CA 1C	15	15	- 40	0			
CA_1C	CA_1C	20	20	7 40	O .			
CA_7C	CA_7C	15	15	40	0			
CA_7C		20	20	7 40	0			
CA 29C	CA_38C	15	15	40	0			
CA_38C	CA_36C	20	20	40	U			
		10	20					
CA_40C	CA_40C	15	15	40	0			
		20	10, 20					
		10	20					
CA_41C	CA_41C	15	15, 20	40	0			
		20	10, 15, 20					

NOTE 1: The CA configuration refers to an operating band and a CA bandwidth class specified in Table 5.6A-1 (the indexing letter). Absence of a CA bandwidth class for an operating band implies support of all classes.

NOTE 2: For the supported CC bandwidth combinations, the CC downlink and uplink bandwidths are equal.

NOTE 3: Uplink CA configurations are the configurations supported by the present release of specifications.

Table 5.6A.1-2: E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for inter-band CA

		E-UTRA C	A configu	uration /	Bandwid	th comb	oination s	set		
E-UTRA CA Configuration	Uplink CA configurations (NOTE 4)	E- UTRA Bands	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Maximum aggregated bandwidth [MHz]	Bandwidth combination set
CA_1A-5A	-	1				Yes			20	0
		5			Voc	Yes	Voc	Voc		
CA_1A-18A	-	1 18			Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	35	0
		1			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		_
CA_1A-19A	-	19			Yes	Yes	Yes		35	0
04 44 644		1			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	0-	
CA_1A-21A	-	21			Yes	Yes	Yes		35	0
04 04 474		2			Yes	Yes			00	0
CA_2A-17A	-	17			Yes	Yes			20	0
04 04 004		2			Yes	Yes			00	0
CA_2A-29A	-	29		Yes	Yes	Yes			20	0
		3				Yes	Yes	Yes	20	_
04 04 54		5			Yes	Yes			30	0
CA_3A-5A	-	3				Yes			00	4
		5			Yes	Yes			20	1
		3			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		_
CA_3A-7A	-	7				Yes	Yes	Yes	40	0
		3				Yes	Yes	Yes		_
		8			Yes	Yes			30	0
CA_3A-8A	-	3				Yes				
		8			Yes	Yes			20	1
		3			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		_
CA_3A-20A	-	20			Yes	Yes			30	0
		4			Yes	Yes				
CA_4A-5A	-	5			Yes	Yes			20	0
0.4.4.7.4		4			Yes	Yes				_
CA_4A-7A	-	7			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	30	0
0.4.4.4.6.4		4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				_
CA_4A-12A	-	12 ⁵			Yes	Yes			20	0
		4			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	00	_
00 40 400		13				Yes			30	0
CA_4A-13A	-	4			Yes	Yes			60	4
		13				Yes			20	1
00 40 470		4			Yes	Yes			00	^
CA_4A-17A	-	17 ⁵			Yes	Yes			20	0
OA 4A 00A		4			Yes	Yes			00	_
CA_4A-29A	-	29		Yes	Yes	Yes			20	0
CA EA 40A		5			Yes	Yes			20	0
CA_5A -12A	-	12			Yes	Yes			20	0
CA		5			Yes	Yes			20	0
CA_5A-17A	-	17			Yes	Yes			20	0
04 74 004		7				Yes	Yes	Yes	20	_
CA_7A-20A	-	20			Yes	Yes			30	0
CA 0A 00A		8			Yes	Yes			00	_
CA_8A-20A	-	20			Yes	Yes			20	0
00 440 400		11			Yes	Yes			05	_
CA_11A-18A	-	18		İ	Yes	Yes	Yes		25	0

NOTE 1: The CA Configuration refers to a combination of an operating band and a CA bandwidth class specified in Table 5.6A-1 (the indexing letter). Absence of a CA bandwidth class for an operating band implies support of all classes.

NOTE 2: For each band combination, all combinations of indicated bandwidths belong to the set

NOTE 3: For the supported CC bandwidth combinations, the CC downlink and uplink bandwidths are equal.

NOTE 4: Uplink CA configurations are the configurations supported by the present release of specifications.

NOTE 5: For the corresponding CA configuration, UE may not support Pcell transmissions in this E-UTRA band.

Table 5.6A.1-3: E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for noncontiguous intra-band CA

		•	arriers in order of arrier frequency		
E-UTRA CA configuration	Uplink CA configurations (NOTE 1)	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	Channel bandwidths for carrier [MHz]	Maximum aggregated bandwidth [MHz]	Bandwidth combination set
CA_25A-25A	-	5, 10	5, 10	20	0
CA_41A-41A	-	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	40	0

5.6B Channel bandwidth for UL-MIMO

The requirements specified in subclause 5.6 are applicable to UE supporting UL-MIMO.

5.6B.1 Void

5.7 Channel arrangement

5.7.1 Channel spacing

The spacing between carriers will depend on the deployment scenario, the size of the frequency block available and the channel bandwidths. The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent E-UTRA carriers is defined as following:

Nominal Channel spacing =
$$(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2$$

where $BW_{Channel(1)}$ and $BW_{Channel(2)}$ are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA carriers. The channel spacing can be adjusted to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

5.7.1A Channel spacing for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth class C, the nominal channel spacing between two adjacent E-UTRA component carriers is defined as the following:

where $BW_{Channel(1)}$ and $BW_{Channel(2)}$ are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA component carriers according to Table 5.6-1 with values in MHz. The channel spacing for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation can be adjusted to any multiple of 300 kHz less than the nominal channel spacing to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation the channel spacing between two E-UTRA component carriers in different sub-blocks shall be larger than the nominal channel spacing defined in this subclause.

5.7.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 100 kHz for all bands, which means that the carrier centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 100 kHz.

5.7.2A Channel raster for CA

For carrier aggregation the channel raster is 100 kHz for all bands, which means that the carrier centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 100 kHz.

5.7.3 Carrier frequency and EARFCN

The carrier frequency in the uplink and downlink is designated by the E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (EARFCN) in the range 0 - 65535. The relation between EARFCN and the carrier frequency in MHz for the downlink is given by the following equation, where F_{DL_low} and $N_{Offs-DL}$ are given in Table 5.7.3-1 and N_{DL} is the downlink EARFCN.

$$F_{DL} = F_{DL \ low} + 0.1(N_{DL} - N_{Offs\text{-}DL})$$

The relation between EARFCN and the carrier frequency in MHz for the uplink is given by the following equation where F_{UL_low} and $N_{Offs\text{-}UL}$ are given in Table 5.7.3-1 and N_{UL} is the uplink EARFCN.

$$F_{UL} = F_{UL \text{ low}} + 0.1(N_{UL} - N_{Offs\text{-}UL})$$

Table 5.7.3-1: E-UTRA channel numbers

E-UTRA		Downlink			Uplink	
Operating Band	F _{DL_low} (MHz)	N _{Offs-DL}	Range of N _{DL}	F _{UL_low} (MHz)	N _{Offs-UL}	Range of N _{UL}
1	2110	0	0 – 599	1920	18000	18000 – 18599
2	1930	600	600 – 1199	1850	18600	18600 – 19199
3	1805	1200	1200 – 1949	1710	19200	19200 – 19949
4	2110	1950	1950 – 2399	1710	19950	19950 - 20399
5	869	2400	2400 – 2649	824	20400	20400 - 20649
6	875	2650	2650 – 2749	830	20650	20650 - 20749
7	2620	2750	2750 – 3449	2500	20750	20750 - 21449
8	925	3450	3450 – 3799	880	21450	21450 – 21799
9	1844.9	3800	3800 – 4149	1749.9	21800	21800 – 22149
10	2110	4150	4150 – 4749	1710	22150	22150 – 22749
11	1475.9	4750	4750 – 4949	1427.9	22750	22750 - 22949
12	729	5010	5010 - 5179	699	23010	23010 - 23179
13	746	5180	5180 – 5279	777	23180	23180 – 23279
14	758	5280	5280 - 5379	788	23280	23280 – 23379
17	734	5730	5730 – 5849	704	23730	23730 – 23849
18	860	5850	5850 - 5999	815	23850	23850 – 23999
19	875	6000	6000 – 6149	830	24000	24000 – 24149
20	791	6150	6150 – 6449	832	24150	24150 – 24449
21	1495.9	6450	6450 - 6599	1447.9	24450	24450 – 24599
22	3510	6600	6600 - 7399	3410	24600	24600 – 25399
23	2180	7500	7500 – 7699	2000	25500	25500 – 25699
24	1525	7700	7700 - 8039	1626.5	25700	25700 – 26039
25	1930	8040	8040 - 8689	1850	26040	26040 – 26689
26	859	8690	8690 - 9039	814	26690	26690 – 27039
27	852	9040	9040 – 9209	807	27040	27040 – 27209
28	758	9210	9210 – 9659	703	27210	27210 – 27659
29 ²	717	9660	9660 – 9769		N/A	
33	1900	36000	36000 - 36199	1900	36000	36000 - 36199
34	2010	36200	36200 - 36349	2010	36200	36200 - 36349
35	1850	36350	36350 - 36949	1850	36350	36350 - 36949
36	1930	36950	36950 - 37549	1930	36950	36950 - 37549
37	1910	37550	37550 – 37749	1910	37550	37550 – 37749
38	2570	37750	37750 – 38249	2570	37750	37750 – 38249
39	1880	38250	38250 - 38649	1880	38250	38250 – 38649
40	2300	38650	38650 - 39649	2300	38650	38650 - 39649
41	2496	39650	39650 –41589	2496	39650	39650 –41589
42	3400	41590	41590 – 43589	3400	41590	41590 – 43589
43	3600	43590	43590 – 45589	3600	43590	43590 – 45589
44	703	45590	45590 – 46589	703	45590	45590 – 46589

NOTE 1: The channel numbers that designate carrier frequencies so close to the operating band edges that the carrier extends beyond the operating band edge shall not be used. This implies that the first 7, 15, 25, 50, 75 and 100 channel numbers at the lower operating band edge and the last 6, 14, 24, 49, 74 and 99 channel numbers at the upper operating band edge shall not be used for channel bandwidths of 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20 MHz respectively.

NOTE 2: Restricted to E-UTRA operation when carrier aggregation is configured.

5.7.4 TX-RX frequency separation

a) The default E-UTRA TX channel (carrier centre frequency) to RX channel (carrier centre frequency) separation is specified in Table 5.7.4-1 for the TX and RX channel bandwidths defined in Table 5.6.1-1

E-UTRA Operating Band TX - RX carrier centre frequency separation 190 MHz 2 80 MHz. 3 95 MHz. 400 MHz 4 5 45 MHz 45 MHz 6 7 120 MHz 8 45 MHz 9 95 MHz 10 400 MHz 48 MHz 11 30 MHz 12 13 -31 MHz 14 -30 MHz 17 30 MHz 18 45 MHz 19 45 MHz 20 -41 MHz 21 48 MHz 22 100 MHz 180 MHz 23 24 -101.5 MHz 25 80 MHz 26 45 MHz 27 45 MHz 28 55 MHz

Table 5.7.4-1: Default UE TX-RX frequency separation

b) The use of other TX channel to RX channel carrier centre frequency separation is not precluded and is intended to form part of a later release.

5.7.4A TX-RX frequency separation for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the same TX-RX frequency separation as specified in Table 5.7.4-1 is applied to PCC and SCC, respectively.

6 Transmitter characteristics

6.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, the transmitter characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE with a single or multiple transmit antenna(s). For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed.

6.2 Transmit power

6.2.1 Void

6.2.2 UE maximum output power

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth for non CA configuration and UL-MIMO unless otherwise stated. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Table 6.2.2-1: UE Power Class

EUTRA band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
1	(иып)	(ub)	(ubili)	(ub)	23	(UB)	(авііі)	(ub)
2					23	±2 ±2 ² ±2 ²		
3					23	±2 ²		
4					23	±2 ±2		
5					23	±2 ±2		
6					23	±2		
7					23	. 2 ²		
8					23	±2 ±2 ² ±2 ²		
9					23	±2 ±2		
10					23	±2 ±2		
11					23	±2 ±2		
12					23	<u>±2</u> ±2 ²		
13	0.4	0/0			23	±2		
14	31	+2/-3			23	±2		
17					23	±2		
18					23	±2 ⁵		
19					23	±2 ±2 ²		
20					23	±2 ²		
21					23	±2		
22					23	+2/-3.5 ²		
23					23 ⁶	±2 ⁶		
24					23	±2 ±2 ²		
25					23	±2 ²		
26					23	±2 ²		
27					23	±2		
28					23	+2/-2.5		
33					23	±2		
34					23	±2		
35					23	±2		
36					23	±2		
37					23	±2		
38					23	±2		
39					23	±2		
40					23	±2		
41					23	±2 ²		
42					23	+2/-3		
43					23	+2/-3		
44					23	+2/[-3]		

NOTE 1: Void

- NOTE 2: ² refers to the transmission bandwidths (Figure 5.6-1) confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 MHz or F_{UL_high} 4 MHz and F_{UL_high}, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB
- NOTE 3: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 operating frequencies, the tolerance is FFS.
- NOTE 4: P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance
- NOTE 5: For a UE that supports both Band 18 and Band 26, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB for transmission bandwidths confined within 815 MHz and 818 MHz.
- NOTE 6: When NS_20 is signalled, the total output power within 2000-2005 MHz shall be limited to 7 dBm.

6.2.2A UE maximum output power for CA

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the aggregated channel bandwidth.

The maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2.2A-1.

Table 6.2.2A-1: CA UE Power Class

E-UTRA CA Configuration	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
CA_1C					23	+2/-2		
CA_7C					23	+2/-2 ²		
CA_38C					23	+2/-2		
CA_40C					23	+2/-2		
CA_41C					23	+2/-2 ²		

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: If all transmitted resource blocks (Figure 5.6A-1) over all component carriers are confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 MHz or/and F_{UL_high} – 4 MHz and F_{UL_high}, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB

NOTE 3: P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

NOTE 4: For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the maximum power requirement should apply to the total transmitted power over all component carriers (per UE).

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier on the PCC, the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

6.2.2B UE maximum output power for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth is specified in Table 6.2.2B-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Table 6.2.2B-1: UE Power Class for UL-MIMO in closed loop spatial multiplexing scheme

1 23 +2/-3² 2 23 +2/-3² 3 23 +2/-3² 4 23 +2/-3 5 23 +2/-3 6 23 +2/-3² 7 23 +2/-3² 8 23 +2/-3² 9 23 +2/-3 10 23 +2/-3 11 23 +2/-3 12 23 +2/-3 13 23 +2/-3² 14 23 +2/-3 15 24 23 +2/-3 17 23 +2/-3 18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3 20 23 +2/-3 21 23 +2/-3 22 23 +2/-3 23 +2/-3 23 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3 26 23 <	EUTRA band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
3	1					23			
3 4 23 +2/-3² 5 23 +2/-3	2					23	+2/-3 ²		
4 23 +2/-3 5 23 +2/-3 6 23 +2/-3* 7 23 +2/-3* 8 23 +2/-3* 9 23 +2/-3 10 23 +2/-3 11 23 +2/-3 12 23 +2/-3* 13 23 +2/-3 14 23 +2/-3 17 23 +2/-3 18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3 20 23 +2/-3* 21 23 +2/-3* 22 23 +2/-3* 22 23 +2/-3* 23 24/-3* 23 24 23 +2/-3* 25 23 +2/-3* 24 23 +2/-3* 25 23 +2/-3* 26 23 +2/-3* 27 23 +2/-3 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>23</td> <td>+2/-3²</td> <td></td> <td></td>						23	+2/-3 ²		
5 23 +2/-3 6 23 +2/-3' 7 23 +2/-3' 8 23 +2/-3' 9 23 +2/-3 10 23 +2/-3 11 23 +2/-3 12 23 +2/-3 13 23 +2/-3 14 23 +2/-3 17 23 +2/-3 18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3 20 23 +2/-3 21 23 +2/-3' 22 23 +2/-3' 21 23 +2/-3' 22 23 +2/-3' 23 24/-3 23 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3 26 23 +2/-3' 26 23 +2/-3' 28 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
6 23	5								
7 23 +2/-3² 8 23 +2/-3² 9 23 +2/-3 10 23 +2/-3 11 23 +2/-3 12 23 +2/-3² 13 23 +2/-3 14 23 +2/-3 18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3 20 23 +2/-3 21 23 +2/-3 22 23 +2/-3 21 23 +2/-3 22 23 +2/-3 23 +2/-3 23 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3 26 23 +2/-3 26 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3									
8 23 +2/-3 9 23 +2/-3 11 23 +2/-3 12 23 +2/-3 12 23 +2/-3 13 23 +2/-3 14 23 +2/-3 17 23 +2/-3 18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3 20 23 +2/-3 21 23 +2/-3 22 23 +2/-3 23 24/-3 23 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3 26 23 +2/-3 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3	7						+2/-3 ²		
9 23	8					23	+2/-3 ²		
11 23 +2/-3² 12 23 +2/-3² 13 23 +2/-3 14 23 +2/-3 17 23 +2/-3 18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3 20 23 +2/-3² 21 23 +2/-3² 22 23 +2/-4.5² 23 +2/-3² 23 23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3² 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-3 23 +2/-3 23 +2/-3 23 +2/-3 24 23<									
12 23 +2/-3² 13 23 +2/-3 14 23 +2/-3 17 23 +2/-3 18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3 20 23 +2/-3 21 23 +2/-3 22 23 +2/-4.5² 23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-3 43 23 +2/-3	10					23	+2/-3		
13 23 +2/-3 14 23 +2/-3 17 23 +2/-3 18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3 20 23 +2/-3 21 23 +2/-3 22 23 +2/-3 23 +2/-3 23 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2	11					23			
14 23 +2/-3 17 23 +2/-3 18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3² 20 23 +2/-3² 21 23 +2/-3² 22 23 +2/-4.5² 23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	12					23	+2/-3 ²		
17	13					23	+2/-3		
18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3² 20 23 +2/-3² 21 23 +2/-4.5² 22 23 +2/-4.5² 23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	14					23	+2/-3		
18 23 +2/-3 19 23 +2/-3² 20 23 +2/-3² 21 23 +2/-4.5² 22 23 +2/-4.5² 23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4									
19 23 +2/-3 20 23 +2/-3² 21 23 +2/-4.5² 22 23 +2/-4.5² 23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	17					23	+2/-3		
20 23 +2/-3² 21 23 +2/-4.5² 22 23 +2/-4.5² 23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3² 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	18					23	+2/-3		
21 23 +2/-3 22 23 +2/-4.5² 23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	19					23	+2/-3		
22 23 +2/-4.5² 23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3² 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	20					23	+2/-3 ²		
23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/[-3] 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-3 43 23 +2/-4	21					23	+2/-3		
23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/[-3] 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-3 43 23 +2/-4	22					23	+2/-4.5 ²		
23 23 +2/-3 24 23 +2/-3 25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/-3] 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-3 43 23 +2/-4									
25 23 +2/-3² 26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/[-3] 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4						23	+2/-3		
26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/[-3] 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	24					23	+2/-3		
26 23 +2/-3² 27 23 +2/-3 28 23 +2/[-3] 23 +2/-3 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	25					23	+2/-3 ²		
28 23 +2/[-3] 33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-3² 43 23 +2/-4	26					23	+2/-3 ²		
33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	27						+2/-3		
33 23 +2/-3 34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	28					23	+2/[-3]		
34 23 +2/-3 35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4									
35 23 +2/-3 36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	33					23	+2/-3		
36 23 +2/-3 37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	34								
37 23 +2/-3 38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	35					23			
38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	36					23			
38 23 +2/-3 39 23 +2/-3 40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4									
40 23 +2/-3 41 23 +2/-3 ² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	38								
41 23 +2/-3 ² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	39					23	+2/-3		
41 23 +2/-3 ² 42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4							+2/-3		
42 23 +2/-4 43 23 +2/-4	41						+2/-3 ²		
43 23 +2/-4							+2/-4		
	43					23			
							+2/[-3]		

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: ² refers to the transmission bandwidths (Figure 5.6-1) confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 6MHz or F_{UL_high} - 4 MHz and F_{UL_high}, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB

NOTE 3: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 operating frequencies, the tolerance is FFS.

NOTE 4: PPowerClass is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

Table 6.2.2B-2: UL-MIMO configuration in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

Ī	Transmission mode	DCI format	Codebook Index
Ī	Mode 2	DCI format 4	Codebook index 0

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

6.2.3 UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1 due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						
	1.4	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20						
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	

For PRACH, PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For each subframe, the MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the maximum MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For transmissions with non-contiguous resource allocation in single component carrier, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in table 6.2.2-1, is specified as follows

$$MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where M_A is defined as follows

 $M_A = 8.00-10.12A$; $0.00 < A \le 0.33$

5.67 - 3.07A ; $0.33 < A \le 0.77$

3.31 ; $0.77 < A \le 1.0$

Where

$$A = N_{RB\ alloc} \, / \, N_{RB.}$$

CEIL{M_A, 0.5} means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. MPR \in [3.0, 3.5 4.0 4.5 5.0 5.5 6.0 6.5 7.0 7.5 8.0]

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.2.3A UE Maximum Output power for modulation / channel bandwidth for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band (Table 5.6A-1), the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2A-1due to higher order modulation and contiguously aggregated transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3A-1. In case the modulation format is different on different component carriers then the MPR is determined by the rules applied to higher order of those modulations.

MPR Modulation **CA bandwidth Class C** 50 RB + 100 75 RB+100 100 RB + 100 (dB) 75 RB + 75 RB RB **RB** RB**QPSK** > 12 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 18 and ≤ 50 75 75 100 QPSK ≤ 2 > 50 > 75 > 75 > 100 16 QAM ≤ 12 ≤ 16 ≤ 16 ≤ 18 ≤ 1 16 QAM > 12 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 16 and ≤ > 18 and ≤ ≤ 2 50 75 75 100 16 QAM > 75 > 50 > 75 > 100 ≤ 3

Table 6.2.3A-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

For PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth class C with non-contiguous resource allocation, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2A-1 is specified as follows

$$MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$\begin{array}{lll} M_A = & 8.2 & ; 0 \leq A < 0.025 \\ & 9.2 - 40A & ; 0.025 \leq A < 0.05 \\ & 8 - 16A & ; 0.05 \leq A < 0.25 \\ & 4.83 - 3.33A & ; 0.25 \leq A \leq 0.4, \\ & 3.83 - 0.83A & ; 0.4 \leq A \leq 1, \end{array}$$

Where

$$A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$$

CEIL{ $M_{A,}$ 0.5} means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. MPR \in [3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5]

For intra-band carrier aggregation, the MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) on all component carriers within the slot; the maximum MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5A apply.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier on the PCC, the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

6.2.3B UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2B-1 is specified in Table 6.2.3-1. The requirements shall be met with UL-MIMO configurations defined in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector.

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5B apply.

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

6.2.4 UE maximum output power with additional requirements

Additional ACLR and spectrum emission requirements can be signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall also meet additional requirements in a specific deployment scenario. To meet these additional requirements, Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the output power as specified in Table 6.2.2-1. Unless stated otherwise, an A-MPR of 0 dB shall be used.

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified subclauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in subclause 6.2.3.

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (<i>N</i> _{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
			3	>5	≤ 1
		0 440 00 05	5	>6	≤ 1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25,	10	>6	≤ 1
		35, 36	15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NC 04	00000	44	5	>6	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-4
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table	6.2.4-2
NS 08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NO 00	0.000.4	04	40.45	> 40	≤ 1
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15		≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table	6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.3.13	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-5
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table	6.2.4-6
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5		6.2.4-7
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table	6.2.4-8
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15		6.2.4-9 6.2.4-10
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10		, Table 6.2.4-12, 6.2.4-13
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NC 10	662244	20	5	≥ 2	≤ 1
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	10, 15, 20	-	
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-14
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.3.14	23	5, 10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-15
NS_22	6.6.3.3.15	42, 43	5, 10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-16
NS_23	6.6.3.3.16	42, 43	5, 10, 15, 20	N N	I/A
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2.4-2: A-MPR for "NS_07"

Parameters	neters Region A		Regio	Region C	
RB _{start}		0 - 12	13 – 18	19 – 42	43 – 49
L _{CRB} [RBs]	6-8	1 to 5 and 9-50	≥8	≥18	≤2
A-MPR [dB]	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 12	≤ 6	≤ 3

NOTE 1; RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2; LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis.

NOTE 4; For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, the larger A-MPR value of the two regions may be applied for both slots in the subframe.

Table 6.2.4-3: A-MPR for "NS_10"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A
	RB _{start}	0 – 10
15	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1 -20
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 2
	RB _{start}	0 – 15
20	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1 -20
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5

NOTE 1: RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

L_{CRB} is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects Region A, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersect Region A, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

Table 6.2.4-4: A-MPR requirements for "NS 04" with bandwidth >5MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C
10	RB _{start}	0 – 12	13 – 36	37 – 49
	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	N/A	>37	N/A ³
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3dB	≤2dB	≤3dB
15	RB _{start}	0 – 18	19 – 55	56 – 74
	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	N/A	>56	N/A ³
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3dB	≤2dB	≤3dB
20	RB _{start}	0 – 24	25 – 74	75 – 99
	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	N/A ³	>75	N/A ³
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3dB	≤2dB	≤3dB

NOTE 1: RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

L_{CRB} is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation ³ refers to any RB allocation that starts in Region A or C is allowed the specified A-MPR NOTE 3:

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 5: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

Table 6.2.4-5: A-MPR for "NS_11"

Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters								
	Fc [MHz]	<20	04		≥2004				
3	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1-1	15		>5				
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ <u>{</u>	5			≤ 1			
	Fc [MHz]	<20	<2004		200)4 ≤ Fc <	2007	≥	2007
5	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1-2	25			6 & -25	8-12		>6
	A-MPR [dB]	≤7			≤	4	0		≤ 1
	Fc [MHz]	200)5 ≤	Fc <2	2015	5	<u>'</u>	2015	
	RB _{start}	0-49				0-49			
10	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1-50				1-50			
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 12					0		
	Fc [MHz]					<2012	2.5		
	RB _{start}	0-4	5-21		1 22-56		-56	57-74	
	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≥1	7-	50	0-	6 & ≥50	≤25	>25	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤15	≤	7		≤10	0	≤6	≤15
15	Fc [MHz]					2012	.5		
	RB _{start}	0-12			13-	-39	40-6	5	66-74
	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≥1		≥3	0	<30	≥ (69 RB _{star}		≥1
	A-MPR [dB]	≤10		≤6	3	0	≤2		≤6.5
	Fc [MHz]					2010)		
	RB _{start}	0-12		1	3-29	9	30-68		69-99
20	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≥1	10	-60		1-9 & >60	1-24	≥25	≥1
	A-MPR [dB]	≤15	•	≤7		≤10	0	≤7	≤15

Table 6.2.4-6: A-MPR for "NS_12"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Regio	Region B	
	RB _{start}	0		1-2
1.4	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≤3	≥4	≥4
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤6	≤3
	RB _{start}	0-3	3	4-5
3	L _{CRB} [RBs]	4-9	1-3 and 10-15	29
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤3	≤3
	RB _{start}	0-	7-9	
5	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≤8	≥9	≥15
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤3	≤3

Table 6.2.4-7: A-MPR for "NS_13"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Regio	on A	
	RB _{start}	0-2		
5	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≤5	≥18	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤2	

Table 6.2.4-8: A-MPR for "NS_14"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A		
	RB _{start}	0		
10	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≤5	=50	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤1	
	RB _{start}	≥8	3	
15	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≤16	≥50	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤3	≤1	

Table 6.2.4-9: A-MPR for "NS_15" for E-UTRA highest channel edge > 845 MHz and ≤ 849 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C
1.4	RB _{end} [RB]			4-5
1.4	A-MPR [dB]			≤3
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-1	8-12	13-14
3	L _{CRB} [RB]	≤2	≥8	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤4	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-4	12-19	20-24
5	L _{CRB} [RB]	≤2	≥8	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤5	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-12	23-36	37-49
10	L _{CRB} [RB]	≤2	≥15	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤6	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-20	26-53	54-74
15	L _{CRB} [RB]	≤2	≥20	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤5	≤9

Table 6.2.4-10: A-MPR for "NS_15" for E-UTRA highest channel edge ≤ 845 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C
	RB _{end} [RB]			19-24
5	L _{CRB} [RB]			≥18
	A-MPR [dB]			≤2
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-4	29-44	45-49
10	L _{CRB} [RB]	≤2	≥24	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤4	≤9
	RB _{end} [RB]	0-12	44-61	62-74
15	L _{CRB} [RB]	≤2	≥20	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤4	≤5	≤9

Table 6.2.4-11: A-MPR for "NS_16" with channel lower edge at ≥807 MHz and <808.5 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameter	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D	Region E
	RB _{start}	0	1-2			
3 MHz	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≥12	12			
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤1			
	RB _{start}	0-1	2	2-9	2-5	
5 MHz	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1 - 25	12	15-18	20	
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤1	≤2	≤3	
	RB _{start}	0 - 8	0-	0-14		15-24
10 MHz	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1 - 12	15-20	≥24	≥30	24-27
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤3	≤7	≤3	≤1

Table 6.2.4-12: A-MPR for "NS_16" with channel lower edge at ≥808.5 MHz and <812 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameter	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D	Region E
	RB _{start}	0	0-1	1-5		
5 MHz	L _{CRB} [RBs]	16-20	≥24	16-20		
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤3	≤1		
	RB _{start}	0-	-6	0-10	0-14	11-20
10 MHz	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1-12	15-20	24-32	≥36	24-32
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5	≤2	≤4	≤5	≤1

Table 6.2.4-13: A-MPR for "NS_16" with channel lower edge at ≥812 MHz

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameter	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D
	RB _{start}	0 - 9	0	1-14	0-5
10 MHz	L _{CRB} [RBs]	27-32	36-40	36-40	≥45
	A-MPR [dB]	≤1	≤2	≤1	≤3

Table 6.2.4-14: A-MPR for "NS_19"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A		Region B
	RB _{start}			0-6
10	L _{CRB} [RBs]			≥40
	A-MPR [dB]			≤1
	RB _{start}	0-	-6	7-20
15	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≤18	≥36	≥42
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤3	≤2
	RB _{start}	0-14		15-30
20	L _{CRB} [RBs]	≤40	≥45	≥50
	A-MPR [dB]	≤2	≤3	≤2

Table 6.2.4-15: A-MPR for "NS_20"

Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters										
	Fc [MHz]	< 20	07.5		200	7.5	≤ Fc <	2012	2.5	2012.5 ≤ F	c ≤ 2017.5
5	RB _{start}	≤:	24		C)-3			4-6	≤2	24
5	L _{CRB} [RBs]	>	•0	1	5-19	2	≥20		≥18	1-2	25
	A-MPR [dB]	≤	17		≤1		≤4		≤2	≤	0
	Fc [MHz]						2005				
	RB _{start}		0-25				26-3	4		35-	49
	L _{CRB} [RBs]		>0			8-15	-15 >		15	>	0
10	A-MPR [dB]		≤16			≤2 ≤5		≤5	≤ 6		
10	Fc [MHz]						2015				
	RB _{start}		0	-5					6-10		
	L _{CRB} [RBs]		≥;	32				≥40			
	A-MPR [dB]		<u> </u>	4						≤2	
	Fc [MHz]						2012.5	5			
15	RB _{start}		0-14				15	-24		25-39	61-74
15	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1-9 & 4	0-75	10-	39	24	4-29		≥30	≥36	≤6
	A-MPR [dB]	≤11	≤11 ≤6 ≤			≤1		≤7	≤5	≤6	
	Fc [MHz]	2010					-				
20	RB _{start}	0-21	0-21 22		1		32-3	38	39-49	50-68	69-99
20	L _{CRB} [RBs]	>0	1-9 & 3	31-75	10-3	30	≥1:	5	≥24	≥25	>0
	A-MPR [dB]	≤17	≤1:	2	≤6	ć	≤9)	≤7	≤5	≤16

NOTE 1: When NS_20 is signaled the minimum requirements for the 10 MHz bandwidth are specified for E-UTRA UL carrier center frequencies of 2005 MHz or 2015 MHz.

NOTE 2: When NS_20 is signaled the minimum requirements for the 15 MHz channel bandwidth are specified for

E-UTRA UL carrier center frequency of 2012.5 MHz.

Table 6.2.4-16: A-MPR for "NS_22"

Channel bandwidth [MHz]	Parameters	Region A	Region B	Region C	Region D
5	1	No A-MPR is neede	d for 5 MHz chan	nel bandwidth	
10	RB _{start}	0-13	0-17	≤ 6	≥12
	L _{CRB} [RBs]	> 36	33-36	≤ 32	≤ 32
	RBstart + LCRB [RBs]	N/A	N/A	N/A	≥44
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 3	≤ 3
15	RB _{start}	0-24	0-38	≤ 14	≥ 23
	L _{CRB} [RBs]	> 50	37-50	≤ 36	≤ 36
	RBstart + LCRB [RBs]	N/A	N/A	N/A	≥59
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 3
20	RB _{start}	0-35	0-51	≤ 21	≥ 31
	L _{CRB} [RBs]	> 64	49-64	≤ 48	≤ 48
	RBstart + LCRB [RBs]	N/A	N/A	N/A	≥79
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 3

NOTE 1; RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2; L_{CRB} is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis.

NOTE 4; For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, the larger A-MPR value of the two regions may be applied for both slots in the subframe.

For PRACH, PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed A-MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For each subframe, the A-MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the maximum A-MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.2.4A UE maximum output power with additional requirements for CA

Additional ACLR, spectrum emission and spurious emission requirements for carrier aggregation can be signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall also meet additional requirements in a specific deployment scenario. To meet these additional requirements, Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the CA Power Class as specified in Table 6.2.2A-1.

If for intra-band carrier aggregation the UE is configured for transmissions on a single serving cell, then subclauses 6.2.3 and 6.2.4 apply with the Network Signaling value indicated by the field *additionalSpectrumEmission*.

For intra-band contiguous aggregation with the UE configured for transmissions on two serving cells, the maximum output power reduction specified in Table 6.2.4A-1 is allowed for all serving cells of the applicable uplink CA configurations according to the CA network signalling value indicated by the field *additionalSpectrumEmissionSCell-r10*. Then clause 6.2.3A does not apply, i.e. the carrier aggregation MPR = 0 dB, unless the value indicated is CA NS 31.

Table 6.2.4A-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) for intra-band contiguous CA

CA Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)		A-MPR [dB] (subclause)
CA_NS_01	6.6.3.3A.1	CA_1C	6.2.4A.1
CA_NS_02	6.6.3.3A.2	CA_1C	6.2.4A.2
CA_NS_03	6.6.3.3A.3	CA_1C	6.2.4A.3
CA_NS_04	6.6.2.2A.1	CA_41C	6.2.4A.4
CA_NS_05	6.6.3.3A.4	CA_38C	6.2.4A.5
CA_NS_06	6.6.3.3A.5	CA_7C	6.2.4A.6
CA_NS_31	NOTE 1	Table 5.6A.1-1 (NOTE 1)	N/A
CA_NS_32		Reserved	

NOTE 1: Applicable for uplink CA configurations listed in Table 5.6A.1-1 for which none of the additional requirements in subclauses 6.6.2.2A or 6.6.3.3A apply.

NOTE 2: The index of the sequence CA_NS corresponds to the value of additionalSpectrumEmissionSCell-r10.

For PUCCH and SRS transmissions, the allowed A-MPR is according to that specified for PUSCH QPSK modulation for the corresponding transmission bandwidth.

For intra-band carrier aggregation, the A-MPR is evaluated per slot and given by the maximum value taken over the transmission(s) on all component carriers within the slot; the maximum A-MPR over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR specified in table 6.2.4A-1, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5A apply.

6.2.4A.1 A-MPR for CA_NS_01 for CA_1C

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_01 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in table 6.2.4A.1-1.

Table 6.2.4A.1-1: Contiguous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_01

CA_1C: CA_NS_01	RB _{start}	L _{CRB} [RBs]	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16- QAM [dB]
	0 – 23 and 176 – 199	> 0	N/A	≤ 12.0
100 RB / 100 RB	24 – 105	> 64	N/A	≤ 6.0
	106 – 175	N/A	> 175	≤ 5.0
	0 – 6 and 143	0 < L _{CRB} ≤ 10	N/A	≤ 11.0
75 DD / 75 DD	– 149	> 10	N/A	≤ 6.0
75 RB / 75 RB	7 – 90	> 44	N/A	≤ 5.0
	91 – 142	N/A	> 142	≤ 2.0

NOTE 1: RB start indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: L_CRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_01 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows

A-MPR = CEIL
$$\{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

 $M_A = -22.5 A + 17$; $0 \le A < 0.20$

$$-11.0 \ A + 14.7 \hspace{1.5cm} ; 0.20 \leq A < 0.70$$

$$-1.7 A + 8.2$$
 ; $0.70 \le A \le 1$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} \, / \, N_{RB_agg}$

6.2.4A.2 A-MPR for CA_NS_02 for CA_1C

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_02 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.2-1.

Table 6.2.4A.2-1: Contiguous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_02

CA_1C: CA_NS_02	RB _{end}	L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16 –QAM [dB]
	0 –20	> 0	≤ 4 dB
	21 – 46	> 0	≤ 3 dB
100 RB / 100 RB	47 – 99	> RB _{end} - 20	≤ 3 dB
	100 – 184	> 75	≤ 6 dB
	185 – 199	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	0 – 48	> 0	≤ 2 dB
	49 – 80	> RB _{end} - 20	≤ 3 dB
75 RB / 75 RB	81 – 129	> 60	≤ 5 dB
	130 – 149	> 84	≤ 6 dB
	130 – 149	1 – 84	≤ 2 dB

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_02 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows:

A-MPR = CEIL
$$\{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$\begin{aligned} M_A = & -22.5 \ A + 17 & ; \ 0 \leq A < 0.20 \\ & -11.0 \ A + 14.7 & ; \ 0.20 \leq A < 0.70 \end{aligned}$$

$$-1.7 A + 8.2$$
 ; $0.70 \le A \le 1$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4A.3 A-MPR for CA NS 03 for CA 1C

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_03 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.3-1.

Table 6.2.4A.3-1: Contiguous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_03

CA_1C: CA_NS_03	RB _{end}	L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16-QAM [dB]
	0 – 26	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	27 – 63	≥ RB _{end} - 27	≤ 6 dB
100 RB / 100 RB	27 – 63	< RB _{end} - 27	≤ 1 dB
100 KB / 100 KB	64 – 100	> RB _{end} - 20	≤ 4 dB
	101 – 171	> 68	≤ 7 dB
	172 – 199	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	0 – 20	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	21 – 45	> 0	≤ 4 dB
75 RB / 75 RB	46 – 75	> RB _{end} – 13	≤ 2 dB
/3 KD / /3 KD	76 – 95	> 45	≤ 5 dB
	96 – 149	> 43	≤ 8 dB
	120 – 149	1 - 43	≤ 6 dB

If the UE is configured to CA_1C and it receives IE CA_NS_03 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows:

A-MPR = CEIL
$$\{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where M_A is defined as follows

$$\begin{split} M_A = & -23.33A + 17.5 & ; 0 \leq A < 0.15 \\ & -7.65A + 15.15 & ; 0.15 \leq A \leq 1 \end{split}$$

Where $A = N_{RB \text{ alloc}} / N_{RB \text{ agg.}}$

6.2.4A.4 A-MPR for CA_NS_04

If the UE is configured to CA_41C and it receives IE CA_NS_04 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.4-1.

Table 6.2.4A.4-1: Contigous Allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_04

CA Bandwidth Class C	RB _{Start}	L _{CRB} [RBs]	RB _{start} + L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK [dB]	A-MPR for 16QAM [dB]
50RB / 100 RB	0 – 44 and 105 – 149	>0	N/A	≤4dB	≤4dB
	45 – 104	N/A	>105	≤3dB	≤4dB
75 RB / 75 RB	0 – 44 and 105 – 149	>0	N/A	≤4dB	≤4dB
	45 – 104	N/A	>105	≤4dB	≤4dB
100 RB / 75 RB	0 – 49 and 125 – 174	>0	N/A	≤4dB	≤4dB
	50 - 124	N/A	>125	≤3dB	≤4dB
100 RB / 100 RB	0 – 59 and 140 – 199	>0	N/A	≤3dB	≤4dB
	60– 139	N/A	>140	≤3dB	≤4dB

NOTE 1: RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: L_{CRB} is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

If the UE is configured to CA_41C and it receives IE CA_NS_04 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows

$$A-MPR = CEIL \{M_{A_s} 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$\begin{split} M_A &= 10.5, &0 \leq A < 0.05 \\ &= -50.0A + 13.00, &0.05 \leq A < 0.15 \\ &= -4.0A + 6.10, &0.15 \leq A < 0.40 \\ &= -0.83A + 4.83, &0.40 \leq A \leq 1 \end{split}$$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} / N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4A.5 A-MPR for CA_NS_05 for CA_38C

If the UE is configured to CA_38C and it receives IE CA_NS_05 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.5-1.

Table 6.2.4A.5-1: Contigous Allocation A-MPR for CA NS 05

CA_38C	RB _{end}	L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16-QAM [dB]
	0 – 12	>0	≤ 5 dB
100RB/100RB	13 – 79	> RB _{end} – 13	≤ 2 dB
TOURD/TOURD	80 – 180	>60	≤ 6 dB
	181 – 199	> 0	≤ 11 dB
	0 – 70	> max (0, RB _{end} -10)	≤ 2 dB
	71- 108	> 60	≤ 5 dB
75RB/75RB	109 – 139	>0	≤ 5 dB
	140 – 149	≤ 70	≤ 2 dB
	140 – 149	>70	≤ 6 dB

NOTE 1: RB_{end} indicates the highest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: L_{CRB} is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects regions, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

If the UE is configured to CA_38C and it receives IE CA_NS_05 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows

$$A-MPR = CEIL \{M_{A,} 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$M_A = -14.17 A + 16.50$$
 ; $0 \le A < 0.60$

$$-2.50 \text{ A} + 9.50$$
 ; $0.60 \le \text{A} \le 1$

Where $A = N_{RB_alloc} \, / \, N_{RB_agg.}$

6.2.4A.6 A-MPR for CA_NS_06

If the UE is configured to CA_7C and it receives IE CA_NS_06 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmission on the PCC and the SCC for contiguously aggregated signals is specified in Table 6.2.4A.6-1.

CA Bandwidth Class C	RB_end	L _{CRB} [RBs]	A-MPR for QPSK and 16-QAM [dB]
	0 –22	>0	≤4 dB
	23 – 99	> max(0, RB _{end} - 25)	≤ 2 dB
100RB/100RB	100 – 142	> 75	≤ 3 dB
	143 – 177	>70	≤ 5 dB
	178 – 199	> 0	≤ 10 dB
	0 – 7	>0	≤ 5 dB
	8- 74	> max(0, RB _{end} - 10)	≤ 2 dB
75RB/75RB	75 – 109	>64	≤ 2 dB
	110 – 144	>35	≤ 6 dB
	145 – 149	>0	≤ 10 dB

Table 6.2.4A.6-1: Contiguous Allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_06

If the UE is configured to CA_7C and it receives IE CA_NS_06 the allowed maximum output power reduction applied to transmissions on the PCell and the SCell with non-contiguous resource allocation is defined as follows:

$$A\text{-MPR} = CEIL \{M_{A,} 0.5\}$$

Where M_A is defined as follows

$$\begin{aligned} M_A = & -23.33A + 17.5 + 10A & ; 0 \leq A < 0.15 \\ & -7.65A + 15.15 + 1.18A + 1.32 & ; 0.15 \leq A \leq 1 \end{aligned}$$

Where $A = N_{RB \text{ alloc}} / N_{RB \text{ agg.}}$

6.2.4B UE maximum output power with additional requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the A-MPR values specified in subclause 6.2.4 shall apply to the maximum output power specified in Table 6.2.2B-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the maximum output power is measured as the sum of the maximum output power at each UE antenna connector. Unless stated otherwise, an A-MPR of 0 dB shall be used.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5B apply.

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.2.4 apply.

6.2.5 Configured transmitted power

The UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ for serving cell c. The configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ is set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX L,c} \leq P_{CMAX,c} \leq P_{CMAX H,c}$$

with

$$\begin{split} P_{\text{CMAX_L},c} &= \text{MIN} \; \{ P_{\text{EMAX},c} - \Delta T_{\text{C},c}, \, P_{\text{PowerClass}} - \text{MAX}(\text{MPR}_c + \text{A-MPR}_c + \Delta T_{\text{IB},c} + \Delta T_{\text{C},c}, \, P\text{-MPR}_c) \; \} \\ P_{\text{CMAX_H},c} &= \text{MIN} \; \{ P_{\text{EMAX},c}, \, P_{\text{PowerClass}} \} \end{split}$$

where

- $P_{EMAX,c}$ is the value given by IE *P-Max* for serving cell *c*, defined in [7];

- P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2.2-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2.2-1;
- MPR_c and A-MPR_c for serving cell c are specified in subclause 6.2.3 and subclause 6.2.4, respectively;
- $\Delta T_{\text{IB,c}}$ is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in Table 6.2.5-2; $\Delta T_{\text{IB,c}} = 0$ dB otherwise;
- $\Delta T_{C,c} = 1.5$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1 applies;
- $\Delta T_{C,c} = 0$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1 does not apply.

P-MPR_c is the allowed maximum output power reduction for

- a) ensuring compliance with applicable electromagnetic energy absorption requirements and addressing unwanted emissions / self desense requirements in case of simultaneous transmissions on multiple RAT(s) for scenarios not in scope of 3GPP RAN specifications;
- b) ensuring compliance with applicable electromagnetic energy absorption requirements in case of proximity detection is used to address such requirements that require a lower maximum output power.

The UE shall apply P-MPR $_c$ for serving cell c only for the above cases. For UE conducted conformance testing P-MPR shall be $0~\mathrm{dB}$

NOTE 1: P-MPR $_c$ was introduced in the $P_{CMAX,c}$ equation such that the UE can report to the eNB the available maximum output transmit power. This information can be used by the eNB for scheduling decisions.

NOTE 2: P-MPR_c may impact the maximum uplink performance for the selected UL transmission path.

For each subframe, the $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ for serving cell c is evaluated per slot and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the minimum $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe. $P_{PowerClass}$ shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

The measured configured maximum output power P_{UMAX,c} shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX_L,c} - MAX\{T_{L,c}, \, T(P_{CMAX_L,c})\} \leq P_{UMAX,c} \leq P_{CMAX_H,c} + T(P_{CMAX_H,c})$$

where the tolerance $T(P_{CMAX,c})$ for applicable values of $P_{CMAX,c}$ is specified in Table 6.2.5-1. The tolerance $T_{L,c}$ is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for the applicable operating band as specified in Table 6.2.2-1.

Table 6.2.5-1: P_{CMAX.c} tolerance

P _{CMAX,c} (dBm)	Tolerance T(P _{CMAX,c}) (dB)
23 < P _{CMAX,c} ≤ 33	2.0
$21 \le P_{CMAX,c} \le 23$	2.0
20 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 21	2.5
19 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 20	3.5
18 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 19	4.0
13 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 18	5.0
8 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 13	6.0
$-40 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 8$	7.0

For the UE which supports inter-band carrier aggregation configurations with the uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ is defined for applicable bands in Table 6.2.5-2.

Table 6.2.5-2: ΔT_{IB,c}

Inter-band CA Configuration	E-UTRA Band	ΔT _{IB,c} [dB]
CA_1A-5A	1	0.3
CA_TA-SA	5	0.3
CA_1A-18A	1	0.3
CA_IA-IOA	18	0.3
CA_1A-19A	1	0.3
CA_IA-IBA	19	0.3
CA_1A-21A	1	0.3
CA_IA-ZIA	21	0.3
CA_2A-17A	2	0.3
	17	0.8
CA_2A-29A	2	0.3
CA_3A-5A	3	0.3
UA_3A-3A	5	0.3
CA_3A-7A	3	0.5
CA_SA-TA	7	0.5
CA_3A-8A	3	0.3
CA_SA-GA	8	0.3
CA_3A-20A	3	0.3
UA_3A-20A	20	0.3
CA_4A-5A	4	0.3
UA_4A-3A	5	0.3
CA_4A-7A	4	0.5
UA_4A-1A	7	0.5
CA_4A-12A	4	0.3
	12	0.8
CA_4A-13A	4	0.3
UA_4A-13A	13	0.3
CA_4A-17A	4	0.3
	17	0.8
CA_4A-29A	4	0.3
CA_5A-12A	5	0.8
CA_5A-12A	12	0.4
CA_5A-17A	5	0.8
0A_0A-17A	17	0.4
CA_7A-20A	7	0.3
0A_1A-20A	20	0.3
CA_8A-20A	8	0.4
0A_0A-20A	20	0.4
CA_11A-18A	11	0.3
0A_11A-10A	18	0.3

- NOTE 1: The above additional tolerances are only applicable for the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 2: The above additional tolerances also apply in non-aggregated operation for the supported E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 3: In case the UE supports more than one of the above inter-band carrier aggregation configurations and a E-UTRA operating band belongs to more than one inter-band carrier aggregation configurations then:
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is ≤ 1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the tolerances above, truncated to one decimal place for that operating band among the supported CA configurations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be applied
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the maximum tolerance above that applies for that operating band among the supported CA configurations

NOTE: The above additional tolerances do not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL. Otherwise the above additional tolerances also apply to supported UTRA operating bands that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations.

NOTE: To meet the $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ requirements for CA_3A-7A with state-of-the-art technology, an increase in power consumption of the UE may be required. It is also expected that as the state-of-the-art technology evolves in the future, this possible power consumption increase can be reduced or eliminated.

6.2.5A Configured transmitted power for CA

For uplink carrier aggregation the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ for serving cell c and its total configured maximum output power P_{CMAX} .

The configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$ on serving cell c shall be set as specified in subclause 6.2.5.

For uplink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, $MPR_c = MPR$ and $A-MPR_c = A-MPR$ with MPR and A-MPR specified in subclause 6.2.3A and subclause 6.2.4A respectively. There is one power management term for the UE, denoted P-MPR, and P-MPR $_c = P-MPR$. $P_{CMAX,c}$ is calculated under the assumption that the transmit power is increased by the same amount in dB on all component carriers.

Table 6.2.5A-1:Void

The total configured maximum output power PCMAX shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\ L} \leq P_{CMAX} \leq P_{CMAX\ H}$$

For uplink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation,

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX_L} = MIN\{10 \ log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c} - \Delta T_C \ , \ P_{PowerClass} - MAX(MPR + A-MPR + \Delta T_{IB,c} + \Delta T_C \ , P-MPR)\} \\ P_{CMAX_H} = MIN\{10 \ log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c} \ , \ P_{PowerClass}\} \end{split}$$

where

- $p_{EMAX,c}$ is the linear value of $P_{EMAX,c}$ which is given by IE *P-Max* for serving cell *c* in [7];
- P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2.2A-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2.2A-1;
- MPR and A-MPR are specified in subclause 6.2.3A and subclause 6.2.4A respectively;
- $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in Table 6.2.5-2;
- P-MPR is the power management term for the UE;
- ΔT_C is the highest value $\Delta T_{C,c}$ among all serving cells c in the subframe over both timeslots. $\Delta T_{C,c} = 1.5$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2A-1 applies to the serving cell c, otherwise $\Delta T_{C,c} = 0$ dB.

For each subframe, the P_{CMAX_L} is evaluated per slot and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the slot; the minimum P_{CMAX_L} over the two slots is then applied for the entire subframe. $P_{PowerClass}$ shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

The measured maximum output power P_{UMAX} over all serving cells shall be within the following range:

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX_L} - MAX\{T_L, T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX_L})\} &\leq P_{UMAX} \leq P_{CMAX_H} + T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX_H}) \\ P_{UMAX} &= 10 \ log_{10} \ \sum p_{UMAX_C} \end{split}$$

where $p_{UMAX,c}$ denotes the measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale. The tolerances $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX})$ and $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX})$ for applicable values of P_{CMAX} are specified in Table 6.2.5A-2 for intra-band carrier

aggregation. The tolerance T_L is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable E-UTRA CA configurations as specified in Table 6.2.2A-1 for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation.

Table 6.2.5A-2: P_{CMAX} tolerance for dual uplink intra-band contiguous CA

P _{CMAX} (dBm)	Tolerance T _{LOW} (P _{CMAX}) (dB)	Tolerance T _{HIGH} (P _{CMAX}) (dB)		
$21 \le P_{CMAX} \le 23$	2	.0		
20 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 21	2.5			
19 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 20	3.5			
18 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 19	4.	.0		
13 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 18	5.0			
8 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 13	6.0			
-40 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 8	7.0			

Table 6.2.5A-3: Void

6.2.5B Configured transmitted power for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmitted power is configured per each UE.

The definitions of configured maximum output power $P_{CMAX,c}$, the lower bound $P_{CMAX_L,c}$, and the higher bound $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ specified in subclause 6.2.5 shall apply to UE supporting UL-MIMO, where

- $P_{PowerClass}$ and $\Delta T_{C,c}$ are specified in subclause 6.2.2B;
- MPR_c is specified in subclause 6.2.3B;
- A-MPR_c is specified in subclause 6.2.4B.

The measured configured maximum output power $P_{UMAX,c}$ for serving cell c shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX_L,c} - MAX\{T_L, T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX_L,c})\} \leq P_{UMAX,c} \leq P_{CMAX_H,c} + T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX_H,c})$$

where $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX_L,c})$ and $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX_H,c})$ are defined as the tolerance and applies to $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ and $P_{CMAX_L,c}$ separately, while T_L is the absolute value of the lower tolerance in Table 6.2.2B-1 for the applicable operating band.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial amultiplexing scheme, the tolerance is specified in Table 6.2.5B-1. The requirements shall be met with UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

Table 6.2.5B-1: P_{CMAX.c} tolerance in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

$P_{CMAX,c}$	Tolerance Tolerance				
(dBm)	$T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX_L,c})$ (dB)	$T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX_H,c})$ (dB)			
$P_{CMAX,c} = 23$	3.0	2.0			
22 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 23	5.0	2.0			
21 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 22	5.0	3.0			
20 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 21	6.0	4.0			
$16 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 20$	5.0				
11 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 16	6.0				
-40 ≤ P _{CMAX,c} < 11	7.	.0			

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.3 Output power dynamics

6.3.1 (Void)

6.3.2 Minimum output power

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is defined as the broadband transmit power of the UE, i.e. the power in the channel bandwidth for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks), when the power is set to a minimum value.

6.3.2.1 Minimum requirement

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one sub-frame (1ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2.1-1.

Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement bandwidth 1.4 3.0 15 20 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Minimum output -40 dBm power Measurement 1.08 MHz 2.7 MHz 4.5 MHz 9.0 MHz 13.5 MHz 18 MHz bandwidth

Table 6.3.2.1-1: Minimum output power

6.3.2A UE Minimum output power for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the minimum controlled output power of the UE is defined as the transmit power of the UE per component carrier, i.e., the power in the channel bandwidth of each component carrier for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks), when the power on both component carriers are set to a minimum value.

6.3.2A.1 Minimum requirement for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one subframe (1ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2A.1-1.

Table 6.3.2A.1-1: Minimum output power for intra-band contiguous CA UE

CC Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement

	CC Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement bandwidth					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Minimum output power			-40 c	lBm		
Measurement bandwidth				9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.2B UE Minimum output power for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the minimum controlled output power is defined as the broadband transmit power of the UE, i.e. the sum of the power in the channel bandwidth for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks) at each transmit antenna connector, when the UE power is set to a minimum value.

6.3.2B.1 Minimum requirement

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum output power is defined as the sum of the mean power at each transmit connector in one sub-frame (1ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2B.1-1.

Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement bandwidth 20 1.4 3.0 5 10 15 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Minimum output -40 dBm power Measurement 13.5 MHz 1.08 MHz 2.7 MHz 4.5 MHz 9.0 MHz 18 MHz bandwidth

Table 6.3.2B.1-1: Minimum output power

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.3.2 apply.

6.3.3 Transmit OFF power

Transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power when the transmitter is OFF. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting a sub-frame. During DTX and measurements gaps, the UE is not considered to be OFF.

6.3.3.1. Minimum requirement

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.3.1-1.

Channel bandwidth / Transmit OFF power / Measurement bandwidth 1.4 3.0 10 15 20 5 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Transmit OFF -50 dBm power Measurement 1.08 MHz 2.7 MHz 4.5 MHz 9.0 MHz 13.5 MHz 18 MHz bandwidth

Table 6.3.3.1-1: Transmit OFF power

6.3.3A UE Transmit OFF power for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power per component carrier when the transmitter is OFF on both component carriers. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting a sub-frame. During measurements gaps, the UE is not considered to be OFF.

6.3.3A.1 Minimum requirement for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.3A.1-1.

Table 6.3.3A.1-1: Transmit OFF power for intra-band contiguous CA UE

	Channel bandwidth / Transmit OFF power / Measurement bandwidth					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Transmit OFF power	-50 dBm					
Measurement bandwidth				9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.3B UE Transmit OFF power for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power at each transmit antenna connector when the transmitter is OFF at all transmit antenna connectors. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting a sub-frame. During DTX and measurements gaps, the UE is not considered to be OFF.

6.3.3B.1 Minimum requirement

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power at each transmit antenna connector in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power at each transmit antenna connector shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.3B.1-1.

Table 6.3.3B.1-1: Transmit OFF power per antenna port

	Channel bandwidth / Transmit OFF power/ Measurement bandwidth					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Transmit OFF power	-50 dBm					
Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.4 ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.1 General ON/OFF time mask

The General ON/OFF time mask defines the observation period between Transmit OFF and ON power and between Transmit ON and OFF power. ON/OFF scenarios include; the beginning or end of DTX, measurement gap, contiguous, and non contiguous transmission

The OFF power measurement period is defined in a duration of at least one sub-frame excluding any transient periods. The ON power is defined as the mean power over one sub-frame excluding any transient period.

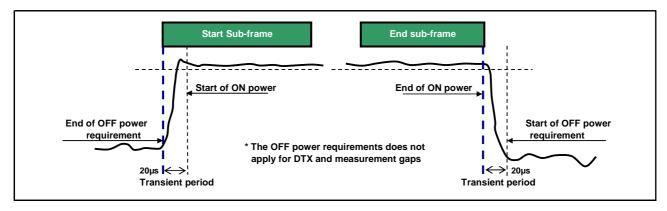


Figure 6.3.4.1-1: General ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.2 PRACH and SRS time mask

6.3.4.2.1 PRACH time mask

The PRACH ON power is specified as the mean power over the PRACH measurement period excluding any transient periods as shown in Figure 6.3.4.2-1. The measurement period for different PRACH preamble format is specified in Table 6.3.4.2-1.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3

Table 6.3.4.2-1: PRACH ON power measurement period

PRACH preamble format	Measurement period (ms)
0	0.9031
1	1.4844
2	1.8031
3	2.2844
4	0.1479

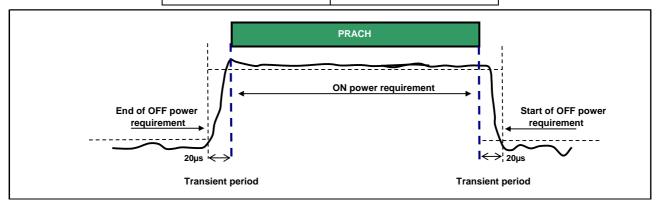


Figure 6.3.4.2-1: PRACH ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.2.2 SRS time mask

In the case a single SRS transmission, the ON power is defined as the mean power over the symbol duration excluding any transient period. Figure 6.3.4.2.2-1

In the case a dual SRS transmission, the ON power is defined as the mean power for each symbol duration excluding any transient period. Figure 6.3.4.2.2-2

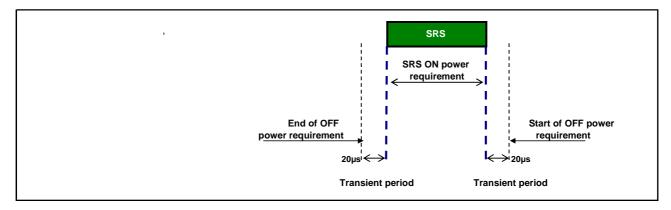


Figure 6.3.4.2.2-1: Single SRS time mask

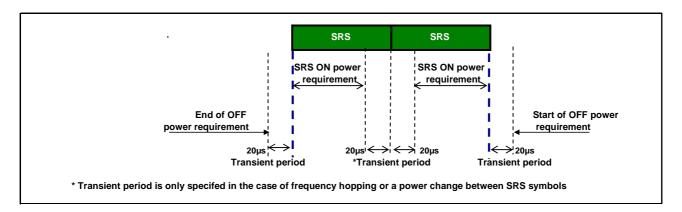


Figure 6.3.4.2.2-2: Dual SRS time mask for the case of UpPTS transmissions

6.3.4.3 Slot / Sub frame boundary time mask

The sub frame boundary time mask defines the observation period between the previous/subsequent sub–frame and the (reference) sub-frame. A transient period at a slot boundary within a sub-frame is only allowed in the case of Intra-sub frame frequency hopping. For the cases when the subframe contains SRS the time masks in subclause 6.3.4.4 apply.

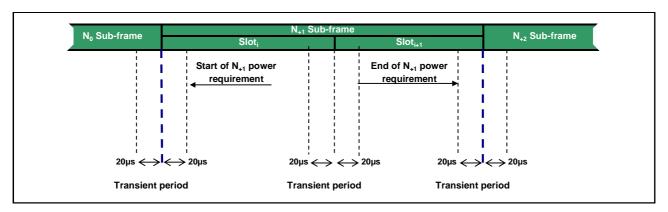


Figure 6.3.4.3-1: Transmission power template

6.3.4.4 PUCCH / PUSCH / SRS time mask

The PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask defines the observation period between sounding reference symbol (SRS) and an adjacent PUSCH/PUCCH symbol and subsequent sub-frame.

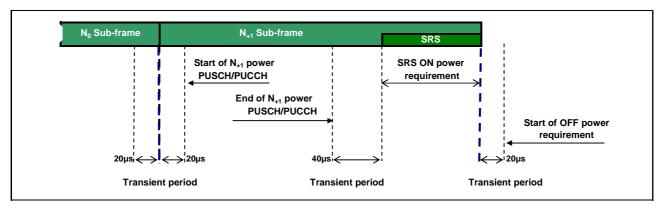


Figure 6.3.4.4-1: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission before SRS but not after

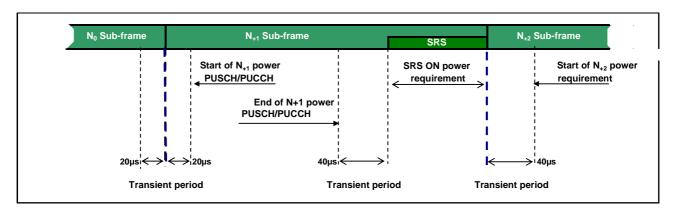


Figure 6.3.4.4-2: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is transmission before and after SRS

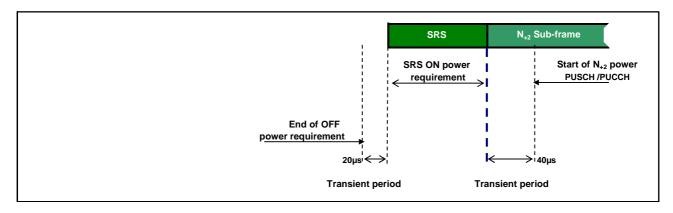


Figure 6.3.4.4-3: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission after SRS but not before

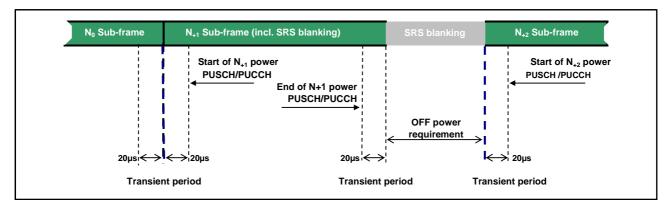


Figure 6.3.4.4-4: SRS time mask when there is FDD SRS blanking

6.3.4A ON/OFF time mask for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the general output power ON/OFF time mask specified in subclause 6.3.4.1 is applicable for each component carrier during the ON power period and the transient periods. The OFF period as specified in subclause 6.3.4.1 shall only be applicable for each component carrier when all the component carriers are OFF.

6.3.4B ON/OFF time mask for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the ON/OFF time mask requirements in subclause 6.3.4 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the general ON/OFF time mask requirements specified in subclause 6.3.4.1 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.3.4 apply.

6.3.5 Power Control

6.3.5.1 Absolute power tolerance

Absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap larger than 20ms. This tolerance includes the channel estimation error (the absolute RSRP accuracy requirement specified in subclause 9.1 of TS 36.133)

In the case of a PRACH transmission, the absolute tolerance is specified for the first preamble. The absolute power tolerance includes the channel estimation error (the absolute RSRP accuracy requirement specified in subclause 9.1 of TS 36.133).

6.3.5.1.1 Minimum requirements

The minimum requirement for absolute power tolerance is given in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1 over the power range bounded by the Maximum output power as defined in subclause 6.2.2 and the Minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2.

For operating bands under Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1, the absolute power tolerance as specified in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1 is relaxed by reducing the lower limit by 1.5 dB when the transmission bandwidth is confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 MHz or F_{UL_high} – 4 MHz and F_{UL_high} .

Table 6.3.5.1.1-1: Absolute power tolerance

Conditions	Tolerance
Normal	± 9.0 dB
Extreme	± 12.0 dB

6.3.5.2 Relative Power tolerance

The relative power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power in a target sub-frame relatively to the power of the most recently transmitted reference sub-frame if the transmission gap between these sub-frames is ≤ 20 ms.

For PRACH transmission, the relative tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power relatively to the power of the most recently transmitted preamble. The measurement period for the PRACH preamble is specified in Table 6.3.4.2-1.

6.3.5.2.1 Minimum requirements

The requirements specified in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 apply when the power of the target and reference sub-frames are within the power range bounded by the Minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2 and the measured PUMAX as defined in subclause 6.2.5 (i.e, the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error). This power shall be within the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5.

To account for RF Power amplifier mode changes 2 exceptions are allowed for each of two test patterns. The test patterns are a monotonically increasing power sweep and a monotonically decreasing power sweep over a range bounded by the requirements of minimum power and maximum power specified in subclauses 6.3.2 and 6.2.2. For these exceptions the power tolerance limit is a maximum of ± 6.0 dB in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1

Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 Relative power tolerance for transmission (normal conditions)

Power step ΔP (Up or down) [dB]	All combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions [dB]	All combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions between sub- frames [dB]	PRACH [dB]
ΔP < 2	±2.5 (Note 3)	±3.0	±2.5
2 ≤ ΔP < 3	±3.0	±4.0	±3.0
3 ≤ ΔP < 4	±3.5	±5.0	±3.5
4 ≤ ΔP ≤ 10	±4.0	±6.0	±4.0
10 ≤ ΔP < 15	±5.0	±8.0	±5.0
15 ≤ ΔP	±6.0	±9.0	±6.0

NOTE 1: For extreme conditions an additional ± 2.0 dB relaxation is allowed NOTE 2: For operating bands under Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1, the relative pow

NOTE 2: For operating bands under Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1, the relative power tolerance is relaxed by increasing the upper limit by 1.5 dB if the transmission bandwidth of the reference sub-frames is confined within FUL_low and FUL_low + 4 MHz or FUL_high - 4 MHz and FUL_high and the target sub-frame is not confined within any one of these frequency ranges; if the transmission bandwidth of the target sub-frame is confined within FUL_low and FUL_low + 4 MHz or FUL_high - 4 MHz and FUL_high and the reference sub-frame is not confined within any one of these frequency ranges, then the tolerance is relaxed by reducing the lower limit by 1.5 dB.

NOTE 3: For PUSCH to PUSCH transitions with the allocated resource blocks fixed in frequency and no transmission gaps other than those generated by downlink subframes, DwPTS fields or Guard Periods for TDD: for a power step $\Delta P \le 1$ dB, the relative power tolerance for transmission is ± 1.0 dB.

The power step (ΔP) is defined as the difference in the calculated setting of the UE Transmit power between the target and reference sub-frames with the power setting according to subclause 5.1 of [TS 36.213]. The error is the difference

between ΔP and the power change measured at the UE antenna port with the power of the cell-specific reference signals kept constant. The error shall be less than the relative power tolerance specified in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1.

For sub-frames not containing an SRS symbol, the power change is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original reference sub-frame and the mean power of the target subframe not including transient durations. The mean power of successive sub-frames shall be calculated according to Figure 6.3.4.3-1 and Figure 6.3.4.1-1 if there is a transmission gap between the reference and target sub-frames.

If at least one of the sub-frames contains an SRS symbol, the power change is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the last transmission within the reference sub-frame and the mean power of the first transmission within the target sub-frame not including transient durations. A transmission is defined as PUSCH, PUCCH or an SRS symbol. The mean power of the reference and target sub-frames shall be calculated according to Figures 6.3.4.1-1, 6.3.4.2-1, 6.3.4.4-1, 6.3.4.4-2 and 6.3.4.4-3 for these cases.

6.3.5.3 Aggregate power control tolerance

Aggregate power control tolerance is the ability of a UE to maintain its power in non-contiguous transmission within 21 ms in response to 0 dB TPC commands with respect to the first UE transmission, when the power control parameters specified in TS 36.213 are constant.

6.3.5.3.1 Minimum requirement

The UE shall meet the requirements specified in Table 6.3.5.3.1-1 for aggregate power control over the power range bounded by the minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2 and the maximum output power as defined in subclause 6.2.2.

Table 6.3.5.3.1-1: Aggregate power control tolerance

TPC command UL channel		Aggregate power tolerance within 21 ms	
0 dB	0 dB PUCCH ±2.5 dB		
0 dB PUSCH		±3.5 dB	
NOTE: The UE transmission gap is 4 ms. TPC command is transmitted via PDCCH 4 subframes preceding each PUCCH/PUSCH transmission.			

6.3.5A Power control for CA

The requirements apply for one single PUCCH, PUSCH or SRS transmission of contiguous PRB allocation per component carrier with power setting in accordance with Clause 5.1 of [6].

6.3.5A.1 Absolute power tolerance

The absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap on each active component carriers larger than 20ms. The requirement can be tested by time aligning any transmission gaps on the component carriers.

6.3.5A.1.1 Minimum requirements

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth classe C the absolute power control tolerance per component carrier is given in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1.

6.3.5A.2 Relative power tolerance

6.3.5A.2.1 Minimum requirements

The requirements apply when the power of the target and reference sub-frames on each component carrier exceed -20 dBm and the total power is limited by P_{UMAX} as defined in subclause 6.2.5A. For the purpose of these requirements, the power in each component carrier is specified over only the transmitted resource blocks.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth classe C, the UE shall meet the following requirements for transmission on both assigned component carriers when the average transmit power per PRB is aligned across both assigned carriers in the reference sub-frame:

- a) for all possible combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions per component carrier, the corresponding requirements given in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1:
- b) for SRS transitions on each component carrier, the requirements for combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions given in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 with simultaneous SRS of constant SRS bandwidth allocated in the target and reference subrames:
- c) for RACH on the primary component carrier, the requirements given in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 for PRACH

For a) and b) above, the power step ΔP between the reference and target subframes shall be set by a TPC command and/or an uplink scheduling grant transmitted by means of an appropriate DCI Format.

For a), b) and c) above, two exceptions are allowed for each component carrier for a power per carrier ranging from -20 dBm to $P_{UMAX,c}$ as defined in subclause 6.2.5. For these exceptions the power tolerance limit is ± 6.0 dB in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1..

6.3.5A.3 Aggregate power control tolerance

Aggregate power control tolerance is the ability of a UE to maintain its power in non-contiguous transmission within 21 ms in response to 0 dB TPC commands with respect to the first UE transmission, when the power control parameters specified in [6] are constant on all active component carriers.

6.3.5A.3.1 Minimum requirements

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth classe C, the aggregate power tolerance per component carrier is given in Table 6.3.5.3.1-1 with either simultaneous PUSCH or simultaneous PUCCH-PUSCH (if supported by the UE) configured. The average power per PRB shall be aligned across both assigned carriers before the start of the test. The requirement can be tested with the transmission gaps time aligned between component carriers.

6.3.5B Power control for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the power control tolerance applies to the sum of output power at each transmit antenna connector.

The power control requirements specified in subclause 6.3.5 apply to UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme. The requirements shall be met with UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2, wherein

- The Maximum output power requirements for UL-MIMO are specified in subclause 6.2.2B
- The Minimum output power requirements for UL-MIMO are specified in subclause 6.3.2B
- The requirements for configured transmitted power for UL-MIMO are specified in subclause 6.2.5B.

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.3.5 apply.

6.4 Void

6.5 Transmit signal quality

6.5.1 Frequency error

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM observed over a period of one time slot (0.5 ms) compared to the carrier frequency received from the E-UTRA Node B

6.5.1A Frequency error for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the UE modulated carrier frequencies per band shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency of primary component carrier received from the E-UTRA in the corresponding band.

6.5.1B Frequency error for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) supporting UL-MIMO, the UE modulated carrier frequency at each transmit antenna connector shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM observed over a period of one time slot (0.5 ms) compared to the carrier frequency received from the E-UTRA Node B.

6.5.2 Transmit modulation quality

Transmit modulation quality defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)
- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

All the parameters defined in subclause 6.5.2 are defined using the measurement methodology specified in Annex F.

6.5.2.1 Error Vector Magnitude

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Before calculating the EVM the measured waveform is corrected by the sample timing offset and RF frequency offset. Then the carrier leakage shall be removed from the measured waveform before calculating the EVM.

The measured waveform is further modified by selecting the absolute phase and absolute amplitude of the Tx chain. The EVM result is defined after the front-end IDFT as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

The basic EVM measurement interval in the time domain is one preamble sequence for the PRACH and is one slot for the PUCCH and PUSCH in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the EVM measurement interval is reduced by one symbol, accordingly. The PUSCH or PUCCH EVM measurement interval is also reduced when the mean power, modulation or allocation between slots is expected to change. In the case of PUSCH transmission, the measurement interval is reduced by a time interval equal to the sum of 5 μ s and the applicable exclusion period defined in subclause 6.3.4, adjacent to the boundary where the power change is expected to occur. The PUSCH exclusion period is applied to the signal obtained after the front-end IDFT. In the case of PUCCH transmission with power change, the PUCCH EVM measurement interval is reduced by one symbol adjacent to the boundary where the power change is expected to occur.

6.5.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The RMS average of the basic EVM measurements for 10 sub-frames excluding any transient period for the average EVM case, and 60 sub-frames excluding any transient period for the reference signal EVM case, for the different modulations schemes shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the parameters defined in Table 6.5.2.1.1-2. For EVM evaluation purposes, [all PRACH preamble formats 0-4 and] all PUCCH formats 1, 1a, 1b, 2, 2a and 2b are considered to have the same EVM requirement as QPSK modulated.

Table 6.5.2.1.1-1: Minimum requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Average EVM Level	Reference Signal EVM Level
QPSK or BPSK	%	17.5	17.5
16QAM	%	12.5	12.5

Table 6.5.2.1.1-2: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Level
UE Output Power	dBm	≥ -40
Operating conditions		Normal conditions

6.5.2.2 Carrier leakage

Carrier leakage is an additive sinusoid waveform that has the same frequency as a modulated waveform carrier frequency. The measurement interval is one slot in the time domain.

6.5.2.2.1 Minimum requirements

The relative carrier leakage power is a power ratio of the additive sinusoid waveform and the modulated waveform. The relative carrier leakage power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.2.1-1.

Table 6.5.2.2.1-1: Minimum requirements for relative carrier leakage power

Parameters	Relative limit (dBc)	Applicable frequencies
Output power >10 dBm	-28	Carrier center frequency < 1 GHz
	-25	Carrier center frequency ≥ 1 GHz
0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤10 dBm	-25	
-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤0 dBm	-20	
-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	-10	

6.5.2.3 In-band emissions

The in-band emission is defined as the average across 12 sub-carrier and as a function of the RB offset from the edge of the allocated UL transmission bandwidth. The in-band emission is measured as the ratio of the UE output power in a non-allocated RB to the UE output power in an allocated RB.

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one SC-FDMA symbol, accordingly.

6.5.2.3.1 Minimum requirements

The relative in-band emission shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.3.1-1.

Parameter description	Unit		Limit (Note 1)	
General	dB	20	$\max \left\{ -25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left(N_{RB} / L_{CRB} \right), \\ 20 \cdot \log_{10} EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot \left(\left \Delta_{RB} \right - 1 \right) / L_{CRB}, \\ -57 \ dBm \ / 180 \ kHz - P_{RB} \right\}$	
		-28	Image frequencies when carrier center frequency < 1 GHz and Output power > 10 dBm	Imaga
IQ Image dB	dB	-25	Image frequencies when carrier center frequency < 1 GHz and Output power ≤ 10 dBm	Image frequencies (Notes 2, 3)
		-25	Image frequencies when carrier center frequency ≥ 1 GHz	(Notes 2, 3)
		-28	Output power > 10 dBm and carrier center frequency < 1 GHz	
Carrier	Carrier leakage	-25	Output power > 10 dBm and carrier center frequency ≥ 1 GHz	Carrier frequency
ieakage		-25	0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤10 dBm	(Notes 4, 5)
		-20	-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm	
		-10	-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	

Table 6.5.2.3.1-1: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of P_{RB} 30 dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply. P_{RB} is defined in Note 10.
- NOTE 2: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one nonallocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 3: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the reflection of the allocated bandwidth, based on symmetry with respect to the centre carrier frequency, but excluding any allocated RBs.
- NOTE 4: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one non-allocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 5: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the RBs containing the DC frequency if N_{RB} is odd, or in the two RBs immediately adjacent to the DC frequency if N_{RB} is even, but excluding any allocated RB.
- NOTE 6: $L_{\it CRB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1).
- NOTE 7: $N_{\it RB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see Figure 5.6-1).
- NOTE 8: EVM is the limit specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the modulation format used in the allocated RBs.
- NOTE 9: Δ_{RB} is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g.
 - $\Delta_{\it RB}=1$ or $\Delta_{\it RB}=-1$ for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth.
- NOTE 10: $P_{\rm RB}$ is the transmitted power per 180 kHz in allocated RBs, measured in dBm.

6.5.2.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness

The zero-forcing equalizer correction applied in the EVM measurement process (as described in Annex F) must meet a spectral flatness requirement for the EVM measurement to be valid. The EVM equalizer spectrum flatness is defined in terms of the maximum peak-to-peak ripple of the equalizer coefficients (dB) across the allocated uplink block. The basic measurement interval is the same as for EVM.

6.5.2.4.1 Minimum requirements

The peak-to-peak variation of the EVM equalizer coefficients contained within the frequency range of the uplink allocation shall not exceed the maximum ripple specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1 for normal conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 5 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 7 dB (see Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1).

The EVM equalizer spectral flatness shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-2 for extreme conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 6 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 10 dB (see Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1).

Table 6.5.2.4.1-1: Minimum requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (normal conditions)

Frequency range	Maximum ripple [dB]
$F_{UL_Meas} - F_{UL_Low} \ge 3 \text{ MHz}$ and $F_{UL_High} - F_{UL_Meas} \ge 3 \text{ MHz}$	4 (p-p)
(Range 1)	
F _{UL_Meas} – F _{UL_Low} < 3 MHz or F _{UL_High} – F _{UL_Meas} < 3 MHz	8 (p-p)
(Range 2)	
NOTE 1: F _{UL_Meas} refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which evaluated	•
NOTE 2: Ful_Low and Ful_High refer to each E-UTRA frequency 5.5-1	band specified in Table

Table 6.5.2.4.1-2: Minimum requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (extreme conditions)

	Frequency range	Maximum Ripple [dB]
F _{UL_Meas}	s – F _{UL_Low} ≥ 5 MHz and F _{UL_High} – F _{UL_Meas} ≥ 5 MHz	4 (p-p)
	(Range 1)	
F _{UL_Mea}	as - F _{UL_Low} < 5 MHz or F _{UL_High} - F _{UL_Meas} < 5 MHz	12 (p-p)
	(Range 2)	
NOTE 1:	F _{UL_Meas} refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which	the equalizer coefficient is
	evaluated	
NOTE 2:	F _{UL_Low} and F _{UL_High} refer to each E-UTRA frequency	band specified in Table
	5.5-1	

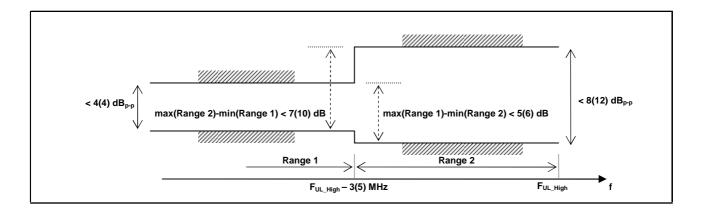


Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1: The limits for EVM equalizer spectral flatness with the maximum allowed variation of the coefficients indicated (the ETC minimum requirement within brackets).

6.5.2A Transmit modulation quality for CA

The requirements in this clause apply with PCC and SCC in the UL configured and activated: PCC with PRB allocation and SCC without PRB allocation and without CSI reporting and SRS configured.

6.5.2A.1 Error Vector Magnitude

For the intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the Error Vector Magnitude requirement should be defined for each component carrier. Requirements only apply with PRB allocation in one of the component carriers. Similar transmitter impairment removal procedures are applied for CA waveform before EVM calculation as is specified for non-CA waveform in sub-section 6.5.2.1.

When a single component carrier is configured Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 apply.

The EVM requirements are according to Table 6.5.2A.1-1 if CA is configured in uplink.

Table 6.5.2A.1-1: Minimum requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Average EVM Level per CC	Reference Signal EVM Level
QPSK or BPSK	%	17.5	17.5
16QAM	%	12.5	12.5

6.5.2A.2 Carrier leakage for CA

Carrier leakage is an additive sinusoid waveform that is confined within the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration. The carrier leakage requirement is defined for each component carrier and is measured on the component carrier with PRBs allocated. The measurement interval is one slot in the time domain.

6.5.2A.2.1 Minimum requirements

The relative carrier leakage power is a power ratio of the additive sinusoid waveform and the modulated waveform. The relative carrier leakage power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2A.2.1-1.

Table 6.5.2A.2.1-1: Minimum requirements for Relative Carrier Leakage Power

Parameters	Relative Limit (dBc)
Output power >0 dBm	-25
-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤0 dBm	-20
-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	-10

6.5.2A.3 In-band emissions

6.5.2A.3.1 Minimum requirement for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation bandwidth class C, the requirements in Table 6.5.2A.3.1-1 and 6.5.2A.3.1-2 apply within the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration with both component carrier (s) active and one single contiguous PRB allocation of bandwidth L_{CRB} at the edge of the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration.

The inband emission is defined as the interference falling into the non allocated resource blocks for all component carriers. The measurement method for the inband emissions in the component carrier with PRB allocation is specified in annex F. For a non allocated component carrier a spectral measurement is specified.

Table 6.5.2A.3.1-1: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions (allocated component carrier)

Parameter	Unit		Limit	Applicable Frequencies
		$\max \{ -1 \}$	$25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10} (N_{RB} / L_{CRB}),$	
General	dB	20 · log 10	$EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot (\left \Delta_{RB}\right - 1) / L_{CRB},$	Any non-allocated (Note 2)
		– 57 dBm	$/180 kHz - P_{RB}$	
IQ Image	dB		-25	Exception for IQ image (Note 3)
Courier	O-mi-m		Output power > 0 dBm	Evention for Consider francisco
Carrier leakage	dBc	-20	-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm	Exception for Carrier frequency (Note 4)
leakaye		-10	-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	(140(8-4)

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of P_{RB} 30 dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply. P_{RB} is defined in Note 9. The limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB.
- NOTE 2:The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one nonallocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs
- NOTE 3: Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to $L_{\it CRBs}$ +1 RBs within a contiguous width of $L_{\it CRBs}$ +1 non-allocated RBs. The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB.
- NOTE 4: Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to two contiguous non-allocated RBs. The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in the non-allocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 5: $L_{\it CRB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) not exceeding $\lfloor N_{\it RB}/2-1 \rfloor$
- NOTE 6: $N_{\it RB}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see Figure 5.6-1) of the component carrier with RBs allocated.
- NOTE 7: EVM is the limit specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the modulation format used in the allocated RBs.
- NOTE 8: Δ_{RB} is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g. $\Delta_{RB}=1$ or $\Delta_{RB}=-1$ for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth).
- NOTE 9: P_{RR} is the transmitted power per 180 kHz in allocated RBs, measured in dBm.

Table 6.5.2A.3.1-2: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions (not allocated component carrier)

Para- meter	Unit	Meas BW Note 1		Limit	remark	Applicable Frequencies
General	dB	BW of 1 RB (180KHz rectangular)	20 · log 10	$25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10}(N_{RB} / L_{CRB}),$ $EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot (\Delta_{RB} - 1) / L_{CRB},$ $e / 180 kHz - P_{RB}$	The reference value is the average power per allocated RB in the allocated component carrier	Any RB in the non allocated component carrier. The frequency raster of the RBs is derived when this component carrier is allocated with RBs
IQ Image	dB	BW of 1 RB (180KHz rectangular)		-25 Note 2	The reference value is the average power per allocated RB in the allocated component carrier	The frequencies of the $L_{\it CRB}$ contiguous non-allocated RBs are unknown. The frequency raster of the RBs is derived when this component carrier is allocated with RBs
		BW of 1 RB (180KHz		Note 3	The reference	The frequencies of
		rectangular)	-25	Output power > 0 dBm	value is the total power	the up to 2 non-allocated
Carrier leakage	dBc	-20		-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm	of the allocated RBs in the allocated component carrier	RBs are unknown. The frequency raster of the RBs is derived when this
NOTE1:			-10	-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm		component carrier is allocated with RBs

NOTE1: Resolution BWs smaller than the measurement BW may be integrated to achieve the measurement bandwidth.

NOTE 2: Exceptions to the general limit is are allowed for up to $L_{\it CRB}$ +1 RBs within a contiguous width of $L_{\it CRB}$ +1 non-allocated RBs.

NOTE 3: Two Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to two contiguous non-allocated RBs

NOTE 4: Notes 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 from Table 6.5.2A.3.1-1 apply for Table 6.5.2A.3.1-2 as well.

NOTE 5: Δ_{RB} for measured non-allocated RB in the non allocated component carrier may take non-integer values when the carrier spacing between the CCs is not a multiple of RB.

6.5.2B Transmit modulation quality for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmit modulation quality requirements are specified at each transmit antenna connector.

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.5.2 apply.

The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)

- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage (caused by IQ offset)
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

6.5.2B.1 Error Vector Magnitude

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the Error Vector Magnitude requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 which is defined in subclause 6.5.2.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.5.2B.2 Carrier leakage

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the Relative Carrier Leakage Power requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.2.1-1 which is defined in subclause 6.5.2.2 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.5.2B.3 In-band emissions

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the In-band Emission requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.3.1-1 which is defined in subclause 6.5.2.3 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the uplink MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.5.2B.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the EVM Equalizer Spectrum Flatness requirements specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1 and Table 6.5.2.4.1-2 which are defined in subclause 6.5.2.4 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

6.6 Output RF spectrum emissions

The output UE transmitter spectrum consists of the three components; the emission within the occupied bandwidth (channel bandwidth), the Out Of Band (OOB) emissions and the far out spurious emission domain.

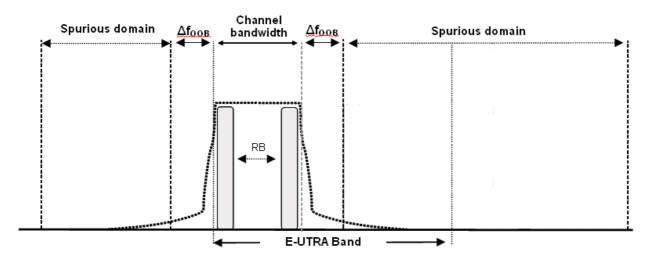


Figure 6.6-1: Transmitter RF spectrum

6.6.1 Occupied bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel. The occupied bandwidth for all transmission bandwidth configurations (Resources Blocks) shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.1-1

Table 6.6.1-1: Occupied channel bandwidth

	Occupied channel bandwidth / Channel bandwidth 1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz						
Channel bandwidth (MHz)	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	

6.6.1A Occupied bandwidth for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the occupied bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum. The OBW shall be less than the aggregated channel bandwidth defined in subclause 5.6A.

6.6.1B Occupied bandwidth for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the requirements for occupied bandwidth is specified at each transmit antenna connector. The occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the occupied bandwidth at each transmitter antenna shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.1B-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

Table 6.6.1B-1: Occupied channel bandwidth

	Occupied channel bandwidth / Channel bandwidth							
	1.4	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20						
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
Channel bandwidth	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
(MHz)								

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.6.1 apply.

6.6.2 Out of band emission

The Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the assigned channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission limit is specified in terms of a spectrum emission mask and an Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio.

6.6.2.1 Spectrum emission mask

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies (Δf_{OOB}) starting from the \pm edge of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth. For frequencies greater than (Δf_{OOB}) as specified in Table 6.6.2.1.1-1 the spurious requirements in subclause 6.6.3 are applicable.

6.6.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.1.1-1 for the specified channel bandwidth.

Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth 1.4 Measurement Δf_{OOB} 3.0 5 10 (MHz) MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz bandwidth ± 0-1 -10 -13 -15 -18 -20 -21 30 kHz -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 1 MHz ± 1-2.5 -25 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 1 MHz \pm 2.5-2.8 1 MHz -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 $\pm 2.8-5$ -13 -13 -25 -13 1 MHz ± 5-6 -13 -25 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz ± 6-10 1 MHz -25 -13 -13 ± 10-15 -25 1 MHz $\pm 15-20$ -13 \pm 20-25 -25 1 MHz

Table 6.6.2.1.1-1: General E-UTRA spectrum emission mask

NOTE:

As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.1A Spectrum emission mask for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies (Δf_{OOB}) starting from the \pm edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth (Table 5.6A-1) For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the bandwidth class C, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.1A-1 for the specified channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.2.1A-1: General E-UTRA CA spectrum emission mask for Bandwidth Class C

	Spectrum emission limit [dBm]/BW _{Channel_CA}											
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	25RB+100RB (24.95 MHz)	50RB+100RB (29.9 MHz)	75RB+75RB (30 MHz)	75RB+100RB (34.85 MHz)	100RB+100RB (39.8 MHz)	Measurement bandwidth						
± 0-1	-22	-22.5	-22.5	-23.5	-24	30 kHz						
± 1-5	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	1 MHz						
± 5-24.95	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz						
± 24.95-29.9	-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz						
± 29.9-29.95	-25	-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz						
± 29.95-30		-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz						
± 30-34.85		-25	-25	-13	-13	1 MHz						
± 34.85-34.9		-25	-25	-25	-13	1 MHz						
± 34.9-35			-25	-25	-13	1 MHz						
± 35-39.8				-25	-13	1 MHz						
± 39.8-39.85				-25	-25	1 MHz						
± 39.85-44.8					-25	1 MHz						

6.6.2.2 Additional spectrum emission mask

This requirement is specified in terms of an "additional spectrum emission" requirement.

6.6.2.2.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS 03", "NS 11", and "NS 20")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_03", "NS_11" or "NS_20" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.1-1.

Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth Measurement Δf_{OOB} 1 4 3.0 10 15 20 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz bandwidth (MHz) -10 -13 -15 -18 -20 -21 30 kHz $\pm 0-1$ -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz ± 1-2.5 -25 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz -13 ± 2.5-2.8 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz $\pm 2.8-5$ 1 MHz -25 -13 -13 -13 -13 \pm 5-6 -25 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz $\pm 6 - 10$ 1 MHz -25 -13 -13 $\pm 10 - 15$ -25 -13 1 MHz $\pm 15-20$ $\pm 20-25$ -25 1 MHz

Table 6.6.2.2.1-1: Additional requirements

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2.2 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS 04")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.2-1.

	Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth										
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth				
± 0-1	-10	-13	-15	-18	-20	-21	30 kHz				
± 1-2.5	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz				
± 2.5-2.8	-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz				
± 2.8-5.5		-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz				
± 5.5-6		-25	-25	-25	-25	-25	1 MHz				
± 6-10			-25	-25	-25	-25	1 MHz				
± 10-15				-25	-25	-25	1 MHz				
± 15-20					-25	-25	1 MHz				
± 20-25						-25	1 MHz				

Table 6.6.2.2.2-1: Additional requirements

Note:

As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2.3 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_06" or "NS_07")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_06" or "NS_07" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.3-1.

Table 6.6.2.2.3-1: Additional requirements

	Spectro	Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth								
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	Measurement bandwidth					
± 0-0.1	-13	-13	-15	-18	30 kHz					
± 0.1-1	-13	-13	-13	-13	100 kHz					
± 1-2.5	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz					
± 2.5-2.8	-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz					
± 2.8-5		-13	-13	-13	1 MHz					
± 5-6		-25	-13	-13	1 MHz					
± 6-10			-25	-13	1 MHz					
± 10-15				-25	1 MHz					

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2A Additional Spectrum Emission Mask for CA

This requirement is specified in terms of an "additional spectrum emission" requirement.

6.6.2.2A.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "CA_NS_04")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "CA_NS_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2A-1.

Table 6.6.2.2A-1: Additional requirements

	Spectrum emission limit [dBm]/BW _{Channel_CA}											
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	50+100RB (29.9 MHz)	75+75B (30 MHz)	75+100RB (34.85 MHz)	100+100RB (39.8 MHz)	Measurement bandwidth							
± 0-1	-22.5	-22.5	-23.5	-24	30 kHz							
± 1-5.5	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz							
± 5.5-34.9	-25	-25	-25	-25	1 MHz							
± 34.9-35		-25	-25	-25	1 MHz							
± 35-39.85			-25	-25	1 MHz							
± 39.85-44.8				-25	1 MHz							

Note:

As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.3 Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency. ACLR requirements for one E-UTRA carrier are specified for two scenarios for an adjacent E-UTRA and /or UTRA channel as shown in Figure 6.6.2.3-1.

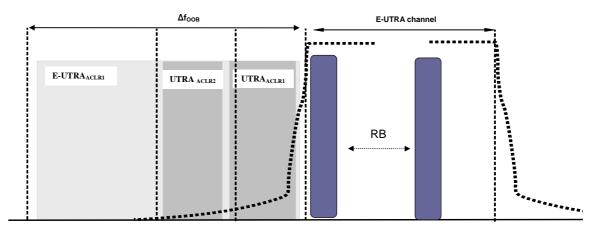


Figure 6.6.2.3-1: Adjacent Channel Leakage requirements for one E-UTRA carrier

6.6.2.3.1 Minimum requirement E-UTRA

E-UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (E-UTRA_{ACLR}) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency at nominal channel spacing. The assigned E-UTRA channel power and adjacent E-UTRA channel power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.6.2.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.2.3.1-2. If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than -50 dBm then the E-UTRA_{ACLR} shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.2.3.1-2.

Table 6.6.2.3.1-1: General requirements for E-UTRA_{ACLR}

	Channel bandwidth / E-UTRA _{ACLR1} / Measurement bandwidth								
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20			
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz			
E-UTRA _{ACLR1}	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB			
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz			
Adjacent channel	+1.4	+3.0	+5	+10	+15	+20			
centre frequency	/	/	/	/	/	/			
offset [MHz]	-1.4	-3.0	-5	-10	-15	-20			

Table 6.6.2.3.1-2: Additional E-UTRA_{ACLR} requirements for Power Class 1

	Char	Channel bandwidth / E-UTRA _{ACLR1} / Measurement bandwidth								
	1.4	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20								
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz				
E-UTRA _{ACLR1}			37 dB	37 dB						
E-UTRA channel										
Measurement			4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz						
bandwidth										
Adjacent channel			+5	+10						
centre frequency			/	/						
offset [MHz]			-5	-10						
NOTE 1: E-UTRA _{AC}	LR1 shall be	applicab	le for >23dBm		•	•				

6.6.2.3.1A Void

6.6.2.3.2 Minimum requirements UTRA

UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (UTRA $_{ACLR}$) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned E-UTRA channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent(s) UTRA channel frequency.

UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio is specified for both the first UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA_{ACLR1}) and the 2^{nd} UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA_{ACLR2}). The UTRA channel power is measured with a RRC bandwidth filter with roll-off factor α =0.22. The assigned E-UTRA channel power is measured with a rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2-1. If the measured UTRA channel power is greater than –50dBm then the UTRA_{ACLR} shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2-1.

Table 6.6.2.3.2-1: Requirements for UTRA_{ACLR1/2}

	Channel bandwidth / UTRA _{ACLR1/2} / Measurement bandwidth							
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
UTRA _{ACLR1}	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB		
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset [MHz]	0.7+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -0.7- BW _{UTRA} /2	1.5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -1.5- BW _{UTRA} /2	+2.5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -2.5-BW _{UTRA} /2	+5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -5-BW _{UTRA} /2	+7.5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -7.5-BW _{UTRA} /2	+10+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -10-BW _{UTRA} /2		
UTRA _{ACLR2}	-	-	36 dB	36 dB	36 dB	36 dB		
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset [MHz]	-	-	+2.5+3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / -2.5-3*BW _{UTRA} /2	+5+3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / -5-3*BW _{UTRA} /2	+7.5+3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / -7.5-3*BW _{UTRA} /2	+10+3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / -10-3*BW _{UTRA} /2		
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz		
UTRA 5MHz channel Measurement bandwidth (Note 1)	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz		
UTRA 1.6MHz channel measurement bandwidth (Note 2)	1.28 MHz	1.28 MHz	1.28 MHz	1.28MHz	1.28MHz	1.28MHz		

NOTE 1: Applicable for E-UTRA FDD co-existence with UTRA FDD in paired spectrum.

NOTE 2: Applicable for E-UTRA TDD co-existence with UTRA TDD in unpaired spectrum.

6.6.2.3.2A Minimum requirement UTRA for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (UTRA $_{ACLR}$) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the aggregated channel bandwidth to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent(s) UTRA channel frequency.

UTRA adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio is specified for both the first UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA_{ACLR1}) and the 2^{nd} UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA_{ACLR2}). The UTRA channel power is measured with a RRC bandwidth filter with roll-off factor α =0.22. The assigned aggregated channel bandwidth power is measured with a rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2A-1. If the measured UTRA channel power is greater than –50dBm then the UTRA_{ACLR} shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2A-1.

Table 6.6.2.3.2A-1: Requirements for UTRA_{ACLR1/2}

	CA bandwidth class / UTRA _{ACLR1/2} / measurement bandwidth					
	CA bandwidth class C					
UTRA _{ACLR1}	33 dB					
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	+ BW _{Channel_CA} /2 + BW _{UTRA} /2 / - BW _{Channel_CA} / 2 - BW _{UTRA} /2					
UTRA _{ACLR2}	36 dB					
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	+ BW _{Channel_CA} /2 + 3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / - BW _{Channel_CA} /2 - 3*BW _{UTRA} /2					
CA E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	BW _{Channel_CA} - 2* BW _{GB}					
UTRA 5MHz channel Measurement bandwidth (Note 1)	3.84 MHz					
UTRA 1.6MHz channel measurement bandwidth (Note 2)	1.28 MHz					
NOTE 1: Applicable for E-UTRA FDD co-existence with UTRA FDD in paired spectrum.						
NOTE 2: Applicable for E-UTRA TDD co-existence with UTRA TDD in unpaired spectrum.						

6.6.2.3.3A Minimum requirements for CA E-UTRA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the carrier aggregation E-UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (CA E-UTRA $_{ACLR}$) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the aggregated channel bandwidth to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent aggregated channel bandwidth at nominal channel spacing. The assigned aggregated channel bandwidth power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.6.2.3.3A-1. If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than - 50dBm then the E-UTRA $_{ACLR}$ shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.3A-1.

Table 6.6.2.3.3A-1: General requirements for CA E-UTRA_{ACLR}

	CA bandwidth class / CA E-UTRA _{ACLR} / Measurement bandwidth
	CA bandwidth class C
CA E-UTRA _{ACLR}	30 dB
CA E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	BW _{Channel_CA} - 2* BW _{GB}
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	+ BW _{Channel_CA} / - BW _{Channel_CA}

6.6.2.4 Void

6.6.2.4.1 Void

6.6.2A Void

<reserved for future use>

6.6.2B Out of band emission for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the requirements for Out of band emissions resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitters are specified at each transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.6.2 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.6.3 apply.

6.6.3 Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions unless otherwise stated. The spurious emission limits are specified in terms of general requirements inline with SM.329 [2] and E-UTRA operating band requirement to address UE co-existence.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.3.1 Minimum requirements

Unless otherwise stated, the spurious emission limits apply for the frequency ranges that are more than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth. The spurious emission limits in Table 6.6.3.1-2 apply for all transmitter band configurations (NRB) and channel bandwidths.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.6.3.1-1: Boundary between E-UTRA out of band and spurious emission domain

Channel bandwidth	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
OOB	2.8	6	10	15	20	25
boundary						
F _{OOB} (MHz)						

Table 6.6.3.1-2: Spurious emissions limits

Frequency Range	Maximum Level	Measurement bandwidth	Note			
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz				
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	-36 dBm	10 kHz				
30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz				
1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz				
12.75 GHz ≤ f < 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL operating band in GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	1			
NOTE 1: Applies for Band 22, Band 42 and Band 43						

6.6.3.1A Minimum requirements for CA

This clause specifies the spurious emission requirements for carrier aggregation.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the spurious emission limits apply for the frequency ranges that are more than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth (Table 5.6A-1). For

frequencies $\Delta fOOB$ greater than FOOB as specified in Table 6.6.3.1A-1the spurious emission requirements in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are applicable.

Table 6.6.3.1A-1: Boundary between E-UTRA out of band and spurious emission domain for intraband contiguous carrier aggregation

CA Bandwidth Class	OOB boundary F _{OOB} (MHz)
Α	Table 6.6.3.1-1
В	FFS
С	BW _{Channel_CA} + 5

6.6.3.2 Spurious emission band UE co-existence

This clause specifies the requirements for the specified E-UTRA band, for coexistence with protected bands.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.6.3.2-1: Requirements

		Spurious	em	ission			
E-UTRA Band	Protected band		ency MHz	range :)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
1	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 3, 34	F _{DL_low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1	15
	Frequency range	1880		1895	-40	1	15,27
	Frequency range	1895		1915	-15.5	5	15, 26, 27
	Frequency range	1915		1920	+1.6	5	15, 26, 27
	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	15
2	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 42	$F_{DL_{low}}$,	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2
3	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 41, 43, 44	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 3	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 11, 18, 19, 21	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	13
	E-UTRA Band 22, 42	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
4	Frequency range E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17,	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41 -50	0.3	13
	23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}			2
5	E-UTRA Band 42 E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17,	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50 -50	1	2
	23, 24, 25, 28, 29,42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 41	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
6	E-UTRA Band 26	859	-	869	-27 -50	1	
O	E-UTRA Band 1, 9, 11, 34	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-37	1	
	Frequency range Frequency range	875	-	875 895	-50	1	
	Trequency range	1884.5	-	1919.6	-41	0.3	7
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7			8
7	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	15, 21, 26
	Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	15, 21, 26
	Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	15, 21
8	E-UTRA Band 1, 20, 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA band 3	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA band 7	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 8	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 22, 41, 42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50 -50	1	2 23
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-40	1	15, 23
	Frequency range Frequency range	860 1884.5	-	890 1915.7	-41	0.3	8, 23
9	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 18, 19, 21, 26, 28, 34	F _{DL_low}		F _{DL_high}	-50	1	0, 23
	E-UTRA Band 42	F _{DL_low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	_	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	945	_	960	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1839.9	_	1879.9	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2545	_	2575	-50	1	
10	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 43	$F_{DL_{low}}$		F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 22, 42	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
11	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 18, 19, 21, 28, 34, 42	F_{DL_low}		F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8

	T.E.	0.45					1
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50 -50	1	
	Frequency range	1839.9 2545	-	1879.9	-50 -50	1	
12	Frequency range E-UTRA Band 2, 5, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24,	2545	-	2575	-50	ı	
12	25, 26, 27, 41	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 4, 10	F _{DL_low}		F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	·				-50	1	15
13	E-UTRA Band 12 E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 17, 23,	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-30	'	15
13	25, 26, 27, 29, 41	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	769		775	-35	0.00625	15
	1 7 0				-35	0.00625	11, 15
	Frequency range	799	-	805			
	E-UTRA Band 14	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 24	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
14	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 41	F		F	-50	1	
		F _{DL_low}		F _{DL_high}	-35	0.00625	12, 15
	Frequency range	769	-	775			
4-7	Frequency range	799	-	805	-35	0.00625	11, 12, 15
17	E-UTRA Band 2, 5, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 41	F _{DL_low}		F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
					-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 4, 10	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}			
40	E-UTRA Band 12	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
18	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 21, 34, 42	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	860	-	890	-40	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	758	-	799	-50	1	
	Frequency range	799	-	803	-40	1	15
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1839.9	_	1879.9	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2545		2575	-50	1	
19	1				-50	1	
19	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 21, 28, 34, 42	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50 -41	0.3	8
	Frequency range Frequency range	1884.5 945	-	1915.7 960	-41 -50	1	0
	Frequency range	1839.9	_	1879.9	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2545	-	2575	-50	1	
20	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 33, 34,						
	40, 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 20	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 38, 42	F _{DL_low}		F _{DL high}	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	758	-	788	-50	1	
21	E-UTRA Band 1, 18, 19, 28, 34, 42	F _{DL_low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	_	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1	- ŭ
	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2545	-	2575	-50	1	
22	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 26, 27, 28,				-50	1	
	33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-30	!	
	Frequency range	3510	-	3525	-40	1	15
	Frequency range	3525		3590	-50	1	
23	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17,						
	23, 24, 26, 27, 29, 41	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
24	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17,	_		_	-50	1	
25	23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 41 E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10,12, 13, 14, 17, 23,	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}			
25	24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 41, 42	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 2	F _{DL_low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
					-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 25	F _{DL_low}	<u> </u>	F _{DL_high}		1	2
200	E-UTRA Band 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
26	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18,19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29,				-50	1	
	34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-30	'	
	E-UTRA Band 41	F _{DL_low}	_	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	, , ,	703	_	799	-50	1	
	Frequency range	703		803	-40	1	15
	Fraguenaviron		-				10
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1]

	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	
27	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13,				-50	1	
	14, 17, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 38, 41, 42, 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}			
	Frequency range	799	-	805	-35	0.00625	
	E-UTRA Band 28	F _{DL_low}	-	790	-50	1	
28	E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 34, 38, 41	$F_{DL_{low}}$	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 1, 4, 10, 22, 42, 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	19, 24
	E-UTRA Band 1	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	19, 25
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8	15, 32
	Frequency range	470	-	710	-26.2	6	31
	Frequency range	758	-	773	-32	1	15
	Frequency range	773	-	803	-50	1	
	Frequency range	662	-	694	-26.2	6	15
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8, 19
	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	
33	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 34, 38,				-50	1	5
	40, 42, 43	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}			
	E-UTRA Band 3	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	15
34	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 28, 33, 38,39, 40, 41, 42, 43,				-50	1	5
	21, 22, 20, 20, 33, 38,39, 40, 41, 42, 43,	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	'	3
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	
35							
36							
37			-				
38	E-UTRA Band 1,3, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2620	-	2645	-15.5	5	15, 22, 26
	Frequency range	2645	-	2690	-40	1	15, 22
39	E-UTRA Band 22, 34, 40, 41, 42, 44	F _{DL_low}		F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
40	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44	$F_{DL_{low}}$	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
41	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39, 40, 42, 44	F _{DL low}	_	F _{DL high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 9, 11, 18, 19, 21	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	30
	Frequency range	1839.9		1879.9	-50	1	30
	Frequency range	1884.5		1915.7	-41	0.3	8, 30
42	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11,						
	18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40, 41, 44	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Fraguency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range				· — —		
43	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40	F_{DL_low}		F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
43	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40 E-UTRA Band 22		-		-50 [-50]	1 [1]	3
43	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 38, 40	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high} F_{DL_high} F_{DL_high}			3

- NOTE 1: F_{DL_low} and F_{DL_high} refer to each E-UTRA frequency band specified in Table 5.5-1
- NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2MHz + N x L_{CRB} x 180kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, [5] for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.
- NOTE 3: To meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band
- NOTE 4: N/A
- NOTE 5: For non synchronised TDD operation to meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band
- NOTE 6: N/A
- NOTE 7: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5-1919.6MHz.
- NOTE 8: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5 -1915.7MHz.
- NOTE 9: N/A.
- NOTE 10: N/A.
- NOTE 11: Whether the applicable frequency range should be 793-805MHz instead of 799-805MHz is TBD
- NOTE 12: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB
- NOTE 13: This requirement applies for 5, 10, 15 and 20 MHz E-UTRA channel bandwidth allocated within 1744.9MHz and 1784.9MHz.
- NOTE 14: N/A.
- NOTE 15: These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.
- NOTE 16: N/A.
- NOTE 17: N/A
- NOTE 18: N/A
- NOTE 19: Applicable when the assigned E-UTRA carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.
- NOTE 20: N/A.
- NOTE 21: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 2500 2570 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2560.5 2562.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2552 2560 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.
- NOTE 22: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 2570 2615 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2605.5 2607.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2597 2605 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.

 For carriers with channel bandwidth overlapping the frequency range 2615 2620 MHz the requirement applies with the maximum output power configured to +19 dBm in the IE *P-Max*.
- NOTE 23 This requirement is applicable only for the following cases:
 for carriers of 5 MHz channel bandwidth when carrier centre frequency (F_c) is within the range 902.5 MHz $\leq F_c < 907.5$ MHz with an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 20 RB for carriers of 5 MHz channel bandwidth when carrier centre frequency (F_c) is within the range 907.5 MHz $\leq F_c \leq 912.5$ MHz without any restriction on uplink transmission bandwidth. for carriers of 10 MHz channel bandwidth when carrier centre frequency (F_c) is $F_c = 910$ MHz with an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 32 RB with RB_{start} > 3.
- NOTE 24: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -38 dBm/MHz is permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) for which the 2nd harmonic totally or partially overlaps the measurement bandwidth (MBW).
- NOTE 25: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -36 dBm/MHz is permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 3rd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) for which the 3rd harmonic totally or partially overlaps the measurement bandwidth (MBW).
- NOTE 26: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.
- NOTE 27: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 1920 1980 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 1927.5 1929.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 1930 1938 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink

transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.

NOTE 28: N/A.

NOTE 29: N/A.

NOTE 30: This requirement applies when the E-UTRA carrier is confined within 2545-2575 MHz and the channel bandwidth is 10 or 20 MHz.

NOTE 31: This requirement is applicable for 5 and 10 MHz E-UTRA channel bandwidth allocated within 718-728MHz. For carriers of 10 MHz bandwidth, this requirement applies for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 30 RB with RBstart > 1 and RBstart < 48.

NOTE 32: This requirement is applicable in the case of a 10 MHz E-UTRA carrier confined within 703 MHz and 733 MHz, otherwise the requirement of -25 dBm with a measurement bandwidth of 8 MHz applies.

6.6.3.2A Spurious emission band UE co-existence for CA

This clause specifies the requirements for the specified carrier aggregation configurations for coexistence with protected bands.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.6.3.2A-1: Requirements for intra-band contiguous CA

E-								
UTRA CA Config uration	Protected band		ncy MH:	y range z)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note	
CA_1C	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1		
04.70	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1		
CA_7C	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1		
CA_38C	E-UTRA Band 1,3, 8, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1		
CA_40C	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 26, 27, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{DL low}		F _{DL_high}	-50	1		
CA_41C	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39, 40, 42, 44	F _{DL_low}		F _{DL_high}	-50	1		

NOTE 1: F_{DL_low} and F_{DL_high} refer to each E-UTRA frequency band specified in Table 5.5-1

NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2MHz + N x L_{CRB} x 180kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, [5] for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th [or 5th] harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval. NOTE 3: To meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band

NOTE 4: N/A

NOTE 5: N/A

NOTE 6: N/A

NOTE 7: N/A

NOTE 8: N/A

NOTE 9: N/A
NOTE 10: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table
6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

NOTE 11: N/A

NOTE 12: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

6.6.3.3 Additional spurious emissions

These requirements are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

6.6.3.3.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_05")

When "NS_05" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.1-1: Additional requirements (PHS)

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)			Measurement bandwidth	Note	
	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
1884.5 ≤ f ≤1915.7	-41	-41	-41	-41	300 KHz	1

NOTE 1: Applicable when the lower edge of the assigned E-UTRA UL channel bandwidth frequency is larger than or equal to the upper edge of PHS band (1915.7 MHz) + 4 MHz + the channel BW assigned, where channel BW is as defined in subclause 5.6. Additional restrictions apply for operations below this point.

The requirements in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1 apply with the additional restrictions specified in Table 6.6.3.3.1-2 when the lower edge of the assigned E-UTRA UL channel bandwidth frequency is less than the upper edge of PHS band (1915.7 MHz) + 4 MHz + the channel BW assigned.

Table 6.6.3.3.1-2: RB restrictions for additional requirement (PHS).

15 MHz channel bandwidth with f_c = 1932.5 MHz								
RB _{start} 0-7 8-66 67-74								
L _{CRB}	N/A	\leq MIN(30, 67 – RB _{start})	N/A					
	20 MHz channel bandwidth with f _c = 1930 MHz							
RB _{start}	0-23	24-75	76-99					
L _{CRB}	N/A	\leq MIN(24, 76 – RB _{start})	N/A					

6.6.3.3.2 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_07")

When "NS_07" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.2-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.2-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)		Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
		10 MHz	
769 ≤	≤ f ≤ 775	-57	6.25 kHz
NOTE: The emissions measurement shall be si standard standard deviation < 0.5 dB.		ns measurement shall be sufficiently powen and ard deviation < 0.5 dB.	er averaged to ensure

6.6.3.3.3 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_08")

When "NS 08" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.3-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.3-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)			Measurement bandwidth
(MHz)	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz	
860 ≤ f ≤ 890	-40	-40	-40	1 MHz

6.6.3.3.4 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_09")

When "NS 09" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.4-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.4-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)			Measurement bandwidth
	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz	
1475.9 ≤ f ≤ 1510.9	-35	-35	-35	1 MHz

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: To improve measurement accuracy, A-MPR values for NS_09 specified in Table 6.2.4-1 in subclause 6.2.4 are derived based on 100 kHz RBW.

6.6.3.3.5 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_12")

When "NS 12" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.5-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.5-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
806 ≤ f ≤ 813.5	-42	6.25 kHz
NOTE 1: The requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers with lower channel edge at or		

NOTE 1: The requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers with lower channel edge at or above 814.2 MHz.

NOTE 2: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB.

6.6.3.3.6 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_13")

When "NS 13" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.6-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.6-1: Additional requirements

	ency band MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
		5 MHz	
806 ≤ f ≤ 8	816	-42	6.25 kHz
NOTE 1: The requirement applies for E-L above 819 MHz.		nt applies for E-UTRA carriers with lower char z.	nnel edge at or
NOTE 2: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensu standard deviation < 0.5 dB.		aged to ensure a	

6.6.3.3.7 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_14")

When "NS 14" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.7-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.7-1: Additional requirements

•	ency band MHz)	Channel ban Spectrum emi: (dBm	ssion limit	Measurement bandwidth
		10 MHz, 1	5 MHz	
806 ≤ f ≤ 8	316	-42		6.25 kHz
NOTE 1: The requirement applies for I above 824 MHz.			riers with lower char	nnel edge at or
NOTE 2: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged standard deviation < 0.5 dB.		aged to ensure a		

6.6.3.3.8 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_15")

When "NS 15" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.8-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.8-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz	
851 ≤ f ≤ 859	-53	6.25 kHz
NOTE 1: The emissions	measurement shall be sufficiently power average	aged to ensure a
standard devia	tion < 0.5 dB.	-

6.6.3.3.9 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_16")

When "NS_16" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.9-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.9-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4, 3, 5, 10 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
790 ≤ f ≤ 803	-32	1 MHz	

6.6.3.3.10 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_17")

When "NS_17" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.10-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.10-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
470 ≤ f ≤ 710	-26.2	6 MHz	1

NOTE 1: Applicable when the assigned E-UTRA carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.

6.6.3.3.11 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_18")

When "NS_18" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.11-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.11-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
692-698	-26.2	6 MHz	

6.6.3.3.12 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_19")

When "NS_19" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.12-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.12-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth	Note
662 ≤ f ≤ 694	-25	8 MHz	

6.6.3.3.13 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_11")

When "NS_11" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.13-1. These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.13-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
E-UTRA Band 2	-50	1 MHz
1998 ≤ f ≤ 1999	-21	1 MHz
1997 ≤ f < 1998	-27	1 MHz
1996 ≤ f < 1997	-32	1 MHz
1995 ≤ f < 1996	-37	1 MHz
1990 ≤ f < 1995	-40	1 MHz

6.6.3.3.14 Minimum requirement (network signalled value " NS_20")

When "NS_20" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.14-1. These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.14-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth						
1990 ≤ f < 1999	-40	1 MHz						
1999 ≤ f ≤ 2000	-40	Note 1						
	Note 1: The measurement bandwidth is 1% of the applicable E-UTRA channel bandwidth							

6.6.3.3.15 Minimum requirement (network signalled value " NS_22")

When "NS 22" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.15-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.15-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band (MHz)		Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	MBW			
3400	≤ f ≤ 3800	-23 (Note 1, Note 3)	5 MHz			
	-40 (Note 2)					
Note 1:						
Note 2:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
Note 3:	This emission limit might imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.					

6.6.3.3.16 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_23")

When "NS 23" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.16-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.16-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	MBW				
	5, 10, 15, 20 MHz					
3400 ≤ f ≤ 3800	-23 (Note 1, Note 4)	5 MHz				
	-40 (Note 2)	1 MHz				
NOTE 1: This requirer	nent applies within an offset between 5 MHz +	- F _{offset NS 23}				
and 25 MHz	+ F _{offset NS 23} from the lower and from the upper	er edges of				
the channel b	andwidth, whenever these frequencies overlap	with the				
specified free	quency band.					
NOTE 2: This requirer	ment applies from 3400 MHz to 25 MHz $+$ F _{ofi}	fset NS 23				
below the lov	wer E-UTRA channel edge and from 25 MHz -	+				
F _{offset_NS_23} ab	ove the upper E-UTRA channel edge to 3800	MHz.				
NOTE 3: F _{offset_NS_23} is:						
	MHz channel BW,					
5 MHz for 10) MHz channel BW,					
9 MHz for 15	5 MHz channel BW and					
12 MHz for 20 MHz channel BW.						
NOTE 4: This emission	n limit might imply risk of harmful interference	e to UE(s)				
operating in t	the protected operating band					

6.6.3.3A Additional spurious emissions for CA

These requirements are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell reconfiguration message.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

6.6.3.3A.1 Minimum requirement for CA_1C (network signalled value "CA_NS_01")

When "CA_NS_01" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.1-1: Additional requirements (PHS)

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)		nge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
E-UTRA band 34	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1	
Frequency range	1884.5	•	1915.7	-41	0.3	1
NOTE 1: Applicable w	hen the aggre	gate	ed channel band	dwidth is confined within frequenc	cy range 1940 – 19	80 MHz

6.6.3.3A.2 Minimum requirement for CA_1C (network signalled value "CA_NS_02")

When "CA_NS_02" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.2-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.2-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
E-UTRA band 34	$F_{DL_{low}}$	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
Frequency range	1900	-	1915	-15.5	5	1, 2
Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	1, 2

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2[:] For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

6.6.3.3A.3 Minimum requirement for CA 1C (network signalled value "CA NS 03")

When "CA_NS_03" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.3-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.3-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
E-UTRA band 34	F_{DL_low}	ı	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
Frequency range	1880	ı	1895	-40	1	
Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	1, 2
Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	1, 2

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2[:] For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

6.6.3.3A.4 Minimum requirement for CA_38C (network signalled value "CA_NS_05")

When "CA_NS_05" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.4-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth. This requirement is applicable for carriers with aggregated channel bandwidths confined in 2570 - 2615 MHz.

Table 6.6.3.3A.4-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)		ige (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
Frequency range	2620		2645	-15.5	5	1, 2, 3
Frequency range	2645	-	2690	-40	1	1, 3

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2[:] For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

NOTE 3: This requirement is applicable for carriers with aggregated channel bandwidths confined in 2570-2615 MHz.

6.6.3.3A.5 Minimum requirement for CA_7C (network signalled value "CA_NS_06")

When "CA_NS_06" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3A.5-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3A.5-1: Additional requirements

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Note
Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	1, 2
Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	1,2
Frequency range	2595	•	2620	-40	1	

NOTE 1: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2[:] For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

6.6.3A Void

<reserved for future use>

6.6.3B Spurious emission for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the requirements for Spurious emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products are specified at each transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.6.3 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-1.

For single-antenna port scheme, the general requirements in subclause 6.6.3 apply.

6.6A Void

6.6B Void

6.7 Transmit intermodulation

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

6.7.1 Minimum requirement

User Equipment(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or eNode B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the mean power of the wanted signal to the mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal at each of the transmitter antenna port with the other antenna port(s) if any is terminated. Both the wanted signal power and the intermodulation product power are measured through E-UTRA rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth shown in Table 6.7.1-1.

The requirement of transmitting intermodulation is prescribed in Table 6.7.1-1.

BW Channel (UL) 5MHz 10MHz 15MHz 20MHz Interference Signal 5MHz 10MHz 10MHz 20MHz 15MHz 30MHz 20MHz 40MHz Frequency Offset Interference CW Signal -40dBc Level Intermodulation Product -29dBc -35dBc -29dBc -35dBc -29dBc -35dBc -29dBc -35dBc Measurement bandwidth 4.5MHz 9.0MHz 13.5MHz 13.5MHz 4.5MHz 9.0MHz 18MHz 18MHz

Table 6.7.1-1: Transmit Intermodulation

6.7.1A Minimum requirement for CA

User Equipment(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or eNode B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the mean power of the wanted signal to the mean power of the intermodulation product on both component carriers when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal at each of the transmitter antenna port with the other antenna port(s) if any is terminated. Both the wanted signal power and the intermodulation product power are measured through rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth shown in Table 6.7.1A-1.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the requirement of transmitting intermodulation is specified in Table 6.7.1A-1.

CA bandwidth class(UL)	С		
Interference Signal Frequency Offset	BW _{Channel_CA}	2*BW _{Channel_CA}	
Interference CW Signal Level	-40dBc		
Intermodulation Product	-29dBc -35dBc		
Measurement bandwidth	BW _{Channel_CA} - 2* BW _{GB}		

Table 6.7.1A-1: Transmit Intermodulation

6.7.1B Minimum requirement for UL-MIMO

For UE supporting UL-MIMO, the transmit intermodulation requirements are specified at each transmit antenna connector and the wanted signal is defined as the sum of output power at each transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.7.1 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2.

For single-antenna port scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.7.1 apply.

- 6.8 Void
- 6.8.1 Void
- 6.8A Void

6.8B Time alignment error for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) with multiple transmit antenna connectors supporting UL-MIMO, this requirement applies to frame timing differences between transmissions on multiple transmit antenna connectors in the closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme.

The time alignment error (TAE) is defined as the average frame timing difference between any two transmissions on different transmit antenna connectors.

6.8B.1 Minimum Requirements

For UE(s) with multiple transmit antenna connectors, the Time Alignment Error (TAE) shall not exceed 130 ns.

7 Receiver characteristics

7.1 General

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector(s) of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna(s) with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed for each antenna port(s). UE with an integral antenna(s) may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector, identical interfering signals shall be applied to each receiver antenna port if more than one of these is used (diversity).

The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

With the exception of subclause 7.3, the requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 configured (Table 6.2.4-1).

All the parameters in clause 7 are defined using the UL reference measurement channels specified in Annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3, the DL reference measurement channels specified in Annex A.3.2 and using the set-up specified in Annex C.3.1.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two component carriers (one component carrier per sub-block), an in-gap test refers to the case when the interfering signalis located at a negative offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency and located at a positive offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two component carriers (one component carrier per sub-block), an out-of-gap test refers to the case when the interfering signal(s) is (are) located at a positive offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency, or located at a negative offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two component carriers with channel bandwidth larger than or equal to 5 MHz (one component carrier per sub-block), the existing adjacent channel selectivity requirements, in-band blocking requirements (for each case), and narrow band blocking requirements apply for in-gap tests only if the corresponding interferer frequency offsets with respect to the two measured carriers satisfy the following condition in relation to the sub-block gap size $W_{\rm gap}$ for at least one of these carriers j, j = 1, 2, so that the interferer frequency position does not change the nature of the core requirement tested:

$$W_{\text{gap}} \! \geq 2 \cdot |F_{\text{Interferer (offset)},j}| - BW_{\text{Channel}(\textit{j})}$$

where $F_{Interferer\ (offset),j}$ is the interferer frequency offset with respect to carrier j as specified in subclause 7.5.1, subclause 7.6.1 and subclause 7.6.3 for the respective requirement and $BW_{Channel(j)}$ the channel bandwidth of carrier j. The interferer frequency offsets for adjacent channel selectivity, each in-band blocking case and narrow-band blocking shall be tested separately with a single in-gap interferer at a time.

7.2 Diversity characteristics

The requirements in Section 7 assume that the receiver is equipped with two Rx port as a baseline. These requirements apply to all UE categories unless stated otherwise. Requirements for 4 ports are FFS. With the exception of subclause 7.9 all requirements shall be verified by using both (all) antenna ports simultaneously.

7.3 Reference sensitivity power level

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to both the UE antenna ports at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

7.3.1 Minimum requirements (QPSK)

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1-2

Table 7.3.1-1: Reference sensitivity QPSK PREFSENS

		Ch	annel bar	ndwidth			
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex Mode
1			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD
2	-102.7	-99.7	-98	-95	-93.2	-92	FDD
3	-101.7	-98.7	-97	-94	-92.2	-91	FDD
4	-104.7	-101.7	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD
5	-103.2	-100.2	-98	-95			FDD
6			-100	-97			FDD
7			-98	-95	-93.2	-92	FDD
8	-102.2	-99.2	-97	-94			FDD
9			-99	-96	-94.2	-93	FDD
10			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD
11			-100	-97			FDD
12	-101.7	-98.7	-97	-94			FDD
13			-97	-94			FDD
14			-97	-94			FDD
17			-97	-94			FDD
18			-100 ⁷	-97 ⁷	-95.2 ⁷		FDD
19			-100	-97	-95.2		FDD
20			-97	-94	-91.2	-90	FDD
21			-100	-97	-95.2		FDD
22			-97	-94	-92.2	-91	FDD
23	-104.7	-101.7	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD
24			-100	-97			FDD
25	-101.2	-98.2	-96.5	-93.5	-91.7	-90.5	FDD
26	-102.7	-99.7	-97.5 ⁶	-94.5 ⁶	-92.7 ⁶		FDD
27	-103.2	-100.2	-98	-95			FDD
28		-100.2	-98.5	-95.5	-93.7	-91	FDD
33			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD
34			-100	-97	-95.2		TDD
35	-106.2	-102.2	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD
36	-106.2	-102.2	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD
37			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD
38			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD
39			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD
40			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD
41			-98	-95	-93.2	-92	TDD
42			-99	-96	-94.2	-93	TDD
43			-99	-96	-94.2	-93	TDD
44		[-100.2]	[-98]	[-95]	[-93.2]	[-92]	TDD

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to P_{UMAX} as defined in subclause 6.2.5

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port

NOTE 4: For the UE which supports both Band 3 and Band 9 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

NOTE 5: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the reference sensitivity

level is FFS.

6 indicates that the requirement is modified by -0.5 dB when the carrier NOTE 6: frequency of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth is within 865-894 MHz.

NOTE 7: For a UE that support both Band 18 and Band 26, the reference sensitivity level for Band 26 applies for the applicable channel bandwidths.

The reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement specified in Table 7.3.1-1 shall be met for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3.1-2.

NOTE: Table 7.3.1-2 is intended for conformance tests and does not necessarily reflect the operational conditions of the network, where the number of uplink and downlink allocated resource blocks will be practically constrained by other factors. Typical receiver sensitivity performance with HARQ retransmission enabled and using a residual BLER metric relevant for e.g. Speech Services is given in the Annex G (informative).

For the UE which supports inter-band carrier aggregation configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A with uplink in one E-UTRA band, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity in Table 7.3.1-1 shall be increased by the amount given in $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A for the applicable E-UTRA bands.

Table 7.3.1-1A: ΔR_{IB,c}

Inter-band CA Configuration	E-UTRA Band	ΔR _{IB,c} [dB]		
CA_1A-5A	1	0		
OA_IA-JA	5	0		
CA_1A-18A	1	0		
O/(_1/\(\)10/\(\)	18	0		
CA_1A-19A	1	0		
0/(_1/\ 10/\	19	0		
CA_1A-21A	1	0		
O/(_1/(Z1/(21	0		
CA_2A-17A	2	0		
0A_2A-11A	17	0.5		
CA_3A-5A	3	0		
UA_3A-3A	5	0		
CA_3A-7A	3	0		
CA_SA-TA	7	0		
CA_3A-8A	3	0		
CA_SA-6A	8	0		
CV 3V 30V	3	0		
CA_3A-20A	20	0		
CA_4A-5A	4	0		
UA_4A-3A	5	0		
CA_4A-7A	4	0.5		
UA_4A-7A	7	0.5		
CA_4A-12A	4	0		
CA_4A-12A	12	0.5		
CA_4A-13A	4	0		
CA_4A-13A	13	0		
CA_4A-17A	4	0		
CA_4A-17A	17	0.5		
CA	5	0.5		
CA_5A-12A	12	0.3		
CA	5	0.5		
CA_5A-17A	17	0.3		
CA 7A 20A	7	0		
CA_7A-20A	20	0		
CA 8A 20A	8	0		
CA_8A-20A	20	0		
CA 44A 40A	11	0		
CA_11A-18A	18	0		

- NOTE 1: The above additional tolerances are only applicable for the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 2: The above additional tolerances also apply in intra-band CA and non-aggregated operation for the supported E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations
- NOTE 3: In case the UE supports more than one of the above inter-band carrier aggregation configurations and a E-UTRA operating band belongs to more than one inter-band carrier aggregation configurations then:
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is ≤ 1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the tolerances in Table 7.3.1-1A, truncated to one decimal place that would apply for that operating band among the supported CA configurations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be applied
 - When the E-UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the maximum tolerance in Table 7.3.1-1A that would apply for that operating band among the supported

CA configurations

NOTE: The above additional tolerances do not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL. Otherwise the above additional tolerances also apply to supported UTRA operating bands that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations.

Table 7.3.1-2: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

	E-UTRA E	Band / Ch	annel ba	ndwidth / I	N _{RB} / Duple	ex mode	
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex Mode
1			25	50	75	100	FDD
2	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
3	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
4	6	15	25	50	75	100	FDD
5	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
6			25	25 ¹			FDD
7			25	50	75	75 ¹	FDD
8	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
9			25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
10			25	50	75	100	FDD
11			25	25 ¹			FDD
12	6	15	20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
13			20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
14			15 ¹	15 ¹			FDD
17			20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
18			25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
19			25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
20			25	20 ¹	20 ³	20 ³	FDD
21			25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
22			25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
23	6	15	25	50	75	100	FDD
24			25	50			FDD
25	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
26	6	15	25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
27	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
28		15	25	25 ¹	25 ¹	25 ¹	FDD
33			25	50	75	100	TDD
34			25	50	75		TDD
35	6	15	25	50	75	100	TDD
36	6	15	25	50	75	100	TDD
37			25	50	75	100	TDD
38			25	50	75	100	TDD
39			25	50	75	100	TDD
40			25	50	75	100	TDD
41			25	50	75	100	TDD
42			25	50	75	100	TDD
43			25	50	75	100	TDD
44		15	25	50	75	100	TDD
	, 	·		 	·		L

NOTE 1: ¹ refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth (Table 5.6-1).

NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the uplink configuration for reference sensitivity is FFS.

NOTE 3: Tefers to Band 20; in the case of 15MHz channel bandwidth, the UL

NOTE 3: ³ refers to Band 20; in the case of 15MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start} 11 and in the case of 20MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start} 16

Unless given by Table 7.3.1-3, the minimum requirements specified in Tables 7.3.1-1 and 7.3.1-2 shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

E-UTRA Network Band Signalling value 2 NS 03 4 NS_03 10 NS_03 12 NS_06 13 NS 06 14 NS 06

NS_06

NS_08

NS_09

NS 03

17

19

21

23

Table 7.3.1-3: Network signalling value for reference sensitivity

7.3.1A Minimum requirements (QPSK) for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1-2. The reference sensitivity is defined to be met with both downlink component carriers active and either of the uplink carriers active. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.3.1 with the following exceptions.

For the UE that supports any of the E-UTRA CA configurations given in Table 7.3.1A-0a, exceptions to the aforementioned requirements are allowed when the uplink active in the lower-frequency operating band is within a specified frequency range as noted in Table 7.3.1A-0a. For these exceptions, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in Table 7.3.1A-0a and Table 7.3.1A-0b.

Table 7.3.1A-0a: Reference sensitivity for carrier aggregation QPSK PREFSENS, CA (exceptions)

Channel bandwidth								
EUTRA CA Configuration	EUTRA band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex mode
CA_3A-8A ⁴	3				N/A	N/A	N/A	FDD
	8			N/A	N/A			
CA_4A-12A ^{5,6}	4	-89.2	-89.2	-90	-89.5			FDD
	12			-96.5	-93.5			
CA_4A-17A ^{5,6}	4			-90	-89.5			FDD
	17			-96.5	-93.5			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to Pumax as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port

NOTE 4: No requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the low band for which the 2nd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of the high band. The reference sensitivity is only verified when this is not the case (the requirements specified in clause 7.3.1 apply).

NOTE 5: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the low band for which the 3rd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of the high band.

downlink transmission bandwidth of the high band. NOTE 6: The requirements should be verified for UL EARFCN of the low band (superscript LB) such that $f_{UL}^{LB} = \left \lfloor f_{DL}^{HB} / 0.3 \right \rfloor 0.1 \text{ in MHz and } F_{UL_low}^{LB} + BW_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 < f_{UL}^{LB} < F_{UL_high}^{LB} - BW_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \text{ with } f_{DL}^{HB} \text{ the carrier frequency of the high band in MHz and } BW_{Channel}^{LB} \text{ the channel bandwidth configured in the low band.}$

Table 7.3.1A-0b: Uplink configuration for the low band (exceptions)

E-	E-UTRA Band / Channel bandwidth of the high band / N _{RB} / Duplex mode										
EUTRA CA Configuration	UL band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex mode			
CA_4A-12A	12	2	5	8	16			FDD			
CA_4A-17A	17			8	16			FDD			

NOTE 1: refers to the UL resource blocks, which shall be centred within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2: the UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the low band unless the UL resource blocks exceed that specified in Table 7.3.1-2 for the uplink bandwidth in which case the allocation according to Table 7.3.1-2 applies.

For band combinations including operating bands without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements are specified in Table 7.3.1A-0d and Table 7.3.1A-0e.

Table 7.3.1A-0d: Reference sensitivity QPSK PREFSENS

	Channel bandwidth											
EUTRA CA Configuration	EUTRA band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex mode				
CA 2A 20A	2			-98	-95			FDD				
CA_2A-29A	29		-98.7	-97	-94			FDD				
CA 4A 20A	4			-100	-97			EDD				
CA_4A-29A	29		-98.7	-97	-94			FDD				

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to P_{UMAX} as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1

FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port

Table 7.3.1A-0e: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

	E-UTRA Band / Channel bandwidth / N _{RB} / Duplex mode											
EUTRA CA Configuration	EUTRA band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex mode				
CA 2A 20A	2			25	50			FDD				
CA_2A-29A	29		N/A	N/A	N/A			FDD				
CA 4A 20A	4			25	50			EDD				
CA_4A-29A	29		N/A	N/A	N/A			FDD				

In all cases for single uplink inter-band CA, unless given by Table 7.3.1-3 for the band with the active uplink carrier, the applicable reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the throughput of each component carrier shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1A-1. Table 7.3.1A-1 specifies the maximum number of allocated uplink resource blocks for which the intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation reference sensitivity requirement shall be met. The PCC and SCC allocations as defined in Table 7.3.1A-1 form a contiguous allocation where TX–RX frequency separations of the component carriers are as defined in Table 5.7.4-1. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2 and the downlink PCC carrier center frequency shall be configured closer to uplink operating band than the downlink SCC center frequency. Unless given by Table 7.3.1-3, the reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

Table 7.3.1A-1: Intra-band contiguous CA uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

	CA co	onfiguration	on / CC c	ombinati	on / N _{RB_a}	gg / Duple	x mode			
Uplink CA	100RB+50RB		75RB-	+75RB	100RB	+75RB	100RB-	+100RB	Duplex	
configuration	PCC	SCC	PCC	SCC	PCC	SCC	PCC	SCC	Mode	
CA_1C	N/A	N/A	75	54	N/A	N/A	100	30	FDD	
CA_7C	N/A	N/A	75	0	N/A	N/A	75	0	FDD	
CA_38C	N/A	N/A	75	75	N/A	N/A	100	100	TDD	
CA_40C	100	50	75	75	N/A	N/A	100	100	TDD	
CA_41C	100	50	75	75	100	75	100	100	TDD	

- NOTE 1: The carrier centre frequency of SCC in the UL operating band is configured closer to the DL operating band.
- NOTE 2: The transmitted power over both PCC and SCC shall be set to P_{UMAX} as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 3: The UL resource blocks in both PCC and SCC shall be confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth (Table 5.6-1).
- NOTE 4: The UL resource blocks in PCC shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band, while the UL resource blocks in SCC shall be located as far as possible from the downlink operating band.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the throughput of each downlink component carrier shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with both downlink carriers active and parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and Table 7.3.1A-3 with the power level in Table 7.3.1-1 increased by $\Delta_{\rm IBNC}$ given in Table 7.3.1A-3 for the SCC. Unless given by Table 7.3.1-3, the reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

Table 7.3.1A-3: Intra-band non-contiguous CA uplink configuration for reference sensitivity with one uplink

CA configuration	Aggregated channel bandwidth (PCC+SCC)	W _{gap} /[MHz]	UL PCC allocation	ΔR _{IBNC} (dB)	Duplex mode
	25RB+25RB	$30.0 < W_{gap} \le 55.0$	10 ¹	5.0	
	23KD+23KD	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 30.0$	25 ¹	0.0	
	25RB+50RB	$25.0 < W_{gap} \le 50.0$		4.5	
CA 25A-25A	23KD+30KD	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 25.0$	25 ¹	0.0	FDD
CA_25A-25A	50RB+25RB	$15.0 < W_{gap} \le 50.0$	10 ⁴	5.5	רטט
	30KB+23KB	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 15.0$	32 ¹	0.0	
	50RB+50RB	$10.0 < W_{gap} \le 45.0$	10 ⁴	5.0	
	30KB#30KB	$0.0 < W_{gap} \le 10.0$	32 ¹	0.0	
CA_41A-41A	NOTE 6	NOTE 7	NOTE 8	0.0	TDD

NOTE 1: 1 refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission.

W_{gap} is the sub-block gap between the two sub-blocks. NOTE 2:

The carrier center frequency of PCC in the UL operating band is configured closer to the DL NOTE 3: operating band.

4 refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start}=33.

NOTE 4:

NOTE 5: For the TDD intra-band non-contiguous CA configurations, the minimum requirements apply only in synchronized operation between all component carriers.

All combinations of channel bandwidths defined in Table 5.6A.1-3.

NOTE 7: All applicable sub-block gap sizes.

NOTE 8: The PCC allocation is same as Transmission bandwidth configuration N_{RB} as defined in

Table 5.6-1.

Minimum requirements (QPSK) for UL-MIMO 7.3.1B

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.3.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{IJMAX} is the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

732 Void

Maximum input level 7.4

This is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, at which the specified relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

7.4.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be ≥95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4.1-1

Table 7.4.1-1: Maximum input level

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth						
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	-25						

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is Annex A.3.2: 64QAM, R=3/4 variant with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

7.4.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the maximum input level is defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.4.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation maximum input level is defined as the powers received at the UE antenna port over the Transmission bandwidth configuration of each CC, at which the specified relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements for the specified reference measurement channel over each component carrier.

The downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.4.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2.

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels over each component carrier as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4.1A-1.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with two downlink carriers each carrier shall meet the requirements specified in Table 7.4.1-1 while all downlink carriers are active.

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the specified reference measurement channel as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) over each carrier. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3.

Table 7.4.1A-1: Maximum input level for intra-band contiguous CA

Rx Parameter	Units		CA	A Bandwid	th Class		
		Α	В	С	D	Е	F
Power in largest Transmission Bandwidth Configuration CC	dBm			-25			
Power in each other CC	dBm			-25 + 10log(N RB,c /N _{RB,larg} est BW)			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is Annex A.3.2: 64QAM, R=3/4 variant with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

7.4.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.4.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter $P_{\text{CMAX_L}}$ is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

112

7.4A Void

7.4A.1 Void

7.5 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive a E-UTRA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

7.5.1 Minimum requirements

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.5.1-1 for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm. However it is not possible to directly measure the ACS, instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen in Table 7.5.1-2 and Table 7.5.1-3 where the throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.5.1-1: Adjacent channel selectivity

			Channel bandwidth							
Rx Parameter	Units	1.4 3 5 10 15 20								
		MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz			
ACS	dB	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	30	27			

Table 7.5.1-2: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 1

Rx Parameter	Units			Channel b	andwidth		
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm			REFSENS	S + 14 dB		
P _{Interferer}	dBm	REFSENS +45.5dB	REFSENS +45.5dB	REFSENS +45.5dB	REFSENS +45.5dB	REFSENS +42.5dB	REFSENS +39.5dB
BW _{Interferer}	MHz	1.4	3	5	5	5	5
F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	1.4+0.0025 / -1.4-0.0025	3+0.0075 / -3-0.0075	5+0.0025 / -5-0.0025	7.5+0.0075 / -7.5-0.0075	10+0.0125 / -10-0.0125	12.5+0.0025 / -12.5- 0.0025

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below PcMAX_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with PcMAX_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Units Channel bandwidth Rx Parameter 1.4 MHz 3 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz 20 MHz Power in Transmission dBm -56.5 -56.5 -56.5 -56.5 -53.5-50.5 Bandwidth Configuration dBm P_{Interferer} -25 BW_{Interferer} MHz 3 5 1.4 5 5 5 F_{Interferer} (offset) MHz 1.4+0.0025 3+0.0075 5+0.0025 7.5+0.0075 10+0.0125 12.5+0.0025 -1.4-0.0025 -3-0.0075 -5-0.0025 -7.5-0.0075 -10-0.0125 -12.5-0.0025

Table 7.5.1-3: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 2

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex 3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1.

7.5.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band, the adjacent channel requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.5.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the adjacent channel requirements of subclause 7.5.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.5.1A-2 and Table 7.5.1A-3 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.5.1A-1 for an adjacent channel interferer on either side of the aggregated downlink signal at a specified frequency offset and for an interferer power up to -25 dBm. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.5.1A-2 and 7.5.1A-3.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, each larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the adjacent channel selectivity requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.5.1 for each component carrier subject to in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while both downlink carriers are active. The interferer powerP_{interferer} for Case 1 in Table 7.5.1-2 shall be set to the maximum of the levels given by the two downlink carriers. For both Case 1 and Case 2 (Table 7.5.1-3), the wanted signal power level of each carrier shall be set in accordance with the ACS requirement (Clause 7.5.1) relative to the interferer power P_{interferer}.

Table 7.5.1A-1: Adjacent channel selectivity

		CA Bandwidth Class									
Rx Parameter	Units	В	С	D	Ē	F					
ACS	dB		24								

Table 7.5.1A-2: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 1

Rx Parameter	Units		CA	A Bandwidth	th Class		
		В	С	D	E	F	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth			REFSENS +				
Configuration, per CC			14 dB				
•	dBm		Aggregated power + 22.5				
P _{Interferer}			dB				
BW _{Interferer}	MHz		5				
F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz		2.5 + F _{offset}				
			/				
			-2.5 - F _{offset}				

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below P_{CMAX_L,c} or P_{CMAX_L} as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1
- NOTE 3: The F_{interferer} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the adjacent channel interferer and shall be further adjusted to $\left[F_{interferer} / 0.015 + 0.5 \right] 0.015 + 0.0075 \, \text{MHz} \text{ to be offset from the sub-carrier raster}.$

Table 7.5.1A-3: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 2

Rx Parameter	Units		CA	Bandwidth C	lass	
		В	С	D	E	F
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm		-47.5+10 log ₁₀ (N _{RB,c} / N _{RB agg})			
P _{Interferer}	dBm			-25		
BW _{Interferer}	MHz		5			
F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz		2.5+ F _{offset} / -2.5- F _{offset}			

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.
- NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex 3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1
- NOTE 3: The $F_{interferer}$ (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the adjacent channel interferer and shall be further adjusted to $\left[F_{interferer}/0.015+0.5\right]0.015+0.0075$ MHz to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.

7.5.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.5.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{CMAX_L} is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

7.6.1 In-band blocking

In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band at which the relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirement for the specified measurement channels..

7.6.1.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.1.1-1 and 7.6.1.1-2.

Table 7.6.1.1-1: In band blocking parameters

Rx parameter	Units		Channel bandwidth						
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
Power in			REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below						
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	6	6	6	6	7	9		
BW _{Interferer}	MHz	1.4	3	5	5	5	5		
F _{loffset, case 1}	MHz	2.1+0.0125	4.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0125	7.5+0.0025	7.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0125		
F _{loffset, case 2}	MHz	3.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0075	12.5+0.0075	12.5+0.012	12.5+0.002	12.5+0.007		
					5	5	5		

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Table 7.6.1.1-2: In-band blocking

E-UTRA	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4	Case 5
band	P _{Interferer}	dBm	-56	-44			-38
	F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	=-BW/2 - F _{loffset,case 1} & =+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 1}	≤-BW/2 − F _{loffset,case 2} & ≥+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 2}			-BW/2 - 11
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44	F _{Interferer}	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 15 to F _{DL_high} + 15	Void	Void	
30	F _{Interferer}	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 15 to F _{DL_bigh} + 15			F _{DL_low} – 11

NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:

- a. the carrier frequency -BW/2 $F_{\text{loffset, case 1}}$ and
- b. the carrier frequency +BW/2 + F_{loffset, case 1}

NOTE 3: Finterferer range values for unwanted modulated interfering signal are interferer center frequencies

For the UE which supports inter band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{Interferer}$ power defined in Table 7.6.1.1-2 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.6.1.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the in-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.1.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For the UE which supports inter band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{Interferer}$ power defined in Table 7.6.1.1-2 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating

band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink in the band capable of UL operation. The requirements for the component carrier configured in the operating band without uplink band are specified in Table 7.6.1.1-1 and Table 7.6.1.1A-0.

Table 7.6.1.1A-0: In-band blocking for additional operating bands for carrier aggregation

E-UTRA band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
	P _{Interferer}	dBm	-56	-44
	F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	=-BW/2 - F _{loffset,case 1} &	≤-BW/2 − F _{loffset,case 2} &
	(Oliset)		=+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 1}	≥+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 2}
29	F _{Interferer}	MHz	(Note 2)	$F_{DL_low} - 15$ to $F_{DL_high} + 15$

NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:

a. the carrier frequency -BW/2 - Floffset, case 1 and

b. the carrier frequency +BW/2 + F_{loffset, case 1}

NOTE 3: F_{Interferer} range values for unwanted modulated interfering signal are interferer center frequencies

For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the in-band blocking requirements of subclause 7.6.1.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6.1.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Tables 7.6.1.1A-1 and Tables 7.6.1.1A-2 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.1.1A-1 and 7.6.1.1A-2.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, each larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the in-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.1.1 for each component carrier subject to in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while both downlink carriers are active.

Table 7.6.1.1A-1: In band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class									
		В	С	D	E	F					
Pw in Transmission		RI	REFSENS + CA Bandwidth Class specific value below								
Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm		12								
BW _{Interferer}	MHz		5								
F _{loffset, case 1}	MHz		7.5								
Floffset, case 2	MHz		12.5								

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

CA configuration **Parameter** Unit Case 2 Case 1 dBm -56 -44 PInterferer - F_{loffset,case 1} F_{loffset,case 2} F_{Interferer} MHz & & (offset) ≥+F_{offset} + F_{loffset,case 2} =+Foffset + Floffset,case 1 $F_{DL_low} - 15$ CA_1C, CA_7C, CA_38C, FInterferer MHz (Note 2) to CA_40C, CA_41C (Range) $F_{DL_high} + 15$

Table 7.6.1.1A-2: In-band blocking

- NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band
- NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:
 - a. the carrier frequency F_{offset} $F_{\text{loffset, case 1}}$ and
 - b. the carrier frequency +F_{offset} + F_{loffset}, case 1
- NOTE 3: F_{offset} is the frequency offset from the center frequency of the CC being tested to the edge of aggregated channel bandwidth.
- NOTE 4: The $F_{interferer}$ (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the interferer tested and shall be further adjusted to $\left[F_{interferer}/0.015+0.5\right]0.015+0.0075$ MHz to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.

7.6.2 Out-of-band blocking

Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted CW interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. For the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.

7.6.2.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.2.1-1 and 7.6.2.1-2.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24, 6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB}/6 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size, where N_{RB} is the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration (see Figure 5.6-1). For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 4, up to $\max(8, \lceil (N_{RB}+2\cdot L_{CRBs})/8 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size, where N_{RB} is the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configurations (see Figure 5.6-1) and L_{CRBs} is the number of resource blocks allocated in the uplink. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.6.2.1-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth							
		1.4	3 MHz	5 MHz	10	15	20		
		MHz			MHz	MHz	MHz		
Power in		REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below							
Transmission	dBm								
Bandwidth	abiii	6	6	6	6	7	9		
Configuration									

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.

E-UTRA band	Parameter	Units		Fred	quency	•
			Range 1	Range 2	Range 3	Range 4
	P _{Interferer}	dBm	-44	-30	-15	-15
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11,			F _{DL_low} -15 to F _{DL_low} -60	F _{DL_low} -60 to F _{DL_low} -85	F _{DL_low} -85 to 1 MHz	-
12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42 (NOTE 2), 43 (NOTE 2),	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	F _{DL_high} +15 to F _{DL_high} + 60	F _{DL_high} +60 to F _{DL_high} +85	F _{DL_high} +85 to +12750 MHz	-
2, 5, 12, 17	F _{Interferer}	MHz	-	-	-	Ful low - Ful h

Table 7.6.2.1-2: Out of band blocking

NOTE 1: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the out of blocking is FFS.

NOTE 2: The power level of the interferer ($P_{Interferer}$) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for $F_{Interferer}$ > 2800 MHz and $F_{Interferer}$ < 4400 MHz.

7.6.2.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with the uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band, the out-of-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The throughput in the downlink measured shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.2.1-1 and 7.6.2.1A-0. The UE shall meet these requirements for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the out-of-band blocking requirements of subclause 7.6.2.1A do not apply.

Table 7.6.2.1A-0: out-of-band blocking for inter-band carrier aggregation with one active uplink

Parameter	Unit	Range 1	Range 2	Range 3				
P _w	dBm	Table 7.6.	Table 7.6.2.1-1 for both component carriers					
P _{interferer}	dBm	-44 + ∆R _{IB,c}	-30 + ∆R _{IB,c}	-15 + ∆R _{IB,c}				
Finterferer	MHz	$-60 < f - F_{DL_Low(1)} < -15$	$-85 < f - F_{DL_Low(1)} \le -60$	$1 \le f \le F_{DL_Low(1)} - 85$				
(CW)		or	or	or				
		$-60 < f - F_{DL_Low(2)} < -15$	$-85 < f - F_{DL_Low(2)} \le -60$	$F_{DL_High(1)} + 85 \le f$				
		or	or	≤ F _{DL_Low(2)} − 85				
		$15 < f - F_{DL_High(1)} < 60$	$60 \le f - F_{DL_High(1)} < 85$	or				
		or	or	$F_{DL_High(2)} + 85 \le f$				
		$15 < f - F_{DL \ High(2)} < 60$	$60 \le f - F_{DL \; High(2)} < 85$	≤ 12750				

NOTE 1: F_{DL_Low(1)} and F_{DL_High(1)} denote the respective lower and upper frequency limits of the lower operating band, F_{DL_Low(2)} and F_{DL_High(2)} the respective lower and upper frequency limits of the upper operating band.

NOTE 2: For $F_{DL_Low(2)} - F_{DL_High(1)} < 145$ MHz and $F_{Interferer}$ in $F_{DL_High(1)} < f < F_{DL_Low(2)}$, $F_{Interferer}$ can be in both Range 1 and Range 2. Then the lower of the $P_{Interferer}$ applies.

NOTE 3: For $F_{DL_Low(1)} - 15$ MHz $\leq f \leq F_{DL_High(1)} + 15$ MHz and $F_{DL_Low(2)} - 15$ MHz $\leq f \leq F_{DL_High(2)} + 15$ MHz the appropriate adjacent channel selectivity and in-band blocking in the respective subclauses 7.5.1A and 7.6.1.1A shall be applied.

NOTE 4: $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ according to Table 7.3.1-1A applies when serving cell c is measured.

For Table 7.6.2.1A-0 in frequency ranges 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24,6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} \cdot /6 \rceil)$ exceptions per downlink are allowed for spurious response frequencies when measured using a step size of 1 MHz. For these exceptions the requirements in clause 7.7.1A apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggreagations the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6.2.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1

for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2.

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Tables 7.6.2.1A-1 and Tables 7.6.2.1A-2 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.2.1A-1 and 7.6.2.1A-2.

For Table 7.6.2.1A-2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24.6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} \cdot /6 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.6.2.1A-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class					
		В	С	D	Е	F	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per	dBm	REFSE	NS + CA B	andwidth Cl below	ass specifi	c value	
CC			9				
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below	PCMAX_L,c C	r Pcmax_L a	s defined in	subclause	6.2.5A.		
NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1							
FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/	A.5.2.			•			

Table 7.6.2.1A-2: Out of band blocking

CA configuration	Parameter	Units		Frequency	су	
			Range 1	Range 2	Range 3	
	P _{Interferer}	dBm	-44	-30	-15	
	E		F_{DL_low} -15 to F_{DL_low} -60	F_{DL_low} -60 to F_{DL_low} -85	F _{DL_low} -85 to 1 MHz	
CA_1C, <u>CA_3C</u> , CA_7C , CA_38C, CA_40C, CA_41C	F _{Interferer} (CW)	MHz	F _{DL_high} +15 to F _{DL_high} + 60	F _{DL_high} +60 to F _{DL_high} +85	F _{DL_high} +85 to +12750 MHz	

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the out-of-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.2.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24,6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} \cdot /6 \rceil)$ exceptions per assigned E-UTRA channel per sub-block of the E-UTRA CA configuration are allowed for spurious response frequencies when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 4, up to $\max(8, \lceil (N_{RB} + 2 \cdot L_{CRBs})/8 \rceil)$ exceptions per assigned E-UTRA channel per sub-block of the E-UTRA CA configuration are allowed for spurious response frequencies when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

7.6.3 Narrow band blocking

This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a E-UTRA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band CW interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

7.6.3.1 Minimum requirements

The relative throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3.1-1

Parameter	Unit	Channel Bandwidth							
raiailletei		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
P_{w}	dDm	P _R	P _{REFSENS} + channel-bandwidth specific value below						
	dBm	22	18	16	13	14	16		
P _{uw} (CW)	dBm	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55		
F_{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz	0.9075	1.7025	2.7075	5.2125	7.7025	10.2075		
F_{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz								

Table 7.6.3.1-1: Narrow-band blocking

120

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set a 4 dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, P_{UW} power defined in Table 7.6.3.1-1 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{B,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.6.3.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the narrow-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.3.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the narrow-band blocking requirements of subclause 7.6.3.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6.3.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Table 7.6.3.1A-1 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3.1A-1.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the narrow band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.6.3.1 for each component carrier subject to in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while both downlink carriers are active.

Table 7.6.3.1A-1: Narrow-band blocking

Parameter	Unit	CA Bandwidth Class					
Farameter	Oilit	В	С	D	E	F	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth	dBm	REFSENS + CA Bandwidth Class specific value below					
Configuration, per CC	UDIII		16 ⁴				
P _{uw} (CW)	dBm		-55				
F_{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz		- F _{offset} - 0.2 / + F _{offset} + 0.2				
F_{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz						

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

NOTE 3: The F_{uw} (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the interfererand shall be further adjusted to $\left[F_{interferer}/0.015+0.5\right]0.015+0.0075$ MHz to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.

NOTE 4: The requirement is applied for the band combinations whose component carriers' BW≥5 MHz.

7.6A Void

<Reserved for future use>

7.6B Blocking characteristics for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in subclause 7.6 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{CMAX_L} is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.7 Spurious response

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out of band blocking limit as specified in subclause 7.6.2 is not met.

7.7.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.7.1-1 and 7.7.1-2.

Table 7.7.1-1: Spurious response parameters

Rx parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth							
		1.4 MHz	1.4 MHz 3 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz 20						
Power in		REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below							
Transmission	dBm								
Bandwidth	ubili	6	6	6	6	7	9		
Configuration									

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2.

N OTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.7.1-2: Spurious response

Parameter	Unit	Level
P _{Interferer} (CW)	dBm	-44
F _{Interferer}	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{interferer}$ power defined in Table 7.7.1-2 is increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.7.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the spurious response requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The throughput measured in each downlink with $F_{interferer}$ in Table 7.6.2.1A-0 at spurious response frequencies shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.7.1-1 and 7.7.1-2. The UE shall meet these requirements for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the spurious response requirements of subclause 7.7.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.7.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The throughput of each carrier shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.7.1A-1 and 7.7.1A-2.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the spurious response requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.7.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active.

Table 7.7.1A-1: Spurious response parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	CA Bandwidth Class				
		В	С	D	Е	F
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth	dBm	REFSE	ENS + CA Bar	ndwidth Class	specific value	e below
Configuration, per CC	ubili		9			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L,c or Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5A.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern
OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.7.1A-2: Spurious response

Parameter	Unit	Level
P _{Interferer} (CW)	dBm	-44
F _{Interferer}	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

7.7.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in Clause 7.7.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter P_{CMAX_L} is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receiver a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

7.8.1 Wide band intermodulation

The wide band intermodulation requirement is defined following the same principles using modulated E-UTRA carrier and CW signal as interferer.

7.8.1.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.8.1.1 for the specified wanted signal mean power in the presence of two interfering signals

Channel bandwidth **Rx Parameter** Units 15 MHz 20 MHz 1.4 MHz 3 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below Power in Transmission dBm Bandwidth 12 8 9 Configuration dBm P_{Interferer 1} -46 (CW) dBm P_{Interferer 2} -46 (Modulated) BW_{Interferer 2} 1.4 MHz -BW/2 -2.1 -BW/2 -4.5 -BW/2 - 7.5F_{Interferer 1} (Offset) +BW/2+ 2.1 +BW/2 + 4.5+BW/2 + 7.5MHz F_{Interferer 2} 2*FInterferer 1 (Offset)

Table 7.8.1.1-1: Wide band intermodulation

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 with set-up according to Annex C.3.1The interfering modulated signal is 5MHz E-UTRA signal as described in Annex D for channel bandwidth ≥5MHz

For the UE which supports inter band CA configuration in Table 7.3.1-1A, $P_{interferer1}$ and $P_{interferer2}$ powers defined in Table 7.8.1.1-1 are increased by the amount given by $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ in Table 7.3.1-1A.

7.8.1A Minimum requirements for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one E-UTRA band the wide band intermodulation requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.8.1.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the requirements for both downlinks shall be met with the uplink active in the band capable of UL operation. For E-UTRA

CA configurations listed in Table 7.3.1A-0a under conditions for which reference sensitivity for the operating band being tested is N/A, the wideband intermodulation requirements of subclause 7.8.1A do not apply.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggegation the downlink SCC shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC with the PCC configured closest to the uplink band. Downlink PCC and SCC are both activated. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.8.1A-1 with the uplink configuration set according to Table 7.3.1A-1 for the applicable carrier aggregation configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.1-2. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Table 7.8.1A-1 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.8.1A-1

Table 7.8.1A-1: Wide band intermodulation

Rx parameter	Units		CA	Bandwidth Cl	ass		
		В	С	D	E	F	
Pw in		REFSENS + CA Bandwidth Class specific value below					
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm		12				
P _{Interferer 1} (CW)	dBm	-46					
P _{Interferer 2} (Modulated)	dBm			-46			
BW _{Interferer 2}	MHz		5				
F _{Interferer 1} (Offset)	MHz		-F _{offset} -7.5 / + F _{offset} +7.5				
F _{Interferer 2} (Offset)	MHz			2*F _{Interferer 1}			

- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 with set-up according to Annex C.3.1.
- NOTE 4: The interfering modulated signal is 5MHz E-UTRA signal as described in Annex D for channel bandwidth ≥5MHz.
- NOTE 5: The Finterferer 1 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and Finterferer 2 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two downlink carriers, the wide band intermodulation requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3.1A-3. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in subclause 7.8.1.1 for each component carrier while both downlink carriers are active. The wide band intermodulation requirements shall be supported for out-of-gap test only.

7.8.1B Minimum requirements for UL-MIMO

For UE(s) with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in subclause 7.8.1 shall be met with the UL-MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2.2B-2. For UL-MIMO, the parameter PCMAX_L is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

7.8.2 Void

7.9 Spurious emissions

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

7.9.1 Minimum requirements

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.9.1-1

Table 7.9.1-1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency band	Measurement bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30MHz ≤ f < 1GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	
12.75 GHz ≤ f ≤ 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL operating band in GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	1

NOTE 1: Applies only for Band 22, Band 42 and Band 43

NOTE 2: Unused PDCCH resources are padded with resource element groups with power level given

by PDCCH_RA/RB as defined in Annex C.3.1.

7.9.1A Minimum requirements

For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band (as noted in Table 5.5-1), the power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.9.1A-1.

Table 7.9.1A-1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency band	y band Measurement bandwidth		Note
30MHz ≤ f < 1GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

NOTE 1: Unused PDCCH resources are padded with resource element groups with power level given

by PDCCH_RA/RB as defined in Annex C.3.1.

NOTE 2: The requirements apply when the UE is configured for carrier aggregation but is not transmitting.

7.10 Receiver image

7.10.1 Void

7.10.1A Minimum requirements for CA

Receiver image rejection is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive the E-UTRA signal on one component carrier while it is also configured to receive an adjacent aggregated carrier. Receiver image rejection ratio is the ratio of the wanted received power on a sub-carrier being measured to the unwanted image power received on the same sub-carrier when both sub-carriers are received with equal power at the UE antenna connector.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.10.1A-1 for all values of aggregated input signal up to -22 dBm.

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Table 7.10.1A-1: Receiver image rejection

		CA bandwidth class					
Rx parameter	Units	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
Receiver image rejection	dB			25			

8 Performance requirement

This clause contains performance requirements for the physical channels specified in TS 36.211 [4]. The performance requirements for the UE in this clause are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex A.3, the propagation conditions in Annex B and the downlink channels in Annex C.3.2.

Note: For the requirements in the following sections, similar Release 8 and 9 requirements apply for time domain measurements restriction under colliding CRS.

8.1 General

8.1.1 Dual-antenna receiver capability

The performance requirements are based on UE(s) that utilize a dual-antenna receiver.

For all test cases, the SNR is defined as

$$SNR = \frac{\hat{E}_s^{(1)} + \hat{E}_s^{(2)}}{N_{oc}^{(1)} + N_{oc}^{(2)}}$$

where the superscript indicates the receiver antenna connector. The above SNR definition assumes that the REs are not precoded. The SNR definition does not account for any gain which can be associated to the precoding operation. The relative power of physical channels transmitted is defined in Table C.3.2-1. The SNR requirement applies for the UE categories and CA capabilities given for each test.

For enhanced performance requirements type A, the SINR is defined as

$$SINR = \frac{\hat{E}_s^{(1)} + \hat{E}_s^{(2)}}{N_{oc}^{(1)} + N_{oc}^{(2)}}$$

where the superscript indicates the receiver antenna connector. The above SINR definition assumes that the REs are not precoded. The SINR definition does not account for any gain which can be associated to the precoding operation. The relative power of physical channels transmitted is defined in Table C.3.2-1. The SINR requirement applies for the UE categories given for each test.

Table 8.1.1-1: Void

8.1.1.1 Simultaneous unicast and MBMS operations

8.1.1.2 Dual-antenna receiver capability in idle mode

8.1.2 Applicability of requirements

8.1.2.1 Applicability of requirements for different channel bandwidths

In Clause 8 the test cases may be defined with different channel bandwidth to verify the same target FRC conditions with the same propagation conditions, correlation matrix and antenna configuration.

8.1.2.2 Definition of CA capability

The definition with respect to CA capabilities for 2CCs is given as in Table 8.1.2.2-1.

Table 8.1.2.2-1: Definition of CA capability with 2DL CCs

CA Capability	CA Capability Description
CA2_C	Intra-band contiguous CA
CA2_A2	Inter-band CA
C2A_N2	Intra-band non-contiguous CA
cor CA cor CA	2_C corresponds to E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth nbination sets defined in Table 5.6A.1-1 for 2 DL CCs. 2_A2 corresponds to E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth nbination sets defined in Table 5.6A.1-2 for 2 DL CCs. 2_N2 corresponds to E-UTRA CA configurations and bandwidth nbination sets defined in Table 5.6A.1-3 for 2 DL CCs.

The supported testable aggregated CA bandwidth combinations for 2CCs for each CA capability are listed in Table 8.1.2.2-2.

Table 8.1.2.2-2: Supported testable aggregated CA bandwidth combinations for different CA capability with 2DL CCs

CA Capability	Bandwidth combination for FDD CA	Bandwidth combination for TDD CA			
CA2_C	20+20MHz	20+20MHz			
CA2_A2	10+10MHz, 10+15MHz,	NA			
	10+20MHz, 15+20MHz,				
	20+20MHz				
CA2_N2	10+10MHz	20+20MHz			
Note 1: This table is only for information and applicability and test rules					
of C	A performance requirements a	are specified in 8.1.2.3 and			
91.	1 2				

For test cases with more than one component carrier, "Fraction of Maximum Throughput" in the performance requirement refers to the ratio of the sum of throughput values of all component carriers to the sum of the nominal maximum throughput values of all component carriers, unless otherwise stated.

8.1.2.3 Applicability and test rules for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets

The performance requirement for CA UE demodulation tests in Clause 8 are defined independent of CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Clause 5.6A.1. For UEs supporting different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets, the applicability and test rules are defined for the tests for 2 DL CCs in Table 8.1.2.3-1. For simplicity, CA configuration below refers to combination of CA configuration and bandwidth combination set.

Table 8.1.2.3-1: Applicability and test rules for CA UE demodulation tests with 2 DL CCs

Tests	CA capability where the tests apply	CA configuration from the selected CA capbility where the tests apply	CA Bandwidth combination to be tested in priority order
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.1.1, 8.2.1.4.3	Any one of the supported CA capabilities	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations	10+10 MHz, 20+20 MHz
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.3.1	Each supported CA capability	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations in each CA capability	10+10 MHz, 20+20 MHz
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.3.1A, 8.7.1	Any one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.7.1	CA2_C	Supported FDD intra-band contiguous CA configurations covering the lowest and highest operating bands	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combinations
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.2.1.1, 8.2.2.4.3	Any one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.2.3.1	Each supported CA capability	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations in each CA capability with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.2.3.1A, 8.7.2	Any one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination
CA tests with 2CCs in 8.2.2.7.1	CA2_C	Supported TDD intra-band contiguous CA configurations covering the lowest and highest operating bands	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combinations
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 8.2.1.8.1	CA2_N2	CA_3A-3A defined in Table 5.6A.1-3	10+10 MHz

Note 1: The applicability and test rules are specified in this table, unless otherwise stated.

Note 2: Number of the supported bandwidth combinations to be tested from each selected CA configuration is one.

8.1.2.4 Test coverage for different number of component carriers

For FDD tests specified in 8.2.1.1.1, 8.2.1.3.1, 8.2.1.4.3, and 8.7.1, if corresponding CA tests are tested, the test coverage can be considered fulfilled without executing single carrier tests.

For TDD tests specified in 8.2.2.1.1, 8.2.2.3.1, 8.2.2.4.3, and 8.7.2, if corresponding CA tests are tested, the test coverage can be considered fulfilled without executing single carrier tests.

8.2 Demodulation of PDSCH (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

8.2.1 FDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 8.2.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.2.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes per component carrier	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	4 for 1.4 MHz bandwidth, 3 for 3 MHz and 5 MHz bandwidths, 2 for 10 MHz, 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths
Cyclic Prefix		Normal
Cell_ID		0
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured

8.2.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

The single-antenna performance in a given multi-path fading environments is determined by the SNR for which a certain relative information bit throughput of the reference measurement channels in Annex A.3.3 is achieved. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with different channel models and MCS. The QPSK and 64QAM cases are also used to verify the performance for all bandwidths specified in Table 5.6.1-1.

8.2.1.1.1 Minimum Requirement

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-1: Test Parameters

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1- 5	Test 6- 8	Test 9- 15	Test 16- 18	Test 19
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)				
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98
Symbols for unuse	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)				
Modulation	n		QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	16QAM	QPSK
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		1	1	1	1	1

Note 1: $P_B = 0$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Note 3: Void. Note 4: Void.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC)

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference value		
Test num.	Band- width	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate gory
1	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.0	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	-0.4	≥1
3	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 Low	70	0.0	≥1
4	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	HST	1x2	70	-2.4	≥1
5	1.4 MHz	R.4 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	0.0	≥1
6	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	≥2
0	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	1
7	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	≥2
'	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	1
8	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.4	≥2
0	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.4	1
9	3 MHz	R.5 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥1
10	5 MHz	R.6 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.4	≥2
10	5 MHz	R.6-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.5	1
11	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	≥2
11	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.7	1
12	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.0	≥2
12	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	(%) 70 -1.0 70 -0.4 70 0.0 70 -2.4 70 0.0 70 6.7 70 6.7 30 1.4 70 9.4 70 9.4 70 17.6 70 17.4 70 17.5 70 17.7 70 16.7 70 19.0	1
13	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	≥2
13	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	17.8	1
14	15 MHz	R.8 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	≥2
14	15 MHz	R.8-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.8	1
	20 MHz	R.9 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥3
15	20 MHz	R.9-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.3	2
	20 MHz	R.9-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.7	1
16	3 MHz	R.0 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low		1.9	≥1
17	10 MHz	R.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low		1.9	≥1
18	20 MHz	R.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.9	≥1
19	10 MHz	R.41 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-5.4	≥1

Note 1: Void. Note 2: Void.

Void.

Note 3:

Table 8.2.1.1.1-3: Test Parameters for CA

Pa	arameter	Unit	Test 1-2		
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)		

	σ	dB	0		
N_{oc} at	t antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98		
Symbols 1	for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)		
M	Modulation		QPSK		
PDSCH tra	ansmission mode		1		

Note 1: $P_{B} = 0$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs

with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall ${\sf CNG}$

be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 3: PUCCH format 1b with channel selection is used to feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 4: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-4: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

				Dropo	Correlation	Reference	ce value	
Test num.	Band- width	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	Propa- gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate- gory
1	2x10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.1	≥3 (Note 2)
2	2x20 MHz	R.42 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.3	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: 30usec timing difference between two CCs is applied in inter-band CA case.

Note 3: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.1.1.2 Void

8.2.1.1.3 Void

8.2.1.1.4 Minimum Requirement 1 PRB allocation in presence of MBSFN

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.4-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with a single PRB allocated at the lower band edge in presence of MBSFN.

Table 8.2.1.1.4-1: Test Parameters for Testing 1 PRB allocation

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Symbols for MBSFN MBSFN subframes			OCNG (Note 3)
PDSCH transmission	on mode		1

Note 1: $P_{R} = 0$

Note 2: The MBSFN portion of an MBSFN subframe comprises the

whole MBSFN subframe except the first two symbols in the

first slot.

Note 3: The MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes shall contain QPSK modulated data. Cell-specific reference signals are

not inserted in the MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes,

QPSK modulated MBSFN data is used instead.

Table 8.2.1.1.4-2: Minimum performance 1PRB (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput	SNR (dB)	Category
						(%)		
1	10 MHz	R.29 FDD	OP.3 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	≥1

8.2.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.2.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			

Table 8.2.1.2.1-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughp ut (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	≥2
	5 MHz	R.11-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	5.9	1
2	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	HST	2x2	70	-2.3	≥1

8.2.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC-FSTD) with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter	ı	Unit	Test 1-2			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	0			
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2			
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.						

Table 8.2.1.2.2-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
numbei	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	1.4 MHz	R.12 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4x2 Medium	70	0.6	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.13 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	4x2 Low	70	-0.9	≥1

8.2.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Table 8.2.1.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.2.3-2	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configura	tion		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	2.5 (synchror	ous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (Note	5)		N/A	11000100 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measurement Pattern (Note 6)	Subframe		10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A
CSI Subframa Sata (Nata7)	C _{CSI,0}		11000100 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		00111011 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A
Number of control OFDM			2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		2	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.2.3-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel		NG tern	Cond	agation ditions ote 1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configurati on	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11-4 FDD (Note 4)	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA 5	2x2 Medium	70	3.4	≥2
Note 1:					Cell2 are	statistically indep	pendent.		
Note 2:	SNR correspo	nds to \widehat{E}	$_{s}/N_{oc2}$	of cell 1.					
Note 3: Note 4:	Cell 1 Referen PDCCH/PCFI	ce chann CH are tr	el is mod ansmitted	dified: PD d in the se	SCH other erving cell	subframe when t	d Cell 2. ng and its associ the subframe is definition of the	overlappe	

8.2.1.2.3A Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.3A-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.3A-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cells with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.1.2.3A-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.1.2.3A-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table8.2.1.2.3A- 2	12	10
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	Frequency shift between Cells		N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	Number of control OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		2	Note 9	Note 9
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.

Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.

Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.2.3A-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patte	ern	Propagation Conditions (Note1)		Correlation Matrix and	Reference Value		UE Cate	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11-4 FDD Note 4	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	3.4	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

8.2.1.2.4 Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A - 2 Tx Antenna Ports with TM3 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 3 interference model defined in clause B.5.2. In Table 8.2.1.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.2.4-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
N_{oc} at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-2.23	-8.06
BW _{Channel}	MHz	10	10	10	
Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	1	2
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		2	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.2	As specified in clause B.5.2
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells Rank 2		%	N/A	20	20
Reporting interval		ms	5	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode			PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for CQI reporting			PUSCH(Note 5)	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		2	N/A	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.

Note 4: Cell 2 transmission is delayed with respect to Cell 1 by 0.33 ms and Cell 3 transmission is delayed with respect to Cell 1 by 0.67 ms.

Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5 and #0.

Table 8.2.1.2.4-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Transmit Diversity (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCI	NG Pat	tern		pagat onditio		Correlation Matrix and	Reference Value		UE Cate
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.46 FDD	OP. 1 FD D	N/A	N/A	EV A70	EV A70	EV A70	2x2 Low	70	-1.1	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.1.3 Open-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.1.3.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.1.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_R = 1$.			

Note 1: $P_B = 1$. Note 2: Void Note 3: Void

Table 8.2.1.3.1-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference	value	
Test num	Bandwidth	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE category
1	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.0	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.35 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA200	2x2 Low	70	20.2	≥2
3	10 MHz	R.35-4 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	2x2 Low	70	19.7	≥2

Note 1: Void.

Note 2: Test 1 may not be executed for UE-s for which Test 1 or 2 in Table 8.2.1.3.1-4 is applicable

Table 8.2.1.3.1-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-3
Develielenene	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission mode			3
	•		

Note 1: $P_R = 1$.

Note 2: PUCCH format 1b with channel selection is used to

feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 3: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each

component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.3.1-4: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

Ī					Propa-	Correlation	Reference	e value	
	Test num.	Band- width	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate- gory

1	2x10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.7	≥3
2	2x20 MHz	R.30 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.2	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: Void.

Note 3: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined

in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.1.3.1A Soft buffer management test

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the UE performance with proper instantaneous buffer implementation. The test points are applied to UE category and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified inTable 8.2.1.3.1A-3.

Table 8.2.1.3.1A-1: Test Parameters for soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-7
Danielink name	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3

Note 1: $P_R = 1$.

Note 2: For CA test cases, PUCCH format 1b with channel

selection is used to feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 3: For CA test cases, the same PDSCH transmission mode

is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.3.1A-2: Minimum performance soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

				Propa-		Reference	e value
Test num	Bandwi dth	Reference channel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	Correlation matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)
1	2x20 MHz	R.30 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.2
2	15MHz +	R.35-2 FDD for 15MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.1
2	10MHz	R.35-3 FDD for 10MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVAS ZXZ LOW	70	15.1	
3	20MHz +	R.30 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.5
3	10MHz	R.11 FDD for 10MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70 2x2 Low	70	13.5	
4	20MHz +	R.30 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.5
4	15MHz	R.30-1 FDD for 15MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVATO	ZXZ LOW	70	13.5
5	2x20 MHz	R.35-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.8
6	20MHz +	R.35-1 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.9
U	10MHz	R.35-3 FDD for 10MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVAU	EVA5 ZXZ LOW	70	15.9
7	20MHz +	R.35-1 FDD for 20MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.9
/	15MHz	R.35-2 FDD for 15MHz CC	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVAS	-	70	15.9

Note 1:

For CA test cases, the OCNG pattern applies for each CC. For Test 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 the Fraction of maximum Throughput applies to each CC. Note 2:

The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined Note 3: in 8.1.2.3.

Table 8.2.1.3.1A-3: Test points for soft buffer management tests for CA

LIE optogory	Bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth (Note 1)							
UE category	2x20MHz	15MHz+10MHz	20MHz+10MHz	20MHz+15MHz				
3 1		2	3	4				
4	4 5		6	7				
Note 1: Maximum over all supported CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets according to Table 5.6A.1-								
1and Table	5.6A.1-2.	-		-				

8.2.1.3.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter	•	Unit	Test 1	
Davidial acces	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$ dB -		
	σ	dB	3	
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98	
PDSCH transmissi	on mode		3	
Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$				

Table 8.2.1.3.2-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and	Fraction of	SNR	Category
					Antenna	Maximum	(dB)	
					Configuration	Throughput		
						(%)		
1	10 MHz	R.14 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	4x2 Low	70	14.3	≥2

8.2.1.3.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The requirements for MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.3-4, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Tables 8.2.1.3.3-1 and 8.2.1.3.3-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter	Parameter		Cell 1	Cell 2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.3-2	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configura	ation		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			0	1
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Note	÷ 5)		N/A	11000100, 11000000, 11000000, 11000000, 11000000
RLM/RRM Measurement Pattern(Note 6)			1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note	C _{CSI,0}		11000100 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A
7)	C _{CSI,1}		00111011 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A
Number of control OFDN			2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		3	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.

Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	OCNG Pattern		gation itions te 1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	Reference Value	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11 FDD (Note 4)	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	13.3	≥2
Note 1:	The propagati	on condit	ions for C	ell 1 and	Cell2 are	statistically indepe	endent.		
Note 2:	SNR correspo	nds to \widehat{E}	N_{oc2}	of cell 1.					

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.3-4	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configura	ation		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Cell Id			0	126
Time Offset between	Cells	μѕ	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Note	: 5)		N/A	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000
RLM/RRM Measurement Pattern (Note 6			0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note	$C_{\text{CSI},0}$		0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
7)	C _{CSI,1}		1110111111 1011111101 1111110111 1111111	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation			N/A	001000 100001 000100 000000
Number of control OFDN			2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		3	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_{\rm B}=1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbol #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4:
- This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS. ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 4th, 12th, 19th and 27th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are Note 5: MBSFN ABS subframes.
- Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]. Note 6:
- As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI Note 7: measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 10: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], four frames with 24 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- The maximum number of uplink HARQ transmission is ≤ 2 so that each PHICH channel Note 11: transmission is in a subframe protected by MBSFN ABS in this test.

Table 8.2.1.3.3-4: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Cond	gation itions te 2)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	Reference Value		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)		
1	R.11 FDD (Note 4)	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	12.0	≥2	
Note 1:			nditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.							
Note 2:	SNR correspo	onds to \widehat{E}	o \widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.							

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 4 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

8.2.1.3.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.4-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cells with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.1.3.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 ad Cell3.

Table 8.2.1.3.4-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.3.4-2
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	1	126
ABS pattern (Not	te 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control of symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
PDSCH transmissio			3	Note 9	Note 9
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1: $P_p = 1$.

Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS

Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].

Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]

Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].

Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.

Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.

Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.1.3.4-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Numb	Refer ence	$\hat{E}_s/$	N_{oc2}	00	NG Patt	ern		ropagations (N		Correlatio n Matrix	Reference	Reference Value	
er	Chan nel	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Antenna Configurat ion (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximu m Through put (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11 FDD Note 4	9	7	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	13.9	≥2
2	R.35 FDD Note 4	9	1	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	22.6	≥2

- Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.
- Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.
- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.
- Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

8.2.1.4 Closed-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.1.4.1 Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.1-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Precoding granul	arity	PRB	6	50
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	8	8
Reporting inter	/al	ms	1	1
Reporting mod	le		PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 3-1
CodeBookSubsetRestricti on bitmap			001111	001111
PDSCH transmission mode			4	4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.1-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

	Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
	number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
	1	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-2.5	≥1
Γ	2	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 High	70	-2.3	≥1

8.2.1.4.1A Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.1A-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
N_{oc} at antenna p	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granula	arity	PRB	6
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	8
Reporting interv	al	ms	1
Reporting mode	е		PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetRe on bitmap			0000000000000000 00000000000000000 00000
PDSCH transmiss mode	sion		4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.1A-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna	Fraction of Maximum	SNR (dB)	Category
					Configuration	Throughput (%)		
1	10 MHz	R.13 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-3.2	≥1

8.2.1.4.1B Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A - Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port with TM4 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1B-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1B-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband precoding with two transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 4 interference model defined in clause B.5.3. In Table 8.2.1.4.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.1.4.1B-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-1.73	-8.66
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	1	2
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission			6	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.3	As specified in clause B.5.3
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Precoding granula	rity	PRB	50	6	6
PMI delay (Note 4	1)	ms	8	N/A	N/A
Reporting interva	I	ms	5	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode			PUCCH 1-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRestricti		1111	N/A	N/A	
Physical channel for CQI		PUSCH(Note 6)	N/A	N/A	
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		2	N/A	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.

Note 4: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 5: All cells are time-synchronous.

Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5 and #0.

Table 8.2.1.4.1B-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCI	NG Pat	tern		opagat onditio		Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Reference Value	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.47 FDD	OP. 1 FD D	N/A	N/A	EV A5	EV A5	EV A5	2x2 Low	70	0.8	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.1.4.1C Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1C-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1C-1. The purpose is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband precoding if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.1.4.1C-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.1.4.1C-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
anocation	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.1.4.1C-2	12	10
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (No	ABS pattern (Note 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		6	Note 9	Note 9
Precoding granularity		PRB	50	N/A	N/A
PMI delay (Note	10)	ms	8	N/A	N/A
Reporting inter		ms	1	N/A	N/A
Peporting mod			PUSCH 3-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	striction		1111	N/A	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Test

Note 5:

Reference

Reference Value

UE

Note 1:	$P_B = 1$.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 4:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 5:	ABS pattern as defined in [9].
Note 6:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
Note 7:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
Note 10:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 11:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Table 8.2.1.4.1C-2: Minimum Performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)- Non-MBSFN ABS

Propagation

Correlation

Note 12: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

OCNG Pattern

Number	Channel			····		litions (N	ons (Note1) Matrix and					
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory	
1	R.11 FDD	OP.1	OP.1	OP.1	EPA5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 High	70	6.1	≥2	
	Note 4	FDD	FDD	FDD								
Note 1: Note 2: Note 3:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{co2} of cell 1.											
Note 4:	Cell 1 Refere	nce chan the serv	inel is mo	dified: Pl ubframe	when the	subfram	e is overl	lapped with the A	ciated PDCCH/P ABS subframe o			

8.2.1.4.2 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 9 subframes, averaged over 40ms.

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop ranktwo performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.2-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	50
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	8
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 3-1
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		110000
bitmap			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance

at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.2-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.35 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	18.9	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	2x2 Low	70	14.3	≥2

8.2.1.4.3 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.3-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.1.4.3-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter	ſ	Unit	Test 1
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3

$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granularity	PRB	6
PMI delay (Note 2)	ms	8
Reporting interval	ms	1
Reporting mode		PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetRestrictio		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
n bitmap		0000000111111111111111100
		0000000000000
PDSCH transmission mode		4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame

SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink

before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Void. Note 4: Void. Note 5: Void.

Table 8.2.1.4.3-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	
Test num.	Band- width	Referencechannel	OCNG pattern	gation condi- tion	Correlation matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate- gory
1	10 MHz	R.36 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4x2 Low	70	14.7	≥2
Note 1:	Void					•		·

Table 8.2.1.4.3-3: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
Danielinkanania	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	-6	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)	-6 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	3	3	
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	6	8	
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	8	8	
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1	1	
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 1-2	
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		0000000000000	0000000000000	
bitmap			0000000000000	0000000000000	
			0000001111111	0000001111111	
			1111111110000	1111111110000	
			00000000000	000000000000	
CSI request field (Note 3)		'1	0'	
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4	4	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Multiple CC-s under test are configured as the 1st set of serving cells by higher layers.

Note 4: ACK/NACK bits are transmitted using PUSCH with PUCCH format 1b with channel selection configured.

Note 5: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.1.4.3-4: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

				Propa-	Correlation	Reference	e value	
Test num.	Band- width	Referencechannel	nnel OCNG gation pattern condition		matrix and antenna config.	Fraction of maximum throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE cate- gory
1	2x10 MHz	R.14 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	10.8	≥3
2	2x20 MHz	R.14-3 FDD	OP.1 FDD (Note 1)	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	10.9	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.1.5 MU-MIMO

8.2.1.6 [Control channel performance: D-BCH and PCH]

8.2.1.7 Carrier aggregation with power imbalance

The requirements in this section verify the ability of an intraband adjancent carrier aggregation UE to demodulate the signal transmitted by the PCell in the presence of a stronger SCell signal on an adjacent frequency. Throughput is measured on the PCell only.

8.2.1.7.1 Minimum Requirement

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.7.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.7.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.1.7.1-1: Test Parameters for CA

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1				
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)				
	σ	dB	0				
$\hat{E}_{s-PCell}$ at anten PCell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-85				
$\hat{E}_{s-SCell}$ at anten Scell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-79				
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kHz	Off (Note 2)				
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 3)				
Modulatio	n		64 QAM				
Maximum number transmission			1				
Redundancy version	J		{0}				
PDSCH transmiss of PCell	ion mode		1				
PDSCH tramsmiss of SCell	sion mode		3				
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.							
Note 2: No external noise sources are applied Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one							

Table 8.2.1.7.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated. pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Test Number	Band- width		rence nnel	OCNG I	Pattern		gation itions	Correlation Matrix and Antenna		Maximum Throughput (%)		UE Category
		PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	
1	2x20M	R.49	NA	OP.1	OP.5	Clause	Clause	1x2	2x2	85%	NA	≥5
'	Hz	FDD	INA	FDD	FDD	B.1	B.1	172	2,72	0376	INA	25
Note 1:		•	G pattern for PCell is used to fill the control channel. The OCNG pattern for SCell is used to fill I channel and PDSCH.							sed to fill		
Note 2:	The ap	plicability	of requi	rements f	or differ	ent CA o	configura	ations ar	nd band	width comb	ination sets	s is defined

8.2.1.8 Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with timing offset

The requirements in this section verify the ability of an intraband non-contiguous carrier aggregation UE to demodulate the signal transmitted by the PCell and SCell in the presence of timing offset between the cells. Throughput is measured on both cells.

8.2.1.8.1 Minimum Requirement

in 8.1.2.3.

Note 4:

Void.

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.8.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.8.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.1.8.1-1: Test Parameters for CA

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Modulatio	n		64 QAM
Maximum number transmission	-		4
Redundancy version sequence	•		{0,0,1,2}
PDSCH transmiss of PCell	ion mode		3
PDSCH tramsmiss of SCell	sion mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			

Note 2: The OCNG pattern is used to fill unused control

channel and PDSCH.

Table 8.2.1.8.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

Test Numbe r	Cell	Band- width	Referenc e Channel	OCNG Patter n	Propagati on Condition	Correlati on Matrix	Refence volume Reference volume Referenc	SNR (dB)	Timing relative to PCell	UE Catego ry
					S	and Antenna	Throughput (%)		(µs)	
1	PCell	10MH z	R.60 FDD	OP.1	EPA200	2x2 Low	70	21.15	N/A	≥3
1	SCell	10MH z	R.35-3 FDD	FDD	EPA200	2x2 Low	60	15.18	-30.26	23

Note 1: The EPA200 propagation channels applied to PCell and SCell are statistically independent.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in

8.2.2 TDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 8.2.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.2.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Uplink downlink configuration (Note 1)		1
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)		4
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes per component carrier	Processes	7
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	4 for 1.4 MHz bandwidth, 3 for 3 MHz and 5 MHz bandwidths, 2 for 10 MHz, 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured
	Table 4.2-2 in TS 36. Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.	

8.2.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

The single-antenna performance in a given multi-path fading environments is determined by the SNR for which a certain relative information bit throughput of the reference measurement channels in Annex A.3.4 is achieved. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with different channel models and MCS. The QPSK and 64QAM cases are also used to verify the performance for all bandwidths specified in Table 5.6.1-1.

8.2.2.1.1 Minimum Requirement

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-1: Test Parameters

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1- 5	Test 6- 8	Test 9- 15	Test 16- 18	Test 19
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0	0
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)

	σ	dB	0	0	0	0	0
N_{oc} at anter	nna	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98
Symbols fo	nr .		OCNG	OCNG	OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
unused PRI			(Note 2)				
Modulation			QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	16QAM	QPSK
ACK/NACI	K		Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing
feedback mo	ode		, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	
PDSCH			1	1	1	1	1
transmission n	node						

Note 1: $P_B = 0$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated

pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 3: Void. Note 4: Void.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.2	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	-0.6	≥1
3	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 Low	70	-0.2	≥1
4	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	HST	1x2	70	-2.6	≥1
5	1.4 MHz	R.4 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	0.0	≥1
6	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	≥2
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	1
7	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	≥2
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	1
8	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.3	≥2
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.3	1
9	3 MHz	R.5 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥1
10	5 MHz	R.6 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥2
	5 MHz	R.6-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	1
11	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	≥2
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	1
12	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.1	≥2
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.1	1
13	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	≥2
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	1

14	15 MHz	R.8 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.8	≥2
	15 MHz	R.8-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.8	1
15	20 MHz	R.9 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	≥3
	20 MHz	R.9-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	2
	20 MHz	R.9-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	1
16	3 MHz	R.0 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.1	≥1
17	10 MHz	R.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	≥1
18	20 MHz	R.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.1	≥1
19	10 MHz	R.41 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-5.3	≥1
Note 1:	Void							

Table 8.2.2.1.1-3: Test Parameters for CA

F	Parameter	Unit	Test 1
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc}	at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Symbols	for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)
M	Modulation		QPSK
ACK/NA	CK feedback mode		PUCCH format 1b with channel selection
PDSCH	transmission mode		1

Note 1: $P_B = 0$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one

PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated

pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 3: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-4: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

					Correlation	Reference value			
Test number	Bandwidth	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE Category	
1	2x20MHz	R.42 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.2	≥5	

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.2.1.2 Void

8.2.2.1.3 Void

8.2.2.1.4 Minimum Requirement 1 PRB allocation in presence of MBSFN

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.4-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with a single PRB allocated at the lower band edge in presence of MBSFN.

Table 8.2.2.1.4-1: Test Parameters for Testing 1 PRB allocation

Parameter		Unit	Test 1				
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)				
anocation	σ	dB	0				
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98				
Symbols for MBSFN MBSFN subframes			OCNG (Note 3)				
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing				
PDSCH transmission	n mode		1				
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.							

Note 2: The MBSFN portion of an MBSFN subframe comprises the

whole MBSFN subframe except the first two symbols in the

first slot.

Note 3: The MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes shall contain

QPSK modulated data. Cell-specific reference signals are

not inserted in the MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes, QPSK modulated MBSFN data is used instead.

Table 8.2.2.1.4-2: Minimum performance 1PRB (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.29 TDD	OP.3 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	≥1

8.2.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.2.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2					
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3					
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)					
	σ	dB	0					
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98					
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing					
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2					
Note 1: $P_B = 1$	Note 1: $P_B = 1$							

Table 8.2.2.2.1-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Bandw	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	idth	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.11 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	≥2
'	5 MHz	R.11-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	1
2	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	HST	2x2	70	-2.3	≥1

8.2.2.2. Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC-FSTD) with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	0			
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98			
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2			
Note 1: $P_B = 1$						

Table 8.2.2.2.2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	1.4 MHz	R.12 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4x2 Medium	70	0.2	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.13 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	4x2 Low	70	-0.5	≥1

8.2.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Table 8.2.2.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink conf	iguration		1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
, in the second	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.2.3-2	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	n Cells	μs	2.5 (synch	ronous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	0000010001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measuremer Pattern (Note			0000000001 0000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0000010001 0000000001	N/A
(Note 7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	2
ACK/NACK feedbac	k mode		Multiplexing	N/A
PDSCH transmission	n mode		2	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.2.3-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	attern Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference	UE Category	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11-4 TDD (Note 4)	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	3.8	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.2.3A Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.3A-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.3A-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.2.2.3A-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.2.2.3A-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink confi	guration		1	1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.2.3A-2	12	10
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	en Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (Not	e 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note7) C _{CSI,1}		_	1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control of symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
	ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		2	Note 9	Note 9
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_{p} = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
- Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.2.3A-2: Minimum Performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test Number	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patte	ern		opagations (N		Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Value	UE Cate	l
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory	
1	R.11-4 TDD Note 4	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	3.5	≥2	Ì
				,				lly independent. ell 2 and Cell 3				l

- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac2} of cell 1.
- Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are Note 4: transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms. Note 5:

8.2.2.2.4 Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – 2 Tx Antenna Ports with TM3 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 3 interference model defined in clause B.5.2. In Table 8.2.2.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.2.4-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
N_{oc} at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-1.73	-8.66
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	1	2
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission	mode		2	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.2	As specified in clause B.5.2
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Reporting interval		ms	5	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode			PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for CQI reporting			PUSCH(Note 5)	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		4	N/A	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.

Note 4: All cells are time-synchronous.

Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.2.2.2.4-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Transmit Diversity (FRC) with TM3 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCI	NG Pat	tern		opagat onditio		Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Value	UE Cate
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.46 TDD	OP. 1 TD D	N/A	N/A	EV A70	EV A70	EV A70	2x2 Low	70	-1.4	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.2.3 Open-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.2.3.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.1-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas. The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.2.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1-2
Devention of passes	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ack mode		Bundling
PDSCH transmiss	on mode		3
Note 1: D 1		•	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$ Note 2: Void. Note 3: Void.

Table 8.2.2.3.1-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
num ber		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Cate gory
1	10 MHz	R.11-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.1	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.35 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA200	2x2 Low	70	20.3	≥2
3	10 MHz	R.35-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	2x2 Low	70	20.3	≥2
Note 1	: Void							

Table 8.2.2.3.1-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

Parameter	•	Unit	Test 1
D	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		PUCCH format 1b with channel selection
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$

Note 2: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.3.1-4: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) for CA

					Correlation	Referenc		
Test num ber	Bandwidth	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	UE Category

1	2x20 MHz	R.30-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.7	≥5		
Note 1	Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.									
Note 2	: The applical	bility of require	ments for dif	ferent CA config	urations and band	dwidth combinati	on sets is defi	ned in		
	8.1.2.3.									

8.2.2.3.1A Soft buffer management test

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify UE performance with proper instantaneous buffer implementation.

Table 8.2.2.3.1A-1: Test Parameters for soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

Parameter	,	Unit	Test 1-2
Danmlink name	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		- (Note 2)
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$

Note 2: PUCCH format 1b with channel selection is used to feedback ACK/NACK.

Note 3: For CA test cases, the same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.3.1A-2: Minimum performance soft buffer management test (FRC) for CA

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
numb er		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput	SNR (dB)	Categ ory
						(%)		
1	2x20 MHz	R.30-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.2	3
2	2x20 MHz	R.35-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	15.7	4

Note 1: For CA test cases, the OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.2.3.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Bundling
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			

Table 8.2.2.3.2-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	/alue	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.14 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	4x2 Low	70	14.2	≥2

8.2.2.3.3 Minimum Requirement 2Tx antenna port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.3-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The requirements for MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.3-4, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.

The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell. In Tables 8.2.2.3.3-1 and 8.2.2.3.3-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink confi	guration		1	1
Special subframe conf	iguration		4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.3-2	6
$BW_Channel$		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configur	ation		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			0	1
Time Offset between	n Cells	μs	2.5 (synchron	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Not	e 5)		N/A	0000010001, 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measuremen Pattern (Note 6			000000001, 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0000010001, 000000001	N/A
(Note 7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	2
ACK/NACK feedback	k mode		Multiplexing	N/A
PDSCH transmission	n mode		3	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel			n Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	UE Category	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) (Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.11 TDD (Note 4)	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	14.0	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel. Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-3: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink confi	guration		1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-102 (Note 2)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 4)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.3-4	6
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Cell Id			0	126
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
ABS pattern (Not	<u> </u>		N/A	000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measuremen Pattern (Note			000000001 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		000000001 000000001	N/A
(Note 7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 10)			N/A	000010
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	2
ACK/NACK feedbac			Multiplexing	N/A
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		3	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_B = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10,#11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbol #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 10th and 20th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes.
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 10: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.

Table 8.2.2.3.3-4: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference \	UE Category		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)		
1	R.11 TDD (Note 4)	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA 5	EVA 5	2x2 Low	70	12.2	≥2	

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to E_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel. Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.3.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements for non-MBSFN ABS are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.4-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.2.3.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.2.3.4-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink confi	guration		1	1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.3.4-2
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	en Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	1	126
ABS pattern (Not	e 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 8	Note 8
ACK/NACK feedbac	k mode	_	Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		3	Note 9	Note 9
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
- Note 10: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 11: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.3.4-2: Minimum Performance Large Delay CDD (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Num	$\begin{array}{c c} \textbf{Refer} & \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} \\ \\ \textbf{ence} & \end{array}$		OCNG Pattern			Propagation Conditions (Note1)			Correlation Matrix and	Reference	Value	UE Cate	
ber	Chan nel	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughp ut (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11 TDD Note 4	9	7	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	14.2	≥2
2	R.35 TDD Note 4	9	1	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	22.7	≥2

- Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.
- Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.
- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.
- Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.4 Closed-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.2.4.1 Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.1-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2			
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	dB -3 (Note 1)				
	σ	dB	0	0			
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98			
Precoding granularity		PRB	6	50			
PMI delay (Note 2)		ms	10 or 11	10 or 11			
Reporting interval		ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)	1 or 4 (Note 3)			
Reporting mode			PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 3-1			
CodeBookSubsetRestriction			001111	001111			
bitmap							
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	Multiplexing			
PDSCH transmission	mode		4	4			

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.1-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-3.1	≥1
2	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 High	70	-2.8	≥1

8.2.2.4.1A Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.1A-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1		
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	3		
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna $_{ m I}$	$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		-98		
Precoding granul	arity	PRB	6		
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	10 or 11		
Reporting interv	/al	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)		
Reporting mod	le		PUSCH 1-2		
CodeBookSubsetR on bitmap	estricti		000000000000000000 000000000000000000 0000		
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing		
PDSCH transmission mode			4		
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.		. 9.11	link roporting instance		

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.1A-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.13 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-3.5	≥1

8.2.2.4.1B Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port with TM4 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1B-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1B-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-

one performance with wideband precoding with two transmit antennas when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of two dominant interfering cells applying transmission mode 4 interference model defined in clause B.5.3. In Table 8.2.2.4.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2, 3 are interfering cells. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3, respectively.

Table 8.2.2.4.1B-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0
Cell-specific reference	signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna po	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
DIP (Note 2)		dB	N/A	-1.73	-8.66
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal	
Cell Id		0	1	2	
Number of control OFDM	symbols		2	2	2
PDSCH transmission			6	N/A	N/A
Interference mode	el		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.3	As specified in clause B.5.3
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1	%	N/A	80	80
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2	%	N/A	20	20
Precoding granular	rity	PRB	50	6	6
PMI delay (Note 4		ms	10 or 11	N/A	N/A
Reporting interva	ıl	ms	5	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode			PUCCH 1-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			1111	N/A	N/A
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing PUSCH(Note	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for CQI	Physical channel for CQI reporting			N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration	Index		4	N/A	N/A

- Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$
- Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.
- Note 3: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2, 3 are the interfering cells.
- Note 4: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 5: All cells are time-synchronous.
- Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.2.2.4.1B-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) with TM4 interference model

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCI	NG Pat	tern	Propagation Conditions		Correlation Reference Value Matrix and		Value	UE Cate	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	gory
1	R.47 TDD	OP. 1 TD D	N/A	N/A	EV A5	EV A5	EV A5	2x2 Low	70	1.1	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

8.2.2.4.1C Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Ports (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1C-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1C-1. The purpose is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband precoding if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.2.2.4.1C-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.2.2.4.1C-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) - Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink confi	guration		1	1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.2.2.4.1C-2	12	10
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between Cells		μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	Frequency shift between Cells		N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (Not	te 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control of symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
ACK/NACK feeback	ACK/NACK feeback mode		Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
	PDSCH transmission mode		6	Note 9	Note 9
Precoding granularity		PRB	50	N/A	N/A
PMI delay (Note 10)		ms	10 or 11	N/A	N/A
Reporting inter		ms	1 or 4 (Note 11)	N/A	N/A
Peporting mod			PUSCH 3-1	N/A	N/A
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	striction		1111	N/A	N/A
Cyclic prefix	•		Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: $P_{p} = 1$.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 5: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 6: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 7: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
- Note 10: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 11: For Uplink downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.
- Note 12: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 13: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in this test.

Table 8.2.2.4.1C-2: Minimum Performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)- Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern			Propagation Conditions (Note1)		Correlation Matrix and	Reference '	Value	UE Cate	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%) Note 5	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory
1	R.11 TDD Note 4	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 High	70	6.4	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Note 4: Cell 1 Reference channel is modified: PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Note 5: The maximum Throughput is calculated from the total Payload in 2 subframes, averaged over 20ms.

8.2.2.4.2 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.2-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	50
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	10 or 11
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 3-1
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Bundling
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		110000
bitmap			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·

Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be

applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval

will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.2-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.35 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	19.5	≥2
2	10 MHz	R.11-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	2x2 Low	70	13.9	≥2

8.2.2.4.3 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

For single carrier the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.3-4, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.3-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter	•	Unit	Test 1				
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)				
	σ	dB	3				
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98				
Precoding grant	ularity	PRB	6				
PMI delay (No	te 2)	ms	10 or 11				
Reporting interval		ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)				
Reporting mo			PUSCH 1-2				
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Bundling				
CodeBookSubsetR	estriction		000000000000000000000000000000000000000				
bitmap			0000011111111111111111000000				
			000000000				
PDSCH transmissi	on mode		4				
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.							
Note 2: If the UE	Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n						
based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)							

reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate

between 1ms and 4ms.

Note 4: Void. Note 5: Void. Note 6: Void.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagatio	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	n Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.36 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4x2 Low	70	15.7	≥2
Note 1:	Void							

Table 8.2.2.4.3-3: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Danielink name	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3

N_{oc} at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granularity	PRB	8
PMI delay (Note 2)	ms	10 or 11
Reporting interval	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mode		PUSCH 1-2
ACK/NACK feedback mode		PUCCH format 1b with channel
		selection
CodeBookSubsetRestriction		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
bitmap		00001111111111111111100000000
		0000000
CSI request field (Note 4)		'10'
PDSCH transmission mode		4

Note 1: $P_R = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n

based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Note 4: Multiple CC-s under test are configured as the 1st set of serving cells by high layers.

Note 5: The same PDSCH transmission mode is applied to each component carrier.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-4: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC) for CA

Test number	Band- width	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagatio n Condition	Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Reference Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	ce value SNR (dB)	UE Cate
1	2x20 MHz	R.43 TDD	OP.1 TDD (Note 1)	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	11.1	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern applies for each CC.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.2.2.5 MU-MIMO

8.2.2.6 [Control channel performance: D-BCH and PCH]

8.2.2.7 Carrier aggregation with power imbalance

The requirements in this section verify the ability of an intraband adjancent carrier aggregation UE to demodulate the signal transmitted by the PCell in the presence of a stronger SCell signal on an adjacent frequency. Throughput is measured on the PCell only.

8.2.2.7.1 Minimum Requirement

For CA the requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.7.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.7.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.2.7.1-1: Test Parameters for CA

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1		
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	0		
$\hat{E}_{s-PCell}$ at anten PCell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-85		
\hat{E}_{s_SCell} at anten Scell	na port of	dBm/15kHz	-79		
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kHz	Off (Note 2)		
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 3)		
Modulatio	n		64 QAM		
Maximum number transmission	-		1		
Redundancy version sequence	•		{0}		
PDSCH transmiss of PCell	ion mode		1		
PDSCH transmiss of SCell	ion mode		3		
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.					
Note 2: No external noise sources are applied. Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to					

Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over

the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data.

Note 4: Void.

Table 8.2.2.7.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC) for CA

Test Number	Band- width		rence nnel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions		Correlation Matrix and Antenna				UE Category
		PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	PCell	SCell	
1	2x20M Hz	R.49 TDD	NA	OP.1 TDD	OP.5 TDD	Clause B.1	Clause B.1	1x2	2x2	85%	NA	≥5

Note 1: The OCNG pattern for PCell is used to fill the control channel. The OCNG pattern for SCell is used to fill the control channel and PDSCH.

Note 2: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.3 Demodulation of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols)

8.3.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.3.1-1 are valid for FDD unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.3.1-1: Common Test Parameters for User-specific Reference Symbols

Parameter	Unit	Value
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	2
Precoder update granularity		Frequency domain: 1 PRG for Transmission mode 9 and 10 Time domain: 1 ms
Note 1: Void. Note 2: Void.		

8.3.1.1 Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing

For single-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 or 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.1-1 and 8.3.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.1.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify rank-1 performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 with and without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, and to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power.

Table 8.3.1.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with multiple CSI-**RS** configurations

parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Danielink navis	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Beamforming mo	del		Annex B.4.1	Annex B.4.1
Cell-specific reference signals	ence		Antenna	ports 0,1
CSI reference sign	nals		Antenna ports 15,,18	Antenna ports 15,,18
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offse $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	et	Subframes	5/2	5/2
CSI reference sig configuration			0	3
Zero-power CSI- configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-I bitmap		Subframes / bitmap	3 / 00010000000000000	3 / 00010000000000000
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ at antenna p	oort	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Symbols for unus PRBs	sed		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)
Number of alloca resource blocks (No		PRB	50	50
Simultaneous transmission			No	Yes (Note 3, 5)
PDSCH transmission mode			9	9
port 7 or	8.	•	signal under test are m	•

Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna Note 3: port (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the

OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Note 5: The two UEs' scrambling identities $\,n_{\rm SCID}\,$ are set to 0 for CDM-multiplexed

DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission test cases.

Table 8.3.1.1-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS without simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidt h and MCS	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Reference Fraction of Maximum Throughpu	value SNR (dB)	UE Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.43 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	t (%) 70	-1	≥1

Table 8.3.1.1-3: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG			/alue	UE			
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category		
2	10 MHz 64QAM 1/2	R.50 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	21.9	≥2		
Note 1:	Note 1: The reference channel applies to both the input signal under test and the interfering signal.									

8.3.1.1A Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing with TM9 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.1.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify closed loop rank one performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of one dominant interfering cell applying transmission mode 9 interference model defined in clause B.5.4. In 8.3.1.1A-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2, respectively.

Table 8.3.1.1A-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with TM9 interference model

paramete	r	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Danielink names	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
CSI reference s	signals		Antenna ports 15,,18	N/A
CSI-RS periodic subframe offset T_{CSI}		Subframes	5/2	N/A
CSI reference configuration	signal		0	N/A
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	N/A
DIP (Note	2)	dB	N/A	-1.73
BW _{Channe}	I	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Pref	ix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	126
Number of contro symbols	ol OFDM		2	2
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		9	N/A
Beamforming ı	Beamforming model		As specified in clause B.4.3 (Note 4, 5)	N/A
Interference n	nodel		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.4
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1		N/A	70
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2		N/A	30
Precoder update g	ranularity	PRB	50	6
PMI delay (No	ote 5)	Ms	8	N/A
Reporting into	erval	Ms	5	N/A
Reporting m	ode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A
CodeBookSubsetF bitmap	Restriction		0000000000000000 00000000000000000 00000	N/A
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 6)	N/A
Simultaneous transmission			No simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test	N/A
Physical channel reporting			PUSCH(Note 8)	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configura			5	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: The modulation symbols of the signal under test in Cell 1 are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Note 4:	The precoder in clause B.4.3 follows UE recommended PMI.
Note 5:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based
	on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI
	cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 6:	These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs
	with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs
	shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.
Note 7:	All cells are time-synchronous.
Note 8:	To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report
	both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in
	downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on
	PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.3.1.1A-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, CDM-multiplexed DM RS with TM9 interference model

Test Number	Referenc e	OCNG Pattern			gation itions	Correlatio n Matrix	Reference V	UE Categor	
	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	and Antenna Configurat ion (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	у
1	R.48 FDD	OP.1 FDD	N/A	EVA5	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-1.1	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.3.1.1B Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.1B-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.3.1.1B-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.3.1.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.3.1.1B-1: Test parameters of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
anodaton	σ	dB	-3	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.1B-2	12	10
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	en Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	1	126
Cell-specific reference	e signals		A	ntenna ports 0,1	
CSI reference sig			Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	N/A
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offse $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	et s	Subframes	5/2	N/A	N/A
CSI reference sign configuration			8	N/A	N/A
Zero-power CSI- configuration ICSI-RS / ZeroPow bitmap		Subframes / bitmap	3 / 00100000000000 00	N/A	N/A
ABS pattern (Not	re 5)		N/A	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000 11000000	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111 00111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 8	Note 8
PDSCH transmission	n mode		TM9-1layer	Note 9	Note 9
Precoding granularity			Frequency domain: 1 PRG Time domain: 1 ms	N/A	N/A
Beamforming mo	odel		Annex B.4.1	N/A	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1:	$P_B = 1$.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a
	subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 4:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
Note 5:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
Note 6:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
Note 7:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
Note 10:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 11:	· · ·
Note 12:	·
Note 13:	The modulation symbols of the signal under test are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Table 8.3.1.1B-2: Minimum Performance of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patt	ern		Propagation Conditions (Note1)				Correlation Reference Va Matrix and		Value	UE Cate
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory		
1	R.51 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD		EVA5		2x2 Low	70	7.8	≥2		
Note 1: Note 2: Note 3:	The correlation	on matrix	FDD FDD										

8.3.1.2 **Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing**

For dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.1.2-1 where Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is set according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the rank-2 performance for full RB allocation, to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power, and to verify that the UE correctly estimate SNR.

Table 8.3.1.2-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (dual layer) with multiple CSI-**RS** configurations

naramatar		Unit	Test 1			
parameter		Onit	Cell 1	Cell 2		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	4	0		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	4 (Note 1)	0		
	σ	dB	-3	-3		

Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0 and 1	Antenna ports 0 and 1
Cell ID		0	126
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	NA
Beamforming model		Annex B.4.2	NA
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	5/2	NA
CSI reference signal configuration		8	NA
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	3 / 00100000000000000	NA
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.2-2	7.25dB
Symbols for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)	NA
Number of allocated resource blocks (Note 2)	PRB	50	NA
Simultaneous transmission		No	NA
PDSCH transmission mode		9	Blanked

Note 1: $P_R = 1$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.2-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidth and MCS	Reference Channel		NG tern		gation dition	Correlation Matrix and	Reference	value	UE Categ
			Cell1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Antenna Configurati on	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	ory
1	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.51 FDD	OP.1 FDD	N/A	ETU5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	[14.2]	2-8

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1.

8.3.1.3 Performance requirements for DCI format 2D and non Quasi Co-located Antenna Ports

8.3.1.3.1 Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.1.3.1-1 and Table 8.3.1.3.1-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6], configured according to Table 8.3.1.3.1-2. In Table 8.3.1.3.1-1 and 8.3.1.3.1-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell and transmission point 2

(TP 2) transmits PDSCH. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.1.3.1-1: Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)
CSI-RS 0 antenr	na ports		NA	Port {15,16}
qcl-CSI-RS-Configle CSI-RS 0 period subframe offset T_{CSI}	icity and _{-RS} / ∆ _{CSI-RS}	Subframes	NA	5/2
qcl-CSI-RS-Configl CSI-RS 0 config	uration		NA	8
csi-RS-ConfigZPId- power CSI-RS 0 co I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-R	nfiguration		NA	2/ 0000010000000000
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc}	\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc}		Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3	Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.1-3
BW _{Channe}	l	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Pref	ïx		Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	0
Number of contro symbols	ol OFDM		2	2
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		Blanked	10
Number of alloca	ted PRB	PRB	NA	50
qcl-Operation, PD Mapping and Qu Location Indic	asi-Co-		Туре	B, '00'
Time offset between	een TPs	μs	NA Reference po Table 8.3.1.3	
Frequency error be	tween TPs	Hz	NA	0
Beamforming ı	model		NA	Port 7 as specified in clause B.4.1
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		NA	OCNG (Note 3)

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$

Noet 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs

shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.3.1-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	Parameters in each PQI set					
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	ZP CSI-RS configuration	TP 1	TP 2			
PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	Blanked	PDSCH				

Test Number	Reference Channel		CN tern	Time offset between	Propa Cond (No	itions	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TPs (μs)	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.52 FDD	NA	OP.1 FDD	2	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.1	≥2
2	R.52 FDD	NA	OP.1	-0.5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.6	≥2

Table 8.3.1.3.1-3: Minimum performance for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

- Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.
- Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for TP 1 and TP 2.
- Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s / N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.1.3.2 Minimum requirements with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP CSI-RS resources)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.1.3.2-1 and 8.3.1.3.2-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6]. In 8.3.1.3.2-1 and 8.3.1.3.2-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) has same Cell ID as TP 1. Multiple NZP CSI-RS resources and ZP CSI-RS resources are configured. In each sub-frame, DL PDSCH transmission is dynamically switched between 2 TPs with multiple PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator configuration (PQI). Configurations of PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator and downlink transmission hypothesis are defined in Table 8.3.1.3.2-2. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.1.3.2-1: Test Parameters for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3

Beamforming model		As specified in clause B.4.1	As specified in clause B.4.1
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)
CSI reference signals 0		Antenna ports {15,16}	N/A
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	5/2	N/A
CSI reference signal 0 configuration		0	N/A
CSI reference signals 1		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}
CSI-RS 1 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	N/A	5/2
CSI reference signal 1 configuration		N/A	8
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	2/ 001000000000000000	N/A
Zero-power CSI-RS1 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmap _S	Subframes /bitmap	N/A	2/ 00000100000000000
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3
$N_{_{oc}}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
BW _{Channel}	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id		0	0
Number of control OFDM symbols		2	2
Timing offset between TPs		N/A	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.2-3
Frequency offset between TPs	Hz	N/A	0
Number of allocated resource blocks	PRB	50	50
PDSCH transmission mode		10	10
Probability of occurrence of PDSCH transmission(Note 3)	%	30	70
Symbols for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)

Note 1: $P_{p} = 1$

Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: PDSCH transmission from TPs shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TPs are specified.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.3.2-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	Parameters in each PQI set					
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	TP 1	TP 2				
PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	PDSCH	Blanked			
PQI set 1	CSI-RS 1	Blanked	PDSCH				

Table 8.3.1.3.2-3 Performance Requirements for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

Test Number	Timing offset(us)	Reference Channel		OCNG Propagation Pattern Conditions		Correlation Matrix and	Reference \	Value	UE Category	
			TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	2	R.53 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.2	≥2
2	-0.5	R.53 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.5	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of both TP 1 and TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.1.3.3 Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.1.3.3-2, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.1.3.3-1. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission points have different Cell ID and colliding CRS. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the frequency difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching behaviour according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' signalling defined in [6]. In 8.3.1.3.3-1, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH with different Cell ID. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.1.3.3-1 Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and Colliding CRS

paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3

Beamforming model		N/A	As specified in clause B.4.2
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
CSI reference signals 0		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	N/A	5/2
CSI reference signal 0 configuration		N/A	0
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration l _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	N/A	2/ 00100000000000000
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.1.3.3-2 + 4dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.1.3.3-2
$N_{\scriptscriptstyle oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
BW _{Channel}	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id		0	126
Number of control OFDM symbols		1	2
Timing offset between TPs	us	N/A	0
Frequency offset between TPs	Hz	N/A	200
qcl-Operation, 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co- Location Indicator'		Туре	B, '00'
PDSCH transmission mode		Blank	10
Number of allocated resource block		N/A	50
Symbols for unused PRBs		N/A	OCNG(Note2)

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs Note 2: shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.1.3.3-2 Performance Requirements for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and **Colliding CRS**

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions (Note1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.54 FDD	N/A	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	14.4	≥2

Note 1:

The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2. Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1. Note 3:

8.3.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.3.2-1 are valid for TDD unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.3.2-1: Common Test Parameters for User-specific Reference Symbols

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Uplink downlink configuration (Note 1)		1							
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)		4							
Cyclic prefix		Normal							
Cell ID		0							
Inter-TTI Distance		1							
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	7							
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4							
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM							
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	2							
Precoder update granularity		Frequency domain: 1 PRB for Transmission mode 8, 1 PRG for Transmission mode 9 and 10Time domain: 1 ms							
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multiplexing							
	Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]								

8.3.2.1 Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing

For single-layer transmission on antenna port 5, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the demodulation performance using user-specific reference signals with full RB or single RB allocation.

Table 8.3.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing DRS

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4			
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0			
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0			
Cell-specific refere	ence			Antenna port 0					
Beamforming mo	del		Annex B.4.1						
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna p	ort	dB/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98			
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)			
PDSCH transmission mode			7	7	7	7			

Note 1: $P_B = 0$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.1-2: Minimum performance DRS (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.25 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	-0.8	≥1
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.26 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	7.0	≥2
	5MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.26-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	7.0	1
3	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.27 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.0	≥2
	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.27-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.0	1
4	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.28 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	30	1.7	≥1

For single-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 or 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2B, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1-4 and 8.3.2.1-5, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify rank-1 performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 with and without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port.

Table 8.3.2.1-3: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0	0	
allocation	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	-3	-3	-3	-3	-3	
Cell-specific reference signals	е		Antenna port 0 and antenna port 1					
Beamforming mode		Annex B.4.1						
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	t	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98	
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	
Simultaneous transmission			No	No	No	Yes (Note 3, 5)	Yes (Note 3, 5)	
PDSCH transmission m	ode		8	8	8	8	8	

Note 1: $P_R = 1$.

Note 2: The modulation symbols of the signal under test is mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Note 3: Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna port (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 5: The two UEs' scrambling identities $n_{\rm SCID}$ are set to 0 for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission test cases.

Table 8.3.2.1-4: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS without simultaneous transmission (FRC)

Test	Bandwidt	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	h and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Condition Matrix and Antenna Configuration		SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.31 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	t (%) 70	-1.0	≥1
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	7.7	≥2
	5MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	7.7	1
3	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.33 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.7	≥2
	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.33-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.7	1

Table 8.3.2.1-5: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
4	10 MHz	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	21.9	≥2
	16QAM 1/2	(Note 1)						
5	10 MHz	R.34 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	22.0	≥2
	64QAM 1/2	(Note 1)						
Note 1:	The reference	channel applie	s to both the	input signal unde	er test and the inte	rfering signal.		

8.3.2.1A Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (with multiple CSI-RS configurations)

For single-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 or 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1A-2 and 8.3.2.1A-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify rank-1 performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 with and without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, and to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power.

Table 8.3.2.1A-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Danielink name	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific reference	ence		Antenna	ports 0,1
CSI reference sig	nals		Antenna ports 15,,22	Antenna ports 15,,18
Beamforming mo	del		Annex B.4.1	Annex B.4.1
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offse $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	ŧt	Subframes	5 / 4	5 / 4
CSI reference signal configuration			1	3
configuration I _{CSI-RS} /	Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS		4 / 0010000100000000	4 / 001000000000000000
N_{oc} at antenna ${ m p}$	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Symbols for unus PRBs	sed		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)
Number of alloca resource blocks (No		PRB	50	50
Simultaneous transmission			No	Yes (Note 3, 5)
PDSCH transmission mode			9	9
Note 1: $P_B = 1$. Note 2: The mod port 7 or		symbols of the	signal under test are m	napped onto antenna

Note 3: Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna port (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the

OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Note 5: The two UEs' scrambling identities $\,n_{\rm SCID}\,$ are set to 0 for CDM-multiplexed

DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission test cases.

Table 8.3.2.1A-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS without simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidt h and MCS	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagation Condition	Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Reference Fraction of Maximum Throughpu	Maximum (dB) Throughpu	
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.50 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	t (%) 70	-0.6	≥1

Table 8.3.2.1A-3: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
2	10 MHz 64QAM 1/2	R.44 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	22.1	≥2
Note 1:	The reference	channel applie	s to both the	input signal unde	er test and the inte	rfering signal.		

8.3.2.1B Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A – Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing with TM9 interference model

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1B-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1B-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify closed-loop rank one performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell when the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell is interfered by PDSCH of one dominant interfering cell applying transmission mode 9 interference model defined in clause B.5.4. In 8.3.2.1B-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is according to Annex C.3.2 for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2, respectively.

Table 8.3.2.1B-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer) with TM9 interference model

paramete	r	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1
CSI reference s			Antenna ports 15,,18	N/A
CSI-RS periodic subframe offset T_{CSI}	$_{ extsf{-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	5 / 4	N/A
CSI reference configuration			0	N/A
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenn	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	N/A
DIP (Note	2)	dB	N/A	-1.73
BW _{Channe}	ı	MHz	10	10
Cyclic Pref	ix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	126
Number of control symbols	ol OFDM		2	2
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		9	N/A
Beamforming ı	model		As specified in clause B.4.3 (Note 4, 5)	N/A
Interference n	nodel		N/A	As specified in clause B.5.4
Probability of occurrence of	Rank 1		N/A	70
transmission rank in interfering cells	Rank 2		N/A	30
Precoder update g	ranularity	PRB	50	6
PMI delay (No	ote 5)	ms	10 or 11	N/A
Reporting into	erval	ms	5	N/A
Reporting m	ode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A
CodeBookSubsetF bitmap	Restriction		0000000000000000 00000000000000000 00000	N/A
Symbols for unus	ed PRBs		OCNG (Note 6)	N/A
Simultaneous tran	nsmission		No simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test	N/A
Physical channel reporting			PUSCH(Note 8)	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configura			4	N/A

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 3: The modulation symbols of the signal under test in Cell 1 are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Note 4:	The precoder in clause B.4.3 follows UE recommended PMI.
Note 5:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based
	on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI
	cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 6:	These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs
	with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs
	shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.
Note 7:	All cells are time-synchronous.
Note 8:	To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report
	both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in
	downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on
	PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Table 8.3.2.1B-2: Enhanced Performance Requirement Type A, CDM-multiplexed DM RS with TM9 interference model

Test Number	Referenc e	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions		Correlatio n Matrix	Reference Value		UE Categor
	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	and Antenna Configurat ion (Note 3)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SINR (dB) (Note 2)	у
1	R.48 TDD	OP.1 TDD	N/A	EVA5	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-1.0	≥1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 3: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.3.2.1C Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1C-2, with the addition of parameters in Table 8.3.2.1C-1. The purpose is to verify the performance of the antenna ports 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port in the serving cell if the PDSCH transmission in the serving cell takes place in subframes that overlap with ABS [9] of the aggressor cell with CRS assistance information. In Table 8.3.2.1C-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] includes Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Table 8.3.2.1C-1: Test parameters of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink Conf	iguration		1	1	1
Special subframe con	figuration		4	4	4
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
a	σ	dB	-3	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.1C-2	12	10
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	en Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	1	126
Cell-specific reference	e signals		A	ntenna ports 0,1	
CSI reference sig	ınals		Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	N/A
CSI-RS periodicity subframe offso $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	et	Subframes	5 / 4	N/A	N/A
CSI reference signification			8	N/A	N/A
Zero-power CSI- configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower bitmap	-RS	Subframes / bitmap	4 / 00100000000000 00	N/A	N/A
ABS pattern (No	te 5)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note7)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		2	Note 8	Note 8
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		TM9-1layer	Note 9	Note 9
Precoding granularity			Frequency domain: 1 PRG Time domain: 1 ms	N/A	N/A
Beamforming mo			Annex B.4.1	N/A	N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1:	$P_{\rm B}=1$.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a
	subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 4:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
Note 5:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated
	PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is
	overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the
	definition of the reference channel.
Note 6:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined
	in [7].
Note 7:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe
	indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3
	applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.
Note 10:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI
	estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at
	the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
Note 11:	For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms and
	4ms.
	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
Note 13:	
Note 14:	The modulation symbols of the signal under test are mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Table 8.3.2.1C-2: Minimum Performance of TM9-Single-Layer (2 CSI-RS ports) – Non-MBSFN ABS

rest	Reference		NG Patt	ern	Propagation		Correlation Reference value		UE	İ		
Number	Channel				Conditions (Note1)		Matrix and			Cate	ĺ	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Antenna Configurati on (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	gory	
1	R.51 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD		EVA5		2x2 Low	70	8.5	≥2	
Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.												

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

8.3.2.2 Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing

For dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2B, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the rank-2 performance for full RB allocation.

Table 8.3.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (dual layer)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	
allocation	σ	dB	-3	-3	
Cell-specific reference symbols			Antenna port 0 ai	nd antenna port	
Beamform model			Annex B.4.2		
N_{oc} at ante	enna	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	
Symbols unused Pl			OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	
Number allocate resource b	d	PRB	50	50	
PDSCH transmission mode			8	8	

Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.2-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.31 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	4.5	≥2
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	21.7	≥2

8.3.2.3 Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (with multiple CSI-RS configurations)

For dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 upon detection of a PDCCH with DCI format 2C, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.3-1 where Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The downlink physical channel setup is set according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the rank-2 performance for full RB allocation, to verify rate matching with multiple CSI reference symbol configurations with non-zero and zero transmission power, and to verify that the UE correctly estimate SNR.

Table 8.3.2.3-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (dual layer) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

parameter		Unit	Test 1		
parameter		Onit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	4	0	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	4 (Note 1)	0	
	σ	dB	-3	-3	

Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0 and 1	Antenna ports 0 and 1
Cell ID		0	126
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	NA
Beamforming model		Annex B.4.2	NA
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}} / \Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	5 / 4	NA
CSI reference signal configuration		8	NA
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	4 / 00100000000000000	NA
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.3-2	Test specific, 7.25dB
Symbols for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)	NA
Number of allocated resource blocks (Note 2)	PRB	50	NA
Simultaneous transmission		No	NA
PDSCH transmission mode		9	Blanked

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated

Table 8.3.2.3-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS (FRC) with multiple CSI-RS configurations

Test number	Bandwidth and MCS	Reference Channel		NG tern		agation Correlation Matrix and		Reference	UE Cate	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Antenna Configurati on	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	gory
1	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.51 TDD	OP.1 TDD	N/A	ETU5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	[14.8]	2-8

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of Cell 1 and Cell 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1.

8.3.2.4 Performance requirements for DCI format 2D and non Quasi Co-located Antenna Ports

8.3.2.4.1 Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.2.4.1-1 and Table 8.3.2.4.1-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the

'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6], configured according to Table 8.3.2.4.1-2. In Table 8.3.2.4.1-1 and 8.3.2.4.1-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.2.4.1-1: Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Paramete	Parameter		TP 1	TP 2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0
	σ	dB	-3	-3
Cell-specific referer	nce signals		Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)
CSI-RS 0 antenr			NA	Port {15,16}
qcl-CSI-RS-Configl CSI-RS 0 period subframe offset T _{CSI}	icity and -RS / ∆csi-RS	Subframes	NA	5/4
qcl-CSI-RS-Configl CSI-RS 0 config	uration		NA	8
csi-RS-ConfigZPId- power CSI-RS 0 co I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-R	nfiguration		NA	4/ 0000010000000000
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	a port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10
Cyclic Pref	ix		Normal	Normal
Cell Id			0	0
Number of contro symbols	OFDM		2	2
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		Blanked	10
Number of allocate	ted PRB	PRB	NA	50
qcl-Operation, PD Mapping and Qu Location Indic	asi-Co-		Туре	B, '00'
Time offset between	en TPs	μs	NA	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.1-3
Frequency error between TPs		Hz	NA	0
Beamforming model			NA	Port 7 as specified in clause B.4.1
Symbols for unuse	ed PRBs		NA	OCNG (Note 3)

Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$

Noet 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.4.1-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	s in each PQI set	DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI Set		
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	ZP CSI-RS configuration	TP 1	TP 2	
PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	Blanked	PDSCH	

Table 8.3.2.4.1-3: Minimum performance for quasi co-location type B: same Cell ID

Test Number	Reference Channel		CN tern	Time offset between	Propag Condi (Not	itions	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TPs (μs)	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.52 TDD	NA	OP.1 TDD	2	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12	≥2
2	R.52 TDD	NA	OP.1 TDD	-0.5	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.4	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.2.4.2 Minimum requirements with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP CSI-RS resources)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.2.4.2-1 and 8.3.2.4.2-2. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission point share the same Cell ID. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the timing difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' (PQI) signalling defined in [6]. In8.3.2.4.2-1 and 8.3.2.4.2-2, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) has same Cell ID as TP 1. Multiple NZP CSI-RS resources and ZP CSI-RS resources are configured. In each sub-frame, DL PDSCH transmission is dynamically switched between 2 TPs with multiple PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator configuration (PQI). Configurations of PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator and downlink transmission hypothesis are defined in Table 8.3.2.4.2-2. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.2.4.2-1: Test Parameters for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

paramete	er	Unit	TP 1	TP 2	
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	
Downlink power allocation	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0	
	σ	dB	-3	-3	
Beamforming mode	I		As specified in clause B.4.1	As specified in clause B.4.1	
Cell-specific referen	ice signals		Antenna ports 0,1	(Note 2)	
CSI reference signa			Antenna ports {15,16}	N/A	
CSI-RS 0 periodicity subframe offset T_{CS}	$_{\text{I-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	5 / 4	N/A	
CSI reference signal configuration	II 0		0	N/A	
CSI reference signa			N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}	
CSI-RS 1 periodicity subframe offset $T_{\rm CS}$	$_{ extsf{I-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	N/A	5 / 4	
CSI reference signa configuration			N/A	8	
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS	bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	4/ 001000000000000000	N/A	
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS	Zero-power CSI-RS1 configuration I _{CSI-RS} /		N/A	4/	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3	
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna por	t	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98	
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	
Cyclic Prefix			Normal	Normal	
Cell Id			0	0	
Number of control C symbols	DFDM		2	2	
Timing offset between	en TPs		N/A	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.2-3	
Frequency offset be		Hz	N/A	0	
Number of allocated blocks	d resource	PRB	50	50	
PDSCH transmission			10	10	
Probability of occurr PDSCH transmission		%	30	70	
Symbols for unused	I PRBs		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	
N					

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 have zero transmission power.

Note 3: PDSCH transmission from TPs shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TPs are specified. Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK

modulated.

Table 8.3.2.4.2-2 Configurations of PQI and DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI set

PQI set index	Parameter	DL transmission hypothesis for each PQI Set		
	NZP CSI-RS Index (For quasi co-location)	ZP CSI-RS configuration	TP 1	TP 2
PQI set 0	CSI-RS 0	ZP CSI-RS 0	PDSCH	Blanked
PQI set 1	CSI-RS 1	ZP CSI-RS 1	Blanked	PDSCH

Table 8.3.2.4.2-3 Performance Requirements for timing offset compensation with DPS transmission

Test Number	Timing offset(us)	Reference Channel		OCNG Propagation Pattern Conditions		Correlation Reference Value Matrix and		UE Category		
			TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	2	R.53 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.3	≥2
2	-0.5	R.53 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	12.5	≥2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of both TP 1 and TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

8.3.2.4.3 Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)

The requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.4.3-2, with the additional parameters in Table 8.3.2.4.3-1. The purpose of this test is to verify the UE capability of supporting non quasi-colocated antenna ports when the UE receives DCI format 2D in a scenario where the two transmission points have different Cell ID and colliding CRS. In particular the test verifies that the UE, configured with quasi co-location type B, performs correct tracking and compensation of the frequency difference between two transmission points, channel parameters estimation and rate matching behaviour according to the 'PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co-Location Indicator' signalling defined in [6]. In 8.3.2.4.3-1, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is serving cell transmitting PDCCH, synchronization signals and PBCH, and transmission point 2 (TP 2) transmits PDSCH with different Cell ID. The downlink physical channel setup for TP 1 is according to Table C.3.4-1 and for TP 2 according to Table C.3.4-2.

Table 8.3.2.4.3-1 Test Parameters for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and Colliding CRS

paramete	r	Unit	TP 1	TP 2	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0	
	σ	dB	-3	-3	

Beamforming model		N/A	As specified in clause B.4.2	
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna ports 0,1	
CSI reference signals 0		N/A	Antenna ports {15,16}	
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	Subframes	N/A	5 / 4	
CSI reference signal 0 configuration		N/A	0	
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower CSI-RS bitmap	Subframes /bitmap	N/A	4/	
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	dB	Reference point in Table 8.3.2.4.3-2 + 4dB	Reference Value in Table 8.3.2.4.3-2	
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kH z	-98	-98	
BW _{Channel}	MHz	10	10	
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal	
Cell Id		0	126	
Number of control OFDM symbols		1	2	
Timing offset between TPs	us	N/A	0	
Frequency offset between TPs	Hz	N/A	200	
qcl-Operation, PDSCH RE Mapping and Quasi-Co- Location Indicator'		Туре	B, '00'	
PDSCH transmission mode		Blank	10	
Number of allocated resource block		N/A	50	
Symbols for unused PRBs		N/A	OCNG(Note2)	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs Note 2: shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.4.3-2 Performance Requirements for quasi co-location type B with different Cell ID and **Colliding CRS**

	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions (Note1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		UE Category
		TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2	Configuration (Note 2)	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	R.54 TDD	N/A	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	ETU5	2x2 Low	70	14.7	≥2

Note 1:

The propagation conditions for TP 1 and TP 2 are statistically independent.

Correlation matrix and antenna configuration parameters apply for each of TP 1 and TP 2. Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc} of TP 2 as defined in clause 8.1.1. Note 3:

8.4 Demodulation of PDCCH/PCFICH

The receiver characteristics of the PDCCH/PCFICH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the Downlink Scheduling Grant (Pm-dsg). PDCCH and PCFICH are tested jointly, i.e. a miss detection of PCFICH implies a miss detection of PDCCH

8.4.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.4.1-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Number of PDC	CH symbols	symbols	2	2
PHICH Ng (Note 1)		1	1
PHICH du	ration		Normal	Normal
Unused RE-s a	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell II)		0	0
Downlink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3
N_{oc} at anter	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic pi	efix		Normal	Normal
Note 1: According	ng to Clause 6.9	in TS 36.211 [4].		

8.4.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
						Matrix		
1	10 MHz	8 CCE	R.15 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	1	-1.7

8.4.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.4.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
						and correlation		
						Matrix		
1	10 MHz	4 CCE	R.16 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	-0.6

8.4.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Ī	Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
	number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
	1	5 MHz	2 CCE	R.17 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	6.3

8.4.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.3-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. In Table 8.4.1.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.3-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-4. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.4.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Paramete	er	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-2	1.5
BW _{Channe}	I	MHz	10	10
Subframe Confi	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern (Not			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100	N/A
(Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		11111011 11111011 11111011 10111011 11111011	N/A
Number of control OF			3	3
PHICH Ng (No	ote 9)		1	N/A
PHICH dura			Extended	N/A
Unused RE-s an			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref			Normal 5 #6 #8 #9 #10 #12 :	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]:
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7];
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.1.2.3-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Numb er	Aggregati on Level	Referen ce Channel	OCNG Pattern Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value			
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	8 CCE	R15-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-3.9

The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent. Note 1:

Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1. The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2. Note 3:

Table 8.4.1.2.3-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Paramet		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}	\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.3-	1.5
BW _{Chann}	BW _{Channel}		10	10
Subframe Conf	Subframe Configuration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset betw	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	126
ABS pattern (Note 4)		N/A	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000
RLM/RRM Measuren Pattern (No			0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A
(Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1110111111 1011111101 1111110111 1111111	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 9)			N/A	001000 100001 000100 000000
Number of control O	FDM symbols		3	3
PHICH Ng (N			1	N/A
PHICH dura			extended	N/A
Unused RE-s ar			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pre	etix		Normal	Normal

Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13
	of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.

- This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS. Note 2:
- This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 4^{th} , 12^{th} , 19^{th} and 27^{th} subframes indicated by ABS pattern Note 3:
- Note 4: are MBSFN ABS subframes. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in
- As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI Note 6: measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test. Note 8:
- Note 9: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], four frames with 24 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- The maximum number of uplink HARQ transmission is ≤ 2 so that each PHICH channel Note 10: transmission is in a subframe protected by MBSFN ABS in this test.
- Note 11: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.1.2.3-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCHICH – MBSFN ABS

Test Numb er	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel		NG tern	Cond	gation itions te 1)	Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Referer	rence Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configurati on	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	8 CCE	R15-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-4.2	

The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent. Note 1:

SNR corresponds to \widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1. Note 2:

The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2. Note 3:

8.4.1.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.4-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-2.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.1-1 and Table 8.4.1.2.4-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-4.

In Tables 8.4.1.2.4-1 and 8.4.1.2.4-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell3are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.4.1.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Douglink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-2	5	3
BW _{Ch}	annel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	Id		0	126	1
ABS patterr	n (Note 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011	N/A	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 7	Note 7
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH d			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 4:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
Note 5:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7];
Note 6:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7];
Note 7:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 8:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell1. Cell2 and Cell 3is the same.

Table 8.4.1.2.4-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern			Propagation Conditions (Note 1)			Correlation Matrix and	Reference Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	8 CCE	R.15-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-2.2

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test. Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

Table 8.4.1.2.4-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Paran	neter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Douglink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/I		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.1.2.4-4	5	3
BW _C	nannel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset b	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	l ld		0	126	1
ABS patter	n (Note 4)		N/A	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000
RLM/RRM Measu Pattern (0001000000 010000010 000001000 00000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		0001000000 0100000010 0000001000 0000000	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1110111111 1011111101 1111110111 1111111	N/A	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 7)			N/A	001000 100001 000100 000000	001000 100001 000100 000000
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 8	Note 8
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH o			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG Normal	OCNG Normal	OCNG Normal
Cyclic	prenx		เพอกกลเ	Normal	Normal

Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of
	a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
Note 3:	This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 4:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 4 th , 12 th , 19 th and 27 th subframes indicated by ABS pattern
	are MBSFN ABS subframes. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated
	PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped
	with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition
	of the reference channel.
Note 5:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in
Note 5.	
Note C.	[7].
Note 6:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI
	measurements defined in [7].
Note 7:	MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], four frames with 24 bits are chosen for MBSFN
	subframe allocation.
Note 8:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe
	indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 9:	The maximum number of uplink HARQ transmission is ≤ 2 so that each PHICH channel
	transmission is in a subframe protected by MBSFN ABS in this test.
Note 10:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
Note 11:	•
Note 12:	According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.1.2.4-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – MBSFN ABS

Test	Aggregati	Reference	OCNG Pattern		Propagation		Correlation	Reference Value			
Number	on Level	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Conditions (Note 1) Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell3		Matrix and Antenna	Pm-	SNR	
			30 1	302	000	3 0 1	002	303	Configuration (Note 2)	dsg (%)	(dB) (Note 3)
1	8 CCE	R.15-2	OP.1	OP.1	OP.1	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-2.0
Note 1:	The propagation	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD		L				

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. Note 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 3: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.

8.4.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.4.2-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Uplink downlink (Note			0	0
Special subframe (Note	•		4	4
Number of PDC	CH symbols	symbols	2	2
PHICH Ng (Note 3)		1	1
PHICH du			Normal	Normal
Unused RE-s a	Unused RE-s and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell I	D		0	0
Downlink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic p	refix		Normal	Normal
ACK/NACK feed	dback mode		Multiplexing	Multiplexing
Note 1: as speci	fied in Table 4.2	2-2 in TS 36.211 [4	1].	

Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 3: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4]

8.4.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
						and correlation Matrix		
1	10 MHz	8 CCE	R.15 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	1	-1.6

8.4.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.4.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	ce value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	4 CCE	R.16 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	0.1

8.4.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	5 MHz	2 CCE	R.17 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	6.5

8.4.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.2.3-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3.. In Table 8.4.2.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.3-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.3-4. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.4.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Paramete	er	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink co	nfiguration		1	1
Special subframe co	onfiguration		4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}	2	dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.3-2	1.5
BW _{Channe}	I	MHz	10	10
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μS	2.5 (synchro	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	0000010001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern(Note			000000001 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		0000010001 000000001	N/A
Sets(Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			3	3
ACK/NACK feedback mode PHICH Ng (Note 9)			Multiplexing	N/A
			1	N/A
PHICH dura	tion		extended	N/A
Unused RE-s and			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	ix		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.3-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Numbe r	Aggregatio n Level	Referenc e Channel	OCNG	OCNG Pattern Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and Antenna	Reference Value		
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Configuration	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	8 CCE	R15-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-3.9

The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell 2 are statistically independent. Note 1:

Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1. The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2. Note 3:

Table 8.4.2.2.3-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - MBSFN ABS

Paramete	er	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink co	nfiguration		1	1
Special subframe co	onfiguration		4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}	2	dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.3-4	1.5
BW _{Channe}	I	MHz	10	10
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μS	2.5 (synchro	onous cells)
Cell Id			0	126
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern(Note			000000001 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe	$C_{CSI,0}$		000000001 000000001	N/A
Sets(Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 9)			N/A	000010
Number of control OFDM symbols			3	3
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 10)			1	N/A
PHICH dura			extended	N/A
Unused RE-s and	d PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	ix		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 10th and 20th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes.PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 9: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.3-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH - MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern		Propagation Conditions(Note 1)		Correlation Matrix and	Referen	ce Value
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Antenna Configurati on	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)
1	8 CCE	R15-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-4.1

Note 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1 and Cell2 are statistically independent.

Note 2: SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac2} of cell 1.

Note 3: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1 and Cell 2.

8.4.2.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters for non-MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.2.4-1, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-2.

For the parameters for MBSFN ABS specified in Table 8.4.2-1 and Table 8.4.2.2.4-3, the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-4.

In Tables 8.4.2.2.4-1 and 8.4.2.2.4-3, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.4.2.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - Non-MBSFN ABS

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink	configuration		1	1	1
Special subframe	configuration		4	4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-2	5	3
BW _{Channel}		MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	nfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset be	tween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift I	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	ld		0	126	1
ABS pattern	(Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 7	Note 7
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 10)			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH d			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic p	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDCCH/PCFICH other than that associated with SIB1/Paging are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7];
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7];
- Note 7: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 8: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.
- Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.4-2: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH – Non-MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern			Propagation Conditions (Note 1)			Correlation Matrix and	Referer	nce Value
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell3		Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	8 CCE	R.15-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-2.0

The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. Note 1:

Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc2} of cell 1. Note 3:

Table 8.4.2.2.4-3: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH - MBSFN ABS

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
Uplink downlink			1	1	1	
Special subframe	e configuration		4	4	4	
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	IB -3		-3	
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98(Note 1)	N/A	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A	
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	-93 (Note 3) N/A		
\hat{E}_s/N		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.4.2.2.4-4	5	3	
BW _{Ch}	annel	MHz	10	10	10	
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN	MBSFN	MBSFN	
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1	
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100	
Cell	ld		0	126	1	
ABS patterr	(Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001	
RLM/RRM Me Subframe Patt			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A	
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A	
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A	
MBSFN Subframe Allocation (Note 7)			N/A	000010	000010	
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 8	Note 8	
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A	
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A	
PHICH d			Normal	N/A	N/A	
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG	
Cyclic p	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal	

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9, #10, #11, #12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. The 10th and 20th subframes indicated by ABS pattern are MBSFN ABS subframes. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the MBSFN ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 7: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.
- Note 8: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 9: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 10: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in this test.
- Note 11: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.4.2.2.4-4: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH - MBSFN ABS

Test Number	Aggregati on Level	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patte	ern			Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		. •		Reference Value	
			Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell3	Antenna Configuration (Note 2)	Pm- dsg (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)		
1	8 CCE	R.15-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	1	-1.8		
Note 1:	te 1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.												

Demodulation of PHICH 8.5

The receiver characteristics of the PHICH are determined by the probability of miss-detecting an ACK for a NACK (Pm-an). It is assumed that there is no bias applied to the detection of ACK and NACK (zero-threshold delection).

8.5.1 **FDD**

The parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.5.1-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paramo	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity	
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3	
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3	
PHICH du	uration		Normal	Normal	
PHICH Ng	(Note 1)		Ng = 1	Ng = 1	
PDCCH C	Content		UL Grant should be included with the proper information aligned with A.3		
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG	
Cell ID			0	0	
N_{oc} at ante	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	
Cyclic p	refix		Normal	Normal	
Note 1: according	g to Clause 6.9 in	TS 36.211 [4]			

8.5.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	R.18	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	5.5
2	10 MHz	R.24	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	0.6

The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. Note 2:

SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_{s}/N_{oc2} of cell 1. Note 3:

8.5.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.5.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ence value	
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)	
					and			
					correlation			
					Matrix			
1	10 MHz	R.19	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	0.1	4.4	

8.5.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PHICH

	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
	number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
						and		
						correlation		
						Matrix		
Ī	1	5 MHz	R.20	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	0.1	6.1

8.5.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 and Table 8.5.1.2.3-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3. In Table 8.5.1.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.5.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paramete		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Downlink power allocation	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}	\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		Reference Value in Table 8.5.1.2.3-2	1.5
BW _{Channe}	I	MHz	10	10
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchror	nous cells)
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100
RLM/RRM Measurem Pattern (Not			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 6)	Ciccia		00000100 00000100 00000100 01000100 00000100	N/A
	C _{CSI,1}		11111011 11111011 11111011 10111011 11111011	N/A
Number of control OF			3	3
PHICH Ng (No			1	N/A
PHICH dura			extended	N/A
Unused RE-s and			OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	IX		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in the 26th subframe indicated by the ABS pattern.
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.1.2.3-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration and	Reference Value			
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.19	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	0.1	4.6	
Note 1:					ell 2 are s	tatistically indepen	dent.		
Note 2:	SNR correspor	ands to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.							
Note 3:	The correlation	matrix ar	nd antenna	a configura	ation appl	y for Cell 1 and Ce	ell 2.		

8.5.1.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 and Table 8.5.1.2.4-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2.4-2. In Table 8.5.1.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.5.1.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Param	eter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3	
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3	
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 1)	N/A	N/A	
N_{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A	
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A	
\hat{E}_s/N		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.5.1.2.4-	5	3	
BW _{Ch}	annel	MHz	10	10	10	
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1	
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100	
Cell	Id		0	126	1	
PDCCH (PDCCH Content		UL Grant should be included with the proper information aligned with A.3.6.	N/A	N/A	
ABS pattern	n (Note 4)		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	
	RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 5)		00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A	
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	N/A	
Sets (Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011 11111011	N/A	N/A	
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 7	Note 7	
PHICH Ng (Note 10)			1	N/A	N/A	
PHICH duration			Normal	N/A	N/A	
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG	
Cyclic	oretix		Normal	Normal	Normal	

Note 1:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
Note 2:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
Note 3:	This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
Note 4:	ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in the 26 th subframe indicated by the ABS pattern.
Note 5:	Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
Note 6:	As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
Note 7:	The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
Note 8:	The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
Note 9:	SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in the test.
Note 10:	According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.1.2.4-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Reference	OC	NG Patt	ern		Propagation		Antenna	Reference Value	
Number	Channel				Cond	Conditions (Note 1)		Configuration		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	R.19	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	0.1	5.0
Note 1: Note 2: Note 3:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3. SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{ac2} of Cell 1.									

8.5.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.5.2-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Param	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Uplink downlink cor 1)	nfiguration (Note		1	1
Special subframe (Note	•		4	4
	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3
PHICH du	uration		Normal	Normal
PHICH Ng	(Note 3)		Ng = 1	Ng = 1
PDCCH C	Content			I be included with the on aligned with A.3.6.
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell I	D		0	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at ante	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic p			Normal	Normal
ACK/NACK fee			Multiplexing	Multiplexing
	ied in Table 4.2-2			

Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]
Note 3: according to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4]

8.5.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value		
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)	
1	10 MHz	R.18	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	5.8	
2	10 MHz	R.24	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	1.3	

8.5.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.5.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth Reference		OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
					and		
					correlation		
					Matrix		
1	10 MHz	R.19	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	0.1	4.2

8.5.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
1	5 MHz	R.20	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	0.1	6.2

8.5.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 and Table 8.5.2.2.3-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2.3-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2 and Annex C.3.3, In Table 8.5.2.2.3-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively.

Table 8.5.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paramete	r	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Uplink downlink cor	nfiguration		1	1
Special subframe co	onfiguration		4	4
Downlink nower	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-100.5 (Note 1)	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-95.3 (Note 3)	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.5.2.2.3-2	1.5
BW _{Channel}	I	MHz	10	10
Subframe Config	guration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset between	een Cells	μs	2.5 (synchronous cells)	
Cell Id			0	1
ABS pattern (N	lote 4)		N/A	0000010001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measureme Pattern (Note			000000001 000000001	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0000010001 000000001	N/A
(Note 6)	C _{CSI,1}		1100101000 1100111000	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			3	3
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A
PHICH Ng (Note 9)			1	N/A
PHICH dura	tion		extended	N/A
Unused RE-s and	d PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic pref	ix		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in subframe 5
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 7: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 8: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 in the test.
- Note 9: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.2.2.3-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test Number	Reference Channel	OCNG	Pattern	Cond	gation itions te 1)	Antenna Configuration and	Refere	nce Value	
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2	Correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 2)	
1	R.19	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EPA5	2x2 Low	0.1	4.6	
Note 1:					ell 2 are s	tatistically independ	dent.		
Note 2:	SNR corresponds to \widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} of cell 1.								
Note 3:	The correlation	matrix ar	d antenna	a configur	ation appl	y for Cell 1 and Ce	II 2.		

8.5.2.2.4 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port (demodulation subframe overlaps with aggressor cell ABS and CRS assistance information are configured)

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 and Table 8.5.2.2.4-1, the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2.4-2. In Table 8.5.2.2.4-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.5.2.2.4-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Paran	neter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Uplink downlink	configuration		1	1	1
Special subfram	e configuration		4	4	4
Downlink power	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
	N_{oc1}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 1)	N/A	N/A
N _{oc} at antenna	N_{oc2}	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 2)	N/A	N/A
port	N_{oc3}	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/l		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.5.2.2.4-2	5	3
BW _{Cl}	nannel	MHz	10	10	10
Subframe Co	onfiguration		Non-MBSFN Non-MBSFN		Non- MBSFN
Time Offset b	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cel	ld		0	126	1
PDCCH	Content		UL Grant should be included with the proper information aligned with A.3.6.	N/A	N/A
ABS patter	n (Note 4)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001
RLM/RRM Measu Pattern (000000001 000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe	C _{CSI,0}		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
Sets (Note 6)	$C_{\text{CSI},1}$		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			2	Note 7	Note 7
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
PHICH Ng			1	N/A	N/A
PHICH o			Normal	N/A	N/A
Unused RE-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic		DM avioria ala #4	Normal	Normal	Normal

- Note 1: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 2: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PHICH is transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell but not in subframe 5
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 7: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 2 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 8: The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 9: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in the test.
- Note 10: According to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table 8.5.2.2.4-2: Minimum performance PHICH

Test Number	Reference Channel	OC	NG Patt	ern			Antenna Configuration	Refere	ence Value		
		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3			and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)		
1	R.19	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	EVA5	EVA5	2x2 Low	0.1	5.7	
Note 1: Note 2: Note 3:	1: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent. 2: The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.										

8.6 Demodulation of PBCH

The receiver characteristics of the PBCH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the PBCH (Pm-bch), which is defined as

$$Pm - bch = 1 - \frac{A}{B}$$

Where A is the number of correctly decoded MIB PDUs and B is the Number of transmitted MIB PDUs (Redundancy versions for the same MIB are not counted separately).

8.6.1 FDD

Table 8.6.1-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Parame	ter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity				
Downlink power	PBCH_RA	dB	0	-3				
allocation			0	-3				
N_{oc} at anter	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98				
Cyclic pi	efix		Normal	Normal				
Cell II)		0	0				
	Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]							

8.6.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
				and		
				correlation		
				Matrix		
1	1.4 MHz	R.21	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	1	-6.1

8.6.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.6.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
				and		
				correlation		
				Matrix		
1	1.4 MHz	R.22	EPA5	2 x 2 Low	1	-4.8

8.6.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Te	st	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
num	ber		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
					and		
					correlation		
					Matrix		
1		1.4 MHz	R.23	EVA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	-3.5

8.6.1.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1.2.3-1 and Table 8.6.1.2.3-2, the averaged probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.3-2. Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, repectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.6.1.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Downlink power	PBCH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PBCH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
N_{oc} at ante	enna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
£ ₃ N _{ee}		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.6.1.2.3-2	4	2
BW _{Channel}		MHz	1.4	1.4	1.4
Time Offset be	Time Offset between Cells		N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	Id		0	126	1
ABS Pattern (Note 4)			N/A	01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000	01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000 01000000
Unused RE-s and PRB-s			OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic			Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3 is the same.

Note 2: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.

Note 3: The PBCH transmission from Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 overlap. The same PBCH transmission redundancy version is used for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Table 8.6.1.2.3-2: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Reference	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration	Reference Value		
Number	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	R.22	ETU30	ETU30	ETU30	2x2 Low	1	-3.0
Note 1:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.						
Note 2:	The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.						
Note 3:	SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of cell 1.						

8.6.2 TDD

Table 8.6.2-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Parameter		Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity	
Uplink downlink configuration (Note 1)			1	1	
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)			4	4	
Downlink power	PBCH_RA	dB	0	-3	
allocation	PBCH_RB	dB	0	-3	
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	
Cyclic pr	efix		Normal	Normal	
Cell II)		0	0	
Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4].					
Note 2. as specif	ileu iii Table 4.2	1 111 13 30.211 [4	·]·		

8.6.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

I	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
	number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
					and		
					correlation		
					Matrix		
	1	1.4 MHz	R.21	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	1	-6.4

8.6.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.6.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
				and correlation		
				Matrix		
1	1.4 MHz	R.22	EPA5	2 x 2 Low	1	-4.8

8.6.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
1	1.4 MHz	R.23	EVA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	-4.1

8.6.2.2.3 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port under Time Domain Measurement Resource Restriction with CRS Assistance Information

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2.2.3-1 and Table 8.6.2.2.3-2, the averaged probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.3-2. Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 8.6.2.2.3-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Param	Parameter		Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Downlink power	PBCH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	-3	-3	-3
allocation	PBCH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	-3	-3	-3
N_{oc} at ante	enna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	N/A	N/A
$\frac{\widehat{E}_s}{N_{o\sigma}}$		dB	Reference Value in Table 8.6.2.2.3-2	4	2
BW _{Ch}	BW _{Channel}		1.4	1.4	1.4
Time Offset be	etween Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift	between Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell	Cell Id		0	126	1
ABS Pattern (Note 4)			N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG	OCNG
Cyclic	orefix		Normal	Normal	Normal

Note 1: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3is the same.

Note 2: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in the test.

Note 3: The PBCH transmission from Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 overlap. The same PBCH transmission redundancy version is used for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.

Note 4: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.

Table 8.6.2.2.3-2: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Reference	Propagation Conditions (Note 1)		Antenna Configuration	Reference Value		
Number	Channel	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	and Correlation Matrix (Note 2)	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB) (Note 3)
1	R.22	ETU30	ETU30	ETU30	2x2 Low	1	-3.0
Note 1:	The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.						
Note 2:	The correlation matrix and antenna configuration apply for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3.						
Note 3:	SNR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of cell 1.						

8.7 Sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers

The purpose of the test is to verify that the Layer 1 and Layer 2 correctly process in a sustained manner the received packets corresponding to the maximum number of DL-SCH transport block bits received within a TTI for the UE category indicated. The sustained downlink data rate shall be verified in terms of the success rate of delivered PDCP SDU(s) by Layer 2. The test case below specifies the RF conditions and the required success rate of delivered TB by Layer 1 to meet the sustained data rate requirement. The size of the TB per TTI corresponds to the largest possible DL-SCH transport block for each UE category using the maximum number of layers for spatial multiplexing. Transmission modes 1 and 3 are used with radio conditions resembling a scenario where sustained maximum data rates are available. Test case is selected according to table 8.7-1 depending on UE capability for CA and EPDCCH.

Table 8.7-1: SDR test applicability

	Single carrier UE not supporting EPDCCH	CA UE not supporting EPDCCH	Single carrier UE supporting EPDCCH	CA UE supporting EPDCCH
FDD	8.7.1	8.7.1	8.7.3	8.7.1, 8.7.3
TDD	8.7.2	8.7.2	8.7.4	8.7.2, 8.7.4

8.7.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes per component carrier	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	1
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition No external noise sources are applied

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.1-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.1-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.1-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.1-2: test parameters for sustained downlink data rate (FDD)

Test	Bandwidth Transmission Antenna Codebook subset			nlink pocation ($\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle s}$ at	Symbols for		
rest	(MHz)	mode	configuration	restriction	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	σ	antenna port (dBm/15kHz)	unused PRBs
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	-85	OP.6 FDD
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3,4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3A	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3B, 4A	2x10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
3C, 4B	15	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6A	2x20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6B	10+15	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6C	10+20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
6D	15+20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	-85	OP.1 FDD
Note 1:	For CA test	cases, PUCCH fo	rmat 1b with char	nnel selection	is used t	to feedb	ack ACk	/NACK.	

Table 8.7.1-3: Minimum requirement (FDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport	Measurement channel	Reference value
	block received within a TTI		TB success rate [%]
1	10296	R.31-1 FDD	95
2	25456	R.31-2 FDD	95
3	51024	R.31-3 FDD	95
3A	36696 (Note 2)	R.31-3A FDD	85
3B	25456	R.31-2 FDD	95
3C	51024	R.31-3C FDD	85
4	75376 (Note 3)	R.31-4 FDD	85
4A	36696 (Note 2)	R.31-3A FDD	85
4B	55056 (Note 5)	R.31-4B FDD	85
6	75376 (Note 3)	R.31-4 FDD	85
6A	75376 (Note 3)	R.31-4 FDD	85
6B	36696 (Note 2) for 10MHz CC	R.31-3A FDD for 10MHz CC	85
	55056 for 15MHz CC	R.31-5 FDD for 15MHz CC	
6C	36696 (Note 2) for 10MHz CC	R.31-3A FDD for 10MHz CC	85
	75376 (Note 3) for 20MHz CC	R.31-4 FDD for 20MHz CC	
6D	55056 for 15MHz CC	R.31-5 FDD for 15MHz CC	85
	75376 (Note 3) for 20MHz CC	R.31-4 FDD for 20MHz CC	

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 35160 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 3: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 4: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = $100\%*N_{DL_correct_rx}/(N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx})$, where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks, and $N_{DL_correct_rx}$ is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Note 5: 52752bits for sub-frame 5.

Table 8.7.1-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Maximum supported Bandwidth/ Bandwidth combination (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7
Cinada	10	1	2	3A	3A	-	-
Single	15	-	-	3C	4B	-	-
carrier	20	-	-	3	4	6	6
	10+10	-	-	3B	4A	4A	4A
C 4	10+15	-	-	3B	4A	6B	6B
CA -	10+20	-	-	3B	4A	6C	6C
with 2CCs	15+20	-	-	3B	4A	6D	6D
2005	20+20	-	,	3B or 3 (Note 4)	4A or 4 (Note 4)	6A	6A

Note 1: Void.

Note 2: For non-CA UE, test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.

Note 3: Void

Note 4: If the intra-band contiguous CA is the only CA configuration supported by category 3 or 4 UE, the single carrier test is selecte, i.e., Test 3 for UE category 3 and Test 4 for UE category 4. Otherwise, Test 3B applies for category 3 UE and Test 4A applies for category 4 UE.

Note 5: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.7.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value			
Special subframe configuration (Note 1)		4			
Cyclic prefix		Normal			
Cell ID		0			
Inter-TTI Distance		1			
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4			
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM			
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	1			
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured			
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition No external noise sources are applied			
Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4].					

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.2-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.2-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.2-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

The test coverage for different number of component carriers is defined in 8.1.2.4.

Table 8.7.2-2: test parameters for sustained downlink data rate (TDD)

Test	Bandwidth (MHz)	Transmission mode	Antenna configuration	Codebook subset restriction		ownlii powei locatio (dB)	r	\hat{E}_s at antenna port (dBm/15kHz)	ACK/NACK feedback mode	Symbols for unused PRBs
					\mathcal{O}_A	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	σ	,		
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	-85	Bundling	OP.6 TDD
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	Bundling	OP.1 TDD
3	20	3	2 x 2	10	3	3	0	-85	Bundling	OP.1 TDD
ЗА	15	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	Muliplexing	OP.2 TDD
4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	- 3	-3	0	-85	Multiplexing	OP.1 TDD
6A	2x20	3	2 x 2	10	3	-3	0	-85	- (Note 1)	OP.1 TDD
Note 1:	PUCCH for	mat 1b with chan	nel selection is us	sed to feedbac	ck A	CK/NA	۱CK.	·		

Table 8.7.2-3: Minimum requirement (TDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport block received within a TTI for normal/special subframe	Measurement channel	Reference value TB success rate [%]
1	10296/0	R31-1 TDD	95
2	25456/0	R31-2 TDD	95
3	51024/0	R31-3 TDD	95
3A	51024/0	R31-3A TDD	85
4	75376/0 (Note 2)	R31-4 TDD	85
6	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31-4 TDD	85
6A	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31-4 TDD	85

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 3: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = $100\%*N_{DL_correct_rx}/(N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx})$, where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks, and $N_{DL_correct_rx}$ is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Table 8.7.2-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Bandwidth/ Bandwidth combination (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7
	10	1	2	-	-	-	-
Single carrier	15	-	-	3A	3A	-	-
	20	-	-	3	4	6	6
CA with 2CCs	20+20		-	3 (Note 4)	4 (Note 4)	6A	6A

Note 1: Void.

Note 2: For non-CA UE, test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.

Note 3: Void.

Note 4: If the intra-band contiguous CA is the only CA configuration supported by category 3 or 4 UE, single carrier test is

Note 5: The applicability of requirements for different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 8.1.2.3.

8.7.3 FDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.3-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.3-1: Common test parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value				
Cyclic prefix		Normal				
Cell ID		0				
Inter-TTI Distance		1				
Number of HARQ						
processes per	Processes	8				
component carrier						
Maximum number of		4				
HARQ transmission		4				
Redundancy version		(0.0.4.2) for 640AM				
coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM				
Number of OFDM						
symbols for PDCCH per	OFDM symbols	1				
component carrier						
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured				
Number of EPDCCH		1				
sets		I I				
EPDCCH transmission		Localized				
type		Localized				
Number of PRB per		2 PRB pairs				
EPDCCH set and		10MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 48, 49				
EPDCCH PRB pair		15MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 70, 71				
allocation		20MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 98, 99				
EPDCCH Starting		Derived from CFI (i.e. default behaviour)				
Symbol		Derived from Or 1 (i.e. default behaviour)				
ECCE Aggregation		2 ECCEs				
Level		2 LOOL3				
Number of EREGs per		4				
ECCE		·				
EPDCCH scheduling		EPDCCH candidate is randomly assigned				
· ·		in each subframe				
EPDCCH precoder		Fixed PMI 0				
(Note 1)						
EPDCCH monitoring SF		111111111 0000000000				
pattern		111111111 0000000000				
Timing advance	μs	100				
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition				
No external noise sources are applied						
	oder parameters are	defined for tests with 2 x 2 antenna				
configuration						

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.3-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.3-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.3-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

Table 8.7.3-2: Test parameters for SDR test for PDSCH scheduled by EPDCCH (FDD)

Test	Bandwidth	Transmission	nission Antenna Codebook		Downlink power allocation (dB)				$\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle S}$ at	Symbols for
Test	(MHz)	mode	configuration	restriction	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	σ	δ	antenna port (dBm/15kHz)	unused PRBs
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	0	-85	OP.6 FDD
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD
3,4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD
ЗА	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD
3C, 4B	15	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 FDD

Table 8.7.3-3: Minimum requirement (FDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport	Measurement channel	Reference value
	block received within a TTI		TB success rate [%]
1	10296	R.31E-1 FDD	95
2	25456	R.31E-2 FDD	95
3	51024	R.31E-3 FDD	95
3A	36696 (Note 2)	R.31E-3A FDD	85
3C	51024	R.31E-3C FDD	85
4	75376 (Note 3)	R.31E-4 FDD	85
4B	55056 (Note 5)	R.31E-4B FDD	85
6	75376 (Note 3)	R.31E-4 FDD	85

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 35160 bits for sub-frame 5. Note 3: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 4: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N_{DL_correct_rx/} (N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx}), where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport

blocks, and $N_{DL_correct_rx}$ is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Note 5: 52752 bits for sub-frame 5.

Table 8.7.3-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Bandwidth (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7
Cinalo	10	1	2	3A	3A	-	-
Single	15	-	-	3C	4B	-	-
carrier	20	-	-	3	4	6	6
Note 1:	Note 1: The test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.						

8.7.4 TDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.4-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.4-1: Common test parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Special subframe configuration (Note 1)		4
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier	OFDM symbols	1
Cross carrier scheduling		Not configured
Number of EPDCCH sets		1
EPDCCH transmission type		Localized
Number of PRB per EPDCCH set and EPDCCH PRB pair allocation		2 PRB pairs 10MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 48, 49 15MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 70, 71 20MHz BW: Resource blocks n _{PRB} = 98, 99
EPDCCH Starting Symbol		Derived from CFI (i.e. default behaviour)
ECCE Aggregation Level		2 ECCEs
Number of EREGs per ECCE		4 for normal subframe and 8 for special subframe
EPDCCH scheduling		EPDCCH candidate is randomly assigned in each subframe
EPDCCH precoder (Note 2)		Fixed PMI 0
EPDCCH monitoring SF pattern		UL-DL configuration 1: 1101111111 000000000 UL-DL configuration 5: 1100111001 000000000
Timing advance	μs	100
Propagation condition		Static propagation condition No external noise sources are applied

Note 1: As specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 2: EPDCCH precoder parameters are defined for tests with 2 x 2 antenna

configuration

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.4-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.4-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The test points are applied to UE category, CA capability and bandwidth combination with maximum aggregated bandwidth as specified in Table 8.7.4-4. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

Table 8.7.4-2: Test parameters for SDR test for PDSCH scheduled by EPDCCH (TDD)

Test	Bandwidth (MHz)	dth Transmission a subset anotation (db) antenn		$\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle s}$ at antenna port	Symbols for unused	ACK/NACK feedback						
	(WIFIZ)	mode	ration	restriction	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	σ	δ	(dBm/15kHz)	PRBs	mode	
1	10	1	1 x 2	N/A	0	0	0	0	-85	OP.6 TDD	Bundling	
2	10	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 TDD	Bundling	
3	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3		0	3	-85	OP.1 TDD	Bundling	
3A	15	3	2 x 2	10	-3		0	3	-85	OP.2 TDD	Multiplexing	
4,6	20	3	2 x 2	10	-3	-3	0	3	-85	OP.1 TDD	Multiplexing	

Table 8.7.4-3: Minimum requirement (TDD)

Test	Number of bits of a DL-SCH	Measurement channel	Reference value
	transport block received within a TTI for normal/special sub-		TB success rate [%]
	frame		
1	10296/0	R.31E-1 TDD	95
2	25456/0	R.31E-2 TDD	95
3	51024/0	R.31E-3 TDD	95
3A	51024/0	R.31E-3A TDD	85
4	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31E-4 TDD	85
6	75376/0 (Note 2)	R.31E-4 TDD	85

Note 1: For 2 layer transmissions, 2 transport blocks are received within a TTI.

Note 2: 71112 bits for sub-frame 5.

Note 3: The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = $100\%*N_{DL_correct_rx}/(N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx})$, where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks, and $N_{DL_correct_rx}$ is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.

Table 8.7.4-4: Test points for sustained data rate (FRC)

CA config	Bandwidth/ Bandwidth combination (MHz)	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 6	Category 7			
Cinalo	10	1	2	-	-	-	-			
Single	15	-	-	3A	3A	-	-			
carrier	20	-	-	3	4	6	6			
Note 1:	The test is selected for maximum supported bandwidth.									

8.8 Demodulation of EPDCCH

The receiver characteristics of the EPDCCH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the Downlink Scheduling Grant (Pm-dsg). For the distributed transmission tests in 8.8.1, EPDCCH and PCFICH are tested jointly, i.e. a miss detection of PCFICH implies a miss detection of EPDCCH. For other tests, EPDCCH and PCFICH are not tested jointly.

8.8.1 Distributed Transmission

8.8.1.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.1-1 are valid for all FDD distributed EPDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.1.1-1: Test Parameters for Distributed EPDCCH

Parame	Parameter						
Number of PDCCH syr	mbols	symbols	2 (Note 1)				
PHICH duration			Normal				
Unused RE-s and PRE	3-s		OCNG				
Cell ID			0				
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3				
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3				
allocation	σ	dB	0				
	δ	dB	3				
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port	dBm/15 kHz	-98					
Cyclic prefix			Normal				
Subframe Configuratio	n		Non-MBSFN				
Precoder Update Gran	PRB	1					
·		ms	1				
Beamforming Pre-Cod			Annex B. 4.4				
Cell Specific Reference			Port 0 and 1				
Number of EPDCCH S	ets Configured		2 (Note 2)				
Number of PRB per ER	PDCCH Set		4 (1 st Set) 8 (2 nd Set)				
EPDCCH Subframe M	onitoring		NA				
PDSCH TM			TM3				
DCI Format			2A				
PCFICH. RI configured.	e 1: The starting symbol for EPDCCH is derived from the PCFICH. RRC signalling epdcch-StartSymbol-r11 is not						
Note 2: The two sets are distributed EPDCCH sets and non-overlapping with PRB = {3, 17, 31, 45} for the first set and PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49} for the second set. EPDCCH is scheduled in the first set for Test 1 and second set for Test 2, respectively. Both sets are always configured.							

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.8.1.1-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.1.1-2: Minimum performance Distributed EPDCCH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregatio	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referenc	e value
number		n level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	4 ECCE	R.55 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.60
2	10 MHZ	16 ECCE	R.56 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	-3.20

8.8.1.1.1 Void

Table 8.8.1.1.1-1: Void

8.8.1.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.2-1 are valid for all TDD distributed EPDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.1.2-1: Test Parameters for Distributed EPDCCH

	Parame	ter	Unit	Value			
Number of PD	CCH syn	nbols	symbols	2 (Note 1)			
PHICH duration	on			Normal			
Unused RE-s	and PRB	- S		OCNG			
Cell ID				0			
		$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3			
Downlink pow	er	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3			
allocation		σ	dB	0			
		δ	dB	3			
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenr	a port		dBm/15 kHz	-98			
Cyclic prefix				Normal			
Subframe Cor	nfiguration	า		Non-MBSFN			
Precoder Upd	ata Grani	PRB	1				
Frecoder opd	ale Giail	ms	1				
Beamforming			Annex B. 4.4				
Cell Specific F			Port 0 and 1				
Number of EF	DCCH S	ets Configured		2 (Note 2)			
Number of PR	B per EP	DCCH Set		4 (1 st Set) 8 (2 nd Set)			
EPDCCH Sub	frame Mo	onitoring		NA			
PDSCH TM				TM3			
DCI Format				2A			
TDD UL/DL C				0			
TDD Special S				1 (Note 3)			
PC		symbol for EPDCC RC signalling <i>epdcc</i>					
Note 2: The over PR EP set Note 3: De	Note 2: The two sets are distributed EPDCCH sets and non- overlapping with PRB = {3, 17, 31, 45} for the first set and PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49} for the second set. EPDCCH is scheduled in the first set for Test 1 and second set for Test 2, respectively. Both sets are always configured. Note 3: Demodulation performance is averaged over normal and						
Note 3: De		on performance is a					

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.1.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.8.1.2-2. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.1.2-2: Minimum performance Distributed EPDCCH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-dsg	SNR
						and correlation	(%)	(dB)
						Matrix		
1	10 MHz	4 ECCE	R.55 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.8
2	10 MHZ	16 ECCE	R.56 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	-3.10

8.8.1.2.1 Void

Table 8.8.1.2.1-1: Void

8.8.2 Localized Transmission with TM9

8.8.2.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.1-1 are valid for all FDD TM9 localized ePDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Parame	eter	Unit	Value		
Number of PDCCH syr	nbols	symbols	1 (Note 1)		
EPDCCH starting syml	ool	symbols	2 (Note 1)		
PHICH duration			Normal		
Unused RE-s and PRE	Unused RE-s and PRB-s		OCNG		
Cell ID	Cell ID		0		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0		
allocation	σ	dB	-3		
	δ	dB	0		
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		dBm/15 kHz	-98		
Cyclic prefix			Normal		
Subframe Configuratio	n		Non-MBSFN		
Precoder Update Gran	ulority	PRB	1		
Precoder Opdate Gran	ulanty	ms	1		
Beamforming Pre-Code			Annex B.4.5		
Cell Specific Reference			Port 0 and 1		
CSI-RS Reference Sig			Port 15 and 16		
CSI-RS reference sign configuration	al resource		0		
CSI reference signal su configuration I _{CSI-RS}	ubframe		2		
ZP-CSI-RS configuration	on bitmap		000001000000000		
ZP-CSI-RS subframe of	configuration I _{ZP} .		2		
CSI-RS					
Number of EPDCCH S		1	2 (Note 2)		
EPDCCH Subframe M			111111110 1111111101 1111111011		
subframePatternConfig	y-r11	+	1111110111 (Note 3)		
PDSCH TM		TM9			
Note 1: The starting	symbol for EPDCC	JH is signalled	I with epdcch-StartSymbol-r11. However, CFI is		

- Note 1: The starting symbol for EPDCCH is signalled with *epdcch-StartSymbol-r11*. However, CFI is set to 1.
- Note 2: The first set is distributed transmission with PRB = {0, 49} and the second set is localized transmission with PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49}. ePDCCH is scheduled in the second set for all tests.
- Note 3: EPDCCH is scheduled in every SF. UE is required to monitor ePDCCH for UE-specific search space only in SFs configured by *subframePatternConfig-r11*. Legacy PDCCH is not scheduled.

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.8.2.1-2. EPDCCH subframe monitoring is configured and the subframe monitoring requirement in EPDCCH restricted subframes is statDTX of 99.9%.

The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.2.1-2: Minimum performance Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Test	Bandwidt	Aggregatio	Reference	OCNG	Propagatio	Antenna	Reference	e value
number	h	n level	Channel	Pattern	n Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	2 ECCE	R.57 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	12.2
2	10 MHZ	8 ECCE	R.58 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.5

8.8.2.1.1 Void

Table 8.8.2.1.1-1: Void

8.8.2.1.2 Void

Table 8.8.2.1.2-1: Void

Table 8.8.2.1.2-2: Void

Table 8.8.2.1.2-3: Void

8.8.2.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.2-1 are valid for all TDD TM9 localized ePDCCH tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.8.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Parame	eter	Unit	Value
Number of PDCCH syr	nbols	symbols	1 (Note 1)
EPDCCH starting symb	ool	symbols	2 (Note 1)
PHICH duration			Normal
Unused RE-s and PRB	used RE-s and PRB-s OCNG		OCNG
Cell ID			0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	σ	dB	-3
	δ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		dBm/15 kHz	-98
Cyclic prefix			Normal
Subframe Configuration	n		Non-MBSFN
Precoder Update Gran	ularity	PRB	1
		ms	1
Beamforming Pre-Code			Annex B.4.5
Cell Specific Reference			Port 0 and 1
CSI-RS Reference Sig			Port 15 and 16
CSI-RS reference sign configuration	al resource		0
CSI reference signal su configuration I _{CSI-RS}	ubframe		0
ZP-CSI-RS configuration	on bitmap		000001000000000
ZP-CSI-RS subframe o			0
Number of EPDCCH S	ets		2 (Note 2)
EPDCCH Subframe Monitoring pattern subframePatternConfig-r11			1100011000 1100010000 1100011000 1100001000 1100011000 1000011000 1100011000 (Note 3)
PDSCH TM			TM9
TDD UL/DL Configurat	ion		0
TDD Special Subframe)		1 (Note 4)

Note 1: The starting symbol for EPDCCH is signalled with *epdcch-StartSymbol-r11*. However, CFI is set to 1.

Note 2: The first set is distributed transmission with PRB = {0, 49} and the second set is localized transmission with PRB = {0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49}. ePDCCH is scheduled in the second set for all tests

Note 3: EPDCCH is scheduled in every SF. UE is required to monitor ePDCCH for UE-specific search space only in SFs configured by *subframePatternConfig-r11*. Legacy PDCCH is not scheduled.

Note 4: Demodulation performance is averaged over normal and special subframe.

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.2.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.2.2.2-2. EPDCCH subframe monitoring is configured and the subframe monitoring requirement in EPDCCH restricted subframes is statDTX of 99.9%.

The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.2.2-2: Minimum performance Localized EPDCCH with TM9

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	2 ECCE	R.57 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	12.8
2	10 MHZ	8 ECCE	R.58 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	2.0

8.8.2.2.1 Void

Table 8.8.2.2.1-1: Void

8.8.2.2.2 Void

Table 8.8.2.2.2-1: Void

Table 8.8.2.2.2: Void

Table 8.8.2.2.2-3: Void

8.8.3 Localized transmission with TM10 Type B quasi co-location type

8.8.3.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.3.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified values in Table 8.8.3.1-2. In Table 8.8.3.1-1, transmission point 1 (TP 1) is the serving cell. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Localized Transmission TM10 Type B quasi co-location type

Parameter		l losis	Te	est 1	Test 2			
		Unit	TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2		
PHICH durati					rmal			
Downlink	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0			
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0			
allocation	σ	dB			-3			
	δ	dB	OdD power		0			
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	0dB power imbalance is considered between TP 1 and TP 2,	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.1-	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.1-2	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.1-		
N_{oc} at anten	na port	dBm/ 15kH z		-	98			
Bandwidth		MHz	10	10	10	10		
Number of co	ts		2 (N	lote 1)	2 (No	ote1)		
EPDCCH-PR (setConfigld)			0	1	0	1		
PRB-set	type of EPDCCH-		Localized	Localized	Localized	Localized		
EPDCCH-PR	Number of PRB pair per EPDCCH-PRB-set		8	8	8	8		
	amforming model		Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5	Annex B.4.5		
PDSCH trans	PDSCH transmission mode		TM10	TM10	TM10 Probability of	TM10 Probability of		
PDSCH trans	PDSCH transmission scheduling		Blanked in all the subframes	Transmit in all the subframes	occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 30% (Note 3)	occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 70% (Note 3)		
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	0	N/A	0		
reference signal (NZPId=1)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	2	N/A	2		
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	N/A	10	N/A		
reference signal (NZPId=2)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration $I_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		N/A	N/A	2	N/A		
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	0000010000000 000	N/A	1000010000000 000		
signal (ZPId=1)	CSI-RS subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	2	N/A	2		
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	N/A	1000010000000 000	N/A		
signal (ZPId=2)	CSI-RS subframe configuration $I_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		N/A	N/A	2	N/A		
PQI set 0 (Note 4)	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1		

	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1		
PQI set 1	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A		
(Note 4)	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A		
Number of P	DCCH symbols	Symb ols	1 (Note 2)					
EPDCCH sta	arting position		pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)		
Subframe co	nfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN		
Time offset between TPs		μs	N/A	2	N/A	2		
Frequency shift between TPs		Hz	N/A	200	N/A	200		
Cell ID			0	126	0	126		

- Note 1: Resource blocks n_{PRB} =0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49 are allocated for both the first set and the second set.
- Note 2: The starting OFDM symbol for EPDCCH is determined from the higher layer signalling pdsch-Start-r11.

 And CFI is set to 1.
- Note 3: The TP from which PDSCH is transmitted shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TP 1 and TP 2 are specified.
- Note 4: For PQI set 0, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP 2. For PQI set 1, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP1. EPDCCH and PDSCH are transmitted from same TP.

Table 8.8.3.1-2: Minimum Performance

Test	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number	level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	2 ECCE	R.59 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.4
2	2 ECCE	R.59 FDD	OP.7 FDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.4

8.8.3.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8.3.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified values in Table 8.8.3.2-2. In Table 8.8.3.2-1, transmission point 1 (TP1) is the serving cell. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.8.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Localized Transmission TM10 Type B quasi co-location type

Parameter		1111	Te	est 1	Test 2			
		Unit	TP 1	TP 2	TP 1	TP 2		
PHICH durati					rmal			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0			
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0			
allocation	σ	dB			-3			
	δ	dB	0.15		0	Г		
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc}		dB	0dB power imbalance is considered between TP 1 and TP 2,	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.2-2	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.2-2	Reference value in Table 8.8.3.2-2		
$N_{\it oc}$ at anten	na port	dBm/ 15kH z		-	98			
Bandwidth		MHz	10	10	10	10		
Number of El			2 (N	ote 1)	2 (No	ote1)		
EPDCCH-PR (setConfigld)			0	1	0	1		
PRB-set	type of EPDCCH-		Localized	Localized	Localized	Localized		
EPDCCH-PR	Number of PRB pair per EPDCCH-PRB-set		8	8	8	8		
	EPDCCH beamforming model PDSCH transmission mode		Annex B.4.5 TM10	Annex B.4.5 TM10	Annex B.4.5 TM10	Annex B.4.5 TM10		
PDSCH transmission mode PDSCH transmission scheduling			Blanked in all the subframes	Transmit in all the subframes	Probability of occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 30% (Note 3)	Probability of occurrence of PDSCH transmission is 70% (Note 3)		
CSI reference configuration	s		Antenna ports 15,16	Antenna ports 15,16	Antenna ports 15,16	Antenna ports 15,16		
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	0	N/A	0		
reference signal (NZPId=1)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration $I_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		N/A	0	N/A	0		
Non-zero power CSI	CSI reference signal configuration		N/A	N/A	10	N/A		
reference signal (NZPId=2)	CSI reference signal subframe configuration $I_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		N/A	N/A	0	N/A		
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI- RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	0000010000000 000	N/A	1000010000000		
signal (ZPId=1)	CSI-RS subframe configuration $I_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		N/A	0	N/A	0		
Zero power CSI reference	CSI-RS Configuration list (ZeroPowerCSI- RS bitmap)	Bitma p	N/A	N/A	1000010000000	N/A		
signal (ZPId=2)	CSI-RS subframe configuration I _{CSI-RS}		N/A	N/A	0	N/A		

PQI set 0	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1			
(Note 4)	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	1	N/A	1			
PQI set 1	Non-Zero power CSI RS Identity (NZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A			
(Note 4)	Zero power CSI RS Identity (ZPId)		N/A	N/A	2	N/A			
Number of P	DCCH symbols	Symb ols	1 (Note 2)						
EPDCCH sta	arting position		pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)	pdsch-Start- r11=2 (Note 2)			
Subframe co	nfiguration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN			
Time offset b	etween TPs	μs	N/A	2	N/A	2			
Frequency s	hift between TPs	Hz	N/A	200	N/A	200			
Cell ID			0	126	0	126			
TDD UL/DL configuration 0					0				
TDD special subframe 1									
Note 1: Re	esource blocks need	$= 0.7 \frac{1}{4}$	1 21 28 35 42 4	9 are allocated for b	ooth the first set and	the second set			

- Note 1: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49 are allocated for both the first set and the second set.
- Note 2: The starting OFDM symbol for EPDCCH is determined from the higher layer signalling pdsch-Start-r11.

 And CFI is set to 1.
- Note 3: The TP from which PDSCH is transmitted shall be randomly determined independently for each subframe. Probabilities of occurrence of PDSCH transmission from TP 1 and TP 2 are specified.
- Note 4: For PQI set 0, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP 2. For PQI set 1, PDSCH and EPDCCH are transmitted from TP1. EPDCCH and PDSCH are transmitted from same TP.

Table 8.8.3.2-2: Minimum Performance

Test	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference	e value
number	level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	2 ECCE	R.59 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.6
2	2 ECCE	R.59 TDD	OP.7 TDD	EVA5	2 x 2 Low	1	13.6

9 Reporting of Channel State Information

9.1 General

This section includes requirements for the reporting of channel state information (CSI). For all test cases in this section,

the definition of SNR is in accordance with the one given in clause 8.1.1, where $SNR = \frac{\sum \hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}}{\sum N_{oc}^{(j)}}$

9.1.1 Applicability of requirements

9.1.1.1 Applicability of requirements for different channel bandwidths

In Clause 9 the test cases may be defined with different channel bandwidth to verify the same CSI requirement.

Applicability and test rules for different CA configurations and bandwidth 9.1.1.2 combination sets

The performance requirement for CA CQI tests in Clause 9 are defined independent of CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets specified in Clause 5.6A.1. For UEs supporting different CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets, the applicability and test rules are defined for the tests for 2 DL CCs in Table 9.1.1.2-1. For simplicity, CA configuration below refers to combination of CA configuration and bandwidth combination set. The definition of CA capability is specified in 8.1.2.2.

Table 9.1.1.2-1: Applicability and test rules for CA UE CQI tests with 2 DL CCs

Tests	CA capability where the tests apply	CA configuration from the selected CA capbility where the tests apply	CA Bandwidth combination to be tested in priority order						
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 9.6.1.1	Any of one of the supported CA capabilities	Any one of the supported FDD CA configurations	10+10 MHz, 20+20 MHz						
CA tests with 2CCs in Clause 9.6.1.2	Any of one of the supported CA capabilities with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Any one of the supported TDD CA configurations with largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination	Largest aggregated CA bandwidth combination						
Note 1: The applicability and test rules are specified in this table, unless otherwise stated. Note 2: Number of the supported bandwidth combinations to be tested from each selected									

CA configuration is one.

9.2 CQI reporting definition under AWGN conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under frequency non-selective conditions is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median. The purpose is to verify that the reported CQI values are in accordance with the CQI definition given in TS 36.213 [6]. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the reporting definition is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference 9.2.1 Symbols)

9.2.1.1 **FDD**

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥1. For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.1 FDD in Table A.4-1 shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI - 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.1-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz			10		
PDSCH transmission	n mode				1		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0				
	σ	dB	0				
Propagation condit antenna configur			AWGN (1 x 2)				
SNR (Note 2)		dB	0	1	6	7	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-97	-92	-91	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-6	-98	
Max number of H transmission					1		
Physical channel f reporting	or CQI			PUCCH	l Format 2		
PUCCH Report	Туре		4				
Reporting period		ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$				
cqi-pmi-Configurati	onIndex			. =	6		

Reference measurement channel RC.1 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic Note 1: OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1, except for category 1 UE use RC.4 FDD with two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.2.

Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s)

and the respective wanted signal input level.

9.2.1.2 **TDD**

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥1. For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.1 TDD in Table A.4-1 shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.2-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz			10		
PDSCH transmission	on mode				1		
Uplink downlink conf	figuration				2		
Special subfra configuration			4				
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0				
	σ	dB	0				
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			AWGN (1 x 2)				
SNR (Note 2	2)	dB	0	1	6	7	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-97	-92	-91	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	18	-9	98	
Max number of H transmission					1		
Physical channel f reporting	or CQI			PUSCH	H (Note 3)		
PUCCH Report	Туре		4				
Reporting period	ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$					
cqi-pmi-Configurati			3				
ACK/NACK feedbac	ck mode			Multi	plexing		

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.1 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1, except for category 1 UE use RC.4 TDD with two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.2.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.

9.2.1.3 FDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 1 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.3-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C.3.3-1 for Cell 2 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 FDD / RC.6 FDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI - 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1. The value of the median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ shall be larger than or equal to 2 and less than or equal to 5 in Test 1 and shall be larger than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 1 in Test 2.

Table 9.2.1.3-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

D		11		Tes	st 1	Test 2		
Parameter		Unit	Ce	II 1	Cell 2	Ce	ell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth		MHz		10				0
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2	2	Note 10		2	Note 10
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3	3		-	3
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3				3
	σ	dB		0			0	
Propagation condit antenna configu				Clause B	3.1 (2x2)		Clause I	3.1 (2x2)
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Not	te 1)	dB	4 5		6	4	5	-12
(;)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-102 (I	Note 7)	N/A	-98(N	lote 7)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A	,	lote 8)	N/A
port	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (Note 9)	N/A	-98(N	lote 9)	N/A
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-92	-94	-93	-110
Subframe Configu	uration		Non-M	IBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-N	/BSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id)	1		0	1
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs	2.5	(synchro	onous cells)	2.5	(synchr	onous cells)
ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N/A		01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A		01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100		N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0101 0101 0101 0101	0101 0101 0101 0101 0101	N/A	0101 0101 0101 0101	10101 10101 10101 10101 10101	N/A
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		1010 1010 1010 1010	1010 1010 1010 1010 1010	N/A	10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010		N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM			3	}			3
Max number of F				1				1
Physical channel for reporting			ı	PUCCH F	Format 2		PUCCH	Format 2
Physical channel for reporting	C _{CSI,1} CQI		F	PUSCH (Note 12)		PUSCH	(Note 12)
PUCCH Report				4				4
Reporting perior		Ms		$N_{\rm pd}$	= 5		N _{pd}	= 5
cqi-pmi-Configurati C _{CSI,0} (Note 1			6	6	N/A		6	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration	onIndex2		ţ	5	N/A		5	N/A

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.1.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for UE Cateogry 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1, and RC.6 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP. 1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and A.5.1.2.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cgi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for C_{CSL0}.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for CCSI,1.

9.2.1.4 TDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 1 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.4-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C3.3-1 for Cell 2 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 TDD / RC.6 TDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1. The value of the median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,0}$ minus the median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{CSI,1}$ shall be larger than or equal to 2 and less than or equal to 5 in Test 1 and shall be larger than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 1 in Test 2.

Table 9.2.1.4-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit		Tes			Test 2		
			Ce	II 1	Cell 2	Ce	II 1	Cell 2	
Bandwidth		MHz			0			0	
PDSCH transmission			2		Note 10	2	2	Note 10	
Uplink downlink con	_				1			1	
Special subfra configuration				4	1		4		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-;	3	-3			
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-:	3		-	3	
	σ	dB		()		(0	
Propagation condit antenna configur				Clause E	3.1 (2x2)		Clause I	B.1 (2x2)	
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Not	e 1)	dB	4	5	6	4	5	-12	
(:)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-102 (1	Note 7)	N/A	-98 (N	lote 7)	N/A	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 8)		N/A	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A	
port	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-94.8 (I	Note 9)	N/A	-98 (N	lote 9)	N/A	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-92	-94	-93	-110	
Subframe Configu	uration		Non-M	IBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-M	IBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Cell Id			()	1	()	1	
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs	2.5	(synchro	onous cells)	2.5	(synchr	onous cells)	
ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N/A		0100010001 0100010001	N/A		0100010001 0100010001	
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern (000000001 000000001		N/A	0000000001 0000000001		N/A	
Submanie r attenii	` '		01000		.	01000			
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		01000	10001	N/A	01000	10001	N.A	
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}			01000 01000	N/A		01000 01000	N/A	
Number of control symbols	OFDM			3	3		;	3	
Max number of H	IARO								
transmission				•	1		,	1	
Physical channel for reporting			ı	PUCCH	Format 2		PUCCH	Format 2	
Physical channel for reporting	C _{CSI,1} CQI		I	PUSCH ((Note 12)		PUS	SCH	
PUCCH Report Type			1		<u> </u>			4	
Reporting periodicity		ms			= 5	$N_{\text{pd}} = 5$			
cqi-pmi-Configurati	onIndex	-	,	3 N/A		,	3	N/A	
C _{CSI,0} (Note 1	3))	IN/A	,)	IN/A	
cqi-pmi-Configuration			4	1	N/A	4	1	N/A	
ACK/NACK feedba				Multip	lexing		Multip	lexing	

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1 and Cell2 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for UE Category ≥2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1, and RC.6 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynami OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1 and Annex A.5.2.2.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for C_{CSI,0}.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for C_{CSI.1}.

9.2.1.5 FDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 2 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.5-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C.3.3-2 for Cell 2 and Cell 3, and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 FDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time.

For test 1 and test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{\text{CSI},0}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

For test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{\text{CSI},1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.5-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

Parameter		l lmi4		Tes	t 1	Test 2		
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1		Cell 2 and 3	Cell 1	Cell 2 and 3	
Bandwidth		MHz		10			0	
PDSCH transmission			2		Note 10	2	Note 10	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3	3	-	3	
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3	3	-	3	
	σ	dB		0		()	
Propagation condi- antenna configu			Clau	ise B	.1 (2x2)	Clause B.1 (2x2)		
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (No	te 1)	dB	4	5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	13 14	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	
(i)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note	7)	N/A	-98 (Note 7)	N/A	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note	8)	N/A	-98 (Note 8)	N/A	
port	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-93 (Note	9)	N/A	-93 (Note 9)	N/A	
Subframe Config	uration		Non-MBSF	-N	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
Cell Id			0		Cell 2: 6	0	Cell 2: 6	
Con id					Cell 3: 1	0 110	Cell 3: 1	
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs			3 usec ·1usec		3 usec -1usec	
- 0.4					300Hz		300Hz	
Frequency Shift between Cells		Hz	Cell 3: -				-100Hz	
ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N/A		01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern			00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100		N/A	00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100 00000100	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0101010 0101010 0101010 0101010 0101010	1 1 1	N/A	01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101	N/A	
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		10101010 10101010 10101010 101010101010	0 0 0 0	N/A	10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010 10101010	N/A	
Number of control symbols	OFDM			3			3	
Max number of h				1			1	
Physical channel for			PUC	CH F	ormat 2	PUCCH	Format 2	
reporting Physical channel for	C _{CSI,1} CQI		PUS	CH (I	Note 12)	PUSCH	(Note 12)	
reporting PUCCH Report	Type			4	,		4	
Reporting perio		Ms		N_{pd} :			1 = 5	
cqi-pmi-Configurati	ionIndex	CIVI	6	i √pd -	N/A	6	N/A	
cqi-pmi-Configuration	onIndex2		5		N/A	5	N/A	

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 are the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.1.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for C_{CSI,0}.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for CCSI,1.

9.2.1.6 TDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥ 2 . For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.6-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 for Cell 1, C3.3-2 for Cell 2 and Cell 3, and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to RC.2 TDD in Table A.4-1 in subframes overlapping with aggressor cell ABS and non-ABS subframes shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time.

For test 1 and test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{\text{CSI},0}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

For test 2, if the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by median CQI obtained by reports in CSI subframe sets $C_{\text{CSI},1}$ is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER in non-ABS subframes using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER in non-ABS subframes using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.6-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit		Tes		Test 2			
			Cel		Cell 2 and 3	Ce	II 1	Cell 2 and 3	
Bandwidth		MHz			0			0	
PDSCH transmission			2		Note 10	2	2	Note 10	
Uplink downlink con Special subfra				<u> </u>	I			1	
configuration				4	4		4		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			3		-3		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			3		-3		
σ		dB		()		(0	
Propagation condit antenna configur			(Clause E	3.1 (2x2)		Clause	B.1 (2x2)	
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Not	e 1)	dB	4	5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	13	14	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	
(:)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (Note 7)		N/A	-98 (N	lote 7)	N/A	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (No	ote 8)	N/A	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A	
port	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-93 (No	ote 9)	N/A	-93 (N	lote 9)	N/A	
Subframe Configu	uration		Non-MI	BSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN		Non-MBSFN	
Cell Id			0 Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1		0 Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1		Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1		
Time Offset between	en Cells	μs			3 usec -1usec			3 usec -1usec	
Frequency shift betw	een Cells	Hz		Cell 2:	300Hz -100Hz		Cell 2:	300Hz -100Hz	
ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N/A	A	0100010001 0100010001	N	/A	0100010001 0100010001	
RLM/RRM Measu Subframe Pattern (000000		N/A		00001 00001	N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		010001 010001	10001	N/A	01000)10001)10001	N.A	
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}		100010	01000	N/A	10001	01000 01000	N/A	
Number of control symbols	OFDM				3			3	
Max number of F transmission				,	1			1	
Physical channel for reporting			F	UCCH	Format 2		PUCCH	Format 2	
Physical channel for reporting	C _{CSI,1} CQI		Р	USCH ((Note 12)		PUSCH	(Note 12)	
PUCCH Report Type			1		4			4	
Reporting periodicity		ms	1		= 5			= 5	
cqi-pmi-Configurati	onIndex		3		N/A	;	3	N/A	
cqi-pmi-Configuration	onIndex2		4		N/A	4	4	N/A	
C _{CSI,1} (Note 1 ACK/NACK feedba				Multip			Multin	l Dlexing	

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9].
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 12: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 13: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex is applied for C_{CSI,0}.
- Note 14: cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2 is applied for C_{CSI,1}.

9.2.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

The minimum requirements for dual codeword transmission are defined in terms of a reporting spread of the wideband CQI value for codeword #1, and their BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median of codeword #0 and codeword #1. The precoding used at the transmitter is a fixed precoding matrix specified by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. The propagation condition assumed for the minimum performance requirement is defined in subclause B.1.

9.2.2.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI_1 = wideband CQI_0 – Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.2.1-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	Test 1 Test 2			
Bandwidth		MHz	10				
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4				
$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		dB	-3				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3				
	σ	dB	0				
Propagation condit antenna configur	ration		Clause B.1 (2 x 2)				
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			010000				
SNR (Note 2)		dB	10	11	16	17	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-82	-81	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98			98	
Max number of HARQ transmissions			1				
Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting			PUCCH Format 2				
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2				
PUCCH Report Type for RI			3				
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$				
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			6				
ri-ConfigIndex			1 (Note 3)				

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: It is intended to have UL collisions between RI reports and HARQ-ACK, since the RI reports shall not be used by the eNB in this test.

9.2.2.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI_1 = wideband CQI_0 - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Parameter Unit Test 1 Test 2 Bandwidth MHz 10 PDSCH transmission mode 4 Uplink downlink configuration Special subframe 4 configuration -3 dB $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$ Downlink power $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$ dΒ -3 allocation dB 0 σ Propagation condition and Clause B.1 (2 x 2) antenna configuration CodeBookSubsetRestriction 010000 bitmap SNR (Note 2) dB 10 11 16 17 dB[mW/15kHz] -88 -87 -82 -81 dB[mW/15kHz] -98 -98 Max number of HARQ transmissions Physical channel for CQI/PMI PUSCH (Note 3) reporting PUCCH Report Type 2 Reporting periodicity ms $N_{pd} = 5$ cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex 3 ri-ConfigIndex 805 (Note 4) ACK/NACK feedback mode Multiplexing

Table 9.2.2.2-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (TDD)

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.
- Note 4: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification.

9.2.3 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (CSI Reference Symbols)

The minimum requirements for dual codeword transmission are defined in terms of a reporting spread of the wideband CQI value for codeword #1, and their BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median of codeword #0 and codeword #1. The precoding used at the transmitter is a fixed precoding matrix specified by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. The propagation condition assumed for the minimum performance requirement is defined in subclause B.1.

9.2.3.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI_1 = wideband CQI_0 – Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER

using the transport format indicated by the respective median $CQI_0 + 1$ and median $CQI_1 + 1$ shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.3.1-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Te	Test 1 Test 2			
Bandwidth		MHz	10				
PDSCH transmission mode			9				
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0				
allocation	P_c	dB					
	σ	dB	-3				
Cell-specific reference	ce signals			Antenna	ports 0, 1		
CSI reference si	gnals			Antenna p	orts 15,,18		
CSI-RS periodicity an	d subframe						
offset				5	5/1		
$T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-}}$							
CSI reference signal c			0				
Propagation condition and antenna			Clause B.1 (4 x 2)				
configuration Beamforming Model			As specified in Section B.4.3				
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap					00 0100 0000	,	
SNR (Note 2)		dB	7 8 13		14		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-91	-90	-85	-84	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		8		
Max number of HARQ transmissions			1				
Physical channel for CQI/PMI			PUSCH (Note3)				
reporting			FUSCH (Notes)				
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2				
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUCCH Format 2				
PUCCH Report Type for RI			3				
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$				
	CQI delay			8			
cqi-pmi-Configurat			2				
ri-ConfigInde				1			
Note 1: Reference me	easurement ch	annel RC.7 TDD acc	cording to Ta	able A.4-1 with	one sided dyn	amic OCNG	

Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.7 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5.

9.2.3.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.3.2-1: PUCCH 1-1 submode 1 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	Test 1 Test 2		st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz	10				
PDSCH transmission mode			9				
Uplink downlink con	ifiguration		2				
Special subframe co	nfiguration		4				
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0				
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0				
allocation	P_c	dB	-6				
	σ	dB	-3				
CRS reference s	ignals			Antenna	ports 0, 1		
CSI reference s	ignals				orts 15,,22		
CSI-RS periodicity an	d subframe						
offset				5	5/ 3		
$T_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$	-RS						
CSI reference signal c			0				
Propagation condition and antenna			Clause B.1 (8 x 2)				
configuration					, ,		
Beamforming Model					n Section B.4.		
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap					0000 0000 000		
SNR (Note 2)		dB	4	5	10	11	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-88	-87	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		98		
Max number of HARQ transmissions					1		
Physical channel for CQI/PMI			PUSCH (Note 3)				
reporting			FOSCIT (Note 3)				
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/second PMI			2b				
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUSCH				
PUCCH Report Type for RI/ first PMI			5				
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{pd} = 5$				
CQI delay		ms	10 or 11				
cqi-pmi-Configurat	ionIndex		3				
ri-ConfigIndex			805 (Note 4)				
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing				

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel RC.7 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 4: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification.

9.2.4 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (With Single CSI Process)

The minimum requirements for dual codeword transmission are defined in terms of a reporting spread of the wideband CQI value for codeword #1, and their BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median of codeword #0 and codeword #1. The precoding used at the transmitter is a fixed precoding matrix specified by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. The propagation condition assumed for the minimum performance requirement is defined in subclause B.1.

9.2.4.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.4.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.4-1 and C.3.4-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial

differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI_1 = wideband CQI_0 - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.4.1-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (FDD)

Dave		11.24	Test 1			Test 2			
Parameter		Unit	TP1 TP2			TP1 TP2			
Bandwidth		MHz	10						
PDSCH transmission mode			10						
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0		0	0		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0		0		0	
allocation (Note 1)	P _c	dB	-3	-3		-3	-3		
	σ	dB	-3	N/	A	-3	N.	/A	
Cell ID			O)			0		
Cell-specific refere	ence signals		Antenna ports 0, 1	(Note 2)		Antenna ports 0, 1	(Note 2)		
CSI reference	signals		Antenna ports 15,,18	N/A		Antenna ports 15,,18	N/A		
CSI-RS periodi subframe offset $T_{\mathbb{C}}$			5/1	N/	A	5/1	N,	/A	
CSI-RS config			0	N/	A	0	N/A		
Zero-Power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			1 / 001000000000 0000	1 / 1000000000 00000		1 / 00100000000 0000	1 / 10000000000 00000		
CSI-IM configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			1 / 001000000000 0000	N/A		1 / 001000000000 0000	N/A		
CSI process configuration Signal/Interference/Reporting mode			CSI-RS/CSI-IM/PUCCH 1-1		CSI-RS/CSI-IM/PUCCH 1-1		H 1-1		
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			Clause B.1 (4 x 2)	Clause (2 x		Clause B.1 (4 x 2)	Clause B.1 (2 x 2)		
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			0x0000 0000 0100 0000	1000	000	0x0000 0000 0100 0000	100000		
SNR (Note	e 3)	dB	20	6	7	20	14	15	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-78	-92	-91	-78	-84	-83	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98		-98				
Modulation / Info	d		(Note4)	QPSK / 4392		(Note4)	QPSK / 4392		
Max number of transmissi			1	N/A		1	N/A		
Physical channel f			PUSCH (Note5)	N/A PUSCH (Note5)		PUSCH (Note5)	N/A		
PUCCH Report CQI/PM	Type for		2	N/	N/A 2		N/A		
PUCCH Report T			3	N/A		3	N/A		
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/A		$N_{pd} = 5$	N.		
CQI Delay		ms	8			8	N/A		
cqi-pmi-Configur			2	N/		2	N/A		
ri-ConfigIn			1	N/	Α	1	N,	/A	
PDSCH scheduled sub-frames			1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			
Timing offset between TPs		us	0		0				
Frequency offset b		Hz	C		· · · · ·	0			
Noted. Defenses		nt abannal BC 10 I	TDD	Tabla / /	. مادان د ۱	منمد مصادات المصادات مصاد	COMO	N = 44 =	

Note1: Reference measurement channel RC.10 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 CRS have zero transmission power.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 4: Void

Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5.

9.2.4.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥2. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.4.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.4-1 and C.3.4-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI_1 = wideband CQI_0 - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 , median CQI_1+1 } for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0-1 and median CQI_1-1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0+1 and median CQI_1+1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.4.2-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	Test 2					
Parameter			TP1 TP2			TP1 TP2			
Bandwid		MHz	10						
PDSCH transmiss Uplink downlink co			10						
Special subframe of			2 4						
Opecial Submarile C		dB	0	0		0	0		
Downlink power	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$						0		
allocation (Note 1)	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0		0			
,	P _c σ	dB dB	-6 -3	-6 N/		-6 -3	-6 N/A		
Cell ID		иь	-5		Α		IN/A		
Cell ID				,		0			
Cell-specific refere	nce signals		Antenna ports 0, 1	(Note 2)		Antenna ports 0, 1	(Note 2)		
CSI reference	signals		Antenna ports 15,,22	N/	Α	Antenna ports 15,,22	N.	N/A	
CSI-RS periodi subframe offset $T_{\rm C}$			5/3	N/	A	5/3	N	/A	
CSI-RS config	uration		0	N/	A	0	N	/A	
Zero-Power C configurat I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPow bitmap	ion erCSI-RS		3 / 001000000000 0000	3 / 10000100000 00000		3 / 001000000000 0000	3 / 10000100000 00000		
CSI-IM configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			3 / 001000000000 0000	N/A		3 / 001000000000 0000	N/A		
CSI process configuration Signal/Interference/Reporting mode			CSI-RS/CSI-IN	M/PUCCH 1-1		CSI-RS/CSI-IM/PUCCH		 1-1	
Propagation condition and antenna configuration			Clause B.1 (8 x 2)	Clause B.1 (2 x 2)		Clause B.1 (8 x 2)	Clause B.1 (2 x 2)		
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			0x0000 0000 0020 0000 0000 0001 0000	100000		0x0000 0000 0020 0000 0000 0001 0000	100000		
SNR (Note 3)		dB	17	6	7	17	14	15	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-81	-92	-91	-81	-84	-83	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98		-98				
payload	Modulation / Information bit payload		(Note4)	QPSK / 4392		(Note4)	QPSK / 4392		
transmissi	Max number of HARQ transmissions		1	N/A		1 N		/A	
Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting			PUSCH (Note5)	N/A		PUSCH (Note5)	I INI/A		
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/second PMI			2b	N/A				/A	
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUSCH	N/A		PUSCH	N/A		
PUCCH Report Type for RI/ first PMI			5	N/A		5		/A	
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{\text{pd}} = 5$	N/A		$N_{\rm pd} = 5$		/A	
CQI Delay		ms	10 or 11 3	N/		10 or 11			
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex ri-ConfigIndex			805 (Note 6)	N/		805 (Note 6)	N/A N/A		
ACK/NACK feeds			Multiplexing	N/		Multiplexing			
PDSCH scheduled			3,4,			3,4,8,9			
Timing offset between TPs		us	0			0			
Frequency offset between TPs		Hz	0			0			

Note1:	Reference measurement channel RC.10 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern
	OP 1 TDD as described in Anney 4 5 2 1

- Note 2: REs for antenna ports 0 and 1 CRS have zero transmission power.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: Void
- Note 5: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 6: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification.

9.3 CQI reporting under fading conditions

9.3.1 Frequency-selective scheduling mode

The accuracy of sub-band channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency selective fading conditions is determined by a double-sided percentile of the reported differential CQI offset level 0 per sub-band, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest reported differential CQI offset level the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any sub-band in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that preferred sub-bands can be used for frequently-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the sub-band CQI reporting under frequency selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.1.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.3.1.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.1-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test		st 2	
Bandwidth		MHz	10 MHz			
Transmiss	sion mode			1 (p	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-	0	
allocation	σ	dB			0	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-89	-88	-84	-83
N	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		-98 -98		98	
_			Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu$).45 <i>μ</i> s,
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$			
Antenna co	onfiguration		1 x 2			
Reportin	Reporting interval		5			
CQI delay		ms	8			
Reporting mode				PUSCH 3-0		
Sub-band size		RB		6 (ful	l size)	
Max number of HARQ transmissions			1			

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Table 9.3.1.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
<i>α</i> [%]	2	2
β[%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test 2			t 2
Band	width	MHz		10 MHz		
Transmiss	ion mode		1 (port 0)			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		(0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		(0	
allocation	σ	dB		(0	
Uplink de configu					2	
Special s configu					4	
SNR (N	Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
$\hat{I}_{oi}^{()}$	j) r	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89 -88		-84	-83
N_a°	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		8	
Propagatio	Propagation channel		Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu\text{s}, a = 1,$ $f_D = 5 \text{Hz}$			
Antenna co	nfiguration		1 x 2			
Reporting	j interval	ms		5		
CQI c		ms		10 or 11		
Reportin	g mode			PUSC	CH 3-0	
Sub-bar	nd size	RB		6 (ful	l size)	
Max number of HARQ transmissions			1			
ACK/NACK feedback mode Multiplexing						
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)						

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Table 9.3.1.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β [%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.1.3 FDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.3-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.3-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band:
- b) the ratio of the throughput in ABS subframes obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set *S* shall be $\geq \gamma$;

c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER in ABS subframes for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to ε .

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.3-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parameter	Devemeter		Unit		Test 1		Test 2		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				Ce		Cell 2 and 3			
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			MHz						
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	PDSCH transmission			1	l l		-	•	
A A B O O O O O O O O O	Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$							
Propagation condition		$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$							
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		σ	dB					0	
Propagation condition Us, a = 1, fd Shz Correlation Correlat						EVA5		EVA5	
Antenna configuration	Propagation con	dition							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						correlation		correlation	
Cell 3: 10	Antenna configu	ration			1x		1		
$N_{oc}^{(j)} \text{ at antenna} \\ port \\ N_{oc2}^{(j)} \text{ at antenna} \\ port \\ N_{oc3}^{(j)} \text{ at antenna} \\ Port \\ N_{oc3}^{(j)} \text{ dBm/15kHz} \\ N_{oc3}^{(j)} \text{ dBm/15kHz} \\ N_{oc3}^{(j)} \text{ dBm/15kHz} \\ N_{oc3}^{(j)} \text{ dBm/15kHz} \\ Non-MBSFN \\$	\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Not	te 1)	dB	4	5		14 15		
N N N N N N N N N N			dDm/15kUz	00 (N	loto 7\		09 (Noto 7)		
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c } \hline \text{port} & N_{\alpha c2}^{-2} & \text{dBm/15kHz} & -93 (\text{Note 9}) & \text{N/A} & -93 (\text{Note 9}) & \text{N/A} \\ \hline & N_{\alpha c3}^{-1} & \text{dBm/15kHz} & -93 (\text{Note 9}) & \text{N/A} & -93 (\text{Note 9}) & \text{N/A} \\ \hline & \text{Subframe Configuration} & \text{Non-MBSFN} &$	$N^{(j)}$ at antonna		UDIII/ IOKHZ	-90 (IV	iote /)	NI/A	-96 (Note 7)	NI/A	
Non-MBSFN Non-MBSFN Non-MBSFN Non-MBSFN Non-MBSFN Cell Id			dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 8)		-98 (Note 8)		
Cell Id 0 Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1	port	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-93 (N	lote 9)	N/A	-93 (Note 9)	N/A	
Cell Id Cell 3: 1 Cell 3: 1	Subframe Configu	uration		Non-M	IBSFN				
Time Offset between Cells	Cell Id)		0		
S				Cell 3: 1					
Prequency Shift between Cells Hz Cell 3: -100Hz Cell 3: -100Hz	Time Offset between	en Cells	μs						
ABS pattern (Note 2) N/A 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01010101 01000100 00000100	Frequency Shift betw	een Cells	Hz		Cell 2:	300Hz	Cell 2:	300Hz	
ABS pattern (Note 2) N/A	Troquency Crim both	70011 00110	112		Cell 3: -		Cell 3:		
ABS pattern (Note 2) N/A									
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 3) CCSI.1	ABS pattern (No	ote 2)		N/	/A		N/A		
RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 4)	. ,	,							
RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 4) Subframe Pattern (Note 4) O0000100 O01010101 O1010101 O101010				0000	04.00	01010101	00000400	01010101	
N/A									
Cost Cost						N/A		N/A	
CCSI,0	Subtrame Pattern	(Note 4)							
Cost Cost									
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 3)									
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 3)		Coore				NI/A		N/A	
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 3)		OCSI,0				IN/A		IN/A	
C _{CSI,1}	CSI Subframe Sets								
C _{CSI,1}	(Note 3)								
10101010									
10101010 10101010		$C_{CSI,1}$				N/A		N/A	
Number of control OFDM symbols 3 3 Max number of HARQ 1 1 1 transmissions 1 1 1 CQI delay ms 8 Reporting interval (Note 13) ms 10 Reporting mode PUSCH 3-0									
symbols 3 3 Max number of HARQ transmissions 1 1 CQI delay ms 8 Reporting interval (Note 13) ms 10 Reporting mode PUSCH 3-0	Number of control	OEDM		1010					
transmissions 1 1 CQI delay ms 8 Reporting interval (Note 13) ms 10 Reporting mode PUSCH 3-0					3			3	
Transmissions CQI delay ms 8 Reporting interval (Note 13) ms 10 Reporting mode PUSCH 3-0	Max number of HARQ]	1			<u></u> 1	
Reporting interval (Note 13) ms 10 Reporting mode PUSCH 3-0			ma	 					
Reporting mode PUSCH 3-0		Note 13)		 					
			1110	1					
			RB						

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7]
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 are the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.1.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.3 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.
- Note 12: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 13: The CSI reporting is such that reference subframes belong to Ccsi.0.

Table 9.3.1.1.3-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β [%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
3	0.01	0.01
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.1.4 TDD (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and with CRS assistance information)

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.4-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.4-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput in ABS subframes obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $> \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER in ABS subframes for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to ε .

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD.

Table 9.3.1.1.4-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parameter		Unit		Tes			Tes	
			Се		Cell 2 and 3	Cell 1		Cell 2 and 3
Bandwidth		MHz			0	10		-
PDSCH transmission					Note 10	1		Note 10
Uplink downlink conf	iguration				1		1	
Special subframe configuration				4	4		2	Į
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		(0		C)
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0		C	
	σ	dB			0		C)
Propagation conditio	n		Clause with Td us, a = 5 l	= 0.45 1, fd =	EVA5 Low antenna correlation	Clause B.2 with Td = 0 us, a = 1, for 5 Hz	.45	EVA5 Low antenna correlation
Antenna configuratio	n			1)	x2		1>	(2
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2} (Note 1)		dB	4	5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10	14 1	5	Cell 2: 12 Cell 3: 10
(:)	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 7)	N/A	-98 (Note	7)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$ at antenna port	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	-98 (N	lote 8)	N/A	-98 (Note	8)	N/A
	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$	dBm/15kHz	,	lote 9)	N/A	-93 (Note	,	N/A
Subframe Configuration			Non-M	IBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSI	FN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id			(Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1			Cell 2: 6 Cell 3: 1
Time Offset between	Cells	μs	Cell 2: 3 usec Cell 3: -1usec		Cell 2: 3 usec Cell 3: -1usec			
Frequency shift betw	een Cells	Hz	Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz		Cell 2: 300Hz Cell 3: -100Hz		300Hz	
ABS pattern (Note 2))		N,	/A	0100010001 0100010001	N/A		0100010001 0100010001
RLM/RRM Measurer Subframe Pattern (N			00000		N/A	0000000 0000000		N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		01000 01000		N/A	01000100 01000100	-	N.A
(Note 3)	C _{CSI,1}			01000 01000	N/A	10001010 10001010		N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols				3	3		3	3
Max number of HARQ transmissions				,	1		1	
CQI delay		ms			1	0		
Reporting interval (N	ote 13)	ms				0		
Reporting mode					PUSC			
Sub-band size		RB			6 (full	size)		
ACK/NACK feedback	k mode			Multip	lexing	N	1ultip	lexing

- Note 1: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 2: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 3: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 4: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 5: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 6: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggressor cells. The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2, and Cell3 is the same.
- Note 7: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 8: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 9: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS.
- Note 10: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 and Cell 3 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.3 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.
- Note 12: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 13: The CSI reporting is such that reference subframes belong to Ccsi,0.

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
3	0.01	0.01
UE Category	≥1	≥1

Table 9.3.1.1.4-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

9.3.1.2 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.3.1.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.2.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.1.2.1-1 Sub-band test for FDD

Parameter		Unit	Te	Test 1 Test 2		
Band	width	MHz		10	MHz	
Transmission mode					9	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0	
allocation	P_c	dB			0	
	σ	dB			0	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	4	5	11	12
\hat{I}_{c}^{st}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-87	86
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-(-98 -98		
Propagation channel			Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_{_d}=0.45\mu\mathrm{s}$).45 <i>μ</i> s,
Fiopagalic	on channer		$a = 1, \ f_D = 5 \text{Hz}$			
Antenna co	onfiguration			2	x2	
Beamform	ning Model		As sp	pecified in	n Section	B.4.3
CRS refere	nce signals			Antenna	a ports 0	
CSI refere	nce signals		Α	ntenna p	orts 15,	16
	and subframe offset $/$ $\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$			5.	/ 1	
CSI-RS reference s	signal configuration				4	
	Restriction bitmap			000	0001	
Reporting interval (Note 4)		ms		5		
CQI delay		ms		8		
Reporting mode				PUSC	CH 3-1	
Sub-band size		RB		6 (ful	l size)	
Max number of HA	ARQ transmissions			•	1	
Note 1: If the UE	reports in an available	uplink reporting insta	nce at si	ubframe :	SF#n bas	ed on
CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband						

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.8 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 4: PDCCH DCl format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQl shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow aperiodic CQl/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#0 and #5.

Table 9.3.1.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	40	40
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.1.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.2.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set *S* shall be $\geq \gamma$;

c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.1.2.2-1 Sub-band test for TDD

Para	Unit	Te	Test 1 Test 2			
Bandwidth		MHz	10 MHz			
Transmiss	sion mode				9	
Uplink downlin	k configuration				2	
Special subfran	ne configuration			·	4	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0	
allocation	P_{c}	dB		-	0	
	σ	dB			0	
SNR (I	Note 3)	dB	4	5	11	12
\hat{I}_{ϵ}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-93	-87	-86
N	oc (j)	dB[mW/15kHz]	-(98	-6	98
5			Clause	B.2.4 wi	th $\tau_d = 0$).45 <i>µ</i> s,
Propagation	on channel			$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$		
Antenna configuration					x2	
	ning Model		As s	pecified in		B.4.3
CRS reference signals				Antenn	a port 0	
	nce signals			Antenna port 15,16		6
	and subframe offset			5	/ 3	
	/ $\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$					
	signal configuration				4	
	Restriction bitmap		000001			
	erval (Note 4)	ms	5			
	delay	ms		10		
	ng mode				CH 3-1	
Sub-ba	and size	RB	6 (full size)			
Max number of HA				1		
ACK/NACK feedback mode				Multip	lexing	
Note 1: If the UE	reports in an available	uplink reporting insta	nce at si	ubframe S	SF#n bas	ed on
	nation at a downlink su					bband
or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)						
Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.8 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two					'two	
	sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.					
	For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two					
	nd the respective want					
	OCI format 0 with a trig					
SF#3 and	I #8 to allow aperiodic	CQI/PMI/RI to be tran	smitted	on uplink	SF#2 an	id #7.

Table 9.3.1.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	40	40
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.2 Frequency non-selective scheduling mode

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under frequency non-selective fading conditions is determined by the reporting variance, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when the transport format transmitted is that indicated by the reported CQI compared to the case for which a fixed transport format configured according to the reported median CQI is transmitted. In addition, the reporting accuracy is determined by a minimum BLER using the transport formats indicated by the reported CQI. The purpose is to verify that the UE is tracking the channel variations and selecting the largest transport format possible according to the prevailing channel state for frequently non-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the CQI reporting under frequency non-selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.2.1 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)

9.3.2.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02

Table 9.3.2.1.1-1 Fading test for single antenna (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Bandwidth		MHz		10 l	ИНz	
Transmi	ssion mode		1 (port 0)			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
SNR	(Note 3)	dB	6	7	12	13
	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-92	-91	-86	-85
1	$V_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-6	98	-6	98
Propaga	tion channel		EPA5			
	ation and		High (1 x 2)			
	configuration		Tilgit (TX2)			
	ing mode		PUCCH 1-0			
	g periodicity	ms		N_{pd}	= 2	
	l delay	ms		8	3	
,	channel for		PUSCH (Note 4)			
	eporting				• •	
	Report Type			4	4	
	i-pmi- rationIndex		1			
	per of HARQ		1			
transmissions ' Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at						
subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the						
eNB downlink before SF#(n+4) Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 FDD according to Table A 4.1 for Catagony 3.8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OR 1.						

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and RC.4 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3.

Table 9.3.2.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.2.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;

c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

Table 9.3.2.1.2-1 Fading test for single antenna (TDD)

Parai	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Band	lwidth	MHz	10 MHz			
Transmiss	sion mode				ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB)	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
Uplink o	downlink uration			2	2	
Special	subframe uration			4	4	
SNR (I	Vote 3)	dB	6	7	12	13
		-				
	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-92	-91	-86	-85
	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-9	8
	on channel			EP	A5	
	tion and onfiguration			High ((1 x 2)	
	ng mode			PUCC	CH 1-0	
	periodicity	ms	$N_{\text{pd}} = 5$			
	delay	ms	10 or 11			
	hannel for		PUSCH (Note 4)			
	porting		4			
	eport Type pmi-				4	
	ationIndex			3	3	
	er of HARQ				4	
	issions				1	
	K feedback			Multin	lexing	
	ode			•	•	
		orts in an available u orts in an available u				-4 -4
		, this reported wide				
			bana oq	i carinot i	be applie	u at the
	eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 TDD according to Table				able	
			8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1			
		cribed in Annex A.5.2.1 and RC.4 TDD according to				
		for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG				
		1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.				
			quirements shall be fulfilled for at			
	least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input				ai input	
	evel. Fo avoid collis	sions between CQI	renorts ai	nd HARC)-ACK it is	s
r	necessary to	report both on PUS	CH instea	ad of PU	CCH. PD	CCH
		shall be transmitted				
p	eriodic CQI t	o multiplex with the	HARQ-A	CK on P	USCH in	uplink
	subframe SF#7 and #2.					

Table 9.3.2.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.2.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.3.2.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.2.1-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time:
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

Table 9.3.2.2.1-1 Fading test for FDD

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Band	width	MHz		10 MHz		
Transmiss	sion mode			Ç	9	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		0		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	P_c	dB		-	3	
	σ	dB		-	3	
SNR (I	Note 3)	dB	2	3	7	8
\hat{I}_{a}^{i}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-96	-95	-91	-90
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-6	8
Propagation channel				EPA5		
Correlation and antenna configuration			ULA High (4 x 2)			
Beamforming Model			As specified in Section B.4.3			
	Cell-specific reference signals				ports 0,1	
	nce signals		An	tenna po	rts 15,	18
	and subframe offset $^{\prime}$ $\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$			5	/1	
	signal configuration				2	
	Restriction bitmap		0x0	000 000	0 0000 0	001
Reportir				PUCC		
Reporting	periodicity	ms		N_{pd}	= 5	
CQI delay		ms	8			
Physical channel for CQI/ PMI reporting				PUSCH	(Note 4)	
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI					2	
PUCCH channel for RI reporting				PUCCH	Format 2	
PUCCH report type for RI				(3	
cqi-pmi-Confi	gurationIndex			- 2	2	
	igIndex				1	
Max number of HARQ transmissions					1	

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.7 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#0 and #5.

Table 9.3.2.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.3.2.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.2.2-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

Table 9.3.2.2.2-1 Fading test for TDD

Parameter		Unit	Tes	Test 1 Test 2		st 2	
Band		MHz		10 [ИHz		
Transmiss	sion mode				9		
Uplink downlin					2		
Special subfran	ne configuration			4	4		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()		
allocation	P_{c}	dB		-	6		
	σ	dB		-	-3		
SNR (f	Note 3)	dB	1	2	7	8	
\hat{I}_c^{i}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-97	-96	-91	-90	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	-98 -98		98	
Propagation channel			EPA5				
Correlation and antenna configuration			XP High (8 x 2)				
Beamforming Model			As sp	As specified in Section B.4.3		B.4.3	
CRS reference signals				Antenna ports 0, 1			
	nce signals		An	tenna po	rts 15,	,22	
	and subframe offset			5/	3		
$T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	$^{\prime}\Delta_{ extsf{CSI-RS}}$			3/	J		
CSI-RS reference s	signal configuration			-	2		
CodeBookSubset	Restriction bitmap		0x000	0 0000 0 0000	000 0020 0001	0000	
Reportir	ng mode		PUC	CH 1-1 (Sub-mod	le: 2)	
Reporting	periodicity	ms		$N_{\rm pd}$	= 5		
	delay	ms		10			
Physical channel for CQI/ PMI				PUSCH	(Note 4)		
reporting				2	lc		
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/ PMI Physical channel for RI reporting					.c Format 2		
PUCCH report type for RI					3		
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex					3		
	igIndex			805 (N			
	ARQ transmissions			000 (1	1		
				Multin	lexing		
7.01717.01116	ACK/NACK feedback mode		l	ividitip	ioxing		

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.7 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#2 and #7.
- Note 5: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification and the reported CQI in subframe SF#7 of the previous frame is applied in downlink subframes until a new CQI (after CQI/PMI dropping) is available.

Table 9.3.2.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.3.3 Frequency-selective interference

The accuracy of sub-band channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency selective interference conditions is determined by a percentile of the reported differential CQI offset level +2 for a preferred sub-band, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest reported differential CQI offset level the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any sub-band in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that preferred sub-bands are used for frequently-selective scheduling under frequency-selective interference conditions.

9.3.3.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)

9.3.3.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.3.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.3.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of +2 shall be reported at least $\alpha\%$ for at least one of the sub-bands of full size at the channel edges;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.3.1.1-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parai	neter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Band	width	MHz	10 MHz	10 MHz
Transmiss	sion mode		1 (port 0)	1 (port 0)
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0
allocation	σ	dB	0	0
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for	RB 05	dB[mW/15kHz]	-102	-93
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for F	RB 641	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -93	
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for R	B 4249	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -102	
\hat{I}_{a}^{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94 -94	
	er of HARQ issions		1	
			Clause B.2.4 wi	th $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu\text{s}$,
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$	
Reportin	g interval	ms	5	
Antenna co	onfiguration		1 x 2	
	delay	ms		8
	ng mode			CH 3-0
Sub-ba	nd size	RB	6 (ful	l size)

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Table 9.3.3.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	60	60
γ	1.6	1.6
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.3.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.3.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.3.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of +2 shall be reported at least $\alpha\%$ for at least one of the sub-bands of full size at the channel edges;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.3.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Band	width	MHz	10 MHz	10 MHz
Transmiss	sion mode		1 (port 0)	1 (port 0)
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0
allocation	σ	dB	0	0
configu			2	
Special s configi	subframe uration		4	
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for	RB 05	dB[mW/15kHz]	-102	-93
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for F	RB 641	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93	-93
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for R	B 4249	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93	-102
\hat{I}_o^{\prime}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-94
Max number transm	er of HARQ issions		1	
Dropogotic	n channal		Clause B.2.4 with	h $ au_d=0.45\mu\mathrm{s},$
Fiopagalic	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$	
Antenna co	onfiguration		1 x 2	
Reporting	g interval	ms	1 x 2	
	delay	ms	10 or 11	
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 3-0	
Sub-ba		RB	6 (full	size)
ACK/NACH	K feedback	onto in an annallable a	Multipl	

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 TDD according to table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.

Table 9.3.3.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
<i>α</i> [%]	60	60
γ	1.6	1.6
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.3.2 Void

9.3.3.2.1 Void

9.3.3.2.2 Void

9.3.4 UE-selected subband CQI

The accuracy of UE-selected subband channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency-selective fading conditions is determined by the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on the UE-selected subbands with the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any subband in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that correct subbands are accurately reported for frequency-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the subband CQI reporting under frequency-selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.4.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 2-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.3.4.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.1.1-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected subband among the best M subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each TTI for FDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the $N_{\rm PRB}$ entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.1.1-1 Subband test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Band	lwidth	MHz	10 MHz			
Transmis	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
\hat{I}_{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89	-88	-84	-83
N	oc (j)	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	8	-6	98
			Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.4$).45 <i>μ</i> s,	
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$			
	g interval	ms	5 8			
	delay	ms	-			
	ng mode			PUSC	H 2-0	
	er of HARQ				1	
	issions		0 (
	d size (k)	RBs	3 (full size)			
	f preferred nds (<i>M</i>)			Ę	5	
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)						
/	Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.5 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.					

Table 9.3.4.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.2	1.2
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.4.1.2 TDD

level.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.1.2-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected subband among the best M subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the N_{PRB} entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test 2			st 2
Bandwidth		MHz		10 MHz		
Transmis	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
config	downlink uration			2	2	
	subframe uration			4	4	
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
$\hat{I}_{.}$	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89	-88	-84	-83
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]] -98 -98)8	
Propagation channel			Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu$		$0.45 \mu s$,	
1 Topagation chamile			$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$			
Reportin	g interval	ms	5			
CQI	delay	ms	10 or 11			
	ng mode		PUSCH 2-0			
	er of HARQ				1	
	nissions		-			
	d size (k)	RBs	3 (full size)			
	of preferred nds (<i>M</i>)			į	5	
ACK/NAC	K feedback			Multip	lexing	
	ode		سمانمار سمس	•		
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4) Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.5 TDD according to Table						
A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2. Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.						

Table 9.3.4.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.2	1.2
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.4.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 2-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.3.4.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.2.1-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each TTI for FDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting

from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the $N_{\rm PRB}$ entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.2.1-1 Subband test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Te	st 1	Tes	st 2
Bar	ıdwidth	MHz	10 MHz			
Transmi	ssion mode		1 (port 0)			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
SNR	(Note 3)	dB	8	9	13	14
	$\hat{m{I}}_{or}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-90	-89	-85	-84
1	$V_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-(98	-9	18
			Clause	B.2.4 wit	th $\tau_{J} = 0$.45 μs
Propaga	tion channel			a = 1, f	$_D = 5 \mathrm{Hz}$	ŕ
Reportin	g periodicity	ms		N_{P}	= 2	
	l delay	ms	8			
	channel for eporting		PUSCH (Note 4)			
	Report Type		4			
	eband CQI		4			
	Report Type		1			
	band CQI		1			
	ber of HARQ			•	I	
	missions	DDa	6 (full size)			
	nd size (<i>k</i>) of bandwidth	RBs		o (Iuli	size)	
	rts (<i>J</i>)			3	3	
ρа	K				1	
cai-nmi-	ConfigIndex					
Note 1:		rts in an available u	ıplink ren		-	
	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)					
Note 2:	Reference measurement channel RC.3 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.					
Note 3:	For each test,	or each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at east one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input				
Note 4:	To avoid collis	sions between CQI report both on PUS				

bandwidth part) are to be disregarded and data scheduling according to the most recent subband CQI report for bandwidth part

CQI reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last

DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH

Note 5:

In the case where wideband CQI is reported, data is to be Note 6: scheduled according to the most recently used subband CQI report.

in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3.

Table 9.3.4.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.15	1.15
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.4.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.2.2-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the N_{PRB} entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.2.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Te	st 1	Tes	st 2
Bandwidth		MHz			MHz	
Transmis	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
config	downlink uration			2	2	
	subframe uration			4	4	
	Note 3)	dB	8	9	13	14
\hat{I}_{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-90	-89	-85	-84
N	r(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-(98	-9	8
Propagati	on channel		Clause	B.2.4 wit	th $\tau_d = 0$.45 μ s,
., ., 5				a = 1, f		
	periodicity	ms			= 5	
	delay	ms		10 c	or 11	
CQI re	channel for porting			PUSCH	(Note 4)	
	eport Type cand CQI		4			
	eport Type		 			
for subb	and CQI		1			
	er of HARQ		1			
	nissions d size (<i>k</i>)	RBs		6 (full	size)	
Number of	bandwidth ss (J)	1.22			3	
	.s (<i>0)</i> K				1	
cqi-pmi-C	onfigIndex				3	
ACK/NAC	K feedback			Multip	levina	
	ode					
Note 2:	Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.3 TDD according to Table			CQI able		
		e/two sided dynamic	OCNG	Pattern C	P.1/2 TD	D as
Note 3:	or each test,	d in Annex A.5.2.1/2. test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input				
Note 4:				CCH allow		
Note 5: 0	CQI reports for	F#7 and #2. for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last part) are to be disregarded and data scheduling the most recent subband CQI report for bandwidth part				
Note 6: In the case where wideband CQI is reported, data is to be scheduled according to the most recently used subband CQI report.			I			

Table 9.3.4.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.15	1.15
UE Category	≥1	≥1

9.3.5 Additional requirements for enhanced receiver Type A

The purpose of the test is to verify that the reporting of the channel quality is based on the receiver of the enhanced Type A. Performance requirements are specified in terms of the relative increase of the throughput obtained when the transport format is that indicated by the reported CQI subject to an interference model compared to the case with a white Gaussian noise model, and a requirement on the minimum BLER of the transmitted transport formats indicated by the reported CQI subject to an interference model.

9.3.5.1 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbol)

9.3.5.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.5.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.1.1-1 Fading test for single antenna (FDD)

Pa	rameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
	ındwidth	MHz	10 MHz		
Transm	nission mode		1 (p	ort 0)	
Сус	clic Prefix		Normal	Normal	
(Cell ID		0	1	
SIN	R (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A	
	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	N/A	
	ation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)	
	elation and configuration		Low (1 x 2)	(1 x 2)	
DIP	(Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41	
	eference ement channel		Note 2	N/A	
Repo	rting mode		PUCCH 1-0	N/A	
Reporti	ng periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 2$	N/A	
	QI delay	ms	8	N/A	
	al channel for reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)	N/A	
PUCCH	Report Type		4	N/A	
Config	qi-pmi- urationIndex		1	N/A	
	nber of HARQ smissions		1	N/A	
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4) Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and RC.4 FDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.					
Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3. Note 4: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering					

Note 4: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as

specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 5: Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The number of the CRS ports in both cells is the same. Intefering cell is fully loaded.

Note 6: Both cells are time-synchronous.

Note 7: Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.

Note 8: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.

Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern OP.1 FDD as defined in Annex A.5.1.1.

Table 9.3.5.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥1

9.3.5.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.3.5.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.1.2-1 Fading test for single antenna (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth	MHz	10 MHz	
Transmission mode		1 (po	ort 0)
Uplink downlink		,	2
configuration		4	
Special subframe			4
configuration		•	† -
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell ID		0	1
SINR (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98
Propagation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)
Correlation and		Low (1 x 2)	(1 x 2)
antenna configuration		LOW (TXZ)	(1 X Z)
DIP (Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41
Reference		Note 2 N/A	
measurement channel		Note 2 N/A	
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-0	N/A
Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/A
CQI delay	ms	10 or 11	N/A
Physical channel for		PUSCH (Note	N/A
CQI reporting		3)	
PUCCH Report Type		4	N/A
cqi-pmi-		3	N/A
ConfigurationIndex		3	IN/A
Max number of HARQ		1	N/A
transmissions		'	14//\
ACK/NACK feedback		Multiplexing N/A	
mode Note 1: If the UE repo	rts in an available u		·

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.1 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 2-8 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1 and RC.4 TDD according to Table A.4-1 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.
- Note 4: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.
- Note 5: Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. The number of the CRS ports in both cells is the same. Intefering cell is fully loaded.
- Note 6: Both cells are time-synchronous.
- Note 7: Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.
- Note 8: SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause 8.1.1.
- Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern OP.1 TDD as defined in Annex A.5.2.1.

Table 9.3.5.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥1

9.3.5.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.3.5.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.5.2.1-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.2.1-1 Fading test for single antenna (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth	MHz		MHz
Transmission mode			9
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal
Cell ID		0	1
SINR (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	N/A
Propagation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)
Correlation and antenna configuration		Low (2 x 2)	(1 x 2)
DIP (Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41
Cell-specific reference signals		Antenna ports 0,1	Antenna port 0
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	N/A
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset		5/1	N/A
CSI-RS reference signal configuration		2	N/A
Zero-power CSI-RS configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap	Subframes / bitmap	N/A	1 / 0010000000000 000
CodeBookSubsetRestr iction bitmap		001111	N/A
Reference measurement channel		Note 2	N/A
Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A
Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/A
CQI delay	ms	8	N/A
Physical channel for CQI/PMI reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)	N/A
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI		2	N/A
PUCCH channel for RI reporting		PUCCH Format 2	N/A
PUCCH Report Type for RI		3	N/A
cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		2	N/A
ri-ConfigIndex		1	N/A
Max number of HARQ transmissions		1	N/A

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.11 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#0 and #5.

Note 4: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} ' is defined by its associated DIP value as specified in clause B.5.1.

Note 5: Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell 2 is the interfering cell. Intefering cell is fully loaded.

Note 6: Both cells are time-synchronous.

Note 7: Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.

Note 8: SINR corresponds to \widehat{E}_{s}/N_{ac} of Cell 1 as defined in clause

8.1.1.

Note 9: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern

OP.1 FDD as defined in Annex A.5.1.1.

Table 9.3.5.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥2

9.3.5.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.5.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.3.5.2.2-2 and by the following

- a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP and that obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to a white Gaussian noise source shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- b) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index subject to an interference source with specified DIP, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater than or equal to 2%.

Table 9.3.5.2.2-1 Fading test for single antenna (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	
Bandwidth	MHz	10 MHz		
Transmission mode		9		
Uplink downlink			2	
configuration		•	۷	
Special subframe		4		
configuration				
Cyclic Prefix		Normal	Normal	
Cell ID		0	1	
SINR (Note 8)	dB	-2	N/A	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	
Propagation channel		EPA5	Static (Note 7)	
Correlation and		Low (2 x 2)	(1 x 2)	
antenna configuration				
DIP (Note 4)	dB	N/A	-0.41	
Cell-specific reference		Antenna ports	Antenna port 0	
signals		0,1		
CSI reference signals		Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	
CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset		5/3	N/A	
CSI-RS reference		2	N/A	
signal configuration		2	IN/A	
Zero-power CSI-RS				
configuration	Subframes /		3 / 001000000000	
/ _{CSI-RS} /	bitmap	N/A		
ZeroPowerCSI-RS			0000	
bitmap				
CodeBookSubsetRestr		001111	N/A	
iction bitmap				
Reference		Note 2	N/A	
measurement channel Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A	
	me	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/A N/A	
Reporting periodicity CQI delay	ms ms	10	N/A	
Physical channel for	1115	PUSCH (Note		
CQI/PMI reporting		3)	N/A	
PUCCH Report Type		,		
for CQI/PMI		2	N/A	
Physical channel for RI		PUCCH		
reporting		Format 2	N/A	
PUCCH Report Type			21/2	
for RI		3	N/A	
cqi-pmi-		_	NI/A	
ConfigurationIndex		3	N/A	
ri-ConfigIndex		805 (Note 9)	N/A	
Max number of HARQ		1	N/A	
transmissions		1	IN/A	
ACK/NACK feedback		Multiplexing	N/A	
mode				
Note 1: If the LIE reno	rts in an available u	inlink roporting inc	tanco at	

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.11 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#2 and #7.
- Note 4: The respective received power spectral density of each interfering cell relative to N_{oc} is defined by its associated DIP value as

	specified in clause B.5.1.
Note 5:	Two cells are considered in which Cell 1 is the serving cell and Cell
	2 is the interfering cell. Intefering cell is fully loaded.
Note 6:	Both cells are time-synchronous.
Note 7:	Static channel is used for the interference model. In case for white
	Gaussian noise model Cell 2 is not present.
Note 8:	SINR corresponds to \hat{E}_s/N_{oc} of Cell 1 as defined in clause
	8.1.1.
Note 9:	RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of
	160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK
	reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that
	CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be
	multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every
	160ms during performance verification and the reported CQI in
	subframe SF#7 of the previous frame is applied in downlink
	subframes until a new CQI (after CQI/PMI dropping) is available.
Note 10:	Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 applies OCNG pattern
	OP.1 TDD as defined in Annex A.5.2.1.

Table 9.3.5.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

γ	1.8
UE Category	≥2

9.3.6 Minimum requirement (With multiple CSI processes)

The purpose of the test is to verify the reporting accuracy of the CQI and the UE processing capability for multiple CSI processes. Each CSI process is associated with a CSI-RS resource and a CSI-IM resource as shown in Table 9.3.6-1. For UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 2 is configured and the corresponding requirements shall be fulfilled. For UE supports three CSI processes, CSI processes 0, 1 and 2 are configured and the corresponding requirements shall be fulfilled. For UE supports four CSI processes, CSI processes 0, 1, 2 and 3 are configured and the corresponding requirements shall be fulfilled.

Table 9.3.6-1 Configuration of CSI processes

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
CSI-RS resource	CSI-RS signal 0	CSI-RS signal 1	CSI-RS signal 0	CSI-RS signal 1
CSI-IM resource	CSI-IM resource 0	CSI-IM resource 0	CSI-IM resource 1	CSI-IM resource 2

9.3.6.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.6.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.6.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band for CSI process 1, 2, or 3;
- b) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least δ % of the time for CSI process 0;
- c) the difference of the median CQIs of the reported wideband CQI for configurated CSI processes shall be greater or equal to the values as in Table 9.3.6.1-3;
- d) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- e) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.6.1-1 Fading test for FDD

				Tes	et 1			Te	st 2	
Parameter		Unit	TP			2	TP1 TP2			
Band	dwidth	MHz	10 MHz			10 MHz				
Transmis	sion mode		10		1	0	10 10		0	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		0				(0	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0		0				
allocation	P_c	dB	-3		()	-	-3 0		
	σ	dB		-	3			-	3	
SNR (Note 7)	dB	10	11	7	8	14	15	9	10
\hat{I}_c	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-91	-90	-84	-85	-89	-88
N	r(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]		-6	98		-98			
Propagati	on channel		$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clause B.2.4.1}\\ \text{with}\\ \\ \tau_d = 0.45\mu\text{s},\\ \\ a = 1,\\ \\ f_D = 5\text{Hz} \end{array}$		EPA 5 Low $ au_d = 0$		Clause wi $\tau_d = 0$ $a = f_n = 0$	th .45 <i>μ</i> s,		
Antenna co	onfiguration		4x2)		k2	4x2		2)	
	ning Model				Section				Section	
Timing offset	between TPs	us	,		0)	
	et between TPs	Hz			0)	
Cell-specific re	eference signals				ports 0,1				ports 0,1	
	signal 0		Antenna 15,		N.	/A	Antenna ports 15,,18		N/	/A
$T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	\prime and subframe offset $/$ $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/1		N		5/1		N/	/A
CSI-RS 0 c	configuration		0 N/A				N/			
	signal 1		N/A Antenna po			N/A Antenna				
	CSI-RS 1 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		N/A		5.	5/1 N/A		5/	′ 1	
CSI-RS 1 configuration			N/A	4		5	N/A 5			
	RS 0 configuration verCSI-RS bitmap		1 / N/A 111000000000 0000		000000	Ν	/A	1 111000 00	000000	
I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPow	RS 1 configuration verCSI-RS bitmap		1 / 00100110000 N/A 00000		/A	1 / 00100110000 N/A 00000		/A		
	and subframe offset $/$ $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/1		5.	/1	5/1		5/	′ 1
CSI-IM 0 c	onfiguration		2			2	2	2	2	2
	and subframe offset $/$ $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/1		N.	/A	5.	/1	N/	/A
	onfiguration		6		N.	/A	(6	N/	/A
	and subframe offset $/$ $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		N/A	4	5	/1	N	/A	5/	′1
CSI-IM 2 c	onfiguration		N/A			1	N	/A	1	<u> </u>
	CSI-RS				RS 0				RS 0	
	CSI-IM			CSI-IM 0 CSI-IM 0						
	Reporting mode CodeBookSubsetR			PUCC	CH 1-1 PUCC		CH 1-1			
	estriction bitmap		0x00	000 000	0 0000 0	001	0x0000 0000 0000 00		001	
	Reporting periodicity	ms		$N_{pd} = 5$ N_{pd}		= 5				
CSI process 0	CQI delay	ms		11 11		1				
	Physical channel for CQI/ PMI reporting		F	PUSCH (Note 6) PUSCH (N						
	PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2	2		2			
	PUCCH channel		P	PUCCH Format 2				PUCCH	Format 2	

	for RI reporting					
	PUCCH report			3	,	3
	type for RI				`	,
	cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex			4	4	1
	ri-ConfigIndex			2	2	2
	CSI-RS			RS 1	CSI-	
	CSI-IM			-IM 0		IM 0
	Reporting mode			CH 3-1	PUSC	
	CodeBookSubsetR					
CSI process 1	estriction bitmap		000	0001	000	001
	Reporting interval					
	(Note 10)	ms		5		5
	CQI delay	ms	1	1	1	1
	Sub-band size	RB		l size)	6 (full	
	CSI-RS			CSI-RS 0		RS 0
	CSI-IM			-IM 1	CSI-	
	Reporting mode			CH 3-1	PUSC	
CSI process 2	CodeBookSubsetR		1 000) J-		
(For UE configured	estriction bitmap		0x0000 000	0 0000 0001	0x0000 000	0 0000 0001
single process)	Reporting interval					
onigio process)	(Note 8)	ms		5		5
	CQI delay	ms		8	8	
	Sub-band size	RB	6 (full size) (Note 9)		6 (full size) (Note 9)	
	CSI-RS	ΝD	CSI-RS 0		CSI-RS 0	
	CSI-IM			-IM 1	CSI-NS 0	
					PUSCH 3-1	
CSI process 2	Reporting mode		P030	PUSCH 3-1 PUSCH 3-1		,п 3-1
(For UE configured	CodeBookSubsetR		0x0000 000	0 0000 0001	0x0000 000	0 0000 0001
multiple	estriction bitmap					
processes)	Reporting interval (Note 10)	ms 5		5	5	
	CQI delay	ma.		1	11	
	Sub-band size	ms RB		e) (Note 9)		
		KD			6 (full size) (Note 9) CSI-RS 1	
	CSI-RS			RS 1		
	CSI-IM			-IM 2		IM 2
	Reporting mode		PUSC	CH 3-1	PUSC	л 3-1
CCI ======= 2	CodeBookSubsetR		000	0001	000	001
CSI process 3	estriction bitmap					
	Reporting interval	ms	5		5	
	(Note 10			4	4	<u> </u>
	CQI delay	ms		1	1	
001 / 5	Sub-band size	RB		l size)		size)
	DSCH scheduling		•	ocess 2		ocess 2
	II ID		0	6	0	6
Quasi-co-loc	ated CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
Quasi-co-lo	ocated CRS		Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID
			as Cell 1	as Cell 2	as Cell 1	as Cell 2
PMI for subframe	2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9		0x0000 0000 0000 0001	100000	0x0000 0000 0000 0001	100000
PMI for subfi	rame 1 and 6		0x0000 0000 0001 0000	100000	0x0000 0000 0001 0000	100000
Max number of HA	ARQ transmissions		1	N/A	1	N/A
		Under a management in a financia			N	o

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.12 FDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 from TP1.

Note 4: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1 and 6 from TP1.

Note 5: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 from TP2

Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#2 and #7.

Note 7: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 8: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#0 and #5.

Note 9: For these sub-bands which are not selected for PDSCH transmission, TM10 OCNG should be transmitted.

Note 10: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#2 and #7 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#1 and #6.

Table 9.3.6.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
α[%]	N/A	2	2	2
β[%]	N/A	40	40	40
δ [%]	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
γ	N/A	N/A	1.02	N/A
UE Category			<u>≥</u> 1	

Table 9.3.6.1-3 Minimum median CQI difference between configured CSI processes (FDD)

	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
CSI process 0	N/A	1	3
UE Category		≥1	

9.3.6.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.6.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.6.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band for CSI process 1, 2, or 3;
- b) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least δ % of the time for CSI process 0;
- c) the difference of the median CQIs of the reported wideband CQI for configurated CSI processes shall be greater or equal to the values as in Table 9.3.6.2-3;
- d) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- e) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test.

Table 9.3.6.2-1 Fading test for TDD

D		11-4		Tes	st 1			Tes	st 2	
Parameter		Unit	TF	TP1 TP2		T	TP1 TP2			
Bandwidth		MHz	10 MH:					10 MHz		
Transmission mode Uplink downlink configuration			10		10		10 10			
	ne configuration		2 4		2 4		2 4			<u>2</u> 4
Opecial Subital		dB	_) D	-	0		T	
Davidinkanovan	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			<u> </u>			()	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$				- 				-	
anocation	P_c	dB	-:)	-3)
CND /	σ (Note 7)	dB dB	10		3 7	8	1.1	15	3 9	10
	(Note 7)	-	10	11	-		14			10
I_{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-88	-87	-91	-90	-84	-85	-89	-88
N	τ(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]		-6	98			-6	98	
						ith			wi	B.2.4.1 ith
Propagati	on channel		EPA :	5 Low	$\tau_d = 0.45 \mu\text{s},$ $a = 1,$		EPA	5 Low	a =	.45 μs, = 1,
					$f_D = 5 \mathrm{Hz}$					= 5 Hz
	onfiguration ning Model		4) Ac co		Section	x2		x2 pecified in		K2
	between TPs	us	AS SP) Section	B.4.3	AS SL			B.4.3
	et between TPs	Hz			0		0			
	eference signals		Antenna ports 0,1			Antenna ports 0,1				
CSI-RS	signal 0		Antenna ports 15,, 18 N/A			na ports , 18	N.	/A		
CSI-RS 0 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$			5/	/3	N	/A	5	/3	N.	/A
CSI-RS 0 configuration			()		/A	(0		/A
CSI-RS signal 1						a ports 16	N	/A		a ports 16
CSI-RS 1 periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$			N,			/3		/A		/3
CSI-RS 1 c	configuration		N,	<u>/A</u>	5 3/		N	/A		5
Zero-power CSI-RS 0 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap			N,	/A	111000	000000 000000		/A	111000) 000000 000
Zero-power CSI-I I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPow	Zero-power CSI-RS 1 configuration I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPowerCSI-RS bitmap		00100° 000		N	/A	00100	3 / 110000 000	N.	/A
	and subframe offset $/$ $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5,	/3	5.	/3	5	/3	5.	/3
CSI-IM 0 c	onfiguration		2	2	2	2	2	2	,	2
	and subframe offset $/$ $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/	/3	N	/A	5	/3	N.	/A
CSI-IM 1 c	onfiguration		(3	N	/A	(6	N.	/A
	and subframe offset		N.	/A	5.	/3	N	/A	5,	/3
C.SI-IM 2 c	$/\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ onfiguration		N,	/A		1		/A		1
001 1111 2 0	CSI-RS		14/		RS 0	•	1		RS 0	•
	CSI-IM			CSI-	-IM 0			CSI-	·IM 0	
	Reporting mode			PUCC	CH 1-1			PUCC	CH 1-1	
	CodeBookSubsetR estriction bitmap		0x0	000 000	0 0000 0	001	0x0	000 000	0 0000 0	001
CSI process 0 Reporting periodicity		ms		N _{pd} = 5			N _{pd} = 5			
	CQI delay	ms		1	2			1	2	
	Physical channel for CQI/ PMI			PUSCH	(Note 6)		PUSCH (Note 6)			
	reporting PUCCH Report			2	2			2	2	

	Type for CQI/PMI					
	PUCCH channel		PUCCH	Format 2	PUCCH	Format 2
	for RI reporting					
	PUCCH report			3	3	
	type for RI				<u> </u>	
	cqi-pmi-		:	3	3	3
	ConfigurationIndex					
	ri-ConfigIndex			lote 10)	805 (N	
	CSI-RS			RS 1	CSI-	
	CSI-IM			-IM 0	CSI-	
	Reporting mode		PUSC	CH 3-1	PUSC	H 3-1
	CodeBookSubsetR		000	0001	000	001
CSI process 1	estriction bitmap		000	7001	000	001
	Reporting interval	ms		5	5	5
	(Note 9)	1110				
	CQI delay	ms		2	1	
	Sub-band size	RB	6 (ful		6 (full	
	CSI-RS			RS 0	CSI-	
	CSI-IM			-IM 1	CSI-	
	Reporting mode		PUSC	CH 3-1	PUSCH 3-1	
	CodeBookSubsetR		0x0000 0000 0000 0001		0x0000 0000 0000 0001	
CSI process 2	estriction bitmap					
	Reporting interval	ms		5		5
	(Note 9)	1115				
	CQI delay	ms	12		12	
	Sub-band size	RB		e) (Note 8)	6 (full size	
	CSI-RS			RS 1	CSI-	
	CSI-IM		CSI	-IM 2	CSI-	IM 2
	Reporting mode		PUSCH 3-1		PUSCH 3-1	
	CodeBookSubsetR		000	0001	000	001
CSI process 3	estriction bitmap		000	1001	000	001
	Reporting interval	ma		5	5	
	(Note 9)	ms				
	CQI delay	ms	1	2	12	
	Sub-band size	RB	6 (ful	l size)	6 (full size)	
CSI process for F	PDSCH scheduling		CSI pro	ocess 2	CSI pro	ocess 2
	II ID		0	6	0	6
Quasi-co-loc	cated CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
0	a a a ta al CDC		Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID
Quasi-co-i	ocated CRS		as Cell 1 as Cell 2 as Cell 1		as Cell 2	
PMI for subframe 4and 9			0x0000 0000	100000	0x0000 0000	100000
PIVII TOT SUD	irame 4ano 9		0000 0001	100000	0000 0001	100000
DMI for sub-	from 2 and 0		0x0000 0000	100000	0x0000 0000	100000
PIVII TOT SUDT	rame 3 and 8		0001 0000	100000	0001 0000	
Max number of H	ARQ transmissions		1	N/A	1	N/A
	eedback mode		Multiplexing	N/A	Multiplexing	N/A
	roporte in an available	unlink reporting inct				

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.12 TDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 4 and 9 from TP1.
- Note 4: TM10 OCNG is transmitted as specified in A.5.2.8 on subframe 3 and 8 from TP1.
- Note 5: TM10 OCNG is transmitted as specified in A.5.2.8 on subframe 3, 4, 8 and 9 from TP2.
- Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 7: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 8: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#7 and #2.
- Note 9: For these sub-bands which are not selected for PDSCH transmission, TM10 OCNG should be transmitted.
- Note 10: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification and the reported CQI in subframe SF#7 of the previous frame is applied in downlink subframes until a new CQI (after CQI/PMI dropping) is available.

Table 9.3.6.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
α[%]	N/A	2	2	2
β[%]	N/A	40	40	40
δ[%]	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
γ	N/A	N/A	1.02	N/A
UE Category	≥1			

Table 9.3.6.2-3 Minimum median CQI difference between configured CSI processes (TDD)

	CSI process 1	CSI process 2	CSI process 3
CSI process 0	N/A	1	3
UE Category		≥1	

9.4 Reporting of Precoding Matrix Indicator (PMI)

The minimum performance requirements of PMI reporting are defined based on the precoding gain, expressed as the relative increase in throughput when the transmitter is configured according to the UE reports compared to the case when the transmitter is using random precoding, respectively. When the transmitter uses random precoding, for each PDSCH allocation a precoder is randomly generated and applied to the PDSCH. A fixed transport format (FRC) is configured for all requirements.

The requirements for transmission mode 6 with 1 TX and transmission mode 9 with 4 TX are specified in terms of the ratio

$$\gamma = \frac{t_{ue}}{t_{rnd}} \, .$$

In the definition of γ , for PUSCH 3-1 single PMI and PUSCH 1-2 multiple PMI requirements, t_{rnd} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with precoders configured according to the UE reports;

For the PUCCH 2-1 single PMI requirement, t_{md} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding on a randomly selected full-size subband in set S subbands, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with both the precoder and the preferred full-size subband applied according to the UE reports;

For PUSCH 2-2 multiple PMI requirements, t_{rnd} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding on a randomly selected full-size subband in set S subbands, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with both the subband precoder and a randomly selected full-size subband (within the preferred subbands) applied according to the UE reports.

The requirements for transmission mode 9 with 8 TX are specified in terms of the ratio

$$\gamma = \frac{t_{ue, follow1, follow2}}{t_{rnd1, rnd2}}$$

In the definition of γ , for PUSCH 3-1 single PMI and PUSCH 1-2 multiple PMI requirements, $t_{follow1,follow2}$ is 70% of the maximum throughput obtained at $SNR_{follow1,follow2}$ using the precoders configured according to the UE reports, and $t_{md1,md2}$ is the throughput measured at $SNR_{follow1,follow2}$ with random precoding .

9.4.1 Single PMI

9.4.1.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.1.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.1.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.1.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		6
Propagation	on channel		EVA5
Precoding	granularity	PRB	50
Correlate antenna co	tion and Infiguration		Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 3-1
Reporting	g interval	ms	1
PMI dela	y (Note 2)	ms	8
Measurement channel			R. 10 FDD
OCNG Pattern			OP.1 FDD
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundan coding s	cy version equence		{0,1,2,3}

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity).

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting

instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.4.1.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.1
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.1.1.2-2.

Table 9.4.1.1.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Test 1		
Band	width	MHz	10		
Transmiss	sion mode		6		
Uplink d	lownlink		1		
	uration				
	subframe		4		
	uration				
	on channel		EVA5		
	granularity	PRB	50		
	tion and		Low 2 x 2		
antenna co	onfiguration				
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3		
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3		
allocation	σ	dB	0		
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98		
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 3-1		
	g interval	ms	1		
	y (Note 2)	ms	10 or 11		
Measureme	ent channel		R.10 TDD		
	Pattern		OP.1 TDD		
	er of HARQ		4		
	issions				
Redundancy version			{0,1,2,3}		
coding sequence			(0,1,2,0)		
	K feedback		Multiplexing		
	mode				
	shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance.				
+	ranamiaaian i	inatanaa			

If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting Note 2: instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Table 9.4.1.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.1
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 2-1 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.1.2.1 **FDD**

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.2.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.2.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	
Bandwidth		MHz	10	
Transmission mode			6	
Propagat	ion channel		EVA5	
Correla	ation and		1 0 1 4 1 2	
antenna d	onfiguration		Low 4 x 2	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6	
allocation	σ	dB	3	
	$V_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	
	delay	ms	8 or 9	
Report	ing mode		PUCCH 2-1 (Note 6)	
	periodicity	ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 2$	
	channel for		PUSCH (Note 3)	
	eporting			
	Report Type and CQI/PMI		2	
	Report Type			
	band CQI		1	
	nent channel		R.14-1 FDD	
	Pattern		OP.1/2 FDD	
	granularity	PRB	6 (full size)	
	of bandwidth	TIND	,	
	rts (J)		3	
K			1	
cgi-pmi-0	ConfigIndex		1	
	er of HARQ		4	
transr	nissions		4	
	ncy version		{0,1,2,3}	
	sequence			
			ne precoder shall be updated	
		(2 ms granularity).		
			plink reporting instance at	
			imation at a downlink SF not later	
			cannot be applied at the eNB	
downlink befo Note 3: To avoid collis		` ,	O ACK and widehand COI/DMI an	
			Q-ACK and wideband CQI/PMI or	
			eport both on PUSCH instead of	
PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlin SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the				
HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3. Note 4: Reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last bandwidth)				
part) are to be disregarded and instead data is to be transmitted				
the most recently used subband for bandwidth part with j=1.				
Note 5: In the case where wideband PMI is reported, data is to be				
		n the most recently (
			in DCI format 1B shall be mapped	
1,1010 0.			indicate the addbook index used	

Table 9.4.1.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

report on PUCCH.

to "0" and TPMI information shall indicate the codebook index used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of TS36.211 [4] according to the latest PMI

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.2.2-2.

Table 9.4.1.2.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Davas		I Imit	Toold
Parameter Bandwidth		Unit MHz	Test 1 10
		IVITZ	-
	sion mode		6
config	lownlink		1
	subframe		
config			4
Propagation			EVA5
Correla			
antenna co			Low 4 x 2
Downlink	$\rho_{_A}$	dB	-6
power	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6
allocation	σ	dB	3
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
PMI (delay	ms	10
Reportir	ng mode		PUCCH 2-1 (Note 6)
Reporting	periodicity	ms	N _P = 5
	hannel for		PUSCH (Note 3)
CQI re	porting		1 00011 (Note 3)
PUCCH Report Type			2
for wideband CQI/PMI			_
PUCCH Report Type			1
for subband CQI			D 44.4 TDD
Measurement channel OCNG Pattern			R.14-1 TDD
		DDD	OP.1/2 TDD
Precoding granularity Number of bandwidth		PRB	6 (full size)
			3
part	s (3) <		1
	onfigIndex		4
	er of HARQ		·
transmissions			4
Redundancy version			(0.4.2.2)
coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NACK fedback			Multiplaying
mo			Multiplexing
Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance. Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later			

- Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI/PMI or subband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 4: Reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last bandwidth part) are to be disregarded and instead data is to be transmitted on the most recently used subband for bandwidth part with j=1.
- Note 5: In the case where wideband PMI is reported, data is to be transmitted on the most recently used subband.
- Note 6: The bit field for PMI confirmation in DCI format 1B shall be mapped to "0" and TPMI information shall indicate the codebook index used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of TS36.211 [4] according to the latest PMI report on PUCCH.

Table 9.4.1.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.3 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.4.1.3.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.3.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.3.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode			9
Propagation	on channel		EPA5
Precoding	granularity	PRB	50
Correlat	tion and		Low
	onfiguration		ULA 4 x 2
Cell-specifi	c reference		Antenna ports
sigr	nals		0,1
CSI refere	nce signals		Antenna ports 15,,18
Beamform	ing model		Annex B.4.3
subfram	riodicity and ne offset $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/ 1
CSI-RS reference signal configuration			6
	SubsetRestr		0x0000 0000 0000 FFFF
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	Pc	dB	-3
	σ	dB	-3
N_{\cdot}	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 3-1
Reporting interval		ms	5
PMI delay (Note 2)		ms	8
Measurement channel			R.44 FDD
OCNG			OP.1 FDD
Max numbe transm			4
Redundan coding s	cy version		{0,1,2,3}
		rooder colection th	a procedor

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity).

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: PDSCH _RA= 0 dB, PDSCH_RB= 0 dB in order

to have the same PDSCH and OCNG power per subcarrier at the receiver.

Table 9.4.1.3.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1.3.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.3.2-2.

Table 9.4.1.3.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
	sion mode		9
Uplink downlink configuration			1
	subframe uration		4
	on channel		EVA5
	granularity	PRB	50
	onfiguration		8 x 2
Correlatio	n modeling		High, Cross polarized
	ic reference nals		Antenna ports 0,1
	nce signals		Antenna ports 15,,22
Beamform	ning model		Annex B.4.3
CSI-RS per subfran	riodicity and ne offset $/$ $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/ 4
CSI-RS	reference		
	nfiguration		0
CodeBooks	SubsetRestr bitmap		0x0000 0000 001F FFE0 0000 0000 FFFF
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	Pc	dB	-6
	σ	dB	-3
N	c(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
	ng mode		PUSCH 3-1
	g interval	ms	5
PMI dela	y (Note 2)	ms	10
Measurement channel			R.45-1 TDD for UE Category 1, R.45 TDD for UE Category ≥2
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1 TDD
	er of HARQ hissions		4
Redundar	ncy version sequence		{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing
Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder			ne precoder
Note 2:	shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity). If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the		
Note 3:	eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted		
Note 4:	on uplink SF#3 and #8. Example: Randomization of the principle beam direction shall be used as specified in B.2.3A.4		

Table 9.4.1.3.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	3
UE Category	≥1

9.4.1a Void

9.4.1a.1 Void

9.4.1a.1.1 Void

9.4.1a.1.2 Void

9.4.2 Multiple PMI

9.4.2.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 1-2 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.2.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.1.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.1.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		6
Propagation	on channel		EPA5
(only for re following		PRB	6
	tion and onfiguration		Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 1-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
	delay	ms	8
Measurement channel			R.11-3 FDD for UE Category 1, R.11 FDD for UE Category ≥2
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1/2 FDD
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundancy version coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}
Note 1: F	For random precoder selection, the precoders shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity). If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the		
	eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). e 3: One/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2		

Table 9.4.2.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2 shall be

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.1.2 **TDD**

used.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.1.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.1.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode			6
	downlink		1
config	uration		
	subframe uration		4
	on channel		EPA5
	granularity		2.7.0
(only for re following	porting and ng PMI)	PRB	6
	tion and onfiguration		Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 1-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
PMI delay		ms	10 or 11
Measurement channel			R.11-3 TDD for UE Category 1 R.11 TDD for UE Category ≥2
OCNG Pattern			OP.1/2 TDD
	er of HARQ		4
	issions		•
	icy version equence		{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing
shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance. Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-			e downlink plink reporting on PMI
4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 3: One/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2 shall be used.			oplied at the attern OP.1/2

Table 9.4.2.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.2 Minimum requirement PUSCH 2-2 (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.4.2.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.2.2.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.2.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		6
Propagation	on channel		EVA5
	tion and enfiguration		Low 4 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6
allocation	σ	dB	3
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
PMI delay		ms	8
Reporting mode			PUSCH 2-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
Measurement channel			R.14-2 FDD
OCNG Pattern			OP.1/2 FDD
Subband size (k)		RBs	3 (full size)
Number of preferred subbands (<i>M</i>)			5
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundancy version coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity)

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Table 9.4.2.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.2.2.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.2.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		6
	lownlink		1
configu			·
	subframe		4
	uration		EVA5
	on channel tion and		EVAS
	nfiguration		Low 4 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6
allocation	σ	dB	3
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
PMI delay		ms	10
Reporting mode			PUSCH 2-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
Measurement channel			R.14-2 TDD
	Pattern		OP.1/2 TDD
Subband size (k)		RBs	3 (full size)
Number of preferred			5
subbands (M)			
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundancy version coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoders shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.4.2.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.15
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.3 Minimum requirement PUSCH 1-2 (CSI Reference Symbol)

9.4.2.3.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.3.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.3.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Band	width	MHz	10
Transmiss			9
Propagation	on channel		EVA5
(only for re	granularity porting and	PRB	6
followin			
Correlat			Low
antenna co Cell-specifi			ULA 4 x 2 Antenna ports
sigr			0,1
CSI referer			Antenna ports 15,,18
Beamform			Annex B.4.3
T _{CSI-RS} /	ne offset $^{\prime}$ $\Delta_{ exttt{CSI-RS}}$		5/ 1
CSI-RS r signal cor	nfiguration		8
CodeBookS iction b	SubsetRestr		0x0000 0000 0000 FFFF
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0
allocation	Pc	dB	-3
	σ	dB	-3
N_{c}		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reportir			PUSCH 1-2
Reporting		ms	5
PMI	delay	ms	8
Measurement channel			R.45-1 FDD for UE Category 1, R.45 FDD for UE Category
OCNG	Pattern		≥2 OP.7 FDD for UE Category 1 OP.1 FDD for UE Category 2-8
Max number transm			4
Redundan coding s	cy version		{0,1,2,3}

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoders shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity).

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Void.

Note 4: PDSCH _RA= 0 dB, PDSCH_RB= 0 dB in order to have the same PDSCH and OCNG power per

subcarrier at the receiver.

Table 9.4.2.3.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.3
UE Category	≥1

9.4.2.3.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.3.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.3.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	
Bandwidth		MHz	10	
Transmiss			9	
configu			1	
Special s configi			4	
Propagation			EVA5	
	granularity			
(only for re following		PRB	6	
Antenna co	onfiguration		8 x 2	
Correlation	n modeling		High, Cross polarized	
Cell-specifi	c reference		Antenna ports	
sigr			0,1	
CSI refere	nce signals		Antenna ports 15,,22	
Beamform	ing model		Annex B.4.3	
CSI-RS per subfram	iodicity and		5/ 4	
CSI-RS r signal cor	eference		4	
CodeBookS iction I	SubsetRestr		0x0000 0000 001F FFE0 0000 0000 FFFF	
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	
power allocation	Pc	db	-6	
	σ	dB	-3	
N_{\cdot}	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	
Reportir			PUSCH 1-2	
Reporting		ms	5 (Note 4)	
PMI (delay	ms	10	
Measureme	ent channel		R.45-1 TDD for UE Category 1, R.45 TDD for UE Category ≥2	
OCNG Pattern			OP.7 TDD for UE Category 1 OP.1 TDD for UE Category 2-8	
Max number transm			4	
Redundan coding s	cy version		{0,1,2,3}	
ACK/NAC	K feedback		Multiplexing	
	or random p	l recoder selection, th	ne precoders	
shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity). Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SE#n based on PMI				

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-

4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: Void.

Note 4: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic

CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted

on uplink SF#3 and #8.

Note 5: Randomization of the principle beam direction

shall be used as specified in B.2.3A.4.

Table 9.4.2.3.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	3.5
UE Category	≥1

9.4.3 Void

9.4.3.1 Void

9.4.3.1.1 Void

9.4.3.1.2 Void

9.5 Reporting of Rank Indicator (RI)

The purpose of this test is to verify that the reported rank indicator accurately represents the channel rank. The accuracy of RI (CQI) reporting is determined by the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on the reported rank compared to the case for which a fixed rank is used for transmission. Transmission mode 4 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.1, transmission mode 9 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.2 and transmission mode 3 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.3, and transmission mode 10 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction in section 9.5.5.

For fixed rank 1 transmission in sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2 and 9.5.5, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to two single-layer precoders, For fixed rank 2 transmission in sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2 and 9.5.5, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to one two-layer precoder, For follow RI transmission in sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to select the union of these precoders. Channels with low and high correlation are used to ensure that RI reporting reflects the channel condition.

For fixed rank 1 transmission in section 9.5.3, the RI reporting is restricted to single-layer, for fixed rank 2 transmission in section 9.5.3, the RI reporting is restricted to two-layers. For follow RI transmission in section 9.5.3, the RI reporting is either one or two layers.

9.5.1 Minimum requirement (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.5.1.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.1.1-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.1.1-2.

Table 9.5.1.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Bandwidth		MHz	10			
PDSCH transmission	n mode			4		
$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		dB		-3		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3		
	σ	dB		0		
Propagation condit antenna configur				2 x 2 EPA5		
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction		01000	000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI		
Antenna correla	ation		Low	Low	High	
RI configuration	RI configuration		Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	
SNR		dB	0	20	20	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-98	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-98	-78	-78	
Maximum number o			1			
Reporting mod	de		PUC	CH 1-1 (Note 4)		
Physical channel for reporting	CQI/PMI		PL	JCCH Format 2		
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI			2			
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)			
PUCCH Report Type for RI				3		
Reporting periodicity		ms		$N_{pd}=5$	-	
PMI and CQI delay		ms		8		
cqi-pmi-Configurati	onIndex			6		
ri-Configuration	nInd			1 (Note 5)		

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between RI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic RI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 4: The bit field for precoding information in DCI format 2 shall be mapped as:
 - For reported RI = 1 and PMI = 0 >> precoding information bit field index = 1
 - For reported RI = 1 and PMI = 1 >> precoding information bit field index = 2
 - For reported RI = 2 and PMI = 0 >> precoding information bit field index = 0
- Note 5: To avoid the ambiguity of TE behaviour when applying CQI and PMI during rank switching, RI reports are to be applied at the TE with one subframe delay in addition to Note 1 to align with CQI and PMI reports.

Table 9.5.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
29	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.1.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.1.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.1.2-2.

Table 9.5.1.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Bandwidth	Bandwidth			10	
PDSCH transmission	on mode			4	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3	
	σ	dB		0	
Uplink downlink conf				2	
Special subfra configuration	า			4	
Propagation condit antenna configur			2 x 2 EPA5		
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI		
Antenna correla	Antenna correlation		Low	Low	High
RI configuration	on		Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI
SNR		dB	0	20	20
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98 -98		-98
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions			1		
Reporting mode			PUS	SCH 3-1 (Note 3)	
Reporting interval		ms	5		
PMI and CQI de		ms	10 or 11		
ACK/NACK feedback	ck mode		Bundling		

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Note 3: Reported wideband CQI and PMI are used and sub-band CQI is discarded.

Table 9.5.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
21	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.2 Minimum requirement (CSI Reference Symbols)

9.5.2.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.2.1-2 is defined as

a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;

b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.2.1-2.

Table 9.5.2.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
Bandwidth		MHz		10	
PDSCH transmission	n mode		9		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0	
allocation	Pc	dB		0	
	σ	dB		0	
Propagation condit	ion and			2 x 2 EPA5	
antenna configur				ZXZEFAS	
Cell-specific reference	e signals			ntenna ports 0	
Beamforming M	odel		As speci	fied in Section B.	4.3
CSI reference sign			Ante	nna ports 15, 16	
CSI-RS periodicit					
subframe offs				5/1	
$T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-II}}$					
CSI reference s				6	
configuration	า				
CodeBookSubsetRe	CodeBookSubsetRestriction		000011 for fixed RI = 1		
bitmap			010000 for fixed RI = 2		
·			010011 for UE reported RI		
Antenna correlation			Low	Low	High
RI configuration			Fixed RI=2 and	Fixed RI=1	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI
SNR		dB	follow RI 0	and follow RI 20	20
			-	-	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-98
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78
Maximum number of				1	
transmission					
Reporting mo				PUCCH 1-1	
Physical channel for	CQI/PMI		PI	JSCH (Note 3)	
	reporting				
PUCCH Report Type for CQI/PMI				2	
Physical channel for RI			DI	ICCH Format 2	
reporting			PU	CON FUIIIAL Z	
PUCCH Report Type for RI				3	
Reporting periodicity		ms		$N_{pd} = 5$	<u> </u>
PMI and CQI de		ms		8	
cqi-pmi-Configurati			2		
ri-Configuration	nInd		1 (Note 4)		
Note 1: If the LIE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SE#n based on PMI and				ad on PMI and	

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.9 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/ PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/ PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5
- Note 4: To avoid the ambiguity of TE behaviour when applying CQI and PMI during rank switching, RI reports are to be applied at the TE with one subframe delay in addition to Note 1 to align with CQI and PMI reports.

Table 9.5.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
2/1	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.2.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.2.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.2.2-2.

Table 9.5.2.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

Parameter	1	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	
Bandwidth		MHz		10		
PDSCH transmission	PDSCH transmission mode			9		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$			0		
Downlink power $ ho_{\!\scriptscriptstyle B}$		dB		0		
allocation	Pc	dB		0		
	σ	dB		0		
Uplink downlink con	figuration			1		
Special subfra configuration				4		
Propagation condit antenna configur	ration			2 x 2 EPA5		
Cell-specific reference	ce signals		A	ntenna ports 0		
CSI reference si			Ante	enna ports 15, 16		
Beamforming M			As spec	ified in Section B.	.4.3	
CSI reference s configuration	n			4		
subframe offs	CSI-RS periodicity and subframe offset $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$		5/4			
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI		2	
Antenna correla	ation		Low	Low	High	
RI configuration	RI configuration		Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	
SNR		dB	0	20	20	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-98	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78	
Maximum number of transmission			1			
Reporting mo	de			PUCCH 1-1		
Physical channel for CQI/ PMI reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)			
PUCCH report type for CQI/ PMI		_	2			
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUCCH Format 2			
Reporting periodicity		ms		$N_{\rm pd} = 5$		
PMI and CQI d		ms		10		
ACK/NACK feedback				Bundling		
cqi-pmi-Configurati				4		
ri-ConfigurationInd				11		

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: Reference measurement channel RC.9 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#3 and #8.

Table 9.5.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
71	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.3 Minimum requirement (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured)

9.5.3.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.3.1-2 is defined as

a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.3.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.3.1-2.

Table 9.5.3.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

Donomoton		l lmit	Te	est 1	Tes	st 2
Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 1	Cell 2
Bandwidth		MHz	10		1	•
PDSCH transmission		ID.	3	Note 10	3	Note 10
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3	-:	
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3	-3	
Propagation conditi	σ	dB		0	(
antenna configur				2 EPA5	2 x 2	EPA5
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	striction		01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	N/A	01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	N/A
Antenna correla	tion			OW	Lo	W
RI configuration	on		Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A
\widehat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	0	-12	20	6
	$N_{oc1}^{(j)}$		-98 (Note 3)	N/A	-102 (Note 3)	N/A
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	$N_{oc2}^{(j)}$	dBmW/15kH z	-98 (Note 4)	N/A	-98 (Note 4)	N/A
	$N_{oc3}^{(j)}$		-98 (Note 5)	N/A	-94.8 (Note 5)	N/A
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98	-110	-78	-92
Subframe Configu	ration		Non- MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Cell Id	<u> </u>		0	1	0	1
Time Offset between		μѕ	2.5 (synch	1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	2.5 (synchro	1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (10000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000	N/A	10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 8)	Ccsi,0		1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 0111111	N/A	10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A
Number of control OFDM Symbols			3	3	3	3
Maximum number of HARQ				1	1	
transmissions			6.10	•		
Reporting mode Physical channel for CQI				CH 1-0	PUCCH 1-0	
reporting	JI UQI		PUCCH	l Format 2	PUCCH	Format 2
PUCCH Report Type	for CQI			4	۷	ŀ

Physical channel for RI reporting			PUCCH Format 2		PUCCH Format 2		
PUCC	H Report Type for RI		3	3	3	3	
Re	porting periodicity	ms	N _{pd} =	= 10	$N_{\rm pd}$ =	= 10	
cqi-pn	ni-ConfigurationIndex		1	1	1	1	
ri-	-ConfigurationInd			5	5	5	
cqi-pm	ni-ConfigurationIndex2		1	0	1	0	
ri-	ConfigurationInd2		2	2	2	2	
	Cyclic prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	
Note 1:	If the UE reports in an ava a downlink subframe not downlink before SF#(n+4	later than SF#(
Note 2:	Reference measurement OCNG Pattern OP.1 FD				ole A.4-1 with one	sided dynamic	
Note 3:	This noise is applied in Coverlapping with the agg	•	#1, #2, #3, #5, ;	#6, #8, #9, #10	,#12, #13 of a sub	oframe	
Note 4:	This noise is applied in CABS.	OFDM symbols #	#0, #4, #7, #11	of a subframe	overlapping with t	he aggressor	
Note 5:	This noise is applied in a						
Note 6:							
Note 7:	Time-domain measurem	ent resource res	striction pattern	for PCell meas	surements as defi	ned in [7].	
Note 8:	Note 8: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].						
Note 9:							
Note 10:							

Table 9.5.3.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
2/1	0.9	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.5.3.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.3.2-2 is defined as

defined in Annex A.5.1.5.

a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.3.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.3.2-2.

Table 9.5.3.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

Parameter Unit Cell 1 Cell 2 Cell 1 Cell 2	Dozomotor		Unit Test1		st1	Test2		
PDSCH transmission mode Uplink downlink configuration 1	r ai ailietei							
Uplink downlink configuration Special subframe configuration P _A dB -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -			MHz	-	•			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				1		1		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				4	ļ	4		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			dB	-(3	-3	3	
Propagation condition and antenna configuration 2 x 2 EPA5 2 x 2 EPA5 2 x 2 EPA5			dB	-(3	-3	3	
Propagation condition and antenna configuration 2 x 2 EPA5 2 x	allocation		dB					
antenna configuration 01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI 12 11 for UE reported RI 13 12 12 12 13 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI 12 11 for UE reported RI 13 13 13 13 13 13 14 14	Propagation condit			2 v 2 l	EDA <i>E</i>	2 v 2 [EDA <i>E</i>	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	antenna configur	ation			EFAS	2 X 2 E	EPAS	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		estriction		fixed RI =	N/A	= 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE	N/A	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Antenna correla	ıtion			W	Lo	W	
N _{oc} N _o	RI configuration	on		RI=1 and	N/A		N/A	
No	\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	0	-12	20	6	
No		$N_{\rm ocl}^{(j)}$,	N/A	-102 (Note 4)	N/A	
Nocis General Part Nocis General Part Nocis Noci Nocis Noci	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	$N_{\text{oc}2}^{(j)}$	T	,	N/A	-98 (Note 5)	N/A	
Subframe Configuration Hz Symbols Symbols Symbols Subframe Sets (Note 9) Ccsl.1 Ccsl.1 Ccsl.2 Ccsl.0 Ccsl.1 Ccsl.1 Ccsl.1 Ccsl.2 Ccsl.0 Ccsl.1 Ccsl.0 Ccsl.1 Ccsl.0 Ccsl		$N_{\text{oc}3}^{(j)}$		``.	N/A	-94.8 (Note 6)	N/A	
Subframe Configuration	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		-	-98	-110	-78	-92	
Time Offset between Cells μs 2.5 (synchronous cells) ABS Pattern (Note 7) N/A 00000000 RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 8) 01 00000000 CCSI, 0 01 00000000 CCSI, 1 1001110 N/A 000000001 N/A 000000001 N/A 000000001 N/A 0000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 000000000000000000000000000000000000		ıration				Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	
ABS Pattern (Note 7) N/A O0000000 RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 8) CSI Subframe Sets (Note 9) CCSI,1 CCSI,1 N/A O00000000 O1 O0000000 O1 O00000000	Cell Id				· ·	0	1	
ABS Pattern (Note 7) N/A 00000000 001 RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 8) Cosl.0 Cosl.0 Cosl.1 N/A 000000000 N/A 0000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 0000000001 N/A 00000000001 N/A 000000000000000000000000000000000	Time Offset between	en Cells	μs	` •		2.5 (synchronous cells)		
RLM/RRM Measurement Subframe Pattern (Note 8)	ABS Pattern (No	te 7)			0000000 001 0000000	N/A		
CSI Subframe Sets (Note 9)				01 00000000	N/A		N/A	
C _{CSI,1}		C _{CSI,0}		01 00000000 01	N/A		N/Δ	
Symbols Maximum number of HARQ transmissions Reporting mode Physical channel for C _{CSI,0} CQI and RI reporting PUCCH Format 2 PUCCH Format 2				00 11001110			1.971	
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions 1 1 Reporting mode PUCCH 1-0 PUCCH 1-0 Physical channel for C _{CSI,0} CQI and RI reporting PUCCH Format 2 PUCCH Format 2				3	3	3	3	
Reporting mode PUCCH 1-0 PUCCH 1-0 Physical channel for C _{CSI,0} CQI and RI reporting PUCCH Format 2 PUCCH Format 2		f HARQ		1	<u> </u>	1		
Physical channel for C _{CSI,0} CQI and RI reporting PUCCH Format 2 PUCCH Format 2						•		
and RI reporting				PUCC	H 1-0	PUCCH 1-0		
	and RI reporti	o _{CSI,0} oqi na		PUCCH I	Format 2	PUCCH I	Format 2	
				4]	4		

Physical channel for C _{CSI,1} CQI and RI reporting		PUSCH (Note 3)		PUSCH (Note 3)	
PUCCH Report Type for RI		;	3	3	3
Reporting periodicity	ms	N_{pd}	= 10	N _{pd} = 10	
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multiplexing		Multiplexing	
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			8	8	
ri-ConfigurationInd		;	5	5	
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex2		9		9	
ri-ConfigurationInd2		0		()
Cyclic prefix		Normal Normal		Normal	Normal

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between RI/CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report them on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#9 to allow periodic RI/CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#3.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS
- Note 5: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 6: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 7: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 8: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7].
- Note 9: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 10: Cell 1 is the serving cell. Cell 2 is the aggressor cell. The number of the CRS ports in Cell 1 and Cell 2 is the same.
- Note 11: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern as defined in Annex A.5.2.5.

Table 9.5.3.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
71	0.9	1.05
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.5.4 Minimum requirement (CSI measurements in case two CSI subframe sets are configured and CRS assistance information are configured)

9.5.4.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.4.1-1, the minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.4.1-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$:
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

In Table 9.5.4.1-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggresso cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 9.5.4.1-1: RI Test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Bandwidth		MHz	10	10	10
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		3	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
Propagation conditi antenna configura			2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)	2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)	2x2 EPA5 (Note 2)
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	striction		01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
	N_{oc1}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-93 (Note 5)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.1-2 for each test	12	10
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15k Hz]	Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.1-2 for each test	-86	-88
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (Not	te 6)		N/A	10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		10000000 10000000 10000000 10000000 1000000	N/A	N/A
(Note 8)	C _{CSI,1}		01111111 01111111 01111111 01111111 0111111	N/A	N/A
Number of control OFDM symbols			3	Note 9	Note 9
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions			1	N/A	N/A
Reporting mode			PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for CQI			PUCCH format 2	N/A	N/A
reporting PUCCH Report Type	for COI		4	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for R			PUCCH Format 2	N/A	N/A
PUCCH Report Typ			3	N/A	N/A
Reporting period		ms	<i>N_{pd}</i> = 10	N/A	N/A

_						
	ni-ConfigurationIndex		11	N/A	N/A	
	ConfigurationInd		5	N/A	N/A	
cqi-pm	i-ConfigurationIndex2		10	N/A	N/A	
ri-(ConfigurationInd2		2	N/A	N/A	
	Cyclic prefix		Normal	Normal	Normal	
Note 1:	Downlink physical chan	nel setup in Cell	2 in accordance with	Annex C.3.3 app	lying OCNG	
	pattern OP.5 FDD as de	efined in Annex	A.5.1.5.			
Note 2:	The propagation conditi	ons for Cell 1, C	ell 2 and Cell 3 are s	tatistically indeper	ndent.	
Note 3:	This noise is applied in	OFDM symbols	#1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8	3, #9, #10,#12, #1	3 of a subframe	
	overlapping with the age					
Note 4:	This noise is applied in	OFDM symbols	#0, #4, #7, #11 of a s	subframe overlapp	ing with the	
	aggressor ABS.					
Note 5:	This noise is applied in					
Note 6:	ABS pattern as defined					
	PDCCH/PCFICH are tra					
	overlapped with the AB		ggressor cell and the	subframe is avail	able in the	
	definition of the reference					
Note 7:	Time-domain measuren	nent resource re	striction pattern for P	Cell measuremen	its as defined in	
	[7]					
Note 8:	As configured according		nain measurement re	source restriction	pattern for CSI	
	measurements defined					
Note 9:	The number of control C		s not available for AB	BS and is 3 for the	subframe	
	indicated by "0" of ABS					
Note 10:	If the UE reports in an a					
	estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot					
	be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 FDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided					
Note 11:					with one sided	
	dynamic OCNG Pattern					
	The number of the CRS			e same.		
Note 13:	SIB-1 will not be transm	itted in Cell2 and	d Cell 3 in this test.			

Table 9.5.4.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2} for Cell 1 (dB)	4	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$ for Cell 1 (dB[mW/15kHz])	-94	-78	-78
Antenna correlation	High for Cell 1, low for Cell 2 and Cell 3	Low for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3	High for Cell 1, low for Cell 2 and Cell 3
74	N/A	1.05	0.9
72	1.05	N/A	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2	≥2

9.5.4.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.4.2-1, the minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.4.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_{1}$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

In Table 9.5.4.2-1, Cell 1 is the serving cell, and Cell 2 and Cell 3 are the aggresso cells. The downlink physical channel setup for Cell 1 is according to Annex C.3.2 and for Cell 2 and Cell 3 is according to Annex C.3.3, respectively. The CRS assistance information [7] including Cell 2 and Cell 3 is provided.

Table 9.5.4.2-1: RI Test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Bandwidth			10	10	10
PDSCH transmissio	n mode		3	As defined in Note 1	As defined in Note 1
Uplink downlink conf	iguration		1	1	1
Special subframe con			4	4	4
	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3	-3	-3
anodaton	σ	dB	0	N/A	N/A
Propagation conditi			2×2 EPA5 (Note	2×2 EPA5	2×2 EPA5
antenna configur CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap			2) 01 for fixed RI = 1 10 for fixed RI = 2 11 for UE reported RI	(Note 2) As defined in Note 1	(Note 2) As defined in Note 1
	N_{oc1}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 3)	N/A	N/A
N_{oc} at antenna port	N_{oc2}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-98 (Note 4)	N/A	N/A
	N_{oc3}	dB[mW/15k Hz]	-93 (Note 5)	N/A	N/A
\hat{E}_s/N_{oc2}		dB	Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.2-2 for each test	12	10
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		Reference Value in Table 9.5.4.2-2 -86 for each test		-88
Subframe Configu	ration		Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN	Non-MBSFN
Time Offset betwee	n Cells	μs	N/A	3	-1
Frequency shift between	een Cells	Hz	N/A	300	-100
Cell Id			0	126	1
ABS pattern (No	te 6)		N/A	0000000001 0000000001	0000000001 0000000001
RLM/RRM Measur Subframe Pattern (I			0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
CSI Subframe Sets	C _{CSI,0}		0000000001 0000000001	N/A	N/A
(Note 8)	C _{CSI,1}		1100111000 1100111000	N/A	N/A
Number of control symbols	OFDM		3	Note 9	Note 9
Maximum number o transmissions			1	N/A	N/A
Reporting mod	de		PUCCH 1-0	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for 0 and RI reporting	Physical channel for C _{CSI,0} CQI		PUCCH format 2	N/A	N/A
Physical channel for C _{CSI,1} CQI and RI reporting			PUSCH (Note 14)	N/A	N/A
PUCCH Report Type for CQI			4	N/A	N/A
PUCCH Report Type for RI			3	N/A	N/A
Reporting periodicity		ms	<i>N_{pd}</i> = 10	N/A	N/A
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuration			8	N/A	N/A
ri-Configuration			5	N/A	N/A
cqi-pmi-Configuratio			9	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal	Normal
Cyclic prefix		<u> </u>	rvoimai	ivoimai	Homai

- Note 1: Downlink physical channel setup in Cell 2 in accordance with Annex C.3.3 applying OCNG pattern OP.5 TDD as defined in Annex A.5.2.5.
- Note 2: The propagation conditions for Cell 1, Cell 2 and Cell 3 are statistically independent.
- Note 3: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10,#12, #13 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 4: This noise is applied in OFDM symbols #0, #4, #7, #11 of a subframe overlapping with the aggressor ABS.
- Note 5: This noise is applied in all OFDM symbols of a subframe overlapping with aggressor non-ABS
- Note 6: ABS pattern as defined in [9]. PDSCH other than SIB1/paging and its associated PDCCH/PCFICH are transmitted in the serving cell subframe when the subframe is overlapped with the ABS subframe of aggressor cell and the subframe is available in the definition of the reference channel.
- Note 7: Time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for PCell measurements as defined in [7]
- Note 8: As configured according to the time-domain measurement resource restriction pattern for CSI measurements defined in [7].
- Note 9: The number of control OFDM symbols is not available for ABS and is 3 for the subframe indicated by "0" of ABS pattern.
- Note 10: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 11: Reference measurement channel in Cell 1 RC.2 TDD according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 12: The number of the CRS ports in Cell1, Cell2 and Cell 3 is the same.
- Note 13: SIB-1 will not be transmitted in Cell2 and Cell 3 in this test.
- Note 14: To avoid collisions between RI/CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report them on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic RI/CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.

Test 2 Test 1 Test 3 20 E_s/N_{ac2} for Cell 1 (dB) 20 4 -78 $\hat{I}_{cr}^{(j)}$ for Cell 1 (dB[mW/15kHz]) -94 -78 High for Cell 1, low for Low for Cell 1, Cell 2 High for Cell 1, low for Antenna correlation and Cell 3 Cell 2 and Cell 3 Cell 2 and Cell 3 0.9 N/A 1.05 N/A 1.05 N/A UE Category ≥2 ≥2 ≥2

Table 9.5.4.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

9.5.5 Minimum requirement (with CSI process)

Each CSI process is associated with a CSI-RS resource and a CSI-IM resource as shown in Table 9.5.5-1.

For UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 0 is configured for Test 1 and Test 2, but CSI process 1 is not configured for Test 2. The corresponding γ requirements for Test 1 and Test 2 shall be fulfilled. The requirement on reported RI for CSI process 1 in Test 2 is not applicable.

For UE supports multiple CSI processes, CSI process 0 is configured for Test 1 and CSI processes 0 and 1 are configured for Test 2. The corresponding γ requirements for Test 1 and Test 2 shall be fulfilled, and also the requirement on reported RI for CSI process 1 in Test 2.

Table 9.5.5-1 Configuration of CSI processes

	CSI process 0	CSI process 1
CSI-RS resource	CSI-RS signal 0	CSI-RS signal 1
CSI-IM resource	CSI-IM resource 0	CSI-IM resource 1

9.5.5.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.5.1-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;
- c) For Test 2, the RI reported for CSI process 1 shall be the same as the most recent RI reported for CSI process 0 if UE is configured with multiple CSI processes.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.5.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.5.1-2.

Table 9.5.5.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

		11.24	Tes	st 1	Te	st 2
Parameter		Unit	TP1	TP2	TP1	TP2
Bandwidth		MHz		MHz		ИНz
Transmission mode			10	10	10	10
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	(0)
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0	()
allocation	P_c	dB	0	0	0	0
	σ	dB	(0	()
SNR		dB	0	0	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-78	-78
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-(98	-(98
Propagation channel	el		EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 High
Antenna configurati			2x2	2x2	2x2	2x2
Beamforming Mode			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Section B.4.3	•	Section B.4.3
Timing offset betwe Frequency offset be		us Hz		<u>0</u> 0		<u>)</u>)
Cell-specific referen		112		a ports 0		a ports 0
CSI-RS signal 0	.oo e.gae		Antenna ports	N/A	Antenna ports	N/A
,	y and subframe offset		15,16		15,16	
$T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$			5/1	N/A	5/1	N/A
CSI-RS 0 configura	tion		0	N/A	0	N/A
CSI-RS signal 1			N/A	Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	Antenna ports 15,16
CSI-RS 1 periodicity $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	y and subframe offset		N/A	5/1	N/A	5/1
CSI-RS 1 configura	tion		N/A	3	N/A	3
Zero-power CSI-RS I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower(N/A	1 / 10000010000 00000	N/A	1 / 10000010000 00000
Zero-power CSI-RS I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower(CSI-RS bitmap		1 / 00110000000 00000	N/A	1 / 00110000000 00000	N/A
CSI-IM 0 periodicity $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	and subframe offset		5/1	N/A	5/1	N/A
CSI-IM 0 configurat	ion		2	N/A	2	N/A
CSI-IM 1 periodicity $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	and subframe offset		N/A	5/1	N/A	5/1
CSI-IM 1 configurat	ion		N/A	6	N/A	6
RI configuration			Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	N/A	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A
Physical channel fo	r CQI/PMI reporting		PUSCH (Note	N/A	PUSCH (Note	PUSCH (Note
PUCCH Report Typ	e for CQI/PMI		6)	N/A	6) 2	6) 2
Physical channel fo			PUCCH Format 2	N/A	PUCCH Format 2	PUCCH Format 2
PUCCH Report Typ	e for RI		3	N/A	3	3
	CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	N/A	CSI-RS 0	N/A
	CSI-IM		CSI-IM 0	N/A	CSI-IM 0	N/A
	Reporting mode		PUCCH 1-1	N/A	PUCCH 1-1	N/A
CSI process 0 (Note 7)	Reporting periodicity	ms	$N_{pd} = 5$	N/A	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$	N/A
(14016 /)	CQI delay	ms	8	N/A	10	N/A
	cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		6	N/A	6	N/A
	ri-ConfigIndex		1	N/A	1	N/A
	CSI-RS	·	N/A	N/A	N/A	CSI-RS 1
CSI process 1	CSI-IM		N/A	N/A	N/A	CSI-IM 1
(Note 7, Note 9)	Reporting mode Reporting		N/A	N/A	N/A	PUCCH 1-1
	periodicity	ms	N/A	N/A	N/A	$N_{\rm pd} = 5$

CQI delay	ms	N/A	N/A	N/A	10
cqi-pmi- ConfigurationIndex		N/A	N/A	N/A	4
ri-ConfigIndex		N/A	N/A	N/A	1
CSI process for PDSCH scheduling		CSI process 0		CSI process 0	
Cell ID		0	6	0	6
Quasi-co-located CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
Quasi-co-located CRS		Same Cell ID as Cell 1	Same Cell ID as Cell 2	Same Cell ID as Cell 1	Same Cell ID as Cell 2
PMI for subframe 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9		010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI	100000	000011 for fixed RI = 1 010011 for UE reported RI	N/A
PMI for subframe 1 and 6		100000	100000	100000	N/A
Max number of HARQ transmissions		1	N/A	1	N/A

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH
- Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.13 FDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 from TP1.
- Note 4: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1 and 6 from TP1.
- Note 5: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.1.8 is transmitted on subframe 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 from TP2 for Test 1; TP2 is blanked for Test 2.
- Note 6: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink SF#0 and #5.
- Note 7: If UE supports multiple CSI processes, CSI process 0 is configured as 'RI-reference CSI process' for CSI process 1.
- Note 8: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1 and #6 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#0 and #5.
- Note 9: If UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 1 is not configured in Test 2.

Table 9.5.5.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
21	N/A	1.0
72	1.0	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.5.5.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.5.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;
- c) For Test 2, the RI reported for CSI process 1 shall be the same as the most recent RI reported for CSI process 0 if UE is configured with multiple CSI processes.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.5.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.5.2-2.

Table 9.5.5.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

			Т	-	Т	-4.0
Para	ameter	Unit	TP1	st 1 TP2	TP1	st 2 TP2
Bandwidth		MHz		MHz		I <u>IFZ</u> MHz
Transmission mode	j	IVII IZ	10	10	10	10
Tranomiodion mode		dB	0		0	
	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$)
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	(0	'	J
allocation	P_{c}	dB	0	0	0	0
	σ	dB	(0	()
Uplink downlink cor	nfiguration		2	2	2	2
Special subframe c	onfiguration		4	4	4	4
SNR		dB	0	0	20	20
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-78	-78
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-(98	-(98
Propagation channe	el		EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 Low	EPA 5 High
Antenna configurat			2x2	2x2	2x2	2x2
Beamforming Mode	el		As specified in	Section B.4.3	As specified in	Section B.4.3
Timing offset between		us		0	()
Frequency offset be		Hz		0)
Cell-specific referen	nce signals			a ports 0		a ports 0
CSI-RS signal 0			Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	Antenna ports 15,16	N/A
CSI-RS 0 periodicit $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	y and subframe offset		5/3	N/A	5/3	N/A
CSI-RS 0 configura	ition		0	N/A	0	N/A
CSI-RS signal 1			N/A	Antenna ports 15,16	N/A	Antenna ports 15,16
CSI-RS 1 periodicit $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	y and subframe offset		N/A	5/3	N/A	5/3
CSI-RS 1 configura	ition		N/A	3	N/A	3
Zero-power CSI-RS I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower	6 0 configuration		N/A	3 / 10000010000 00000	N/A	3 / 10000010000 00000
Zero-power CSI-RS I _{CSI-RS} / ZeroPower			3 / 00110000000 00000	N/A	3 / 00110000000 00000	N/A
CSI-IM 0 periodicity $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$	and subframe offset		5/3	N/A	5/3	N/A
CSI-IM 0 configurat	tion		2	N/A	2	N/A
CSI-IM 1 periodicity	and subframe offset		N/A	5/3	N/A	5/3
$T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ / $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$						
CSI-IM 1 configurat	tion		N/A	6	N/A	6
RI configuration			Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	N/A	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	N/A
	CSI-RS		CSI-RS 0	N/A	CSI-RS 0	N/A
CSI process 0	CSI-IM		CSI-IM 0	N/A	CSI-IM 0	N/A
(Note 6, 7)	Reporting mode		PUSCH 3-1	N/A	PUSCH 3-1	N/A
, ,	Reporting Interval	ms	5	N/A	5	N/A
	CQI delay	ms	11	N/A	11 N/A	N/A
	CSI-RS CSI-IM		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	CSI-RS 1 CSI-IM 1
CSI process 1	Reporting mode		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	PUSCH 3-1
(Note 6, 7, 8)	Reporting Interval	ms	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	5 FUSCH 3-1
CQI delay		ms	N/A	N/A	N/A	11
CSI process for PDSCH scheduling		1110		ocess 0		ocess 0
Cell ID			0	6	0	6
Quasi-co-located C	SI-RS		CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1	CSI-RS 0	CSI-RS 1
			Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID	Same Cell ID
Quasi-co-located C	KS .		as Cell 1 010000 for	as Cell 2	as Cell 1 000011 for	as Cell 2
PMI for subframe 4	and 9		fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE	100000	fixed RI = 1 010011 for UE	N/A

	reported RI		reported RI	
PMI for subframe 3 and 8	100000	100000	100000	N/A
Max number of HARQ transmissions	1	N/A	1	N/A
ACK/NACK feedback mode	Multiplexing	N/A	Multiplexing	N/A

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH
- Note 3: Reference measurement channel RC.13 TDD according to Table A.4-1. PDSCH transmission is scheduled on subframe 4 and 9 from TP1
- Note 4: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.2.8 is transmitted on subframe 3 and 8 from TP1.
- Note 5: TM10 OCNG as specified in A.5.2.8 is transmitted on subframe 3, 4, 8 and 9 from TP2 for Test 1; TP2 is blanked for Test
- Note 6: Reported wideband CQI and PMI are used and sub-band CQI is discarded.
- Note 7: If UE supports multiple CSI processes, CSI process 0 is configured as 'RI-reference CSI process' for CSI process 1.
- Note 8: If UE supports one CSI process, CSI process 1 is not configured in Test 2.
- Note 9: PDCCH DCI format 0 with a trigger for aperiodic CQI shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3and #8 to allow aperiodic CQI/PMI/RI to be transmitted in uplink SF#7 and #2.

Table 9.5.5.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
24	N/A	1.0
72	1.0	N/A
UE Category	≥2	≥2

9.6 Additional requirements for carrier aggregation

This clause includes requirements for the reporting of channel state information (CSI) with the UE configured for carrier aggregation. The purpose is to verify that the channel state for each cell is correctly reported with multiple cells configured for periodic reporting.

9.6.1 Periodic reporting on multiple cells (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

9.6.1.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥3. For the parameters specified in Table 9.6.1.1-1 and Table 9.6.1.1-2, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2 on each cell, the difference between the wideband CQI indices of Pcell and Scell reported shall be such that

 $wideband \; CQI_{Pcell} - wideband \; CQI_{Scell} \geq 2$

for more than 90% of the time.

Table 9.6.1.1-1: Parameters for PUCCH 1-0 static test on multiple cells (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Pcell	Scell	
PDSCH transmission	n mode			1	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0	
Propagation condit antenna configur			AWGN (1 x 2)		
SNR			10 4		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88 -94		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		
Physical channel f reporting	or CQI		PUCCH Format 2		
PUCCH Report	Туре		4		
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 10$		
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			11	16 [shift of 5 ms relative to Pcell]	

Note 1: 3 symbols are allocated to PDCCH. No PDSCH for user data is scheduled for the UE with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Table 9.6.1.1-2: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

Test number		Bandwidth combination		
1		10MHz for both cells		
2		20MHz for both cells		
Note 1: The applicability of r		olicability of requirements for different CA configurations and		
bandwidth combination sets is defined in 9.1.1.2.				

9.6.1.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category ≥3. For the parameters specified in Table 9.6.1.2-1 and Table 9.6.1.2-2, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2 on each cell, the difference between the wideband CQI indices of Pcell and Scell reported shall be such that

 $wideband \; CQI_{Pcell} - wideband \; CQI_{Scell} \geq 2$

for more than 90% of the time.

Table 9.6.1.2-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test on multiple cells (TDD)

Parameter	Parameter		Pcell Scell		
PDSCH transmissio	n mode			1	
Uplink downlink conf	iguration		2		
Special subframe configuration				4	
Downlink power $ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		dB	0		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		0	
	Propagation condition and antenna configuration		AWGN (1 x 2)		
SNR	SNR		10	4	
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88 -94		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		
Physical channel for CQI reporting			PUCCH Format 2		
PUCCH Report Type			4		
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{\rm pd} = 10$		
cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex			8 13 [shift of 5 ms root to Pcell]		

Note 1: 3 symbols are allocated to PDCCH. No PDSCH for user data is scheduled for the UE with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Table 9.6.1.2-2: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Test number		Bandwidth combination		
1		20MHz for both cells		
Note 1:	The app	olicability of requirements for different CA configurations		
	and bandwidth combination sets is defined in 9.1.1.2.			

10 Performance requirement (MBMS)

10.1 FDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 10.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated. For the requirements defined in this section, the difference between CRS EPRE and the MBSFN RS EPRE should be set to 0 dB as the UE demodulation performance might be different when this condition is not met (e.g. in scenarios where power offsets are present, such as scenarios when reserved cells are present).

Table 10.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value			
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	None			
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15 kHz			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)		6 subframes			
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH		2			
Cyclic Prefix		Extended			
Note1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.					

ETSI

10.1.1 Minimum requirement

The receive characteristic of MBMS is determined by the BLER. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

For the parameters specified in Table 10.1-1 and Table 10.1.1-1 and Annex A.3.8.1, the average downlink SNR shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 10.1.1-2.

Parameter Unit Test 1-4 dB 0 $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$ Downlink power dΒ 0 (Note 1) $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$ allocation dΒ N_{oc} at antenna port dBm/15kHz -98 $P_{\scriptscriptstyle B}=0$.

Table 10.1.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing

Table 10.1.1-2: Minimum performance

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Referen	ce value	MBMS
number		Channel	Pattern	condition	Matrix and	BLER	SNR(dB)	UE
					antenna	(%)		Category
1	10 MHz	R.37 FDD	OP.4				4.1	≥1
			FDD					
2	10 MHz	R.38 FDD	OP.4	MBSFN			11.0	≥1
			FDD	channel	4vO lavv	4		
3	10 MHz	R.39 FDD	OP.4	model (Table	1x2 low	1	20.1	≥2
			FDD	B.2.6-1)				
	5.0MHz	R.39-1 FDD	OP.4	,			20.5	1
			FDD					

10.2 TDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 10.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated. For the requirements defined in this section, the difference between CRS EPRE and the MBSFN RS EPRE should be set to 0 dB as the UE demodulation performance might be different when this condition is not met (e.g. in scenarios where power offsets are present, such as scenarios when reserved cells are present).

Table 10.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value			
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	None			
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15 kHz			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)		5 subframes			
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH		2			
Cyclic Prefix		Extended			
Note1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is					

proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.

10.2.1 Minimum requirement

The receive characteristic of MBMS is determined by the BLER. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2-1 and Table 10.2.1-1 and Annex A.3.8.2, the average downlink SNR shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 10.2.1-2.

Table 10.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing

Parameter	i	Unit	Test 1-4			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)			
	σ	dB	0			
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98			
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.						

Table 10.2.1-2: Minimum performance

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Referen	ce value	MBMS
number		Channel	Pattern	condition	Matrix and antenna	BLER (%)	SNR(dB)	UE Category
1	10 MHz	R.37 TDD	OP.4			(/9)	3.4	≥1
			TDD					
2	10 MHz	R.38 TDD	OP.4	MBSFN			11.1	≥1
			TDD	channel	1x2 low	4		
3a	10 MHz	R.39 TDD	OP.4	model (Table	1 XZ 10W	'	20.1	≥2
			TDD	B.2.6-1)				
3b	5MHz	R.39-1 TDD	OP.4				20.5	1
			TDD					

Annex A (normative): Measurement channels

A.1 General

The throughput values defined in the measurement channels specified in Annex A, are calculated and are valid per datastream (codeword). For multi-stream (more than one codeword) transmissions, the throughput referenced in the minimum requirements is the sum of throughputs of all datastreams (codewords).

The UE category entry in the definition of the reference measurement channel in Annex A is only informative and reveals the UE categories, which can support the corresponding measurement channel. Whether the measurement channel is used for testing a certain UE category or not is specified in the individual minimum requirements.

A.2 UL reference measurement channels

A.2.1 General

A.2.1.1 Applicability and common parameters

The following sections define the UL signal applicable to the Transmitter Characteristics (clause 6) and for the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7) where the UL signal is relevant.

The Reference channels in this section assume transmission of PUSCH and Demodulation Reference signal only. The following conditions apply:

- 1 HARQ transmission
- Cyclic Prefix normal
- PUSCH hopping off
- Link adaptation off
- Demodulation Reference signal as per TS 36.211 [4] subclause 5.5.2.1.2.

Where ACK/NACK is transmitted, it is assumed to be multiplexed on PUSCH as per TS 36.212 [5] subclause 5.2.2.6.

- ACK/NACK 1 bit
- ACK/NACK mapping adjacent to Demodulation Reference symbol
- ACK/NACK resources punctured into data
- Max number of resources for ACK/NACK: 4 SC-FDMA symbols per subframe
- No CQI transmitted, no RI transmitted

A.2.1.2 Determination of payload size

The algorithm for determining the payload size A is as follows; given a desired coding rate R and radio block allocation N_{RB}

- 1. Calculate the number of channel bits $N_{\rm ch}$ that can be transmitted during the first transmission of a given sub-frame.
- 2. Find A such that the resulting coding rate is as close to R as possible, that is,

$$\min |R - (A + 24*(N_{CB} + 1))/N_{ch}|, where N_{CB} = \begin{cases} 0, if C = 1\\ C, if C > 1 \end{cases}$$
 subject to

- a) A is a valid TB size according to section 7.1.7 of TS 36.213 [6] assuming an allocation of $N_{\rm RB}$ resource blocks.
- b) C is the number of Code Blocks calculated according to section 5.1.2 of TS 36.212 [5].
- c) For RMC-s, which at the nominal target coding rate do not cover all the possible UE categories for the given modulation, reduce the target coding rate gradually (within the same modulation), until the maximal possible number of UE categories is covered.
- 3. If there is more than one *A* that minimises the equation above, then the larger value is chosen per default and the chosen code rate should not exceed 0.93.

A.2.1.3 Overview of UL reference measurement channels

In Table A.2.1.3-1 are listed the UL reference measurement channels specified in annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3 of this release of TS 36.101. This table is informative and serves only to a better overview. The reference for the concrete reference measurement channels and corresponding implementation's parameters as to be used for requirements are annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3 as appropriate.

Table A.2.1.3-1: Overview of UL reference measurement channels

Duplex	Table	Name	BW	Mod	TCR	RB	RB Off set	UE Cat eg	Notes
FDD, Ful	I RB allocation, QP	SK							
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		15	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	100		≥ 1	
	I RB allocation, 16-	QAM							
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		3	16QAM	1/2	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		5	16QAM	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		10	16QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		15	16QAM	1/2	75		≥ 2	
FDD Doo	Table A.2.2.1.2-1	ODCK	20	16QAM	1/3	100		≥ 2	
FDD, Par	Table A.2.2.2.1-1	QF3K	1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	1		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	3		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	4		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	5		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	8		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	9		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	10		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	12		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	16		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	18		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	20		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	24		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	27		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	30		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	32		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	36		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	40		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	45		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	48		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	54		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	60		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	64		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	72		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	80		≥ 1	

FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	81	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	90	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	96	≥ 1	
	rtial RB allocation,	16-OAM	20	QFSK	1/0	90	۱ -	
FDD, Fai	Table A.2.2.2.2-1	IO-QAIVI	1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	2	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	3	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	4	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	5	<u>- ·</u> ≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	6	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	8	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	9	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	10	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	12	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	15	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	16	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	18	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	20	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	24	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	25	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	27	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	30	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	32	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	36	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	40	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	45	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	48	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	50	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	54	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	60	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	64	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		15 - 20	16QAM	1/2	72	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1		20	16QAM	1/2	75	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	1/2	80	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	1/2	81	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	2/5	90	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		20	16QAM	2/5	96	≥ 2	
TDD, Ful	II RB allocation, QP	SK						
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		15	QPSK	1/5	75	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	100	≥ 1	
TDD, Ful	II RB allocation, 16-	QAM						
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	6	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		3	16QAM	1/2	15	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		5	16QAM	1/3	25	≥ 1	

TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		10	16QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1 Table A.2.3.1.2-1		15	16QAM	1/2	75		≥ 2	
	rtial RB allocation,	OBSK	20	16QAM	1/3	100		≥ 2	
TDD, Pai	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	1	l	> 1	
						1		≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3	3 4		≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20	QPSK	1/3				
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1 Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4 - 20 3 - 20	QPSK QPSK	1/3	5 6		≥1	
								≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1 Table A.2.3.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK QPSK	1/3	8 9		≥1	
-					1/3			≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		3 - 20	QPSK	1/3	10		≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1			QPSK	1/3	12		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	16		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	18		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	20		≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		5 - 20	QPSK	1/3	24		≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1 Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
-			10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	27		≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	30		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	32		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	36		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	40		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	45		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		10 - 20	QPSK	1/3	48		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/3	54		≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	60		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	64		≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		15 - 20	QPSK	1/4	72		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	80		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/5	81		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	90		≥ 1	
TDD Por	Table A.2.3.2.1-1	16 OAM	20	QPSK	1/6	96		≥ 1	
	rtial RB allocation,	16-QAW	4.4.00	400014	2/4	4	l	> 4	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	2		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	3		≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	4		≥1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4 - 20	16QAM	3/4	5		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	8		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	9		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	10		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		3 - 20	16QAM	3/4	12		≥ 1	

TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	15	≥	21
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	16	2	<u>:</u> 1
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/2	18	2	<u>:</u> 1
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	20	≥	<u>:</u> 1
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	5 - 20	16QAM	1/3	24	≥	21
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	25	≥	≥ 1
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	1/3	27	≥	21
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	30	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	32	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	36	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	40	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	45	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	10 - 20	16QAM	3/4	48	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	50	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	3/4	54	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	60	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	2/3	64	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	15 - 20	16QAM	1/2	72	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	1/2	75	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	1/2	80	≥	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	1/2	81	2	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	2/5	90	2	2 2
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1	20	16QAM	2/5	96	2	2 2

A.2.2 Reference measurement channels for FDD

A.2.2.1 Full RB allocation

A.2.2.1.1 QPSK

Table A.2.2.1.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/5	1/6
Payload size	Bits	600	1544	2216	5160	4392	4584
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	1728	4320	7200	14400	21600	28800
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1
Note 1: If more than one Code Block is	present, ar	n addition	al CRC s	equence	of $L = 24$	Bits is a	ttached
to each Code Block (otherwise	L = 0 Bit						

A.2.2.1.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.2.1.2-1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100		
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM		
Target Coding rate		3/4	1/2	1/3	3/4	1/2	1/3		
Payload size	Bits	2600	4264	4968	21384	21384	19848		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	4	4	4		
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	3456	8640	14400	28800	43200	57600		
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400		
UE Category		≥1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 2		
Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)									

A.2.2.1.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.2.2 Partial RB allocation

For each channel bandwidth, various partial RB allocations are specified. The number of allocated RBs is chosen according to values specified in the Tx and Rx requirements. The single allocated RB case is included.

The allocated RBs are contiguous and start from one end of the channel bandwidth. A single allocated RB is at one end of the channel bandwidth.

A.2.2.2.1 QPSK

Table A.2.2.2.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with partial RB allocation

Paramet er	Ch BW	Allocate d RBs	DFT- OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame	Mod'n	Target Coding rate	Payload size	Transpo rt block CRC	Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)	Total number of bits per Sub- Frame	Total symbols per Sub- Frame	UE Categor y
Unit	MHz					Bits	Bits		Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	12	QPSK	1/3	72	24	1	288	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	12	QPSK	1/3	176	24	1	576	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	12	QPSK	1/3	256	24	1	864	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	12	QPSK	1/3	392	24	1	1152	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	12	QPSK	1/3	424	24	1	1440	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	12	QPSK	1/3	600	24	1	1728	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	12	QPSK	1/3	808	24	1	2304	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	12	QPSK	1/3	776	24	1	2592	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	12	QPSK	1/3	872	24	1	2880	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	12	QPSK	1/3	1224	24	1	3456	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	12	QPSK	1/3	1320	24	1	4320	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	12	QPSK	1/3	1384	24	1	4608	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	12	QPSK	1/3	1864	24	1	5184	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	12	QPSK	1/3	1736	24	1	5760	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	12	QPSK	1/3	2472	24	1	6912	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	12	QPSK	1/3	2216	24	1	7200	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	7776	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	12	QPSK	1/3	2664	24	1	8640	4320	≥ 1
	10-20	32	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	9216	4608	≥ 1
	10-20	36	12	QPSK	1/3	3752	24	1	10368	5184	≥ 1
	10-20	40	12	QPSK	1/3	4136	24	1	11520	5760	≥ 1
	10-20	45	12	QPSK	1/3	4008	24	1	12960	6480	≥ 1
	10-20	48	12	QPSK	1/3	4264	24	1	13824	6912	≥ 1
	15 - 20	50	12	QPSK	1/3	5160	24	1	14400	7200	≥ 1
	15 - 20	54	12	QPSK	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	7776	≥ 1
	15 - 20	60	12	QPSK	1/4	4264	24	1	17280	8640	≥ 1
	15 - 20	64	12	QPSK	1/4	4584	24	1	18432	9216	≥1
	15 - 20	72	12	QPSK	1/4	5160	24	1	20736	10368	≥ 1
	20	75	12	QPSK	1/5	4392	24	1	21600	10800	≥ 1
	20	80	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23040	11520	≥1
	20	81	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23328	11664	≥ 1
	20	90	12	QPSK	1/6	4008	24	1	25920	12960	≥1
	20	96	12	QPSK	1/6	4264	24	1	27648	13824	≥ 1

A.2.2.2.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.2.2.1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Paramet er	Ch BW	Allocate d RBs	DFT- OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame	Mod'n	Target Coding rate	Payload size	Transpo rt block CRC	Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)	Total number of bits per Sub- Frame	Total symbols per Sub- Frame	UE Categor y
Unit	MHz					Bits	Bits	`	Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	12	16QAM	3/4	408	24	1	576	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	12	16QAM	3/4	840	24	1	1152	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	12	16QAM	3/4	1288	24	1	1728	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	12	16QAM	3/4	1736	24	1	2304	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	12	16QAM	3/4	2152	24	1	2880	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	12	16QAM	3/4	2600	24	1	3456	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	12	16QAM	3/4	3496	24	1	4608	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	12	16QAM	3/4	3880	24	1	5184	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	12	16QAM	3/4	4264	24	1	5760	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	12	16QAM	3/4	5160	24	1	6912	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	12	16QAM	1/2	4264	24	1	8640	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	12	16QAM	1/2	4584	24	1	9216	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	12	16QAM	1/2	5160	24	1	10368	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	12	16QAM	1/3	4008	24	1	11520	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	13824	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	12	16QAM	1/3	4968	24	1	14400	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	12	16QAM	3/4	12960	24	3	17280	4320	≥ 2
	10-20	32	12	16QAM	3/4	13536	24	3	18432	4608	≥ 2
	10-20	36	12	16QAM	3/4	15264	24	3	20736	5184	≥2
	10-20	40	12	16QAM	3/4	16992	24	3	23040	5760	≥ 2
	10-20	45	12	16QAM	3/4	19080	24	4	25920	6480	≥ 2
	10-20	48	12	16QAM	3/4	20616	24	4	27648	6912	≥ 2
	15 - 20	50	12	16QAM	3/4	21384	24	4	28800	7200	≥ 2
	15 - 20	54	12	16QAM	3/4	22920	24	4	31104	7776	≥ 2
	15 - 20	60	12	16QAM	2/3	23688	24	4	34560	8640	≥ 2
	15 - 20	64	12	16QAM	2/3	25456	24	4	36864	9216	≥ 2
	15 - 20	72	12	16QAM	1/2	20616	24	4	41472	10368	≥ 2
	20	75	12	16QAM	1/2	21384	24	4	43200	10800	≥2
	20	80	12	16QAM	1/2	22920	24	4	46080	11520	≥ 2
	20	81	12	16QAM	1/2	22920	24	4	46656	11664	≥2
	20	90	12	16QAM	2/5	20616	24	4	51840	12960	≥2
	20	96	12	16QAM	2/5	22152	24	4	55296	13824	≥ 2

A.2.2.2.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.2.3 Void

Table A.2.2.3-1: Void

A.2.3 Reference measurement channels for TDD

For TDD, the measurement channel is based on DL/UL configuration ratio of 2DL:2UL.

A.2.3.1 Full RB allocation

A.2.3.1.1 QPSK

Table A.2.3.1.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/5	1/6
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	600	1544	2216	5160	4392	4584
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 1)							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	1728	4320	7200	14400	21600	28800
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category	•	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.1.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.3.1.2-1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	1/2	1/3	3/4	1/2	1/3
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	2600	4264	4968	21384	21384	19848
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1	1	1	4	4	4
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	3456	8640	14400	28800	43200	57600
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥1	≥1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥2

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.1.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.3.2 Partial RB allocation

For each channel bandwidth, various partial RB allocations are specified. The number of allocated RBs is chosen according to values specified in the Tx and Rx requirements. The single allocated RB case is included.

The allocated RBs are contiguous and start from one end of the channel bandwidth. A single allocated RB is at one end of the channel bandwidth.

A.2.3.2.1 QPSK

Table A.2.3.2.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parame	Ch BW	Allocat	UDL	DFT-	Mod'n	Target	Payloa	Transp	Number	Total	Total	UE
ter		ed RBs	Configu	OFDM		Coding	d size	ort	of code	number	symbol	Categor
			ration	Symbol		rate	for	block	blocks	of bits	s per	y
			(Note 2)	s per			Sub-	CRC	per	per	Sub-	-
				Sub-			Frame		Sub-	Sub-	Frame	
				Frame			2, 3, 7,		Frame	Frame	for	
							8		(Note 1)	for	Sub-	
										Sub-	Frame	
										Frame	2, 3, 7,	
										2, 3, 7,	8	
ļ										8		
Unit	MHz						Bits	Bits		Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	1	12	QPSK	1/3	72	24	1	288	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	1	12	QPSK	1/3	176	24	1	576	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	1	12	QPSK	1/3	256	24	1	864	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	1	12	QPSK	1/3	392	24	1	1152	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	1	12	QPSK	1/3	424	24	1	1440	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	1	12	QPSK	1/3	600	24	1	1728	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	1	12	QPSK	1/3	808	24	1	2304	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	1	12	QPSK	1/3	776	24	1	2592	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	1	12	QPSK	1/3	872	24	1	2880	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1224	24	1	3456	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1320	24	1	4320	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1384	24	1	4608	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1864	24	1	5184	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	1	12	QPSK	1/3	1736	24	1	5760	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2472	24	1	6912	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2216	24	1	7200	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	7776	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2664	24	1	8640	4320	≥ 1
	10-20	32	1	12	QPSK	1/3	2792	24	1	9216	4608	≥ 1
	10-20	36	1	12	QPSK	1/3	3752	24	1	10368	5184	≥ 1
	10-20	40	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4136	24	1	11520	5760	≥ 1
	10-20	45	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4008	24	1	12960	6480	≥ 1
	10-20	48	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4264	24	1	13824	6912	≥ 1
	15 - 20	50	1	12	QPSK	1/3	5160	24	1	14400	7200	≥ 1
	15 - 20	54	1	12	QPSK	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	7776	≥ 1
	15 - 20	60	1	12	QPSK	1/4	4264	24	1	17280	8640	≥ 1
	15 - 20	64	1	12	QPSK	1/4	4584	24	1	18432	9216	≥ 1
	15 - 20	72	1	12	QPSK	1/4	5160	24	1	20736	10368	≥ 1
	20	75	1	12	QPSK	1/5	4392	24	1	21600	10800	≥ 1
	20	80	1	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23040	11520	≥ 1
	20	81	1	12	QPSK	1/5	4776	24	1	23328	11664	≥ 1
	20	90	1	12	QPSK	1/6	4008	24	1	25920	12960	≥ 1
	20	96	1	12	QPSK	1/6	4264	24	1	27648	13824	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.2.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.3.2.2-1 Reference Channels for 16QAM with partial RB allocation

			ration (Note 2)	Symbol s per Sub- Frame		rate	for Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	block CRC	blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)	of bits per Sub- Frame for Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	s per Sub- Frame for Sub- Frame 2, 3, 7, 8	Categor y
Unit	MHz						Bits	Bits		Bits		
	1.4 - 20	1	1	12	16QAM	3/4	408	24	1	576	144	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	2	1	12	16QAM	3/4	840	24	1	1152	288	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	3	1	12	16QAM	3/4	1288	24	1	1728	432	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	4	1	12	16QAM	3/4	1736	24	1	2304	576	≥ 1
	1.4 - 20	5	1	12	16QAM	3/4	2152	24	1	2880	720	≥ 1
	3-20	6	1	12	16QAM	3/4	2600	24	1	3456	864	≥ 1
	3-20	8	1	12	16QAM	3/4	3496	24	1	4608	1152	≥ 1
	3-20	9	1	12	16QAM	3/4	3880	24	1	5184	1296	≥ 1
	3-20	10	1	12	16QAM	3/4	4264	24	1	5760	1440	≥ 1
	3-20	12	1	12	16QAM	3/4	5160	24	1	6912	1728	≥ 1
	5-20	15	1	12	16QAM	1/2	4264	24	1	8640	2160	≥ 1
	5-20	16	1	12	16QAM	1/2	4584	24	1	9216	2304	≥ 1
	5-20	18	1	12	16QAM	1/2	5160	24	1	10368	2592	≥ 1
	5-20	20	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4008	24	1	11520	2880	≥ 1
	5-20	24	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	13824	3456	≥ 1
	10-20	25	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4968	24	1	14400	3600	≥ 1
	10-20	27	1	12	16QAM	1/3	4776	24	1	15552	3888	≥ 1
	10-20	30	1	12	16QAM	3/4	12960	24	3	17280	4320	≥ 2
	10-20	32	1	12	16QAM	3/4	13536	24	3	18432	4608	≥ 2
	10-20	36	1	12	16QAM	3/4	15264	24	3	20736	5184	≥ 2
	10-20	40	1	12	16QAM	3/4	16992	24	3	23040	5760	≥ 2
	10-20	45	1	12	16QAM	3/4	19080	24	4	25920	6480	≥ 2
	10-20	48	1	12	16QAM	3/4	20616	24	4	27648	6912	≥ 2
	15 - 20	50	1	12	16QAM	3/4	21384	24	4	28800	7200	≥ 2
	15 - 20	54	1	12	16QAM	3/4	22920	24	4	31104	7776	≥ 2
	15 - 20	60	1	12	16QAM	2/3	23688	24	4	34560	8640	≥ 2
	15 - 20	64	1	12	16QAM	2/3	25456	24	4	36864	9216	≥ 2
	15 - 20 20	72 75	1	12 12	16QAM 16QAM	1/2 1/2	20616	24 24	4	41472 43200	10368 10800	≥ 2 ≥ 2
	20	80	1	12	16QAM	1/2	21384 22920	24	4	46080	11520	≥ 2
\longrightarrow		80	1	12								
\longrightarrow	20 20	90	1	12	16QAM 16QAM	1/2 2/5	22920 20616	24 24	4	46656 51840	11664 12960	≥ 2 ≥ 2
	20	90	1	12	16QAM	2/5	22152	24	4	51840	13824	≥ 2

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.2.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.3.3 Void

Table A.2.3.3-1: Void

A.3 DL reference measurement channels

A.3.1 General

The number of available channel bits varies across the sub-frames due to PBCH and PSS/SSS overhead. The payload size per sub-frame is varied in order to keep the code rate constant throughout a frame.

No user data is scheduled on subframes #5 in order to facilitate the transmission of system information blocks (SIB).

The algorithm for determining the payload size A is as follows; given a desired coding rate R and radio block allocation N_{RR}

- 1. Calculate the number of channel bits N_{ch} that can be transmitted during the first transmission of a given sub-frame.
- 2. Find A such that the resulting coding rate is as close to R as possible, that is,

$$\min \left| R - (A + 24 * (N_{CB} + 1)) / N_{ch} \right|, where \ N_{CB} = \begin{cases} 0, if \ C = 1 \\ C, if \ C > 1 \end{cases}$$
 subject to

- a) A is a valid TB size according to section 7.1.7 of TS 36.213 [6] assuming an allocation of N_{RB} resource blocks.
- b) C is the number of Code Blocks calculated according to section 5.1.2 of TS 36.212 [5].
- 3. If there is more than one A that minimizes the equation above, then the larger value is chosen per default and the chosen code rate should not exceed 0.93.
- 4. For TDD, the measurement channel is based on DL/UL configuration ratio of 2DL+DwPTS (12 OFDM symbol): 2UL

A.3.1.1 Overview of DL reference measurement channels

In Table A.3.1.1-1 are listed the DL reference measurement channels specified in annexes A.3.2 to A.3.10 of this release of TS 36.101. This table is informative and serves only to a better overview. The reference for the concrete reference measurement channels and corresponding implementation's parameters as to be used for requirements are annexes A.3.2 to A.3.10 as appropriate.

Table A.3.1.1-1: Overview of DL reference measurement channels

Duplex	Table	Name	BW	Mod	TCR	RB	RB Off set	UE Cat eg	Notes
FDD, Rece	eiver requirements								
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		15	QPSK	1/3	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
	eiver requirements	T	T	T	ı	T	T	T	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		15	QPSK	1/3	75		≥1	
TDD Page	Table A.3.2-2	Marrimore	20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
FDD, Rece	Table A.3.2-3	waximum inp	1.4		3/4	1	Ī	_	Γ
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		3	64QAM 64QAM	3/4	6 15		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		10	64QAM	3/4	50		_	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		15	64QAM	3/4	75			
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		20	64QAM	3/4	100		_	
	eiver requirements	Maximum inr				<u> </u>			
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		5	64QAM	3/4	18		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		10	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		15	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		20	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
FDD, Rece	eiver requirements	Maximum inp	out level	for UE Ca	tegorie	s 2			
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		20	64QAM	3/4	83		-	
•	eiver requirements,	Maximum inp	out level			1			
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
TDD D	Table A.3.2-4	Na	20	64QAM	3/4	100		-	
	eiver requirements	ıvıaxımum inp	1	T T	1	ı			
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	

Г		T				T T		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		5	64QAM	3/4	18	-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		10	64QAM	3/4	17	-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		15	64QAM	3/4	17	-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		20	64QAM	3/4	17		
TDD, Rece	eiver requirements,	Maximum inp	ut level	for UE Ca	tegorie	s 2		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6	-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		3	64QAM	3/4	15	-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		5	64QAM	3/4	25	-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		10	64QAM	3/4	50	-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		15	64QAM	3/4	75	-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		20	64QAM	3/4	83	-	
FDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	transmi	ission (CR	S)			
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.4 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.42 FDD	20	QPSK	1/3	100	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.2 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-2	R.3-1 FDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-2	R.3 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.5 FDD	3	64QAM	3/4	15	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.6 FDD	5	64QAM	3/4	25	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.7 FDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.8 FDD	15	64QAM	3/4	75	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.9 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	100	≥ 3	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.6-1 FDD	5	64QAM	3/4	18	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.7-1 FDD	10	64QAM	3/4	17	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.8-1 FDD	15	64QAM	3/4	17	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.9-1 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	17	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.9-2 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	83	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-6	R.41 FDD	10	QPSK	1/10	50	≥ 1	
FDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	transmi	ission (CR	S), Sin	gle PRB (C	hannel e	edge)
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-4	R.0 FDD	3	16QAM	1/2	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-4	R.1 FDD	10 /	16QAM	1/2	1	≥ 1	
	CH Performance, S		transmi					onfiguration)
FDD, FDG	Table A.3.3.1-5	R.29 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2		≥ 1	omiguration)
	CH Performance: C						1 = '	
					0.84-		1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-7	R.49 FDD	20	64QAM	0.87	100	≥ 5	
	CH Performance: C				ffset			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-3	R.60 FDD	10	64QAM		50	≥ 3	
	CH Performance, M	Г		•		T T	orts	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.10 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-1 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-2 FDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-3 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	40	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-4 FDD	10	QPSK	1/2	50	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.30 FDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.30-1 FDD	15	16QAM	1/2	75	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35-1 FDD	20	64QAM	0.39	100	4	

				•					
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35-2 FDD	15	64QAM	0.39	75		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35-3 FDD	10	64QAM	0.39	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-2	R.35-4 FDD	10	64QAM	0.47	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-2	R.46 FDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-2	R.47 FDD	10	16QAM		50		≥ 1	
FDD, PDS	CH Performance, M	lulti-antenna t	ransmis	sion (CRS), Four	anten	na por	ts	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.12 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.13 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-1 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-2 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	3		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-3 FDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.36 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD. PDS	CH Performance (U	JE specific RS) Two ar	ntenna por	ts (CSI	-RS)			
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-1	R.51 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
	CH Performance (U	l					on Qua		·located)
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-2	R.52 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50	JII Que	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-2	R.53 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.1-2	R.54 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
	CH Performance (U							- 2	
FDD, FD3	Table A.3.3.3.2-1	R.43 FDD	10 a	QPSK	1/3	50		<u> </u>	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-1	R.50 FDD	10	64QAM	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD		R.44 FDD		QPSK		50			
	Table A.3.3.3.2-2		10		1/3			≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-2	R.45 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-2	R.45-1 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	39		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.3.3.2-1	R.48 FDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1	
	CH Performance, S		1	1	-				
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.4 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.42 TDD	20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.2 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-2	R.3-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-2	R.3 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.5 TDD	3	64QAM	3/4	15		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.6 TDD	5	64QAM	3/4	25		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.7 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.8 TDD	15	64QAM	3/4	75		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.9 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	100		≥ 3	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.6-1 TDD	5	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.7-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.8-1 TDD	15	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.9-1 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.9-2 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	83		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-6	R.41 TDD	10	QPSK	1/10	50		≥ 1	
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	transm	ission (CR	S), Sin	gle PR	B (Cha	nnel e	edge)
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-4	R.0 TDD	3	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-4	R.1 TDD	10 / 20	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
TDD. PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle-antenna	_	ission (CR	S). Sin	ale PR	B (MB	SFN C	onfiguration)
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-5	R.29 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
i	i -	Î.	1	1	i	1		1	Ì

TDD, PDS	TDD, PDSCH Performance: Carrier aggregation with power imbalance									
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-7	R.49 TDD	20	64QAM	0.81-	100		≥ 5		
TDD. PDS	│ CH Performance, N	lulti-antenna t	ransmis		087	antenr	l na nort	s		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.10 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-2 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-3 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	40		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-4 TDD	10	QPSK	1/2	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.30 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.30-1 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.30-2 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		3		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.35 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.35-1 TDD	20	64QAM	0.39	100		4		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-2	R.35-2 TDD	10	64QAM	0.47	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-2	R.46 TDD	10	QPSK	0	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-2	R.47 TDD	10	16QAM		50		≥ 1		
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, M	lulti-antenna t	ransmis	sion (CRS), Four	anten	na por	ts		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.12 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.13 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	6		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14-2 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	3		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.43 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.36 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, S	ingle antenna	port (D	RS)						
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.25 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.26 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.26-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.27 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.27-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.28 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1		
TDD, PDS	CH Performance, T	wo antenna po	orts (DR	S)			ı			
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.31 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.32 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.32-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	[25]		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.33 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.33-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	[18]		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.34 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
	CH Performance (U	-				1				
TDD DDG	Table A.3.4.3.3-1	R.51 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50	0	≥ 2	1(1)	
	CH Performance (U	- I				1	on Qua		located)	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.3-2	R.52 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.3-2	R.53 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD DDS	Table A.3.4.3.3-2	R.54 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
•	CH Performance (U	-		· ·		1		```		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.4-1	R.44 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.4-1	R.48 TDD	10	QPSK		50		≥ 1		

TDD, PDSCH Performance (UE specific RS) Eight antenna ports (CSI-RS)										
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.5-1	R.50 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.5-2	R.45 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.5-2	R.45-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	39		≥ 1		
FDD, PDC	CH / PCFICH Perfo	rmance								
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.15 FDD	10	PDCCH						
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.15-1 FDD	10	PDCCH						
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.15-2 FDD	10	PDCCH						
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.16 FDD	10	PDCCH						
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.17 FDD	5	PDCCH						
TDD, PDC	CH / PCFICH Perfo	rmance								
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.15 TDD	10	PDCCH						
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.15-1 TDD	10	PDCCH						
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.15-2 TDD	10	PDCCH						
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.16 TDD	10	PDCCH						
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.17 TDD	5	PDCCH						
	D, PHICH Performan	nce		T	ı					
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.18	10	PHICH						
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.19	10	PHICH						
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.20	5	PHICH						
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.24	10	PHICH						
	FDD / TDD, PBCH Performance									
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.7-1	R.21	1.4	QPSK	40/ 1920					
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.7-1	R.22	1.4	QPSK	40/ 1920					
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.7-1	R.23	1.4	QPSK	40/ 1920					
FDD, PMC	H Performance									
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-1	R.40 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-1	R.37 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-2	R.38 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-3	R.39-1 FDD	5	64QAM	2/3	25		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-3	R.39 FDD	10	64QAM	2/3	50		≥ 2		
	H Performance	1		T	ı					
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-1	R.40 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-1	R.37 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-2	R.38 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-3	R.39-1 TDD	5	64QAM	2/3	25		≥ 1		
TDD Suct	Table A.3.8.2-3	R.39 TDD	10	64QAM	2/3	50		≥ 2		
	tained data rate (CR		10	64OAM	0.40			<u> </u>		
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-1 FDD	10	64QAM	0.40			≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-2 FDD	10	64QAM	0.64			≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-3 FDD	20	64QAM	0.62 0.85-			≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-3A FDD R.31-3C	10	64QAM	0.90			≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	FDD	15	64QAM	0.91			≥ 3		
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-4 FDD	20	64QAM	0.90			≥ 3		
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-4B FDD	15	64QAM	0.85-			≥ 4		

FDD						0.88						
TDD, Sustained data rate (CRS) TDD	FDD	Table A 3 9 1-1	R 31-5 FDD	15	64QAM				> 3			
TDD				10	0100,000	0.91						
TDD		1	-	10	64QAM	0.40			≥ 1			
TDD Table A.3.9.2-1 R.31-3 TDD 20 64QAM 0.62 0.62 0.90 0.90 0.90 0.90 0.90 0.90 0.90 0.9	TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1		10	64QAM				≥ 2			
TDD Table A.3.9.2-1 R.31-3A TDD 15 64QAM 0.87-0.90 ≥ 2 TDD Table A.3.9.2-1 R.31-4 TDD 20 64QAM 0.90-0.90 ≥ 3 FDD, Sustained data rate test with EPDCCH scheduling (CRS) FDD Table A.3.9.3-1 R.31E-1 FDD 10 64QAM 0.40-0.41 ≥ 1 FDD Table A.3.9.3-1 R.31E-3 FDD 20 64QAM 0.69-0.66 ≥ 2 FDD Table A.3.9.3-1 R.31E-3 FDD 20 64QAM 0.69-0.63 ≥ 2 FDD Table A.3.9.1-1 R.31E-3C FDD 15 64QAM 0.69-0.63 ≥ 2 FDD Table A.3.9.3-1 R.31E-3C FDD 10 64QAM 0.87-0.02 ≥ 3 FDD Table A.3.9.3-1 R.31E-4FDD 20 64QAM 0.87-0.02 ≥ 2 FDD Table A.3.9.1-1 R.31E-4B 15 64QAM 0.87-0.02 ≥ 3 FDD Table A.3.9.4-1 R.31E-1TDD 10 64QAM 0.87-0.02<	TDD			20		0.59-			> 2			
TDD					+	0.87-						
FDD, Sustained data rate test with EPDCCH scheduling (CRS)	TDD			20		0.87-			≥ 3			
FDD	FDD, Sust	tained data rate tes	t with EPDCCI	H sched	uling (CRS							
FDD		Ι			T .	0.40-			≥ 1			
FDD	FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-2 FDD	10	64QAM	0.59-			≥ 2			
FDD	FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1	R.31E-3 FDD	20	64QAM				≥ 2			
FDD	FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1		15	64QAM				≥ 3			
FDD	FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1		10	64QAM				≥ 2			
TDD	FDD	Table A.3.9.3-1		20	64QAM				≥ 3			
TDD Table A.3.9.4-1 R.31E-1 TDD 10 64QAM (0.41) (0.41) (0.41) ≥ 1 TDD Table A.3.9.4-1 R.31E-2 TDD 10 64QAM (0.59) (0.65) (0.63) ≥ 2 TDD Table A.3.9.4-1 R.31E-3 TDD 20 64QAM (0.63) (0.63) (0.63) (0.63) ≥ 2 TDD Table A.3.9.4-1 R.31E-3A TDD 15 64QAM (0.92) (0.87) (0.92)	FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1		15	64QAM				≥ 4			
TDD	TDD, Sust											
TDD	TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-1 TDD	10	64QAM				≥ 1			
TDD	TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-2 TDD	10	64QAM	0.65			≥ 2			
TDD	TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1		20	64QAM				≥ 2			
FDD	TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1		15	64QAM	0.92			≥ 2			
FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.55 FDD 10 EPDCC H C H C H C H C H C H C H C H C H C	TDD	Table A.3.9.4-1	R.31E-4 TDD	20	64QAM				≥ 3			
FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.55 FDD 10 H FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.56 FDD 10 EPDCC H FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.57 FDD 10 EPDCC H FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.58 FDD 10 EPDCC H FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.59 FDD 10 EPDCC H TDD, ePDCCH performance TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.55 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.56 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.57 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.57 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC	FDD, ePD	CCH performance										
FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.56 FDD 10 H FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.57 FDD 10 EPDCC H FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.59 FDD 10 EPDCC H FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.59 FDD 10 EPDCC H TDD, ePDCCH performance TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.55 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.57 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.57 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.57 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC H	FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.55 FDD	10								
FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.57 FDD 10 EPDCC H FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.58 FDD 10 EPDCC H FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.59 FDD 10 EPDCC H TDD, ePDCCH performance TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.55 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.56 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.57 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC H EPDCC H EPDCC	FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.56 FDD	10	EPDCC							
FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.58 FDD 10 H FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.59 FDD 10 EPDCC H TDD, ePDCCH performance R.55 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.56 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.57 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC H	FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.57 FDD	10								
FDD Table A.3.10.1-1 R.59 FDD 10 EPDCC H H H TDD, ePDCCH performance TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.55 TDD 10 EPDCC H H	FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.58 FDD	10								
TDD, ePDCCH performance TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.55 TDD 10 EPDCC H H H H Image: Control of the contro	FDD	Table A.3.10.1-1	R.59 FDD	10	EPDCC							
TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.55 TDD 10 H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.56 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.57 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC	TDD, ePD	CCH performance										
TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.56 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.57 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC	TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.55 TDD	10								
TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.57 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A.3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC	TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.56 TDD	10	EPDCC							
TDD Table A 3.10.2-1 R.58 TDD 10 EPDCC H TDD Table A 3.10.2-1 R.59 TDD 10 EPDCC	TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.57 TDD	10	EPDCC							
TDD Table A 3 10 2-1 R 59 TDD 10 EPDCC	TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.58 TDD	10	EPDCC							
	TDD	Table A.3.10.2-1	R.59 TDD	10								

A.3.2 Reference measurement channel for receiver characteristics

Tables A.3.2-1 and A.3.2-2 are applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7) with the exception of subclause 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Tables A.3.2-3, A.3.2-3a, A.3.2-3b, A.3.2-4, A.3.2-4a and A.3.2-4b are applicable for subclause 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Tables A.3.2-1 and A.3.2-2 also apply for the modulated interferer used in Clauses 7.5, 7.6 and 7.8 with test specific bandwidths.

Table A.3.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (FDD)

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9	9	9	9
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	1320	2216	4392	6712	8760
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	872	1800	4392	6712	8760
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1	1	1	1	2	2
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	1	1	1	2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1368	3780	6300	13800	20700	27600
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	528	2940	5460	12960	19860	26760
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	341.6	1143.	1952.	3952.	6040.	7884
			2	8	8	8	
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.3.2-2: Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (TDD)

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel Bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		1	1	1	1	1	1
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame	Bits						
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		408	1320	2216	4392	6712	8760
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		N/A	968	1544	3240	4968	6712
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		208	1064	1800	4392	6712	8760
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		1	1	1	1	2	2
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		N/A	1	1	1	1	2
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	1	1	2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame	Bits						
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		1368	3780	6300	13800	20700	27600
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		N/A	3276	5556	11256	16956	22656
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		672	3084	5604	13104	20004	26904
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	102.4	564	932	1965.	3007.	3970.
					6	2	4
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz Note 1: channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs. For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with

Note 2: insufficient PDCCH performance

Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] Note 3:

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 4: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.2-3: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Categories ≥ 3 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	9	9	9	9	9
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	61664
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6456	12576	28336	45352	61664
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	3	5	8	11
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	11
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	82800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	8820	16380	38880	59580	80280
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	12547	27294	42046	55498

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.2-3a: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 1 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	18	17	17	17
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	9	9	9	9	9
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	10296	10296	10296	10296
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6456	8248	10296	10296	10296
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	2	2	2	2
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	2	2	2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	13608	14076	14076	14076
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	8820	11088	14076	14076	14076
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	9079.6	9266.4	9266.4	9266.4

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.2-3b: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 2 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	83
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	9	9	9	9	9
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	51024
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6456	12576	28336	45352	51024
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	3	5	8	9
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	9
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	68724
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	8820	16380	38880	59580	66204
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	12547	27294	42046	45922

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.2-4: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Categories ≥ 3 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	61664
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	6968	11448	23688	35160	46888
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6968	12576	30576	45352	61664
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	3	5	8	11
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	2	4	6	8
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	11
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	82800
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	9828	16668	33768	50868	67968
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	9252	16812	39312	60012	80712
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	6369.6	13910	20945	27877

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance.
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table A.3.2-4a: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 1 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	18	17	17	17	
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	10296	10296	10296	10296	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	6968	8248	7480	7480	7480	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6968	8248	10296	10296	10296	
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	2	2	2	2	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	2	2	2	2	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	2	2	2	2	
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	13608	14076	14076	14076	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	9828	11880	11628	11628	11628	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	9252	11520	14076	14076	14076	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	4533.6	4584.8	4584.8	4584.8	

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance.
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Table A.3.2-4b: Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 2 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	83	
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	51024	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	6968	11448	23688	35160	39232	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	6968	12576	30576	45352	51024	
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	3	5	8	9	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	3	5	7	7	
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		N/A	2	3	5	8	9	
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	68724	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	9828	16668	33768	50868	56340	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	N/A	9252	16380	39312	60012	66636	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	6369.6	13910	20945	23154	

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance.
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

A.3.3 Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (FDD)

A.3.3.1 Single-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

Table A.3.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.4	R.42	R.2			
		FDD	FDD	FDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	20	10			
Allocated resource blocks (Note 4)		6	100	50			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9			
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK			
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3			
Information Bit Payload (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	8760	4392			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	8760	4392			
Number of Code Blocks							
(Notes 3 and 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	1			
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1			
Binary Channel Bits (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1368	27600	13800			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	528	26760	12960			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.342	7.884	3.953			
(Note 4)							
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1			

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.3.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel				R.3-1 FDD	R.3 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				25	50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame				9	9		
Modulation				16QAM	16QAM		
Target Coding Rate				1/2	1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits			6456	14112		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			5736	12960		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9				2	3		
For Sub-Frame 5				N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0				1	3		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits			12600	27600		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			10920	25920		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps			5.738	12.586		
UE Category				≥ 1	≥2		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel			R.5	R.6	R.7	R.8	R.9 FDD
			FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			15	25	50	75	100
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			9	9	9	9	9
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		8504	14112	30576	46888	61664
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		6456	12576	28336	45352	61664
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			2	3	5	8	11
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0			2	3	5	8	11
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		11340	18900	41400	62100	82800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		8820	16380	38880	59580	80280
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		7.449	12.547	27.294	42.046	55.498
UE Category			≥ 1	≥2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-3a: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit		Value						
Reference channel		R.	6-1	R.7-1	R.8-1	R.9-1	R.9-2		
		F	DD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz		5	10	15	20	20		
Allocated resource blocks (Note 3)		1	18	17	17	17	83		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			9	9	9	9	9		
Modulation		640	QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Information Bit Payload									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10	296	10296	10296	10296	51024		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N	l/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	82	248	10296	10296	10296	51024		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame									
(Note 4)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			2	2	2	2	9		
For Sub-Frame 5		N	l/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0			2	2	2	2	9		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	13	608	14076	14076	14076	68724		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N	l/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	11	880	14076	14076	14076	66204		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	9.0	062	9.266	9.266	9.266	45.922		
UE Category		≥	: 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2		

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-4: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (Channel Edge)

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel			R.0 FDD		R.1 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10/20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			1		1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			9		9		
Modulation			16QAM		16QAM		
Target Coding Rate			1/2		1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		224		256		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		224		256		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			1		1		
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0			1		1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		504		552		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		504	_	552		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		0.202	_	0.230		
UE Category			≥ 1		≥ 1		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-5: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (MBSFN Configuration)

	Parameter	Unit	Value				
Reference	e channel		R.29 FDD				
			(MBSFN)				
Channel	bandwidth	MHz	10				
Allocated	resource blocks		1				
MBSFN (Configuration (Note 3)		111111				
Allocated	I subframes per Radio Frame		3				
Modulation	on		16QAM				
Target C	oding Rate		1/2				
	on Bit Payload						
For Sub	-Frames 4,9	Bits	256				
For Sub	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A				
For Sub	-Frame 0	Bits	256				
For Sub	-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	0 (MBSFN)				
Number	of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame						
(Note 4)							
For Sub	-Frames 4,9		1				
For Sub	-Frame 5		N/A				
	-Frame 0		1				
For Sub	-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8		0 (MBSFN)				
Binary Cl	hannel Bits Per Sub-Frame						
For Sub	-Frames 4,9	Bits	552				
For Sub	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A				
For Sub	-Frame 0	Bits	552				
For Sub	-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	0 (MBSFN)				
Max. Thr	oughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	76.8				
UE Cate			≥ 1				
Note 1:	2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.						
Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH							
	allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].						
Note 3:							
with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.							

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-6: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/10

Parameter	Unit						
Reference channel					R.41 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame					9		
Modulation					QPSK		
Target Coding Rate					1/10		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits				1384		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				1384		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9					1		
For Sub-Frame 5					N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0					1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits				13800		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				12960		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps				1.246		
UE Category					≥1		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to

each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.3.1-7: PCell Fixed Reference Channel for CA demodulation with power imbalance

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.49 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20
Allocated resource blocks		100
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9
Modulation		64QAM
Coding Rate		
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.84
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		0.87
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	63776
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Code	11
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 5	Code	N/A
	Blocks	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	75600
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	73080
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	57.398
UE Category		≥5
Note 4: 2 symbols allocated to DDCCLL	•	

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH

allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to each Code

Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.3.2 Multi-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

A.3.3.2.1 Two antenna ports

Table A.3.3.2.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter	Unit						Val						
Reference		R.10	R.11	R.11-1	R.11-	R.11-	R.11-	R.30	R.30-	R.35-	R.35	R.35-	R.35-3
channel		FDD	FDD	FDD	2	3	4	FDD	1	1	FDD	2	FDD
					FDD	FDD Note 5	FDD		FDD	FDD		FDD	
Channel	MHz	10	10	10	5	10	10	20	15	20	10	15	10
bandwidth													
Allocated		50	50	50	25	40	50	100	75	100	50	75	50
resource blocks													
(Note 4)		0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated		9	9	8	9	9	9	9	8	8	9	8	8
subframes per Radio Frame													
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QA	16QA	QPS	16QA	16QA	64QA	64QAM	64QA	64QA
					M	M	K	M	М	М		М	М
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	0.39	1/2	0.39	0.39
Information Bit													
Payload (Note													
4)													
For Sub-	Bits	4392	12960	12960	5736	1029	6968	2545	1908	3057	19848	2292	15264
Frames						6		6	0	6		0	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9													
For Sub-	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frame 5	5	1000	40000	N1/A	4000	4000	2222	05.45	N1/A	N1/A	40000	21/2	. / A
For Sub-	Bits	4392	12960	N/A	4968	1029	6968	2545	N/A	N/A	18336	N/A	N/A
Frame 0 Number of						6		6					
Code Blocks													
(Notes 3 and 4)													
For Sub-	Bits	1	3	3	1	2	2	5	4	5	4	4	3
Frames	Dito	'	3	3		_	_	3	-	3	7	7	3
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9													
For Sub-	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frame 5								,	,	,			
For Sub-	Bits	1	3	N/A	1	2	2	5	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	N/A
Frame 0													
Binary Channel													
Bits (Note 4)													
For Sub-	Bits	13200	26400	26400	1200	2112	1320	5280	3960	7920	39600	5940	39600
Frames					0	0	0	0	0	0		0	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9													
For Sub-	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Frame 5													
For Sub-	Bits	12384	24768	N/A	1036	1948	1238	5116	N/A	N/A	37152	N/A	N/A
Frame 0		0.5=5	11.55	40.555	8	8	4	8	4=	04:5	4=-:-	10.55	40.5
Max.	Mbps	3.953	11.664	10.368	5.086	9.266	6.271	22.91	15.26	24.46	17.712	18.33	12.21
Throughput								0	4	1		6	
averaged over													
1 frame (Note 4)													
4) UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	4	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2
or calegory	l	<u> </u>	_ < _	_ < _	<	<	<		< 2	4			

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Note 5: For R.11-3 resource blocks of RB6-RB45 are allocated.

Table A.3.3.2.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter	Unit				Value		
Reference channel		R.46	R.47	R.35-4			
		FDD	FDD	FDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10			
Allocated resource blocks (Note 4)		50	50	50			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9			
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	64QAM			
Target Coding Rate				0.47			
Information Bit Payload (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	5160	8760	18336			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	5160	8760	16416			
Number of Code Blocks							
(Notes 3 and 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1	2	3			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	2	3			
Binary Channel Bits (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	13200	26400	39600			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12384	24768	37152			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 4)	Mbps	4.644	7.884	16.310			
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥2			

² symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz Note 1: and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2:

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block Note 3: (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.3.2.1-3: PCell and SCell Fixed Reference Channel for NC CA demodulation with timing offset and power imbalance

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.60 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Number of CRS ports		2
Allocated resource blocks		50
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8
Modulation		64QAM
Coding Rate		
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.54
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a
For Sub-Frame 0		n/a
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	21384
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 3)		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Code	4
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 5	Code	n/a
	Blocks	
For Sub-Frame 0	Code	n/a
	Blocks	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame (Note		
4)	D.,	2222
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	39600
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	17.11
(Note 4)		
UE Category		≥ 3

2 symbols allocated to PDCCH. Note 1:

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS Note 2:

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit). Given per component carrier per codeword. Note 3:

Note 4:

A.3.3.2.2 Four antenna ports

Table A.3.3.2.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel four antenna ports

Parameter	Unit				Value			
Reference channel		R.12	R.13	R.14	R.14-1	R.14-2	R.14-3	R.36
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	10	10	10	10	20	10
Allocated resource blocks (Note 4)		6	50	50	6	3	100	50
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9	8	8	9	9
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload (Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	4392	12960	1544	744	[25456]	18336
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	3624	11448	N/A	N/A	[22920]	18336
Number of Code Blocks								
(Notes 3 and 4)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	1	3	1	1	5	3
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	2	N/A	N/A	4	3
Binary Channel Bits (Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1248	12800	25600	3072	1536	51200	38400
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	n/a	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	480	12032	24064	N/A	N/A	49664	36096
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	0.342	3.876	11.513	1.235	0.595	[22.656]	16.502
frame (Note 4)								
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥2	≥2

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz.

A.3.3.3 Reference Measurement Channel for UE-Specific Reference Symbols

A.3.3.3.1 Two antenna port (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.3.1-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 4: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.3.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports

	Parameter	Unit	Value						
Referenc	e channel		R.51 FDD						
Channel	bandwidth	MHz	10						
Allocated	resource blocks		50 (Note 3)						
Allocated	subframes per Radio Frame		9						
Modulatio	on .		16QAM						
Target Co	oding Rate		1/2						
Information	on Bit Payload								
	-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	11448						
	-Frames 2,3,7,8	Bits	11448						
For Sub	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A						
For Sub	-Frame 0	Bits	9528						
Number of	of Code Blocks (Note 4)								
For Sub	-Frames 1,4,6,9	Code	2						
		blocks							
For Sub	-Frames 2,3,7,8	Code	2						
		blocks							
	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A						
	-Frame 0	Bits	2						
	nannel Bits								
	-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	24000						
	-Frames 2,7		23600						
	-Frames 3,8		23200						
	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A						
	-Frame 0	Bits	19680						
	oughput averaged over 1	Mbps	10.1112						
frame									
UE Categ			≥ 2						
Note 1:	2 symbols allocated to PDCCI								
Note 2:	Reference signal, synchroniza		s and PBCH						
Note 0	allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]								
Note 3:	50 resource blocks are allocated and 41 resource blocks								
	4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 41 resource b RB30–RB49) are allocated in								
Note 4:	If more than one Code Block i								
NOIG 4.	CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits								
	Block (otherwise $L = 0$ Bit).	is allacined	i to Gaon Code						
	DIOGR (OUTOT WISC E = 0 DIL).		Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).						

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.3.1-2 apply for verifying demudlation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with two cell specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS in same subframe.

Table A.3.3.3.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS

Parameter	Unit		Value	
Reference channel		R.52 FDD	R.53 FDD	R.54 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload				
For Sub-Frames 1,3,4,6,8,9	Bits	18336	18336	11448
For Sub-Frames 2,7	Bits	16416	16416	11448
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	14688	14688	9528
Number of Code Blocks (Note 4)				
For Sub-Frames 1,3,4,6,8,9	Code	3	3	2
	blocks			
For Sub-Frames 2, 7	Code	3	3	2
	blocks			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	3	3	2
Binary Channel Bits				
For Sub-Frames 1,3,4,6,8,9	Bits	36000	36000	24000
For Sub-Frames 2,7		34200	33600	22800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	29520	29520	19680
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	15.7536	15.7536	10.1112
frame				
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCI		·		·
Note 2: Reference signal, synchroniza	ation signal	s and PBCH alloca	ted as per TS 36.211	[4].

50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0-Note 3: RB20 and RB30-RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0.

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 4: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.3.3.2 Four antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.3.2-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for UEspecific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and four CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.3.3.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with four CSI-RS antenna ports

Parameter	Unit		Value	
Reference channel		R.43 FDD	R.50 FDD	R.48 FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)	50 (Note 3)
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		9	9	9
Modulation		QPSK	64QAM	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	
Information Bit Payload				
For Sub-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	3624	18336	6200
For Sub-Frames 2,3,7,8	Bits	3624	16416	6200
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	14688	4968
Number of Code Blocks (Note 4)				
For Sub-Frames 1,4,6,9	Code blocks	1	3	2
For Sub-Frames 2,3,7,8	Code	1	3	2
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	3	1
Binary Channel Bits				
For Sub-Frames 1,4,6,9	Bits	12000	36000	12000
For Sub-Frames 2,7		11600	34800	11600
For Sub-Frames 3,8		11600	34800	12000
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840	29520	9840
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	3.1976	15.3696	5.4568
frame				
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211

[4].

Note 3: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and

41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0.

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L=0 Bit).

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.3.2-2 apply for verifying FDD PMI accuracy measurement with two CRS antenna ports and four CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.3.3.2-2: Fixed Reference Channel for four antenna ports (CSI-RS)

Parameter	Unit		Value	
Reference channel		R.44	R.45	R.45-1
		FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 ³	50 ³	39
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload				
For Sub-Frames (Non CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	3624	11448	8760
For Sub-Frames (CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	3624	11448	8760
For Sub-Frames (ZeroPowerCSI-RS	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
subframe)				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	8760
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame				
(Note 4)				
For Sub-Frames (Non CSI-RS subframe)		1	2	2
For Sub-Frames (CSI-RS subframe)		1	2	2
For Sub-Frames (ZeroPowerCSI-RS	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
subframe)				
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame				
For Sub-Frames (Non CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	12000	24000	18720
For Sub-Frames (CSI-RS subframe)	Bits	11600	23200	18096
For Sub-Frames (ZeroPowerCSI-RS	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
subframe)				
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840	19680	18720
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	3.1976	10.1112	7.884
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: For R.44 and R.45, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0. For R.45-1, 39 resource blocks are allocated in all subframes (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB47).

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

A.3.4 Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (TDD)

A.3.4.1 Single-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

Table A.3.4.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter	Unit		Valu	е
Reference channel		R.4	R.42	R.2
		TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	20	10
Allocated resource blocks (Note 6)		6	100	50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3	3+2	3+2
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3
Information Bit Payload (Note 6)				
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	408	8760	4392
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	7736	3240
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	208	8760	4392
Number of Code Blocks				
(Notes 5 and 6)				
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	1
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	2	1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1
Binary Channel Bits (Note 6)				
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	1368	27600	13800
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	22656	11256
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	672	26904	13104
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.102	4.175	1.966
(Note 6)				
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Note 3: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L=0 Bit).
- Note 6: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Table A.3.4.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Reference channel				R.3-1	R.3		
				TDD	TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				25	50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)				1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)				3+2	3+2		
Modulation				16QAM	16QAM		
Target Coding Rate				1/2	1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits			6456	14112		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits			5160	11448		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			5736	12960		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9				2	3		
For Sub-Frames 1,6				1	2		
For Sub-Frame 5				N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0				1	3		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits			12600	27600		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits			11112	22512		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			11208	26208		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps			2.897	6.408		
UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue		
Reference channel			R.5	R.6 TDD	R.7	R.8	R.9
			TDD		TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)			1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)			3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate			3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		8504	14112	30576	46888	61664
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		6968	11448	23688	35160	46888
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		6968	12576	30576	45352	61664
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9			2	3	5	8	11
For Sub-Frames 1,6			2	2	4	6	8
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0			2	3	5	8	11
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		11340	18900	41400	62100	82800
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		9828	16668	33768	50868	67968
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		9252	16812	39312	60012	80712
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		3.791	6.370	13.910	20.945	27.877
UE Category			≥1	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 2	≥ 3

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-3a: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Reference channel		R.6-1	R.7-1	R.8-1	R.9-1	R.9-2		
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	20		
Allocated resource blocks (Note 3)		18	17	17	17	83		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1	1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Information Bit Payload								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	10296	10296	10296	51024		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	8248	7480	7480	7480	39232		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	8248	10296	10296	10296	51024		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 5)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		2	2	2	2	9		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2	2	2	2	7		
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0		2	2	2	2	9		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	13608	14076	14076	14076	68724		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	11880	11628	11628	11628	56340		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	11520	14076	14076	14076	66636		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	4.534	4.585	4.585	4.585	23.154		
UE Category		≥1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 TS 36.211 [4].

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-4: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue		
Reference channel			R.0		R.1 TDD		
			TDD				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10/20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			1		1		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)			1		1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)			3+2		3+2		
Modulation			16QAM		16QAM		
Target Coding Rate			1/2		1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		224		256		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		208		208		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		224		256		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9			1		1		
For Sub-Frames 1,6			1		1		
For Sub-Frame 5			N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0			1		1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		504		552		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		456		456		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		N/A		N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		504		552		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		0.109		0.118		
UE Category			≥ 1		≥ 1		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-5: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (MBSFN Configuration)

Reference channel R.29 TDD (MBSFN) Channel bandwidth MHz 10 Allocated resource blocks 1 MBSFN Configuration (Note 3) 010010 Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4) 1 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) 1+2 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 208 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 1
Channel bandwidth MHz 10 Allocated resource blocks 1 MBSFN Configuration (Note 3) 010010 Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4) 1 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) 1+2 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 208 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 1
Allocated resource blocks 1 MBSFN Configuration (Note 3) 010010 Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4) 1 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) 1+2 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 208 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
MBSFN Configuration (Note 3) 010010 Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4) 1 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) 1+2 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 208 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4) 1 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) 1+2 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 208 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) 1+2 Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload 8its For Sub-Frames 4,9 8its 208 For Sub-Frame 5 8its N/A For Sub-Frame 0 8its 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) 8its 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 8its 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 8its 1 For Sub-Frame 5 8its N/A
Modulation 16QAM Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload 1/2 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 208 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) 8 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
Target Coding Rate 1/2 Information Bit Payload Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 208 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) (Note 5) Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 1 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 1 N/A
Information Bit Payload
For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 208 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) (Note 5) Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 1 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 208 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) 8 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) 8 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 256 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) 8 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5) Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 1 For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
(Note 5) Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN) For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 1 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame
For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 1,6 Bits 456
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 552
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame kbps 67.2
UE Category ≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: MBSFN Subframe Allocation as defined in [7], one frame with 6 bits is chosen for MBSFN subframe allocation.

Note 4: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-6: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/10

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel					R.41 TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)					1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)					3+2		
Modulation					QPSK		
Target Coding Rate					1/10		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits				1384		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits				1032		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				1384		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9					1		
For Sub-Frames 1,6					1		
For Sub-Frame 5					N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0					1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits				13800		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits				11256		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits				N/A		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits				13104		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps				0.622		
UE Category					≥ 1		

- 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated Note 1: to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] Note 3:
- Note 4:
- As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

 If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 5: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.4.1-7: PCell Fixed Reference Channel for CA demodulation with power imbalance

Reference channel R.49 TDD Channel bandwidth MHz 20 Allocated resource blocks 100 Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 1) 1 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) 3+2 Modulation 64QAM Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier OFDM symbols For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9 OFDM symbols For Sub-Frames 1,6 OFDM symbols Target Coding Rate 0.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.81 For Sub-Frames 5 N/A
Allocated resource blocks Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 1) Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) Modulation Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 OFDM 2 symbols Target Coding Rate For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.81
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 1) Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) Modulation Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 Target Coding Rate For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 ORDM 2 symbols Target Coding Rate For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 O.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 O.81
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) Modulation 64QAM Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9 OFDM symbols For Sub-Frames 1,6 OFDM 2 symbols Target Coding Rate For Sub-Frames 4,9 0.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.81
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) Modulation 64QAM Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9 OFDM symbols For Sub-Frames 1,6 OFDM 2 symbols Target Coding Rate For Sub-Frames 4,9 0.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.81
Modulation Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 Target Coding Rate For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 OFDM 2 symbols Target Coding Rate For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 ORDM 2 symbols OFDM 2 symbols OFDM 2 symbols OFDM 3 symbols OFDM 2 symbols OFDM 2 symbols
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH per component carrier For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 Target Coding Rate For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 OFDM 2 symbols 2 symbols 0.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 ORDM 2 symbols
per component carrier OFDM 3 For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9 OFDM 3 symbols OFDM 2 symbols 2 3 Target Coding Rate 0.84 For Sub-Frames 4,9 0.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.81
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9 OFDM symbols 3 symbols For Sub-Frames 1,6 OFDM symbols 2 symbols Target Coding Rate 0.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.81
For Sub-Frames 1,6 OFDM symbols 2 symbols Target Coding Rate 0.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.81
For Sub-Frames 1,6 OFDM symbols 2 Target Coding Rate 0.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.81
Symbols Target Coding Rate For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 symbols 0.84 0.84
Target Coding Rate 0.84 For Sub-Frames 4,9 0.81
For Sub-Frames 4,9 0.84 For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.81
For Sub-Frames 1,6 0.81
'
For Sub-Frames 5
1 of out Frances o
For Sub-Frames 0 0.87
Information Bit Payload
For Sub-Frames 0, 4, 9 Bits 63776
For Sub-Frame 1,6 Bits 55056
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame
(Note 2)
For Sub-Frames 0, 4, 9 Code 11
Blocks
For Sub-Frame 1,6 Code 9
Blocks
For Sub-Frame 5 Code N/A
Blocks
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame
For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 75600
For Sub-Frame 1,6 Bits 67968
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 73512
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 30.144
UE Category ≥5

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBC allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit). Note 2:

A.3.4.2 Multi-antenna transmission (Common Reference Signals)

A.3.4.2.1 Two antenna ports

Table A.3.4.2.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter			Uı	nit					Va	lue
Reference channel		R.10 TDD	R.11 TDD	R.11-1 TDD	R.11-2 TDD	R.11-3 TDD Note 6	R.11-4 TDD	R.30 TDD	R.30-1 TDD	R.30-2 TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	5	10	10	20	20	20
Allocated resource blocks (Note 5)		50	50	50	25	40	50	100	100	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	2+2	3+2	3+2	2	3+2	2+2	2
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload (Note 5)										
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4392	12960	12960	5736	10296	6968	25456	25456	25456
For Sub-Frames 1,6		3240	9528	9528	5160	9144	N/A	22920	21384	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	4392	12960	N/A	4968	10296	N/A	25456	N/A	N/A
Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5)										
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	3	3	1	2	2	5	5	5
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	2	1	2	N/A	4	4	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	3	N/A	1	2	N/A	5	N/A	N/A
Binary Channel Bits (Note 5)										
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	13200	26400	26400	12000	21120	13200	52800	52800	52800
For Sub-Frames 1,6		10656	21312	21312	10512	16992	10656	42912	42912	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12528	25056	N/A	10656	19776	12528	51456	N/A	N/A
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 5)	Mbps	1.966	5.794	4.498	2.676	4.918	1.39	12.221	9.368	5.091
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	3

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz is symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (other

Note 5: Given per component carrier per codeword.

Note 6: For R.11-3 resource blocks of RB6-RB45 are allocated.

Table A.3.4.2.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Allocated resource blocks (Note 5) Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3) Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) Modulation Target Coding Rate Information Bit Payload (Note 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frames 1,6 For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 5160	Parameter	Unit		Value							
Channel bandwidth MHz 10 10 10 Allocated resource blocks (Note 5) 50 50 50 Uplink-Downlink 1 1 1 Configuration (Note 3) 3+2 3+2 2+2 Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (0+S) 3+2 3+2 2+2 Modulation QPSK 16QAM 64QAM Target Coding Rate Information Bit Payload (Note 5) Por Sub-Frames 4.9 Bits 7480 18336 For Sub-Frames 1,6 3880 7480 14688 7480 14688 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A N/A Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) 8760 N/A N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frames 1,6 1 2 3 7 7 7 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A	Reference channel		R.46 TDD	R.47 TDD	R.35-2						
Allocated resource blocks (Note 5) Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3) Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) Modulation Target Coding Rate Information Bit Payload (Note 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 5 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits S160 Bits					TDD						
Dilocks (Note 5) Uplink-Downlink 1	Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10						
Uplink-Downlink	Allocated resource		50	50	50						
Configuration (Note 3) 3Hocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) 3+2 3+2 2+2 per Radio Frame (D+S) Modulation QPSK 16QAM 64QAM Target Coding Rate 0.47 Information Bit Payload (Note 5) Image: Payload (Note 5) Image: Payload (Note 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 5160 8760 18336 Image: Payload (Note 5) Image: Payload (Note 5	blocks (Note 5)										
3) Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) Modulation Target Coding Rate Information Bit Payload (Note 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) For Sub-Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 7 For Sub-Frame 8 Information Bit Payload (Note 5) For Sub-Frame 9 Bits S160 S760 S760 S760 S760 S760 S760 S760 S7	Uplink-Downlink		1	1	1						
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S) Modulation Target Coding Rate Information Bit Payload (Note 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) For Sub-Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits For Sub-Frame 0 Bits Bits Bits Bits Bits Bits Bits Bits	Configuration (Note										
per Radio Frame (D+S) QPSK 16QAM 64QAM Target Coding Rate 0.47 Information Bit Information Bit Payload (Note 5) 8760 18336 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 5160 8760 18336 For Sub-Frames 1,6 3880 7480 14688 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 5160 8760 N/A Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) 1 2 3 3 5 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 2 3 5 6 7											
Description	Allocated subframes		3+2	3+2	2+2						
Modulation QPSK 16QAM 64QAM Target Coding Rate 0.47 0.47 Information Bit Payload (Note 5) 8760 18336 For Sub-Frames 4,9 81ts 5160 8760 18336 For Sub-Frames 1,6 3880 7480 14688 7480 14688 For Sub-Frames 5 Bits N/A N/A </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>											
Target Coding Rate 0.47 Information Bit Payload (Note 5) 8760 18336 For Sub-Frames 4,9 8its 5160 8760 18336 For Sub-Frames 1,6 3880 7480 14688 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 5160 8760 N/A Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) 1 2 3 3 For Sub-Frames 1,6 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 N/A 1 2 1 2											
Information Bit			QPSK	16QAM	64QAM						
Payload (Note 5) Bits 5160 8760 18336 For Sub-Frames 1,6 3880 7480 14688 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 5160 8760 N/A Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) 1 2 3 For Sub-Frames 1,6 1 2 3 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 2 N/A Binary Channel Bits (Note 5) 1 2 N/A For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 1,6 10656 21312 31968 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604	Target Coding Rate				0.47						
For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 5160 8760 18336 For Sub-Frames 1,6 3880 7480 14688 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 5160 8760 N/A Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) For Sub-Frames 1,6 1 2 3 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 2 N/A Binary Channel Bits (Note 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604											
For Sub-Frames 1,6 3880 7480 14688 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 5160 8760 N/A Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) 1 2 3 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 2 3 For Sub-Frames 1,6 1 2 3 For Sub-Frame 0 1 2 N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 2 N/A Binary Channel Bits (Note 5) 1 2 1 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 1,6 10656 21312 31968 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604	Payload (Note 5)										
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 5160 8760 N/A Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) 3 3 5 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 2 3 3 3 3 5 5 6 1 2 3 3 3 3 6 1 2 3 4	For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	5160	8760	18336						
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 5160 8760 N/A Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) 1 2 3 For Sub-Frames 4,9 1 2 3 For Sub-Frames 1,6 1 2 3 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 2 N/A Binary Channel Bits (Note 5) (Note 5) (Note 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604	For Sub-Frames 1,6			7480							
Number of Code Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) 1 2 3 For Sub-Frames 1,6 1 2 3 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 2 N/A Binary Channel Bits (Note 5) (Note 5) (Note 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 1,6 10656 21312 31968 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604	For Sub-Frame 5										
Blocks (Notes 4 and 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 For Sub-Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 0 Binary Channel Bits (Note 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 4,9 For Sub-Frames 1,6 For Sub-Frames 1,6 For Sub-Frames 5 For Sub-Frames 1,6 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 1,6 10656 21312 31968 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Max. Throughput Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604	For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	5160	8760	N/A						
(Notes 4 and 5) 1 2 3 For Sub-Frames 1,6 1 2 3 For Sub-Frame 5 N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 1 2 N/A Binary Channel Bits (Note 5) (Note 5) (Note 5) For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 1,6 10656 21312 31968 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604	Number of Code										
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For Sub-Frame 0 1 2 N/A Binary Channel Bits (Note 5) (Note 5) 39600 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 1,6 10656 21312 31968 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604	For Sub-Frames 1,6										
Binary Channel Bits (Note 5)			N/A								
(Note 5) Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 1,6 10656 21312 31968 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604			1	2	N/A						
For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 13200 26400 39600 For Sub-Frames 1,6 10656 21312 31968 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604											
For Sub-Frames 1,6 10656 21312 31968 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604											
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits N/A N/A N/A For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604		Bits									
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 12528 25056 N/A Max. Throughput averaged over 1 Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604				_							
Max. Throughput Mbps 2.324 4.124 6.604 averaged over 1											
averaged over 1											
	Max. Throughput	Mbps	2.324	4.124	6.604						
frame (Note E)	averaged over 1										
	frame (Note 5)										
UE Category ≥ 1 ≥ 2	UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2						

2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated Note 1: to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]. Note 2:

Note 3:

As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 4: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: Given per component carrier per codeword

A.3.4.2.2 Four antenna ports

Table A.3.4.2.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel four antenna ports

Parameter	Unit				Value			
Reference channel		R.12	R.13	R.14	R.14-1	R.14-2	R.43	R.36
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	10	10	10	10	20	10
Allocated resource blocks (Note 6)		6	50	50	6	3	100	50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3	3+2	2+2	2	2	2+2	2+2
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload (Note 6)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	408	4392	12960	1544	744	25456	18336
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	N/A	3240	9528	N/A	N/A	21384	15840
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	208	4392	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of Code Blocks (Notes 5 and 6)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	1	3	1	1	5	3
For Sub-Frames 1.6		N/A	1	2	N/A	N/A	4	3
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Binary Channel Bits (Note 6)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	1248	12800	25600	3072	1536	51200	38400
For Sub-Frames 1,6		N/A	10256	20512	N/A	N/A	41312	30768
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	624	12176	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 6)	Mbps	0.102	1.966	4.498	0.309	0.149	9.368	6.835
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Note 3: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 6: Given per component carrier per codeword.

A.3.4.3 Reference Measurement Channels for UE-Specific Reference Symbols

A.3.4.3.1 Single antenna port (Cell Specific)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.1-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with one cell-specific antenna port.

Table A.3.4.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for DRS

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue		
Reference channel		R.25 TDD	R.26 TDD	R.26-1 TDD	R.27 TDD	R.27-1 TDD	R.28 TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 ⁴	50 ⁴	25 ⁴	50 ⁴	18 ⁶	1
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM	64QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1/2
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4392	12960	5736	28336	10296	224
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	3240	9528	4584	22920	8248	176
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	3880	22152	10296	224
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	3	1	5	2	1
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	1	4	2	1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1	4	2	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	12600	25200	11400	37800	13608	504
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	10356	20712	10212	31068	11340	420
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10332	20664	7752	30996	13608	504
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.825	5.450	2.452	12.466	4.738	0.102
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2							

- OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- For R.25, R.26 and R.27, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 4, 6, 9 and 41 resource blocks Note 4: (RB0-RB20 and RB30-RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0. For R.26-1, 25 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1, 4, 6, 9 and 17 resource blocks (RB0-RB7 and RB16-RB24) are allocated in sub-frame 0.
- If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Note 5: Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

A.3.4.3.2 Two antenna ports (Cell Specific)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.2-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDMmultiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS

Reference channel		R.31 TDD	R.32 TDD	R.32-1 TDD	R.33 TDD	R.33-1 TDD	R.34 TDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10	10	10	
Allocated resource blocks		50 ⁴	50 ⁴	25 ⁴	50 ⁴	18 ⁶	50 ⁴	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)	Configuration (Note 3)						1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	3+2	
Modulation								
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1/2	
Information Bit Payload								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	3624	11448	5736	27376	9528	18336	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2664	7736	3112	16992	7480	11832	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	3496	22152	9528	14688	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9								
For Sub-Frames 1,6								
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1	4	2	3	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	12000	24000	10800	36000	12960	36000	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		7872	15744	6528	23616	10368	23616	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840	19680	7344	29520	12960	29520	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.556	4.79	2.119	11.089	4.354	7.502	
UE Category		≥ 1	≥2	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 2	
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH. Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]. Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].								

Note 4: For R.31, R.32, R.33and R.34, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6. For R.32-1, 25 resouce blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 17 resource blocks (RB0–RB7 and RB16–RB24) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1, 6.

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 6: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

A.3.4.3.3 Two antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.3-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDM-multiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.3-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports

	Parameter	Unit	Value				
Reference	e channel		R.51 TDD				
	bandwidth	MHz	10				
Allocated	resource blocks		50 (Note 5)				
	ownlink Configuration (Note 3)		1				
Allocated	subframes per Radio Frame		3+2				
(D+S)	•						
Modulation	on		16QAM				
Target Co	oding Rate		1/2				
	on Bit Payload						
For Sub	-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	11448				
subframe	2)						
For Sub	-Frame 4,9	Bits	11448				
	-Frames 1,6	Bits	7736				
	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A				
	-Frame 0	Bits	9528				
	of Code Blocks						
(Note 4)							
For Sub	-Frames 4, 9 (non CSI-RS	Code	2				
subframe	2)	blocks					
For Sub	-Frames 4,9	Code	2				
		blocks					
For Sub	-Frames 1,6	Code	2				
		blocks					
For Sub	-Frame 5		N/A				
For Sub	-Frame 0	Code	2				
		blocks					
	nannel Bits						
For Sub	-Frames 4, 9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	24000				
subframe							
	-Frames 4,9		22800				
	-Frames 1,6		15744				
	-Frame 5	Bits	N/A				
For Sub	-Frame 0	Bits	19680				
Max. Thr	oughput averaged over 1	Mbps	4.7896				
frame							
UE Cate			≥ 2				
Note 1:	2 symbols allocated to PDCCH						
Note 2:	Reference signal, synchronizat		s and PBCH				
	allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].						
	Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].						
Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional							
CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code							
Note F	Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).						
Note 5: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 ar							
41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of							
		IE DWF 12	ροιτίστι σι				
sub-frames 1,6.							

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.3-2 apply for verifying demudlation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with two cell specific antenna ports and two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS in same subframe.

Table A.3.4.3.3-2: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with two CSI-RS antenna ports with ZP CSI-RS and NZP CSI-RS

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.52 TDD	R.53 TDD	R.54 TDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10			
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 5)	50 (Note 5)	50 (Note 5)			
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		3+2	3+2	3+2			
(D+S)							
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	16QAM			
Target Coding Rate		1/2	1/2	1/2			
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frame 4,9	Bits	16416	16416	11448			
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	11832	11832	7736			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	14688	14688	9528			
Number of Code Blocks							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Code	3	3	2			
	blocks						
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Code	2	2	2			
	blocks						
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a			
For Sub-Frame 0	Code	3	3	2			
	blocks						
Binary Channel Bits							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		34200	33600	22800			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		23616	23616	15744			
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a			
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	29520	29520	19680			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	7.1184	7.1184	4.7896			
frame							
UE Category		≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2			

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is

attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4, 9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,

A.3.4.3.4 Four antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.4-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDM-multiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and four CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.4-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with four CSI-RS antenna ports

Parameter	Unit	Valu	ie
Reference channel		R.44 TDD	R.48
			TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 4)	50 (Note
			4)
Uplink-Downlink Configuration		1	1
(Note 3)			
Allocated subframes per Radio		3+2	3+2
Frame (D+S)			
Modulation		64QAM	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/2	
Information Bit Payload			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	18336	N/A
subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	16416	6200
subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		11832	4264
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	14688	4968
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-			
Frame			
(Note 5)			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS		3	2
subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS		3	2
subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2	1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		3	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-			
Frame			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	36000	12000
subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	33600	11600
subframe)		00010	7070
For Sub-Frames 1,6		23616	7872
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	29520	9840
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	7.1184	2.5896
frame			
UE Category		≥ 2	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH

allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6.

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block

(otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.4.3.5 Eight antenna ports (CSI-RS)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.5-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDM-multiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports and eight CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.5-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with eight CSI-RS antenna ports

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.50 TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 (Note 4)
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note		1
3)		
Allocated subframes per Radio		3+2
Frame (D+S)		
Modulation		QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	3624
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	3624
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2664
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-		
Frame		
(Note 5)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS		1
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS		1
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (non CSI-RS	Bits	12000
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9 (CSI-RS	Bits	10400
subframe)		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		7872
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	1.556
frame		
UE Category		≥ 1
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDC	CH.	

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-

frames 1,6.

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L=0 Bit).

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.5-2 apply for verifying TDD PMI accuracy measurement with two CRS antenna ports and eight CSI-RS antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.5-2: Fixed Reference Channel for eight antenna ports (CSI-RS)

Parameter	Unit	Val	ue
Reference channel		R.45	R.45-1
		TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 ⁴	39
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4+2	4+2
(D+S)			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		5	5
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	N/A	N/A
(Non CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	11448	8760
(CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	7736	7480
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9528	8760
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame			
(Note 5)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9		N/A	N/A
(Non CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9		2	2
(CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2	2
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	N/A	N/A
(Non CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 4 and 9	Bits	22400	17472
(CSI-RS subframe)			
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	15744	14976
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	19680	18720
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	4.7896	4.1240
UE Category		≥ 2	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: For R.45, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6. For R.45-1, 39 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 0,4,9 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6 (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB47).

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 6: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

A.3.5 Reference measurement channels for PDCCH/PCFICH performance requirements

A.3.5.1 FDD

Table A.3.5.1-1: Reference Channel FDD

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Reference channel		R.15 FDD	R.15-1 FDD	R.15-2 FDD	R.16 FDD	R.17 FDD			
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	2	2	4			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	5			
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	3	2	2	2			
Aggregation level	CCE	8	8	8	4	2			
DCI Format		Format 1	Format 1	Format 1	Format 2	Format 2			
Cell ID		0	0	0	0	0			
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	31	31	31	43	42			

A.3.5.2 TDD

Table A.3.5.2-1: Reference Channel TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Reference channel		R.15 TDD	R.15-1 TDD	R.15-2 TDD	R.16 TDD	R.17 TDD			
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	2	2	4			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	5			
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	3	2	2	2			
Aggregation level	CCE	8	8	8	4	2			
DCI Format		Format 1	Format 1	Format 1	Format 2	Format 2			
Cell ID		0	0	0	0	0			
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	34	34	34	46	45			

A.3.6 Reference measurement channels for PHICH performance requirements

Table A.3.6-1: Reference Channel FDD/TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Reference channel		R.18	R.19	R.20	R.24			
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	4	1			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10			
User roles (Note 1)		W I1 I2	W I1 I2	W I1 I2	W I1			
Resource allocation (Note 2)		(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)	(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)	(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)	(0,0) (0,1)			
Power offsets (Note 3)	dB	-4 0 -3	-4 0 -3	-4 0 -3	+3 0			
Payload (Note 4)		ARR	ARR	ARR	AR			

Note 1: W=wanted user, I1=interfering user 1, I2=interfering user 2.

Note 2: The resource allocation per user is given as (N_group_PHICH, N_seq_PHICH).

Note 3: The power offsets (per user) represent the difference of the power of BPSK modulated symbol per PHICH relative to the first interfering user.

Note 4: A=fixed ACK, R=random ACK/NACK.

A.3.7 Reference measurement channels for PBCH performance requirements

Table A.3.7-1: Reference Channel FDD/TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.21	R.22	R.23			
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	4			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	1.4	1.4			
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK			
Target coding rate		40/1920	40/1920	40/1920			
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	24	24	24			

A.3.8 Reference measurement channels for MBMS performance requirements

A.3.8.1 FDD

Table A.3.8.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter		PMCH						
	Unit		Value					
Reference channel		R.40 FDD			R.37 FDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6			50			
Allocated subframes per Radio		6			6			
Frame (Note 1)								
Modulation		QPSK			QPSK			
Target Coding Rate		1/3			1/3			
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	408			3624			
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits	N/A			N/A			
Number of Code Blocks per		1			1			
Subframe (Note 3)								
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	1224			10200			
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits	N/A			N/A			
MBMS UE Category		≥ 1			≥ 1			

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter		PMCH					
	Unit	Value					
Reference channel					R.38 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)					6		
Modulation					16QAM		
Target Coding Rate					1/2		
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits				9912		
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits				N/A		
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe (Note 3)					2		
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits				20400		
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits				N/A		
MBMS UE Category					≥ 1		

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=2/3

Parameter	PMCH									
	Unit			Va	alue					
Reference channel				R.39-1 FDD	R.39 FDD					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20			
Allocated resource blocks				25	50					
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame(Note1)				6	6					
Modulation				64QAM	64QAM					
Target Coding Rate				2/3	2/3					
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							•			
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits			9912	19848					
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits			N/A	N/A					
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)				2	4					
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe										
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits			15300	30600					
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits			N/A	N/A					
MBMS UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2					

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.8.2 TDD

Table A.3.8.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter		PMCH					
	Unit			Va	lue		
Reference channel		R.40 TDD			R.37 TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6			50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)		5			5		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		5			5		
Modulation		QPSK			QPSK		
Target Coding Rate		1/3			1/3		
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits	408			3624		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits	N/A			N/A		
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe		1			1		
(Note 3)							
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe							
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits	1224			10200		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits	N/A			N/A		
MBMS UE Category		≥ 1			≥ 1		

Note 1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.2-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	PMCH									
	Unit	Value								
Reference channel					R.38 TDD					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20			
Allocated resource blocks					50					
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)					5					
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame					5					
Modulation					16QAM					
Target Coding Rate					1/2					
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)										
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits				9912					
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits				N/A					
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe (Note 3)					2					
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe										
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits				20400					
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits				N/A					
MBMS UE Category					≥ 1	·				

Note 1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211. Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is

attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.2-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=2/3

Parameter	PMCH									
	Unit Value									
Reference channel				R.39-1TDD	R.39 TDD					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20			
Allocated resource blocks				25	50					
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)				5	5					
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame				5	5					
Modulation				64QAM	64QAM					
Target Coding Rate				2/3	2/3					
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)										
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits			9912	19848					
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits			N/A	N/A					
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)				2	4					
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe										
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits			15300	30600					
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits			N/A	N/A					
MBMS UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2					

For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 Note 1: subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS. 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 2:

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.9 Reference measurement channels for sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers

A.3.9.1 FDD

Table A.3.9.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value								
Reference channel		R.31-1	R.31-2	R.31-3	R.31-3A	R.31-3C	R.31-4	R.31-4B	R.31-5	
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	10	15	20	15	15	
Allocated resource blocks (Note 8)		Note 5	Note 6	Note 7	Note 6	Note 10	Note 7	Note 11	Note 9	
Allocated subframes per Radio		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Frame										
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Coding Rate										
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.40	0.59	0.59	0.85	0.87	0.88	0.85	0.85	
For Sub-Frame 5		0.40	0.64	0.62	0.89	0.88	0.87	0.87	0.91	
For Sub-Frame 0		0.40	0.63	0.61	0.90	0.91	0.90	0.88	0.88	
Information Bit Payload (Note 8)										
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056	55056	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	35160	51024	71112	52752	52752	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056	55056	
Number of Code Blocks										
(Notes 3 and 8)										
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9	9	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	12	9	9	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9	9	
Binary Channel Bits (Note 8)										
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	43200	58752	86400	64800	64800	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	39744	82080	39744	57888	82080	60480	60480	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	40752	83952	40752	56304	83952	62352	62352	
Number of layers		1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 8)	Mbps	10.296	25.456	51.024	36.542	51.024	74.950	54.826	54.826	
UE Categories		≥ 1	≥2	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 3	≥ 3	≥ 4	≥ 3	

- Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 4: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.
- Note 5: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 6..14,30..49 are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames.
- Note 6: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 8: Given per component carrier per codeword.
- Note 9: Resource blocks nPRB = 4..74 are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks nPRB = 0..74 in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 10: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..71$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9.
- Note 11: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..74$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..74$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.

A.3.9.2 TDD

Table A.3.9.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test (TDD)

Parameter	Unit			Value		
Reference channel	Oilit	R.31-1	R.31-2	R.31-3	R.31-3A	R.31-4
Reference channel		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks	IVII IZ	Note 6	Note 7	Note 8	Note 9	Note 8
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		5	5	5	1	1
Number of HARQ Processes per	Proces	15	15	15	7	7
component carrier	ses	13	13	13	,	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame	303	8+1	8+1	8+1	4	4
(D+S)		011	011	011	7	-
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		010, 111	010,00	010/1111	010,	0 100 1111
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.40	0.59	0.59	0.87	0.88
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		0.40	0.59	0.59	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 5		0.40	0.64	0.62	0.88	0.87
For Sub-Frames 6		0.40	0.60	0.60	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 0		0.40	0.62	0.61	0.90	0.90
Information Bit Payload		51.15	0.02	0.0.	0.00	0.00
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	10296	25456	51024	0	0
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	0	0
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	71112
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	10296	25456	51024	0	0
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame	2.10	.0200		0.02.	0.02.	
(Note 4)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9		2	5	9	9	13
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		2	5	9	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5		2	5	9	9	12
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	2	5	9	n/a	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		2	5	9	9	13
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	58752	86400
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	26100	43200	86400	0	0
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	0	0
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	40176	82512	58320	82512
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	26100	42768	85968	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	41184	84384	56736	84384
Number of layers		1	2	2	2	2
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	8.237	20.365	40.819	20.409	29.724
(Note 10)						
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥2	≥ 3
Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for	r all tacte					

- Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..2$ are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.
- Note 6: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 6..14,30..49$ are allocated for the user data in all subframes.
- Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 8: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 9: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..71$ are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames
- Note10: Given per component carrier per codeword.

A.3.9.3 FDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

Table A.3.9.3-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test with EPDCCH scheduling (FDD)

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Parameter	Unit				Value			
Reference channel		R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-	R.31E-4B
		1 FDD	2 FDD	3 FDD	3A FDD	3C FDD	4 FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	10	15	20	15
Allocated resource blocks (Note 8)		Note 5	Note 6	Note 7	Note 6	Note 9	Note 7	Note 10
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Modulation		64QAM						
Coding Rate								
(subframes with PDCCH USS								
monitoring)								
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.3972	0.5926	0.5933	0.8533	0.8725	0.8763	0.8533
For Sub-Frame 5		0.3972	0.6441	0.6246	0.8889	0.8855	0.8702	0.8762
For Sub-Frame 0		0.3972	0.6282	0.6106	0.9046	0.9105	0.9018	0.8868
Coding Rate								
(subframes with EPDCCH USS								
monitoring)								
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.4114	0.6047	0.5993	0.8707	0.8855	0.8851	0.8649
For Sub-Frame 5		0.4114	0.6584	0.6312	0.9086	0.8990	0.8794	0.8889
For Sub-Frame 0		0.4114	0.6418	0.6170	0.9242	0.9246	0.9112	0.8993
Information Bit Payload (Note 8)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	35160	51024	71112	52752
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	51024	75376	55056
Number of Code Blocks								
(Notes 3 and 8)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	12	9
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2	5	9	6	9	13	9
Binary Channel Bits (Note 8)								
(subframes with PDCCH USS								
monitoring)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	43200	58752	86400	64800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	39744	82080	39744	57888	82080	60480
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	40752	83952	40752	56304	83952	62352
Binary Channel Bits (Note 8)								
(subframes with EPDCCH USS								
monitoring)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	25200	42336	85536	42336	57888	85536	63936
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	25200	38880	81216	38880	57024	81216	59616
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	25200	39888	83088	39888	55440	83088	61488
Number of layers		1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Max. Throughput averaged over 1	Mbps	10.296	25.456	51.024	36.542	51.024	74.950	54.826
frame (Note 8)								
UE Categories		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥2	≥ 3	≥ 3	≥ 4
Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH	I for all to	acte	·				·	

- Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211.
- Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 4: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.
- Note 5: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 6..14,30..49$ are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames.
- Note 6: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.
- Note 8: Given per component carrier per codeword.
- Note 9: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..71$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9.
- Note 10: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..74$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..74$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9.

A.3.9.4 TDD (EPDCCH scheduling)

Table A.3.9.4-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate with EPDCCH scheduling (TDD)

Parameter	Unit			Value		
Reference channel		R.31E-1	R.31E-2	R.31E-3	R.31E-3A	R.31E-4
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		Note 6	Note 7	Note 8	Note 9	Note 8
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		5	5	5	1	1
Number of HARQ Processes per	Processes	15	15	15	7	7
component carrier					_	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		8+1	8+1	8+1	4	4
Coding Rate (subframes with PDCCH USS monitoring)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.3972	0.5926	0.5933	0.8725	0.8763
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		0.3972	0.5926	0.5933	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 5		0.3972	0.6372	0.6213	0.8790	0.8656
For Sub-Frames 6		0.3972	0.5986	0.5963	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 0		0.3972	0.6216	0.6075	0.9036	0.8972
Coding Rate		0.0072	0.0210	0.0070	0.3000	0.0072
(subframes with EPDCCH USS monitoring)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.4114	0.6047	0.5993	0.8856	0.8851
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		0.4114	0.6047	0.5993	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 1		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 5		0.4114	0.6512	0.6279	0.8922	0.8748
For Sub-Frames 6		0.4114	0.6109	0.6024	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 0		0.4114	0.6349	0.6138	0.9175	0.9065
Information Bit Payload		0.4114	0.0040	0.0100	0.5170	0.5005
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits	10296	25456	51024	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	71112
For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	10296	25456	51024	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-	Dita	10230	20400	31024	31024	73370
Frame (Note 4) For Sub-Frames 4,9		2	5	9	9	13
•		2	5	9	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
For Sub-Frame 1		2		9		12
For Sub-Frame 5	Dito	2	5 5	9	9 N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frame 6 For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2	5	9		13
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame (subframes with PDCCH USS			5	9	9	13
monitoring)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	58752	86400
•		26100		86400		N/A
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8 For Sub-Frame 1	Bits		43200		N/A N/A	N/A N/A
For Sub-Frame 1 For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	0	0	0		
For Sub-Frame 5 For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	26100	40176	82512	58320 N/A	82512 N/A
	Bits	26100	42768	85968		
For Sub-Frame 0 Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	26100	41184	84384	56736	84384
(subframes with EPDCCH USS						
monitoring)	5	0=000	40005	0====	F7000	0====
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	25200	42336	85536	57888	85536
	L Dito	25200	42336	85536	N/A	N/A
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Bits					
For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
					N/A 57456 N/A	N/A 81648 N/A

For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	25200	40320	83520	55872	83520
Number of layers		1	2	2	2	2
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame (Note 10)	Mbps	8.237	20.365	40.819	20.409	29.724
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3

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Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Note 5: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 0..2 are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths.

Note 6: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 6..14,30..49 are allocated for the user data in all subframes.

Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.

Note 8: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9.

Note 9: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..71$ are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames

Note10: Given per component carrier per codeword.

A.3.10 Reference Measurement Channels for EPDCCH performance requirements

A.3.10.1 FDD

Table A.3.10.1-1: Reference Channel FDD

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.55 FDD	R.56 FDD	R.57 FDD	R.58 FDD	R.59 FDD	
Number of transmitter antennas		2	2	2	2	2	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10	
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	2	1	1	1	
Aggregation level	ECCE	4	16	2	8	2	
DCI Format		2A	2A	2C	2C	2D	

A.3.10.2 TDD

Table A.3.10.2-1: Reference Channel TDD

Parameter	Unit			Value			
Reference channel		R.55 TDD	R.56 TDD	R.57 TDD	R.58 TDD	R.59 TDD	
Number of transmitter antennas		2	2	2	2	2	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10	
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	2	1	1	1	
Aggregation level	CCE	4	16	2	8	2	
DCI Format		2A	2A	2C	2C	2D	

A.4 CSI reference measurement channels

This section defines the DL signal applicable to the reporting of channel status information (Clause 9.2, 9.3 and 9.5).

In Table A.4-1 are specified the reference channels. Table A.4-13 specifies the mapping of CQI index to modulation coding scheme, which complies with the CQI definition specified in Section 7.2.3 of [6].

Table A.4-0: Void

Table A.4-1: CSI reference measurement channels

RMC Name	Duplex	CH-BW	Alloc. RB-s	UL/DL Config	Alloc. SF-s	MCS Scheme	Nr. HARQ Proc.	Max. nr HARQ Trans.	Notes
1 CRS Port					•				
RC.1 FDD	FDD	10	50	-		MCS.1	8	1	
RC.1 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3		MCS.1	10	1	
RC.3 FDD	FDD	10	6	-		MCS.10	8	1	
RC.3 TDD	TDD	10	6	Note 3		MCS.10	10 or 7 (Note 8)	1	
RC.4 FDD	FDD	10	15	-		MCS.15	8	1	Note 6
RC.4 TDD	TDD	10	15	Note 3		MCS.15	10	1	Note 6
RC.5 FDD	FDD	10	3	-		MCS.17	8	1	
RC.5 TDD	TDD	10	3	Note 3		MCS.17	10	1	
2 CRS Ports									
RC.2 FDD	FDD	10	50	-		MCS.2	8	1	
RC.2 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3		MCS.2	10 or 7 (Note 8)	1	
RC.6 FDD	FDD	10	15	-		MCS.16	8	1	Note 6
RC.6 TDD	TDD	10	15	Note 3		MCS.16	7	1	Note 6
				1 CRS Por	t + CSI-RS				
					Non	MCS.11			
RC.8 FDD	FDD	10	6	-	CSI-RS 2 CSI-RS	MCS.12	8	1	
					Non	MCS.11			
RC.8 TDD	TDD	10	6	Note 3	CSI-RS 2 CSI-RS	MCS.12	10	1	
					Non	MCS.3			
RC.9 FDD	FDD	10	50	-	CSI-RS		8	1	
					2 CSI-RS Non	MCS.4			
RC.9 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	CSI-RS	MCS.3	7	1	
					2 CSI-RS	MCS.4			
2 CRS Port	+ CSI-RS			T	1 1	T		T	
RC.7 FDD	FDD	10	50	_	Non CSI-RS	MCS.5	8	1	
110.7 1 2 2	. 55	10	00		4 CSI-RS	MCS.7	Ŭ		
RC.7 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	Non CSI-RS	MCS.5	10	1	
KC.7 TDD	100	10	50	Note 3	8 CSI-RS	MCS.8	10	'	
					Non	MCS.5			
RC.11 FDD	FDD	10	50	-	CSI-RS 2 CSI-RS	MCS.6	8	1	
					Non	MCS.5			
RC.11 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	CSI-RS		10	1	
4 CDC Dowt	· CCL DC	. CCL IM			2 CSI-RS	MCS.6			
1 CRS Port	+ 651-85	+ C21-11VI		l	Non CSI-	l		l	
RC.13 FDD	FDD	10	50	-	RS/IM	MCS.3	8	1	
	_				CSI- RS/IM	N/A			
					Non CSI- RS/IM	MCS.3			
RC.13 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	CSI-	N/A	10	1	
2 CRS Port	. COLDO	. COLUM			RS/IM	14/1			
2 UKS PORT	+ C3I-K3	+ C31-11VI			Non				
RC.10 FDD	FDD	10	50	-	CSI-RS	MCS.5	8	1	
					4 CSI- RS,	MCS.8	8		

					1 CSI process				
				Non CSI-RS	MCS.5				
RC.10 TDD	TDD	10	50	Note 3	8 CSI- RS, 1 CSI	MCS.9	10	1	
					process				
RC.12 FDD	FDD	10	6		Non CSI- RS/IM	MCS.13	8	4	
RC.12 FDD	רטט	10	0	-	CSI- RS/IM	N/A	0	1	
RC.12 TDD	TDD	10	6	Note 3	Non CSI- RS/IM	MCS.13	10	1	
1.0.12 100	טטו	10	0	Note 3	CSI- RS/IM	N/A	10	'	

- Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For FDD only subframes 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead.
- Note 3: TDD UL-DL configuration as specified in the individual tests.
- Note 4: For TDD when UL-DL configuration 1 is used only subframes 4 and 9 are allocated to avoide PBCH and synchronizaiton signal overhead.
- Note 5: For TDD when UL-DL configuration 2 is used only subframes 3, 4, 8, and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead.
- Note 6: Centered within the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (Figure 5.6-1).
- Note 7: Only subframes 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead.
- Note 8: The number of HARQ processes is 10 for TDD UL/DL configuration 2 and 7 for TDD UL/DL configuration 1.

Table A.4-1a: Void

Table A.4-1b: Void

Table A.4-1c: Void

Table A.4-1d: Void

Table A.4-1e: Void

Table A.4-2: Void

Table A.4-2a: Void

Table A.4-2b: Void

Table A.4-2c: Void

Table A.4-2d: Void

Table A.4-2e: Void

Table A.4-3: Void

Table A.4-3a: Void

Table A.4-3b: Void

Table A.4-3c: Void

Table A.4-3d: Void

Table A.4-3e: Void

Table A.4-3f: Void

Table A.4-3g: Void

Table A.4-3h: Void

Table A.4-3i: Void

Table A.4-3j: Void

Table A.4-3k: Void

Table A.4-31: Void

Table A.4-4: Void

Table A.4-4a: Void

Table A.4-4b: Void

Table A.4-5: Void

Table A.4-5a: Void

Table A.4-5b: Void

Table A.4-6: Void

Table A.4-6a: Void

Table A.4-6b: Void

Table A.4-6c: Void

Table A.4-6d: Void

Table A.4-6e: Void

Table A.4-6f: Void

Table A.4-7: Void

Table A.4-8: Void

Table A.4-9: Void

Table A.4-10: Void

Table A.4-11: Void

Table A.4-12: Void

Table A.4-13: Mapping of CQI Index to Modulation coding scheme (MCS)

	CQI Inde	ex	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Target Coding Rate			OOR	0.0762	0.1172	0.1885	0.3008	0.4385	0.5879	0.3691	0.4785	0.6016	0.4551	0.5537	0.6504	0.7539	0.8525	0.9258	Notes
M	lodulati		OOR			QP	SK			1	6QAN	Λ			64Q	AM			
MCS Scheme	PRB	Available RE-s		Imcs															
MCS.1	50	6300	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.2	50	6000	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	15	18	20	22	24	26	27	
MCS.3	50	5700	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	10	13	15	17	19	21	23	25	26	
MCS.4	50	5600	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	7	10	12	14	17	19	21	23	25	26	
MCS.5	50	5400	DTX	0	0	2	3	5	7	10	12	14	17	19	21	23	24	25	
MCS.6	50	5300	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	14	17	19	21	22	24	25	
MCS.7	50	5200	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	14	17	18	20	22	24	25	
MCS.8	50	5000	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	13	17	18	20	22	23	24	
MCS.9	50	4800	DTX	0	0	1	3	5	7	10	12	13	17	18	20	22	23	24	
MCS.10	6	756	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	19	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.11	6	684	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	14	17	20	21	23	25	27	
MCS.12	6	672	DTX	0	0	1	4	6	8	10	12	14	17	19	21	23	25	26	
MCS.13	6	648	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	15	18	20	22	24	26	27	
MCS.14	25	3150	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.15	15	1890	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	23	25	27	27	
MCS.16	15	1800	DTX	0	0	2	4	6	8	11	13	15	18	20	22	24	26	27	
MCS.17	3	378	DTX	0	1	2	5	7	9	12	13	16	19	21	23	25	27	27	

Note 1: Mapping between Imcs and TBS according to Tables 7.1.7.1-1 and 7.1.7.2.1-1 in TS 36.213 [6].

Note 2: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 3: Sub-frame#0 and #5 are not used for the corresponding requirement. The next subframe (i.e. sub-frame#1 or #6) shall be used for potential retransmissions.

A.5 OFDMA Channel Noise Generator (OCNG)

A.5.1 OCNG Patterns for FDD

The following OCNG patterns are used for modelling allocations to virtual UEs (which are not under test) and/or allocations used for MBSFN. The OCNG pattern for each sub frame specifies the allocations that shall be filled with OCNG, and furthermore, the relative power level of each such allocation.

In each test case the OCNG is expressed by parameters OCNG_RA and OCNG_RB which together with a relative power level (γ) specifies the PDSCH EPRE-to-RS EPRE ratios in OFDM symbols with and without reference symbols, respectively. The relative power, which is used for modelling boosting per virtual UE allocation, is expressed by:

$$\gamma_i = PDSCH_i _RA/OCNG_RA = PDSCH_i _RB/OCNG_RB$$
,

where γ_i denotes the relative power level of the *i:th* virtual UE. The parameter settings of OCNG_RA, OCNG_RB, and the set of relative power levels γ are chosen such that when also taking allocations to the UE under test into account, as given by a PDSCH reference channel, a constant transmitted power spectral density that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

Moreover the OCNG pattern is accompanied by a PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH reference channel which specifies the control region. For any aggregation and PHICH allocation, the PDCCH and any unused PHICH groups are padded with resource element groups with a power level given respectively by PDCCH_RA/RB and PHICH_RA/RB as specified in the test case such that a total power spectral density in the control region that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

For the performance requirements of UE with the CA capability, the OCNG patterns apply for each CC.

A.5.1.1 OCNG FDD pattern 1: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.1.1-1: OP.1 FDD: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]							
Subframe							
5	1 – 4, 6 – 9	PDSCH					
Allocation		- Data					
First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB						
– Last unallocated PRR	Last unallocated PRR						
2	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Note 1					
	Subframe 5 Allocation	Subframe 5 1 - 4, 6 - 9 Allocation First unallocated PRB First unallocated PRB -					

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.1.2 OCNG FDD pattern 2: Two sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the allocated area – two sided), starts with PRB 0 and ends with PRB $N_{\rm \tiny RR}$ -1.

Table A.5.1.2-1: OP.2 FDD: Two sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

F	Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]						
0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9					
	Allocation		PDSCH Data				
0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	1 20011 2414				
and	and	and					
(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –					
$(N_{RB}-1)$							
0	0	0	Note 1				

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.1.3 OCNG FDD pattern 3: 49 RB OCNG allocation with MBSFN in 10 MHz

Table A.5.1.3-1: OP.3 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern 3

A.U	Re	Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]						
Allocation		PDSCH Data	PMCH Data					
$n_{\it PRB}$	0	5	4, 9	1 – 3, 6 – 8	Dutu	Dutu		
1 – 49	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	0	N/A	Note 1	N/A		
0 – 49	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	Note 2		

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH subframes shall contain cell-specific Reference Signals only in the first symbol of the first time slot. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PMCH.

Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

N/A: Not Applicable

A.5.1.4 OCNG FDD pattern 4: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern for MBMS transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided) and MBMS performance is tested.

Table A.5.1.4-1: OP.4 FDD: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern for MBMS transmission

	Re	lative power l	evel $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]					
Allocation		Subfi	ame	PDSCH Data	PMCH Data			
$n_{\it PRB}$	0, 4, 9	0, 4, 9 5 1 - 3, 6 - 8		Duta	Dutu			
First unallocated PRB Last unallocated PRB	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	Note 1	N/A			
First unallocated PRB Last unallocated PRB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 2			
one PI	SCH per virtual	UE; the data t	ssigned to an arbitrary numb ransmitted over the OCNG F	DSCHs sh	all be			
used to Note 2: Each p each P measu contair	uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH. Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH subframes shall contain cell-specific Reference Signals only in the first symbol of the first time slot. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PMCH.							

Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

N/A: Not Applicable

A.5.1.5 OCNG FDD pattern 5: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in the frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.1.5-1: OP.5 FDD: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG FDD Pattern

		Relative power level $\gamma_{{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}}$ [dl	B]					
	0 5 1-4,6-9							
		Allocation		Data				
First	First unallocated PRB First unallocated PRB First unallocated PRB							
Last	unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB					
	0	0	0	Note 1				
Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random								
	data, which is 16QAM modulated. The parameter $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ is used to scale the power of PDSCH.							
Note 2:	· I RD							

A.5.1.6 OCNG FDD pattern 6: dynamic OCNG FDD pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

Delay CDD). The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission

modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the first allocated block). The second allocated block ends with PRB $N_{RB}-1$.

Table A.5.1.6-1: OP.6 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

F	Relative power level γ_{PRB} [dB]							
0								
	Allocation							
0 – (First allocated PRB of	0 – (First allocated PRB of	0 – (First allocated PRB of	PDSCH Data					
first block -1)	first block -1)	first block -1)						
and	and	and						
(Last allocated PRB of first	(Last allocated PRB of first	(Last allocated PRB of first						
block +1) - (First allocated	block +1) - (First allocated	block +1) – (First allocated						
PRB of second block -1)	PRB of second block -1)	PRB of second block -1)						
0	0	Note 1						
Note 1: These physical res	ote 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual							

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.1.7 OCNG FDD pattern 7: dynamic OCNG FDD pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data, EPDCCH or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in

multiple parts by the M allocated blocks for data transmission). The m-th allocated block starts with RPB $N_{Start,m}$ and ends with PRB $N_{End,m}-1$, where m=1,...,M. The system bandwidth starts with RPB 0 and ends with $N_{RR}-1$.

Table A.5.1.7-1: OP.7 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

F			
	Subframe		
0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9	
	Allocation		
$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	
			PDSCH Data
$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) - (PRB$	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) - (PRB$	
$N_{Start,m}-1)$	$N_{Start,m}-1$)	$N_{Start,m}-1$)	
 (PRB N _{End,M}) – (PRB	 (PRB N _{End,M}) – (PRB	 (PRB N _{End,M}) – (PRB	
$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	
0	0	0	Note 1

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

A.5.1.8 OCNG FDD pattern 8: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern for TM10 transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.1.1-1: OP.8 FDD: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]			
	Subframe		
0 5 1-4,6-9			
Allocation			Data
First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	
– Last unallocated PRB	 Last unallocated PRB 	– Last unallocated PRB	
Last unanocated FRB	Last unanocated FNB	Last unanocated FNB	
0	0	0	Note 1,2,3

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is 16QAM modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

- Note 2: The OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode10. The the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- Note 3: The detailed test set-up for TM10 transmission i.e PMI configuration is specified to each test case.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2 OCNG Patterns for TDD

The following OCNG patterns are used for modelling allocations to virtual UEs (which are not under test). The OCNG pattern for each sub frame specifies the allocations that shall be filled with OCNG, and furthermore, the relative power level of each such allocation.

In each test case the OCNG is expressed by parameters OCNG_RA and OCNG_RB which together with a relative power level (γ) specifies the PDSCH EPRE-to-RS EPRE ratios in OFDM symbols with and without reference symbols, respectively. The relative power, which is used for modelling boosting per virtual UE allocation, is expressed by:

$$\gamma_i = PDSCH_i RA/OCNG RA = PDSCH_i RB/OCNG RB,$$

where γ_i denotes the relative power level of the *i:th* virtual UE. The parameter settings of OCNG_RA, OCNG_RB, and the set of relative power levels γ are chosen such that when also taking allocations to the UE under test into account, as given by a PDSCH reference channel, a transmitted power spectral density that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

Moreover the OCNG pattern is accompanied by a PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH reference channel which specifies the control region. For any aggregation and PHICH allocation, the PDCCH and any unused PHICH groups are padded with resource element groups with a power level given respectively by PDCCH_RA/RB and PHICH_RA/RB as specified in the test case such that a total power spectral density in the control region that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

A.5.2.1 OCNG TDD pattern 1: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.2.1-1: OP.1 TDD: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]					
Subframe (only if available for DL)					
	0	5	3, 4, 7, 8, 9 and 6 (as normal subframe) Note 2	1 and 6 (as special subframe) ^{Note 2}	PDSCH Data
		Allo	cation		
First una	llocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	
Last una	llocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	
	0 0 0		0	0	Note 1
Note 1:			ssigned to an arbitrary num ne OCNG PDSCHs shall be		•
	which is QPS	SK modulated. The param	neter $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ is used to scale	the power of PDSCH.	
Note 2:	Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211				
Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The					
	parameter γ	$_{PRB}$ applies to each anter	nna port separately, so the	transmit power is equal b	etween all the
	transmit ante	ennas with CRS used in th	ne test. The antenna transr	nission modes are specifi	ed in section

A.5.2.2 OCNG TDD pattern 2: Two sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern

7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is

discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the allocated area – two sided), starts with PRB 0 and ends with PRB $N_{\rm RB}$ –1.

Table A.5.2.2-1: OP.2 TDD: Two sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]			PDSCH Data	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Subframe (only if	f available for DL)		Data
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	5	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9	1,6	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			(6 as normal subframe)	(6 as special subframe)	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Alloc	ation		
and (Last allocated PRB+1) – ($N_{RB}-1$) (Last allocated PRB+1) – ($N_{RB}-1$) (Last allocated PRB+1) – ($N_{RB}-1$) ($N_{RB}-1$) ($N_{RB}-1$)	0 –	0 –	0 –	0 –	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	
$(N_{RB}-1)$ $(N_{RB}-1)$ $(N_{RB}-1)$ $(N_{RB}-1)$	and	and	and	and	
AD AD AD	(Last allocated PRB+1) -	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	
	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	
0 0 N	0	0	0	0	Note 1

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36 211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.3 OCNG TDD pattern 3: 49 RB OCNG allocation with MBSFN in 10 MHz

Table A.5.2.3-1: OP.3 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern 3 for 5ms downlink-to-uplink switch-point periodicity

		Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]				
Allocation	Subframe			PDSCH Data	PMCH Data	
$n_{\it PRB}$	0	5	4, 9 ^{Note 2}	1, 6		
1 – 49	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	0	Note 1	N/A
0 – 49	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	Note 3

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211.
- Note 3: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH symbols shall not contain cell-specific Reference Signals.
- Note 4: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- N/A Not Applicable

A.5.2.4 OCNG TDD pattern 4: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern for MBMS transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided) and MBMS performance is tested.

Table A.5.2.4-1: OP.4 TDD: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern for MBMS transmission

		Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]				
Allocation		Subframe (only for DL)			PDSCH Data	PMCH Data
$n_{\it PRB}$	0 and 6 (as normal subframe)	1 (as special subframe)	5	3, 4, 7 – 9	1 DOON Data	1 MOIT Data
First unallocate d PRB - Last unallocate d PRB	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s of DwPTS)	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	Note 1	N/A
First unallocate d PRB - Last unallocate d PRB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note2
		ource blocks are a transmitted over t				

- which is QPSK modulated. The parameter $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be Note 2: uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH symbols shall not contain cell-specific Reference Signals.
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- N/A Not Applicable

A.5.2.5 OCNG TDD pattern 5: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG TDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the sub-frames available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.2.5-1: OP.5 TDD: One sided dynamic 16QAM modulated OCNG TDD Pattern

	Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]				
	Subframe (only if available for DL)				
	0	5	3, 4, 7, 8, 9 and 6 (as normal subframe) Note 2	1 and 6 (as special subframe) ^{Note 2}	PDSCH Data
		Allo	cation		
First una	llocated PRB	First unallocated PRB -	First unallocated PRB -	First unallocated PRB -	
Last unal	located PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	
	0	0	0	0	Note 1
Note 1:	Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data,				
	which is 16Q	AM modulated. The para	meter $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ is used to scale	e the power of PDSCH.	
Note 2:	Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211			Table 4.2-2 in	
Note 3:	Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 3 (Large Delay				
	CDD). The parameter $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal				
		he transmit antennas with section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 30	n CRS used in the test. The 5.213.	antenna transmission m	odes are

A.5.2.6 OCNG TDD pattern 6: dynamic OCNG TDD pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the first allocated block). The second allocated block ends with PRB $N_{\rm PR} - 1$.

Table A.5.2.6-1: OP.6 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]			PDSCH Data	
Subframe (only if available for DL)				Data
0	5	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9	1,6	
		(6 as normal subframe)	(6 as special subframe)	
Allocation				
0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	
of first block -1)	of first block -1)	of first block -1)	of first block -1)	
and	and	and	and	
(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	
first block +1) - (First	first block +1) – (First	first block +1) – (First	first block +1) – (First	
allocated PRB of second	allocated PRB of second	allocated PRB of second	allocated PRB of second	
block -1)	block -1)	block -1)	block -1)	
0	0	0	0	Note 1
		d to an arbitrary number of vi	rtual UEs with one PDSCH p	er virtual

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.7 OCNG TDD pattern 7: dynamic OCNG TDD pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data, EPDCCH or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in multiple parts by the M allocated blocks for data transmission). The m-th allocated block starts with RPB $N_{Start,m}$ and ends with PRB $N_{End,m}-1$, where m=1,...,M. The system bandwidth starts with RPB 0 and ends with $N_{RB}-1$.

Table A.5.2.7-1: OP.7 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern when user data is in multiple non-contiguous blocks

	Relative power	level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]		PDSCH Data
	Subframe (only it	f available for DL)		Data
0	5	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 (6 as normal subframe)	1,6 (6 as special subframe)	
	Alloc	ation		
$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	$0 - (PRB N_{Start,1} - 1)$	
$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) -$	$(PRBN_{End,(m-1)})$ –	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) -$	$(PRB N_{End,(m-1)}) -$	
(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	(PRB $N_{Start,m} - 1$)	
(PRB $N_{End,M}$) – (PRB	(PRB $N_{End,M}$) – (PRB	(PRB $N_{End,M}$) – (PRB	(PRB $N_{End,M}$) – (PRB	
$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	$N_{RB}-1$)	
0	0	0	0	Note 1

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211.
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.8 OCNG TDD pattern 8: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern for TM10 transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.1.1-1: OP.8 TDD: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dB]			
	Subframe		
0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9	PDSCH
	Allocation		Data
First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	First unallocated PRB	1
Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	
0	0	0	Note 1,2,3

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is 16QAM modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: The OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode10. The the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.
- Note 3: The detailed test set-up for TM10 transmission i.e PMI configuration is specified to each test case.

Annex B (normative): Propagation conditions

B.1 Static propagation condition

For 1 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
.

For 2 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & j \\ 1 & -j \end{pmatrix}.$$

For 4 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & j & j \\ 1 & 1 - j & -j \end{bmatrix}$$

For 8 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & j & j & j \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 - j - j - j - j \end{bmatrix}$$

B.2 Multi-path fading propagation conditions

The multipath propagation conditions consist of several parts:

- A delay profile in the form of a "tapped delay-line", characterized by a number of taps at fixed positions on a sampling grid. The profile can be further characterized by the r.m.s. delay spread and the maximum delay spanned by the taps.
- A combination of channel model parameters that include the Delay profile and the Doppler spectrum, that is characterized by a classical spectrum shape and a maximum Doppler frequency
- A set of correlation matrices defining the correlation between the UE and eNodeB antennas in case of multi-antenna systems.
- Additional multi-path models used for CQI (Channel Quality Indication) tests

B.2.1 Delay profiles

The delay profiles are selected to be representative of low, medium and high delay spread environments. The resulting model parameters are defined in Table B.2.1-1 and the tapped delay line models are defined in Tables B.2.1-2, B.2.1-3 and B.2.1-4.

Table B.2.1-1 Delay profiles for E-UTRA channel models

Model	Number of channel taps	Delay spread (r.m.s.)	Maximum excess tap delay (span)
Extended Pedestrian A (EPA)	7	45 ns	410 ns
Extended Vehicular A model (EVA)	9	357 ns	2510 ns
Extended Typical Urban model (ETU)	9	991 ns	5000 ns

Table B.2.1-2 Extended Pedestrian A model (EPA)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	0.0
30	-1.0
70	-2.0
90	-3.0
110	-8.0
190	-17.2
410	-20.8

Table B.2.1-3 Extended Vehicular A model (EVA)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	0.0
30	-1.5
150	-1.4
310	-3.6
370	-0.6
710	-9.1
1090	-7.0
1730	-12.0
2510	-16.9

Table B.2.1-4 Extended Typical Urban model (ETU)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	-1.0
50	-1.0
120	-1.0
200	0.0
230	0.0
500	0.0
1600	-3.0
2300	-5.0
5000	-7.0

B.2.2 Combinations of channel model parameters

The propagation conditions used for the performance measurements in multi-path fading environment are indicated as EVA[number], EPA[number] or ETU[number] where 'number' indicates the maximum Doppler frequency (Hz).

Table B.2.2-1 Void

B.2.3 MIMO Channel Correlation Matrices

The MIMO channel correlation matrices defined in B.2.3 apply for the antenna configuration using uniform linear arrays at both eNodeB and UE.

B.2.3.1 Definition of MIMO Correlation Matrices

Table B.2.3.1-1 defines the correlation matrix for the eNodeB

Table B.2.3.1-1 eNodeB correlation matrix

	One antenna	Two antennas	Four antennas
eNode B Correlation	$R_{eNB} = 1$	$R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}^*} & 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} \\ \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}^*} & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}^*} & 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}^*} & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}^*} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Table B.2.3.1-2 defines the correlation matrix for the UE:

Table B.2.3.1-2 UE correlation matrix

	One antenna	Two antennas	Four antennas
UE Correlation	$R_{UE} = 1$	$R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} & \beta \\ \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} \\ \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^* & \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Table B.2.3.1-3 defines the channel spatial correlation matrix R_{spat} . The parameters, α and β in Table B.2.3.1-3 defines the spatial correlation between the antennas at the eNodeB and UE.

 $R_{spat} = R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 2x2 case $R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta & \alpha & \alpha \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 & \alpha \beta^* & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^* \beta & 1 & \beta \\ \alpha^* \beta^* & \alpha^* & \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 4x2 case $R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha & \alpha \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 & \alpha \beta^* & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 4x4 case $R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha & \alpha \beta \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{1/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{1/9}$

Table B.2.3.1-3: $R_{\it spat}$ correlation matrices

For cases with more antennas at either eNodeB or UE or both, the channel spatial correlation matrix can still be expressed as the Kronecker product of R_{eNB} and R_{UE} according to $R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE}$.

B.2.3.2 MIMO Correlation Matrices at High, Medium and Low Level

The α and β for different correlation types are given in Table B.2.3.2-1.

Table B.2.3.2-1

Low cor	Low correlation		orrelation	High Correlation		
α	β	α	β	α	β	
0	0	0.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	

The correlation matrices for high, medium and low correlation are defined in Table B.2.3.1-2, B.2.3.2-3 and B.2.3.2-4, as below.

The values in Table B.2.3.2-2 have been adjusted for the 4x2 and 4x4 high correlation cases to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision. This is done using the equation:

$$\mathbf{R}_{high} = [\mathbf{R}_{spatial} + aI_n]/(1+a)$$

Where the value "a" is a scaling factor such that the smallest value is used to obtain a positive semi-definite result. For the 4x2 high correlation case, a=0.00010. For the 4x4 high correlation case, a=0.00012.

The same method is used to adjust the 4x4 medium correlation matrix in Table B.2.3.2-3 to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision with a = 0.00012.

Table B.2.3.2-2: MIMO correlation matrices for high correlation

1x2 case		$R_{high} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$					
2x2 case		$R_{high} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 0.81 \\ 0.9 & 1 & 0.81 & 0.9 \\ 0.9 & 0.81 & 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.81 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$					
4x2 case	$R_{high} =$	1.0000 0.8999 0.9883 0.8894 0.9542 0.8587 0.8999 0.8099 0.8999 1.0000 0.8894 0.9883 0.8587 0.9542 0.8099 0.8999 0.9883 0.8894 1.0000 0.8999 0.9883 0.8894 0.9542 0.8587 0.8894 0.9883 0.8999 1.0000 0.8894 0.9883 0.8587 0.9542 0.9542 0.8587 0.9883 0.8894 1.0000 0.8999 0.9883 0.8894 0.8587 0.9542 0.8894 0.9883 0.8894 1.0000 0.8894 0.9883 0.8999 0.8099 0.9542 0.8587 0.9883 0.8894 1.0000 0.8999 0.8099 0.8999 0.8587 0.9542 0.8894 0.9883 0.8999 1.0000					
4x4 case	$R_{high} = \begin{cases} 0.9882 \ 1.0000 \ 0.9541 \ 0.9882 \ 1.0 \ 0.8999 \ 0.9541 \ 0.9 \ 0.9767 \ 0.9882 \ 0.9767 \ 0.9 \ 0.9430 \ 0.9767 \ 0.9 \ 0.9541 \ 0.9430 \ 0.9 \ 0.9541 \ 0.9430 \ 0.9 \ 0.9430 \ 0.9541 \ 0.9430 \ 0.9 \ 0.9105 \ 0.9430 \ 0.9 \ 0.8587 \ 0.9105 \ 0.9 \ 0.8894 \ 0.8999 \ 0.8894 \ 0.8999 \ 0.8 \ 0.8894 \ 0.8999 \ 0.8 \ 0.8587 \ 0.8894 \ 0.8999 \ 0.8 \ 0.8587 \ 0.88989 \ 0.8 \ 0.8587 \ 0.8899 \ 0.8 \$	0.9541 0.8999 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.8894 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.8587 0.8999 0.8894 0.8587 0.8099 0.8882 0.9541 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.8894 0.8999 0.8894 0.8587 0.0000 0.9882 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9105 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.8587 0.8894 0.8999 0.8894 0.8982 1.0000 0.8894 0.9430 0.9767 0.9882 0.8587 0.9105 0.9430 0.9541 0.8099 0.8587 0.8894 0.8999 0.9430 0.8894 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.8999 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.8894 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.8587 0.9430 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.9882 0.9767 0.9541 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9105 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.9682 0.8999 0.9541 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9105 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9541 0.9882 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.8894 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9541 0.9430 0.9105 0.9430 0.9105 0.9430 0.9541 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.8894 0.9430 0.9105 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.9882 0.9767 0.9882 0.9767 0.9430 0.9882 0.9767 0.9882 0.9541 0.					

Table B.2.3.2-3: MIMO correlation matrices for medium correlation

1x2 case		N/A													
2x2 case		$R_{medium} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 & 0.3 & 0.27 \\ 0.9 & 1 & 0.27 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.27 & 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.27 & 0.3 & 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$													
4x2 case		R_{medium} =	= \begin{pmatrix} 1.00 \\ 0.90 \\ 0.80 \\ 0.53 \\ 0.52 \\ 0.22 \end{pmatrix}	000 1. 748 0. 873 0. 856 0. 271 0.	0000 .7873 .8748 .5271 5856 .2700	0.9000 0.8748 0.7873 0.5856	0.874 0.900 1.000 0.787 0.874 0.527	8 0.5 0 0.8 0 0.7 3 1.0 8 0.9	5271 3748 7873 9000 9000 3748	0.5271 0.5856 0.7873 0.8748 0.9000 1.0000 0.7873 0.8748	0.2° 0.5° 0.5° 0.8° 0.7° 0.7° 1.0°	700 856 271 748 873	0.2700 0.3000 0.5271 0.5856 0.7873 0.8748 0.9000		
4x4 case	R _{medium} =	1.0000 0.9882 0.9882 1.0000 0.9541 0.9882 0.8999 0.9541 0.8747 0.8645 0.8645 0.8747 0.8347 0.8645 0.7872 0.8347 0.5785 0.5787 0.5787 0.5588 0.3000 0.2965 0.2965 0.3000 0.2862 0.2965 0.2700 0.2862	0.9882 0. 1.0000 0. 0.9882 1. 0.8347 0. 0.8645 0. 0.8747 0. 0.5588 0. 0.5787 0. 0.5855 0. 0.5787 0. 0.2862 0. 0.2965 0. 0.3000 0.	9541 0.8 9882 0.8 0000 0.7 7872 1.0 8347 0.9 8645 0.9 8747 0.8 55270 0.8 5588 0.8 5585 0.7 2700 0.5 2862 0.5 2965 0.5	645 0.87 347 0.86 872 0.83 000 0.98 882 1.00 541 0.98 999 0.95 747 0.86 645 0.87 347 0.86 872 0.83 855 0.57 787 0.58 588 0.57	47 0.8645 45 0.8747 47 0.8645 82 0.9541 00 0.9882 82 1.0000 41 0.9882 45 0.8347 47 0.8645 45 0.8747 47 0.8645 87 0.5588 87 0.5855	0.8347 0.8645 0.8747 0.8999 0.9541 0.9882 1.0000 0.7872 0.8347 0.8645 0.8747 0.5270 0.5588 0.5787	0.5787 0.5588 0.5270 0.8747 0.8645 0.8347 0.7872 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.8999 0.8747 0.8645 0.8347	0.5855 0.5787 0.5588 0.8645 0.8747 0.8645 0.8347 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541 0.8645 0.8747 0.8645	0.5787 0.5855 0.5787 0.8347 0.8645 0.8747 0.8645 0.9541 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882 0.8347 0.8645 0.8747	0.5588 0.5787 0.5855 0.7872 0.8347 0.8645 0.8747 0.8999 0.9541 0.9882 1.0000 0.7872 0.8347 0.8645	0.2965 0.2862 0.2700 0.5855 0.5787 0.5588 0.5270 0.8747 0.8645 0.8347 0.7872 1.0000 0.9882 0.9541	0.3000 0.2965 0.2862 0.5787 0.5855 0.5787 0.5588 0.8645 0.8747 0.8645 0.8347 0.9882 1.0000 0.9882	0.2965 0.3000 0.2965 0.5588 0.5787 0.5855 0.5787 0.8347 0.8645 0.8747 0.8645 0.9541 0.9882 1.0000	0.2862 0.2965 0.3000 0.5270 0.5588 0.5787 0.5855 0.7872 0.8347 0.8645 0.8747 0.8999

Table B.2.3.2-4: MIMO correlation matrices for low correlation

1x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_2$
2x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_4$
4x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_8$
4x4 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_{16}$

In Table B.2.3.2-4, \mathbf{I}_d is the $d \times d$ identity matrix.

B.2.3A MIMO Channel Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas

The MIMO channel correlation matrices defined in B.2.3A apply for the antenna configuration using cross polarized antennas at both eNodeB and UE. The cross-polarized antenna elements with ± 4.5 degrees polarization slant angles are deployed at eNB and cross-polarized antenna elements with ± 9.0 0 degrees polarization slant angles are deployed at UE.

For the cross-polarized antennas, the N antennas are labelled such that antennas for one polarization are listed from 1 to N/2 and antennas for the other polarization are listed from N/2+1 to N, where N is the number of transmit or receive antennas.

B.2.3A.1 Definition of MIMO Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas

For the channel spatial correlation matrix, the following is used:

$$R_{spat} = P(R_{eNB} \otimes \Gamma \otimes R_{UE})P^{T}$$

where

- R_{UE} is the spatial correlation matrix at the UE with same polarization,
- R_{eNB} is the spatial correlation matrix at the eNB with same polarization,
- Γ is a polarization correlation matrix, and
- $(\bullet)^T$ denotes transpose.

The matrix Γ is defined as

$$\Gamma = \begin{bmatrix}
1 & 0 & -\gamma & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & \gamma \\
-\gamma & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & \gamma & 0 & 1
\end{bmatrix}$$

A permutation matrix P elements are defined as

$$P(a,b) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } a = (j-1)Nr + i & \text{and } b = 2(j-1)Nr + i, & i = 1, \dots, Nr, j = 1, \dots Nt/2 \\ 1 & \text{for } a = (j-1)Nr + i & \text{and } b = 2(j-Nt/2)Nr - Nr + i, & i = 1, \dots, Nr, j = Nt/2 + 1, \dots, Nt + i, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where N_t and N_r is the number of transmitter and receiver respectively. This is used to map the spatial correlation coefficients in accordance with the antenna element labelling system described in B.2.3A.

B.2.3A.2 Spatial Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas at eNB and UE sides

B.2.3A.2.1 Spatial Correlation Matrices at eNB side

For 2-antenna transmitter using one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{\scriptscriptstyle eNR}=1$.

For 4-antenna transmitter using two pairs of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

For 8-antenna transmitter using four pairs of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{eNB} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} \\ \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{\frac{4}{9}} & \alpha^{\frac{1}{9}} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

B.2.3A.2.2 Spatial Correlation Matrices at UE side

For 2-antenna receiver using one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{UE} = 1$.

For 4-antenna receiver using two pairs of cross-polarized antenna elements, $R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

B.2.3A.3 MIMO Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas

The values for parameters α , β and γ for high spatial correlation are given in Table B.2.3A.3-1.

Table B.2.3A.3-1

High spatial correlation					
0.9 0.9 0.3					
Note 1: Value of α applies when more than one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements at eNB side. Note 2: Value of β applies when more than one pair of cross-polarized antenna elements at UE side.					

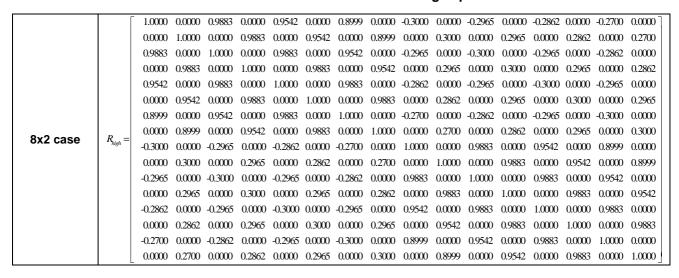
The correlation matrices for high spatial correlation are defined in Table B.2.3A.3-2 as below.

The values in Table B.2.3A.3-2 have been adjusted to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision. This is done using the equation:

$$\mathbf{R}_{high} = [\mathbf{R}_{spat} + aI_n]/(1+a)$$

Where the value "a" is a scaling factor such that the smallest value is used to obtain a positive semi-definite result. For the 8x2 high spatial correlation case, a=0.00010.

Table B.2.3A.3-2: MIMO correlation matrices for high spatial correlation



B.2.3A.4 Beam steering approach

Given the channel spatial correlation matrix in B.2.3A.1, the corresponding random channel matrix \mathbf{H} can be calculated. The signal model for the k-th subframe is denoted as

$$y = HD_{\theta_h}Wx + n$$

Where

- H is the Nr xNt channel matrix per subcarrier.

$$\begin{array}{lll} - & D_{\theta_k} \text{ is the steering matrix, which is } D_{\theta_k} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{j\theta_k} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{j2\theta_k} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{j3\theta_k} \end{bmatrix}, \\ \end{array}$$

- θ_k controls the phase variation, and the phase for k-th subframe is denoted by $\theta_k = \theta_0 + \Delta\theta \cdot k$, where θ_0 is the random start value with the uniform distribution, i.e., $\theta_0 \in [0,2\pi]$, $\Delta\theta$ is the step of phase variation, which is defined in Table B.2.3A.4-1, and k is the linear increment of 1 for every subframe throughout the simulation,
- W is the precoding matrix for 8 transmission antennas,
- y is the received signal, x is the transmitted signal, and n is AWGN.

Table B.2.3A.4-1: The step of phase variation

Variation Step	Value (rad/subframe)
$\Delta heta$	1.2566×10 ⁻³

B.2.4 Propagation conditions for CQI tests

For Channel Quality Indication (CQI) tests, the following additional multi-path profile is used:

$$h(t,\tau) = \delta(\tau) + a \exp(-i2\pi f_D t)\delta(\tau - \tau_d),$$

in continuous time (t, τ) representation, with τ_d the delay, a a constant and f_D the Doppler frequency. The same $h(t, \tau)$ is used to describe the fading channel between every pair of Tx and Rx.

B.2.4.1 Propagation conditions for CQI tests with multiple CSI processes

For CQI tests with multiple CSI processes, the following additional multi-path profile is used for 2 port transmission:

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & j \\ 1 & -j \end{bmatrix} \circ H_{MP}$$

Where \circ represents Hadamard product, H_{MP} indicates the 2x2 propagation channel generated in the manner defined in Clause B.2.4.

B.2.5 Void

B.2.6 MBSFN Propagation Channel Profile

Table B.2.6-1 shows propagation conditions that are used for the MBSFN performance requirements in multi-path fading environment in an extended delay spread environment.

Table B.2.6-1: Propagation Conditions for Multi-Path Fading Environments for MBSFN Performance Requirements in an extended delay spread environment

Extended Delay Spread				
Maximum Doppler frequency [5Hz]				
Relative Delay [ns]	Relative Mean Power [dB]			
0	0			
30	-1.5			
150	-1.4			
310	-3.6			
370	-0.6			
1090	-7.0			
12490	-10			
12520	-11.5			
12640	-11.4			
12800	-13.6			
12860	-10.6			
13580	-17.0			
27490	-20			
27520	-21.5			
27640	-21.4			
27800	-23.6			
27860	-20.6			
28580	-27.0			

B.3 High speed train scenario

The high speed train condition for the test of the baseband performance is a non fading propagation channel with one tap. Doppler shift is given by

$$f_s(t) = f_d \cos \theta(t) \tag{B.3.1}$$

where $f_s(t)$ is the Doppler shift and f_d is the maximum Doppler frequency. The cosine of angle $\theta(t)$ is given by

$$\cos\theta(t) = \frac{D_s/2 - vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (D_s/2 - vt)^2}}, \ 0 \le t \le D_s/v$$
(B.3.2)

$$\cos \theta(t) = \frac{-1.5D_s + vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (-1.5D_s + vt)^2}}, \ D_s/v < t \le 2D_s/v$$
(B.3.3)

$$\cos\theta(t) = \cos\theta(t \mod (2D_s/v)), \ t > 2D_s/v \tag{B.3.4}$$

where $D_s/2$ is the initial distance of the train from eNodeB, and D_{\min} is eNodeB Railway track distance, both in meters; v is the velocity of the train in m/s, t is time in seconds.

Doppler shift and cosine angle are given by equation B.3.1 and B.3.2-B.3.4 respectively, where the required input parameters listed in table B.3-1 and the resulting Doppler shift shown in Figure B.3-1 are applied for all frequency bands.

Parameter	Value
D_s	300 m
$D_{ m min}$	2 m
ν	300 km/h
f_d	750 Hz

Table B.3-1: High speed train scenario

NOTE 1: Parameters for HST conditions in table B.3-1 including f_d and Doppler shift trajectories presented on figure B.3-1 were derived from Band 7 and are applied for performance verification in all frequency bands.

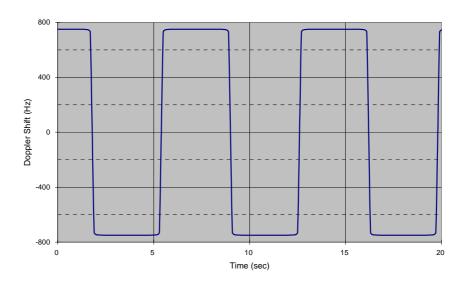


Figure B.3-1: Doppler shift trajectory

For 1x2 antenna configuration, the same $h(t,\tau)$ is used to describe the channel between every pair of Tx and Rx.

For 2x2 antenna configuration, the same $h(t,\tau)$ is used to describe the channel between every pair of Tx and Rx with phase shift according to $\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & j \\ 1 & -j \end{pmatrix}$.

B.4 Beamforming Model

B.4.1 Single-layer random beamforming (Antenna port 5, 7, or 8)

Single-layer transmission on antenna port 5 or on antenna port 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, is defined by using a precoder vector W(i) of size 2×1 randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input the signal $y^{(p)}(i)$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}-1$, for antenna port $p\in\{5,7,8\}$, with $M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}$ the number of modulation symbols including the

user-specific reference symbols (DRS), and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) & \tilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i)y^{(p)}(i)$$

Single-layer transmission on antenna port 7 or 8 with a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, is defined by using a pair of precoder vectors $W_1(i)$ and $W_2(i)$ each of size 2×1 , which are not identical and randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4], as beamforming weights, and normalizing the transmit power as follows:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (W_1(i)y^{(7)}(i) + W_2(i)y^{(8)}(i))$$

The precoder update granularity is specific to a test case.

The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 1$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $y_{bf}(i)$. The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 0$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $\widetilde{y}_{bf}(i)$.

B.4.2 Dual-layer random beamforming (antenna ports 7 and 8)

Dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 is defined by using a precoder matrix W(i) of size 2×2 randomly selected with the number of layers v=2 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input a block of signals for antenna ports 7 and 8, $y(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) & y^{(8)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}-1$, with $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ being the number of modulation symbols per antenna port including the user-specific reference symbols, and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) & \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i) \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) \\ y^{(8)}(i) \end{bmatrix},$$

The precoder update granularity is specific to a test case.

The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 1$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $y_{bf}(i)$. The CSI reference symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ satisfying $p \mod 2 = 0$, $p \in \{15,16,...,22\}$, are transmitted on the same physical antenna element as the modulation symbols $\widetilde{y}_{bf}(i)$.

B.4.3 Generic beamforming model (antenna ports 7-14)

The transmission on antenna port(s) p=7,8,...,v+6 is defined by using a precoder matrix W(i) of size $N_{CSI} \times v$, where N_{CSI} is the number of CSI reference signals configured per test and v is the number of spatial layers. This precoder takes as an input a block of signals for antenna port(s) p=7,8,...,v+6, $y^{(p)}(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) & y^{(8)}(i) & \cdots & y^{(6+v)}(i) \end{bmatrix}$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}-1$, with $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ being the number of modulation symbols per antenna port including the user-specific reference symbols (DM-RS), and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}^{(q)}(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}^{(0)}(i) & y_{bf}^{(1)}(i) & \cdots & y_{bf}^{(N_{CSI}-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same time-frequency index pair (k,l) but transmitted on different physical antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}^{(0)}(i) \\ y_{bf}^{(1)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y_{bf}^{(N_{CSI}-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i) \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) \\ y^{(8)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y^{(6+\nu)}(i) \end{bmatrix}$$

The precoder matrix W(i) is specific to a test case.

The physical antenna elements are identified by indices $j = 0,1,...,N_{ANT}-1$, where $N_{ANT}=N_{CSI}$ is the number of physical antenna elements configured per test.

Modulation symbols $y_{bf}^{(q)}(i)$ with $q \in \{0,1,...,N_{CSI}-1\}$ (i.e. beamformed PDSCH and DM-RS) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=q.

Modulation symbols $y^{(p)}(i)$ with $p \in \{0,1,...,P-1\}$ (i.e. PBCH, PDCCH, PHICH, PCFICH) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=p, where P is the number of cell-specific reference signals configured per test.

Modulation symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ with $p \in \{0,1,...,P-1\}$ (i.e. CRS) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=p, where P is the number of cell-specific reference signals configured per test.

Modulation symbols $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ with $p \in \{15,16,...,14+N_{CSI}\}$ (i.e. CSI-RS) are mapped to the physical antenna index j=p-15, where N_{CSI} is the number of CSI reference signals configured per test.

B.4.4 Random beamforming for EPDCCH distributed transmission (Antenna port 107 and 109)

EPDCCH distributed transmission on antenna port 107 and antenna port 109 is defined by using a pair of precoder vectors $W_1(i)$ and $W_2(i)$ each of size 2×1 , which are not identical and randomly selected per EPDCCH PRB pair with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4], as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input the signal $y^{(p)}(i)$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}-1$, for antenna port $p\in\{107,109\}$, with $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ the number of modulation symbols including the user-specific reference symbols (DMRS), and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i)=\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) & \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$. When EPDCCH is associated with port 107, the transmitted block of signals is deonted as

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W_1(i) y^{(107)}(i).$$

When EPDCCH is associated with port 109, the transmitted block of signals is denoted as

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W_2(i)y^{(109)}(i).$$

B.4.5 Random beamforming for EPDCCH localized transmission (Antenna port 107, 108, 109 or 110)

EPDCCH localized transmission on antenna port 107, 108, 109 or 110 is defined by using a precoder vector W(i) of size 2×1 randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input the signal $y^{(p)}(i)$, $i=0,1,...,M^{ap}_{symb}-1$, for antenna port $p\in\{107,108,109,110\}$, with

 $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ the number of modulation symbols including the user-specific reference symbols (DMRS), and generates a

block of signals $y_{bf}(i) = [y_{bf}(i) \ \tilde{y}_{bf}(i)]^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i)y^{(p)}(i).$$

B.5 Interference models for enhanced performance requirements Type-A

This clause provides a description for the modelling of interfering cell transmissions for enhanced performance requirements Type-A including: definition of dominant interferer proportion, transmission mode 3, 4 and 9 type of interference modelling.

B.5.1 Dominant interferer proportion

Each interfering cell involved in enhanced performance requirements Type-A is characterized by its associated dominant interferer proportion (DIP) value:

$$DIP_i = \frac{\hat{I}_{or(i+1)}}{N_{oc}}$$

where is $\hat{I}_{or(i+1)}$ is the average received power spectral density from the i-th strongest interfering cell involved in the requirement scenario ($\hat{I}_{or(1)}$ is assumed to be the power spectral density associated with the serving cell) and

 $N_{oc}' = \sum_{j=2}^{N} \hat{I}_{or(j)} + N_{oc}$ where N_{oc} is the average power spectral density of a white noise source consistent with the

definition provided in subclause 3.2 and N is the total number of cells involved in a given requirement scenario.

B.5.2 Transmission mode 3 interference model

This subclause provides transmission mode 3 interference modelling for each explicitly modelled interfering cell in the requirement scenario. In each subframe, each interfering cell shall transmit randomly modulated data over the entire PDSCH region and the full transmission bandwidth. Transmitted physical channels shall include PSS, SSS and PBCH.

For each subframe and each CQI subband as defined in subclause 7.2 of [6], a transmission rank shall be randomly determined independently from other CQI subbands as well as other interfering cells. Probabilities of occurrence of each possible transmission rank are as specified in the requirement scenario.

For rank-1 transmission over a subband, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4].

For rank-2 transmission over a subband, precoding for spatial multiplexing with large delay CDD over two layers for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.2.2 of [4].

For unallocated REs in the control region, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to QPSK randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4]. The EPRE ratio for these REs shall be as defined for PDCCH in Annex C.3.2.

B.5.3 Transmission mode 4 interference model

This subclause provides transmission mode 4 interference modelling for each explicitly modelled interfering cell in the requirement scenario. In each subframe, each interfering cell shall transmit randomly modulated data over the entire PDSCH region and the full transmission bandwidth. Transmitted physical channels shall include PSS, SSS and PBCH.

For each subframe and each CQI subband as defined in subclause 7.2 of [6], a transmission rank shall be randomly determined independently from other CQI subbands as well as other interfering cells. Probabilities of occurrence of each possible transmission rank are as specified in the requirement scenario.

For each subframe and CQI subband, a precoding matrix for the number of layers v associated to the selected rank shall be selected randomly from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 of [4]. Note that codebook index 0 shall be excluded from random precoder selection when the number of layers is v = 2.

Precoding for spatial multiplexing with cell-specific reference signals for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.2.1 of [4] with the selected precoding matrices for each subframe and each CQI subband.

For unallocated REs in the control region, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to QPSK randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4]. The EPRE ratio for these REs shall be as defined for PDCCH in Annex C.3.2.

B.5.4 Transmission mode 9 interference model

This subclause provides transmission mode 9 interference modelling for each explicitly modelled interfering cell in the requirement scenario. In each subframe, each interfering cell shall transmit randomly modulated data over the entire PDSCH region and the full transmission bandwidth. Transmitted physical channels shall include PSS, SSS and PBCH.

For each subframe and each CQI subband as defined in subclause 7.2 of [6], a transmission rank shall be randomly determined independently from other CQI subbands as well as other interfering cells. Probabilities of occurrence of each possible transmission rank are as specified in the requirement scenario.

For each subframe and each CQI subband, a precoding matrix for the number of layers v associated to the selected rank shall be selected randomly from Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of [4].

The generic beamforming model in subclause B.4.3 shall be applied assuming cell-specific reference signals and CSI reference signals as specified in the requirement scenario. Random precoding with selected rank and precoding matrices for each subframe and each CQI subband shall be applied to 16QAM randomly modulated layer symbols including the user-specific reference symbols over antenna port 7 when the rank is one and antenna ports 7, 8 when the rank is two.

For unallocated REs in the control region, precoding for transmit diversity for the number of antenna ports in the requirement scenario shall be applied to QPSK randomly modulated layer symbols, as specified in subclause 6.3.4.3 of [4]. The EPRE ratio for these REs shall be as defined for PDCCH in Annex C.3.2.

Annex C (normative): Downlink Physical Channels

C.1 General

This annex specifies the downlink physical channels that are needed for setting a connection and channels that are needed during a connection.

C.2 Set-up

Table C.2-1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table C.2-1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

Physical Channel
PBCH
SSS
PSS
PCFICH
PDCCH
EPDCCH
PHICH
PDSCH

C.3 Connection

The following clauses, describes the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done.

C.3.1 Measurement of Receiver Characteristics

Table C.3.1-1 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7).

Table C.3.1-1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection (FDD and TDD)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio
PBCH	PBCH_RA = 0 dB
	PBCH_RB = 0 dB
PSS	$PSS_RA = 0 dB$
SSS	$SSS_RA = 0 dB$
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = 0 dB
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = 0 dB
	PDCCH_RB = 0 dB
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = 0 dB
	PDSCH_RB = 0 dB
OCNG	OCNG_RA = 0 dB
	OCNG_RB = 0 dB

NOTE 1: No boosting is applied.

Table C.3.1-2: Power allocation for OFDM symbols and reference signals

Parameter	Unit	Value	Note
Transmitted power spectral density I_{or}	dBm/15 kHz	Test specific	1. I_{or} shall be kept constant throughout all OFDM symbols
Cell-specific reference		0 dB	
signal power ratio $E_{\it RS}$ / $I_{\it or}$			

C.3.2 Measurement of Performance requirements

Table C.3.2-1 is applicable for measurements in which uniform RS-to-EPRE boosting for all downlink physical channels.

Table C.3.2-1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection (FDD and TDD)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio
PBCH	PBCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PBCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PSS	$PSS_RA = 0 \text{ (Note 3)}$
SSS	$SSS_RA = 0 $ (Note 3)
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PDCCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
EPDCCH	EPDCCH_RA = ρ_A + δ
	EPDCCH_RB = $\rho_B + \delta$
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = ρ_A
	PDSCH_RB = ρ_B
PMCH	$PMCH_RA = \rho_A$
	$PMCH_RB = \rho_B$
MBSFN RS	MBSFN RS_RA = ρ_A
	MBSFN RS_RB = ρ_B
OCNG	OCNG_RA = ρ_A + σ
	OCNG_RB = ρ_B + σ

NOTE 1: $\rho_A = \rho_B = 0$ dB means no RS boosting.

NOTE 2: MBSFN RS and OCNG are not defined downlink physical channels in [4].

NOTE 3: Assuming PSS and SSS transmitted on a single antenna port.

NOTE 4: ρ_A , ρ_B , σ and δ are test specific.

NOTE 5: For TM 8, TM 9 and TM10 ρ_A , ρ_B are used for the purpose of the test set up only.

Table C.3.2-2: Power allocation for OFDM symbols and reference signals

Parameter	Unit	Value	Note
Total transmitted power spectral density $I_{\it or}$	dBm/15 kHz	Test specific	1. I_{or} shall be kept constant throughout all OFDM symbols
Cell-specific reference		Test specific	1. Applies for antenna
signal power ratio $E_{\it RS}$ / $I_{\it or}$			port p
Energy per resource element EPRE		Test specific	1. The complex-valued symbols $y^{(p)}(i)$ and
			$a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ defined in [4] shall
			conform to the given EPRE value. 2. For TM8, TM9, and
			TM10 the reference point for EPRE is before the
			precoder in Annex B.4.

C.3.3 Aggressor cell power allocation for Measurement of Performance Requirements when ABS is Configured

For the performance requirements and channel state information reporting when ABS is configured, the power allocation for the physical channels of the aggressor cell in non-ABS and ABS is listed in Table C.3.3-1.

Table C.3.3-1: Downlink physical channels transmitted in aggressor cell when ABS is configured in this cell

Dhysical Channel	Parameters	Unit	EP	RE Ratio
Physical Channel			Non-ABS	ABS
PBCH	PBCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
РВСП	PBCH_RB	dB	ρΒ	Note 1
PSS	PSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
SSS	SSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB	dB	ρΒ	Note 1
DUIGU	PHICH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
PHICH	PHICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
PDCCH	PDCCH_RB	dB	ρΒ	Note 1
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA	dB	N/A	Note 1
PDSCH	PDSCH_RB	dB	N/A	Note 1
OCNG	OCNG_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
OCNG	OCNG_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
Note 1: -∞ dB is allocated	for this channel in this test.		•	

Table C.3.3-2: Downlink physical channels transmitted in aggressor cell when ABS is configured in this cell when the CRS assistance information is provided

Dhysical Channel	Parameters	Unit	EP	RE Ratio
Physical Channel		Unit	Non-ABS	ABS
PBCH	PBCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	ρΑ
PBCH	PBCH_RB	dB	ρв	ρ_{B}
PSS	PSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	ρ_{A}
SSS	SSS_RA	dB	ρΑ	ρΑ
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PHICH	PHICH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
PHICH	PHICH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
PDCCH	PDCCH_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA	dB	N/A	Note 1
PDSCH	PDSCH_RB	dB	N/A	Note 1
OCNG	OCNG_RA	dB	ρΑ	Note 1
CONG	OCNG_RB	dB	ρв	Note 1
Note 1: -∞ dB is allocated f	or this channel in this test.			

C.3.4 Power Allocation for Measurement of Performance Requirements when Quasi Co-location Type B: same Cell ID

For the performance requirements related to quasi-colocation type B behaviour when transmission points share the same Cell ID, the power allocation for the physical channels of the serving cell is listed in table C.3.4-1 and the power allocation for the physical channels of the cell transmitting PDSCH is listed in table C.3-4-2

Table C.3.4-1: Downlink physical channels transmitted in the serving cell (TP1)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio
PBCH	PBCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PBCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PSS	$PSS_RA = 0 (Note 2)$
SSS	$SSS_RA = 0 $ (Note 2)
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = ρ_A
	PDSCH_RB = ρ_B
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PDCCH_RB = ρ_B + σ

NOTE 1: $\rho_A = \rho_B = 0$ dB means no RS boosting.

NOTE 2: Assuming PSS and SSS transmitted on a single antenna port.

NOTE 3: ρ_A , ρ_B and σ are test specific.

Table C.3.4-2: Downlink physical channels for the transmission point transmitting PDSCH (TP2)

Physical Channel	Value
PDSCH	Test Specific

Annex D (normative): Characteristics of the interfering signal

D.1 General

When the channel band width is wider or equal to 5MHz, a modulated 5MHz full band width E-UTRA down link signal and CW signal are used as interfering signals when RF performance requirements for E-UTRA UE receiver are defined. For channel band widths below 5MHz, the band width of modulated interferer should be equal to band width of the received signal.

D.2 Interference signals

Table D.2-1 describes the modulated interferer for different channel band width options.

Table D.2-1: Description of modulated E-UTRA interferer

	Channel bandwidth						
	1.4 MHz	1.4 MHz 3 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz 20 MHz					
BW _{Interferer}	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz	
RB	6	15	25	25	25	25	

Annex E (normative): Environmental conditions

E.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

E.2 Environmental

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s).

E.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

Table E.2.1-1

+15°C to +35°C	for normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)
-10°C to +55°C	for extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2)

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation.

E.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Table E.2.2-1

Power source	Lower extreme	Higher extreme voltage	Normal conditions
	voltage	voitage	voltage
AC mains	0,9 * nominal	1,1 * nominal	nominal
Regulated lead acid battery	0,9 * nominal	1,3 * nominal	1,1 * nominal
Non regulated batteries:			
Leclanché	0,85 * nominal	Nominal	Nominal
Lithium	0,95 * nominal	1,1 * Nominal	1,1 * Nominal
Mercury/nickel & cadmium	0,90 * nominal		Nominal

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

E.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes.

Table E.2.3-1

Frequency	ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vibration		
5 Hz to 20 Hz	$0.96 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^3$		
20 Hz to 500 Hz	0,96 m ² /s ³ at 20 Hz, thereafter –3 dB/Octave		

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 36.101 for extreme operation.

Annex F (normative): Transmit modulation

F.1 Measurement Point

Figure F.1-1 shows the measurement point for the unwanted emission falling into non-allocated RB(s) and the EVM for the allocated RB(s).

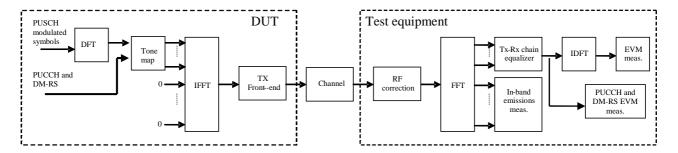


Figure F.1-1: EVM measurement points

F.2 Basic Error Vector Magnitude measurement

The EVM is the difference between the ideal waveform and the measured waveform for the allocated RB(s)

$$EVM = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{v \in T_m} |z'(v) - i(v)|^2}{|T_m| \cdot P_0}},$$

where

 T_m is a set of $|T_m|$ modulation symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

z'(v) are the samples of the signal evaluated for the EVM,

i(v) is the ideal signal reconstructed by the measurement equipment, and

 P_0 is the average power of the ideal signal. For normalized modulation symbols P_0 is equal to 1.

The basic EVM measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain for PUCCH and PUSCH and over one preamble sequence for the PRACH.

F.3 Basic in-band emissions measurement

The in-band emissions are a measure of the interference falling into the non-allocated resources blocks. The in-band emission requirement is evaluated for PUCCH and PUSCH transmissions. The in-band emission requirement is not evaluated for PRACH transmissions.

The in-band emissions are measured as follows

$$Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB}) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{\max(f_{\min}, f_{l} + 12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f)}^{f_{l} + (12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f)} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} < 0 \\ \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{f_{h} + (12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} - 11) * \Delta f}^{\min(f_{\max}, f_{l} + 12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f)} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} > 0 \end{cases},$$

where

 T_s is a set of $|T_s|$ SC-FDMA symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

 Δ_{RB} is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g. $\Delta_{RB}=1$ or $\Delta_{RB}=-1$ for the first adjacent RB),

 f_{\min} (resp. f_{\max}) is the lower (resp. upper) edge of the UL system BW,

 f_l and f_h are the lower and upper edge of the allocated BW, and

Y(t, f) is the frequency domain signal evaluated for in-band emissions as defined in the subsection (ii)

The relative in-band emissions are, given by

$$Emissions_{relative}(\Delta_{RB}) = \frac{Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB})}{\frac{1}{\left|T_{s}\right| \cdot N_{RB}} \sum_{t \in T_{s}}^{f_{t} + (12 \cdot N_{RB} - 1) \Delta f} \left|Y(t, f)\right|^{2}}$$

where

 N_{RR} is the number of allocated RBs

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one SC-FDMA symbol, accordingly.

In the evaluation of in-band emissions, the timing is set according to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{c}$, where sample time offsets $\Delta \tilde{t}$ and $\Delta \tilde{c}$ are defined in subclause F.4.

F.4 Modified signal under test

Implicit in the definition of EVM is an assumption that the receiver is able to compensate a number of transmitter impairments.

The PUSCH data or PRACH signal under test is modified and, in the case of PUSCH data signal, decoded according to::

$$Z'(t,f) = IDFT \left\{ \frac{FFT \left\{ z(v - \Delta \widetilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi \Delta \widetilde{f}v} \right\} e^{j2\pi f\Delta \widetilde{t}}}{\widetilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)}} \right\}$$

where

z(v) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

The PUCCH or PUSCH demodulation reference signal or PUCCH data signal under test is equalised and, in the case of PUCCH data signal decoded according to:

$$Z'(t,f) = \frac{FFT\left\{z(v - \Delta \tilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi \Delta \tilde{f}v}\right\} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \tilde{t}}}{\tilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\tilde{\varphi}(t,f)}} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \tilde{t}}}$$

where

z(v) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

To minimize the error, the signal under test should be modified with respect to a set of parameters following the procedure explained below.

Notation:

 $\Delta \tilde{t}$ is the sample timing difference between the FFT processing window in relation to nominal timing of the ideal signal.

 $\Delta \tilde{f}$ is the RF frequency offset.

 $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ is the phase response of the TX chain.

 $\tilde{a}(t, f)$ is the amplitude response of the TX chain.

In the following $\Delta \tilde{c}$ represents the middle sample of the EVM window of length W (defined in the next subsections) or the last sample of the first window half if W is even.

The EVM analyser shall

- ightharpoonup detect the start of each slot and estimate $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ and $\Delta \widetilde{f}$,
- \blacktriangleright determine $\Delta \tilde{c}$ so that the EVM window of length W is centred
 - on the time interval determined by the measured cyclic prefix minus 16 samples of the considered OFDM symbol for symbol 0 for normal CP, i.e. the first 16 samples of the CP should not be taken into account for this step. In the determination of the number of excluded samples, a sampling rate of 30.72MHz was assumed. If a different sampling rate is used, the number of excluded samples is scaled linearly.
 - on the measured cyclic prefix of the considered OFDM symbol symbol for symbol 1 to 6 for normal CP and for symbol 0 to 5 for extended CP.
 - on the measured preamble cyclic prefix for the PRACH

To determine the other parameters a sample timing offset equal to $\Delta \widetilde{c}$ is corrected from the signal under test. The EVM analyser shall then

- ightharpoonup correct the RF frequency offset $\Delta \widetilde{f}$ for each time slot, and
- > apply an FFT of appropriate size. The chosen FFT size shall ensure that in the case of an ideal signal under test, there is no measured inter-subcarrier interference.

The carrier leakage shall be removed from the evaluated signal before calculating the EVM and the in-band emissions; however, the removed relative carrier leakage power also has to satisfy the applicable requirement.

At this stage the allocated RBs shall be separated from the non-allocated RBs. In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH EVM, the signal on the non-allocated RB(s), Y(t, f), is used to evaluate the in-band emissions.

Moreover, the following procedure applies only to the signal on the allocated RB(s).

- In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain equalizer coefficients $\tilde{a}(t,f)$ and $\tilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ used by the ZF equalizer for all subcarriers by time averaging at each signal subcarrier of the amplitude and phase of the reference and data symbols. The time-averaging length is 1 slot. This process creates an average amplitude and phase for each signal subcarrier used by the ZF equalizer. The knowledge of data modulation symbols may be required in this step because the determination of symbols by demodulation is not reliable before signal equalization.
- In the case of PRACH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain coefficients $\widetilde{a}(t)$ and $\widetilde{\varphi}(t)$ used for phase and amplitude correction and are seleted so as to minimize the resulting EVM. The TX chain coefficients are not dependent on frequency, i.e. $\widetilde{a}(t,f)=\widetilde{a}(t)$ and $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)=\widetilde{\varphi}(t)$. The TX chain coefficient are chosen independently for each preamble transmission and for each $\Delta \widetilde{t}$.

At this stage estimates of $\Delta \widetilde{f}$, $\widetilde{\alpha}(t,f)$, $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ and $\Delta \widetilde{c}$ are available. $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ is one of the extremities of the window W, i.e. $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ can be $\Delta \widetilde{c} + \alpha - \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$ or $\Delta \widetilde{c} + \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$, where $\alpha = 0$ if W is odd and $\alpha = 1$ if W is even. The EVM analyser shall then

- ightharpoonup calculate EVM₁ with $\Delta \tilde{t}$ set to $\Delta \tilde{c} + \alpha \left| \frac{W}{2} \right|$,
- ightharpoonup calculate EVM_h with $\Delta \tilde{t}$ set to $\Delta \tilde{c} + \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$.

F.5 Window length

F.5.1 Timing offset

As a result of using a cyclic prefix, there is a range of $\Delta \tilde{t}$, which, at least in the case of perfect Tx signal quality, would give close to minimum error vector magnitude. As a first order approximation, that range should be equal to the length of the cyclic prefix. Any time domain windowing or FIR pulse shaping applied by the transmitter reduces the $\Delta \tilde{t}$ range within which the error vector is close to its minimum.

F.5.2 Window length

The window length W affects the measured EVM, and is expressed as a function of the configured cyclic prefix length. In the case where equalization is present, as with frequency domain EVM computation, the effect of FIR is reduced. This is because the equalization can correct most of the linear distortion introduced by the FIR. However, the time domain windowing effect can't be removed.

F.5.3 Window length for normal CP

The table below specifies the EVM window length at channel bandwidths 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz, for normal CP. The nominal window length for 3 MHz is rounded down one sample to allow the window to be centered on the symbol.

Table F.5.3-1 EVM window length for normal CP

Channel Bandwidth MHz	Cyclic prefix length N_{cp} for symbol 0		Nominal FFT size	Cyclic prefix for symbols 1 to 6 in FFT samples	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP for symbols 1 to 6 ²
1.4			128	9	5	55.6
3			256	18	12	66.7
5	160	144	512	36	32	88.9
10	100	144	1024	72	66	91.7
15			1536	108	102	94.4
20			2048	144	136	94.4

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed.

Note 2: These percentages are informative and apply to symbols 1 through 6. Symbol 0 has a longer CP and therefore a lower percentage.

F.5.4 Window length for Extended CP

The table below specifies the EVM window length at channel bandwidths 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz, for extended CP. The nominal window lengths for 3 MHz and 15 MHz are rounded down one sample to allow the window to be centered on the symbol.

Table F.5.4-1 EVM window length for extended CP

Channel Bandwidth MHz	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Cyclic} \\ \text{prefix} \\ \text{length}^1 N_{cp} \end{array}$	Nominal FFT size	Cyclic prefix in FFT samples	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP ²
1.4		128	32	28	87.5
3		256	64	58	90.6
5	512	512	128	124	96.9
10	312	1024	256	250	97.4
15		1536	384	374	97.4
20		2048	512	504	98.4

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed.

Note 2: These percentages are informative

F.5.5 Window length for PRACH

The table below specifies the EVM window length for PRACH preamble formats 0-4.

Table F.5.5-1 EVM window length for PRACH

Preamble format	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Cyclic} \\ \textbf{prefix} \\ \textbf{length}^1 \ N_{cp} \end{array}$	Nominal FFT size ²	EVM window length <i>W</i> in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP*
0	3168	24576	3072	96.7%
1	21024	24576	20928	99.5%
2	6240	49152	6144	98.5%
3	21024	49152	20928	99.5%
4	448	4096	432	96.4%

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed

Note 2: The use of other FFT sizes is possible as long as appropriate scaling of the window length is applied

Note 3: These percentages are informative

F.6 Averaged EVM

The general EVM is averaged over basic EVM measurements for 20 slots in the time domain.

$$\overline{EVM} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{20} \sum_{i=1}^{20} EVM_i^2}$$

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window W extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus $\overline{\text{EVM}}_1$ is calculated using $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_l$ in the expressions above and $\overline{\text{EVM}}_h$ is calculated using $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_h$.

Thus we get:

$$EVM = \max(\overline{EVM}_1, \overline{EVM}_h)$$

The calculation of the EVM for the demodulation reference signal, EVM_{DMRS} , follows the same procedure as calculating the general EVM, with the exception that the modulation symbol set T_m defined in clause F.2 is restricted to symbols containing uplink demodulation reference signals.

The basic EVM_{DMRS} measurements are first averaged over 20 slots in the time domain to obtain an intermediate average EVM_{DMRS} .

$$\overline{EVM}_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{20} \sum_{i=1}^{20} EVM_{DMRS,i}^2}$$

In the determination of each $EVM_{DMRS,i}$, the timing is set to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_l$ if $\overline{EVM}_l > \overline{EVM}_h$, and it is set to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_l$ otherwise, where \overline{EVM}_l and \overline{EVM}_h are the general average EVM values calculated in the same 20 slots over which the intermediate average \overline{EVM}_{DMRS} is calculated. Note that in some cases, the general average EVM may be calculated only for the purpose of timing selection for the demodulation reference signal EVM.

Then the results are further averaged to get the EVM for the demodulation reference signal, EVM_{DMRS} ,

$$EVM_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{6} \sum_{i=1}^{6} \overline{EVM}_{DMRS,j}^{2}}$$

The PRACH EVM, EVM_{PRACH} , is averaged over two preamble sequence measurements for preamble formats 0, 1, 2, 3, and it is averaged over 10 preamble sequence measurements for preamble format 4.

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window *W* extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH,1}}$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t}_l$ and $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH,h}}$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t}_h$.

Thus we get:

$$EVM_{PRACH} = \max(\overline{EVM}_{PRACH,1}, \overline{EVM}_{PRACH,h})$$

F.7 Spectrum Flatness

The data shall be taken from FFT coded data symbols and the demodulation reference symbols of the allocated resource block.

Annex G (informative): Reference sensitivity level in lower SNR

This annex contains information on typical receiver sensitivity when HARQ transmission is enabled allowing operation in lower SNR regions (HARQ is disabled in conformance testing), thus representing the configuration normally used in live network operation under noise-limited conditions.

G.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level P_{SENS} with HARQ retransmission enabled (operation in lower SNR) is the minimum mean power applied to both the UE antenna ports at which the residual BLER after HARQ shall meet the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel. The residual BLER after HARQ transmission is defined as follows:

$$BLER_{residual} = 1 - \frac{A}{B}$$

A: Number of correctly decoded MAC PDUs

B: Number of transmitted MAC PDUs (Retransmitted MAC PDUs are not counted)

G.2 Typical receiver sensitivity performance (QPSK)

The residual BLER after HARQ shall be lower than 1% for the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes G.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table G.2-1 and Table G.2-2

Table G.2-1: Reference sensitivity QPSK P_{SENS}

	Channel bandwidth						
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex Mode
1				[-102]			FDD
2				TBD			FDD
3				TBD			FDD
4				TBD			FDD
5				TBD			FDD
6				TBD			FDD
7				TBD			FDD
8				TBD			FDD
9				TBD			FDD
10				TBD			FDD
11				TBD			FDD
12				TBD			FDD
13				TBD			FDD
14				TBD			FDD
17				TBD			FDD
18				TBD			FDD
19				TBD			FDD
20				TBD			FDD
21				TBD			FDD
22				TBD			FDD
23				TBD			FDD
26				TBD			FDD
27				TBD			FDD
28				TBD			FDD
33				[-102]			TDD
34				[-102]			TDD
35				[-102]			TDD
36				[-102]			TDD
37				[-102]			TDD
38				[-102]			TDD
39				[-102]			TDD
40				[-102]			TDD
42				[-102]			TDD
43				[-102]			TDD
44				[-102]			TDD
Note 1: The transmitter shall be set to P _{UMAX} as defined in clause 6.2.5 Note 2: Reference measurement channel is G.3 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 Note 3: The signal power is specified per port							
Note 4: For the UE which supports both Band 3 and Band 9 the reference sensitivity							

Note 4: For the UE which supports both Band 3 and Band 9 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

Note 5: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

Table G.2-2 specifies the minimum number of allocated uplink resource blocks for which the reference receive sensitivity requirement in lower SNR must be met.

Table G.2-2: Minimum uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

	E-UTRA Band / Channel bandwidth / NRB / Duplex mode						
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex Mode
1				[6] ¹			FDD
2				[6] ¹			FDD
3				[6] ¹			FDD
4				[6] ¹			FDD
5				[6] ¹			FDD
6				[6] ¹			FDD
7				[6] ¹			FDD
8				[6] ¹			FDD
9				[6] ¹			FDD
10				[6] ¹			FDD
11				[6] ¹			FDD
12				[6] ¹			FDD
13				[6] ¹			FDD
14				[6] ¹			FDD
				[-]			
17				[6] ¹			FDD
18				[6] ¹			FDD
19				[6] ¹			FDD
20				[6] ¹			FDD
22				[6] ¹			FDD
21				[6] ¹			FDD
23				[6] ¹			FDD
26				[6] ¹			FDD
27				[6] ¹			FDD
28				[6] ¹			FDD
33				50			TDD
34				50			TDD
35				50			TDD
36				50			TDD
37				50			TDD
38				50			TDD
39				50			TDD
40				50			TDD
42				50			TDD
43				50			TDD
43				50			TDD
	L The UL reso	urce bloc	l ks shall h		l Is close as	nossible to	
downlink operating band but confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth (Table 5.6-1). Note 2: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the minimum uplink configuration for reference sensitivity is FFS. Note 3: For Band 20; in the case of 15MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource							
blocks shall be located at RBstart _11 and in the case of 20MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RBstart _16							

Unless given by Table G.2-3, the minimum requirements specified in Tables G.2-1 and G.2-2 shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

Table G.2-3: Network Signalling Value for reference sensitivity

E-UTRA Band	Network Signalling value
2	NS_03
4	NS_03
10	NS_03
12	NS_06
13	NS_06
14	NS_06
17	NS_06
19	NS_08
21	NS_09
23	NS_03
35	NS_03
36	NS_03

G.3 Reference measurement channel for REFSENSE in lower SNR

Tables G.3-1 and G.3-2 are applicable for Annex G.2 (Reference sensitivity level in lower SNR).

Table G.3-1 Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		50
Subcarriers per resource block		12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10
Modulation		QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		[4]
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4392
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	4392
Transport block CRC	Bits	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 4)		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	13800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	N/A
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12960
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	3952.
		8
UE Category		Hz and 10MHz channel RW 3 symbols allocated to

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to

each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 4: Redundancy version coding sequence is {0, 1, 2, 3} for QPSK.

Table G.3-2 Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Channel Bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1 1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4+2
(D+S)		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		[4]
Modulation		QPSK
Target coding rate		1/3
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame	Bits	
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		4392
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		3240
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		4392
Transport block CRC	Bits	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 5)		
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		1 1
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		1
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame	Bits	
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		13800
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		11256
For Sub-Frame 5		N/A
For Sub-Frame 0		13104
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	1965.
		6
UE Category		1-5

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with Note 2: insufficient PDCCH performance
- Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] Note 3:
- If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 4: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit). As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 5:
- Redundancy version coding sequence is {0, 1, 2, 3} for QPSK. Note 6:

Annex H (normative): Modified MPR behavior

H.1 Indication of modified MPR behavior

This annex contains the definitions of the bits in the field *modifiedMPRbehavior* indicated in the IE UE Radio Access Capability [7] by a UE supporting an MPR or A-MPR modified in a later release of this specification.

Table H.1-1: Definitions of the bits in the field modifiedMPRbehavior

Index of field	Definition	Notes
(bit number)	(description of the supported functionality if indicator	
	set to one)	
0 (leftmost bit)	- The MPR for intra-band contiguous carrier	- This bit can be set to 1 by
	aggregation bandwidth class C with non-contiguous	a UE supporting intra-band
	resource allocation specified in Clause 6.2.3A in	contiguous CA bandwidth
	version 12.5.0 of this specification	class C
1	- The A-MPR associated with NS_05 for Band 1 in	- This bit can be set to 1 by
	Clause 6.2.4 in version 12.10.0 of this specification.	a UE supporting A-MPR
		associated to NS_05 for
		Band 1.

Annex I (informative): Change history

Table H-1: Change History

Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
11-2007	R4#45	R4-72206				TS36.101V0.1.0 approved by RAN4	
12-2007	RP#38	RP-070979				Approved version at TSG RAN #38	8.0.0
03-2008	RP#39	RP-080123	3			TS36.101 - Combined updates of E-UTRA UE requirements	8.1.0
05-2008	RP#40	RP-080325	4			TS36.101 - Combined updates of E-UTRA UE requirements	8.2.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	5r1			Addition of Ref Sens figures for 1.4MHz and 3MHz Channel bandwiidths	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	7r1			Transmitter intermodulation requirements	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	10			CR for clarification of additional spurious emission requirement	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	15			Correction of In-band Blocking Requirement	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	18r1			TS36.101: CR for section 6: NS_06	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	19r1			TS36.101: CR for section 6: Tx modulation	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	20r1			TS36.101: CR for UE minimum power	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	21r1			TS36.101: CR for UE OFF power	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	24r1			TS36.101: CR for section 7: Band 13 Rx sensitivity	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	26			UE EVM Windowing	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	29			Absolute ACLR limit	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	23r2			TS36.101: CR for section 6: UE to UE co-existence	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	30			Removal of [] for UE Ref Sens figures	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	31			Correction of PA, PB definition to align with RAN1 specification	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	37r2			UE Spurious emission band UE co-existence	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	44			Definition of specified bandwidths	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	48r3			Addition of Band 17	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	50			Alignment of the UE ACS requirement	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	52r1			Frequency range for Band 12	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	54r1			Absolute power tolerance for LTE UE power control	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	55			TS36.101 section 6: Tx modulation	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	6r2			DL FRC definition for UE Receiver tests	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	46			Additional UE demodulation test cases	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	47			Updated descriptions of FRC	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	49			Definition of UE transmission gap	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	51			Clarification on High Speed train model in 36.101	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	53			Update of symbol and definitions	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080743	56			Addition of MIMO (4x2) and (4x4) Correlation Matrices	8.3.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080908	94r2			CR TX RX channel frequency separation	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	105r1			UE Maximum output power for Band 13	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	60			UL EVM equalizer definition	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	63			Correction of UE spurious emissions	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	66			Clarification for UE additional spurious emissions	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	72			Introducing ACLR requirement for coexistance with UTRA 1.6MHZ channel from 36.803	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	75			Removal of [] from Section 6 transmitter characteristcs	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	81			Clarification for PHS band protection	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	101			Alignement for the measurement interval for transmit signal quality	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	98r1			Maximum power	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	57r1			CR UE spectrum flatness	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	71r1			UE in-band emission	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	58r1			CR Number of TX exceptions	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080951	99r2			CR UE output power dynamic	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080951	79r1			LTE UE transmitter intermodulation	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080910	91			Update of Clause 8	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080950	106r1			Structure of Clause 9 including CSI requirements for PUCCH mode 1-0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	59			CR UE ACS test frequency offset	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	65			Correction of spurious response parameters	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	80	1		Removal of LTE UE narrowband intermodulation	8.4.0

12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	90r1	Introduction of Maximum Sensitivity Degradation	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	103	Removal of [] from Section 7 Receiver characteristic	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	62	Alignement of TB size n Ref Meas channel for RX characteristics	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	78	TDD Reference Measurement channel for RX characterisctics	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	73r1	Addition of 64QAM DL referenbce measurement channel	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	74r1	Addition of UL Reference Measurement Channels	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080912	104	Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (TDD)	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080913	68	MIMO Correlation Matrix Corrections	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080915	67	Correction to the figure with the Transmission Bandwidth configuration	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080916	77	Modification to EARFCN	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080917	85r1	New Clause 5 outline	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080919	102	Introduction of Bands 12 and 17 in 36.101	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080927	84r1	 Clarification of HST propagation conditions	8.4.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	156r2	A-MPR table for NS_07	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	170	Corrections of references (References to tables and figures)	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	108	Removal of [] from Transmitter Intermodulation	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	155	E-UTRA ACLR for below 5 MHz bandwidths	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	116	Clarification of PHS band including the future plan	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	119	Spectrum emission mask for 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwidhts	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	120	Removal of "Out-of-synchronization handling of output power" heading	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	126	 UE uplink power control	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	128	Transmission BW Configuration	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	130	Spectrum flatness	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	132r2	 PUCCH EVM	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	134	 UL DM-RS EVM	8.5.0 8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090170	140	 Removal of ACLR2bis requirements	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43 RP#43	RP-090171 RP-090171	113 127	In-band blocking In-band blocking and sensitivity requirement for band 17	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090171	127 137r1	 Wide band intermodulation	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090171 RP-090171	141	Correction of reference sensitivity power level of Band 9	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090171	109	AWGN level for UE DL demodulation performance tests	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	124	 Update of Clause 8: additional test cases	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	139r1	Performance requirement structure for TDD PDSCH	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	142r1	Performance requirements and reference measurement channels for TDD PDSCH demodulation with UE-specific reference symbols	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	145	Number of information bits in DwPTS	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	160r1	MBSFN-Unicast demodulation test case	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090172	163r1	MBSFN-Unicast demodulation test case for TDD	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090173	162	Clarification of EARFCN for 36.101	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	110	Correction to UL Reference Measurement Channel	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	114	Addition of MIMO (4x4, medium) Correlation Matrix	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	121	Correction of 36.101 DL RMC table notes	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	125	Update of Clause 9	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	138r1	Clarification on OCNG	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	161	CQI reference measurement channels	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	164	PUCCH 1-1 Static Test Case	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#43	RP-090369	111	Reference Measurement Channel for TDD	8.5.0
03-2009	RP#44			Editorial correction in Table 6.2.4-1	8.5.1
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	167	Boundary between E-UTRA fOOB and spurious emission domain for 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwiths. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091205)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	168	EARFCN correction for TDD DL bands. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091206)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	169	Editorial correction to in-band blocking table. (Technically	8.6.0

		1		Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091238)	T
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	171	CR PRACH EVM. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-	8.6.0
05-2009	KP#44	RP-090540	1/1	091308)	0.0.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	172	CR EVM correction. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091309)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	177	CR power control accuracy. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091418)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	179	Correction of SRS requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091426)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	186	Clarification for EVM. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091512)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	187	Removal of [] from band 17 Refsens values and ACS offset frequencies	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	191	Completion of band17 requirements	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	192	Removal of 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwidths from bands 13, 14 and 17.	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	223	CR: 64 QAM EVM	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	201	CR In-band emissions	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	203	CR EVM exclusion period	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	204	CR In-band emissions timing	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	206	CR Minimum Rx exceptions	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	207	CR UL DM-RS EVM	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	218r1	A-MPR table for NS_07	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	205r1	CR In-band emissions in shortened subframes	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	200r1	CR PUCCH EVM	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	178r2	No additional emission mask indication. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091421)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	220r1	Spectrum emission requirements for band 13	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	197r2	CR on aggregate power tolerance	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	196r2	CR: Rx IP2 performance	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090541	198r1	Maximum output power relaxation	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	166	Update of performance requirement for TDD PDSCH with MBSFN configuration. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091180)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	175	Adding AWGN levels for some TDD DL performance requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091406)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	182	OCNG Patterns for Single Resource Block FRC Requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091504)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090542	170r1	Update of Clause 8: PHICH and PMI delay. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091275)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	183	Requirements for frequency-selective fading test. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091505)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	199	CQI requirements under AWGN conditions	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	188r1	Adaptation of UL-RMC-s for supporting more UE categories	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	193r1	Correction of the LTE UE downlink reference measurement channels	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	184r1	Requirements for frequency non-selective fading tests. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091506)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	185r1	Requirements for PMI reporting. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091510)	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	221r1	Correction to DL RMC-s for Maximum input level for supporting more UE-Categories	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090543	216	Addition of 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths into band 38	8.6.0
05-2009	RP#44	RP-090559	180	Introduction of Extended LTE800 requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091432)	9.0.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090826	239	A-MPR for Band 19	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	225	LTE UTRA ACLR1 centre frequency definition for 1.4 and 3 MHz BW	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	227	Harmonization of text for LTE Carrier leakage	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	229	Sensitivity requirements for Band 38 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	236	Operating band edge relaxation of maximum output power for Band 18 and 19	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	238	Addition of 5MHz channel bandwidth for Band 40	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090822	245	Removal of unnecessary requirements for 1.4 and 3 MHz bandwidths on bands 13 and 17	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	261	Correction of LTE UE ACS test parameter	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	263R1	Correction of LTE UE ACLR test parameter	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	286	Uplink power and RB allocation for receiver tests	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	320	CR Sensitivity relaxation for small BW	9.1.0

09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	324	Correction of Band 3 spurious emission band UE co-existence	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	249R1	CR Pcmax definition (working assumption)	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	330	Spectrum flatness clarification	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	332	Transmit power: removal of TC and modification of REFSENS note	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	282R1	Additional SRS relative power requirement and update of measurement definition	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	284R1	Power range applicable for relative tolerance	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	233	TDD UL/DL configurations for CQI reporting	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	235	Further clarification on CQI test configurations	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	243	Corrections to UL- and DL-RMC-s	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	247	Reference measurement channel for multiple PMI requirements	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	290	CQI reporting test for a scenario with frequency-selective interference	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	265R2	CQI reference measurement channels	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	321R1	CR RI Test	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	231	Correction of parameters for demodulation performance requirement	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	241R1	UE categories for performance tests and correction to RMC references	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	333	Clarification of Es definition in the demodulation requirement	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	326	Editorial corrections and updates to PHICH PBCH test cases.	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	259R3	Test case numbering in section 8 Performance tests	9.1.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	335	Test case numbering in TDD PDSCH performance test (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093523)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	337	Adding beamforming model for user-specfic reference signal (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093525)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	339R1	Adding redundancy sequences to PMI test (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093581)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	341	Throughput value correction at FRC for Maximum input level (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093660)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	343	Correction to the modulated E-UTRA interferer (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093662)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	345R1	OCNG: Patterns and present use in tests (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093664)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	347	OCNG: Use in receiver and performance tests (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093666)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	349	Miscellaneous corrections on CSI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676)	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	351	Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093677) CR Rx diversity requirement (Technically endorsed at RAN 4	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	353	52bis in R4-093703) A-MPR notation in NS_07 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis	9.2.0
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12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	359	RAN 4 52bis in R4-093846) CQI reference measurement channel (Technically endorsed at	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	363	RAN 4 52bis in R4-093970) LTE MBSFN Channel Model (Technically endorsed at RAN 4	9.2.0
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12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	367	Demodulation Tests	9.2.0
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12-2009	RP-46	RP-091286	378	Introduction of Extended LTE1500 requirements for TS36.101	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	384	CR: Removal of 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz channel bandwidths from additional spurious emissions requirements for Band 1 PHS protection	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	386R3	Clarification of measurement conditions of spurious emission requirements at the edge of spurious domain	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	390	Spurious emission table correction for TDD bands 33 and 38.	9.2.0
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12-2009 RP-46 RP-901262 442R1 n n Band Emissions Requirements Correction CR 9.2.0						
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	06-2010	RP-48	RP-100630	569	Addition of minimum performance requirements for low UE	9.4.0

				category TDD CRS single-antenna port tests	
06-2010				Introduction of sustained downlink data-rate performance	
00 20.0	RP-48	RP-100631	549r3	requirements	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100683	530r1	Band 20 Rx requirements	9.4.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	614r2	Add OCNG to MBMS requirements	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100916	599	Correction of PDCCH content for PHICH test	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	597r1	Beamforming model for transmission on antenna port 7/8	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	600r1	Correction of full correlation in frequency-selective CQI test	9.5.0
09-2010				Correction on single-antenna transmission fixed reference	
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	601	channel	9.5.0
09-2010				Reference sensitivity requirements for the 1.4 and 3 MHz	
	RP-49	RP-100914	605	bandwidths	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	608r1	CR for DL sustained data rate test	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	DD 100010	614	Correction of references in section 10 (MBMS performance requirements)	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100919 RP-100914	611	Band 13 and Band 14 spurious emission corrections	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100914	617r1	Rx Requirements	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100916	576r1	Clarification on DL-BF simulation assumptions	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	582r1	Introduction of additional Rel-9 scenarios	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100925	575r1	Correction to band 20 ue to ue Co-existence table	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100916	581r1	Test configuration corrections to CQI reporting in AWGN	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100916	595	Corrections to RF OCNG Pattern OP.1 and 2	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100919	583	Editorial corrections of 36.101	9.5.0
09-2010				Addition of minimum performance requirements for low UE	
	RP-49	RP-100920	586	category TDD tests	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100914	590r1	Downlink power for receiver tests	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100920	591	OCNG use and power in beamforming tests	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100916	593	Throughput for multi-datastreams transmissions	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100914	588	Missing note in Additional spurious emission test with NS_07	9.5.0
09-2010	RP-49	RP-100927	596r2	CR LTE_TDD_2600_US spectrum band definition additions to	10.0.0
10.0010	DD 50	RP-101309	680	TS 36.101 Demodulation performance requirements for dual-layer	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101309	680	beamforming	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101325	672	Correction on the statement of TB size and subband selection in	10.1.0
12-2010	KF-50	KF-101323	072	CSI tests	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101327	652	Correction to Band 12 frequency range	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101329	630	Removal of [] from TDD Rank Indicator requirements	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101329	635r1	Test configuration corrections to CQI TDD reporting in AWGN	10.1.0
				(Rel-10)	
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101330	645	EVM window length for PRACH	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101330	649	Removal of NS signalling from TDD REFSENS tests	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101330	642r1	Correction of Note 4 In Table 7.3.1-1: Reference sensitivity	10.1.0
				QPSK PREFSENS	
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	627	Add 20 RB UL Ref Meas channel	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	654r1	Additional in-band blocking requirement for Band 12	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	678	Further clarifications for the Sustained Downlink Data Rate Test	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	673r1	Correction on MBMS performance requirements	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101349	667r3	CR Removing brackets of Band 41 reference sensitivity to TS 36.101	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101356	666r2	Band 42 and 43 parameters for UMTS/LTE 3500 (TDD) for TS	10.1.0
12-2010	101-50	101330	00012	36.101	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101359	646r1	CR for CA, UL-MIMO, eDL-MIMO, CPE	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101361	620r1	Introduction of L-band in TS 36.101	10.1.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101379	670r1	Correction on the PMI reporting in Multi-Laye Spatial	10.1.0
				Multiplexing performance test	<u></u>
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101380	679r1	Adding antenna configuration in CQI fading test case	10.1.0
01-2011				Clause numbering correction	10.1.1
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110359	695	Removal of E-UTRA ACLR for CA	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110338	699	PDCCH and PHICH performance: OCNG and power settings	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110336	706r1	Spurious emissions measurement uncertainty	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110352	707r1	REFSENSE in lower SNR	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110338	710	PMI performance: Power settings and precoding granularity	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110359	715r2	Definition of configured transmitted power for Rel-10	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110359	717	Introduction of requirement for adjacent intraband CA image rejection	10.2.0
					40.00
03-2011	RP-51	RP-1103//3	719	Minimum requirements for the additional Pel-0 scenarios	1 10つ0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110343	719	Minimum requirements for the additional Rel-9 scenarios Corrections to power settings for Single layer heamforming with	10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51	RP-110343 RP-110343	719 723	Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with	10.2.0
03-2011	RP-51	RP-110343	723	Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with simultaneous transmission	10.2.0
				Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with simultaneous transmission Correction to the PUSCH3-0 subband tests for Rel-10	
03-2011	RP-51 RP-51	RP-110343 RP-110343	723 726r1	Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with simultaneous transmission	10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110338 RP-110349	723 726r1 730 739	Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with simultaneous transmission Correction to the PUSCH3-0 subband tests for Rel-10 Removing the square bracket for TS36.101 Removal of square brackets for dual-layer beamforming demodulation performance requirements	10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51	RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110338	723 726r1 730	Corrections to power settings for Single layer beamforming with simultaneous transmission Correction to the PUSCH3-0 subband tests for Rel-10 Removing the square bracket for TS36.101 Removal of square brackets for dual-layer beamforming	10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0

03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 04-2011 06-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-52	RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110795 RP-110795 RP-110788 RP-110796 RP-110796 RP-110792 RP-110794 RP-110794 RP-110796 RP-110796 RP-110796 RP-110796 RP-110797 RP-110798 RP-110799	756r1 759 762r1 764 765 766 768 772 774 782 787 805 810 814 824 826 828 829 830 778r1	Further clarifications for the Sustained Downlink Data Rate Test Removal of square brackets in sustained data rate tests Clarification to LTE relative power tolerance table Introducing UE-selected subband CQI tests Verification framework for PUSCH 2-2 and PUCCH 2-1 reporting Editorial: Spec Title correction, removal of "Draft" Add Expanded 1900MHz Band (Band 25) in 36.101 Fixing Band 24 inclusion in TS 36.101 CR: Corrections for UE to UE co-existence requirements of Band 3 Add 2GHz S-Band (Band 23) in 36.101 CR: Band 19 A-MPR refinement REFSENS in lower SNR Clarification for MBMS reference signal levels FDD MBMS performance requirements for 64QAM mode Correction on CQI mapping index of RI test Corrections to in-band blocking table Correction of TDD Category 1 DRS and DMRS RMCs TDD MBMS performance requirements for 64QAM mode Correction of TDD RMC for Low SNR Demodulation test Informative reference sensitivity requirements for Low SNR for TDD	10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.1 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0
03-2011 03-2011 03-2011 04-2011 06-2011	RP-51 RP-51 RP-51 RP-52	RP-110337 RP-110343 RP-110343 RP-110804 RP-110795 RP-110788 RP-110789 RP-110796 RP-110792 RP-110789 RP-110789 RP-110794 RP-110794 RP-110796 RP-110796 RP-110796 RP-110796 RP-110797 RP-110798	762r1 764 765 766 768 772 774 782 787 805 810 814 824 826 828 829 830	Clarification to LTE relative power tolerance table Introducing UE-selected subband CQI tests Verification framework for PUSCH 2-2 and PUCCH 2-1 reporting Editorial: Spec Title correction, removal of "Draft" Add Expanded 1900MHz Band (Band 25) in 36.101 Fixing Band 24 inclusion in TS 36.101 CR: Corrections for UE to UE co-existence requirements of Band 3 Add 2GHz S-Band (Band 23) in 36.101 CR: Band 19 A-MPR refinement REFSENS in lower SNR Clarification for MBMS reference signal levels FDD MBMS performance requirements for 64QAM mode Correction on CQI mapping index of RI test Correction to in-band blocking table Correction of TDD Category 1 DRS and DMRS RMCs TDD MBMS performance requirements for 64QAM mode Correction of TDD RMC for Low SNR Demodulation test Informative reference sensitivity requirements for Low SNR for TDD	10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.0 10.2.1 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.3.0
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06-2011 06-2011 06-2011 06-2011 06-2011 06-2011 06-2011 09-2011	RP-52 RP-52 RP-52 RP-52 RP-52	RP-110796 RP-110787 RP-110789	830	Informative reference sensitivity requirements for Low SNR for TDD	10.3.0
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06-2012	RP-56	RP-120781	1215r1	Proposed revision of subclause 4.3A for TS36.101	11.1.0
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06-2012	RP-56	RP-120795	1219r1	Aligning requirements between Band 18 and Band 26 in TS36.101	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120782	1221	SNR definition	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120778	1223	Correction of CSI configuraiton for CA TM4 tests R11	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120773	1225	CR on CA UE receiver timing window R11	11.1.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120784	1226	Extension of static elCIC CQI test	11.1.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121294	1230	Correct Transport Block size in 9RB 16QAM Uplink Reference	11.2.0
				Measurement Channel	
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121313	1233r1	RF: Corrections to power allocation parameters for transmission	11.2.0
		55 (5)	100-	mode 8 (Rel-11)	
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1235	RF-CA: non-CA notation and applicability of test points in scenarios without and with CA operation (Rel-11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121305	1237	ACK/NACK feedback modes for FDD and TDD TM4 CA	11.2.0
00 2012	1 0.	141 121000	1201	demodulation requirements (Rel-11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121305	1239	Correction of feedback mode for CA TDD demodulation	11.2.0
				requirements (resubmission of R4-63AH-0194 for Rel-11)	
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1241	ABS pattern setup for MBSFN ABS test (resubmission of R4-	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1243	63AH-0204 for Rel-11) CR on elCIC CQI definition test (resubmission of R4-63AH-0205	11.2.0
09-2012	KP-5/	KP-121302	1243	for Rel-11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1245	Transmission of CQI feedback and other corrections (Rel-11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1243	Target SNR setting for eICIC MBSFN-ABS demodulation	11.2.0
00 2012	0,	13. 12.1002	12-77	requirements (Rel-11)	
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121335	1248	Introduction of CA_1_21 RF requirements into TS36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121300	1251	Corrections of spurious emission band UE co-existence	11.2.0
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09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1253	Correction on RMC for frequency non-selective CQI test	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1255	Requirements for the eDL-MIMO CQI test	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1257	Clarification on PDSCH test setup under MBSFN ABS	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121316	1258	Update of Band 28 requirements	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121313	1262	Applicability of statement allowing RBW < Meas BW for spurious	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121298	1265	Clarification of RB allocation for DRS demodulation tests	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1267	Removal of brackets for CA Tx	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121337	1268r1	TS 36.101 CR for CA_38	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57 RP-57	RP-121327 RP-121313	1269 1271	Introduction of CA_B7_B20 in 36.101 Corrections of FRC subframe allocations and other minor	11.2.0
09-2012	KF-3/	KF-121313	12/1	problems	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121305	1274	Introduction of requirements for TDD CA Soft Buffer Limitation	11.2.0
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09-2012 09-2012	RP-57 RP-57	RP-121307 RP-121307	1276 1278	Correction of eDL-MIMIO CSI RMC tables and references	11.2.0 11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121307 RP-121303	1278	Correction of MIMO channel model for polarized antennas Addition of 15 and 20MHz Bandwidths for Band 23 to TS 36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121334	1283r1	(Rel-11) Add requirements for inter-band CA of B_1-18 and B_11-18 in	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1285r1	TS36.101 CR for MPR mask for multi-clustered simultaneous transmission	11.2.0
				in single CC in Rel-11	
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121447	1288r2	Introduction of Japanese Regulatory Requirements to LTE Band 8(R11)	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121315	1289	CR for Band 27 MOP	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121315	1290	CR for Band 27 A-MPR	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121316	1291	CR to replace protected frequency range with new band number 27	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121215	1292r1	Introduction of CA band combination Band3 + Band5 to TS 36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1300r1	Requirements for eDL-MIMO RI test	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1304	Corrections to TM9 demodulation tests	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121313	1306	Correction to PCFICH power parameter setting	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1310r1	Correction on frequency non-selective CQI test	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1313r1	eDL-MIMO CQI/PMI test	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121313	1316	Correction of the definition of unsynchronized operation	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1320r1	Correction to Transmit Modulation Quality Tests for Intra-Band CA	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121338	1324r2	36.101 CR for LTE_CA_B7	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121331	1325	Introduction of CA_3_20 RF requirements into TS36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121316	1326	A-MPR table correction for NS_18	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1332r1	Bandwidth combination sets for intra-band and inter-band carrier aggregation	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121325	1339	Introduction of LTE Advanced Carrier Aggregation of Band 4 and Band 13	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121326	1340r1	Introduction of CA configurations CA-12A-4A and CA-17A-4A	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121324	1341	Introduction of CA_B3_B7 in 36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121328	1343	Introduction of Band 2 + Band 17 inter-band CA configuration into 36.101	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121306	1351	FRC for TM9 FDD	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121295	1352	Random precoding granularity in PMI tests	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121302	1358	Introduction of RI test for elCIC	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1360	Notes for deltaTib and deltaRib tables	11.2.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121304	1361	CR for A-MPR masks for NS_CA_1C	11.2.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121884	1362	Introduction of CA_3_8 RF requirements to TS 36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121870	1363	Removal of square brackets for Band 27 in Table 5.6.1-1	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1366	Some changes related to CA tests and overview table of DL measurement channels	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1368	Correction of eICIC CQI tests	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1370	Correction of eICIC demodulation tests	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1374	Correction on CSI-RS subframe offset parameter	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1376	Correction on FRC table in CSI test	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1382	Correction of reference channel table for TDD eDL-MIMIO RI test	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121850	1386	OCNG patterns for Sustained Data rate testing	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121867	1388r1	Introduction of one periodic CQI test for CA deployments	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121894	1396	Introduction of CA_B5_B12 in 36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121850	1401	Introducing the additional frequency bands of 5 MHz x 2 in 1.7 GHz in Japan to Band 3	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121887	1406r1	Reference sensitivity for the small bandwidth of CA_4-12	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1407	CR on elCIC RI test	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1409	Cleaning of 36.101 Performance sections Rel-11	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1416	Out-of-band blocking requirements for inter-band carrier aggregation	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1418	Adding missed SNR reference values for CA soft buffer tests	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121890	1422	Introduction of CA_4A-5A into 36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121867	1431	Clean up of specification R11	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121867	1436	Band 1 to Band 33 and Band 39 UE coexistence requirements	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121871	1437r1	Editorial corrections for Band 26	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121896	1438	Introduction of Band 5 + Band 17 inter-band CA configuration into 36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1442	Correction of eDL-MIMO RI test and RMC table for the CSI test	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1444	Minor correction to ceiling function example - rel11	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1449	Correction of SNR definition	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1450	Brackets clean up for elCIC CSI/demodulation	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1455	CR on elCIC RI testing (Rel-11)	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1459	Correction on FRC table	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121879	1461r1	CR for LTE B14 HPUE (Power Class 1)	11.3.0

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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121862	1464	Adding references to the appropriate beamforming model (Rel- 11)	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121898	1465r1	Introduction of CA_8_20 RF requirements into TS36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121882	1468r1	Introduction of inter-band CA_11-18 into TS36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121903	1472r1	Introduction of advanced receivers demodulation performance	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121903	1473r1	Introduction of performance requirements for verifying the receiver type for advanced receivers (FDD/TDD)	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121886	1474	CR to remove the square bracket of A-MPR in TS36.101	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1476	Correction of some errors in reference sensitivity for CA in TS	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121903	1480r1	Introduction of Advanced Receivers Test Cases for TDD	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121901	1490r1	Introduction of Band 29	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121849	1494	Low-channel Band 1 coexistence with PHS	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1498r1	Completion of the tables of bandwidth combinations specified for	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121861	1499r1	CA Exceptions to REFSENS requrirements for class A2 CA combinations	11.3.0
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12-2012			1500	Editorial corrections to Dand 27 and 65 and 68	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121878	1505	Band 28 AMPR for DTV protection	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121852	1509r1	UE-UE coexistence between bands with small frequency separation	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121911	1510	Adding UE-UE Coexistence Requirement for Band 3 and Band 26	11.3.0
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121866	1513	Maintenance of Band 23 UE Coexistence	11.3.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121860	1518	Applicable OFDM symbols of Noc_2 for PDCCH/PCFICH ABS- MBSFN test cases	11.3.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130279	1519	OCNG patterns for Enhanced Performance Requirements Type A	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130277	1520	Corrections on in-band blocking for Band 29 for carrier aggregation	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130268	1523	Brackets removal in Rel-11 TM4 rank indicator Test 3	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130279	1524r1	Cleanup of Advanced Receivers requirement scenarios for demodulation and CSI (FDD/TDD)	11.4.0
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03-2013	RP-59	RP-130276	1546	Correction of contigous allocation A-MPR for CA_NS_05	11.4.0
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03-2013	RP-59	RP-130264	1548	CR for CA performance requirements	11.4.0
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03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1557	CA_1C: CA_NS_02 and CA_NS_03 A-MPR REL-11	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1560	Editorial corrections to subclause 5	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130267	1562	Addition of UE Regional Requirements to Band 23 Based on New Regulatory Order in the US	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130272	1567	Band 26: modification of A-MPR for 'NS_15'	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1571r1	Band 41 requirements for operation in China and Japan	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130260	1574	Remove [] from CSI test case parameters	11.4.0
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03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1575	Corrections to UE co-existence	
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1579	UE-UE co-existence between Band 1 and Band 33/39	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1580	Correction on reference to note for Band 7 and 38 co-existence	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1584r1	Cleanup for CA UE RF requirements	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1586	Corrections on UL configuration for CA UE receiver requirements	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1588	Correction of Transmit modulation quality requirements for CA	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130268	1590	Revision of Common Test Parameters for User-specific Demodulation Tests	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130278	1595	Correction for a Band 27 A-MPR table	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59		1595		
		RP-130264		Correction of CA CQI test setup	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130287	1600r1	Correction of B12 DL Specification in Table 5.5A-2	11.4.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130263	1602	Correction of table reference	11.4.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130765	1604r1	Complementary description for definition of MIMO Correlation Matrices using cross polarized antennas	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130763	1607	Correction of transport format parameters for CQI index 10 (15	11.5.0

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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130765	1610	RBs) - Rel 11 Maintenance of Band 23 A-MPR (NS_11) in TS 36.101 (Rel-11)	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130703	1613	CR for 36.101 : Adding the definition of CA_NS_05 and CA_NS_06 for additional spurious emissions for CA	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130770	1619	CR for introducing UE TM3 demodulation performance	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130766	1629	Removal of note 2 from band 28	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130770	1641	Correction of the CSI-RS parameter configuration	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130770	1650r1	Addition of Band 41 for intra-band non-contiguous CA for 36.101	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130765	1656	Modification of configured output power to account for larger tolerance	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130769	1658r1	Missing symbols in the NS_15 table	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130770	1681r1	Correction for TS 36.101	11.5.0
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06-2013	RP-60	RP-130766	1691	Completion of out-of-band blocking requirements for inter-band CA with one UL	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130767	1695r1	CR on the bandwidth coverage issue of CA demodulation performance (Rel-11)	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130765	1697	Correction on UE maximum output power for intra-band CA (R11)	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130770	1698r1	CR for introduction of FeICIC demodulation performance requirements	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130770	1701	Removing bracket from CA_11A-18A requirments	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130767	1703	CR on the bandwidth coverage issue of CA CQI performance (Rel-11)	11.5.0
06-2013	RP-60	RP-130766	1705	Corrections to ACLR for Rel-11 CA	11.5.0
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09-2013	RP-61	RP-131285	1731r1	CR on performance requirements of CA soft buffer managemen (Rel-11)	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1735	CR on applicability of CA sustained data rate tests (Rel-11)	11.6.0
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09-2013	RP-61	RP-131285	1753r1	Introduction of performance requirements for verifying the receiver type for CSI-RS based advanced receivers (FDD/TDD)	11.6.0
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09-2013	RP-61	RP-131290	1775 1785r1	CR for introduction of FelCIC CQI requirements	11.6.0
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09-2013	RP-61	RP-131302	1801	Coexistence between Band 27 and Band 38 (Release 11)	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1806	Incorrect REFSENS UL allocation for CA_1C	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1810	Contiguous intraband CA REFSENS with one UL	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131293	1812r1	Remianed Transmitter requirements for intra-band non- contiguous CA	11.6.0
09-2013	RP-61	RP-131281	1816	Correction to Rel-11 A-MPR for CA_NS_04	11.6.0
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12-2013	RP-62	RP-131924	1851	requirements table (Rel-11) Clean-up of uplink reference measurement channels (Rel-11)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1853r2	Introduction of test 1-A for CoMP	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131931	1866	CA_NS_05 Emissions	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1868	NS signaling for CA refsens	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131928	1876r2	Intraband CA channel bandwidth combination table restructuring	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1879	CR Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP	11.7.0

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12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1886	CR on correction of definition on Fraction of Maximum Throughput for CA	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1888	CR on correction of test configurations of CA soft buffer tests	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131936	1892r1	CR for FelCIC demodulation performance requirements	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131936	1894r3	CR on FelCIC PBCH performance requirement	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131936	1896r3	CR on RI reporting requirement	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	1898	Beamforming model for EPDCCH localized test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	1900	Downlink physical setup for EPDCCH test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131926	1903	Correction on the UE category for elCIC CQI test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131931	1905	CR for receiver type verification test of CSI-RS based advanced receivers (Rel-11)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131928	1915r2	Allowed power reductions for multiple transmissions in a subframe	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131936	1925r2	Introduce high SNR TM3 test for FelCIC PDSCH	11.7.0
12-2013 12-2013	RP-62	RP-131927 RP-131927	1933r1 1936	CR on correction of FRC of power imbalance test UE-UE coexistence for Band 40	11.7.0 11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131927	1939r2	CR to Introduce fading CQI test for CoMP (FDD)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131927	1944	CR Removing Addition of ΔTc to P-MPR	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1954r2	CR Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131931	1960	CA performance requirements for TDD intra-band NC CA	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131936	1961r1	Introduction of reference SNR-s for FelCIC demodulation	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	1963	performance requirements OCNG pattern for EPDCCH test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1967r1	Introduction of UE TM3 demodulation performance requirements	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1969r1	under ETU300 Introduction of test 1-A for CoMP TDD	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937 RP-131939	1971	Modification of TM9 test to verify correct SNR estimation	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1983r1	Correction to blocking requirements and use of ΔR_{IB}	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131939	1987r1	CR on test point clarification for CA demodulation test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1993r1	CR to Introduce fading CQI test for CoMP (TDD)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1995	CR to Introduce channel model for CoMP fading CQI tests	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	1997r1	CR to Introduce RI test for CoMP (FDD)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131924	1999r1	Simplification of Band 12/17 in-band blocking test cases	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131938	2000r1	Distributed EPDCCH Demodulation Test	11.7.0
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12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	2008r1	Introduction of DL CoMP TDD static CQI test	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131924	2013	P-max for Band 38 to Band 7 coexistence	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	2023r2	Minimum requirement with Same Cell ID (with multiple NZP CSI-RS resources) TDD	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	2025r2	CR Minimum requirement with Different Cell ID and Colliding CRS (with single NZP CSI-RS resource) TDD	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131936	2027	Editoral change on FelCIC PBCH Noc setup	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131931	2034r1	Correction of nominal guard bands for bandwidth classes A and C	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131937	2041r1	CR to Introduce RI test for CoMP (TDD)	11.7.0
12-2013	RP-62	RP-131931	2044	Correction of TDD PCFICH/PDCCH test parameter table	11.7.0
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12-2013	RP-62	RP-131926	2058	CA_1C: Correction on CA_NS_02 A-MPR table	11.7.0
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03-2014	RP-63	RP-140306	209111 2096r1	CR on TM9 localized ePDCCH test	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140374	2100r1	CR on reference measurement channel for ePDCCH test	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2105	Cleanup of the specification for FelCIC (Rel-11)	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2107r1	UL-DL configuration and other parameters for FelCIC TDD CQI fading test (Rel-11)	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140375	2088	CR for introduction of 15MHz based SDR tests in Rel-11	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2109r1	CR for TS36.101 COMP demodulation requirements	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2111r1	CR for Combinations of channel model parameters	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140374	2112	CR for EPDCCH power allocation (Rel-11)	11.8.0
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03-2014	RP-63	RP-140374	2073r1	CR of EPDCCH localzied test with TM10 QCL Type-B configuration (Rel-11)	11.8.0
20.0044	RP-63	RP-140368	2146	Correction of coding rate for 18RBs in UL RMC table	11.8.0
03-2014	DD 00	RP-140371	2130r1	CR to finalize RI test for CoMP	11.8.0
03-2014	RP-63				
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03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2143r1	Channel spacing for non-contiguous intra-band carrier	11.8.0
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03-2014	RP-63	RP-140371	2141	Clarification of contiguous and non-contiguous intra-band UE	11.8.0
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03-2014	RP-63	RP-140374	2124r1	CR on correction of downlink SDR tests with EPDCCH	11.8.0
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03-2014	RP-63	RP-140375	2118	Introduction of requirements for SNR test for TM9	11.8.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140909	2176r2	RF: Corrections to spurious emission requirements with NS	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140917	2215r1	CR for EPDCCH test (Rel-11)	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2217r1	CR of modification on FelCIC rank testing (Rel-11)	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2232	Clarification of Intra-band contiguous CA class C Narrow band	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2246r1	Remove [] from elCIC TDD RI requirement	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2255	Verification of exceptions of REFSENS requirements for carrier aggregation	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140909	2268	In-band blocking case nubering re-establisment	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140918	2272	CR for TS36.101 FRC tables for COMP demodulation	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2320r1	CR of modification on FelCIC rank testing (Rel-11)	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2334r1	Introduction of Band 28 requirements for flexible operation in	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2336r1	Add missing Uplink downlink configuration to eICIC TDD RI	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2340	Cleanup of terminology for Rx requirements	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140918	2343	CR on separating CA UE demodulation tests from single carrier	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2350	power control	11.9.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140914	2361r1	Correction of test configurations for intra-band non-contiguous	11.9.0
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06-2014	RP-64	RP-140911	2364	Clarification on CA bandwidth classes	11.9.0
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09-2014	RP-65	RP-141525	2503	Perf: Cleanup and better description of DL-RMC-s with dynamic	11.10.0
	55			coding rate for CSI requirements (Rel-11)	
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141525	2564	Corrections to UE coex table	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2433	Correction on support of a bandwidth combination set	11.10.0
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09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2486	Removal of Class B in UE TX requirement	11.10.0
09-2014		RP-141527			
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09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2518	Editorial CR for CA performance tests in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141527	2547	Correction to NS_20 A-MPR for Band 23	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2446r1	CR of introducing FeICIC TM9 testing (Rel-11)	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2453	Maintenance of CoMP demodulation performance requirements	11.10.0
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00 2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2455	Clean-up CR for EPDCCH and FelCIC PBCH (Rel-11)	11 10 0
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09-2014	RP-65	RP-141530	2470	Throughput calculation for felCIC demodulation requirements	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2438	CR on correction on CQI reporting TDD CSI meas in case two CSI subframe sets with CRS test (Rel-11)	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2440	CR on correction on RI reporting CSI meas in case two CSI subframe sets with CRS tests (Rel-11)	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2443	Clarification of high speed train scenario in 36.101 (Rel-11)	11.10.0
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09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2477	CQI reporting under fading: CQI indices in set	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2489	Correction on A-MPR table	11.10.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2498	RF: Corrections to spurious emission band co-existence requirement for Band 44	11.10.0
00.2014	DD 65	DD 141522	2524		11 10 0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141532	2521	CR on CA power imbalance tests in Rel-11	11.10.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2573	CR for REFSENSE in lower SNR and change history	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142142	2586	CR for 1 PRB allocation performance in presence of MBSFN	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2589	(rel-11) Maintenance of CA demodulation performance requirements	11.11.0
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12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2591	Clean up for FelCIC demodulation performance requirements (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2628	CR to fix error of CA capability for CA performance tests in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2633	Editorial CR for UL configuration table for intra-band contiguous and non-contiguous CA in 36.101, Rel-11	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2636	Defintion of the bits in the bitmap for indication of modified MPR behavior	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2660	Maintenance of TM10 demodulation test configurations on PQI	11.11.0
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12-2014	RP-66	RP-142149	2608r1	Correction on UE TM3 demodulation performance requirements	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2619r1	CQI reporting in AWGN: CQI indices in set	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2670r1	Correction of CoMP TDD CSI tests (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142147	2640r1	Applicability of in-gap and out-of-gap measurements for intra- band NC CA	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2699	Delete the incorrect notes for FDD DMRS demodulation tests (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2719	Band 22 correction in UE to UE co-existance table.	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142148	2707r1	Introduction of minimum requirements for intra-band NC CA with timing offset	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2726r1	CR for CA applicability rule in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142149	2675r1	CR to remove CA capability column in CA performance test tables (Rel-11)	11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142149	2677r1	CR to specify applicability of CoMP RI test (Rel-11)	11.11.0
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12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	2754	Correction to Transmit Modulation Quality for CA	11.11.0
12-2014 12-2014	RP-66 RP-66	RP-142144 RP-142144	2709r1	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration	11.11.0 11.11.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142144	+	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA	11.11.0
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12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014	RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66	RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142147 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144	2709r1 2716r1 2734r1 2757 2750r1 2687r1	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA receiver requirement tables. Band 28 and NS_24 Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature Removal of bracket for UL MIMO	11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0
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12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 03-2015 03-2015	RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-67 RP-67	RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142147 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-150384 RP-150384	2709r1 2716r1 2734r1 2757 2750r1 2687r1 2696r1 2703r2 2763 2778	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA receiver requirement tables. Band 28 and NS_24 Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature Removal of bracket for UL MIMO Maintenance of CA performance requirements (Rel-11) UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43 Correction for timing offset test for intraband non-contiguous CA Modification of CSI reference measurement channel Rel-11	11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.12.0 11.12.0
12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 03-2015	RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66	RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142147 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-150384	2709r1 2716r1 2734r1 2757 2750r1 2687r1 2696r1 2703r2 2763	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA receiver requirement tables. Band 28 and NS_24 Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature Removal of bracket for UL MIMO Maintenance of CA performance requirements (Rel-11) UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43 Correction for timing offset test for intraband non-contiguous CA Modification of CSI reference measurement channel Rel-11 Editorial correction on symbols for enhanced performance	11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0
12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 03-2015 03-2015	RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-67 RP-67	RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142147 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-150384 RP-150384	2709r1 2716r1 2734r1 2757 2750r1 2687r1 2696r1 2703r2 2763 2778	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA receiver requirement tables. Band 28 and NS_24 Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature Removal of bracket for UL MIMO Maintenance of CA performance requirements (Rel-11) UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43 Correction for timing offset test for intraband non-contiguous CA Modification of CSI reference measurement channel Rel-11 Editorial correction on symbols for enhanced performance requirements type A UL HARQ in PDSCH and PDCCH/PCFICH demod test cases for	11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.12.0
12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 03-2015 03-2015 03-2015	RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-67 RP-67	RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384	2709r1 2716r1 2734r1 2757 2750r1 2687r1 2696r1 2703r2 2763 2778 2782 2796	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA receiver requirement tables. Band 28 and NS_24 Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature Removal of bracket for UL MIMO Maintenance of CA performance requirements (Rel-11) UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43 Correction for timing offset test for intraband non-contiguous CA Modification of CSI reference measurement channel Rel-11 Editorial correction on symbols for enhanced performance requirements type A UL HARQ in PDSCH and PDCCH/PCFICH demod test cases for eICIC/feICIC with MBSFN ABS	11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0
12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 03-2015 03-2015 03-2015	RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-67 RP-67	RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142147 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150382	2709r1 2716r1 2734r1 2757 2750r1 2687r1 2696r1 2703r2 2763 2778 2782 2796	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA receiver requirement tables. Band 28 and NS_24 Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature Removal of bracket for UL MIMO Maintenance of CA performance requirements (Rel-11) UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43 Correction for timing offset test for intraband non-contiguous CA Modification of CSI reference measurement channel Rel-11 Editorial correction on symbols for enhanced performance requirements type A UL HARQ in PDSCH and PDCCH/PCFICH demod test cases for elCIC/feICIC with MBSFN ABS Correction to elCIC aggressor cell configurations	11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0
12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 03-2015 03-2015 03-2015 03-2015	RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-67 RP-67 RP-67	RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142147 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150382 RP-150382	2709r1 2716r1 2734r1 2757 2750r1 2687r1 2696r1 2703r2 2763 2778 2782 2796 2799 2804	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA receiver requirement tables. Band 28 and NS_24 Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature Removal of bracket for UL MIMO Maintenance of CA performance requirements (Rel-11) UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43 Correction for timing offset test for intraband non-contiguous CA Modification of CSI reference measurement channel Rel-11 Editorial correction on symbols for enhanced performance requirements type A UL HARQ in PDSCH and PDCCH/PCFICH demod test cases for elCIC/feICIC with MBSFN ABS Correction to elCIC aggressor cell configurations Removal of eDL-MIMO term from specification	11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0
12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 03-2015 03-2015 03-2015 03-2015 03-2015	RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-67 RP-67 RP-67 RP-67	RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142147 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150382 RP-150382 RP-150382	2709r1 2716r1 2734r1 2757 2750r1 2687r1 2696r1 2703r2 2763 2778 2782 2796 2799 2804 2818	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA receiver requirement tables. Band 28 and NS_24 Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature Removal of bracket for UL MIMO Maintenance of CA performance requirements (Rel-11) UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43 Correction for timing offset test for intraband non-contiguous CA Modification of CSI reference measurement channel Rel-11 Editorial correction on symbols for enhanced performance requirements type A UL HARQ in PDSCH and PDCCH/PCFICH demod test cases for elCIC/feICIC with MBSFN ABS Correction to elCIC aggressor cell configurations Removal of eDL-MIMO term from specification UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43	11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0
12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 12-2014 03-2015 03-2015 03-2015	RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-66 RP-67 RP-67 RP-67	RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142147 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-142144 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150384 RP-150382 RP-150382	2709r1 2716r1 2734r1 2757 2750r1 2687r1 2696r1 2703r2 2763 2778 2782 2796 2799 2804	Clarification of UL and DL CA configuration Clarification of notes relating to interferer offsets in intraband CA receiver requirement tables. Band 28 and NS_24 Correction to Note 2 of Harmonic Signal Exceptions in Spurious Emissions Removal of brackets and TBD from CA feature Removal of bracket for UL MIMO Maintenance of CA performance requirements (Rel-11) UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43 Correction for timing offset test for intraband non-contiguous CA Modification of CSI reference measurement channel Rel-11 Editorial correction on symbols for enhanced performance requirements type A UL HARQ in PDSCH and PDCCH/PCFICH demod test cases for elCIC/feICIC with MBSFN ABS Correction to elCIC aggressor cell configurations Removal of eDL-MIMO term from specification	11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.11.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0 11.12.0

03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382	2832			Corrections to the CA power imbalance test	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150392	2841			Editorial CR for CA UE performance tests in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2846			UE spurious emissions structure correction for CA	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382	2849			Removal of Pcmax requirements for UL inter-band CA in early release	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2865			Band 28 UE emissions correction	11.12.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150384	2866			Implementation of CA configurations specified in later releases	11.12.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2869			Intra-band contiguous CA reference sensitivity definition for Class D	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2900			UE to UE co-existence between B42/B43	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150955	2908			Corrections on UL transmit power for CA receiver requirements	11.13.0
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07-2015	RP-68	RP-150958	2946			Updates to the definitions of CA capability (Rel-11)	11.13.0
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07-2015	RP-68	RP-150957	2957r1			Receiver spurious emissions requirements for downlink-only bands	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2970			Corrections to NS_22 and NS_23	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	2991			Clarification to spurious emission requirement for the edge of spurious domain	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150955	2995r1			Correction to CA_7C A-MPR in CA-NS_06	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150958	3001			CR for updating CA applicability rule in 36.101 in Rel-11	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	3017			EVM for Intra-band contiguous UL CA for non-equal Channel BWs	11.13.0
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150954	3013r1			Clarification on uplink configuration for reference sensitivity of inter-band CA. – NOT implemented as it is based on a wrong version of the spec	11.13.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151476	3034			Correction to CoMP demodulation requirements	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3038			Correction to RI test parameters in TS 36.101 (Rel-11)	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151483	3048			UE co-existence requirements between Band 42 and Japanese bands	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151476	3063			Correction to RC.2 TDD Nr. HARQ Proc. into TS36.101	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3074			Correction to PDCCH/PCFICH test parameters in TS 36.101 (Rel-11)	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3078			Correction to PMI delay in PMI test for TDD	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3100			Correction on UE maximum output power class of Band 22 for UL MIMO	11.14.0
09-2015	RP-69	RP-151475	3163			Correction of applicability of CA NS 31	11.14.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3169a			Corrections to applicability of CSI requirements for low UE categories (Rel-11)	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152130	3200r1			CR: Removal of 1.4MHz MBMS test (Rel-11)	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3203			Correction of the AMPR table for NS_14 in TS 36.101 R11	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152130	3230			Correction to reference channel for CQI requirements	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3244 r1			CR on FRC for CDM-multiplexed DM RS	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3247			Correction to physical channel for CQI reporting in type A test case	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3267 r1			Clarification of Pcell support in 36.101 Rel-11 in CA scenarios	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	3271 r1			A-MPR correction for CA_NS_06 CA-7C non-contiguous RB allocation	11.15.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152131	3283			Missing RB allocation and OCNG Pattern for Cat 1 UEs in Multiple PMI CSI Reference Symbol tests	11.15.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3379		1	Correction to Type A CQI test parameters in TS 36.101	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3393	1		Beamforming model correction on TM10 DPS UE tests	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160487	3401			[Rel-11] NS_05 modification for PHS protection in Japan	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3403			CQI reports in CoMP fading test	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160489	3434			Correction on UE category in Annex of TS 36.101	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3450	<u> </u>		Correction to TDD CQI Reporting for felCIC	11.16.0
03-2016	RP-71	RP-160488	3471		L	CR of editorial change on PHICH group and Ng in Rel-11	11.16.0
2016/06	RP-72	RP-161140	3536		F	Maintenance CR for demodulation performance requirements (Rel-11)	11.17.0
2016/06	RP-72	RP-161140	3612	-	F	CR: Maintenance CR for demodulation performance requirements (Rel-11)	11.17.0
2016/06	RP-72	RP-161141	3621	2	D	Editorial correction for TM4 MMSE-IRC PDSCH demodulation test	11.17.0

History

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